

Binary Search Tree

Outline

- Binary Search Tree
- Implementation
- Operations
- Example

Binary Search Tree

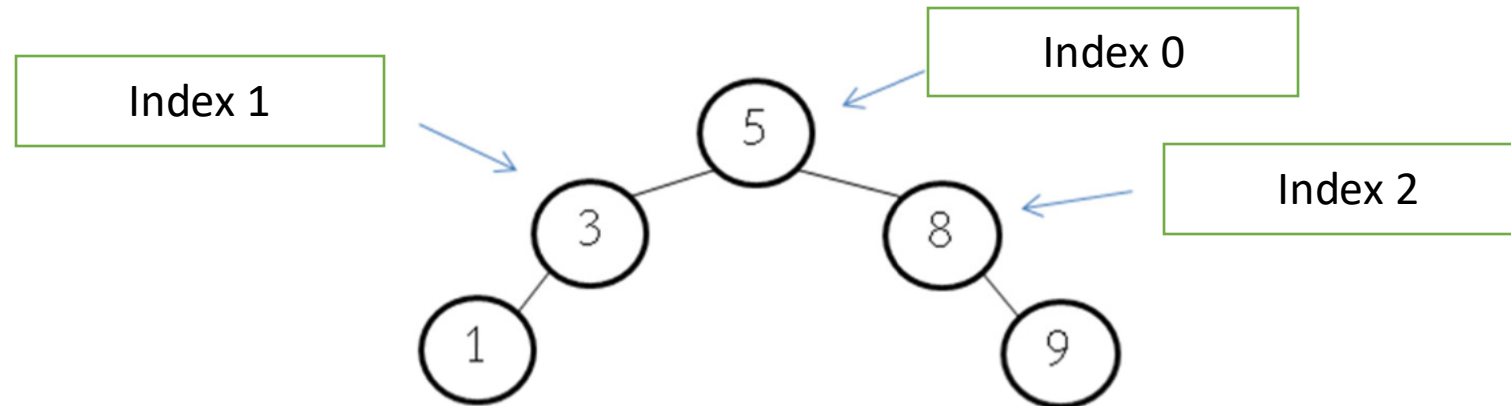
The placement of each element in the binary tree must satisfy the binary search property:

- The value of the key of an element is greater than the value of the key of any element in its left subtree,
- And less than the value of the key of any element in its right subtree.

