

MAT-2001

Tutorial 2

20BCE10077

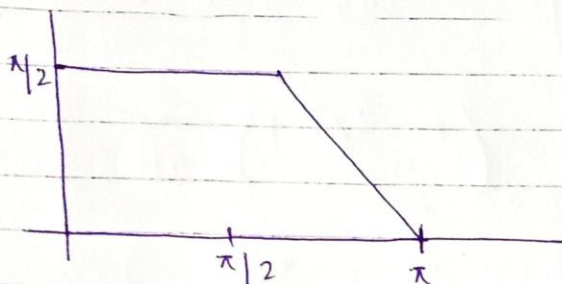
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A11 + A12

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Q1



function would be

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \pi/2 & 0 < x < \pi/2 \\ \pi - x & \pi/2 < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

the fourier series is written as

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_n \cos \frac{2n\pi x}{T}}{T} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{b_n \sin \frac{2n\pi x}{T}}{T}$$

$$\text{here } a = 0 \quad b = \pi \\ T = b - a = \pi$$

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos 2nx + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin 2nx$$



Calculating  $a_0$

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{\tau} \int_0^b f(t) dt$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(x) dx$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2}{\pi} \left[ \int_0^{\pi/2} x/2 dx + \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} x - \pi dx \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2}{\pi} \left[ \left[ \frac{x^2}{4} \right]_0^{\pi/2} + \left[ \frac{x^2}{2} - \pi x \right]_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2}{\pi} \left[ \frac{\pi^2}{4} + \left\{ \left[ \pi^2 - \frac{\pi^2}{2} - \frac{\pi^2}{2} + \frac{\pi^2}{8} \right] \right\} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2}{\pi} \left[ \frac{\pi^2}{4} + \left[ \frac{8\pi^2 - 4\pi^2 - 4\pi^2 + \pi^2}{8} \right] \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2}{\pi} \left[ \frac{\pi^2}{4} + \frac{3\pi^2}{8} \right] \Rightarrow \frac{2}{\pi} \times \frac{3\pi^2}{8}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{\tau} \int_0^b f(t) \cos \frac{2n\pi t}{\tau} dt$$



$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\pi}{2} \cos 2n\pi x dx + \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} (n-x) \cos 2n\pi x dx$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2}{\pi} \left\{ \left[ \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{\sin 2n\pi x}{2n} \right]_0^{\pi/2} + \left[ \frac{(n-x) \sin 2n\pi x}{2n} - (-1) \left( \frac{-\cos 2n\pi x}{2n^2} \right) \right]_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2}{\pi} \left( \frac{\pi}{2} (0) + \dots \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2}{\pi} \left( -\frac{1}{4n^2} + \frac{(-1)^n}{4n^2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{2}{4n^2\pi} ((-1)^n - 1)$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \left[ \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\pi}{2} \sin 2n\pi x dx + \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} (n-x) \sin 2n\pi x dx \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2}{\pi} \left[ -\frac{\pi}{2} \left( \frac{\cos 2n\pi x}{2n} \right) \Big|_0^{\pi/2} + \left[ \frac{(n-x) (-\cos 2n\pi x)}{2n} + \frac{n (\sin 2n\pi x)}{2n^2} \right]_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \right]$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \left[ -\pi (\cos n\pi - 1) - \frac{\pi}{2} \left( \frac{-\cos n\pi}{2n} \right) \right]$$

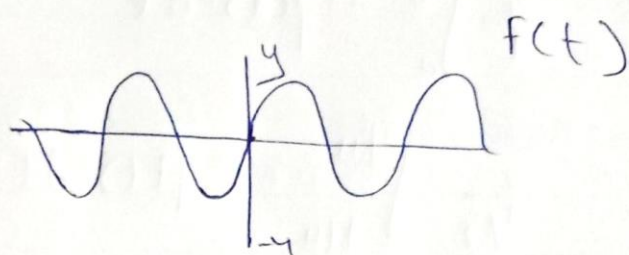
$$b_n = \frac{1}{2n}$$

$$\therefore f(x) = \frac{3\pi}{8} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2n^2\pi} ((-1)^n - 1) \frac{\cos 2n\pi x}{\pi^2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2n} \frac{\sin 2n\pi x}{\pi}$$

