

Othello

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Chapter 1

Hierarchical Index

1.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

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Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

AI	Implements the alpha-beta pruning algorithm to find the next move for the computer player. Thereby three different heuristics (disc count, legal moves count, square rating), implemented in the evaluation function, are used	5
Board	Holds the board matrix and stores every board on a stack with the current and opponent player. It is used to find all allowed moves for the current player and actually execute them	6
GameEngine	Controls the course of the game by processing user input, executing moves from humans and the computer and informing the user about events using lists from the GUI. Furthermore it has an interface to the ui class UIGameScene to evoke redraws of the board	12
MainWindow	14
Player	Defines the current and the opponent player. Each player has its own color, BLACK or WHITE, and is of type HUMAN or COMPUTER	15
UIDisk	16
UIGameScene	Stores the graphical representation of the board using UISquare class. The GameEngine uses this class to redraw the board matrix from the Board class. This class also forwards mouse release events to the GameEngine made by the user	17
UISquare	Single square inside the QGraphicsScene (UIGameScene). It is used to show the different states of a square (BOARD, BLACK, WHITE, ALLOWED) to the user. The board matrix 2x2 QVector of the UIGameScene class consists of these UISquares	19

Chapter 3

Class Documentation

3.1 AI Class Reference

The [AI](#) class implements the alpha-beta pruning algorithm to find the next move for the computer player. Thereby three different heuristics (disc count, legal moves count, square rating), implemented in the evaluation function, are used.

```
#include <ai.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- **AI** ([Board](#) *board)
- void **makeRandomMove** ()
- double [max](#) (int depth, double alpha, double beta)
max maximizing function for the black player of the the alpha-beta pruning algorithm.
- double [min](#) (int depth, double alpha, double beta)
min minimizing function for the white player of the alpha-beta pruning algorithm.
- QPair< int, int > [savedMove](#) ()
savedMove is used to get the best move, found by the alpha-beta pruning algorithm, inside the [GameEngine](#) class.

Public Attributes

- int [m_startingDepth](#)
m_startingDepth maximum search depth defined by the user.

3.1.1 Detailed Description

The [AI](#) class implements the alpha-beta pruning algorithm to find the next move for the computer player. Thereby three different heuristics (disc count, legal moves count, square rating), implemented in the evaluation function, are used.

3.1.2 Member Function Documentation

3.1.2.1 double AI::max (int *depth*, double *alpha*, double *beta*)

max maximizing function for the black player of the the alpha-beta pruning algorithm.

Parameters

<i>depth</i>	user defined search depth in the beginning of the recursion.
<i>alpha</i>	maximum score that the maximizing player (black) is assured of.
<i>beta</i>	minimum score that the minimizing player (white) is assured of.

Returns

value of the evaluation function at depth zero or at a terminal node (board where current player has no more moves available).

3.1.2.2 double AI::min (int *depth*, double *alpha*, double *beta*)

min minimizing function for the white player of the alpha-beta pruning algorithm.

Parameters

<i>depth</i>	depth user defined search depth in the beginning of the recursion.
<i>alpha</i>	alpha maximum score that the maximizing player (black) is assured of.
<i>beta</i>	beta minimum score that the minimizing player (white) is assured of.

Returns

value of the evaluation function at depth zero or at a terminal node (board where current player has no more moves available).

3.1.2.3 QPair< int, int > AI::savedMove ()

savedMove is used to get the best move, found by the alpha-beta pruning algorithm, inside the [GameEngine](#) class.

Returns

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

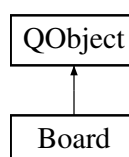
- ai.h
- ai.cpp

3.2 Board Class Reference

The [Board](#) class holds the board matrix and stores every board on a stack with the current and opponent player. It is used to find all allowed moves for the current player and actually execute them.

```
#include <board.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Board:



Public Slots

- bool [undoMove](#) ()
undoMove get the last board from the board stack.

Signals

- void [signalBoardChanged](#) ()
signalBoardChanged is used to inform the [GameEngine](#) about changes on the board in order to evoke a redraw.
- void [signalUpdateInfo](#) (QString)
signalUpdateInfo informs the [GameEngine](#) (InfoList) about a pass with the information about the player who passed.

