







THE SECOND INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON SCIENTIFIC, ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL ISSUES

DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION, COOPERATION AND GLOBAL INTEGRATION IN THE NEW NORMAL



TABLE OF CONTENT

APPLICATION OF TECHNOLOGY AND BIG DATA IN THE FIELDS OF FINANCE, ACCOUNTING AND AUDITING IN THE CONTEXT OF GLOBALIZATION

BANK RUN AND SILICON VALLEY BANK	1
Lam Dang Xuan Hoa, Ho Minh Khoa, Huynh Vo Nhat Linh	1
BIG DATA AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS	14
Le Thi Minh, Vo Trung Hau	14
THE EFFICIENCY OF THE INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM IN RISK MANAGEMENTHE NAM A COMMERCIAL JOINT STOCK BANK	
Truong Thanh Loc, Tran Ngoc Thanh	23
VIETNAM - AUSTRALIA ECONOMIC AND TRADE COOPERATION IN THE NORMAL: OPPORTUNITIES AND CHALLENGES FOR VIETNAMESE INVESTORS	
Nhu Nguyen Phuc Quynh*, Anh Nguyen Thi Nguyet, Duy Nguyen Anh	30
IMPACTS OF CREDIT GROWTH AND CREDIT RISK ON THE PROFIT OF VIETNA STOCK COMMERCIAL BANKS	
Dao Le Kieu Oanh*, Tran Thi Huong Ngan	43
FACTORS AFFECTING CUSTOMERS' DECISIONS TO USE E-BANKING AT JOIN' COMMERCIAL BANKS IN HO CHI MINH CITY	
Nguyen Duy Khanh ¹ , Pham Quoc Tham ²	57
HOW CHINA_USA POLITICAL TENSIONS AFFECT STOCK MARKET RETURN O AND THE USA? A QUANTILE VAR CONNECTEDNESS APPROACH	
Hao Wen Chang ¹ , Tsangyao Chang ² and Mei-Chih Wang ³	70
BANKING HUMAN RESOURCES BEFORE THE DEVELOPMENT OF ARTINTELLIGENCE AI	
Nguyen Huynh Chi	92
IMPROVE THE QUALITY OF TRAINING THROUGH IMPROVEMENT OF ST TESTING AND ASSESSMENT – CASE IN ACCOUNTING BRANCH, UNIVERSE ECONOMICS AND FINANCE	SITY OF
Thuy Thi Ha	102
ACTIVITIES OF DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION IN VIETNAMESE COMMERCIAL AN OVERVIEW DURING THE COVID-19 RECOVERY PERIOD	
Nguyễn Thị Quỳnh Châu, Đào Lê Kiều Oanh	109
OPPORTUNITIES AND CHALLENGES FOR VIETNAM IN ATTRACTIVE FDI IN MINIMUM CORPORATE TAX IMPLEMENTATION	
Ngo Hoang Thong	117

IMPACTS OF STAT	E OWNERSHIP	AND	BUSINESS	CHARACTERIST	ICS ON	TAX
AVOIDANCE: EVIDENCE	N VIETNAM					128
Huyen Ngoc Nguyen, Than	h Dan Bui					128
RUSSIA'S IMPACTS	AND SCENES ON	BEING	G BANNED F	ROM SWIFT		143
Lam Dang Xuan Hoa 1, Ph	an Ngoc Anh ²					143
THE ROLE OF ACC YOUNGERS IN THE SOUT						
Vu Truc Phuc*, Nguyen Da	ng Hat, Nguyen Ai	n Phu, I) Dao Le Kieu (Oanh		151

