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By Susan Page USA TODAY

ing of aid for tsunami victims in Asia and President Bush's push for democracy in the Middle East have helped abate anti-Americanism around the world, a survey of pub-WASHINGTON — The outpourlic opinion in 16 nations found.

Those gains have been largely offset, however, by opposition to the Iraq war and antagonism to-ward bush personally, according to. a study released Thursday by the Views of the United States remain dismal in the five predominantly non-partisan Pew Research Center. Muslim countries surveyed and negative in much of Europe.

In every nation surveyed except the United States, a majority said the world would be better off if a country or coalition of countries emerged as a military superpower equal to America,

trenched," project director Andrew tallized that resentment, he says. "Among our allies, it's (seen as) an expression of American unilateral-Kohut says. The Iraq war has crys-'Anti-Americanism is enism ... and for the Muslim world,



October: Most Britons said his re-election lowered their view of the USA. Not Bush fans: Anti-war protesters in London target President Bush in

charge in the Mideast in a way hat's very unpopular there."

have improved significantly in Russia, India and Indonesia. They re-The findings by the Pew Global Attitudes Project — the most ambitious attempt anywhere to measure international public opinion — May. The margins of error for each country's survey range from +/-2 iews in 16 nations in late April and are based on nearly 17,000 interto +/-4 percentage points.

ions or personal freedoms - had a

better image than the United States. Positive attitudes toward

country that lacks democratic elec-

But in most of Europe, China – a

main positive in Poland

the United States fell in Canada and Great Britain. In Pakistan and Tur-

ism, fewer than one in four viewed

the United States favorably.

The United States' highest favor-

key, key allies in the war on terror-

friends are estranged and surpris-For the United States, the survey shows a world in which some old ing new friends are emerging. Atti-

able rating came from India: 71% The lowest was from Jordan: 21%.

Millions of dollars from Americans for tsunami victims created rends for the United States:

rearly eight in 10 said the donaable view of the United States. Just 5% there viewed this nation favorgoodwill worldwide. In Indonesia, ions had given them a more favorwhere the relief effort was focused ably in 2003; now 38% do.

* Bush's push for democracy in the Middle East has fueled optimism in Lebanon and Indonesia that prospects for representative government in that region are improving. Even in places where the United States is rated poorly — forabout democracy's prospects gave But enmity toward Bush was dan, Pakistan and Lebanon — nearly half or more of those optimistic some credit to U.S. policies.

tudes toward the United States

strong, in every foreign country except Poland, people said his reelection gave them a less favorable Widespread opposition to the view of the United States.

arce: Pew Research Cente

Among those nations that joined the U.S. led coalition, only people in the Netherlands said their governwar in Iraq continues as well

Re-election of Bush weakens Global attitudes shift with U.S. actions Indonesja , Canada Germany Poland | Russia India France Spain Turkey fordan Netherlands Great Britain ebanon Pakristan More favorable 🙀 Less favorable 61% 21% 34% 33% 27% 23% 2.4% 23% 24% 23% J.S. tsurfarni refief effort 88 86 Indonesia Germany Netherlands Canada India France Spain Great Britain Turkey Russia Pakistan Poland lordan' Lebanon

ment made the right decision. Ma-3ritain said their countries orities in Spain, Poland and Great shouldn't have participated.

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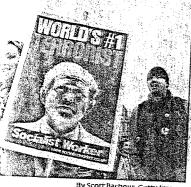
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in London target President Bush in ection lowered their view of the USA.

tudes toward the United States nproved significantly in Rus-..dia and Indonesia. They remain positive in Poland.

But in most of Europe, China – a country that lacks democratic elections or personal freedoms - had a better image than the United States. Positive attitudes toward the United States fell in Canada and Great Britain. In Pakistan and Turkey, key allies in the war on terrorism, fewer than one in four viewer the United States favorably.

The United States' highest favor-

able rating came from India: 71%. The lowest was from Jordan: 21%.

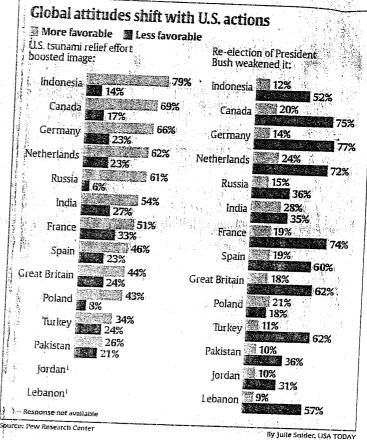
There were some encouraging trends for the United States:

Millions of dollars from Americans for tsunami victims created goodwill worldwide. In Indonesia, where the relief effort was focused, nearly eight in 10 said the donations had given them a more favorable view of the United States. Just 15% there viewed this nation favorably in 2003; now 38% do.

Bush's push for democracy in the Middle East has fueled optimism in Lebanon and Indonesia that prospects for representative government in that region are improving. Even in places where the United States is rated poorly - Jordan, Pakistan and Lebanon - nearly half or more of those optimistic about democracy's prospects gave some credit to U.S. policies.

But enmity toward Bush was strong. In every foreign country except Poland, people said his reelection gave them a less favorable view of the United States.

Widespread opposition to the war in Iraq continues as well. Among those nations that joined the U.S.-led coalition, only people in the Netherlands said their govern-



ment made the right decision. Majorities in Spain, Poland and Great Britain said their countries shouldn't have participated.

In none of the nations surveyed did a majority say the overthrow of

Saddam Hussein had made the world safer. In most of them - Canada, most of Europe, China and all the predominantly Muslim nations - a majority said it had made the world more dangerous.

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