Public Member Functions

- [Board](#) (QObject *parent=0, int numberOfHumans=2)
[Board](#) initialize the member variables and create a new board matrix by calling [newBoard\(numberOfHumans\)](#).
- [Board](#) (const [Board](#) &board)
[Board](#) copy constructor is used to store the boards on the stack. The [storeBoardOnStack\(\)](#) function, which uses the copy constructor, is called after every move and pass.
- State [getState](#) (int x, int y) const
getState returns the current State of the board at position x and y.
- void [setAllowed](#) (QMap< QPair< int, int >, QVector< QPair< int, int > > > legalMoves)
setAllowed updates the board matrix with the allowed moves for the current player.
- void [newBoard](#) (int numberOfHumans)
newBoard initializes the board with the number of set human players (and computer). Updates the board matrix with the 2x2 diagonal beginning and sets the allowed moves for the black player using [setAllowed\(\)](#).
- void [storeBoardOnStack](#) ()
storeBoardOnStack uses the copy constructor to store the current board on the "global" stack which is used for alpha-beta pruning algorithm and undoing a move. This function is called after a move and a pass.
- void [togglePlayer](#) ()
togglePlayer adjusts the pointers of the current and opponent player. Furthermore it sets the allowed moves and evokes a redraw of the board using [signalBoardChanged\(\)](#).
- void [makePass](#) ()
makePass used if there are no legal moves left for the current player This function calls [storeBoardOnStack\(\)](#) to register the pass.
- void [countDisks](#) (void)
countDisks count number of black, white and total disks and store it in the corresponding member variables.
- int [countPlayerDisks](#) (void)
countPlayerDisks counts the disk of the current player of the board. This function is used for the evaluation function inside the [AI](#) class.
- bool [legalMove](#) (int x, int y)
legalMove check if the move at position (x,y) is legal.
- bool [legalMovesAvailable](#) ()
legalMovesAvailable returns true if the current player has legal moves available.
- QMap< QPair< int, int >, QVector< QPair< int, int > > > [getLegalMoves](#) ()
getLegalMoves stores the legal moves for the current player and the therefore happening disk flips inside a map. The keys are the available legal moves. Its corresponding values are QVectors with the disks that will be flipped (taking a key(=move)).
- void [makeMove](#) (int x, int y)
makeMove execute a move, at position (x,y), for the current player that is legal and switches to the opponent user by calling [togglePlayer\(\)](#).

- State [whosTurn](#) ()
whosTurn returns the color of the current player stored in `m_currentPlayer`.
- Type [whosTurnType](#) ()
whosTurnType returns the type of the current player stored in `m_currentPlayer`.
- bool [onBoard](#) (int x, int y)
onBoard checks if a position or move is on the board.
- State [getOtherPlayer](#) ([Player](#) *player)
getOtherPlayer used to get the color of the opponent

Public Attributes

- int **m_numberOfBlackDisks**
- int **m_numberOfWhiteDisks**
- int **m_numberOfDisks**
- bool **m_gameOver**
- bool **m_movesAvailable**
- QStack< [Board](#) * > * **m_boardStack**
m_boardStack stores the boards according to the made moves. Mainly used for the [AI](#) to unwind the recursion.
- int **m_numberOfActualMoves**
- int **m_numberOfTotalMoves**

Static Public Attributes

- static const int [m_direction](#) [8][2] = {{1, 0}, {1, 1}, {0, 1}, {-1, 1}, {-1, 0}, {-1, -1}, {0, -1}, {1, -1}}
- m_direction is a member that is used to check all directions for legal moves.*

3.2.1 Detailed Description

The [Board](#) class holds the board matrix and stores every board on a stack with the current and opponent player. It is used to find all allowed moves for the current player and actually execute them.

3.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.2.2.1 [Board::Board](#) ([QObject](#) * *parent* = 0, int *numberOfHumans* = 2)

[Board](#) initialize the member variables and create a new board matrix by calling `newBoard(numberOfHumans)`.

Parameters

<i>parent</i>	class that created the Board .
<i>numberOfHumans</i>	is the set number of humans inside the GUI.

3.2.2.2 [Board::Board](#) (const [Board](#) & *board*)

[Board](#) copy constructor is used to store the boards on the stack. The `storeBoardOnStack()` function, which uses the copy constructor, is called after every move and pass.

