#### CLONE AND FOLLOW THE SETUP INSTRUCTIONS

github.com/CodeSequence/ngconf2019-ngrx-workshop



## A REACTIVE STATE OF MIND

WITH ANGULAR AND NGRX



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Developer/Technical Writer

Angular Team



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Developer/Technical Writer

Angular Team

NgRx Core Team





Open source libraries for Angular



Open source libraries for Angular
Built with reactivity in mind



Open source libraries for Angular

Built with reactivity in mind

State management and side effects



Open source libraries for Angular

Built with reactivity in mind

State management and side effects

Community driven

### DAY ONE SCHEDULE

- Demystifying NgRx
- Setting up the Store
- Reducers
- Actions
- Entities
- Selectors

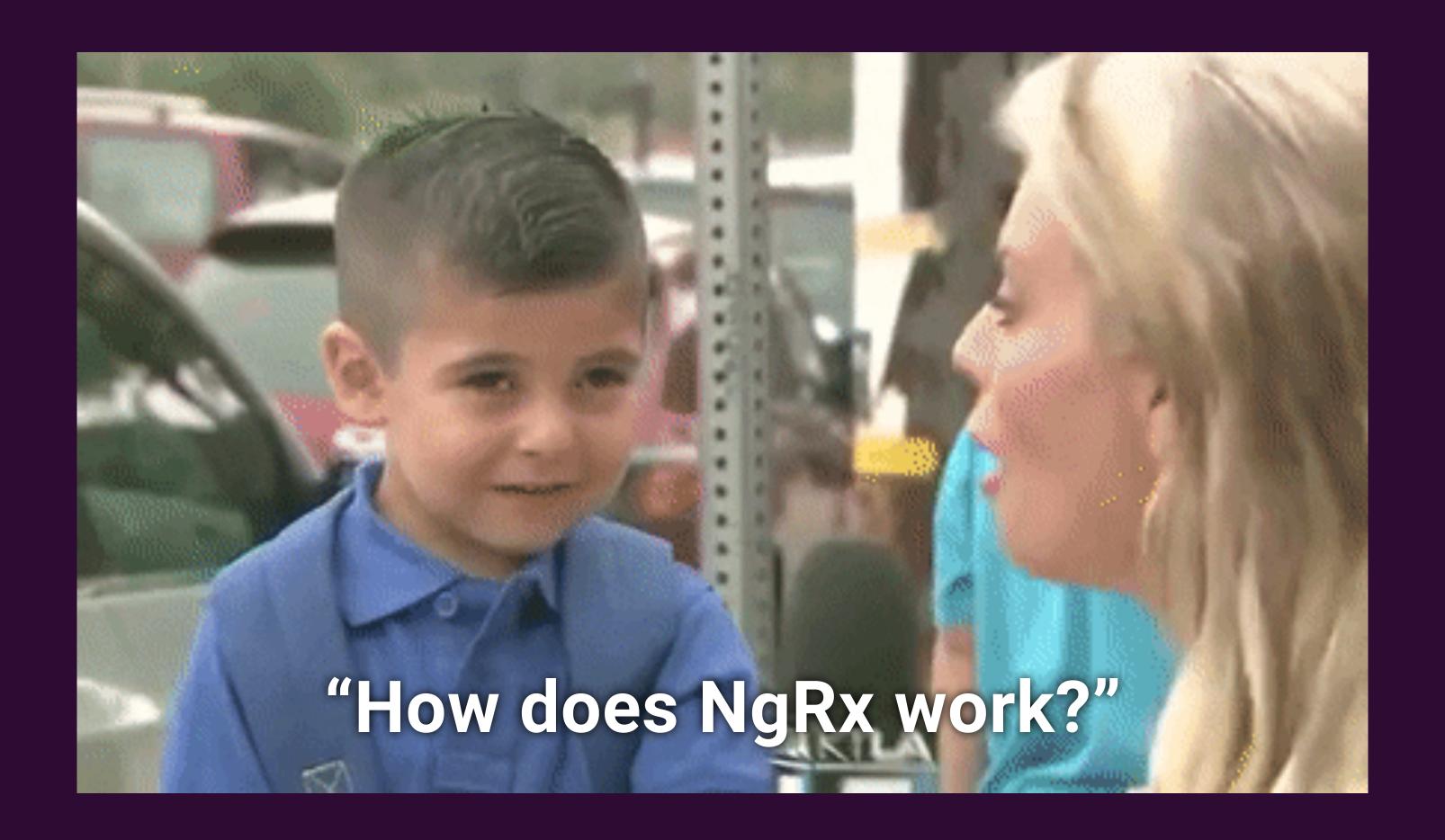
## FORMAT

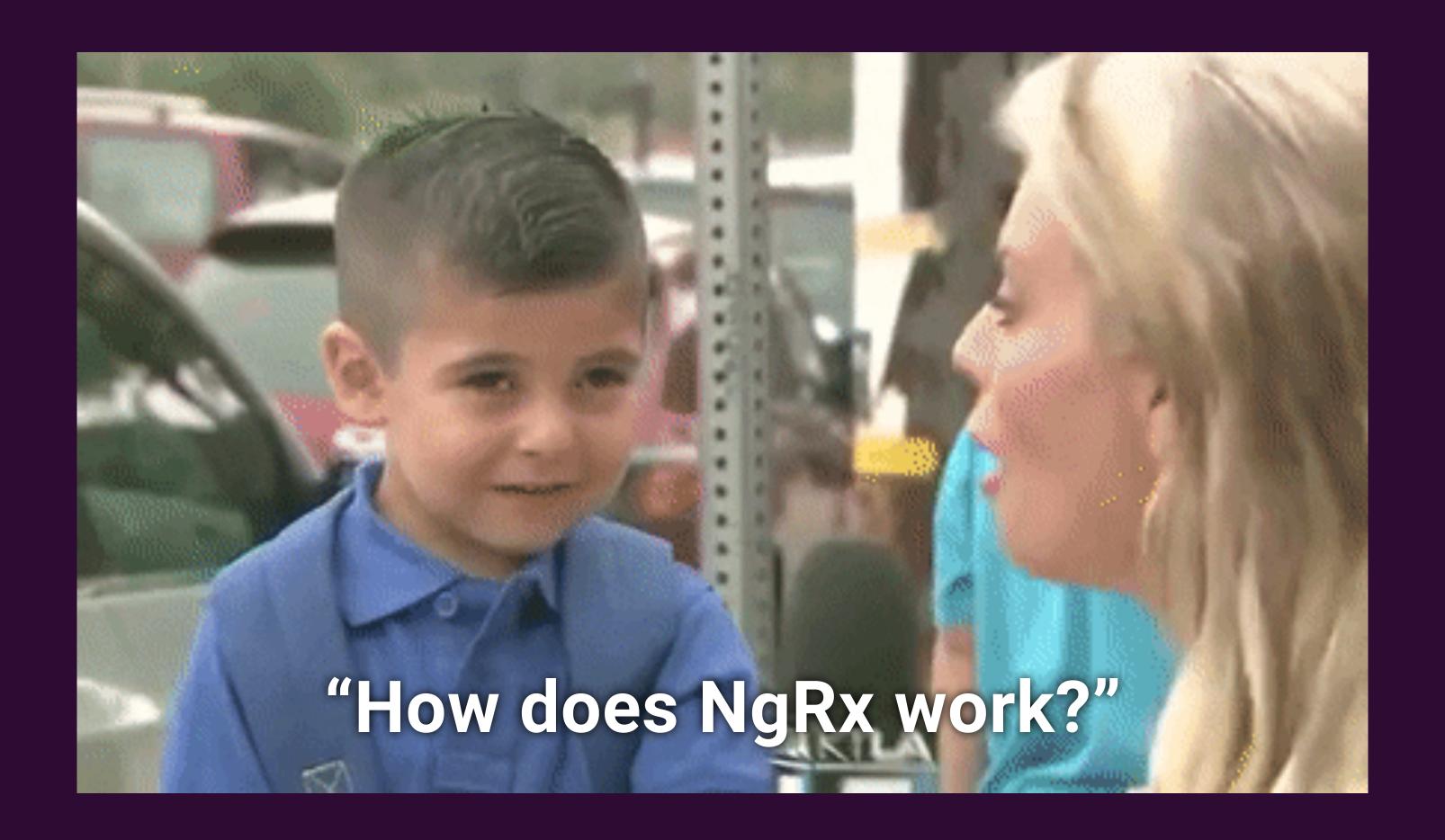
- 1. Concept Overview
- 2. Demo
- 3. Challenge
- 4. Solution

# The Goal Understand the architectural implications of NgRx and how to build Angular applications with it



DEMYSTIFYING NGRX





- NgRx prescribes an architecture for managing the state and side effects in you Angular application. It works by deriving a stream of updates for your application's components called the "action stream".
- You apply a pure function called a "reducer" to the action stream as a means of deriving state in a deterministic way.
- Long running processes called "effects" use RxJS operators to trigger side effects based on these updates and can optionally yield new changes back to the actions stream.

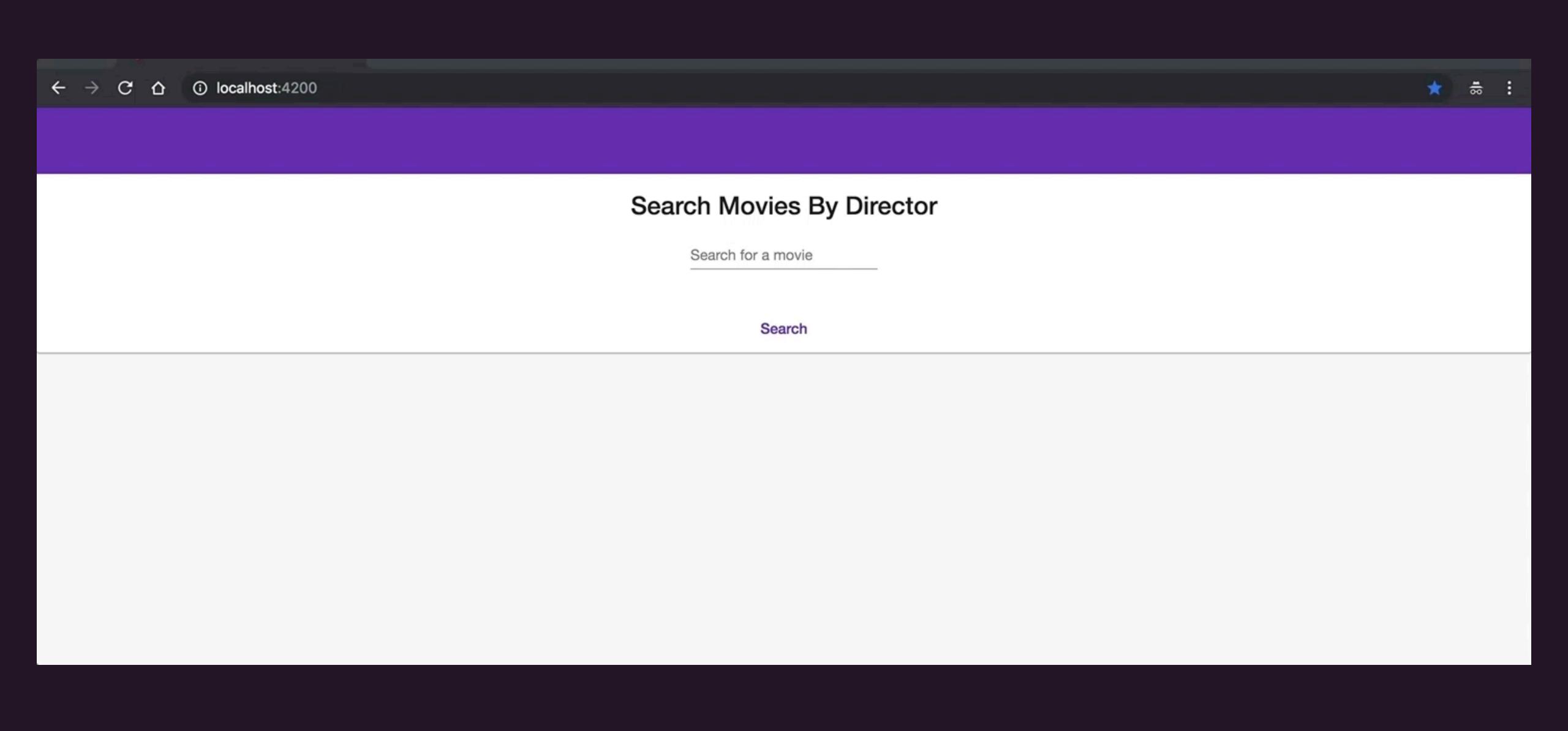


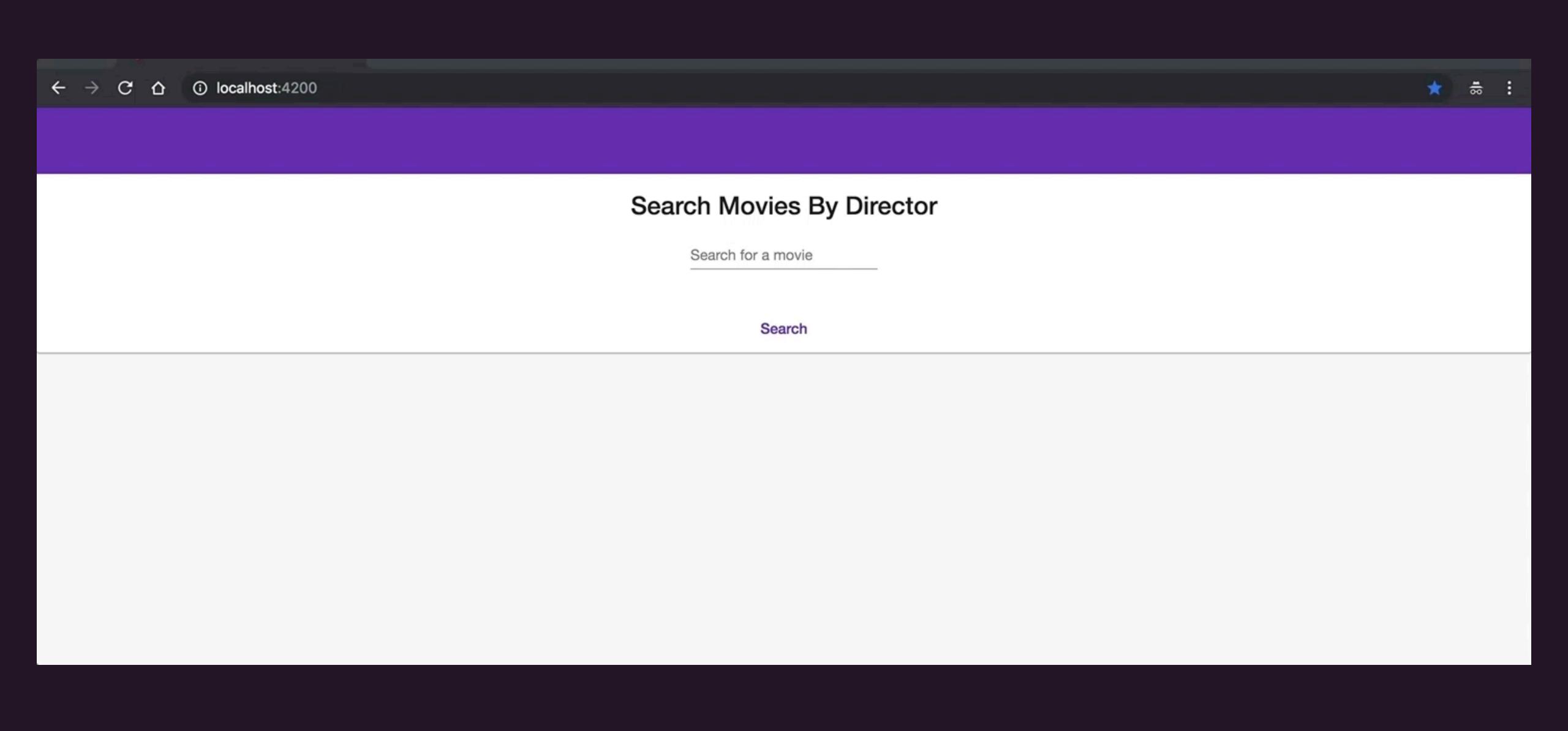


Let's try this a different way

You already know how NgRx works

# COMPONENTS





Search for a movie

Christopher Nolan

Search

#### Inception

Cobb, a skilled thief who commits corporate espionage by infiltrating the subconscious of his targets is offered a chance to regain his old life as payment for a task considered to be impossible: "inception", the implantation of another person's idea into a target's subconscious.

