# **R Programming**

# **Project: Further Examples of Plots**

## What to use on the x-axis

Type	Use	Useful lubridate functions
Calendar time *	$year_i + diy_i/365 + hour_i/(365 \times 24)$	demical_date
Date within year (seasonal) *	$diy_i/365 + hour_i/(365 \times 24)$	demical_date
		(use remainder after integer division by 1)
alternative:		
Day within year (seasonal)	$\operatorname{diy}_i + \operatorname{hour}_i/24$	demic al_date
Hour within week (weekly)	$24 \times (\text{dow}_i - 1) + \text{hour}_i$	wday, hour
alternative:		
Day within week (weekly)	$dow_i - 1 + hour_i/24$	wday, hour
Hour within day (daily)	hour;	hour (or use column Hour

<sup>\*</sup> Divide by 366 for leap years.

 $\text{diy}_i$  is the day in the year (e.g. February 2nd would be 33).  $\text{dow}_i$  is the day of the week as an integer (Monday is 1, Tuesday is 2

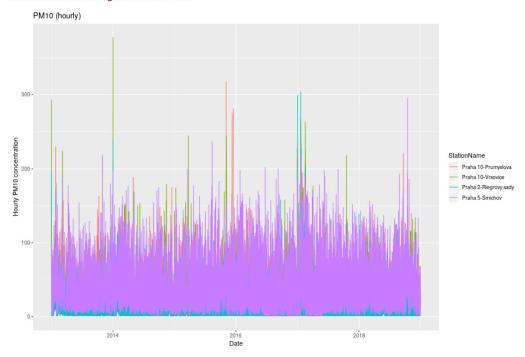
The above is justy one way of setting the x-axis. Other reasonable approaches (typically a linear function of the proposed) are also accepted. Make sure you use informative tickmarks.

# **Example plots**

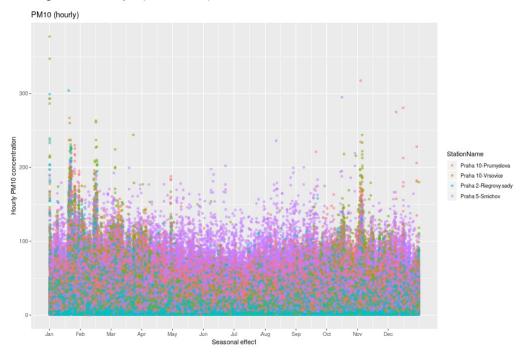
# Hourly PM10 data

Due to the amount of data to be plotted, plots of the raw hourly data will be very slow.

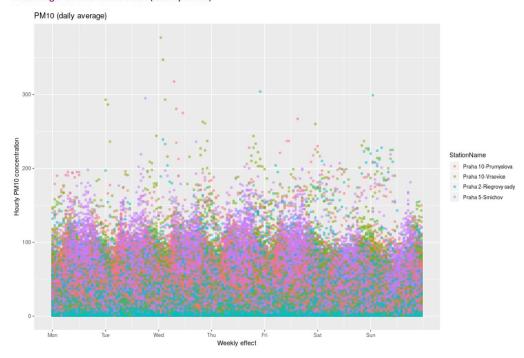
## Plotted as time series against calendar time



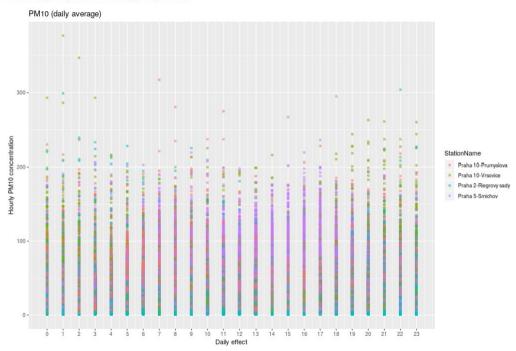
## Plotted against hour in the year (seasonal effect)



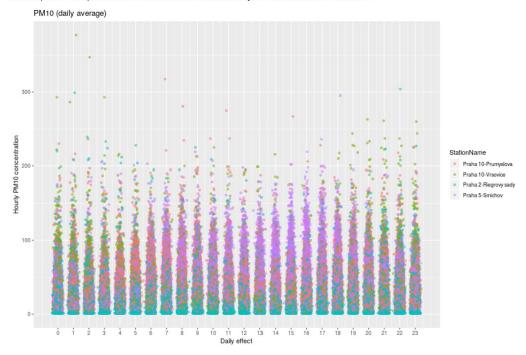
## Plotted against hour in the week (weekly effect)



## Plotted against hour in the day (daily effect)

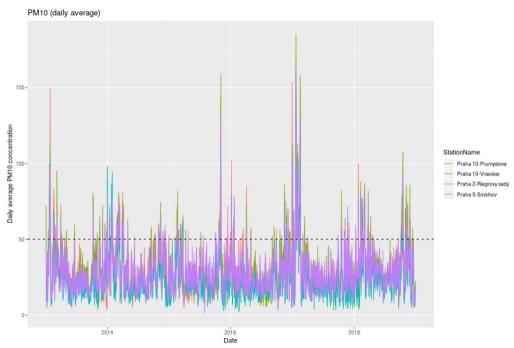


Not required: The plot is more informative if a little bit of jitter is added to the x-values.

