

The Language Nameless

BNF-converter

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This document was automatically generated by the *BNF-Converter*. It was generated together with the lexer, the parser, and the abstract syntax module, which guarantees that the document matches with the implementation of the language (provided no hand-hacking has taken place).

The lexical structure of Nameless

Identifiers

Identifiers $\langle Ident \rangle$ are unquoted strings beginning with a letter, followed by any combination of letters, digits, and the characters `_` `'`, reserved words excluded.

Literals

Integer literals $\langle Int \rangle$ are nonempty sequences of digits.

Reserved words and symbols

The set of reserved words is the set of terminals appearing in the grammar. Those reserved words that consist of non-letter characters are called symbols, and they are treated in a different way from those that are similar to identifiers. The lexer follows rules familiar from languages like Haskell, C, and Java, including longest match and spacing conventions.

The reserved words used in Nameless are the following:

```

Bool    Nat    as
cons    else   false
fix     fun    head
if      in     isempty
iszero  let    match
pred    return succ
tail    then   true

```

The symbols used in Nameless are the following:

```

;   (   )
{   }   <
=   >   [
]   =>  ,
.   0   ->
:

```

Comments

Single-line comments begin with `//`.

Multiple-line comments are enclosed with `/*` and `*/`.

The syntactic structure of Nameless

Non-terminals are enclosed between \langle and \rangle . The symbols $::=$ (production), $|$ (union) and ϵ (empty rule) belong to the BNF notation. All other symbols are terminals.

```

 $\langle Program \rangle ::= \langle ListExpr \rangle$ 

 $\langle ListExpr \rangle ::= \epsilon$ 
                |  $\langle Expr \rangle$ 
                |  $\langle Expr \rangle ; \langle ListExpr \rangle$ 

 $\langle Expr \rangle ::=$ 
  if  $\langle Expr \rangle$  then  $\langle Expr \rangle$  else  $\langle Expr \rangle$ 
  | let  $\langle Expr \rangle$  in  $\langle Expr \rangle$ 
  | fun (  $\langle Type \rangle$  ) { return  $\langle Expr \rangle$  }
  | {  $\langle ListBinding \rangle$  }
  |  $< \langle Ident \rangle = \langle Expr \rangle >$  as  $< \langle ListFieldType \rangle >$ 
  | match  $\langle Expr1 \rangle$  {  $\langle ListMatchCase \rangle$  }
  | [  $\langle ListExpr \rangle$  ] as [  $\langle Type \rangle$  ]
  |  $\langle Expr1 \rangle$ 

```

$$\begin{aligned}
\langle \text{MatchCase} \rangle &::= < \langle \text{Ident} \rangle > => \langle \text{Expr} \rangle \\
\langle \text{ListMatchCase} \rangle &::= \epsilon \\
&| \quad \langle \text{MatchCase} \rangle \\
&| \quad \langle \text{MatchCase} \rangle ; \langle \text{ListMatchCase} \rangle \\
\langle \text{Binding} \rangle &::= \langle \text{Ident} \rangle = \langle \text{Expr} \rangle \\
\langle \text{ListBinding} \rangle &::= \epsilon \\
&| \quad \langle \text{Binding} \rangle \\
&| \quad \langle \text{Binding} \rangle , \langle \text{ListBinding} \rangle \\
\langle \text{Expr1} \rangle &::= \langle \text{Expr1} \rangle \langle \text{Expr2} \rangle \\
&| \quad \langle \text{Expr2} \rangle \\
\langle \text{Expr2} \rangle &::= \text{cons } \langle \text{Expr3} \rangle \langle \text{Expr3} \rangle \\
&| \quad \text{head } \langle \text{Expr3} \rangle \\
&| \quad \text{tail } \langle \text{Expr3} \rangle \\
&| \quad \text{succ } \langle \text{Expr3} \rangle \\
&| \quad \text{pred } \langle \text{Expr3} \rangle \\
&| \quad \text{iszero } \langle \text{Expr3} \rangle \\
&| \quad \text{fix } \langle \text{Expr3} \rangle \\
&| \quad \text{isempty } \langle \text{Expr3} \rangle \\
&| \quad \langle \text{Expr3} \rangle \\
\langle \text{Expr3} \rangle &::= \langle \text{Expr3} \rangle . \langle \text{Ident} \rangle \\
&| \quad \text{true} \\
&| \quad \text{false} \\
&| \quad 0 \\
&| \quad \langle \text{Ident} \rangle \\
&| \quad \langle \text{Integer} \rangle \\
&| \quad (\langle \text{Expr} \rangle) \\
\langle \text{Type} \rangle &::= \langle \text{Type1} \rangle \rightarrow \langle \text{Type} \rangle \\
&| \quad \{ \langle \text{ListFieldType} \rangle \} \\
&| \quad < \langle \text{ListFieldType} \rangle > \\
&| \quad [\langle \text{Type} \rangle] \\
&| \quad \langle \text{Type1} \rangle \\
\langle \text{Type1} \rangle &::= \text{Bool} \\
&| \quad \text{Nat} \\
&| \quad (\langle \text{Type} \rangle) \\
\langle \text{FieldType} \rangle &::= \langle \text{Ident} \rangle : \langle \text{Type} \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\langle ListFieldType \rangle &::= \epsilon \\
&| \langle FieldType \rangle \\
&| \langle FieldType \rangle , \langle ListFieldType \rangle \\
\langle Typing \rangle &::= \langle Expr \rangle : \langle Type \rangle
\end{aligned}$$