#### **Search Movies By Director**

Search for a movie

Christopher Nolan

Search

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<movies-list/>

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<movies-list/>

<search-movies-box/>

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<movies-list/>

<search-movies-box/>

<search-movies-page/>

#### Search Movies By Director

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#### Inception

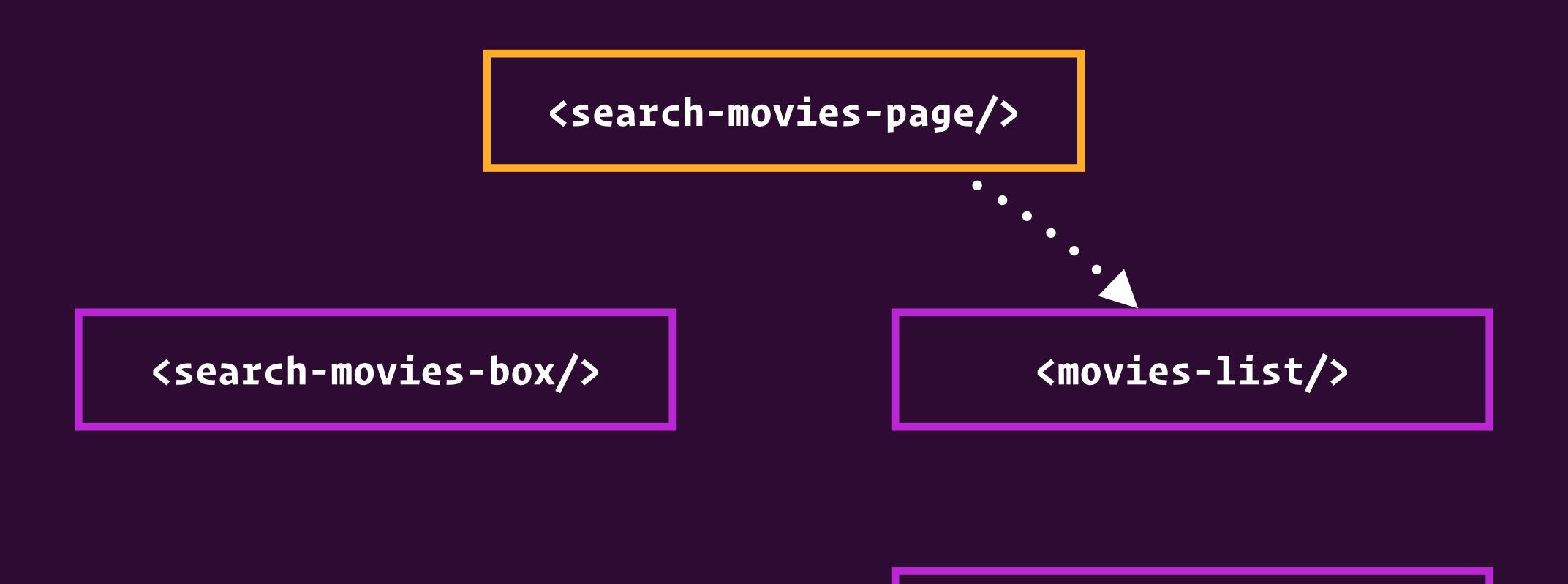
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<search-movies-page/>

<search-movies-box/>

<movies-list/>

<movies-list-item/>



@Input() movies: Movie[]

<movies-list-item/>

<search-movies-box/>

<movies-list/>

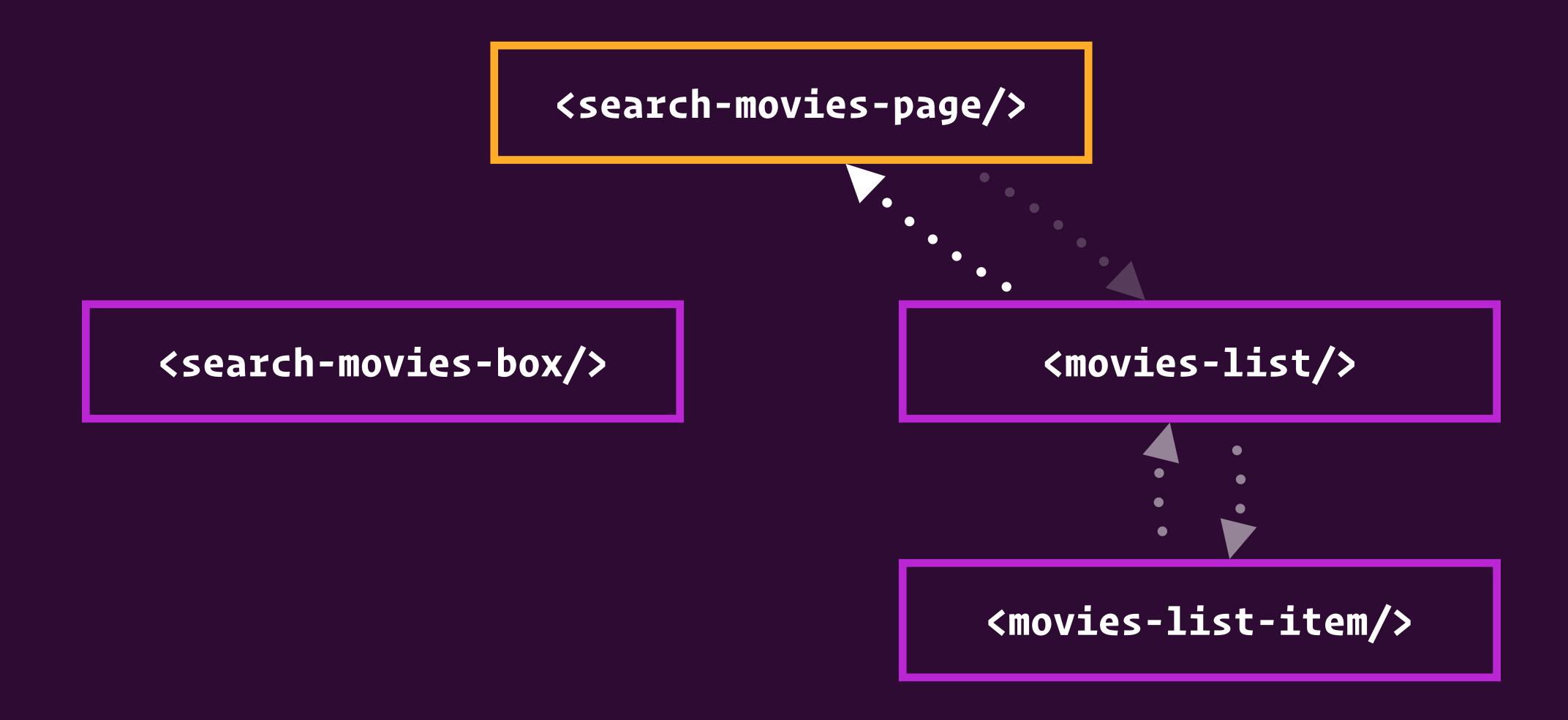
<movies-list-item/>

@Input() movie: Movie

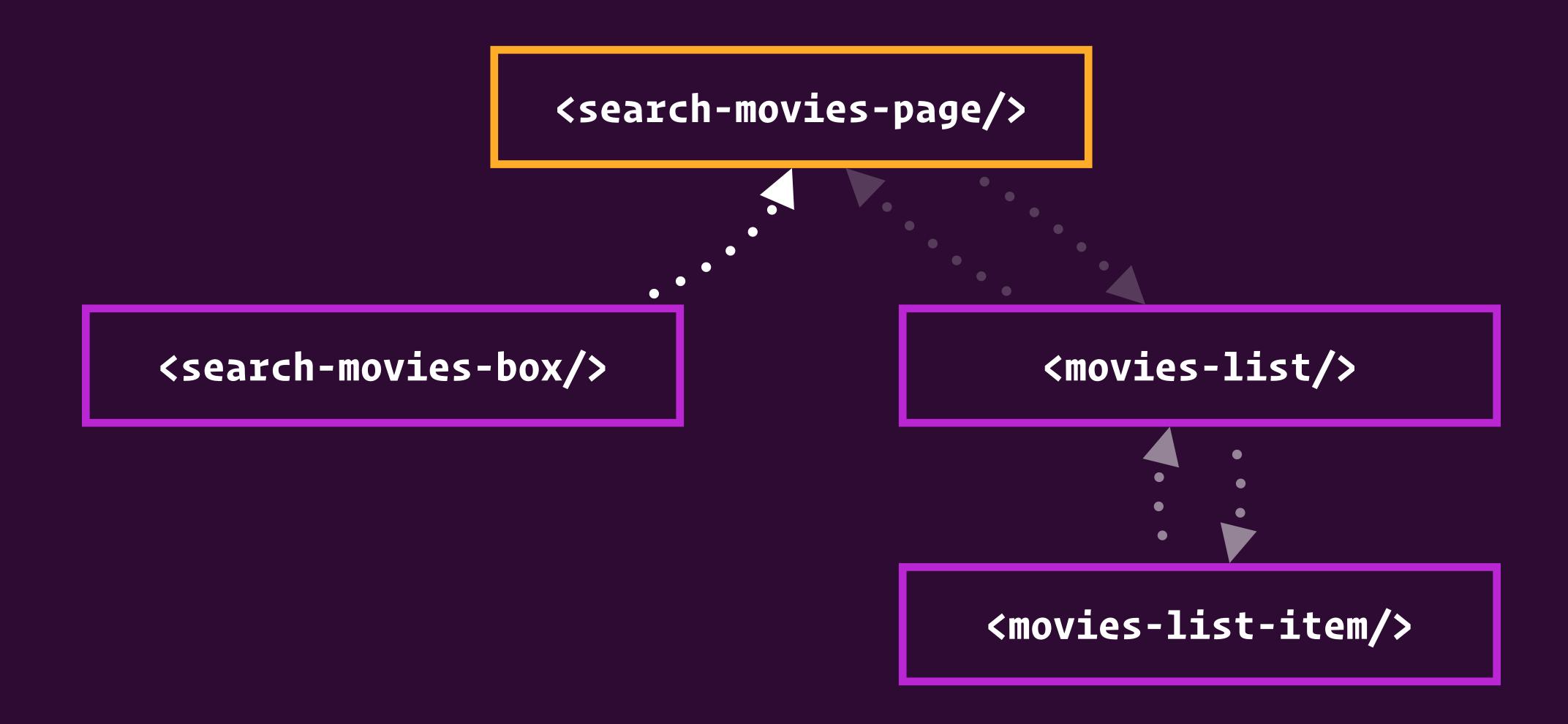
<search-movies-box/>

<movies-list/>
<movies-list-item/>

@Output() favorite: EventEmitter<Movie>



@Output() favoriteMovie: EventEmitter<Movie>



@Output() search: EventEmitter<string>

```
@Component({
  template:
    <search-movies-box (search)="onSearch($event)"></search-movies-box>
    <movies-list</pre>
      [movies]="movies"
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class SearchMoviesPageComponent {
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      .subscribe(movies => {
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      });
```

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                              STATE
```

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      .subscribe(movies => {
       this.movies = movies;
      });
                         SIDE EFFECT
```

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   this.moviesService.findMovies(searchTerm)
      .subscribe(movies => {
       this.movies = movies;
      });
                     STATE CHANGE
```

Connects data to components

- Connects data to components
- Triggers side effects

- Connects data to components
- Triggers side effects
- Handles state transitions

#### OUTSIDE WORLD

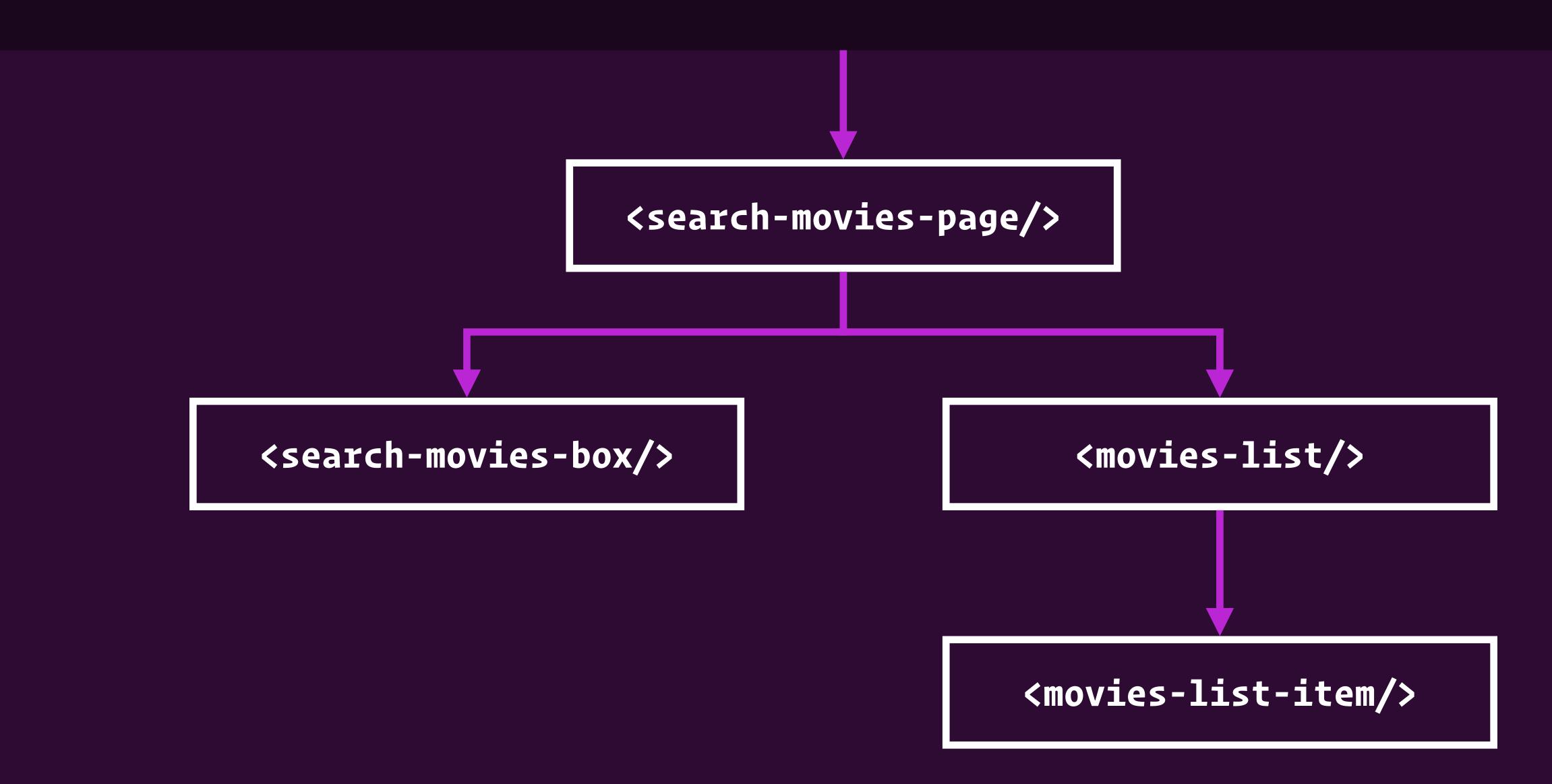
<search-movies-page/>

<search-movies-box/>

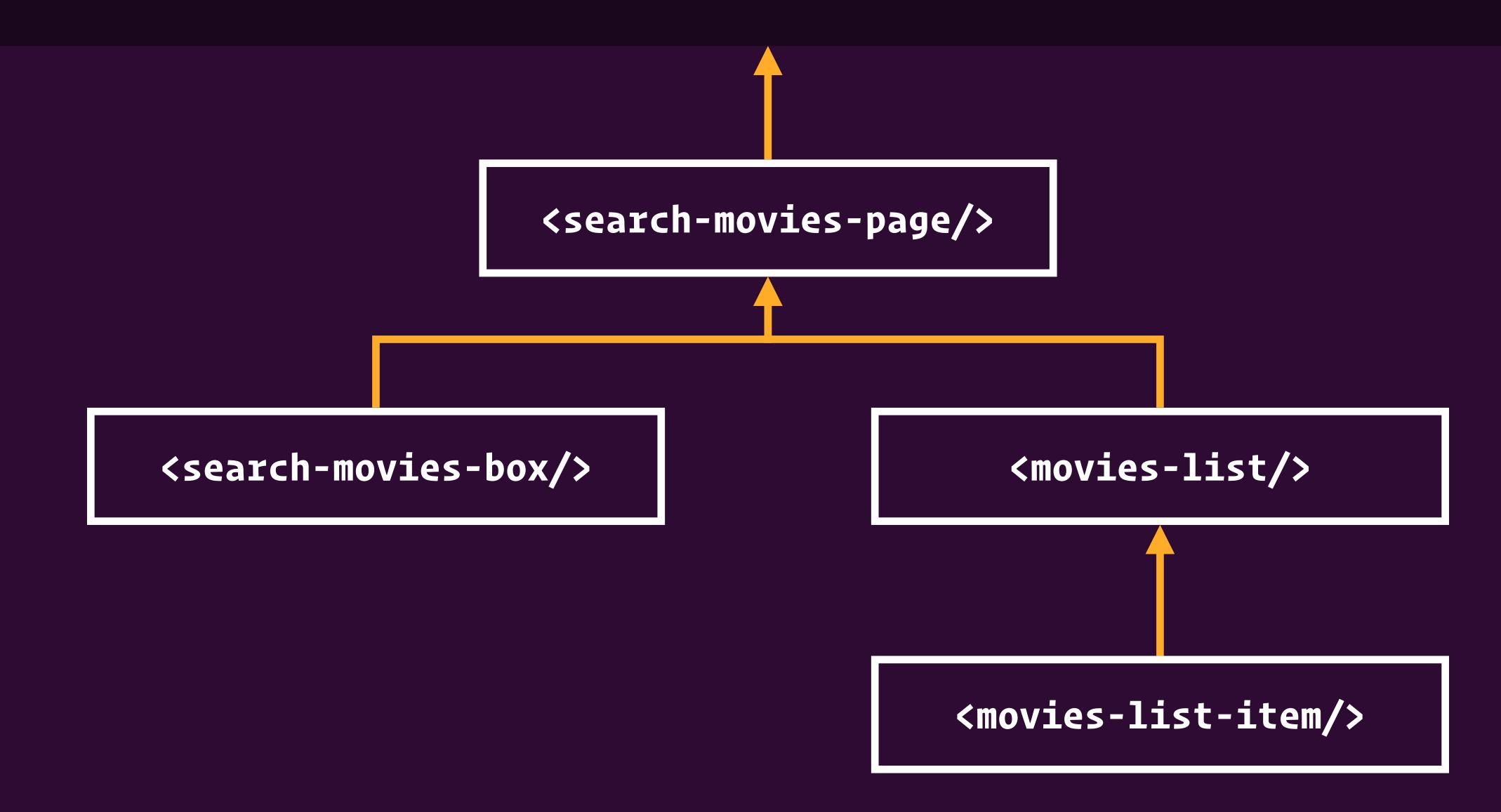
<movies-list/>

<movies-list-item/>

### OUTSIDE WORLD



#### OUTSIDE WORLD





## NGRX MENTAL MODEL

State flows down, changes flow up





- Connects data to components
- Triggers side effects
- Handles state transitions

Single Responsibility Principle

Connects data to components

@Input() and @Output()

```
@Component({
    selector: 'movies-list-item',
})
export class MoviesListItemComponent {
    @Input() movie: Movie;
    @Output() favorite = new EventEmitter<Movie>();
}
```

# Does this component know who is binding to its input?

