

# Analyzing RADSeq Data

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FISH 546: Bioinformatics

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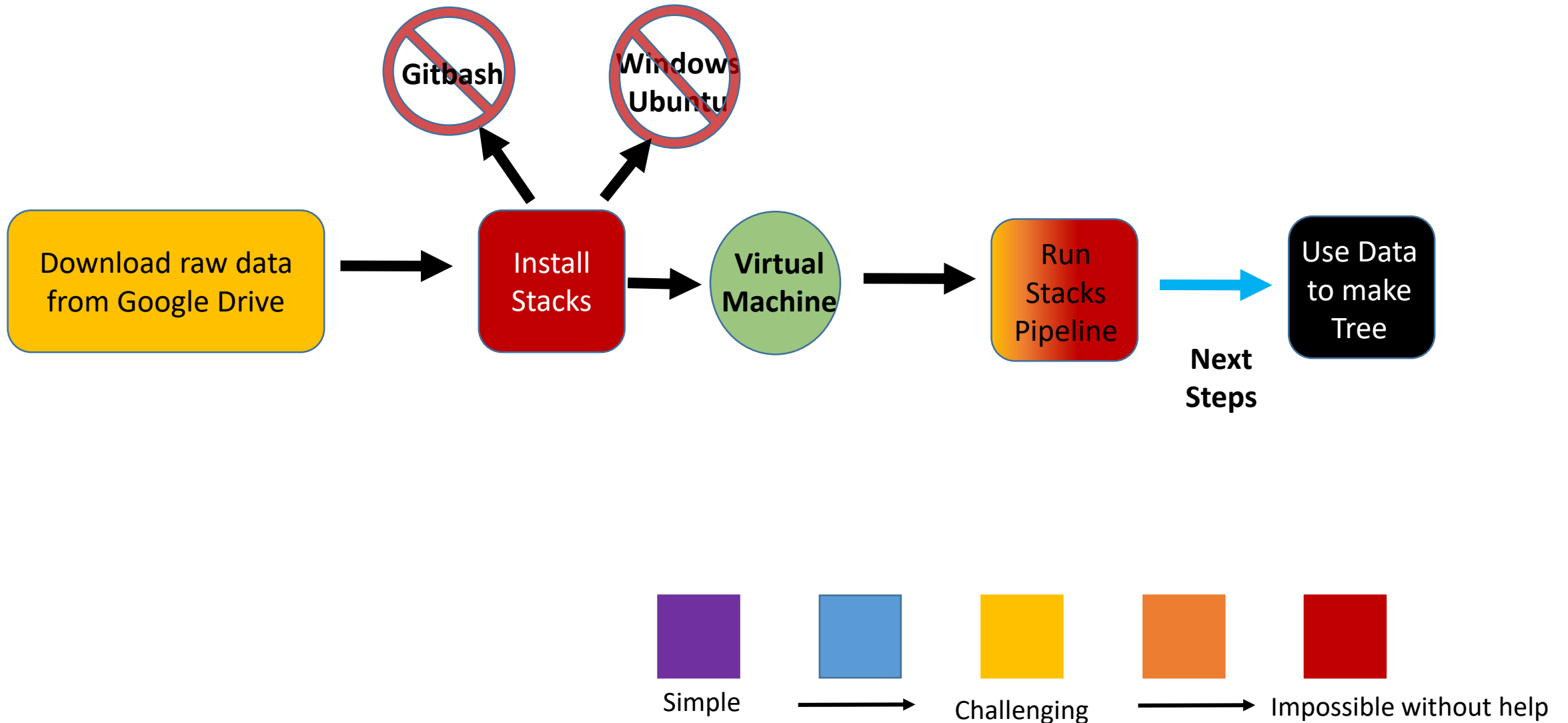
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What are the steps to go from raw RADSeq data to data that could be input into a tree?

- Can I perform those steps following along from the methods section of a paper?