Implementation

- Array Implementation
- Linked List Implementation

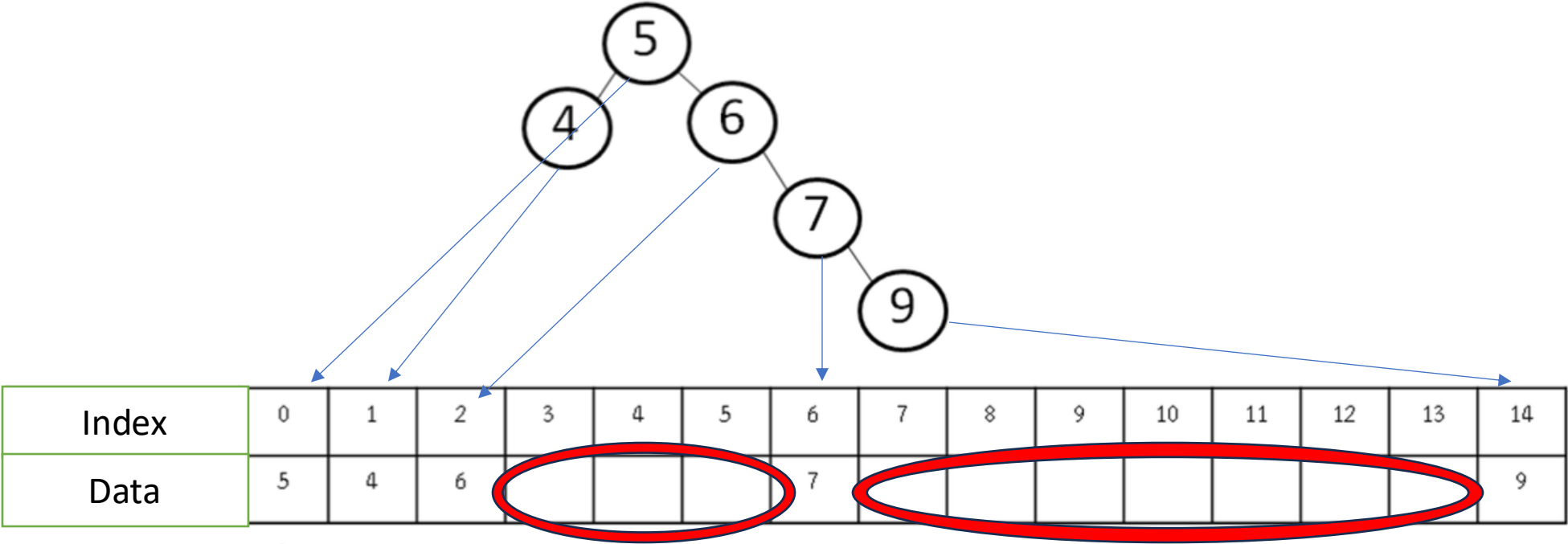
Array Implementation



Index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Data	5	3	8	1			9

Example

Array Implementation



Example

Linked list Implementation

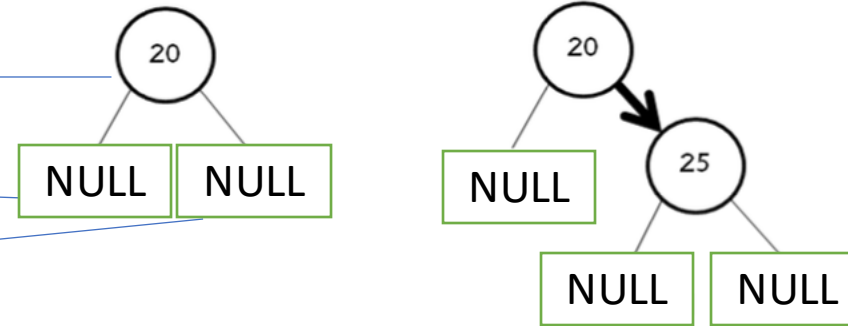
```
Class Node{
```

```
    int value;
```

```
    Node* left;
```

```
    Node* right;
```

```
};
```