Parameters

<i>board</i>	the current board to store on the stack.
--------------	--

3.2.3 Member Function Documentation

3.2.3.1 `int Board::countPlayerDisks (void)`

`countPlayerDisks` counts the disk of the current player of the board. This function is used for the evaluation function inside the [AI](#) class.

Returns

3.2.3.2 `QMap< QPair< int, int >, QVector< QPair< int, int > > > Board::getLegalMoves ()`

`getLegalMoves` stores the legal moves for the current player and the therefore happening disk flips inside a map. The keys are the available legal moves. Its corresponding values are QVectors with the disks that will be flipped (taking a key(=move)).

Returns

3.2.3.3 `State Board::getOtherPlayer (Player * player)`

`getOtherPlayer` used to get the color of the opponent

Parameters

<i>pointer</i>	to a player (current or opponent).
----------------	------------------------------------

Returns

the color of the other player depending on the passed player.

3.2.3.4 `State Board::getState (int x, int y) const`

`getState` returns the current State of the board at position x and y.

Parameters

<i>x</i>	column of the board matrix.
<i>y</i>	row of the board matrix.

Returns

state of the chosen position (x,y).

3.2.3.5 bool Board::legalMove (int x, int y)

legalMove check if the move at position (x,y) is legal.

Parameters

<i>x</i>	column of the board
<i>y</i>	row of the board

Returns

true if move at position (x,y) is legal.

3.2.3.6 bool Board::legalMovesAvailable ()

legalMovesAvailable returns true if the current player has legal moves available.

Returns**3.2.3.7 void Board::makeMove (int x, int y)**

makeMove execute a move, at position (x,y), for the current player that is legal and switches to the opponent user by calling [togglePlayer\(\)](#).

Parameters

<i>x</i>	column of the move.
<i>y</i>	row of the move.

3.2.3.8 void Board::newBoard (int *numberOfHumans*)

newBoard initializes the board with the number of set human players (and computer). Updates the board matrix with the 2x2 diagonal beginning and sets the allowed moves for the black player using [setAllowed\(\)](#).

Parameters

<i>numberOfHumans</i>	
-----------------------	--

3.2.3.9 `bool Board::onBoard (int x, int y)`

onBoard checks if a position or move is on the board.

Parameters

<i>x</i>	column of the position.
<i>y</i>	row of the position.

Returns

true if position (x,y) is on the board, false if outside.

3.2.3.10 `void Board::setAllowed (QMap< QPair< int, int >, QVector< QPair< int, int > > > legalMoves)`

setAllowed updates the board matrix with the allowed moves for the current player.

Parameters

<i>legalMoves</i>	the list with allowed moves for the current player. As parameter getLegalMoves() is usually used.
-------------------	---

3.2.3.11 `bool Board::undoMove () [slot]`

undoMove get the last board from the board stack.

Returns

true if undo was possible.

3.2.3.12 `State Board::whosTurn ()`

whosTurn returns the color of the current player stored in m_currentPlayer.

Returns

Color of current player.

3.2.3.13 `Type Board::whosTurnType ()`

whosTurnType returns the type of the current player stored in m_currentPlayer.

