- > with(Physics):with(DifferentialGeometry):with(plots):with
   (PDEtools):with(Tensor):
- #The sign convention for the Ricci tensor of the DifferentialGeometry and Physics
  packages is the same followed in MTW.
- > #Manifold definition:
- > DGsetup([t, r, u, v], M, verbose)

The following coordinates have been protected:

The following vector fields have been defined and protected:

$$[`*`(D_t), `*`(D_r), `*`(D_u), `*`(D_v)]$$

The following differential 1-forms have been defined and protected:

$$[ `*`(dt), `*`(dr), `*`(du), `*`(dv) ]$$
frame name: M

(1)

M > g1i:= InverseMetric(g1)

$$g1i := -\left(\left(\frac{1}{f(r)}D_{-}t\right)D_{-}t\right) + (\ `*\ `(D_{-}r))D_{-}r + (\ `*\ `(D_{-}u))D_{-}u + (\ `*\ `(D_{-}v))D_{-}v$$
 (3)

\_M > #Christoffel symbols of the second kind:

M > C1 := Christoffel(g1, "SecondKind")

$$C1 := \left( \left( \frac{\frac{d}{dr} f(r)}{2 f(r)} D_{-}t \right) dt \right) dr + \left( \left( \frac{\frac{d}{dr} f(r)}{2 f(r)} D_{-}t \right) dr \right) dt$$

$$+ \left( \left( \frac{\frac{d}{dr} f(r)}{2} D_{-}r \right) dt \right) dt$$

$$(4)$$

\_M > #Ricci tensor:

M > R1:=RicciTensor(C1)

$$R1 := \left( \left( -\frac{\left(\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}r} f(r)\right)^{2}}{4 f(r)} + \frac{\left(\frac{\mathrm{d}^{2}}{\mathrm{d}r^{2}} f(r)\right)}{2} \right) dt \right) dt$$

$$- \left( \left( \frac{2 \left(\frac{\mathrm{d}^{2}}{\mathrm{d}r^{2}} f(r)\right) f(r) - \left(\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}r} f(r)\right)^{2}}{4 f(r)^{2}} dr \right) dr \right)$$

$$(5)$$

M > #4-potential vector ansatzs:

$$M > xi(r) := exp(I*k*(omega*int(sqrt((1)/(f(r))),r)))$$

**(2)** 

$$\begin{cases} K(r) := e \end{cases} & (6) \\ K(r) := e \\ \xi(r) := e \end{cases} & (6) \\ K(r) := e \\ \xi(r) := e \\ \xi(r) := e^{-i\omega t} \\ \xi(r)$$

M > xi4(r):=(1/(f(r))^(a))  

$$\xi 4(r) := \frac{1}{f(r)^a}$$
(11)

**\_M** > #Ansatz

```
A7 := e^{-I\omega t} c\cos(k_u u) \sin(k_v v) e^{Ik\omega \left( \int \frac{1}{f(r)} dr \right)} D_u u+ e^{-I\omega t} c\cos(k_u u) \sin(k_v v) e^{Ik\omega \left( \int \frac{1}{f(r)} dr \right)} D_v v
                                                                                                (12)
[M >
M > \#Covariant\ derivative\ of\ the\ 4-potential:
M > Dc:=CovariantDerivative(A6, C1):
 M > #Lorentz condition, i.e. contraction of the indices of the covariant derivative
           of the 4-potential:
 M > Lorentz:=ContractIndices(Dc, [[1,2]])
                          \int_{C} I\left(k\omega\left(\int\sqrt{\frac{1}{f(r)}} dr\right) + k_u u + k_v v - \omega t\right) L(r) (k_u + k_v)
                                                                                                (13)
 _M >
_M > #The second covariant derivative of the 4-potential:
_M > Dc2:=CovariantDerivative(Dc, C1):
 M >
M >
oxedsymbol{\mathsf{LM}} > #Contraction of the indices of the covariant derivatives to get the Laplacian:
 M > Lap:=ContractIndices(g1i, Dc2, [[1, 2], [2,3]]):
 M >
 M >
 M > ####"Mass term" of the Maxwell equations, i.e, contraction of the Ricci tensor
           with the 4-potential:
 M > #Rising one index of the Ricci tensor:
 M > R1up:=ContractIndices(g1i, R1, [[1, 1]]):
 M > #Contraction of the Ricci tensor with the four-potential to give the mass:
 M > Mass:=ContractIndices(A6, R1up, [[1,2]])
                                        Mass := 0D t
                                                                                                (14)
 M >
 M >
M >
M > #Maxwell equations!!!!!!!!!!!:
 M > Me:= simplify(Lap &minus Mass)
                                                                                                (15)
```

$$Me := \frac{1}{2 f(r) \sqrt{\frac{1}{f(r)}}} \left( e^{I \left( k\omega \left( \left| \sqrt{\frac{1}{f(r)}} \right| dr \right) + k_u u + k_u v v - \omega t \right)} \left( -2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{f(r)}} L(r) k^2 \omega^2 \right) \right)$$

$$-2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{f(r)}} L(r) f(r) k_u u^2 - 2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{f(r)}} L(r) f(r) k_u v^2 + 2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{f(r)}} L(r) \omega^2$$

$$+4I \left( \frac{d}{dr} L(r) \right) k\omega + \left( \frac{d}{dr} f(r) \right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{f(r)}} \left( \frac{d}{dr} L(r) \right) + 2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{f(r)}} \left( \frac{d^2}{dr^2} \right)$$

$$L(r) f(r) \right) D_u u + \frac{1}{2 f(r) \sqrt{\frac{1}{f(r)}}} \left( e^{I \left( k\omega \left( \left| \sqrt{\frac{1}{f(r)}} \right| dr \right) + k_u u + k_u v v - \omega t \right)} \right)$$

$$-2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{f(r)}} L(r) k^2 \omega^2 - 2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{f(r)}} L(r) f(r) k_u u^2 - 2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{f(r)}} L(r) f(r) k_u v^2$$

$$+2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{f(r)}} L(r) \omega^2 + 4I \left( \frac{d}{dr} L(r) \right) k\omega + \left( \frac{d}{dr} f(r) \right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{f(r)}} \left( \frac{d}{dr} L(r) \right)$$

$$+2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{f(r)}} \left( \frac{d^2}{dr^2} L(r) \right) f(r) \right) D_u v$$

\_M >

\_M >

\_M >

\_M > \_M > \_M >

\_M >

\_M >

M >

\_ M > <u>\_</u>M >

M >

\_M >

\_M >

M >

M >

**M** >

M > M >

\_M >

M >

\_M >

M >

M >

\_M >

M > M >

M >

M >

M >

M >

M >

M >

M >

M >