```
@Component({
    selector: 'movies-list-item',
})
export class MoviesListItemComponent {
    @Input() movie: Movie;
    @Output() favorite = new EventEmitter<Movie>();
}
```

```
@Component({
    selector: 'movies-list-item',
})
export class MoviesListItemComponent {
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    @Output() favorite = new EventEmitter<Movie>();
}
```

# Does this component know who is listening to its output?

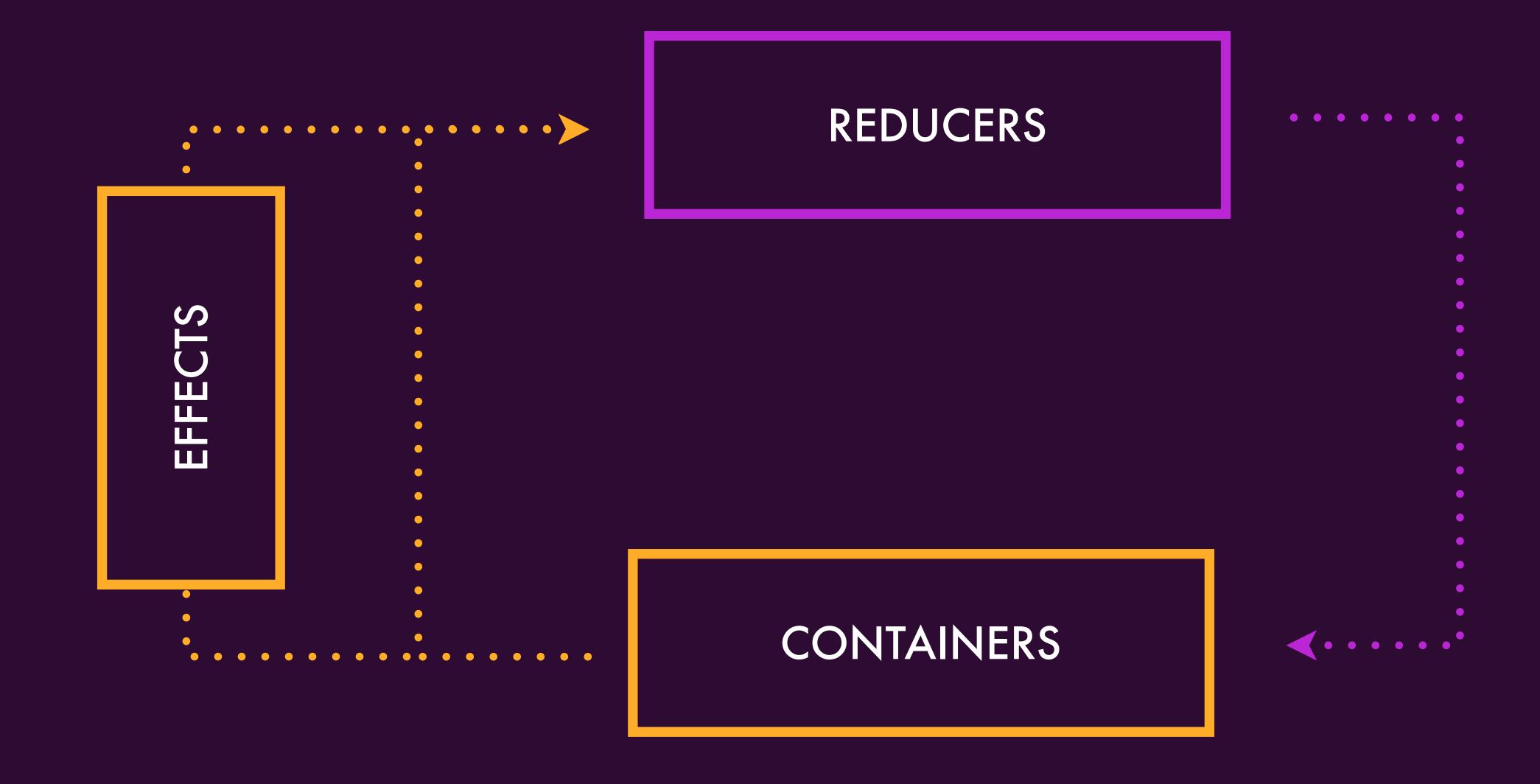
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@Component({
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export class MoviesListItemComponent {
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}
```

## Inputs & Outputs offer Indirection

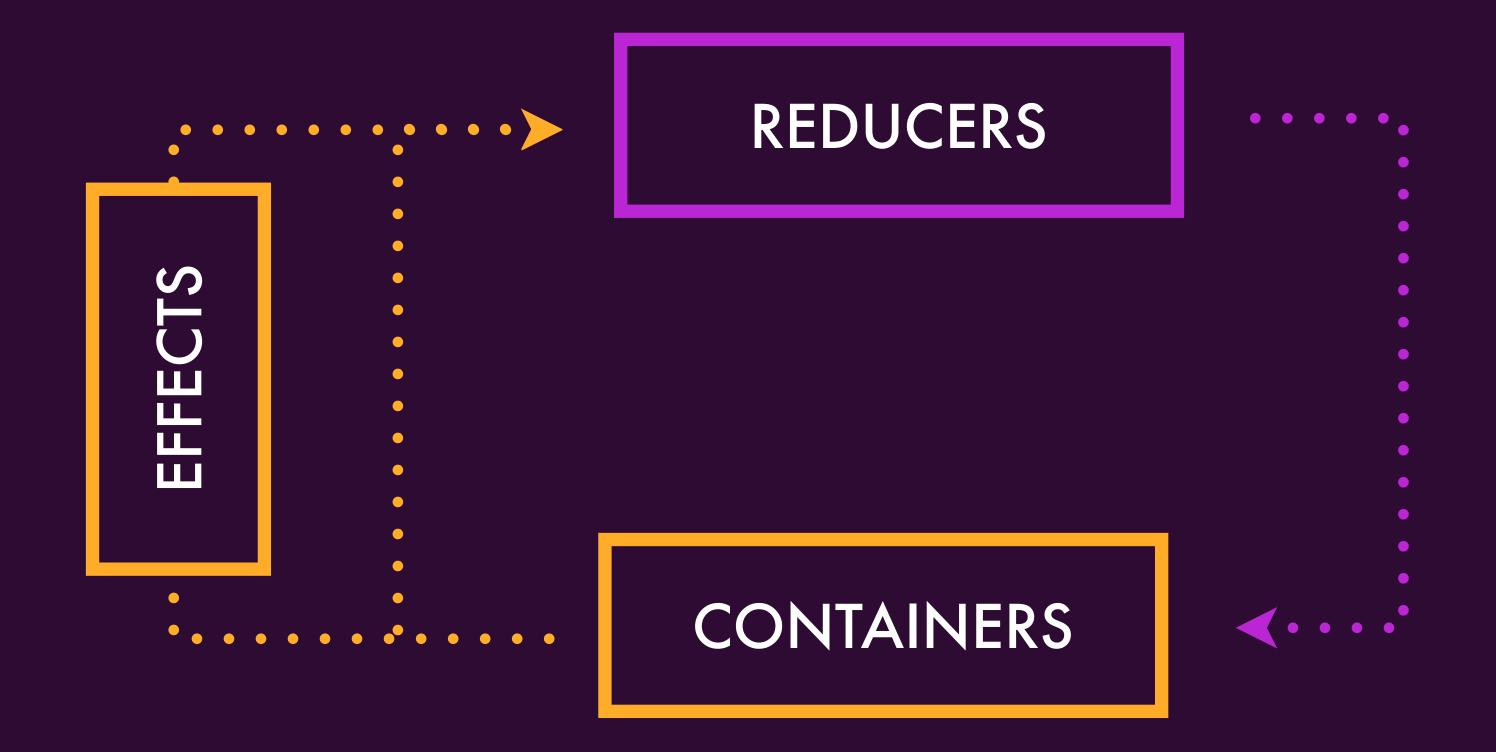


### NGRX MENTAL MODEL

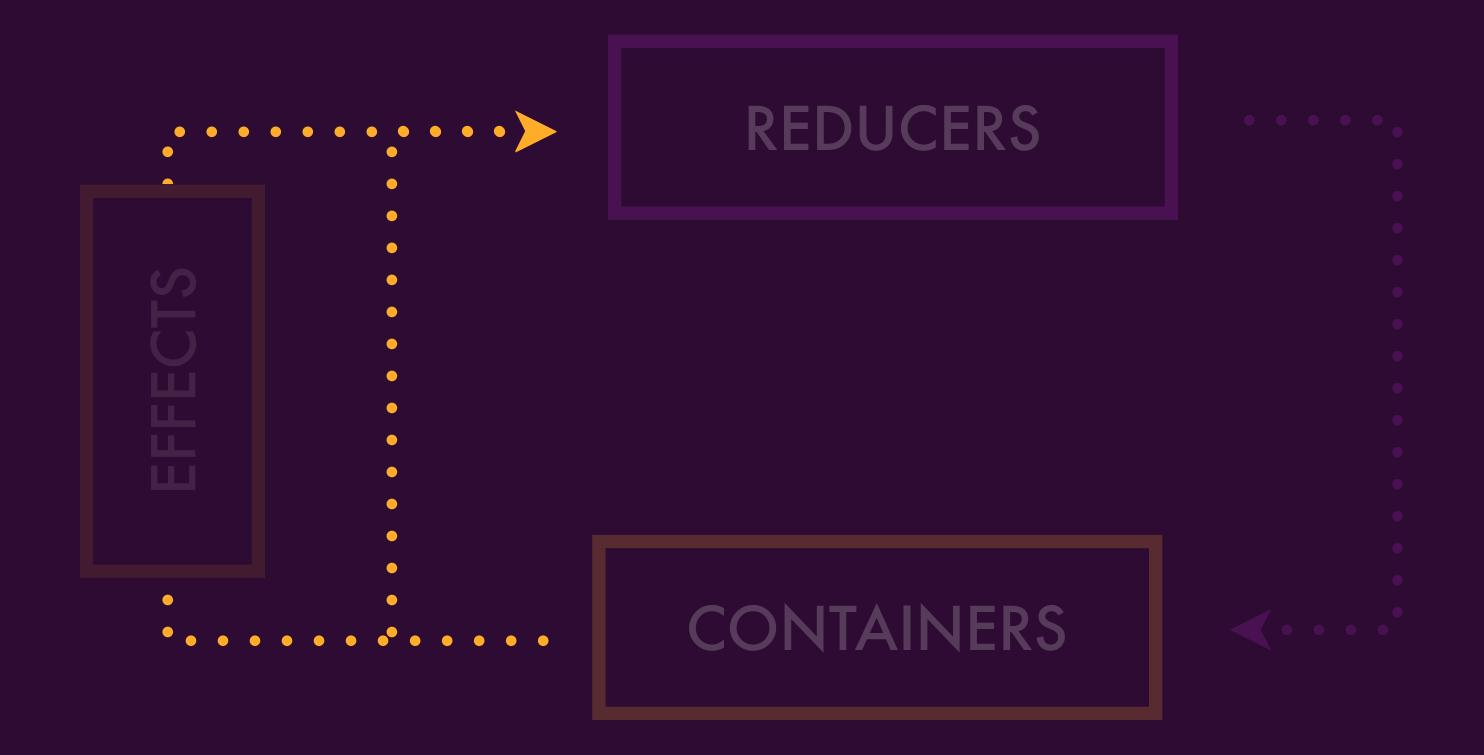
There is indirection between consumer of state, how state changes, and side effects



## ACTIONS



## ACTIONS

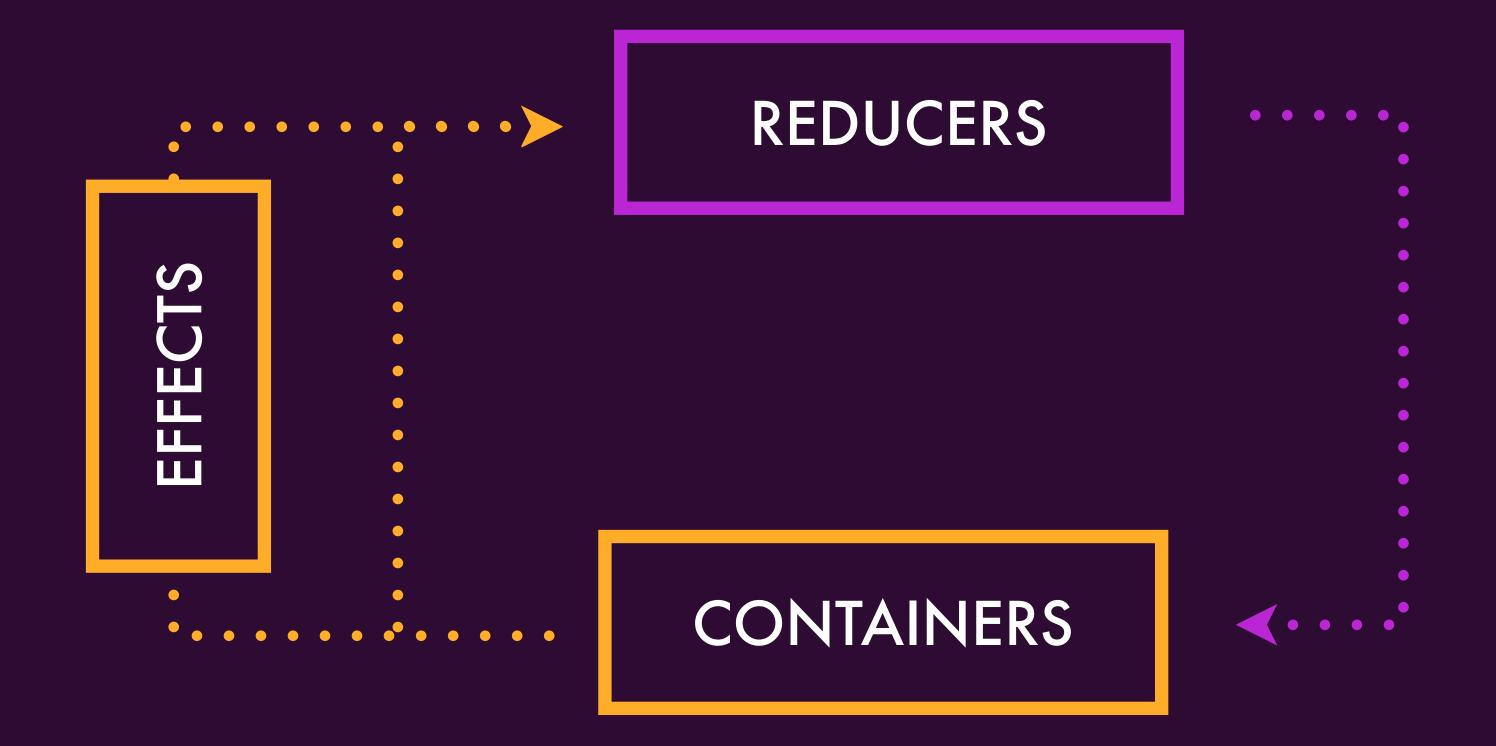


```
interface Action {
  type: string;
}
```