**Spoiler alert: NO**

# RADSeq Workflow using Stacks v 2.2



Raw data (37 gb fq.gz)  
Barcode file (.txt)

Demultiplex samples  
with `process\_radtags`

Directory with 48 fq.gz  
files, 1 per specimen

Filter and cap samples  
by read number with  
my script

Directory with 44 fq.gz files.  
 $1e5 < n\text{-reads} < 2e6$

Run `ustacks` on each  
sample to find loci

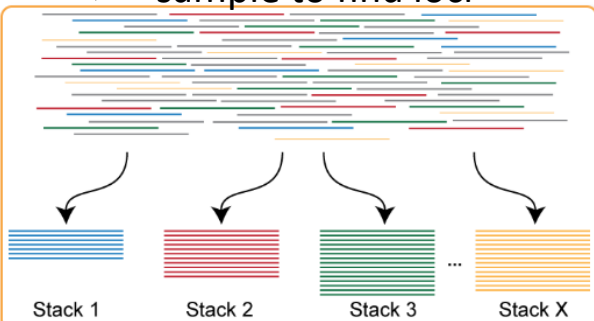


Figure [http://catchenlab.life.illinois.edu/stacks/param\\_tut.php](http://catchenlab.life.illinois.edu/stacks/param_tut.php)

Directory with ustacks output  
(Name.tags.tsv.gz, Name.snps.tsv.gz,  
Name.alleles.tsv.gz)

Run `cstacks` on all samples to build  
catalog of loci (de novo genome)

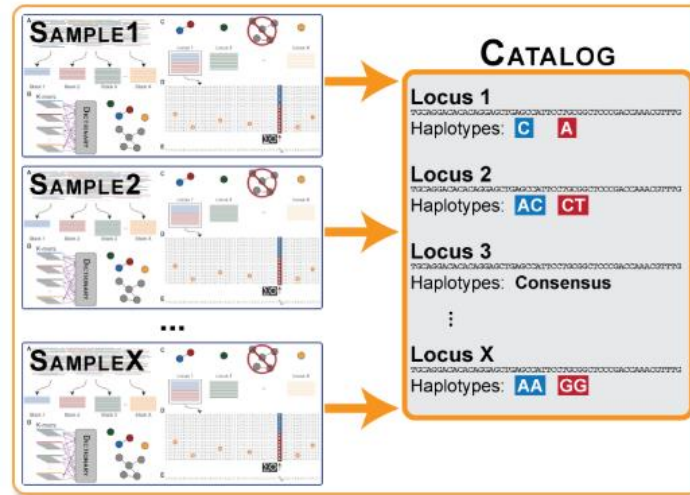


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Directory with ustacks and  
cstacks output data  
(ustack files and catalog files)

Run `sstacks` on all samples to  
align against the catalog

Directory with sstacks, ustacks and  
ccstacks data  
(name.matches.tsv.gz)

Directory with ustack, cstacks, and  
sstacks outputs

Run `tsv2bam` to transpose data to a bam  
alignment by loci instead of by specimen

Directory with tsv2bam output  
and ustacks, cstacks, and cstacks  
outputs (name.matches.bam)

Run `gstacks` to genotype

Directory with gstacks outputs?

Run `populations` to get population  
summary statistics such as  $F_{ST}$  and output  
data into a fasta or phylip that can be used  
for analysis

Fasta or phylip files that can now  
be used to make a tree!!

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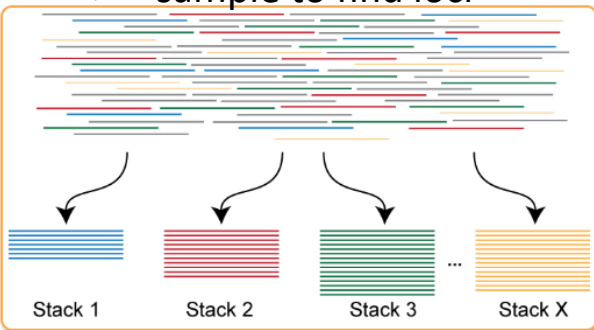