Example

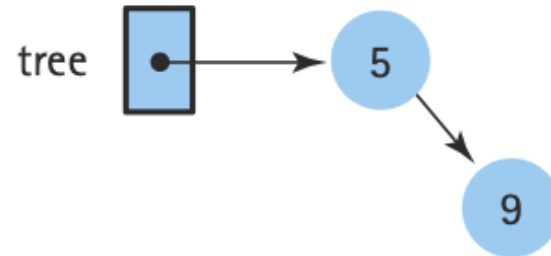
Binary Search Tree - Insert

(a) tree 

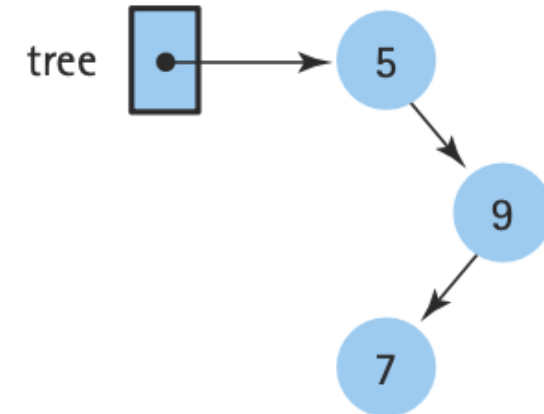
(b) Insert 5



(c) Insert 9

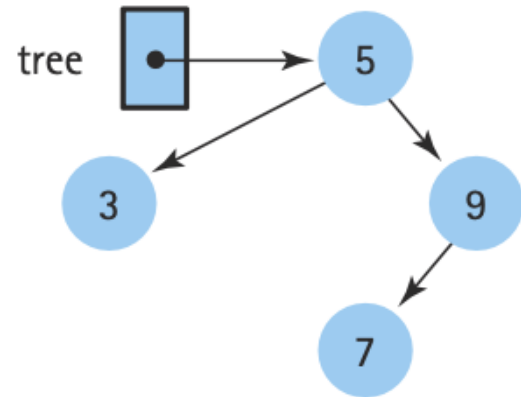


(d) Insert 7

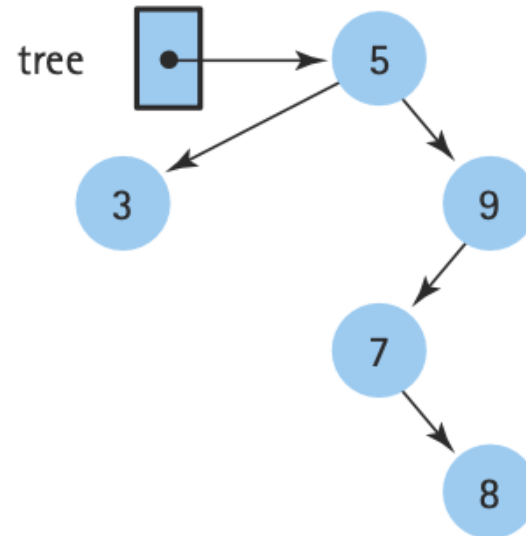


Binary Search Tree - Insert

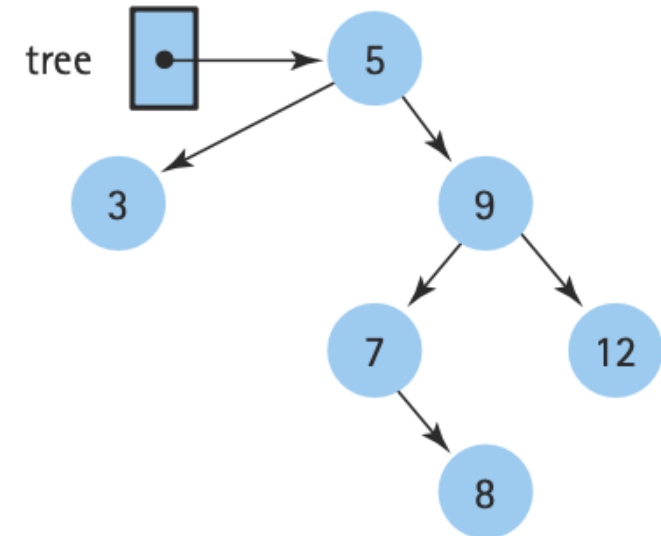
(e) Insert 3



(f) Insert 8

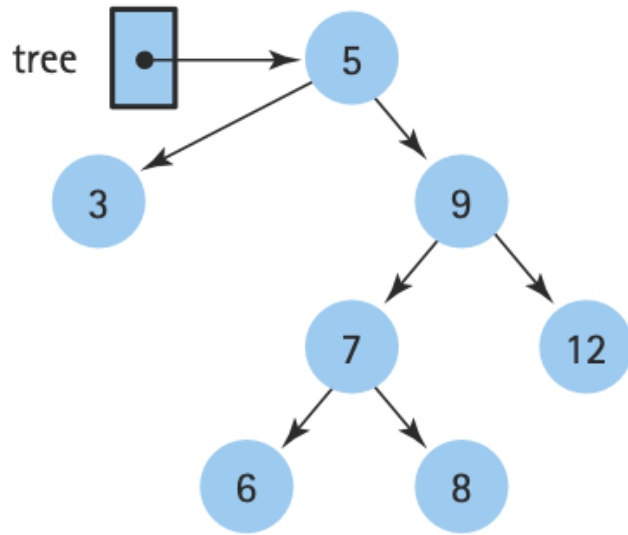


(g) Insert 12

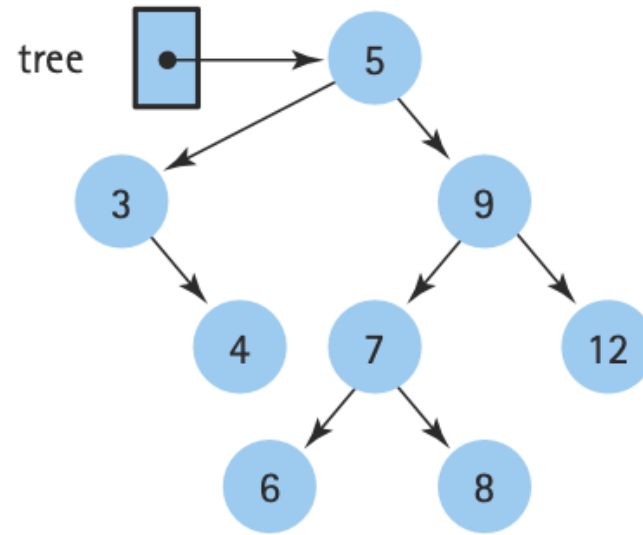


Binary Search Tree - Insert

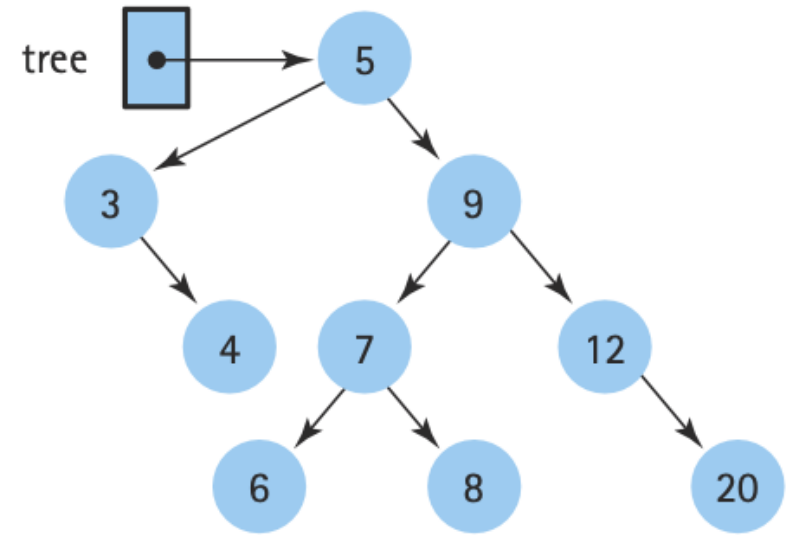
(h) Insert 6



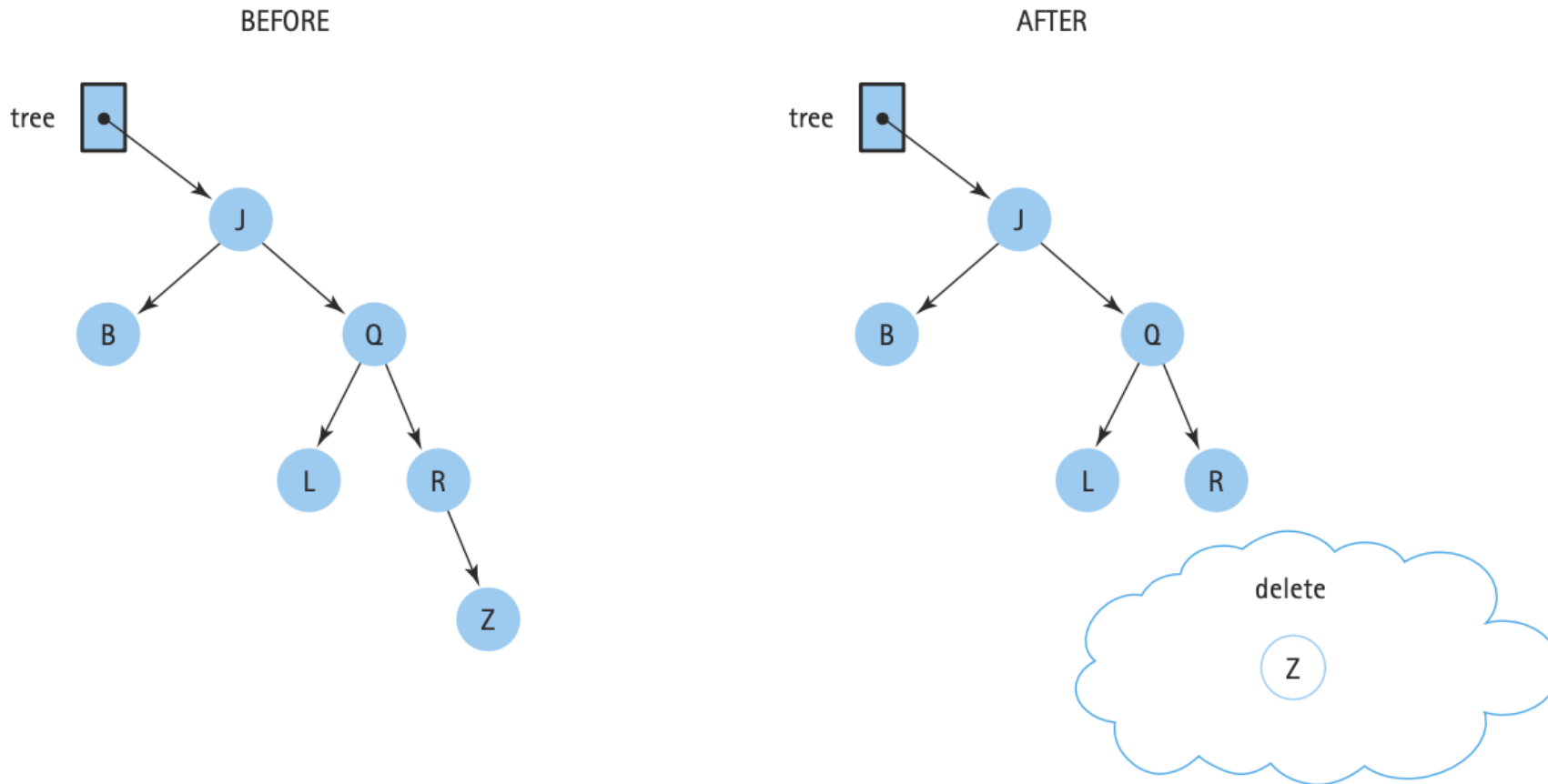
(i) Insert 4



(j) Insert 20



Binary Search Tree – Delete a leaf node



Delete the node containing Z

Figure 8.11 *Deleting a leaf node*

Binary Search Tree – Delete a node with one child

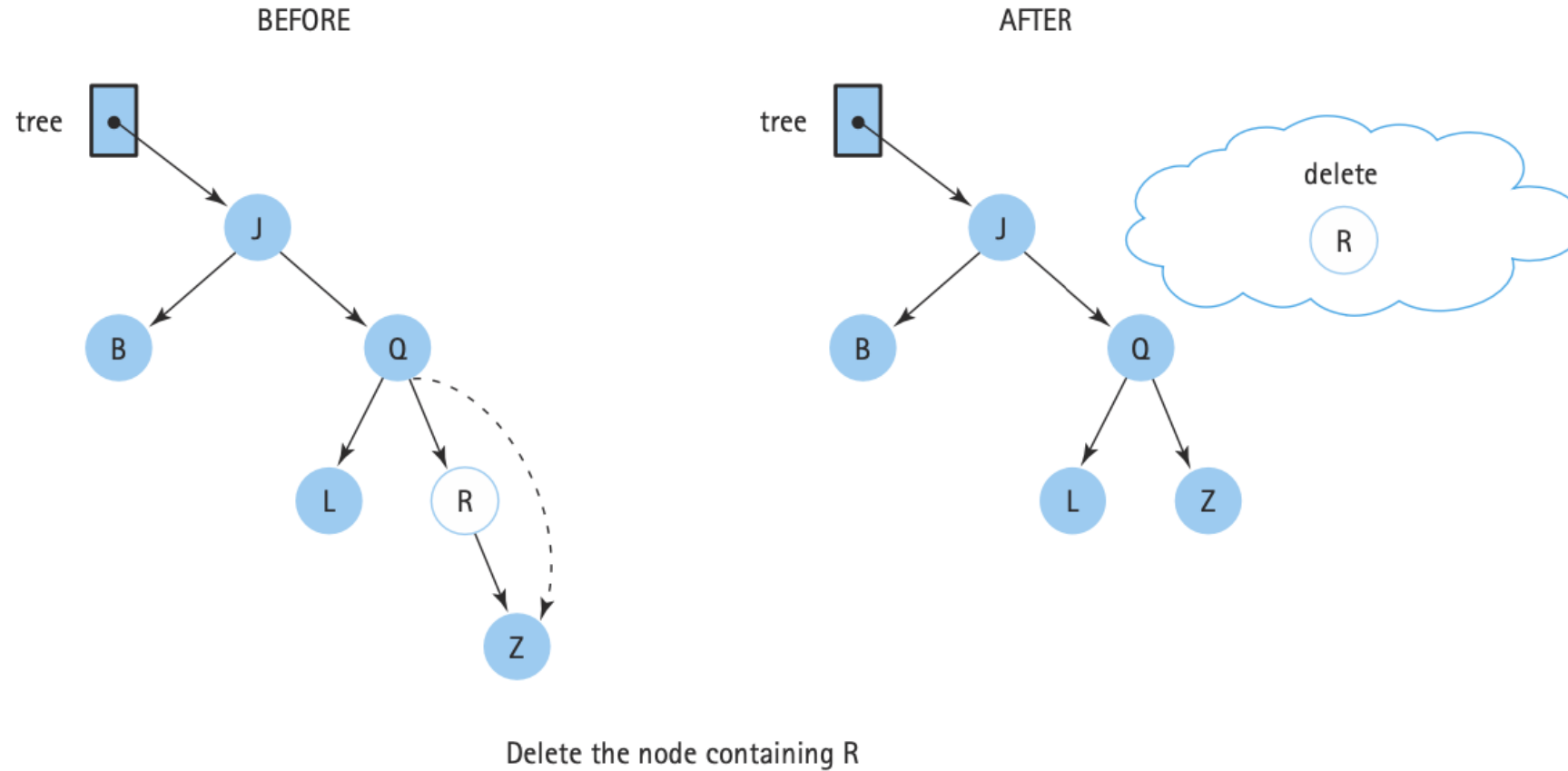


Figure 8.12 *Deleting a node with one child*

Binary Search Tree – Delete a node with 2 children

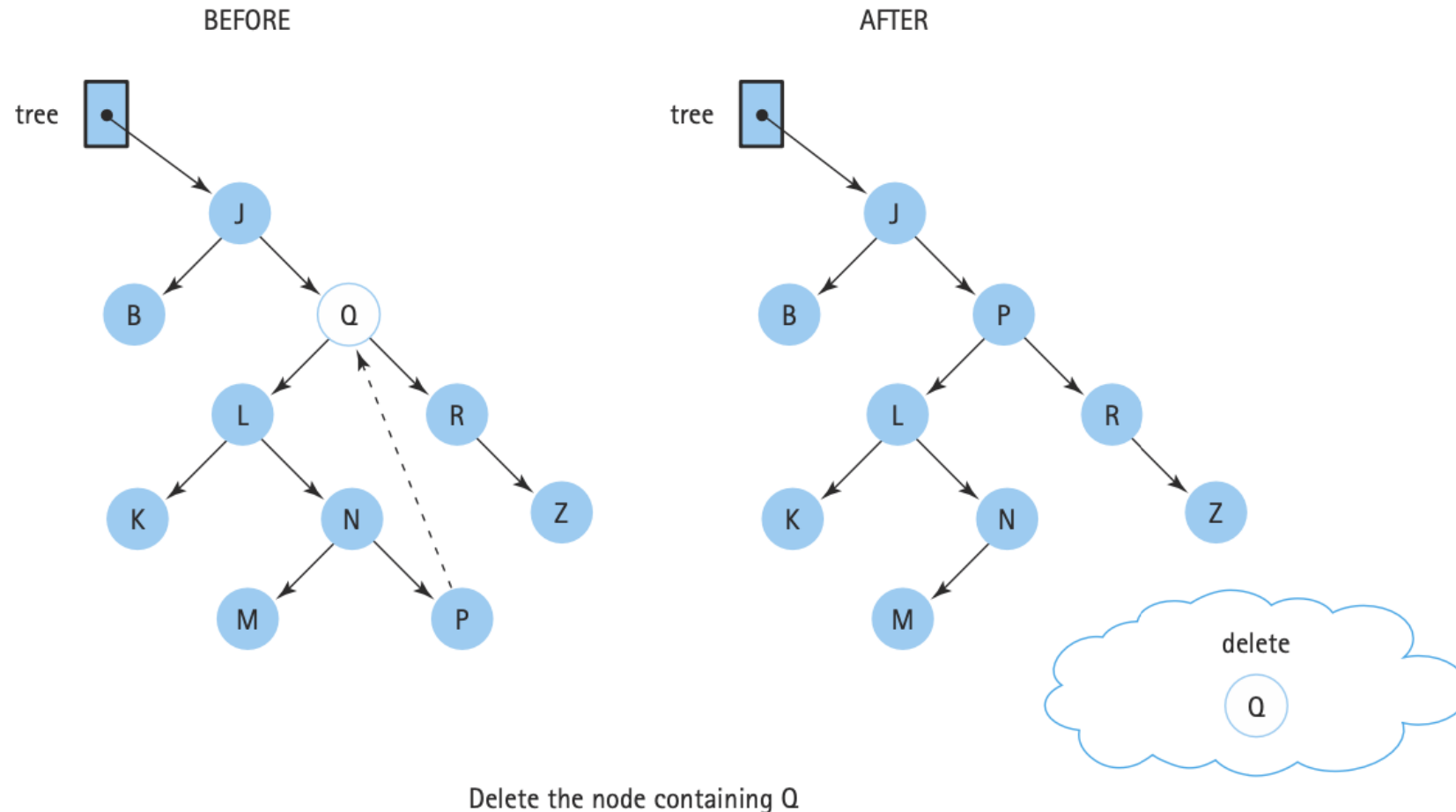


Figure 8.13 Deleting a node with two children

Binary Search Tree – Delete

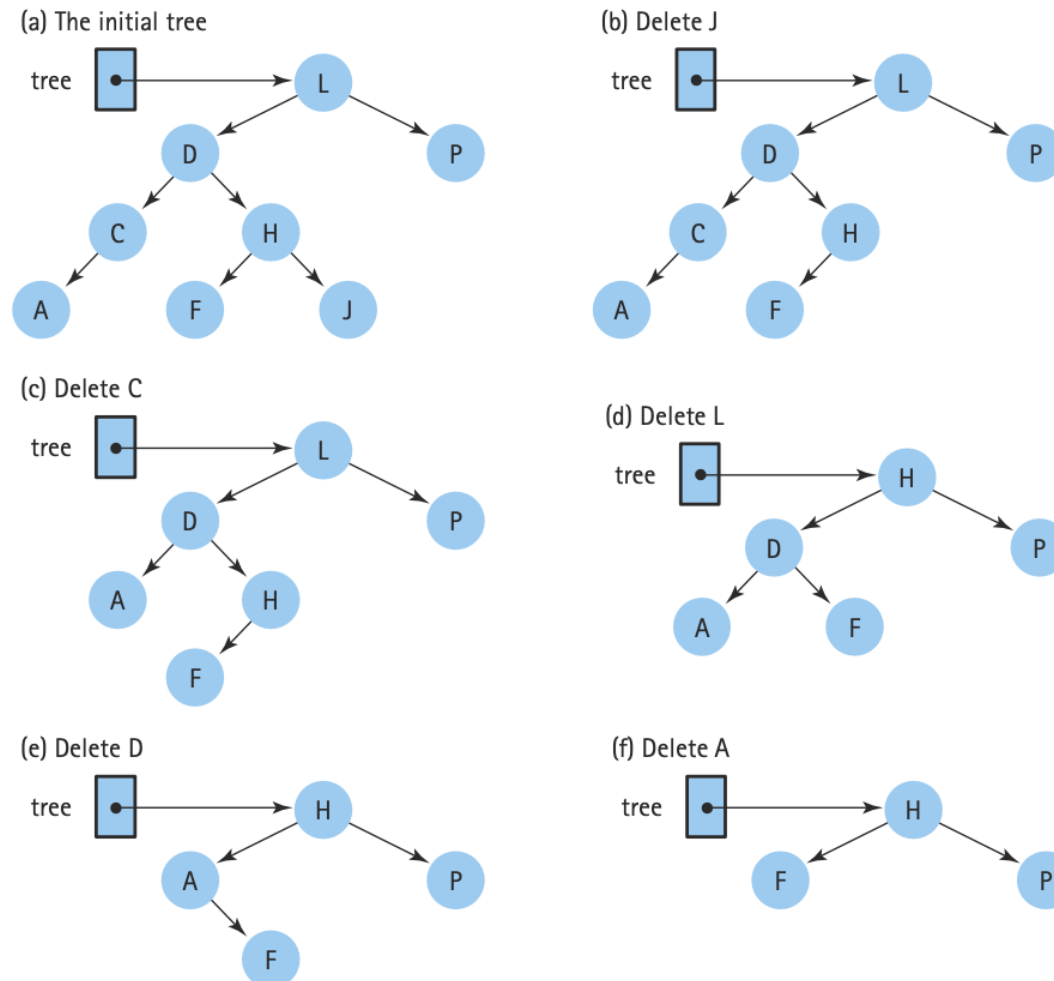


Figure 8.14 Deletions from a binary search tree

Example

```