Returns

Type of current player.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

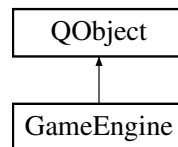
- board/board.h
- board/board.cpp

3.3 GameEngine Class Reference

The [GameEngine](#) class controls the course of the game by processing user input, executing moves from humans and the computer and informing the user about events using lists from the GUI. Furthermore it has an interface to the ui class [UIGameScene](#) to evoke redraws of the board.

```
#include <gameengine.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for GameEngine:



Public Slots

- void [mouseReleased](#) (QPointF point)
mouseReleased converts the position where the user clicked inside the GraphicsScene ([UIGameScene](#)), to a row and column inside the board. The event is only forwarded to eventHandling() if it is a human move.
- void [updateUISquare](#) (int x, int y, State currentPlayer)
updateUISquare DEPRECATED! this function was used to update single squares of the board on the gui side.
- void [updateUIGameScene](#) ()
updateUIGameScene evokes a redraw of the whole board using the m_board member.
- void [updateInfoTextPass](#) (QString string)
updateInfoTextPass informs the user about the current player and game result.

Public Member Functions

- [GameEngine](#) (QObject *parent, [UIGameScene](#) *uiGameScene, QTextEdit *eventList, QTextEdit *infoList)
GameEngine initializes the passed pointers from the main window gui elements (textEdits). Furthermore the pointer to GameEngine gets assigned to the corresponding member variable.
- void [startGame](#) (int numberOfHumans=1, double timeLimit=10)
startGame reads the user settings, like number of humans, search depth (m_timeLimit), connects the most of the signal and slot mechanism for redrawing the gui and updating the textEdits and creates the classes important classes ([AI](#), [Board](#)).

Public Attributes

- [Board](#) * [m_board](#)
m_board points to the [Board](#) class that stores the board. This representation is used to update the gui with the current states of the single squares of the board.

3.3.1 Detailed Description

The [GameEngine](#) class controls the course of the game by processing user input, executing moves from humans and the computer and informing the user about events using lists from the GUI. Furthermore it has an interface to the ui class [UIGameScene](#) to evoke redraws of the board.

3.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.3.2.1 GameEngine::GameEngine (QObject * *parent*, UIGameScene * *uiGameScene*, QTextEdit * *eventList*, QTextEdit * *infoList*)

[GameEngine](#) initializes the passed pointers from the main window gui elements (textEdits). Furthermore the pointer to [GameEngine](#) gets assigned to the corresponding member variable.

Parameters

<i>parent</i>	creating class.
<i>uiGameScene</i>	pointer to UIGameScene class, used to update the graphical representaiton of the board.
<i>eventList</i>	pointer to the textEdit that informs the user about the moves.
<i>infoList</i>	pointer to the textEdit that informs the user about the current player and the game results.

3.3.3 Member Function Documentation

3.3.3.1 void GameEngine::mouseReleased (QPointF *point*) [slot]

mouseReleased converts the position where the user clicked inside the GraphicsScene ([UIGameScene](#)), to a row and column inside the board. The event is only forwarded to eventHandling() if it is a human move.

Parameters

<i>point</i>	received mouse position from the GraphicsScene (UIGameScene).
--------------	---

3.3.3.2 void GameEngine::startGame (int *numberOfHumans* = 1, double *timeLimit* = 10)

startGame reads the user settings, like number of humans, search depth (m_timeLimit), connects the most of the signal and slot mechanism for redrawing the gui and updating the textEdits and creates the classes important classes ([AI](#), [Board](#)).

Parameters

<i>numberOfHumans</i>	number of human players. One: Human vs Computer, Two: Human vs Human.
<i>timeLimit</i>	is the search depth of the used alpha-beta pruning algorithm.

3.3.3.3 void GameEngine::updateInfoTextPass (QString *string*) [slot]

updateInfoTextPass informs the user about the current player and game result.

Parameters

<i>string</i>	passed informations which is shown to the user inside the textEdit.
---------------	---

3.3.3.4 void GameEngine::updateUISquare (int x, int y, State currentPlayer) [slot]

updateUISquare DEPRECATED! this function was used to update single squares of the board on the gui side.

Parameters

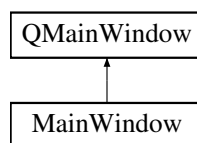
<i>x</i>	
<i>y</i>	
<i>currentPlayer</i>	

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- gamelogic/gameengine.h
- gamelogic/gameengine.cpp

3.4 MainWindow Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for MainWindow:



Public Slots

- void [startNewGame](#) ()

startNewGame creates a new [UIGameScene](#) class that gets passed to the newly created [GameEngine](#) class. Also the gui textEdits (ui->textEditEvents ui->textEditInfo) to display user informations are passed to [GameEngine](#). Furthermore, the undo push button is registered with the [GameEngine](#) and the user mouse events are forwarded too. Finally the number of humans from the ui->comboBoxNumberOfHumans is passed to the [GameEngine](#).

Public Member Functions

- [MainWindow](#) (QWidget *parent=0)

[MainWindow](#) constrains the window elements by fixing their size. Improves rendering of the board [UIGameScene](#) inside the GraphicsView. Sets a validator to the user input for the search depth to allow only integer numbers (0 to 10). Sets the connects for the signal and slot mechanism for the newGame push button.

3.4.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.4.1.1 MainWindow::MainWindow (QWidget * parent = 0) [explicit]

[MainWindow](#) constrains the window elements by fixing their size. Improves rendering of the board [UIGameScene](#) inside the GraphicsView. Sets a validator to the user input for the search depth to allow only integer numbers (0 to 10). Sets the connects for the signal and slot mechanism for the newGame push button.

Parameters

<i>parent</i>	
---------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

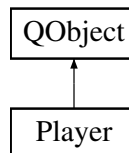
- main/mainwindow.h
- main/mainwindow.cpp

3.5 Player Class Reference

The [Player](#) class defines the current and the opponent player. Each player has its own color, BLACK or WHITE, and is of type HUMAN or COMPUTER.