DIGITAL ECONOMY IN VIETNAM, TRENDS AND POTENTIABILITY

DEVELOPING SMART HOME MODEL FOR APARTMENTS IN HO CHI MINH CITY BASI ON INTERNET OF THINGS (IoT) TECHNOLOGY1	
Dang Thanh Thuy ¹ , Nguyen Thanh Dien ² 1	
TRANSPARENCY OF ACCOUNTING INFORMATION OF CONSTRUCTION ENTERPRIS IN HO CHI MINH CITY – CASE STUDY OF APPLICATION OF ACCRUAL ACCOUNTING1 Truong Thanh Loc ^{1*} , Pham Thi Yen Nhi ²	193
FACTORS AFFECTING THE QUALITY OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MANUFACTURING ENTERPRISES IN HO CHI MINH CITY	
Truong Thanh Loc*, Dang Nguyen Tuong Han, Nguyen Ngoc Mai Phuong, Nguyen Thi Quy	
Huong2	20 /
THE CRITICAL FACTORS OF COLLEGE STUDENTS' INTENTION TO USE METAVER TECHNOLOGY FOR SUBJECTS RELATED TO IMPORT-EXPORT LEARNING2	
Van Thuy Nguyen Ho, Chau The Huu, Luan Thanh Nguyen*2	221
CONSUMER PERCEPTION ABOUT THE SUSTAINABILITY COMMITMENT OF LUXUI BRANDS IN VIETNAM AND CHINA MARKETS2	
Tran Minh Tu ¹ 2	233
INFLUENCE OF WOM AND EWOM IN MAKING DECISION BUYING GOODS2	247
Doan Anh Tu ¹ , Kim Phi Rum ² , Nguyen Pham Hai Ha ³ 2	
DIGITAL ECONOMY AND DEVELOPMENT POTENTIAL IN VIETNAM2 Hoang Thi Chinh, Nguyen Hoang Phan2	
noang Thi Chinii, Nguyen noang rhan	23 /
BLOCKCHAIN APPLICATION IN MODERN LOGISTICS: INTERNATIONAL EXPERIENCE AND SOME RECOMMENDATIONS FOR VIETNAM	
Nguyen Nu Tuong Vi2	266
FACTORS AFFECTING THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE DIGITAL ECONOMY IN VIETNAL	
Vo Tien Si2	272
LEGAL FRAME FOR THE OPERATION OF THE REAL ESTATE BUSINESS UTILIZING TO BLOCKCHAIN PLATFORM IN VIETNAM	
La Thi Khanh Linh	20/

DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION – COOPERATION – GLOBAL INTEGRATION IN BUSINESS

FACTORS INFLUENCING BUSINESS ACCEPTANCE OF INDUSTRY 4.0 TECHN APPLICATIONS IN DONG NAI PROVINCE	
Thanh-Thu Vo*, Minh-Huong Tang	291
DIGITAL ORIENTATION, INNOVATION CAPABILITY AND FIRM PERFORMATION PROPOSAL RESEARCH MODEL	
Nguyen Van Hau	298
PREDICTION OF STUDENT'S BEHAVIORAL INTENTION TO USE SMART LE. ENVIRONMENT: A COMBINED MODEL OF SELF-DETERMINATION THEOR TECHNOLOGY ACCEPTANCE	Y AND
Nguyen Thi Hai Binh ¹ , Dao Y Nhi ² , Nguyen Thanh Luan ³ , Dang Quan Tri ⁴	309
THE PEDAGOGICAL IMPACT OF GRAMMARLY ON EFL WRITING COMPETEN EMPIRICAL INVESTIGATION IN HIGHER EDUCATION CONTEXT. Nguyen Thi Hong Lien ¹ , Nguyen Truong Gia Minh ² , Nguyen Ngoc Vu ^{3*}	323
FACTORS AFFECTING PURCHASING DECISION OF THE YOUTH ON TIKTOK	
Ngoc Pham ¹ , Thanh Cong Tran*	
FACTORS AFFECTING OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY BEHAVIORS OF WORKERS PRODUCTION AT CU CHI POWER COMPANY	
Minh Luan Le, Thi Trang Tran	345
CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY AND EMPLOYEES' ORGANIZA CITIZENSHOP BEHAVIOUR	
Nguyen Xuan Hung ¹ , Ha Le Thu Hoai ¹ , Nguyen Huu My Truc ^{2&3} , Pham Tan Nhat ^{2&3}	355
THE INNOVATION CAPACITY - THE ROLE OF LEADERS OF SMALL AND MENTERPRISES IN HO CHI MINH CITY, VIETNAM	
Huynh Nhut Nghia	365
PEOPLE'S THOUGHTS ON THE IMPACT OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE ON BU	
Ton Nguyen Trong Hien, Bui Tuyet Anh	
FACTORS AFFECTING BRAND SWITCHING INTENTION IN THE CONTEXT OF EDUCATION IN VIETNAM	
Ly Dan Thanh, Nguyen Phu Quoi, Tran Hoang Nam, Vo Hong Son, Nguyen Ngoc Thuy Tien	382
ENHANCE THE DIGITAL COMPETITIVENESS	398
Tran Quang Canh, Hoang Thi Chinh	398