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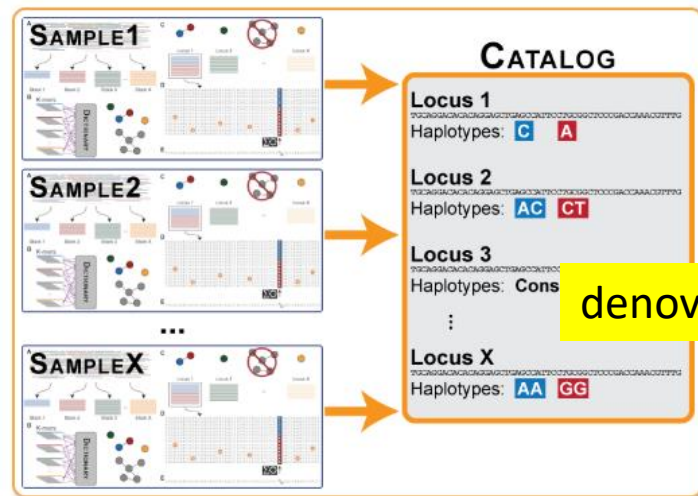


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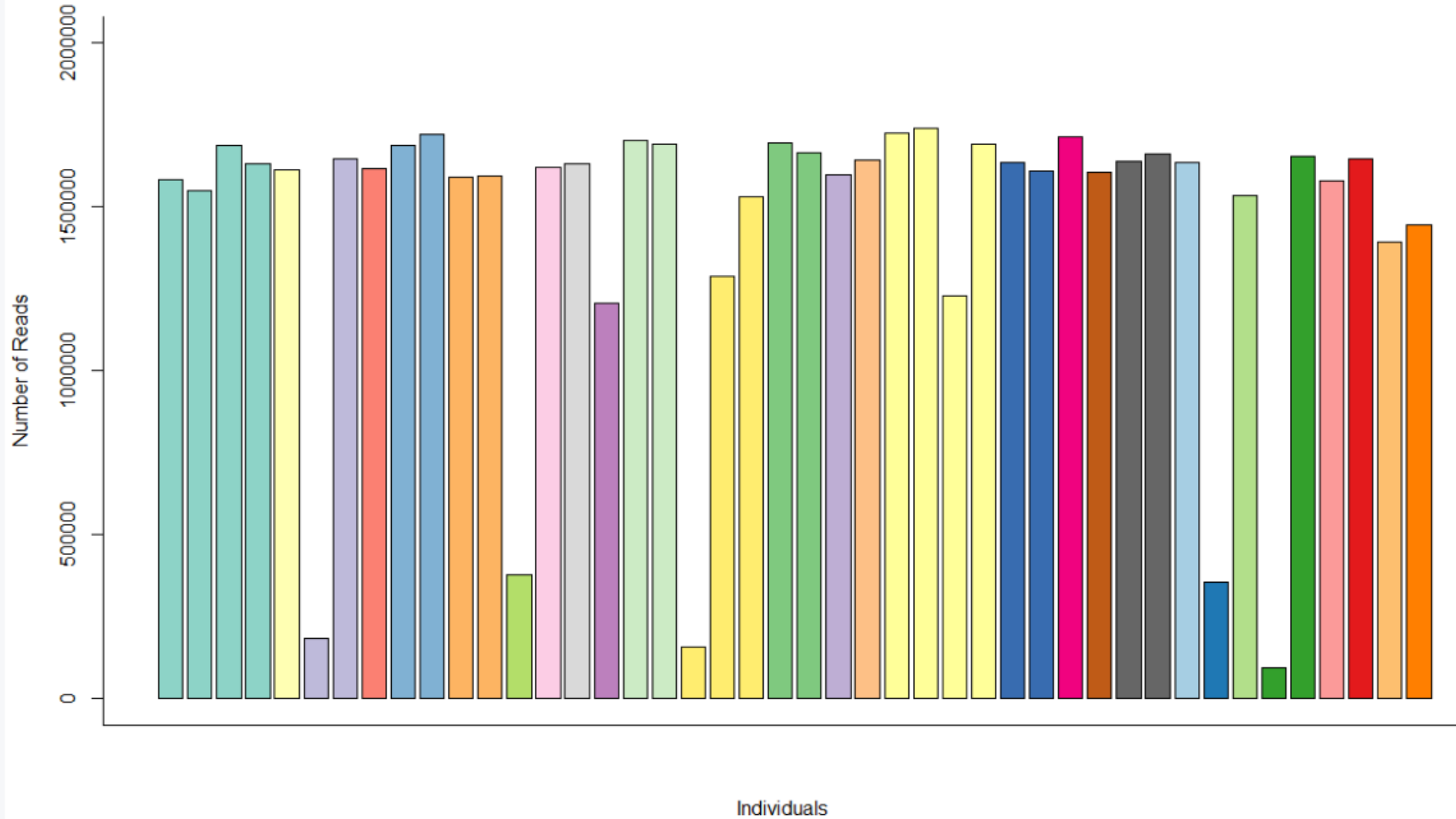
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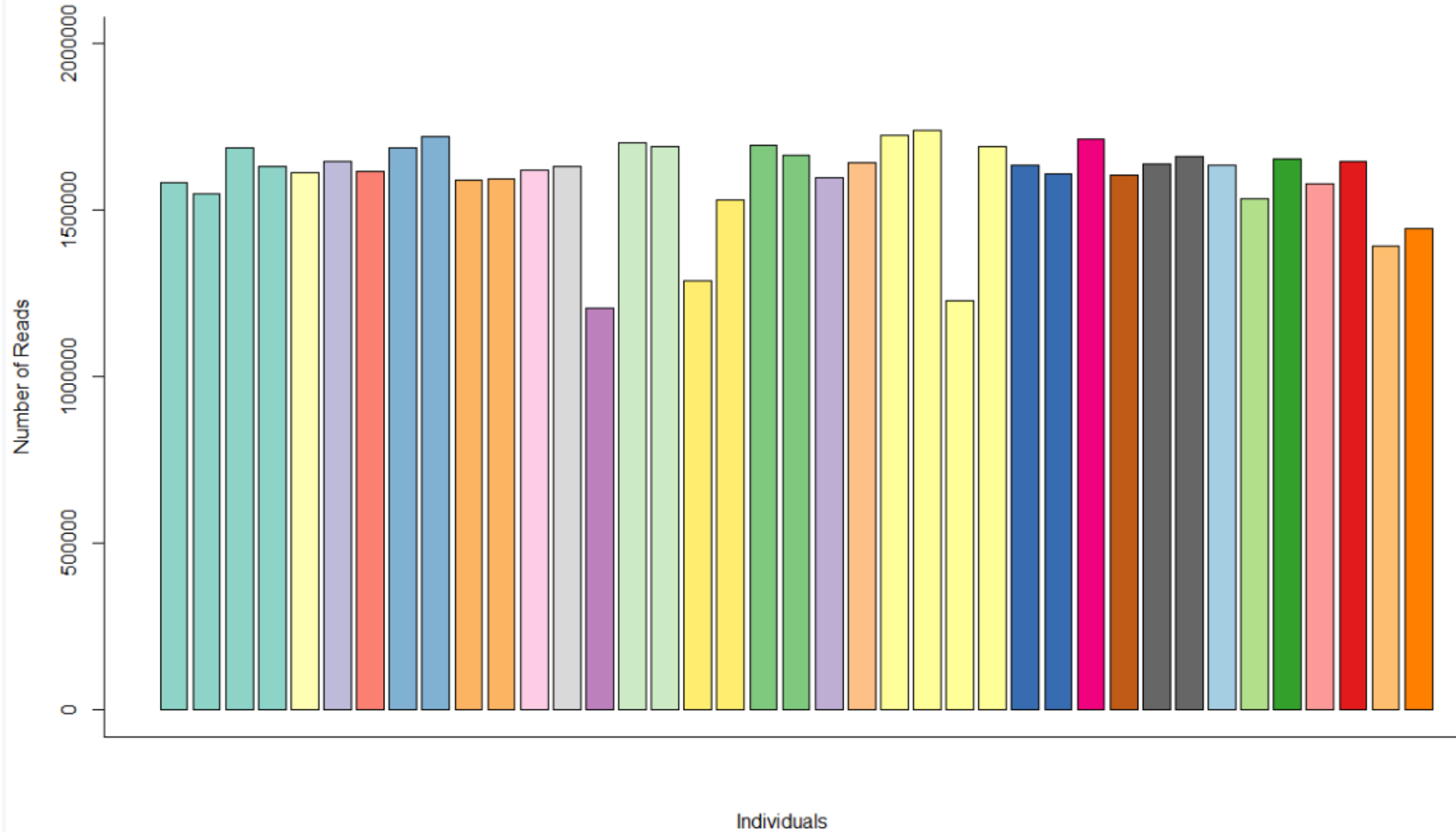
denovo\_map.pl