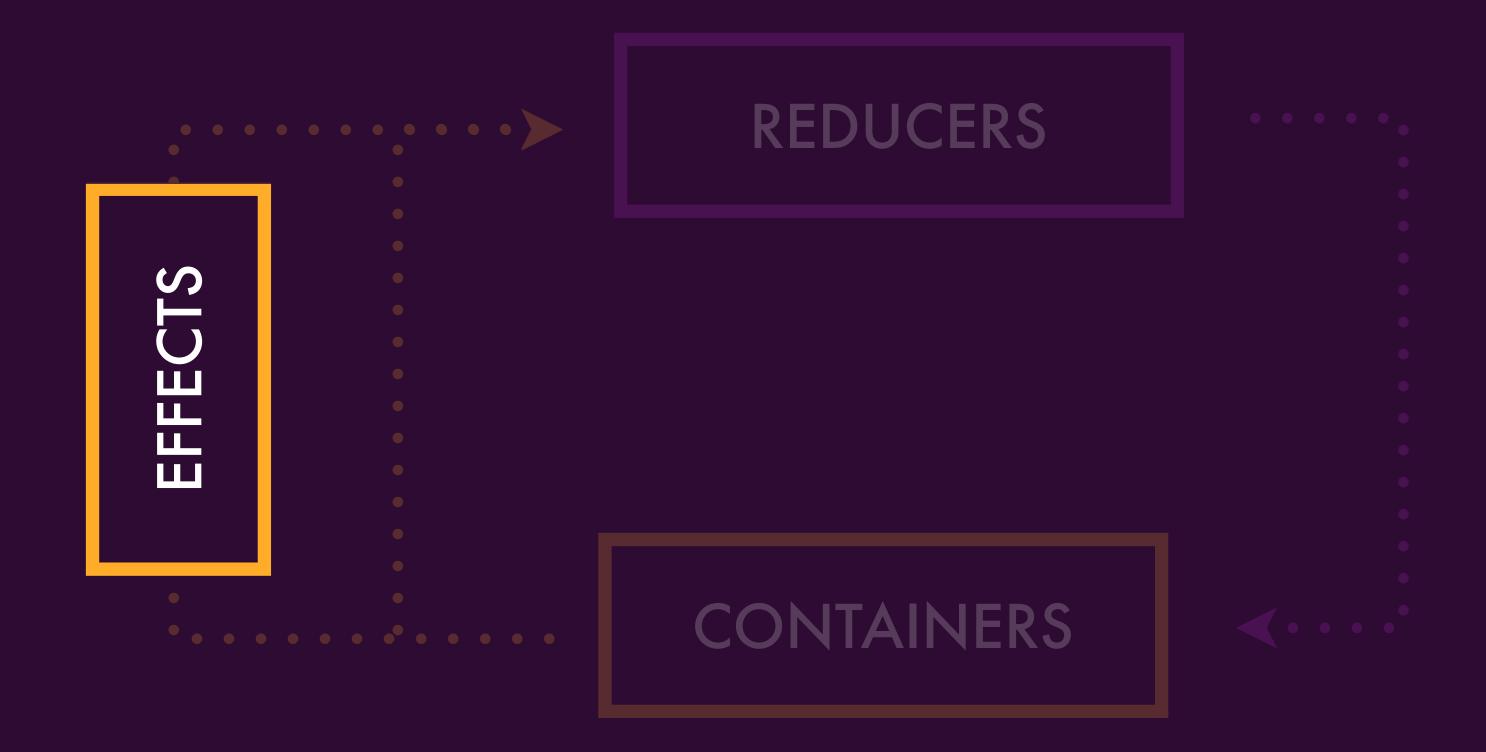
```
this.store.dispatch({
   type: 'MOVIES_LOADED_SUCCESS',
   movies: [{
     id: 1,
     title: 'Enemy',
     director: 'Denis Villeneuve',
   }],
});
```

Global @Output() for your whole app

# **EFFECTS**



# **EFFECTS**







```
@Effect() findMovies$ = this.actions$
  .pipe(
    ofType('SEARCH_MOVIES'),
    switchMap(action => {
      return this.moviesService.findMovies(action.searchTerm)
        .pipe(
          map(movies => {
            return {
              type: 'MOVIES_LOADED_SUCCESS',
              movies,
```

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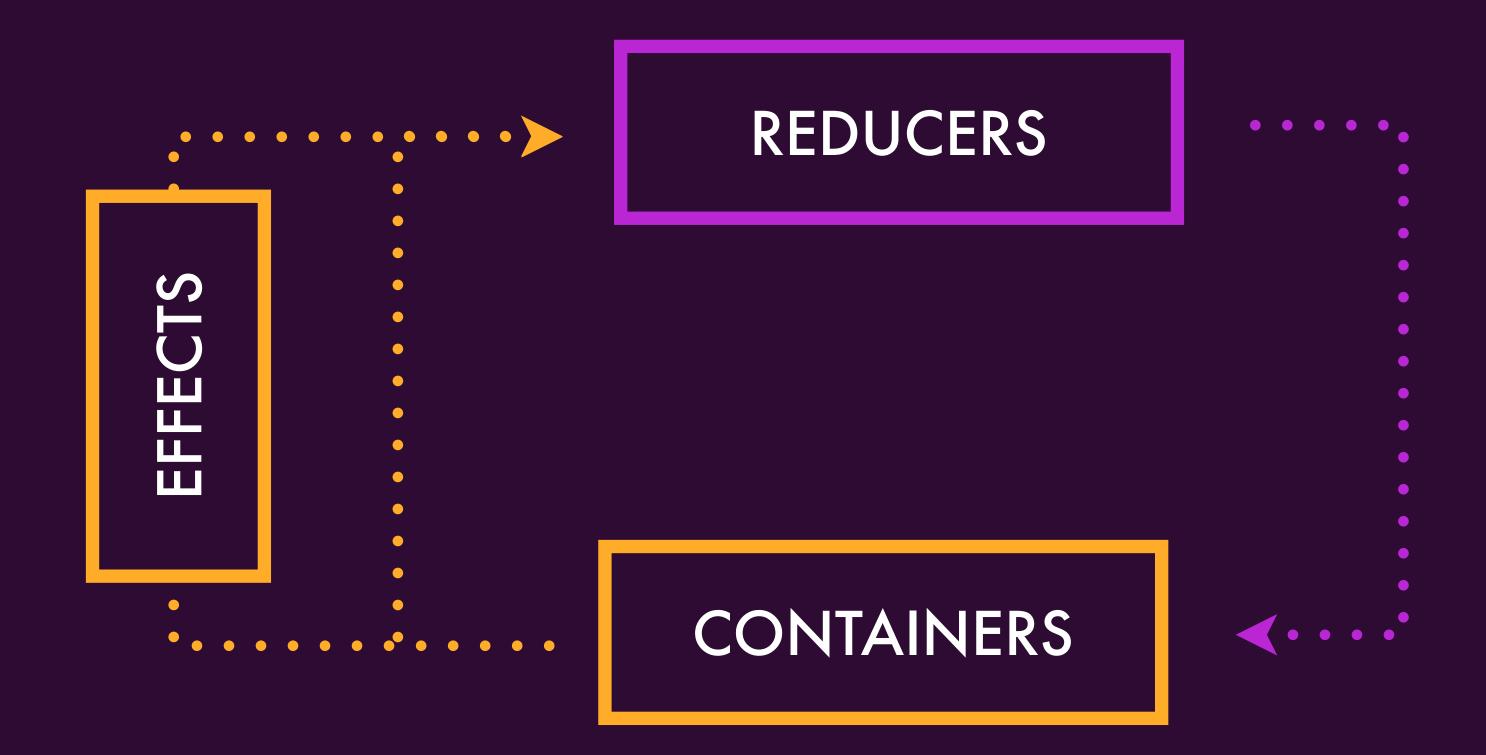
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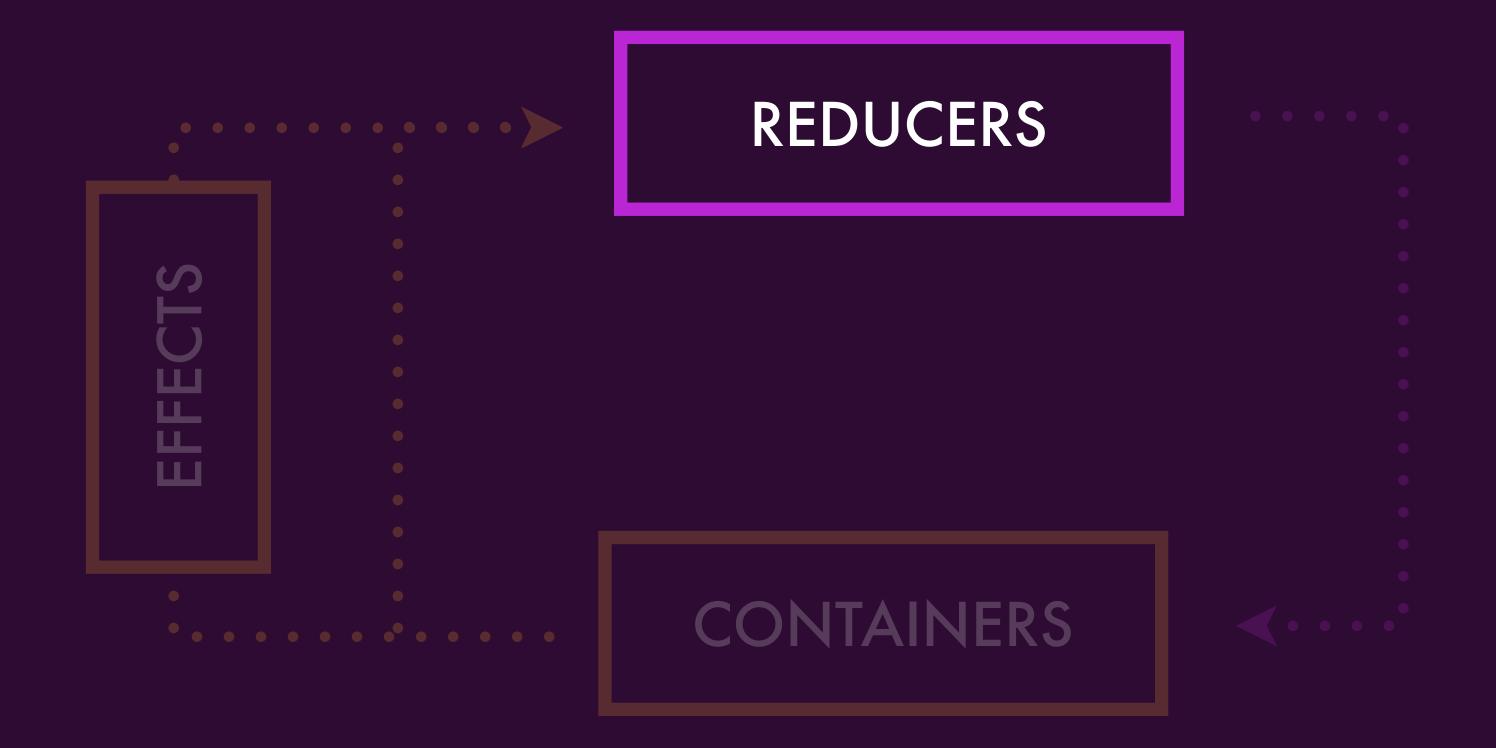
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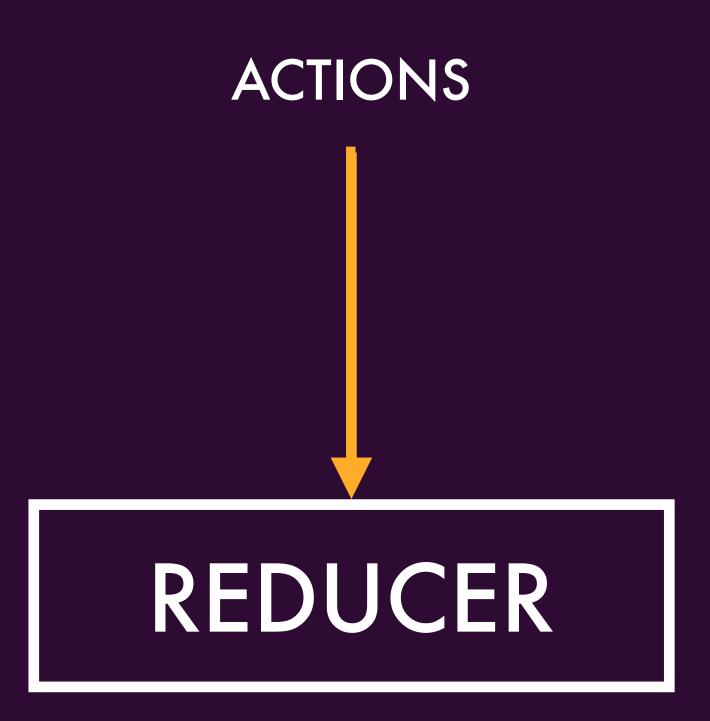
# REDUCERS



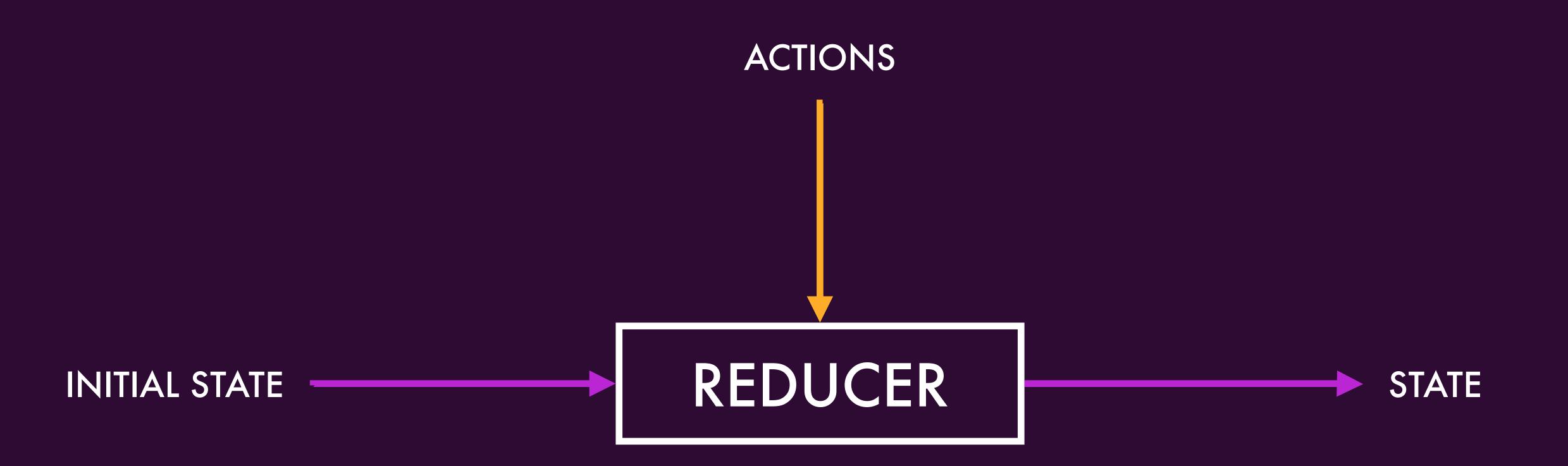
# REDUCERS

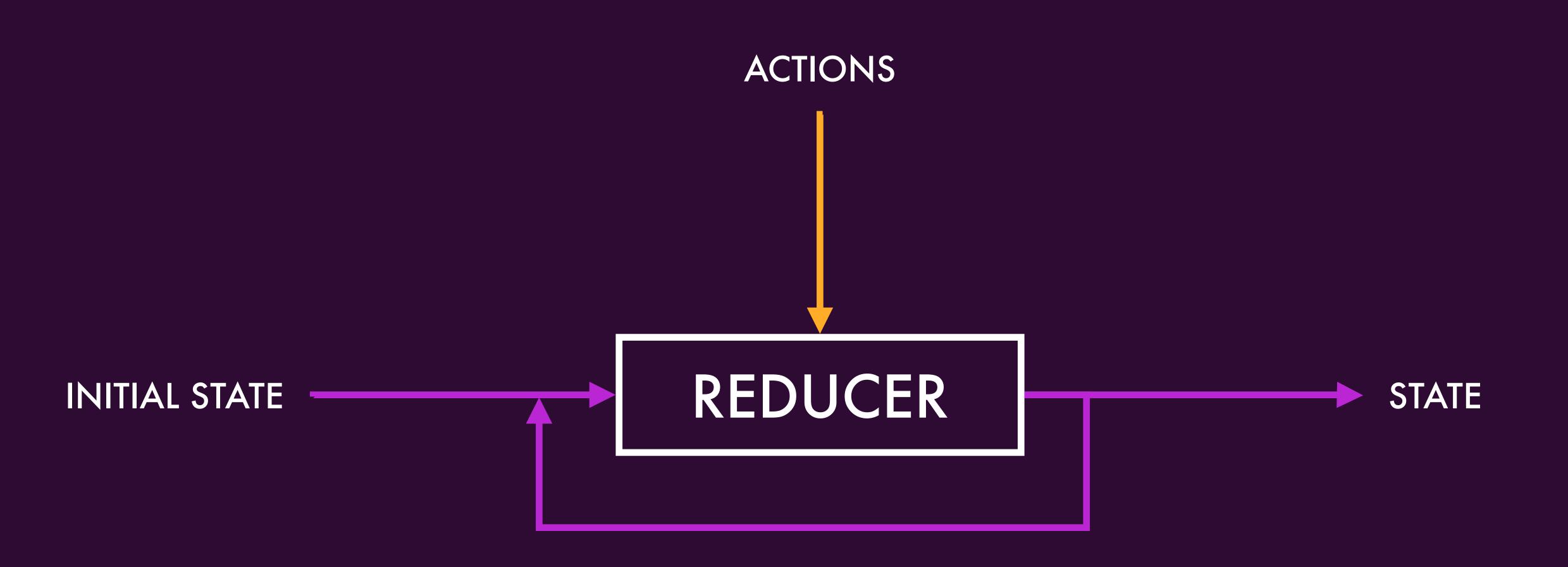


# REDUCER









```
function moviesReducer(state = [], action) {
  switch (action.type) {
    case 'MOVIES_LOADED_SUCCESS': {
      return action.movies;
    default: {
      return state;
```