ASSESSING PATIENT SATISFACTION (BRAND) AFTER THE COVID-19 ITHU DUC CITY HOSPITAL	
Nguyen Hoang Dung 1*, Nguyen Huynh Bao An 2, Van Phuong Trang 2	408
INDUSTRIAL AND HUMAN RESOURCES FORM THE FOUNDATION FOR IS SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	
Hoang-An Nguyen	417
IMPACT OF ORGANIZATIONAL FAIRNESS ON THE EMPLOYEES' SHARING IN TRAVEL AND TOURISM ENTERPRISES IN HO CHI MINH CITY	
Le Thi Nhu Quynh ^{1,2} , Le Thi Giang ² , Truong Quang Dung ¹	426
THE EFFECT OF PERSONAL MOTIVATION ON THE TACIT KNOWLEI BEHAVIOR OF 5-STAR HOTELS' EMPLOYEES IN HO CHI MINH CITY	
Le Thi Giang, Nguyen Bach Hoang Phung	440
DIGITAL COMPETITIVENESS AND OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCY OF ENTHE DIGITAL ERA: THE CASE OF VIETNAMESE ENTERPRISES	
Diep Nguyen Thi Ngoc ^{1*} , Canh Quang Tran ² , Anh Bach Hoang Ngoc ¹	453
FACTORS INFLUENCING PARENTS' SELECTION OF PRIVATE PRESCH	
Thi-Trang Tran ¹ , Thi-My-Dung Pham ² , Thi-Bich-Diep Le ^{1*}	466

RECOVERY COMMUNICATIONS IN THE TOURISM AND HOSPITALITY INDUSTRY AFTER THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

DEVELOPING A SPIRITUAL TOURISM DESTINATION IMAGE MEASUREMENT SCALI
OF AN GIANG474
Nguyen Vuong Hoai Thao ¹ , Nguyen Quyet Thang ²
PROSPECTS OF VIRTUAL REALITY TOURISM APPLICATION IN VIETNAM TOURISM PROMOTION
Nguyen Thi Hong Ha, Pham Thi Huong Giang
PERSONALIZATION TRAVEL TRENDING IN HO CHI MINH CITY IN THE CONTEXT OF POST COVID-19
Duong Bao Trung
IMPACTS OF MEDIA ON CUSTOMERS' DECISION TO CHOOSE FOOD AND BEVERAGI SERVICES POST THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC51
Nguyen Thi Bich Van51
DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION APPLICATION TO PROMOTE THE RECOVERY AND DEVELOPMENT OF INBOUND TOURISM IN HO CHI MINH CITY52
Tran Trong Thanh
VIETNAM TOURISM AFTER COVID-19 PANDEMIC52
Nguyen Hoang Phan ¹ , Hoang Thi Chinh ² 52
NAVIGATING THE EVOLVING LANDSCAPE OF SOCIAL MEDIA DATA MINING ANI PRIVACY53
Pham Thai Hien53
THE CORRELATION BETWEEN STUDENT SELF-REPORTED GENERAL WELL-BEING AND PERCEIVED SUPPORT FROM FRIENDS, TEACHERS, AND UNIVERSITY54:
Virginia Kelsey ¹ , Đăng Thi Mai Ly ^{2*} , Nguyễn Anh Khoa ² , Nguyễn Văn Tường ²

DIGITAL VERSUS NON- DIGITAL

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6
6
G 4
4
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0
S
7
7

CHALLENGES FACED BY TEACHERS IN NON-TRADITIONAL EDUCATION

COMPETENCE SCALE FOR UNIVERSITY LECTURERS	PROPOSE AN ONLINE TEACHING O
596	
en596	Duong Thi Kim Oanh*, Dang Thi Dieu Hier
G MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (LMSS) BY FACULTY	EXAMINE USAGE OF LEARNING
OMICS (UEF) AND FINANCE WITH EXPANDED	STAFF AT UNIVERSITY OF ECONO
TAM)608	TECHNOLOGY ACCEPTANCE MODEL (T
ach Tran Huy608	Ha Truong Minh Hieu, Ngo Minh Hai*, Ma

DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION AN INDISPENSABLE EVOLUTION FOR SUSTAINABLE CORPORATES

FACTORS AFFECTING THE APPLICATION OF STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING AT MANUFACTURING ENTERPRISES IN BINH DUONG PROVINCE
Truong Thanh Loc ¹ *, Nguyen Thi Thanh Truc ² 618
HRM DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION: TAKING A ROAD OF SUCCESSION PLANNING629
Trương Phan Hoàng Anh, Giang Ngọc Anh629
THE IMPLICATION OF CONTACLESS SERVICE AS A TOOL TO IMPROVE CUSTOMER
REVISIT INTENTION
Linh, Nguyen Duy Yen*640
TOURISM BRAND LOVE IN THE DIGITAL AGE: THE ROLE OF ONLINE TOURIST EXPERIENCES, TOURIST-BRAND RELATIONSHIP QUALITY AND SUSTAINABILITY651
Thanh Nguyen Ngoc Le651
CONDUCTING FOCUS GROUPS IN CROSS-CULTURAL SCHOLARSHIP OF TEACHING AND LEARNING (SoTL): A COMPARATIVE CASE STUDY662
Punithan Moganathas ¹ , Jenny Hill ² , Andy VM. Kok ² , Matt Barr ² , Ruffin Relja ^{2*} , Philippa Ward ² , Duong Tran Quang Hoang ³ , Quynh Phuong Tran ³
LEVERAGING DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION FOR SUSTAINABLE CORPORATE EVOLUTION IN VIETNAM
Nguyen, Tan Dat ¹ , Le, Dinh Thang ²

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND APPLICATIONS

FB-PROPHET MODEL FOR TIME SERIES FORECASTING IN SALES	691
Thanh Cong Tran	691
USING AI CODE IN C# PROGRAMMING	698
Nguyen Ha Giang	698
DETERMINANTS OF CONTINUANCE USAGE INTENTION OF MOBILE FOOD ORDERING APPLICATIONS (MFOAS) AMONG VIETNAMESE USERS: THE MEDIATING ROLE OF SATISFACTION	E-
Lam Hoang Phuong ^{1*} , Nguyen Thi Kim Lien ² , Tien Hung Nguyen ³ , Vinh Long Nguyen ⁴	705
DECODING MARKETING INSIGHT: INSIGHT FROM OUTSIDE	718
Hoàng Thị Hằng, Trần Thành Công*	718
DIGITAL DISRUPTION AND DATA SECURITY: HOW FINTECH IS RESHAPING BANKING	r724
Hoàng Văn Hiếu, Trần Ngọc Thiên Ngân	724

TRENDS AND ISSUES IN ENGLISH LANGUAGE EDUCATION AND RESEARCH

EFL LEARNERS' ATTITUDES AND LEARNING ENGAGEMENT IN COMMUNIC GAME-BASED GRAMMAR TEACHING	
Nguyen Thi Thanh Huyen ¹ , Tran Quoc Thao ²	
APPROACHES TO TEACHING L2 LISTENING:	749
CLOSING THE GAP BETWEEN REAL-LIFE AND CLASSROOM-BASED LISTENING .	
DEFINING ROLES OF STUDENT ENGAGEMENT IN THE 21ST CENTURY LANCED CLASSROOM	
Ho Xuan Tien, Duong My Tham	755
EFL STUDENTS' ATTITUDES AND LEARNING INVESTMENT IN PORTFOLIO - I ENGLISH WRITING LEARNING: A LITERATURE REVIEW	
Ly Gia Huy ¹ , Tran Quoc Thao ²	763
EXPLORING EFL LEARNER IDENTITIES IN PROJECT-BASED LANGUAGE LEARNI A HIGH SCHOOL IN AN GIANG PROVINCE	
Nguyen Hong Thien ¹ , Tran Quoc Thao ²	774
THE VALUES OF SYNTACTIC COMPLEXITY IN ACADEMIC WRITING: A LITERAREVIEW	
THE ISSUE OF AMBIGUITY IN THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE Nguyen Dinh Tuan	
RESEARCH PERSPECTIVES ON JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL EFL STUDENTS' MOTIVAT ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNING	
Huynh Thanh Nhon ¹ , Tran Quoc Thao ²	812
EXPLORING THE INFLUENCE OF WRITING ANXIETY ON VIETNAMESI UNDERGRADUATES' WRITING PERFORMANCE: A QUANTITATIVE STUDY	
Nguyen Ngoc Nguyen, Nguyen Hoang Phan	821
THE APPLICATION OF THE "FLIPPED CLASSROOM" MODEL IN TEACHING ENGLE THE VIETNAMESE UNIVIVERSITY EDUCATION ENVIRONMENT	
THE USE OF RESOURCE MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES IN EFLFLIPPED CLASSR	
Nguyen Quynh Thao Vy ^{1,*} , Duong My Tham ²	
INSIGHTS INTO ENGLISH MAJOR STUDENTS' USE OF PHRASAL VERBS IN ACAI WRITING	
Do Thi Thanh Thuy Tran Quoc Thao	860