1  #include<bits/stdc++.h>
2  using namespace std;
3  class node
4  {
5      public:
6          node *right;
7          node *left;
8          int value = 0;
9          node(int v)
10         {
11             value = v;
12             left = NULL;
13             right = NULL;
14         }
15     };
16     class tree
17     {
18     public:
19         node *r;
20         tree (int value)
21         {
```

```
22         r = new node(value);
23     }
24     bool search(int value)
25     {
26         node *n = r;
27         while(true)
28         {
29             if( n->value > value && n->left != NULL )
30             {
31                 n = n->left;
32             }
33             else if( n->value < value && n->right != NULL )
34             {
35                 n = n->right;
36             }
37             else if( n->value == value )
38             {
39                 return true;
40             }
41             else
42             {
43                 return false;
44             }
45         }
46     }
```

Example

```
47 void add_node(int value)
48 {
49     node *n = r;
50     while(true)
51     {
52         if( n->value > value && n->left != NULL)
53         {
54             n = n->left;
55         }
56         else if( n->value <= value && n->right != NULL)
57         {
58             n = n->right;
59         }
60         else if( n->value > value && n->left == NULL)
61         {
62             n->left = new node(value);
63             break;
64         }
65         else if( n->value <= value && n->right == NULL)
66         {
67             n->right = new node(value);
68             break;
69         }
70         else
71         {
72             break;
73         }
74     }
75 }
```

```
76 void preorder_traversal (node *n)
77 {
78     if( n != NULL )
79     {
80         cout<<n->value<<" ";
81         preorder_traversal (n->left);
82         preorder_traversal (n->right);
83     }
84 }
85 void inorder_traversal (node *n)
86 {
87     if( n != NULL )
88     {
89         inorder_traversal (n->left);
90         cout<<n->value<<" ";
91         inorder_traversal (n->right);
92     }
93 }
94 void postorder_traversal (node *n)
95 {
96     if( n != NULL )
97     {
98         postorder_traversal(n->left);
99         postorder_traversal(n->right);