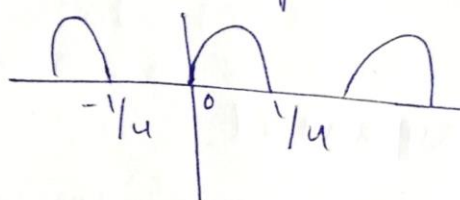
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$$f(t) = I_0 \sin 4\pi t \quad \textcircled{1}$$

for a sin function



After passing through a half-wave rectifier the graph becomes



now the new  $f_1(t) = I_0 \sin 4\pi t$

~~ksin~~

Equation -  $k \sin \omega t$

where  $T = 2\pi/\omega$

on comparing

this with eq  $\textcircled{1}$

we get

$$\boxed{\omega = 4\pi}$$

&

$$\boxed{T = 1/2}$$

and  $\underline{a = -1/4}$  (leftmost)

$\underline{b = 1/4}$  (rightmost)

Now the function becomes

$$f_1(t) = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} 0 & -1/4 < x < 0 \\ I_0 \sin 4\pi x & , 0 < x < 1/4 \end{array} \right\}$$



To find  $a_0$

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{T} \int_a^b f(t) dt$$

$$= \frac{2}{1/2} \int_{-1/4}^{1/4} f(t) dt$$

$$= 4 \left\{ \int_{-1/4}^0 0 dt + \int_0^{1/4} I \sin 4\pi t dt \right\}$$

$$= 4I_0 \int_0^{1/4} \sin 4\pi t dt$$

$$\Rightarrow 4I_0 \left[ -\frac{\cos 4\pi t}{4\pi} \right]_0^{1/4}$$

$$\Rightarrow 4I_0 \left[ -\frac{\cos \pi}{4\pi} + \frac{\cos 0}{4\pi} \right] \Rightarrow 4I_0 \left[ \frac{2}{4\pi} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{a_n = \frac{2I_0}{\pi}}$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_a^b f(t) \cos \frac{2n\pi t}{T} dt$$

$$= \frac{2}{1/2} \int_{-1/4}^{1/4} f(t) \cos \frac{2n\pi t}{T} dt$$

$$= 4 \int_{-1/4}^0 0 \cos \frac{2n\pi t}{T} dt + 4 \int_0^{1/4} I \sin 4\pi t \cos \frac{2n\pi t}{T} dt$$

$$\Rightarrow 4I_0 \int_0^{1/4} \sin \omega t \cos 2n\omega t \, dt$$

$$\Rightarrow 4I_0 \int_0^{1/4} \sin 4\omega t \cos 4n\omega t \, dt$$

using formula  $\sin a \cos b = \frac{1}{2} (\sin(a+b) + \sin(a-b))$

$$\Rightarrow 2I_0 \int_0^{1/4} \sin(1+n)\omega t + \sin(1-n)\omega t \, dt$$

$$\Rightarrow 2I_0 \left[ \frac{-\cos(1+n)\omega t}{(1+n)\omega} - \frac{-\cos(1-n)\omega t}{(1-n)\omega} \right]_0^{1/4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[ \frac{-I_0}{2\omega} \left( \frac{(-1)^{n+1} - 1}{n+1} + \frac{(-1)^{1-n} - 1}{1-n} \right) \right]$$

calculating  $b_n$

$$= \frac{2}{T} \int_a^b f(t) \sin \frac{2n\pi t}{T} \, dt$$

$$\Rightarrow 4I_0 \int_0^{1/4} \sin 4\omega t \sin 2n\omega t \, dt$$

$$\Rightarrow 4I_0 \int_0^{1/4} \sin \omega t \sin 4n\omega t \, dt$$



$$\Rightarrow 4\pi \frac{4I_0}{7} \int_0^{1/4} (\cos(1-n)4\pi t - \cos(1+n)4\pi t) dt$$

$$\Rightarrow 2I_0 \left[ \frac{\sin(1-n)4\pi t}{(1-n)4\pi} - \frac{\sin(1+n)4\pi t}{(1+n)4\pi} \right]_0^{1/4}$$

now since we know

$$\sin n\pi = 0, \text{ where } n=1, 3, 5, \dots$$

$$\& \sin n\pi = 0, \text{ where } n = \text{even numbers}$$

therefore  $\left. \begin{array}{l} \sin(1-n)\pi = 0 \& \\ \sin(1+n)\pi = 0 \end{array} \right\} \text{ as } \odot$

$$\therefore b_n = 2I_0 \times 0$$

$$\boxed{b_n = 0}$$

Thus fourier series is given by

$$f(t) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos\left(\frac{2n\pi t}{T}\right) + b_n \sin\left(\frac{2n\pi t}{T}\right)$$

$$\boxed{f(t) = \frac{I_0}{\pi} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{-I_0}{2\pi} \left( \frac{(-1)^{n+1} - 1}{1+n} + \frac{(-1)^{1-n} - 1}{(1-n)} \right)}$$

where  $\uparrow$   
constant

$$\text{where } T = 1/2 \quad a = -1/4 \quad b = 1/4$$