```
#include <player.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Player:



Public Member Functions

- [Player](#) (QObject *parent=0, State color=NONE, Type type=UNKNOWN)
Player initializes the instance with its color and type.

Public Attributes

- Type [m_type](#)
m_type stores the player type. Either HUMAN or COMPUTER.
- State [m_color](#)
m_color stores the color of the player. Either Black or White.

3.5.1 Detailed Description

The [Player](#) class defines the current and the opponent player. Each player has its own color, BLACK or WHITE, and is of type HUMAN or COMPUTER.

3.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.5.2.1 [Player::Player](#) (QObject * *parent* = 0, State *color* = NONE, Type *type* = UNKNOWN) [explicit]

[Player](#) initializes the instance with its color and type.

Parameters

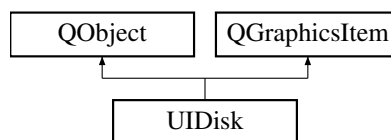
<i>parent</i>	
<i>color</i>	
<i>type</i>	

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- player/player.h
- player/player.cpp

3.6 UIDisk Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for UIDisk:



Public Types

- enum **State** {
BOARD, BLACK, WHITE, ALLOWED,
SUGGESTED }

Public Member Functions

- **UIDisk** (const double height, const double width)
- **UIDisk** (const [UIDisk](#) &disk)
- QRectF **boundingRect** () const
- void **paint** (QPainter *painter, const QStyleOptionGraphicsItem *option, QWidget *widget)
- void **setState** (const State state)
- State **getState** () const
- void **setPosition** (const double positionX, const double positionY)
- void **setSize** (const double height, const double width)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