LAW IN THE CONTEXT OF INTERNATIONAL INTEGRATION

LEGALISING INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY INFRINGEMENTS IN RUSSIA – A WAR TACTIC IN THE CONTEXT OF RUSSIA'S INVASION OF UKRAINE869
Bui Thi Hong Ninh*869
MODEL OF ASSET REGISTRATION WORLDWIDE AND LESSONS FOR VIETNAM IN IMPROVING ASSET REGISTRATION LAWS880
Vu Anh Sao ^{1,2} , Nguyen Thi Xuan Mai ² 880
LEGAL ISSUES ARISING FROM THE DEVELOPMENT, IMPLEMENTATION, AND USE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) - INTERNATIONAL EXPERIENCES AND LESSONS FOR VIETNAM887
Le Hoang Minh Huy*, Nguyen Thi Thu Ha, Dao Trong Duc, Ky Dieu Linh, Bui Thi Thuy Linh, Nguyen Nam Trung
SOUTH KOREA'S EXPERIENCES ON PROPERTY REGISTRATION LAW - LESSONS FOR VIETNAM896
Vu Anh Sao, Pham Huynh Bao Oanh896
THE RISE OF REMOTE WORK: LEGAL CHALLENGES AND IMPLICATIONS FOR EMPLOYMENT LAW IN VIETNAM903
Nguyen Thi Xuan Mai ¹ , Nguyen Thi Ngoc Loan ²
CHALLENGES AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE LEGAL FRAMEWORK IN THE EMERGING AGE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE910
Nguyen Thi Thu Trang910
THE IMPACTS OF GLOBAL MINIMUM TAX ON FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT (FDI) CORPORATIONS IN VIETNAM921
Trần Ngọc Thanh ¹ 921
CROSS-BORDER E-COMMERCE ACTIVITIES AND TAX MANAGEMENT ISSUES933
Le Huynh Phuong Chinh, Ngo Thi Khanh Linh, Pham Ngoc Lan Anh
EXPERIENCE IN KOREA AND CHINA ON TAX MANAGEMENT FOR CROSS-BORDER E-COMMERCE ACTIVITIES941
Duong Anh Son ¹ , Tran Vang Phu ² 941
LEGAL PERSPECTIVE ON REGULATIONS RALATED TO PERSONAL INCOME TAX WHEN EARNING INCOME THROUGH E-COMMERCE PLATFORMS IN VIETNAM, TAKING THE CASE OF INDIVIDUALS DOING BUSINESS THROUGH TIKTOK APPLICATION946
Nguyen Duc Tri ¹ , Hoang Minh Châu ² 946
THE COMPATIBILITY ON THE SCOPE OF MUTUAL LEGAL ASSISTANCE (MLA) IN CRIMINAL MATTERS AND THE CONDITIONS OF REFUSAL MLA IN CRIMINAL MATTERS BETWEEN VIETNAMESE LAW AND INTERNATIONAL TREATIES WHICH VIETNAM HAS SIGNED.