100         cout<<n->value<<" ";
101     }
102 }
```


Example

```
103 int depth (int v)
104 {
105     int d = 0;
106     node *n = r;
107     while(true)
108     {
109         if( n->value > v && n->left != NULL )
110         {
111             n = n->left;
112             d++;
113         }
114         else if( n->value < v && n->right != NULL )
115         {
116             n = n->right;
117             d++;
118         }
119         else if( n->value == v )
120         {
121             return d;
122         }
123         else
124         {
125             return -1;
126         }
127     }
128 }
```

```
129 int h = 0, t_h = -1;
130 void h_height (node *n)
131 {
132     if( n != NULL )
133     {
134         t_h++;
135         h_height(n->left);
136         h_height(n->right);
137         if( t_h > h )
138         {
139             h = t_h;
140         }
141         t_h--;
142     }
143 }
144 int height (int v)
145 {
146     node *n = r;
147     while(true)
148     {
149         if( n->value > v && n->left != NULL )
150         {
151             n = n->left;
152         }
```

Example

```
153     else if( n->value < v && n->right != NULL )
154     {
155         n = n->right;
156     }
157     else if( n->value == v )
158     {
159         h = 0, t_h = -1;
160         h_height(n);
161         return h;
162     }
163     else
164     {
165         return -1;
166     }
167 }
168
169 void print_level(node *n, int level)
170 {
171     if(level == 0)
172     {
173         cout<<n->value<<",";
174     }
175     else
176     {
177         if( n->left != NULL ) { print_level(n->left,level-1); }
178         if( n->right != NULL ){ print_level(n->right,level-1); }
179     }
180 }
```

```
181 void breadth_first_traversal()
182 {
183     for(int i=0 ; i <= height(r->value) ; i++)
184     {
185         print_level(r,i);
186         cout<<"|";
187     }
188     cout<<endl;
189 }
190 void delete_node_child(node *n)
191 {
192     if( n->right->left == NULL )
193     {
194         int s = n->right->value;
195         delete_node( s );
196         n->value = s;
197     }
198     else
199     {
200         node *tn = n->right;
201         while(true)
202         {
203             if(tn->left == NULL)
204             {
205                 break;
206             }
```

