a) 
$$\nabla \cdot (f \overline{A}) = \partial_i (f A_i) = \partial_i f A_i + f \partial_i A_i = \overline{\nabla} f \cdot \overline{A} + f \overline{\nabla} \cdot \overline{A}$$

b)  $\nabla \cdot (\overline{\nabla} \times \overline{A}) = \overline{\nabla} \cdot (\varepsilon_{ijk} \partial_i A_j \overline{e_k}) = \varepsilon_{ijk} \partial_k \partial_i A_j \overline{e_k} = -\varepsilon_{ijk} \partial_k \partial_i A_j \overline{e_k} > 0$ 

c)  $\nabla^{\lambda} (\overline{\nabla} f) = \overline{\nabla} \times (\partial_i f \overline{e_i}) = \varepsilon_{jik} \partial_j \partial_i f \overline{e_k} = \varepsilon_{jik} \partial_j \partial_i f \overline{e_k} = > 0$ 

d)  $\nabla \times (\overline{\nabla} \times \overline{A}) = \overline{\nabla} \times (\varepsilon_{ijk} \partial_i A_j \overline{e_k}) = \varepsilon_{ikm} \varepsilon_{ijk} \partial_i \partial_i A_j \overline{e_m} = \varepsilon_{km} \varepsilon_{kij} \partial_i \partial_i A_j \overline{e_m} = (\delta_{mi} \delta_{ij} - \delta_{mj} \delta_{ii}) \partial_i \partial_i A_j \overline{e_m} = \varepsilon_{km} \varepsilon_{kij} \partial_i \partial_i A_j \overline{e_m} = (\delta_{mi} \delta_{ij} - \delta_{mj} \delta_{ii}) \partial_i \partial_i A_j \overline{e_m} = \varepsilon_{km} \varepsilon_{kij} \partial_i \partial_i A_j \overline{e_m} = (\delta_{mi} \delta_{ij} - \delta_{mj} \delta_{ii}) \partial_i \partial_i A_j \overline{e_m} = \varepsilon_{km} \varepsilon_{kij} \partial_i \partial_i A_j \varepsilon_{kij} \partial_i \partial_i A_j \overline{e_m} = \varepsilon_{km} \varepsilon_{kij} \partial_i \partial_i A_j \varepsilon_{kij} \partial_i \partial$ 

$$= \xi_{kml} \, \xi_{kij} \, \partial_{l} \, \partial_{i} A_{j} \, \overline{e}_{m} = \left( \int_{mi} \int_{lj} - \int_{mj} \int_{li} \right) \partial_{l} \, \partial_{i} A_{j} \, \overline{e}_{m} =$$

$$= \partial_{i} \, \partial_{j} \, A_{j} \, \overline{e}_{i} - \partial_{i} \, \partial_{i} \, A_{j} \, \overline{e}_{j} = \overline{\nabla} \left( \overline{\nabla} \cdot \overline{A} \right) - \overline{\nabla}^{2} \overline{A}$$

$$e) \nabla \cdot (\bar{A} \times \bar{B}) = \nabla \cdot (\epsilon_{ijk} A_i B_j \bar{e}_k) = \epsilon_{ijk} \lambda_k (A_i B_j) = \epsilon_{ijk} \lambda_k A_i B_j + \epsilon_{ijk} A_i \lambda_k B_k = L$$

$$\bar{B} \cdot (\bar{\nabla} \times \bar{A}) - \bar{A} \cdot (\bar{\nabla} \times \bar{B}) = B_j \bar{e}_j \cdot (\epsilon_{ki} \lambda_k A_i \bar{e}_i) - A_i \bar{e}_i (\epsilon_{kj} \lambda_k B_j \bar{e}_i) =$$

$$= \epsilon_{kij} \lambda_k A_i B_j + \epsilon_{jki} A_i \lambda_k B_j = P \quad L = P$$

$$= (\beta_{j} \partial_{j})(A_{i} \bar{e}_{i}) - (\partial_{i} A_{i})(\beta_{j} \bar{e}_{j}) - (\partial_{j} \beta_{j})(A_{i} \bar{e}_{i}) + (A_{i} \partial_{i})(\beta_{j} \bar{e}_{j}) =$$

$$= (\bar{\beta} \cdot \bar{\nabla}) \bar{A} - (\bar{\nabla} \cdot \bar{A}) \bar{B} - (\bar{\nabla} \cdot \bar{B}) \bar{A} + (\bar{\nabla} \cdot \bar{A}) \bar{B}$$