



$$\Phi(R, \varphi) = R'(\rho) \psi(\varphi)$$

$$\Delta \Phi(R, \varphi) = \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left( \rho \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \rho} \right) + \frac{1}{\rho^2} \frac{\partial^2 \Phi}{\partial \varphi^2} = 0$$

$$\underbrace{\frac{\rho}{R} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left( \rho \frac{dR'}{d\rho} \right)}_{m^2} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{\psi} \frac{d^2 \psi}{d\varphi^2}}_{-m^2} = 0$$

$$d(\ln m) = 0$$

$$\underline{R'(\rho) = a + b \ln(\rho)}$$

$$\underline{\psi(\varphi) = a + b\varphi}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left( \rho \frac{dR'}{d\rho} \right) = m^2 \frac{R'}{\rho}$$

$$\beta^2 \rho^{\beta-1} = m^2 \rho^{\beta-1} \quad \beta = \pm m$$

$$\text{Zgadujemy } R' = \rho^\beta$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} (\beta \rho^\beta) = m^2 \rho^{\beta-1}$$

$$\underline{R'(\rho) = a_1 \rho^m + a_2 \rho^{-m}}$$

$$\frac{d^2 \psi}{d\varphi^2} = -m^2 \psi \quad \underline{\psi(\varphi) = b_1 \sin(m\varphi) + b_2 \cos(m\varphi)}$$

$$\Phi(R, \varphi) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} (A_m \rho^m + B_m \rho^{-m}) (C_m \sin(m\varphi) + D_m \cos(m\varphi)) + (A_0 + B_0 \ln(\rho)) (C_0 + D_0 \varphi)$$

$$B_m = 0, \text{ bo inaczej wybuchnie w } 0$$

$$D_{m>0} = 0, \text{ bo musi byc nieparzyste} \rightarrow \text{rysunek}$$

$$D_0 = 0, \text{ bo } \Phi(R, \varphi) = \Phi(R, \varphi + 2\pi)$$

$$\Phi(R, \varphi) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} a_m \rho^m \sin(m\varphi) + a_0$$

$$\Phi(R, \varphi \in ]0; \pi[) = V \quad \Phi(R, \varphi \in ]\pi; 2\pi[) = -V$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \Phi(R, \varphi) \sin(m'\varphi) d\varphi = \int_0^{2\pi} \left( \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} a_m \rho^m \sin(m\varphi) + a_0 \right) \sin(m'\varphi) d\varphi$$

dla m-parzystych

$$0 = \int_0^{2\pi} a_m \rho^m \sin\left(\frac{m'\pi}{\pi} \varphi\right) \sin\left(\frac{m\pi}{\pi} \varphi\right) d\varphi = \pi a_m \rho^m \delta_{mm'}$$

$$\Rightarrow a_m = 0 \text{ dla m-parzystych}$$

dla m-nieparzystych

$$V \int_0^{\pi} \sin(m'\varphi) d\varphi - V \int_{\pi}^{2\pi} \sin(m'\varphi) d\varphi = \pi a_m \rho^m \delta_{mm'} + \int_0^{2\pi} a_0 \sin(m'\varphi) d\varphi$$

$$4 \frac{V}{m} = \pi a_m \rho^m$$

$$\text{dla } m=0 \quad \int_0^{2\pi} \Phi d\varphi = \int_0^{2\pi} a_0 d\varphi$$

$$\underline{a_m = \frac{4V}{\pi m} \rho^{-m}}$$

$$0 = V - V = 2\pi a_0$$

$$\underline{a_0 = 0}$$

$$\Phi(R, \varphi) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{4V}{\pi(2k+1)} \left(\frac{\rho}{R}\right)^{2k+1} \sin((2k+1)\varphi)$$