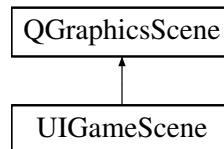
- ui/uidisk.h
- ui/uidisk.cpp

3.7 UIGameScene Class Reference

The [UIGameScene](#) class stores the graphical representation of the board using [UISquare](#) class. The [GameEngine](#) uses this class to redraw the board matrix from the [Board](#) class. This class also forwards mouse release events to the [GameEngine](#) made by the user.

```
#include <uigamescene.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for UIGameScene:



Public Slots

- virtual void [mouseReleaseEvent](#) ([QGraphicsSceneMouseEvent](#) *mouseEvent)

mouseReleaseEvent this event happens when the user releases the mouse inside this [UIGameScene](#). These events are used to forward the current mouse position to the [GameEngine](#) using the signal [newMouseEvent\(\)](#). The connect of the Signal and Slot is done inside the [MainWindow](#) class.

Signals

- void [newMouseEvent](#) ([QPointF](#) position)

newMouseEvent is used to inform the [GameEngine](#) where the user pressed inside this [UIGameScene](#). The cursor position is processed inside slot [mouseReleased\(QPoint position\)](#) of the [GameEngine](#) class.

Public Member Functions

- [UIGameScene](#) ([QObject](#) *parent)
- void [setSquareState](#) (int x, int y, [State](#) state)
- void [redrawBoard](#) ([Board](#) *board)

setSquareState

redrawBoard redraws every single square with the current state of the board matrix from the passed [Board](#) class instance.

Public Attributes

- double [m_sizeSceneRect](#)
- double [m_squareSize](#)

m_sizeSceneRect size (width and height) of the whole board.

m_squareSize size (width and height) of a single square.

3.7.1 Detailed Description

The [UIGameScene](#) class stores the graphical representation of the board using [UISquare](#) class. The [GameEngine](#) uses this class to redraw the board matrix from the [Board](#) class. This class also forwards mouse release events to the [GameEngine](#) made by the user.

3.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.7.2.1 [UIGameScene::UIGameScene](#) ([QObject](#) * *parent*)

[UIGameScene](#).

Parameters

<i>parent</i>	
---------------	--

3.7.3 Member Function Documentation

3.7.3.1 [void UIGameScene::mouseReleaseEvent](#) ([QGraphicsSceneMouseEvent](#) * *mouseEvent*) [virtual],[slot]

[mouseReleaseEvent](#) this event happens when the user releases the mouse inside this [UIGameScene](#). These events are used to forward the current mouse position to the [GameEngine](#) using the signal [newMouseEvent\(\)](#). The connect of the Signal and Slot is done inside the [MainWindow](#) class.

Parameters

<i>mouseEvent</i>	defines which mouse button was released.
-------------------	--

3.7.3.2 [void UIGameScene::newMouseEvent](#) ([QPointF](#) *position*) [signal]

[newMouseEvent](#) is used to inform the [GameEngine](#) where the user pressed inside this [UIGameScene](#). The cursor position is processed inside slot [mouseReleased\(QPoint position\)](#) of the [GameEngine](#) class.

Parameters

<i>position</i>	
-----------------	--

3.7.3.3 [void UIGameScene::redrawBoard](#) ([Board](#) * *board*)

[redrawBoard](#) redraws every single square with the current state of the board matrix from the passed [Board](#) class instance.

Parameters

<i>board</i>	Board class that holds the current board matrix with its states.
--------------	--

3.7.3.4 void `UISquare::setSquareState` (int *x*, int *y*, State *state*)`setSquareState`

Parameters

<i>x</i>	column of the board.
<i>y</i>	row of the board.
<i>state</i>	new state of the square at position (x,y).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

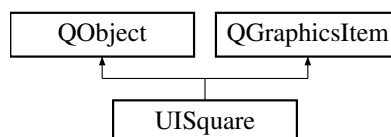
- `ui/uigamescene.h`
- `ui/uigamescene.cpp`

3.8 UISquare Class Reference

The `UISquare` class represents a single square inside the `QGraphicsScene` (`UISquareScene`). It is used to show the different states of a square (BOARD, BLACK, WHITE, ALLOWED) to the user. The board matrix 2x2 `QVector` of the `UISquareScene` class consists of these `UISquares`.

```
#include <uisquare.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for `UISquare`:



Public Member Functions

- `UISquare` (int *x*, int *y*, State *state*=NONE)
UISquare main constructor. Position on the board is used for debugging.
- `UISquare` (const double height, const double width)
- `UISquare` (const `UISquare` &*square*)
- `QRectF boundingRect` () const
- void `paint` (`QPainter` **painter*, const `QStyleOptionGraphicsItem` **option*, `QWidget` **widget*)
- void `setUISquareState` (const State *state*)
setState update the state of the square according to passed enum State {NONE, BOARD, BLACK, WHITE, ALLOWED, SUGGESTED}
- State `getUISquareState` () const
- void `setPosition` (const double boardPositionX, const double boardPositionY)
- void `setSize` (const double size)

3.8.1 Detailed Description

The [UISquare](#) class represents a single square inside the QGraphicsScene ([UIGameScene](#)). It is used to show the different states of a square (BOARD, BLACK, WHITE, ALLOWED) to the user. The board matrix 2x2 QVector of the [UIGameScene](#) class consists of these UISquares.

3.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.8.2.1 [UISquare::UISquare](#) (int *x*, int *y*, State *state* = NONE)

[UISquare](#) main constructor. Position on the board is used for debugging.

Parameters

<i>x</i>	
<i>y</i>	

3.8.3 Member Function Documentation

3.8.3.1 void [UISquare::setUISquareState](#) (const State *state*)

setState update the state of the square according to passed enum State {NONE, BOARD, BLACK, WHITE, ALLOWED, SUGGESTED}

Parameters

<i>state</i>	
--------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [ui/uisquare.h](#)
- [ui/uisquare.cpp](#)

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