Programmering og Problemløsning Datalogisk Institut, Københavns Universitet Arbejdsseddel 6 - gruppeopgave

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21. oktober - 5. november. Afleveringsfrist: lørdag d. 5. november kl. 22:00.

På denne periode skal vi arbejde med en lidt større programmeringsopgave og kigge på højereordens funktioner og abstrakte datatyper.

Denne arbejdsseddels læringsmål er:

- Kunne definere funktioner som tager andre funktioner som argument og/eller giver funktioner som returværdi
- Kunne definere funktioner ved currying
- Kunne arbejde med de abstrakte datatyper: træer, mængder, og maps.

Opgaverne er opdelt i øve- og afleveringsopgaver. I denne periode skal I arbejde i grupper med jeres afleveringsopgaver. Regler for gruppe- og individuelle afleveringsopgaver er beskrevet i "'Noter, links, software m.m."

"'Generel information om opgaver".

Øveopgaver (in English)

6ø0 Skriv en funktion integrate : n:int -> a:float -> b:float -> (f : float -> float) -> float, hvis argumenter n, a, b, er som i ligningerne, og f er en integrabel 1 dimensionel funktion. Afprøv integrate på theLine fra Opgave ?? og på cos med a=0 og $b=\pi$. Udregn integralerne analytisk og sammenlign med resultatet af integrate.

Afleveringsopgaver (in English)

2048 is a popular solitaire board game available, e.g., online on https://2048.io/. In this exercise, you are to implement a version of this game in F# and using Canvas. The rules, you are to implement are as follows:

- 1. The board is a square board with 3×3 field.
- 2. The pieces are colored squares: red, green, blue, yellow, black corresponding to the values 2, 4, 8, 16, 32.
- 3. there can at most be one piece per field on the board.
- 4. The initial conditions is a red and a green piece placed on the board.
- 5. The game can be tilted left, right, up, down by pressing the corresponding arrow keys.
- 6. When the game is tilted, then all the pieces are to be moved to the corresponding side of the board.
- 7. If two pieces of the same color touch after being tilted, then they are replaced by a single piece of double the value, and the board is tilted to the same side again.
- 8. Identical pieces are combined in the order of the direction, they are tilted, e.g., if the board is tilted left, then identical pieces are identified from the left to right.
- 9. Two black pieces are combined into one black piece.
- 10. After each turn, a new red piece is to be placed randomly on an available field on the board.
- 11. The game is over, when there is no empty location fo the new red piece.

In your solution, you are to represented a board with its pieces as a list of pieces, where each piece has a color and a position. This is captured by the following type abbreviations:

```
type pos = int*int // A 2-dimensional vector in board-coordinats (not
   pixels)

type value = Red | Green | Blue | Yellow | Black // piece values

type piece = value*pos //

type state = piece list // the board is a set of randomly organized
   pieces
```

6g0 Make a library consisting of a signature and an implementation file. The library must contain the following functions

```
// convert a 2048-value v to a canvas color
fromValue: v: value -> Canvas.color
// give the 2048-value which is the next in order from c
nextColor: c: value -> value
// return the list of pieces on a row r on board s
filter: r: int -> s: state -> state
// tilt all pieces on the board s to the left
shiftLeft: s: state -> state
// flip the board s such that all pieces position change as
    (i,j) -> (N-1-i,j)
fliplr: s: state -> state
// transpose the pieces on the board s such all piece positiosn
    change as (i,j) -> (j,i)
transpose: s: state -> state
// find the list of empty positions on the board s
```

```
empty: s: state -> pos list
// randomly place a new piece of color c on an empty position on
    the board s
addRandom: c: value -> s: state -> state option
```

With these functions and Canvas it is possible to program the game in a few lines. Add the following to your library:

(a) Write a canvas draw function

```
draw: w: int -> h: int -> s: state -> canvas
```

which makes a new canvas and draws the board in s.

(b) Write a canvas react function

```
react: s: state -> k: key -> state option
```

which titles the board base according to the arrow-key, the user presses. Note that tilt left is given by the shiftLeft function. Tilt right can be accomplished by fliplr >> shiftLeft >> fliplr, and tilt up and down can likewise be accomplished with the additional use of transpose.

Finally, make an application program, which calls runApp "2048" 600 600 draw react board.

All above mentioned functions are to be documented using the XML-standard, and simple test examples are to be made for each function showing that it likely works.

Krav til afleveringen

Afleveringen skal bestå af

- en zip-fil, der hedder 6g.zip
- en opgavebesvarelse i pdf-format.

Zip-filen skal indeholde:

- filen README.txt som er en textfil med jeres navne og dato arbejdet.
- en src mappe med følgende og kun følgende filer:

```
6g0.fsi, 6g0.fs, 6g0.fsx
```

Funktionerne skal være dokumenteret med ifølge dokumentationsstandarden ved brug af <summary>, <param> og <returns> XML tagsne.

• pdf-dokumentet skal være lavet med LATEX, benytte rapport.tex skabelonen, skal dokumentere jes løsning og indeholde figurer, der viser outputgrafik fra canvas for opgaverne.

God fornøjelse.