Pham Huynh Bao Oanh	956
TAX POLICY FOR E-COMMERCE OF COUNTRIES IN THE WORLD RECOMMENDATIONS TO VIETNAM	967
Tigayon Thaim Minn Chaim, Ta Tin Yan Tinn, Thain Bain Tuni Ma	
LEGAL REGULATIONS FOR ENTERPRISE OBLIGATIONS TO PROVIDE INFORM	MATION
ON E-COMMERCE PLATFORM	974
Truong Kim Phung*, Nguyen Hoang Chuong	974
"ROBOT TAX" – RECOMMENDATIONS FOR VIETNAM	981
Gian Thi Le Na, Pham Phuong Doanh	981
WTO APPELLATE BODY REFORM IN THE CONTEXT OF ESCALATING GEOPOI	ITICAL
TENSIONS	
Nguyen Nam Trung	988

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON SCIENTIFIC, ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL ISSUES

FB-PROPHET MODEL FOR TIME SERIES FORECASTING IN SALES

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Abstract

Forecasting techniques based on time series analysis are applied in various fields such as banking, sales, stock market, and healthcare. Forecasting chain of ten stores in sales using time series can improve sales in the business environments. Recently, there are many tools to use for forecasting, but the Facebook Prophet (FB) tool is the latest and has demonstrated its effectiveness in term of accuracy. This paper proposes the FB Prophet tool to forecast the data of chain of ten stores. Based on the experiment, it is concluded that FB Prophet is a highly accurate predictive model and shows positive outcomes.

Keywords: FB-Prophet, Prediction, Time series.

1. Introduction

Time series data analysis is helpful to achieve worthwhile statistics and many other attributes of data in an overall business environment. Time series forecasting models play a crucial role in forecasting models, where time is considered as a key factor. These forecasting models have a great influence on predicting sales in the future and managing the operation of business. It is also vital since various forecasts involve time of many components which should be addressed with care in order to make predictions when the actual outcome is unidentified. In order to identify the primary element of an event in time series, it is necessary to clearly understand the data pattern involved to time. There are four main components in time series analysis of data, namely level, trend, seasonality, and noise. The level component is considered the fundamental value employed in time series data, the seasonality component is represented as a curve that can rise or decline over the period of time. Moreover, seasonality is expressed as a cycle or pattern over the period of time and noise reveals variation in data observed.

Recently, an open source, named forecasting tool FB prophet which is popular for use in the library of python and R programming languages was developed by Facebook. From the perspective of business, FB prophet was generated to meet forecasting needs in sales. FB prophet has attributes related to time series data which is observed hourly, daily and monthly from year to year. FB prophet also considers break intervals or holidays which are known in advance. Additionally, FB prophet takes into account trends, outlier detection, and missing data.

Furthermore, Prophet works on a regression model with trends related to a regression curve or a modular curve for an increasing trend, a seasonal component based on Fourier series, a seasonal component weekly.

FB prophet is relied on the technique of curve fitting in Bayesian model. It is easy to understand parameters and it also does not request a lot of time series data for forecasting. This technique is best suited when seasonal properties are indicated as strong influencing factors in time series data. FB prophet handles better in case of missing data, variating trends and detecting outliers. In real-world situations, such as sales

predictions, such variations must be tackled. In this paper, we perform the analysis of univariate time series for chain store sales data employing FB Prophet tool.

2. Related works

Many studies have been done to forecast time series employing FB prophet in different areas. In [2], the forecasting framework is used to predict future demand for product categories. The developed method also indicates the time series curve for each product in the product category. In [3], an adaptive Kalman filter is employed together with FB Prophet so as to forecast maximum power demand with improved predictability. In [4], SARIMA and FB oracle algorithms are employed to forecast power grid failures. ARIMA model and its steps are discovered in this proposed model.

Shikha Gaur et al. [5] proposes a prediction model based on prophet ARIMA and FB to predict the trend of COVID-19 infections. This proposed model helps identify outbreaks and irregularities of COVID-19 in India and abroad. Nevertheless, the research is constraint on the healthcare sector and could not be used for the areas of sales and e-commerce. In [6], Liyun Su et al. uses the polynomial function to approximate coefficients in autoregressive prediction. These models can perform better based on the technique of FB prophet.

A number of research relied on neural networks has been implemented in the field of time series forecasting between 2006 and 2016. In [7], these methods related to neural network are reviewed by Ahmed Tealab. In [8], CemKocaket et al. suggests a fuzzy autoregressive moving average (ARMA). In [9], forecasting models ARIMA and FB Prophet are employed to forecast closing prices of stock markets. This method works with the dataset which is separated into two phases, namely training and validation set which depend on daily, weekly and monthly transactions. The results show that ARMA-based model only works efficiently in short-term predictions like daily or weekly while prophet FB gives good results for long-term stock predictions like monthly or yearly. Research work is primarily limited to predict the prices of stock, and these models are implemented to sales prediction. In [10], a similar predicting approach is developed to predict stock prices, but it should be improved the overall performance of the predictive model. Time series analysis plays a key factor to predict health perception and prevention-involved information to the society.