# Visualization

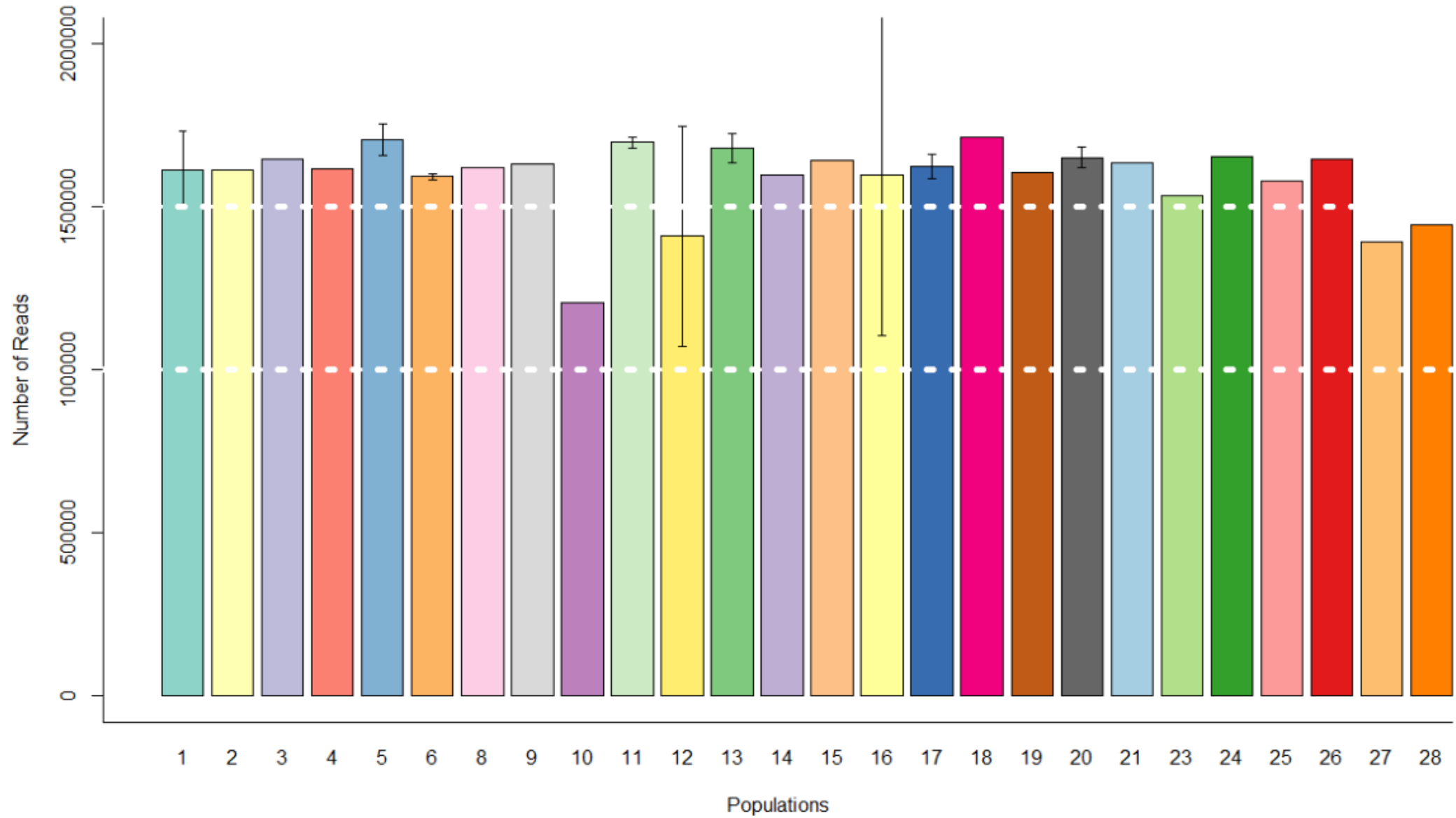




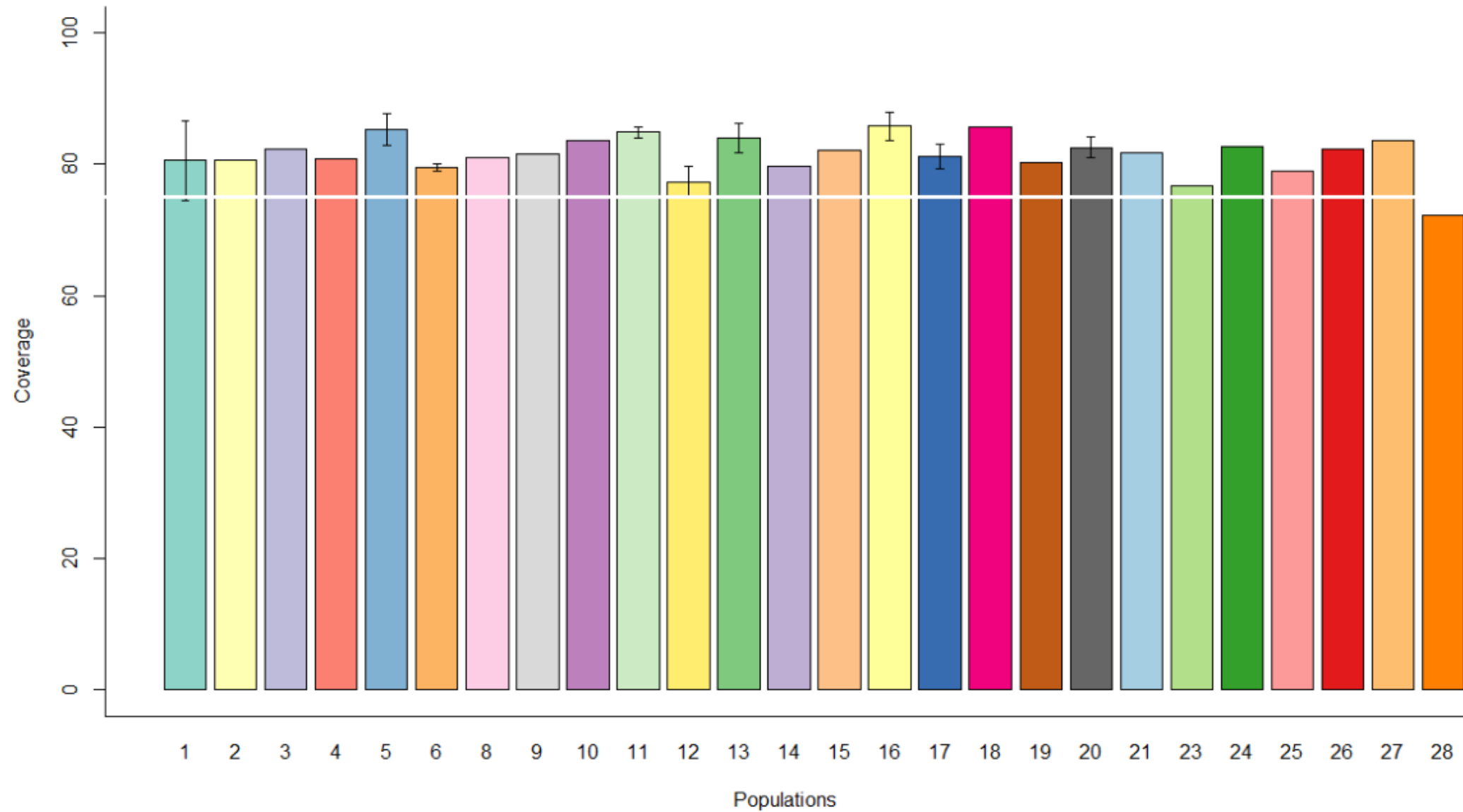
# Visualization



# Visualization



# Visualization



# Next Steps RADSeq

- Analyze output from `denovo_map.pl`
- Determine why it was failing outside the pipeline
- Take the data and make a tree
- Compare that tree to one generated in the paper I'm following
- Try it all again with `lpyrad` and see if it gives similar trees

## Bonus Question:

Can I use the command line to automate downloading and renaming CT scanning files to save time and remove user error?

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**Spoiler Alert! YES!!**