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function moviesReducer(state = [], action) {
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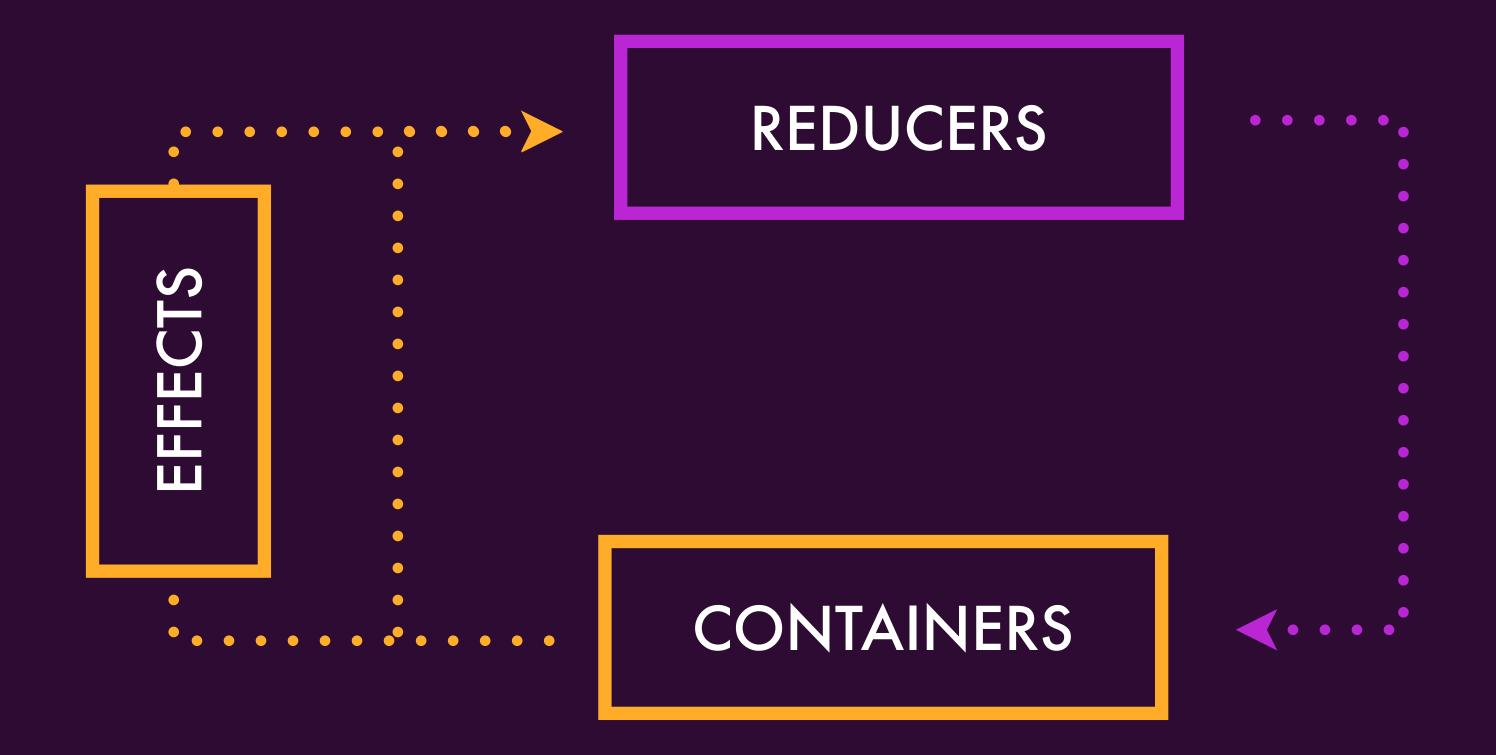
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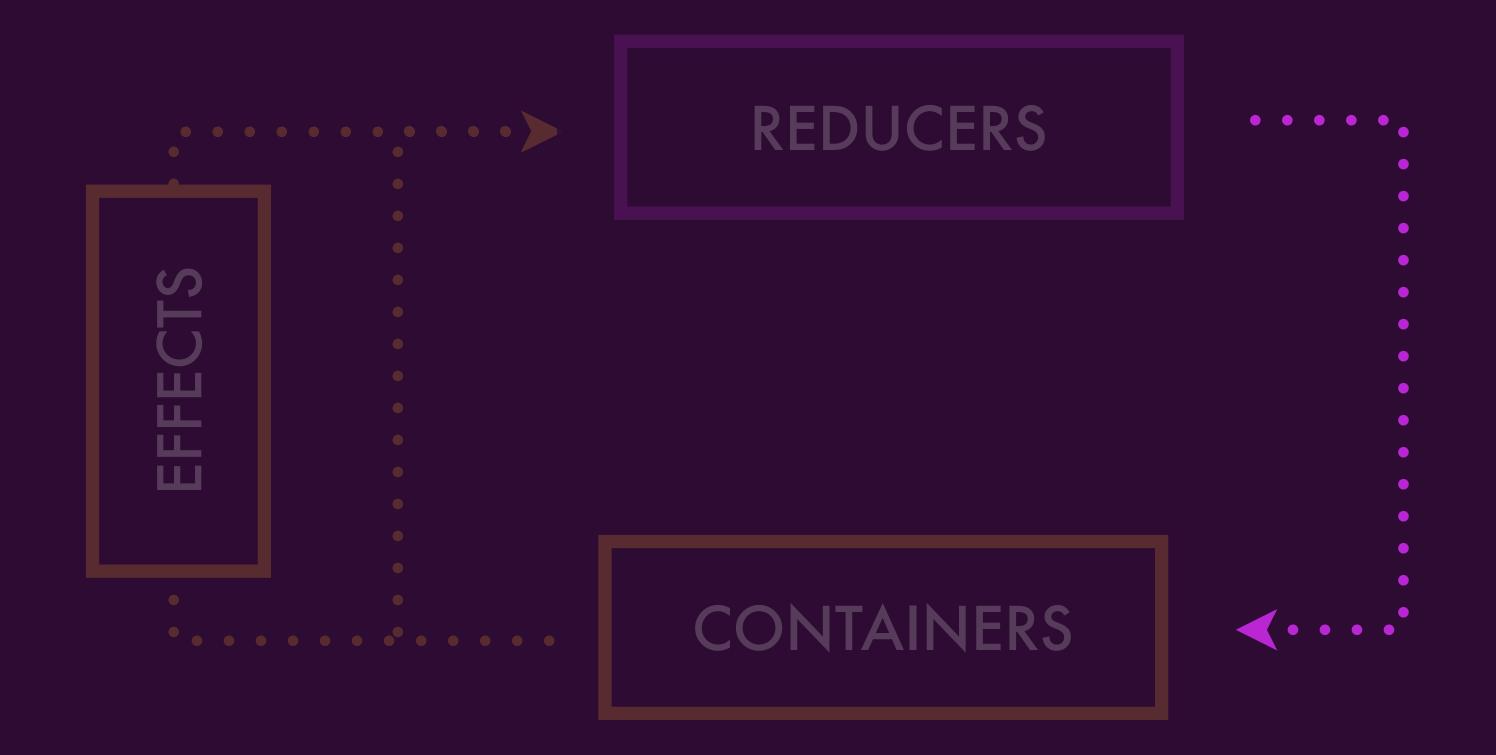
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    default: {
      return state;
```

#### SELECTORS



# SELECTORS



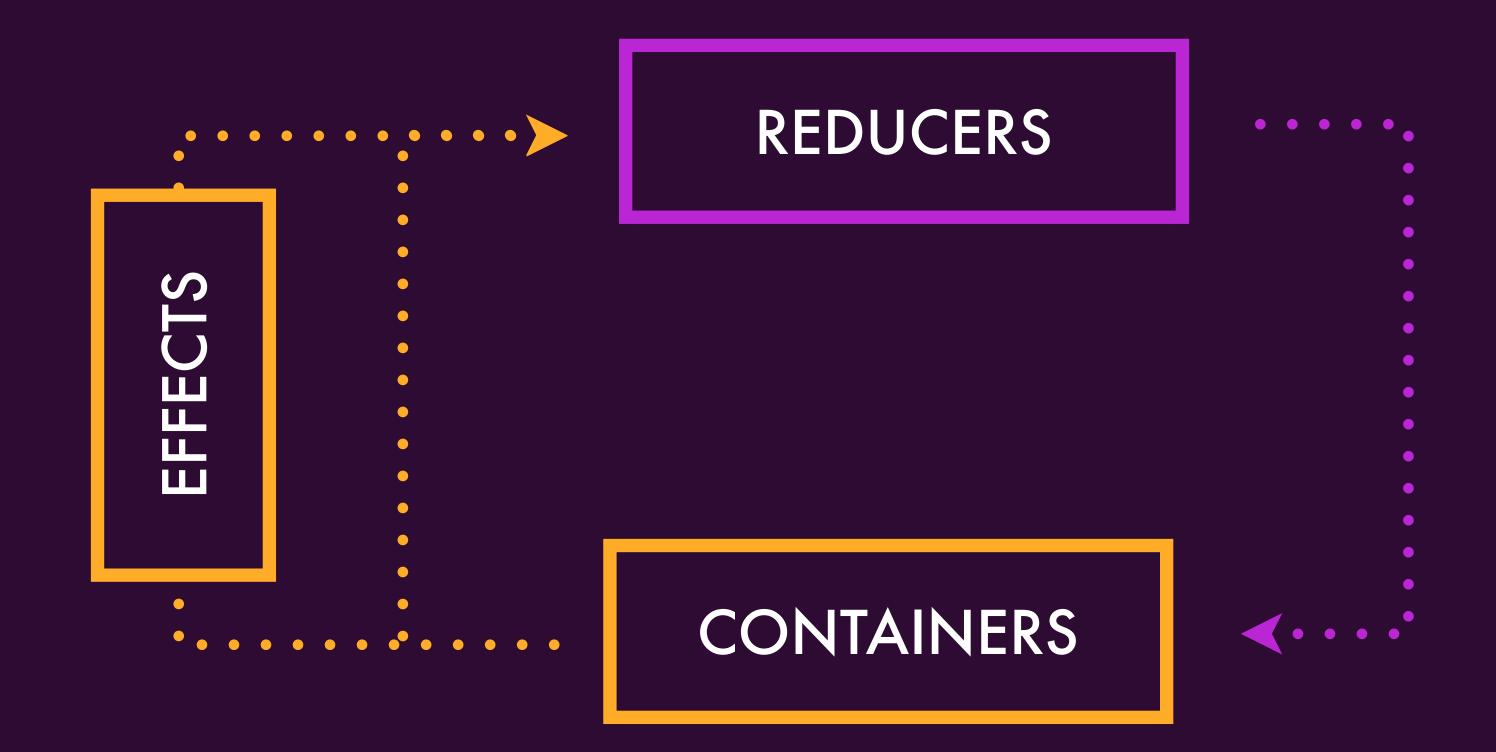
STORE

·····??? ···· COMPONENTS

```
function selectMovies(state) {
  return state.moviesState.movies;
}
```

Global @Input() for your whole app

# CONTAINERS



# CONTAINERS



```
@Component({
  template:
    <search-movies-box (search)="onSearch($event)"></search-movies-box>
    <movies-list</pre>
      [movies]="movies$ | async"
      (favoriteMovie)="onFavoriteMovie($event)">
    </movies-list>
})
export class SearchMoviesPageComponent {
  movies$: Observable<Movie[]>
  constructor(private store: Store<AppState>) {
    this.movies$ = store.select(selectMovies);
  3
  onSearch(searchTerm: string) {
    this.store.dispatch({ type: 'SEARCH_MOVIES', searchTerm });
```

```
@Component({
  template:
    <search-movies-box (search)="onSearch($event)"></search-movies-box>
    <movies-list</pre>
      [movies]="movies$ | async"
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export class SearchMoviesPageComponent {
  movies$: Observable<Movie[]>
  constructor(private store: Store<AppState>) {
   this.movies$ = store.select(selectMovies);
  onSearch(searchTerm: string) {
    this.store.dispatch({ type: 'SEARCH_MOVIES', searchTerm });
```

@Input() movies: Movie[]

store.select(selectMovies)

@Output() search: EventEmitter<string>()

this.store.dispatch({ type: 'SEARCH\_MOVIES', searchTerm });



### NGRX MENTAL MODEL

Select and Dispatch are special versions of Input and Output

Containers connect data to components

- Containers connect data to components
- Effects triggers side effects

- Containers connect data to components
- Effects triggers side effects
- Reducers handle state transitions



### NGRX MENTAL MODEL

Delegate responsibilities to individual modules of code





State flows down, changes flow up



- State flows down, changes flow up
- Indirection between state & consumer



- State flows down, changes flow up
- Indirection between state & consumer
- Select & Dispatch => Input & Output



- State flows down, changes flow up
- Indirection between state & consumer
- Select & Dispatch => Input & Output
- Adhere to single responsibility principle

github.com/CodeSequence/ngconf2019-ngrx-workshop



Demo

## Challenge

 Clone the repo at https://github.com/CodeSequence/ngconf2019-ngrx-workshop

Branch: challenge

- 2. Checkout the challenge branch
- 3. Familiarize yourself with the file structure
- 4. Where is movies state handled?
- 5. Where are the movies actions located?
- 6. How does the movies state flow into the movies component?
- 7. How are events in the movies component going to the movies reducer?



SETTING UP THE STORE

#### STORE

- State contained in a single state tree
- State in the store is immutable
- Slices of state are updated with reducers

```
export interface MoviesState {
  activeMovieId: string | null;
  movies: Movie[];
}
```

```
export const initialState: MoviesState = {
  activeMovieId: null,
  movies: initialMovies,
};
```

```
export function moviesReducer(
  state = initialState,
  action: Action
): MoviesState {
  switch (action.type) {
    default:
      return state;
```

```
import * as fromMovies from "./movies/movies.reducer";
import * as fromBooks from "./books/books.reducer";
export interface AppState {
 movies: fromMovies.MoviesState;
 books: fromBooks.BooksState;
export const reducers: ActionReducerMap<AppState> = {
 movies: fromMovies.reducer,
  books: fromBooks.reducer
```

```
@NgModule({
  imports: [
    // imports ...
    StoreModule.forRoot(reducers),
    StoreDevtoolsModule.instrument({ maxAge: 5 }),
export class AppModule {}
```

```
export class MoviesComponent implements OnInit {
 movies$: Observable<Movie[]>;
 constructor(private store: Store<AppState>) {
    this.movies$ = store.select(
      (state: AppState) => state.movies
    );
```

```
<app-movies-total [total]="total$ | async">
</app-movies-total>
<app-movies-list
  [movies]="movies$ | async"
  (select)="onSelect($event)"
  (delete)="onDelete($event)"
</app-movies-list>
```

## STATE FLOWS DOWN



Demo

# Challenge, pt 1

- 1. Open books.reducer.ts
- Define an interface for BooksState that has activeBookId and books properties
- 3. Define an **initialState** object that implements the **BooksState** interface
- 4. Create a **reducer** that defaults to **initialState** with a **default** case in a switch statement that returns **state**

# Challenge, pt 2

- 1. Open shared/state/index.ts and add books to the State interface and the books reducer to the reducers object
- 2. Open books-page.component.ts and inject the Store service into the constructor
- 3. Add an observable property to the component that gets all of the books from state using the select operator
- 4. Update books-page.component.html to use the async pipe to get the list of books



#### REDUCERS

- Produce new states
- Receive the last state and next action
- Switch on the action type
- Use pure, immutable operations

```
export function reducer(state = initialState, action: Action): MoviesState {
  switch (action.type) {
    case "select":
      return {
        activeMovieId: action.movieId,
        movies: state.movies
    case "create":
      return {
        activeMovieId: state.selectedMovieId,
        movies: createMovie(state.movies, action.movie)
      };
    default:
      return state;
```

```
const createMovie = (movies, movie) => [
  ...movies,
  movie
AF
const updateMovie = (movies, movie) =>
  movies.map(w => {
    return w.id === movie.id
      ? Object.assign({}, movie, w)
      : W;
  });
const deleteMovie = (movies, movie) =>
  movies.filter(w => movie.id !== w.id);
```

```
class MoviesComponent {
  createMovie(movie) {
    this.store.dispatch({
      type: "create",
      movie
    3);
```



# Challenge

- 1. Update the books reducer to handle "select", "clear select", "create", "update", and "delete" actions
- 2. Use the helper functions already in books.reducer.ts
- 3. Update books-page.component.ts to dispatch "select", "clear select", "create", "update", and "delete" actions from the component
- 4. Remove the BooksService from the component



#### ACTIONS

- Unified interface to describe events
- Just data, no functionality
- Has at a minimum a type property
- Strongly typed using classes and enums

### GOOD ACTION HYGIENE

- Unique events get unique actions
- Actions are grouped by their source
- Actions are never reused

```
class MoviesComponent {
  createMovie(movie) {
    this.store.dispatch({
      type: "create",
      movie
    3);
```

```
export enum MoviesActionTypes {
   SelectMovie = "[Movies Page] Select Movie",
   AddMovie = "[Movies Page] Add Movie",
   UpdateMovie = "[Movies Page] Update Movie",
   DeleteMovie = "[Movies Page] Delete Movie"
}
```

```
export class SelectMovie implements Action {
  readonly type = MoviesActionTypes.SelectMovie;
  constructor(public movie) {}
}
```

```
export class AddMovie implements Action {
 readonly type = MoviesActionTypes.AddMovie;
 constructor(public movie: MovieModel) {}
3
export class UpdateMovie implements Action {
 readonly type = MoviesActionTypes.UpdateMovie;
 constructor(public movie: MovieModel) {}
3
export class DeleteMovie implements Action {
 readonly type = MoviesActionTypes.DeleteMovie;
 constructor(public movie: MovieModel) {}
```

#### export type MoviesActions =

- SelectMovie
- AddMovie
- UpdateMovie
- DeleteMovie;

```
export function moviesReducer(
  state = initialState,
  action: MoviesActions
): MoviesState {
  switch (action.type) {
    case MoviesActionTypes.MovieSelected:
      . . .
    case MoviesActionTypes.AddMovie:
      . . .
    case MoviesActionTypes.UpdateMovie:
    case MoviesActionTypes.DeleteMovie:
      default:
      return state;
```

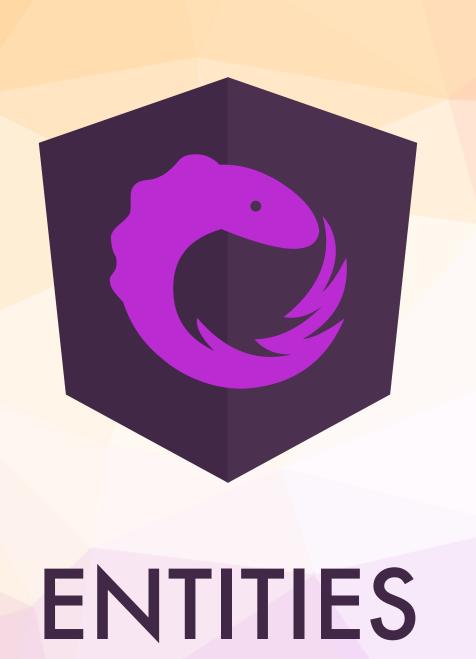
```
createMovie(movie) {
   this.store.dispatch({
      type: "create",
      movie
   });
}
```