A similar study was performed for the sectors of health and air pollution [11, 12, 13] to predict pollution harm and mortality rates in different nations. According to Poisson regression and GAM, S-Plus' generalized additive modeling (GAM) software is tested [11] to analyze time series data on the number of air pollution deaths. GAM is considered as expansion of a linear model based on a non-parametric function. FB-based method can make an improvement to predict accuracy in time series analysis of data.

Merchandisers and entrepreneurs employ tools involving demand forecasting to plan the operations of business. Various tools are available to perform such forecasting either model-based or model-free. Among them, the model-based method is more powerful. Cyclic Boosting supervised learning which is an effective approach is one of model-based approaches [14]. The primary concept of the proposed method is to take advantage of the benefaction of each attribute to predict the objective function. The Cyclic Boosting

supervised learning method is also based on the kernel regression model and uses normalization technique to refine the model while smoothing technique removes noise. However, FB prophet performs better in case of simplicity and gives more accurate results. In [15], an ARIMA model predicts environmental degradation. According to NLP and Fuzzy C Means, this method uses Microsoft Power BI to analyze data, display and customize the dashboard. The performance of this method is better than preceding approaches, but FB prophet is much more accurate and ease of use when predicting issues related to time series.

3. FB prophet model

Based on an additive regression model, FB prophet [1] prediction can be expressed as (1):

$$y(t) = g(t) + h(t) + s(t) + e_t$$
 (1)

Where: y(t) is the additive regression model, g(t) is the trend factor, h(t) is the holiday component, s(t) is the seasonal component, and e(t) is the error term. The trend factor g(t) can be modeled as Logistic Growth Model and Piece-wise linear model. Logistic Growth Model which is expressed as (2) indicates growth in different stages. The growth in the first stage grows exponentially, then reaches a period of saturation, from which it is linear growth.

$$f(x) = \frac{L}{1 + e^{-k(x - x_0)}} \tag{2}$$

Where: L depicts the maximum value of the model curve; k is denoted as the growth rate; x_0 is expressed as the value of x at sigmoid point.

Additionally, Piece-wise linear model shown as (3) is customize based on the linear model where x shows various range with distinguished linear relationships.

$$y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \beta_2 (x - c)^+ + \varepsilon \tag{3}$$

The method employed for time series forecasting based on FB Prophet is depicted in Figure 1.

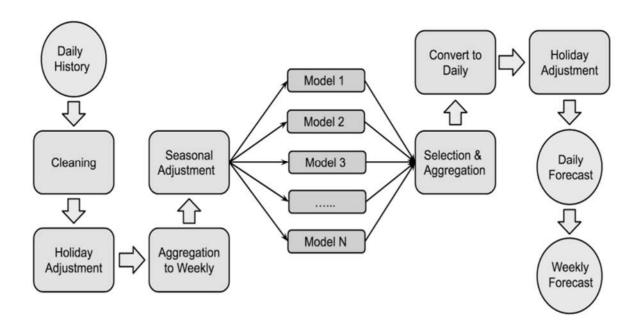


Figure 1. Diagram of time series forecast

4. Data description and evaluation metrics

4.1. Data description

The store chain dataset of ten stores is used in this paper [16]. This dataset was collected over a 5-year period from 2013 to 2017. The data field of the dataset includes: date, store, item, and sales. Figure 2 reveals the total daily sales of all stores. Figure 3 shows the total daily sales for each store. Total daily sales seems to be trending fairly steadily and gives an indication that the FB prophet model may be suitable for predicting store-level sales.