Example

```
207         tn = tn->left;
208     }
209     int s = tn->value;
210     delete_node(s);
211     n->value = s;
212 }
213 }
214 void delete_node(int v)
215 {
216     if( search(v) )
217     {
218         if( r->value == v && r->left == NULL &&
219             r->right == NULL )
220         {
221             return;
222         }
223         else if( r->value == v && r->left == NULL &&
224             r->right != NULL )
225         {
226             r = r->right;
227         }
228         else if( r->value == v && r->left != NULL &&
229             r->right == NULL )
230         {
231             r = r->left;
232         }
233         else if( r->value == v && r->left != NULL &&
234             r->right != NULL )
235         {
236             delete_node_child(r);
237         }
```

```
238     else
239     {
240         node *p = r;
241         while(true)
242         {
243             if( p->value > v && p->left != NULL )
244             {
245                 node *c = p->left;
246                 if( c->value == v )
247                 {
248                     if( c->left == NULL &&
249                         c->right == NULL )
250                     {
251                         p->left = NULL;
252                         return;
253                     }
254                     else if( c->left == NULL &&
255                         c->right != NULL )
256                     {
257                         p->left = c->right;
258                         return;
259                     }
260                     else if( c->left != NULL &&
261                         c->right == NULL )
262                     {
263                         p->left = c->left;
264                         return;
265                     }
```

Example

```

266         else if( c->left != NULL &&
267                c->right != NULL )
268         {
269             delete_node_child(c);
270             return;
271         }
272     }
273     p = p->left;
274 }
275 else if( p->value < v && p->right != NULL )
276 {
277     node *c = p->right;
278     if( c->value == v )
279     {
280         if( c->left == NULL &&
281            c->right == NULL )
282         {
283             p->right = NULL;
284             return;
285         }
286         else if( c->left == NULL &&
287                c->right != NULL )
288         {
289             p->right = c->right;
290             return;
291         }
292         else if( c->left != NULL &&
293                c->right == NULL )
294         {
295             p->right = c->left;
296             return;
297         }

```

```

298         else if( c->left != NULL &&
299                c->right != NULL )
300         {
301             delete_node_child(c);
302             return;
303         }
304     }
305     p = p->right;
306 }
307 }
308 }
309 }
310 }
311 };
312 int main()
313 {
314     tree t(20);           t.breadth_first_traversal();
315     t.add_node( 10 );      t.breadth_first_traversal();
316     t.add_node( 30 );      t.breadth_first_traversal();
317     t.add_node( 5 );       t.breadth_first_traversal();
318     t.add_node( 15 );      t.breadth_first_traversal();
319     t.add_node( 25 );      t.breadth_first_traversal();
320     t.add_node( 35 );      t.breadth_first_traversal();
321     t.add_node( 12 );      t.breadth_first_traversal();
322     t.add_node( 17 );      t.breadth_first_traversal();
323     cout<<t.search(11)<<endl;
324     cout<<t.search(35)<<endl;
325     cout<<t.height(20)<<endl;
326     cout<<t.height(15)<<endl;
327     cout<<t.depth(20)<<endl;
328     cout<<t.depth(15)<<endl;

```

Example

329	t.inorder_traversal(t.r);	cout<<endl;
330	t.postorder_traversal(t.r);	cout<<endl;
331	t.preorder_traversal(t.r);	cout<<endl;
332	t.delete_node(25);	t.breadth_first_traversal();
333	t.delete_node(30);	t.breadth_first_traversal();
334	t.delete_node(10);	t.breadth_first_traversal();
335	t.delete_node(12);	t.breadth_first_traversal();
336	t.delete_node(15);	t.breadth_first_traversal();
337	t.delete_node(17);	t.breadth_first_traversal();
338	t.delete_node(20);	t.breadth_first_traversal();
339	t.delete_node(20);	t.breadth_first_traversal();
340	t.delete_node(35);	t.breadth_first_traversal();
341	t.delete_node(5);	t.breadth_first_traversal();
342	return 0;	
343	}	

Reference

Allen, W. M. (2007). *Data structures and algorithm analysis in C++*. Pearson Education India.

Nell B. Dale. (2003). *C++ plus data structures*. Jones & Bartlett Learning.

เจียบวุฒิ รัตนวิสัยสกุล. (2023). โครงสร้างข้อมูล. มหาวิทยาลัยเทคโนโลยีพระจอมเกล้าพระนครเหนือ

https://ece.uwaterloo.ca/~dwharder/aads/Lecture_materials/