

You have completed the personality test.

Post

Jungian/Myers-Briggs Personality Type is based on four preferences, that when combined produce personality type. This page will first cover your scores for each of the preferences then finally give a description for the type that they produce.

<b>Introversion (I)</b>			<b>Extroversion (E)</b>
Introversion-Extroversion is your cognitive orientation. Introverts centre themselves inside their bodies. Extroverts centre their attention outside their bodies. <a href="#">[more]</a>			
<b>Sensing (S)</b>			<b>Intuition (N)</b>
Sensing-Intuition is the first pair of cognitive functions and the preference for how you prefer to be served information; through the five senses or from the subconscious. <a href="#">[more]</a>			
<b>Feeling (F)</b>			<b>Thinking (T)</b>
Feeling-Thinking is the second pair of cognitive functions, the judging functions, which are used to evaluate goals; either through personal values or objective principles. <a href="#">[more]</a>			
<b>Judging (J)</b>			<b>Perceiving (P)</b>
Judging-Perceiving is what pair of cognitive functions you prefer to use; Judging is a preference for a structured lifestyle and the use of feeling and thinking while perceiving is the preference for a flexible lifestyle and the use of sensing and intuition. <a href="#">[more]</a>			

When combined, that makes your personality type INTP. A detailed description of this personality type is below.

People with the INTP personality type are marked by an unquenchable thirst for knowledge and a deep-seated need to understand the world around them. These individuals are typically intellectual and thoughtful, often diving into the abstract and theoretical. They are driven by a desire to get to the bottom of things, looking beyond the surface to uncover the underlying principles and structures of whatever they are studying. This intellectual curiosity makes them adept at recognizing patterns and connecting seemingly unrelated ideas. They often approach problems and challenges with a creative and open mind, preferring to think outside the box rather than adhere to traditional methods.

Socially, INTPs tend to be reserved and sometimes even shy. They are more comfortable in their own thoughts than in social situations. When they do interact with others, their conversations are often marked by a focus on ideas, theories, and concepts rather than small talk. Despite their introverted nature, they can become animated and passionate when discussing topics that interest them. However, they often struggle to understand and express their emotions, which can sometimes make them seem detached or aloof in personal relationships.

In decision-making, INTPs rely heavily on logic and reason. They are skilled at analyzing complex issues and identifying logical inconsistencies. This makes them excellent problem-solvers, especially in fields that require critical thinking and objectivity. However, their preference for logic can sometimes lead to a disregard for emotional considerations, both in their own decisions and in understanding the perspectives of others. They often strive for perfection in their work, and can be self-critical and indecisive when their high standards are not met.

INTPs are fiercely independent and value autonomy highly. They resist being controlled or limited by external structures and often challenge traditional norms and rules. This rebellious streak can sometimes lead to conflicts, especially in structured environments like traditional workplaces. However, it also allows them to be innovative and original thinkers, unafraid to challenge the status quo and propose novel solutions to complex problems.

Overall, the INTP personality type is characterized by a unique blend of intellectual depth, analytical prowess, and creative thinking. While they may struggle with emotional expression and social conventions, their strengths lie in their ability to deeply understand complex systems and generate innovative ideas. Their intellectual curiosity and unconventional approach to problems make them valuable contributors in fields that require analytical and abstract

## Discussion

