

cat

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1 Lærervejledningn

Emne working with files

Sværhedsgrad Easy

2 Introduktion

The program `cat` is a UNIX-program, which concatenates (i.e. joins) files. The program exists on both Linux and macOS. When passing two text files to `cat`, e.g. `a.txt` and `b.txt`, then the program prints the contents of file `a.txt` followed by the contents of `b.txt` to the screen. UNIX also has an inverse version of `cat`, called `tac`, which prints the files and reverses their content line-by-line. For example, if the file `a.txt` contains the characters `aaa\nbbb\n` and the file `b.txt` contains the characters `ccc\nddd\n` with `\n` being the newline character, then

```
cat a.txt b.txt
```

will output `aaa\nbbb\nccc\nddd\n` to the screen. In contrast,

```
tac a.txt b.txt
```

will output `bbb\naaa\nddd\nccc\n` to the screen.

In the following assignments you are to write a (functional) implementation of `cat` and `tac` in F#.

3 Opgave(r)

1. Make a function,

```
readFile : filename:string -> string option
```

which takes a filename and returns the contents of the text file as a `string option`. If the file does not exist, the function should return `None`. The function should be placed in the implementation-file `readNWrite.fs`.

2. Make a function,

```
printFile : filename:string -> bool
```

which prints the content of the file with the name `filename` to the screen. If no error occurs, then the function must return `true`, and otherwise `false`. The function should be placed in the implementation-file `readNWrite.fs`.

3. First extend the implementation-file `readNWrite.fs` with a function,

```
cat : filenames:string list -> string option
```

which takes a list of filenames. The function should use `readFile` (Exercise 1) to read the contents of the files. The contents of the files should be merged into a single `string option`, which the function returns. If any of the files do not exist, then the function should return `None`.

Then write a program, `cat`, which takes a list of filenames as command-line arguments, calls the `cat` function with this list and prints the resulting string to the screen. The program must return 0 or 1 depending on whether the operation was successful or not.

4. First extend the implementation-file `readNWrite.fs` with a function,

```
tac : filenames:string list -> string option
```

which takes a list of files, reads their content with `readFile` (Exercise 1), reverses the order of each file in a line-by-line manner (i.e. the opposite of `cat` on a line-by-line basis) and concatenates the result. If any of the files do not exist, then the function should return `None`.

Then write a program, `tac`, which takes a list of filenames as command-line arguments, calls the `tac` function with this list and prints the resulting string to the screen. The program must return 0 or 1 depending on whether the operation was successful or not.