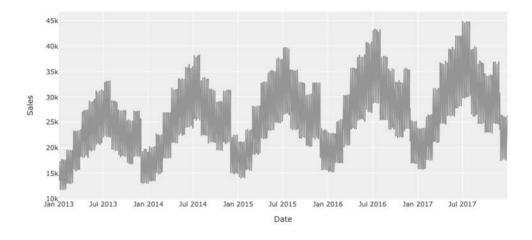


Figure 2. Total daily sales of all stores

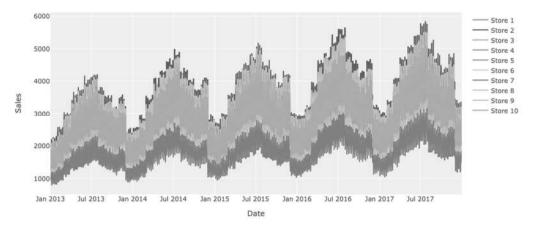


Figure 3. Total sales by day by each store

4.2. Evaluation metrics

In this paper, the evaluation metric to consider the accuracy in FB prophet models is the weighted mean absolute percentage error (WMAPE) [17]. Based on opinions of many business professionals, financial data analysts, and accountants, WMAPE metric has high reliability to evaluate the accuracy of the forecasting models.

WMAPE is a way to measure the accuracy of financial and statistical projections relative to actual or actual results for a sample. The different parts of WMAPE are weight, mean, absolute, percentage, and error. Weighted means that there is a component against the measurement results of the computation. Average means that the result of this calculation is an average of the accuracy of the predictions. Absolute means that regardless of whether the actual result is more or less than predicted, the computation will

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provide a positive number. Percentage means the computation results in percentage format for ease of use. The error means that the result of the computation is a measure of the difference between the forecast and the actual result.

Typically, WMAPE is used to compare forecasts over a long period of time, which reveals a general trend as to whether forecast is accurate rather than a very specific date or time. WMAPE can be used in conjunction with other predictive measurements to better understand the accuracy and responsiveness of data models. The formula for WMAPE is expressed as (4):

WMAPE =
$$\frac{1}{n} * \frac{\sum (|Actual - Forecasted|)}{Actual} * 100$$
 (4)

Where: *n* is the size of the sample; *Actual* is the actual value for a certain period of time, *Forecasted* is the expected value over a certain period of time.

5. Results

The results of the store sales prediction of 10 stores are shown in Figure 4. The blue line is the forecast value while the black dots are the actual value. We can see that the blue line matches the overall trend of the data with some outliers still present, which is a pretty good fit. In addition, we now need to test how successful the model is on data it hasn't seen yet, specifically 2018.

When forecasting trends in 2018, the WMAPE metric is used to measure the accuracy of the forecast trend in 2018. Table 1 describes the results of the WMAPE metric for the sales forecasting model of each store, from store 1 to store 10. Thereby, we see that the prediction results based on WMAPE metric are quite high, over 94% in all predictive models of stores.

Table 1. Results of WMAPE method for store-by-store forecasting model

Metric	Store 1	Store 2	Store 3	Store 4	Store 5	Store 6	Store 7	Store 8	Store 9	Store 10
WMAPE (%)	94.456	94.50	95.143	94.492	94.347	94.867	94.516	94.870	94.828	94.767

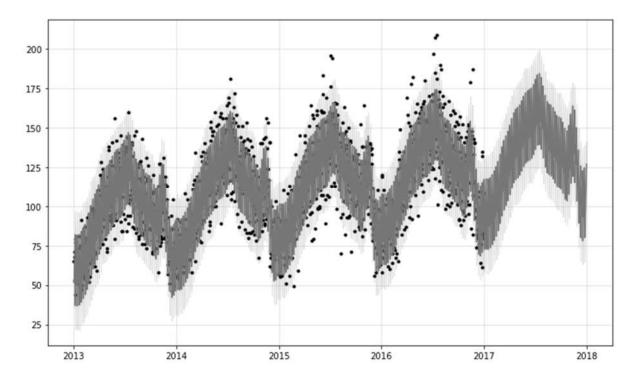


Figure 4. Forecasting results of 10 stores in sales

6. Conclusion

In the proposed research work, the FB Prophet model is implemented for sales forecasting. We utilize the store chain dataset of ten stores collected between 2013 and 2017 for testing. We have achieved that the prediction implemented using FB Prophet is extremely adjacent to reality. The proposed tool is indicating great performance in forecasting of time series data with minor error accuracy. Nevertheless, scalability is another challenge for the analysis of a large dataset. Transformation learning can be used together with FB Prophet in order to enhance scalability and handling of large datasets. Real-time forecasting with high accuracy relies on the model employed for training and validation.

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