```
createMovie(movie) {
   this.store.dispatch(new MoviesActions.AddMovie(movie));
}
```



# Challenge

- Open books-page.actions.ts and create an enum to hold the various action types
- Create strongly typed actions that adhere to good action hygiene for selecting a book, clearing the selection, creating a book, updating a book, and deleting a book.
- 3. Export the actions as a union type
- 4. Update **books-page.components.ts** and **books.reducer.ts** to use the new actions



## ENTITY

- Working with collections should be fast
- Collections are very common
- Common set of basic state operations
- Common set of basic state derivations

```
interface EntityState<Model> {
  ids: string[] | number[];
  entities: { [id: string | number]: Model };
}
```

```
export interface MoviesState extends EntityState<Movie> {
   activeMovieId: string | null;
}
export const adapter = createEntityAdapter<Movie>();
export const initialState: Movie = adapter.getInitialState(
   {
     activeMovieId: null
   }
);
```

```
export interface MoviesState extends EntityState<Movie> {
   activeMovieId: string | null;
}
export const adapter = createEntityAdapter<Movie>();
export const initialState: Movie = adapter.getInitialState(
   {
     activeMovieId: null
   }
);
```

```
export interface MoviesState extends EntityState<Movie> {
   activeMovieId: string | null;
}
export const adapter = createEntityAdapter<Movie>();
export const initialState: Movie = adapter.getInitialState(
   {
     activeMovieId: null
   }
);
```

```
case MoviesActionTypes.AddMovie:
   return {
    activeMovieId: state.selectedMovieId,
    movies: createMovie(state.movies, action.movie)
   };
```

case MoviesActionTypes.AddMovie:
 return adapter.addOne(action.movie, state);

```
this.movies$ = store.select((state: any) =>
    state.movies.ids.map(id => state.movies.entities[id])
);
```



# Challenge

- 1. Add an "Enter" action to books-page.actions.ts and dispatch it in the getBooks() method of books.component.ts
- 2. Update books.reducer.ts to use EntityState to define BooksState
- 3. Create an unsorted entity adapter for BooksState and use it to initialize initialState
- 4. Update the reducer to use the adapter methods
- 5. Add a case statement for the **"Enter"** action that adds all of the **initialBooks** to the state
- Update the books\$ selector in books-page.component.ts to use the ids and entities properties of the books state to get the list of books



SELECTORS

#### SELECTORS

- Allow us to query our store for data
- Recompute when their inputs change
- Fully leverage memoization for performance
- Selectors are fully composable

```
export const selectActiveMovieId = (state: MoviesState) =>
  state.activeMovieId;
// get and export the selectors
export const {
  selectIds,
  selectEntities,
  selectAll
} = adapter.getSelectors();
```

```
export const selectActiveMovie = createSelector(
  selectActiveMovieId,
  selectEntities,
  (activeMovieId, movieEntities) =>
    movieEntities[activeMovieId],
);
```

```
export const selectMoviesState = (state: AppState) => state.movies;
export const selectAllMovies = createSelector(
selectMoviesState,
fromMovies.selectAll,
export const selectActiveMovie = createSelector(
 selectMoviesState,
 fromMovies.selectActiveMovie,
```

```
this.movies$ = store.select((state: any) =>
    state.movies.ids.map(id => state.movies.entities[id])
);
```

this.movies\$ = store.select(selectAllMovies);



# Challenge

- Open books.reducer.ts and use the entity adapter to create selectors for selectAll and selectEntities
- 2. Write a selector in books.reducer.ts that gets activeBookId
- 3. Use createSelector to create a selectActiveBook selector using selectEntities and selectActiveBookId
- 4. Use createSelector to create a selectEarningsTotal selector to calculate the gross total earnings of all books using selectAll
- 5. Create global versions of selectAllBooks, selectActiveBook, and selectBookEarningsTotal in state/index.ts using createSelector
- 6. Update books-page.component.ts and its template to use the selectAllBooks, selectActiveBook, and selectEarningsTotal selectors





State flows down, changes flow up



- State flows down, changes flow up
- Indirection between state & consumer



- State flows down, changes flow up
- Indirection between state & consumer
- Select & Dispatch => Input & Output



- State flows down, changes flow up
- Indirection between state & consumer
- Select & Dispatch => Input & Output
- Adhere to single responsibility principle

### STORE

- State contained in a single state tree
- State in the store is immutable
- Slices of state are updated with reducers

### REDUCERS

- Produce new states
- Receive the last state and next action
- Switch on the action type
- Use pure, immutable operations

### ACTIONS

- Unified interface to describe events
- Just data, no functionality
- Has at a minimum a type property
- Strongly typed using classes and enums

## ENTITY

- Working with collections should be fast
- Collections are very common
- Common set of basic state operations
- Common set of basic state derivations

### SELECTORS

- Allow us to query our store for data
- Recompute when their inputs change
- Fully leverage memoization for performance
- Selectors are fully composable

### DAY TWO SCHEDULE

- Effects++
- Advanced Actions
- Testing Reducers
- Testing Effects
- Wrap Up

### CLONE AND FOLLOW THE SETUP INSTRUCTIONS

github.com/CodeSequence/ngconf2019-ngrx-workshop



## A REACTIVE STATE OF MIND

WITH ANGULAR AND NGRX



Mike Ryan

@MikeRyanDev



Mike Ryan

@MikeRyanDev

Software Engineer at Synapse



Mike Ryan

@MikeRyanDev

Software Engineer at Synapse Google Developer Expert



Mike Ryan

@MikeRyanDev

Software Engineer at Synapse

Google Developer Expert

NgRx Core Team



@brandontroberts



@brandontroberts

Developer/Technical Writer



@brandontroberts

Developer/Technical Writer

Angular Team



@brandontroberts

Developer/Technical Writer

Angular Team

NgRx Core Team





State flows down, changes flow up



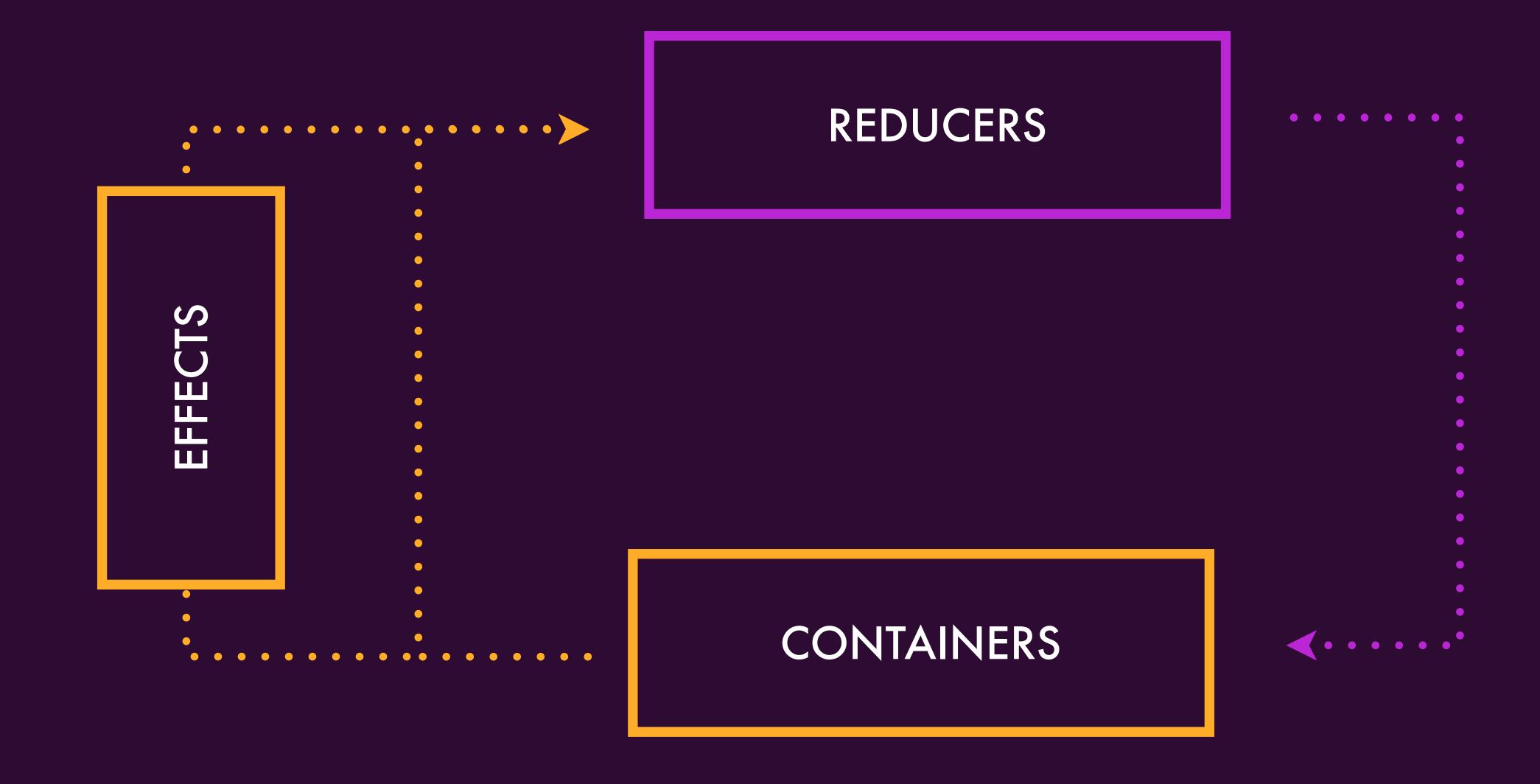
- State flows down, changes flow up
- Indirection between state & consumer

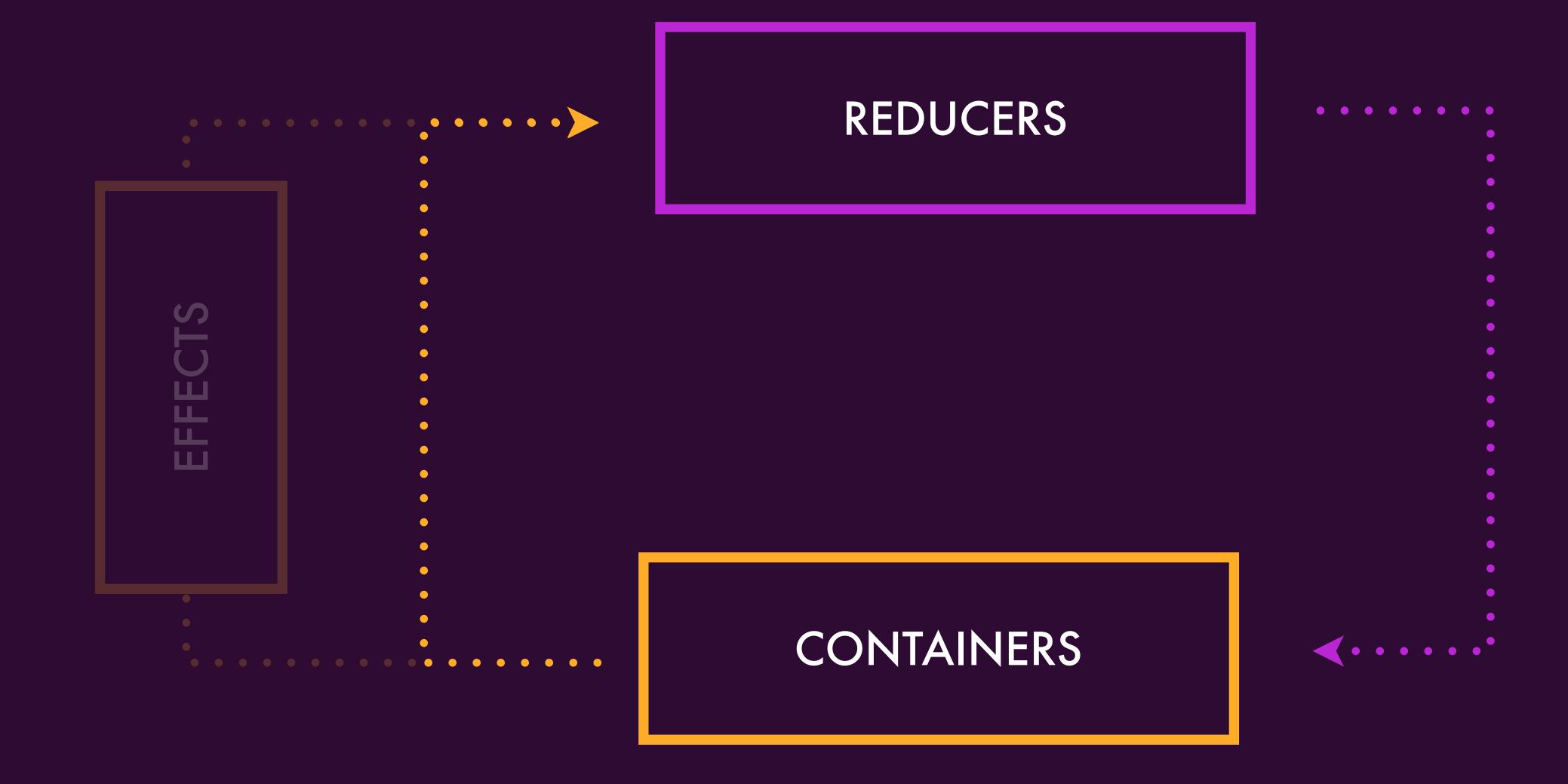


- State flows down, changes flow up
- Indirection between state & consumer
- Select & Dispatch => Input & Output



- State flows down, changes flow up
- Indirection between state & consumer
- Select & Dispatch => Input & Output
- Adhere to single responsibility principle

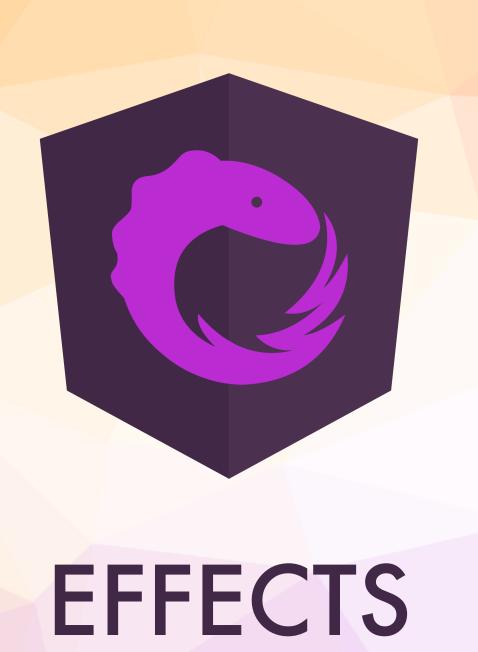


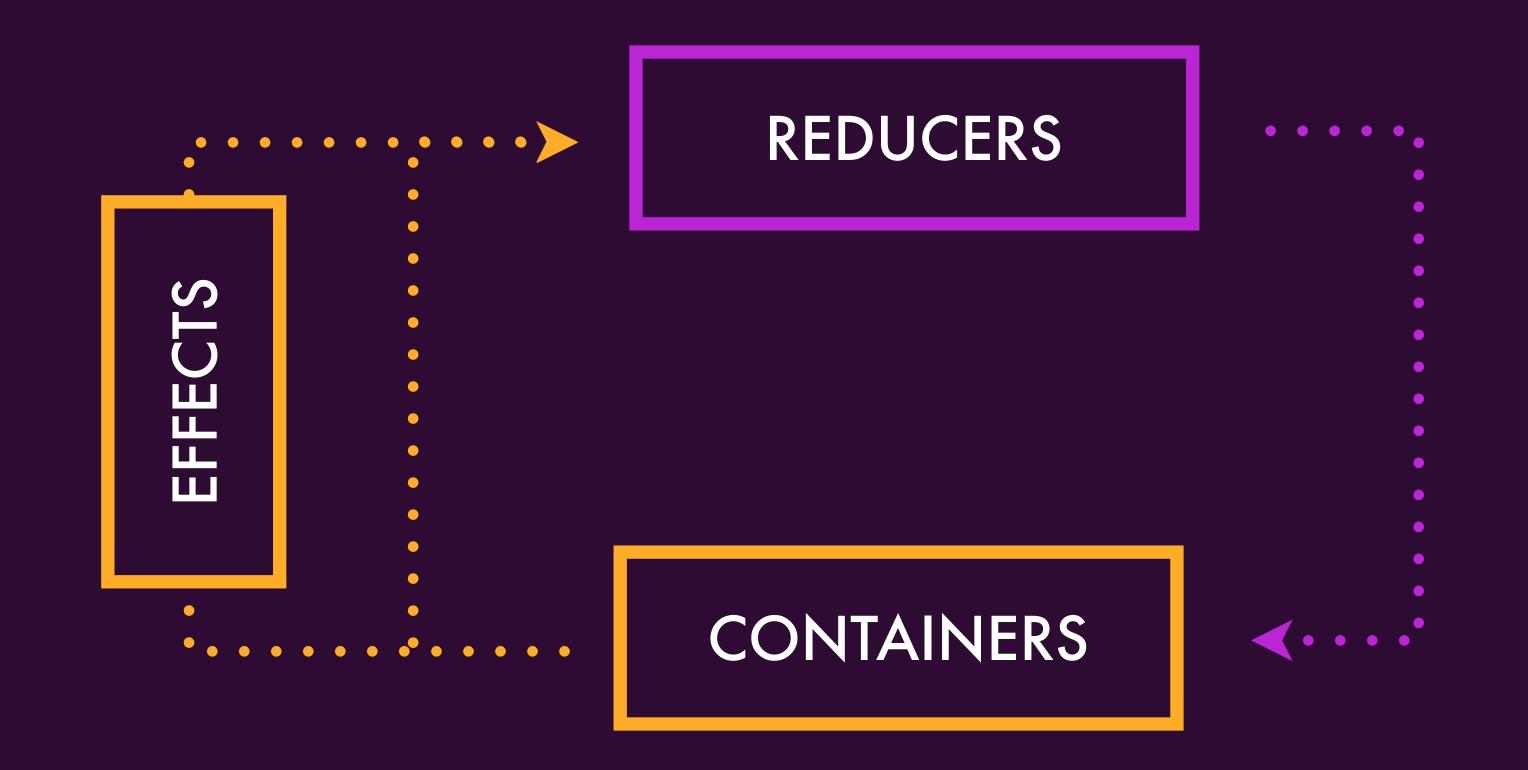


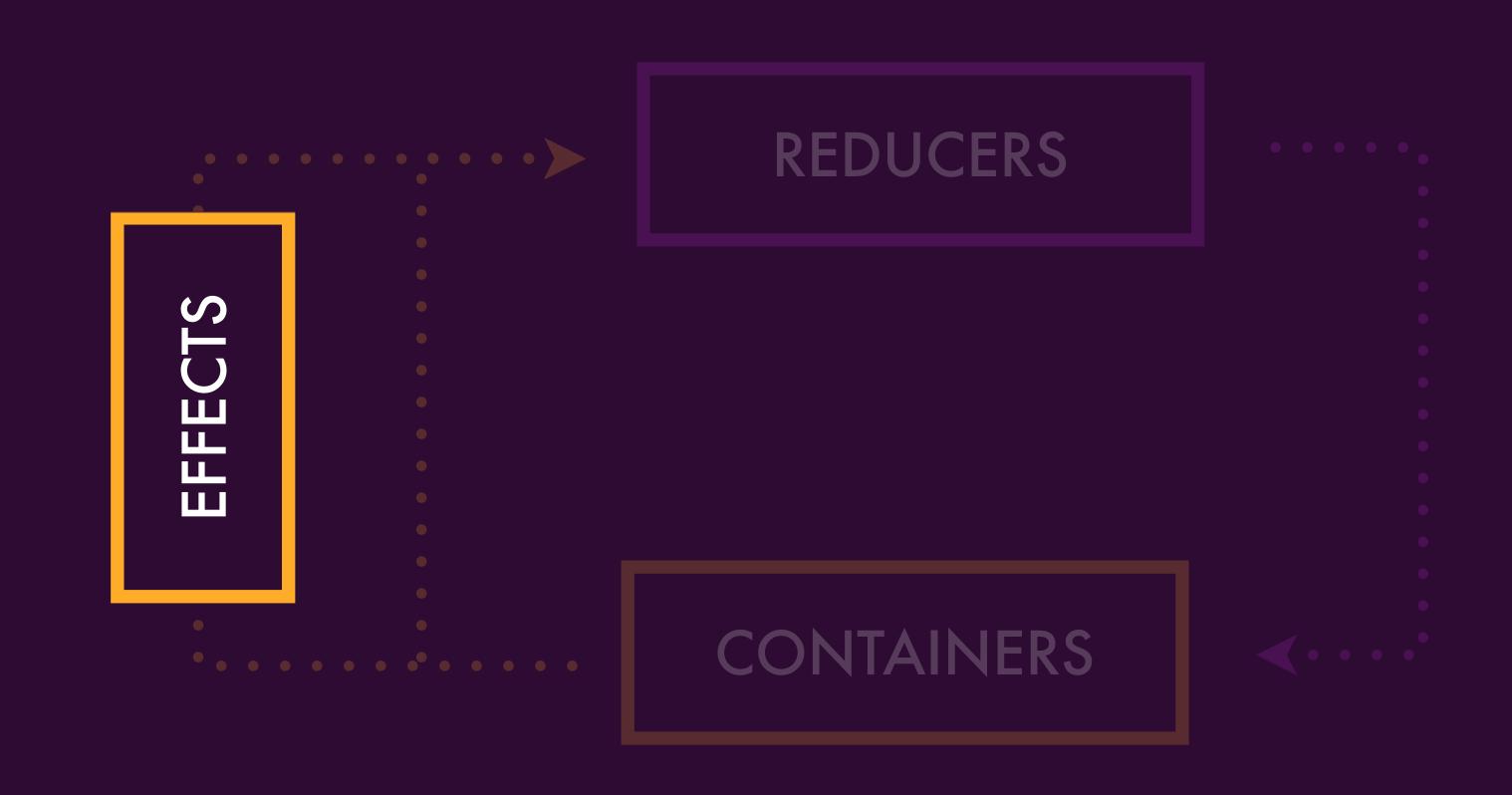
#### Branch: 04-selectors

# Challenge

- Clone the repo at https://github.com/CodeSequence/ngconf2019-ngrx-workshop
- 2. Checkout the **04-selectors** branch
- 3. Familiarize yourself with the file structure
- 4. Where is books state handled?
- 5. Where are the books actions located?
- 6. How does the books state flow into the movies component?
- 7. How are **events** in the **books page component** going to the **books reducer**?







### **EFFECTS**

- Processes that run in the background
- Connect your app to the outside world
- Often used to talk to services
- Written entirely using RxJS streams

