

$$\rho(r) = \rho_0 \frac{r^3}{a^3}$$

$$R = \int_a^b \rho(r) \frac{dr}{4\pi r^2} =$$

$$= \frac{\rho_0}{4\pi a^3} \int_a^b r dr = \frac{\rho_0}{8\pi a^3} (b^2 - a^2)$$

$$\nabla \bar{E} = \frac{\bar{J}}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\frac{dE}{dr} = \frac{\bar{J}}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$E = \frac{\bar{J}}{\epsilon_0} r$$

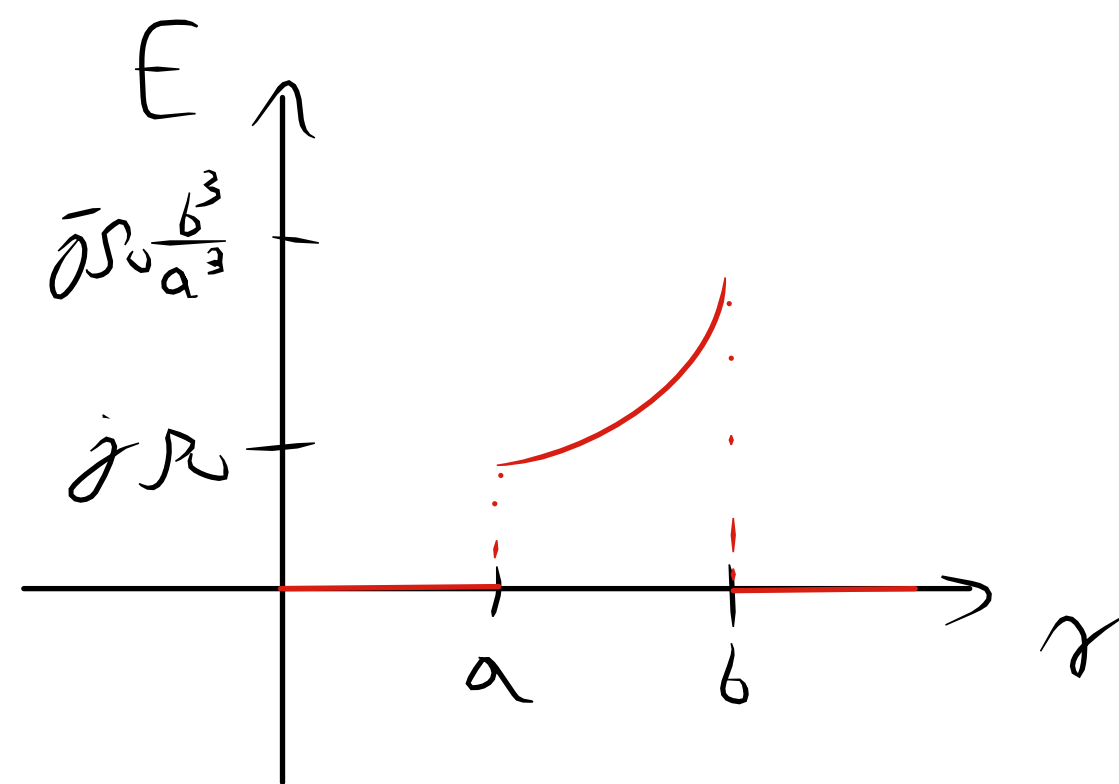
$$J(r) = \frac{E \epsilon_0}{r}$$

$$J(r) = \frac{-4\epsilon_0 r^2}{b^4 - a^4}$$

$$Q_1 = \sigma_1 \cdot 4\pi a^2 = \frac{-76\pi a^5 \epsilon_0}{b^4 - a^4}$$

$$Q_2 = \frac{76\pi b^5 \epsilon_0}{b^4 - a^4}$$

$$Q_{1-2} = \int_a^b J(r) \cdot 4\pi r^2 dr = \frac{-76\pi \epsilon_0}{b^4 - a^4} \int_a^b r^4 dr = \frac{-76\pi \epsilon_0}{b^4 - a^4} \cdot \frac{1}{5} (b^5 - a^5)$$



$$\bar{E} = \bar{J} \rho = \bar{J} \rho_0 \frac{r^3}{a^3} \quad \bar{J} = \text{const.}$$

$$U = - \int_a^b E dr = \frac{-\bar{J} \rho_0}{a^3} \int_a^b r^3 dr = \frac{-\bar{J} \rho_0}{4a^3} (b^4 - a^4)$$

$$\bar{J} = \frac{-4U a^3}{\rho_0} \left(\frac{1}{b^4 - a^4} \right)$$

$$\bar{E} = \frac{-4U r^3}{b^4 - a^4}$$

$$\frac{\sigma_1}{\epsilon_0} = E(a^+) - E(a^-)$$

$$\frac{\sigma_1}{\epsilon_0} = \frac{-4U a^3}{b^4 - a^4}$$

$$\frac{\sigma_2}{\epsilon_0} = \frac{4U b^3}{b^4 - a^4}$$