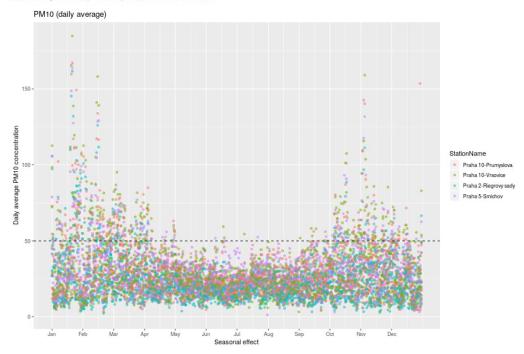


# Daily average of PM10

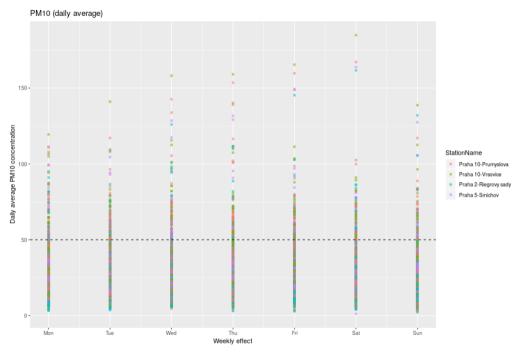
# Plotted as time series against calendar time



## Plotted against day in the year (seasonal effect)

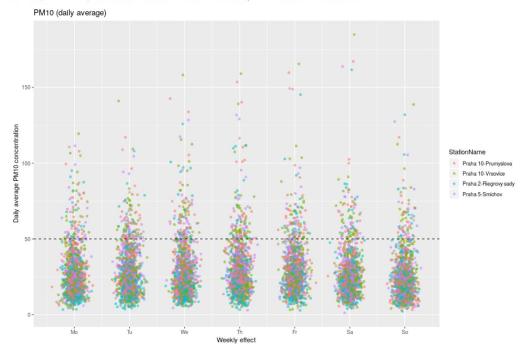


#### Plotted against day in the week (weekly effect)

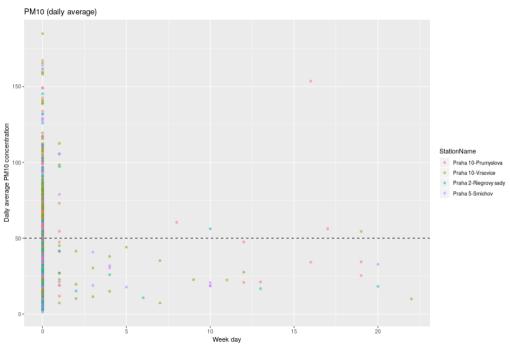


Not required: The plot is more informative if a little bit of jitter is added to the x-values.

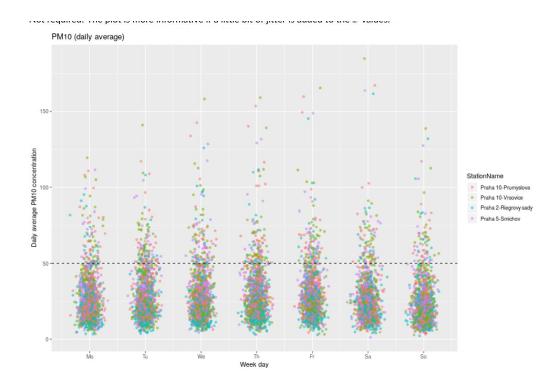
Not required: The plot is more informative if a little bit of jitter is added to the x-values.



#### Plotted against hour in the day (daily effect)

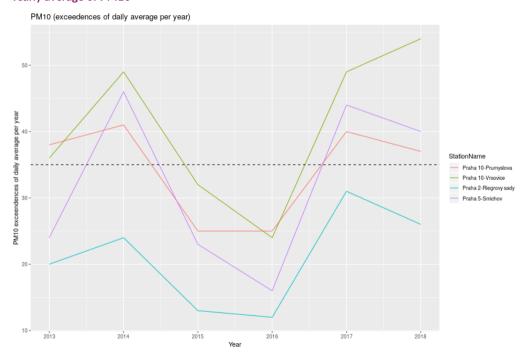


Not required: The plot is more informative if a little bit of jitter is added to the x-values.



 $A plot \ against \ the \ hour \ in \ the \ day \ is \ not \ meaningful, \ as \ the \ daily \ has \ been \ aggregated \ lib \ a \ daily \ basis.$ 

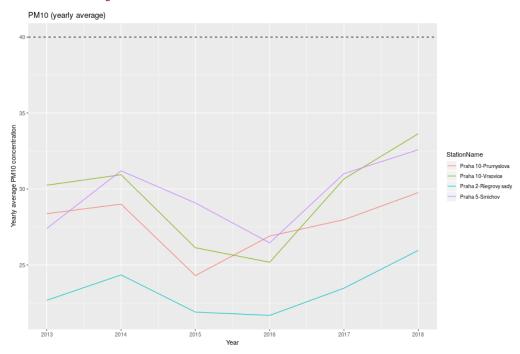
# Number of yearly exceedences of daily threshold of $50 \mu g/m^3$ (PM10) Yearly average of PM10



Other plots not meaningful as data already aggregated on a yearly basis.

# Yearly average of PM10

# Plotted as time series against calendar time



Other plots not meaningful as data already aggregated on a yearly basis.