```
export enum MoviesApiActionTypes {
   MoviesLoaded = '[Movies API] Movies Loaded',
   MovieAdded = '[Movies API] Movie Added',
   MovieUpdated = '[Movies API] Movie Updated',
   MovieDeleted = '[Movies API] Movie Deleted'
}
```

```
@Injectable()
export class MoviesEffects {
  constructor(
    private actions$: Actions<
      BooksPageActions BooksActions
    private moviesService: MoviesService
```

```
export class MoviesEffects {
  @Effect() loadMovies$ = this.actions$.pipe(
    ofType(MoviesActionTypes.LoadMovies),
   mergeMap(() =>
      this.moviesService.all().pipe(
        map(
          (res: MovieModel[]) =>
            new MovieApiActions.MoviesLoaded(res)
        catchError(() => EMPTY)
```

```
export class MoviesEffects {
  @Effect() loadMovies$ = this.actions$.pipe(
    ofType(MoviesActionTypes.LoadMovies),
    mergeMap(() =>
      this.moviesService.all().pipe(
        map(
          (res: MovieModel[]) =>
            new MovieApiActions.MoviesLoaded(res)
        catchError(() => EMPTY)
```

```
export class MoviesEffects {
  @Effect() loadMovies$ = this.actions$.pipe(
    ofType(MoviesActionTypes.LoadMovies),
    mergeMap(() =>
      this.moviesService.all().pipe(
        map(
          (res: MovieModel[]) =>
            new MovieApiActions.MoviesLoaded(res)
        catchError(() => EMPTY)
```

```
export class MoviesEffects {
  @Effect() loadMovies$ = this.actions$.pipe(
    ofType(MoviesActionTypes.LoadMovies),
   mergeMap(() =>
      this.moviesService.all().pipe(
        map(
          (res: MovieModel[]) =>
            new MovieApiActions.MoviesLoaded(res)
        catchError(() => EMPTY)
```

EffectsModule.forFeature([MoviesEffects]);

```
const BASE_URL = "http://localhost:3000/movies";
@Injectable({ providedIn: "root" })
export class MoviesService {
  constructor(private http: HttpClient) {}
 load(id: string) {
    return this.http.get(`${BASE_URL}/${id}`);
```

```
export function moviesReducer(
  state = initialState,
 action: MoviesActions | MoviesApiActions): MoviesState {
  switch (action.type) {
    case MoviesApiActionTypes.MoviesLoaded:
      return adapter.addAll(action.movies, state);
    case MoviesApiActionTypes.MovieAdded:
      return adapter.addOne(action.movie, state);
    case MoviesActions.UpdateMovie:
      return adapter.upsertOne(action.movie, state);
    case MoviesActions.DeleteMovie:
      return adapter.removeOne(action.movie.id, state);
    default:
      return state;
```



Demo

# Challenge

- Update books-api.actions.ts to export an action for BooksLoaded along with an action union type
- Create a file at app/books/books-api.effects.ts and add an effect class to it with an effect called loadBooks\$ that calls BooksService.all() and maps the result into a BooksLoaded action
- 3. Register the effect using EffectsModule.forFeature([]) in books.module.ts
- 4. Update the books reducer to handle the BooksLoaded action by replacing the Enter action handler



ADVANCED EFFECTS

```
export class MoviesEffects {
  @Effect() loadMovies$ = this.actions$.pipe(
    ofType(MoviesActionTypes.LoadMovies),
   mergeMap(() =>
      this.moviesService.all().pipe(
        map(
          (res: MovieModel[]) =>
            new MovieApiActions.MoviesLoaded(res)
        catchError(() => EMPTY)
```

```
export class MoviesEffects {
  @Effect() loadMovies$ = this.actions$.pipe(
    ofType(MoviesActionTypes.LoadMovies),
   mergeMap(() =>
      this.moviesService.all().pipe(
        map(
          (res: MovieModel[]) =>
            new MovieApiActions.MoviesLoaded(res)
        catchError(() => EMPTY)
```

## WHAT MAP OPERATOR SHOULD I USE?

| mergeMap   | Subscribe immediately, never cancel or discard |
|------------|--|
| concatMap  | Subscribe after the last one finishes          |
| exhaustMap | Discard until the last one finishes            |
| switchMap  | Cancel the last one if it has not completed    |

### RACE CONDITIONS!

mergeMap

Subscribe immediately, never cancel or discard

exhaustMap

Discard until the last one finishes

switchMap

Cancel the last one if it has not completed

#### CONCATMAP IS THE SAFEST OPERATOR

...but there is a risk of back pressure

### BACKPRESSURE DEMO

https://stackblitz.com/edit/angular-kbvxzz

| mergeMap   | Deleting items             |
|------------|----------------------------|
| concatMap  | Updating or creating items |
| exhaustMap | Non-parameterized queries  |
| switchMap  | Parameterized queries      |

```
@Effect() enterMoviesPage$ = this.actions$.pipe(
  ofType(MoviesPageActions.Types.Enter),
  exhaustMap(() =>
    this.movieService.all().pipe(
      map(movies => new MovieApiActions.LoadMoviesSuccess(movies)),
      catchError(() => of(new MovieApiActions.LoadMoviesFailure()))
```

```
@Effect() updateMovie$ = this.actions$.pipe(
  ofType(MoviesPageActions.Types.UpdateMovie),
  concatMap(action =>
    this.movieService.update(action.movie.id, action.changes).pipe(
      map(movie => new MovieApiActions.UpdateMovieSuccess(movie)),
      catchError(() =>
        of(new MovieApiActions.UpdateMovieFailure(action.movie))
```



Demo

# Challenge

- 1. Add "Book Created", "Book Updated", and "Book Deleted" actions to books-api.actions.ts and update books.reducer.ts to handle these new actions
- Open books-api.effects.ts and update the loadBooks\$ effect to use the exhaustMap operator
- 3. Add an effect for creating a book using the BooksService.create() method and the concatMap operator
- 4. Add an effect for updating a book using the BooksService.update() method and the concatMap operator
- 5. Add an effect for deleting a book using the BooksService.delete() method and the mergeMap operator



ADVANCED ACTIONS

```
import { Action } from "@ngrx/store";
import { Book } from "src/app/shared/models/book.model";
export enum BooksApiActionTypes {
 BooksLoaded = "[Books API] Books Loaded Success",
 BookCreated = "[Books API] Book Created",
 BookUpdated = "[Books API] Book Updated",
 BookDeleted = "[Books API] Book Deleted"
export class BooksLoaded implements Action {
 readonly type = BooksApiActionTypes.BooksLoaded;
 constructor(public books: Book[]) {}
export class BookCreated implements Action {
 readonly type = BooksApiActionTypes.BookCreated;
 constructor(public book: Book) {}
export class BookUpdated implements Action {
 readonly type = BooksApiActionTypes.BookUpdated;
 constructor(public book: Book) {}
export class BookDeleted implements Action {
 readonly type = BooksApiActionTypes.BookDeleted;
 constructor(public book: Book) {}
export type BooksApiActions =
   BooksLoaded
   BookCreated
   BookUpdated
   BookDeleted;
```

```
import { Action } from "@ngrx/store";
import { Book } from "src/app/shared/models/book.model";
export enum BooksApiActionTypes {
  BooksLoaded = "[Books API] Books Loaded Success",
  BookCreated = "[Books API] Book Created",
  BookUpdated = "[Books API] Book Updated",
  BookDeleted = "[Books API] Book Deleted"
export class BooksLoaded implements Action {
 readonly type = BooksApiActionTypes.BooksLoaded;
```

```
import { Action } from "@ngrx/store";
import { Book } from "src/app/shared/models/book.model";
export enum BooksApiActionTypes {
  BooksLoaded = "[Books API] Books Loaded Success",
  BookCreated = "[Books API] Book Created",
  BookUpdated = "[Books API] Book Updated",
  BookDeleted = "[Books API] Book Deleted"
3
```

export class BooksLoaded implements Action {

readonly type = BooksApiActionTypes.BooksLoaded;

```
import { Action } from "@ngrx/store";
import { Book } from "src/app/shared/models/book.model";
export enum BooksApiActionTypes {
  BooksLoaded = "[Books API] Books Loaded Success",
  BookCreated = "[Books API] Book Created",
  BookUpdated = "[Books API] Book Updated",
  BookDeleted = "[Books API] Book Deleted"
export class BooksLoaded implements Action {
 readonly type = BooksApiActionTypes.BooksLoaded;
```

```
export class BooksLoaded implements Action {
  readonly type = BooksApiActionTypes.BooksLoaded;
  constructor(public books: Book[]) {}
3
export class BookCreated implements Action {
  readonly type = BooksApiActionTypes.BookCreated;
  constructor(public book: Book) {}
3
export class BookUpdated implements Action {
 readonly type = BooksApiActionTypes.BookUpdated;
```

```
export class BooksLoaded implements Action {
 readonly type = BooksApiActionTypes.BooksLoaded;
  constructor(public books: Book[]) {}
export class BookCreated implements Action {
  readonly type = BooksApiActionTypes.BookCreated;
  constructor(public book: Book) {}
3
export class BookUpdated implements Action {
 readonly type = BooksApiActionTypes.BookUpdated;
```

```
export class BooksLoaded implements Action {
  readonly type = BooksApiActionTypes.BooksLoaded;
  constructor(public books: Book[]) {}
3
export class BookCreated implements Action {
  readonly type = BooksApiActionTypes.BookCreated;
  constructor(public book: Book) {}
3
export class BookUpdated implements Action {
 readonly type = BooksApiActionTypes.BookUpdated;
```





```
export const loadMoviesFailure = createAction(
   "[Movies API] Load Movies Failure"
);
```

MovieApiActions.loadMoviesFailure();

```
export const updateMovieSuccess = createAction(
  "[Movies API] Update Movie Success",
  props<{ movie: Movie }>()
);
```

MovieApiActions.updateMoviesSuccess({ movie });

```
export type Union = ReturnType<
    | typeof loadMoviesSuccess
    | typeof loadMoviesFailure
    // ...
>;
```

```
@Effect() enterMoviesPage$ = this.actions$.pipe(
  ofType(MoviesPageActions.enter.type),
  exhaustMap(() =>
    this.movieService.all().pipe(
      map(movies => MovieApiActions.loadMoviesSuccess({ movies })),
      catchError(() => of(MovieApiActions.loadMoviesFailure()))
```

```
export function reducer(
  state: State = initialState,
 action: MovieApiActions.Union | MoviesPageActions.Union
): State {
  switch (action.type) {
    case MoviesPageActions.enter.type: {
      return { ...state, activeMovieId: null };
    default: {
      return state;
```



Demo

## Challenge

- 1. Update books-page.actions.ts to use the createAction helper and the props factory function
- 2. Use the ReturnType utility type to replace the action union
- 3. Update books-api.actions.ts to use the createAction helper and the props factory function
- 4. Use the Return Type utility type to replace the action union
- 5. Update books-page.component.ts, books-api.effects.ts, and books.reducer.ts to use the new action format



EFFECTS EXAMPLES

```
@Effect() tick$ = interval(/* Every minute */ 60 * 1000).pipe(
   map(() => Clock.tickAction(new Date()))
);
```

```
@Effect() = fromWebSocket("/ws").pipe(map(message => {
  switch (message.kind) {
    case "book_created": {
      return WebSocketActions.bookCreated(message.book);
    case "book_updated": {
      return WebSocketActions.bookUpdated(message.book);
    case "book_deleted": {
      return WebSocketActions.bookDeleted(message.book);
```

```
@Effect()
createBook$ = this.actions$.pipe(
  ofType(BooksPageActions.createBook.type),
  mergeMap(action =>
    this.booksService.create(action.book).pipe(
      map(book => BooksApiActions.bookCreated({ book })),
      catchError(error => of(BooksApiActions.createFailure({
        error,
        book: action.book,
      })))
```

```
@Effect() promptToRetry$ = this.actions$.pipe(
 ofType(BooksApiActions.createFailure),
 mergeMap(action =>
    this.snackBar
      .open("Failed to save book.", "Try Again", {
        duration: /* 12 seconds */ 12 * 1000
      })
      .onAction()
      .pipe(
        map(() => BooksApiActions.retryCreate(action.book))
```

```
@Effect() promptToRetry$ = this.actions$.pipe(
  ofType(BooksApiActions.createFailure),
  mergeMap(action =>
    this.snackBar
      .open("Failed to save book.", "Try Again", {
        duration: /* 12 seconds */ 12 * 1000
      })
      .onAction()
      .pipe(
        map(() => BooksApiActions.retryCreate(action.book))
          Failed to save book.
                                                TRY AGAIN
```

```
@Effect()
createBook$ = this.actions$.pipe(
  ofType(
    BooksPageActions.createBook,
    BooksApiActions.retryCreate,
  ),
  mergeMap(action =>
    this.booksService.create(action.book).pipe(
      map(book => BooksApiActions.bookCreated({ book })),
      catchError(error => of(BooksApiActions.createFailure({
        error,
        book: action.book,
      })))
```

```
@Effect({ dispatch: false })
openUploadModal$ = this.actions$.pipe(
  ofType(BooksPageActions.openUploadModal),
  tap(() => {
    this.dialog.open(BooksCoverUploadModalComponent);
```

```
@Effect() uploadCover$ = this.actions$.pipe(
 ofType(BooksPageActions.uploadCover),
  concatMap(action =>
    this.booksService.uploadCover(action.cover).pipe(
      map(result => BooksApiActions.uploadComplete(result)),
      takeUntil(
        this.actions$.pipe(
          ofType(BooksPageActions.cancelUpload)
```



TESTING REDUCERS

```
it("should return the initial state when initialized", () => {
  const state = reducer(undefined, {
    type: "@@init"
  } as any);

expect(state).toBe(initialState);
});
```

```
const movies: Movie[] = [
  { id: "1", name: "Green Lantern", earnings: 0 }
];
const action = MovieApiActions.loadMoviesSuccess({
 movies
3);
```

const state = reducer(initialState, action);

```
const movie: Movie = {
 id: "1",
  name: "mother!",
  earnings: 1000
};
const firstAction = MovieApiActions.createMovieSuccess({ movie });
const secondAction = MoviesPageActions.deleteMovie({ movie });
const state = [firstAction, secondAction].reduce(
  reducer,
  initialState
```

```
const movies: Movie[] = [
  { id: "1", name: "Green Lantern", earnings: 0 }
];
const action = MovieApiActions.loadMoviesSuccess({
  movies
3);
const state = reducer(initialState, action);
expect(selectAllMovies(state)).toEqual(movies);
```

```
expect(state).toEqual({
  ids: ["1"],
  entities: {
    "1": { id: "1", name: "Green Lantern", earnings: 0 }
  }
});
```

## SNAPSHOT TESTING

expect(state).toMatchSnapshot();

```
in: shared/state/_snapshots_/movie.reducer.spec.ts.snap
```

```
exports[
  `Movie Reducer should load all movies when the API loads them all successfully 1`
] = `
Object {
  "activeMovieId": null,
  "entities": Object {
    "1": Object {
      "earnings": 0,
      "id": "1",
      "name": "Green Lantern",
    3,
  3,
  "ids": Array [
```

#### SNAPSHOT TESTING

- Avoid writing out manual assertions
- Verify how state transitions impact state
- Can be used with components
- Creates snap files that get checked in



Demo

## Challenge

- 1. Write a test that verifies the books reducer returns the initial state when no state is provided using the toBe matcher
- 2. Write tests that verifies the books reducer correctly transitions state for loading all books, creating a book, and deleting a book using the toMatchSnapshot matcher
- 3. Write tests that verifies the behavior of the selectActiveBook and selectAll selectors



TESTING EFFECTS

### OBSERVABLE TIMELINES

```
import { timer } from "rxjs";
import { mapTo } from "rxjs/operators";
timer(50).pipe(mapTo("a"));
```



timer(30).pipe(mergeMap(() => throwError('Error!')))



```
const source$ = timer(50).pipe(mapTo("a"));
const expected$ = cold("----a|");
expect(source$).toBeObservable(expected$);
```

```
const source$ = timer(30).pipe(
  mergeMap(() => throwError("Error!"))
);
const expected$ = cold("---#", {}, "Error!");
expect(source$).toBeObservable(expected$);
```

10ms of time a b c ... Emission of any value Error Completion

#### COLD AND HOT OBSERVABLES

# 

L

J

Cable TV

Actions

Hot Observable

HttpClient

Cold Observables

Store

Hot Observable

fromWebSocket

Cold Observable

```
let actions$: Observable<any>;
beforeEach(() => {
  TestBed.configureTestingModule({
    providers: [provideMockActions(() => actions$)]
  });
3);
actions$ = hot("---a---", {
  a: BooksPageActions.enter
```

```
const inputAction = MoviesPageActions.createMovie({
 movie: {
    name: mockMovie.name,
    earnings: 25
  3
});
const outputAction = MovieApiActions.createMovieSuccess({
  movie: mockMovie
});
actions$ = hot("--a---", { a: inputAction });
const response = cold("--b|", {b: mockMovie});
const expected$ = cold("----c--", { c: outputAction });
mockMovieService.create.mockReturnValue(response$);
expect(effects.createMovie$).toBeObservable(expected$);
```

#### JASMINE MARBLES

- Make assertions about time
- Describe Rx behavior with diagrams
- Verify observables behave as described
- Works with hot and cold observables



Demo

## Challenge

- 1. Open books-api.effects.spec.ts and declare variables for the actions\$, instance of the effects, and a mock bookService
- Use the TestBed to setup providers for the effects, actions, and the book service
- 3. Verify the behavior of the createBook\$ effect using mock actions and test observables



FOLDER LAYOUT

#### LIFT

- Locating our code is easy
- Identify code at a glance
- Flat file structure for as long as possible
- Try to stay DRY don't repeat yourself

```
src/
shared/
// Shared code

modules/
${feature}/
// Feature code
```

```
modules/
  ${feature}/
    actions/
      ${action-category}.actions.ts
      index.ts
    components/
      ${component-name}/
        ${component-name}.component.ts
        ${component-name}.component.spec.ts
    services/
      ${service-name}.service.ts
      ${service-name}.service.spec.ts
    effects/
      ${effect-name}.effects.ts
      ${effect-name}.effects.spec.ts
    ${feature}.module.ts
```

```
modules/
 book-collection/
    actions/
      books-page.actions.ts
      index.ts
    components/
      books-page/
        books-page.component.ts
        books-page.component.spec.ts
    services/
      books.service.ts
      books.service.spec.ts
    effects/
      books.effects.ts
      books.effects.spec.ts
    book-collection.module.ts
```

## ACTION BARRELS

```
import * as BooksPageActions from "./books-page.actions";
import * as BooksApiActions from "./books-api.actions";
export { BooksPageActions, BooksApiActions };
```

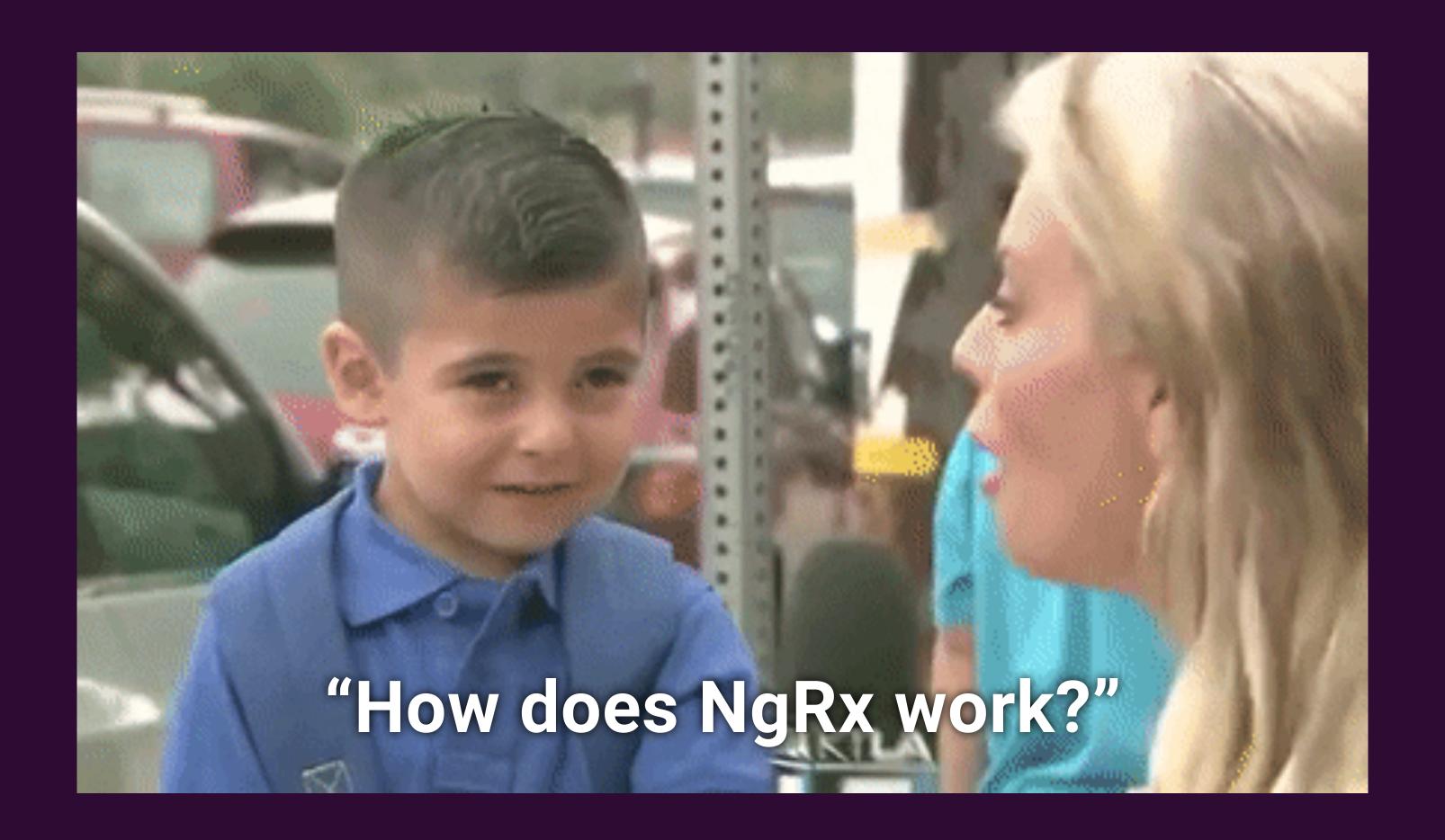
import { BooksPageActions } from "app/modules/book-collection/actions";

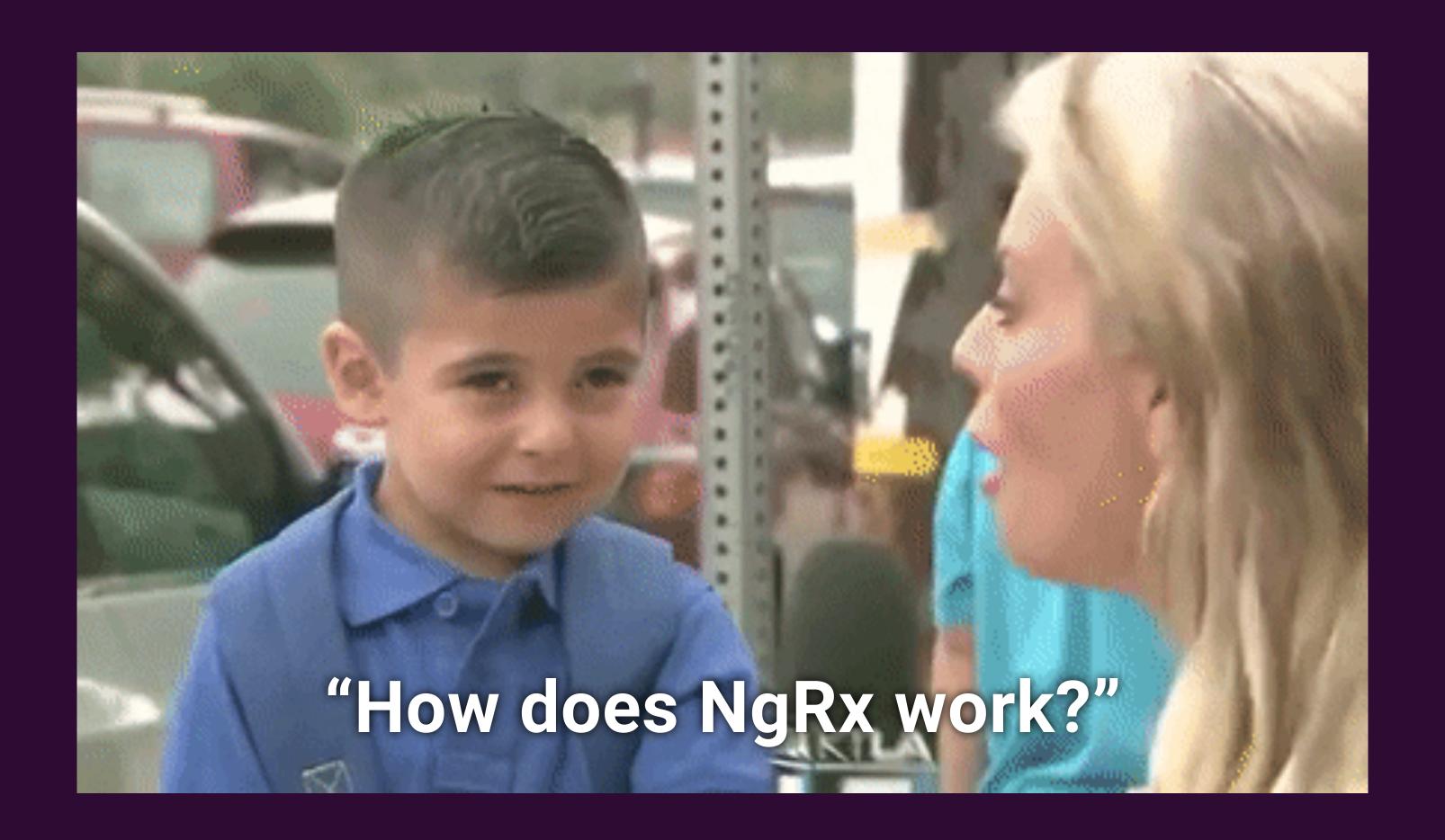
```
src/
  shared/
    state/
     ${state-name}/
        ${state-key}/
          ${state-key}.reducer.ts
          ${state-key}.spec.ts
          index.ts
        ${feature-name}.state.ts
        ${feature-name}.state.spec.ts
        ${feature-name}.state.module.ts
        index.ts
   effects/
     ${effect-name}/
        ${effect-name}.effects.ts
        ${effect-name}.effects.spec.ts
        ${effect-name}.actions.ts
        ${effect-name}.module.ts
        index.ts
```

```
src/
  shared/
    state/
      core/
        books/
          books.reducer.ts
          books.spec.ts
        core.state.ts
        core.state.spec.ts
        core.state.module.ts
        index.ts
    effects/
      clock/
        clock.effects.ts
        clock.effects.spec.ts
        clock.actions.ts
        clock.module.ts
```

#### FOLDER STRUCTURE

- Put state in a shared place separate from features
- Effects, components, and actions belong to features
- Some effects can be shared
- Reducers reach into modules' action barrels









State flows down, changes flow up



- State flows down, changes flow up
- Indirection between state & consumer



- State flows down, changes flow up
- Indirection between state & consumer
- Select & Dispatch => Input & Output



- State flows down, changes flow up
- Indirection between state & consumer
- Select & Dispatch => Input & Output
- Adhere to single responsibility principle

#### STORE

- State contained in a single state tree
- State in the store is immutable
- Slices of state are updated with reducers

#### REDUCERS

- Produce new states
- Receive the last state and next action
- Switch on the action type
- Use pure, immutable operations

#### ACTIONS

- Unified interface to describe events
- Just data, no functionality
- Has at a minimum a type property
- Strongly typed using createAction

### ENTITY

- Working with collections should be fast
- Collections are very common
- Common set of basic state operations
- Common set of basic state derivations

#### **EFFECTS**

- Processes that run in the background
- Connect your app to the outside world
- Often used to talk to services
- Written entirely using RxJS streams

#### SNAPSHOT TESTING

- Avoid writing out manual assertions
- Verify how state transitions impact state
- Can be used with components
- Creates snap files that get checked in

#### JASMINE MARBLES

- Make assertions about time
- Describe Rx behavior with diagrams
- Verify observables behave as described
- Works with hot and cold observables

## "How does NgRx work?"



## "How does NgRx work?"



## HELP US IMPROVE

https://bit.ly/2ROXvn0

### FOLLOW ON TALKS

"Good Action Hygiene" by Mike Ryan

https://youtu.be/JmnsEvoy-gY

"Reactive Testing Strategies with NgRx" by Brandon Roberts & Mike Ryan

https://youtu.be/MTZprd9tl6c

"Authentication with NgRx" by Brandon Roberts

https://youtu.be/46IRQgNtCGw

"You Might Not Need NgRx" by Mike Ryan

https://youtu.be/omnwu\_etHTY

"Just Another Marble Monday" by Sam Brennan & Keith Stewart

https://youtu.be/dwDtMs4mN48





@ngrx/schematics



- @ngrx/schematics
- @ngrx/router-store



- @ngrx/schematics
- @ngrx/router-store
- @ngrx/data



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- @MikeRyanDev
- @brandontroberts

# THANKYOU