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 Curso: 12 "B" ITIN
 Fecha: 19-05-2019

Encuentre:

a) $(f+g)(3)$

b) $(f-g)(3)$

c) $(fg)(3)$

d) $(f/g)(3)$

1. $f(x) = x+3$, $g(x) = x^2$

a) $(f+g)(x) = x+3+x^2$

$(f+g)(3) = 3+3+3^2$

$(f+g)(3) = 15$

c) $(fg)(x) = (x+3)(x^2)$

$(fg)(3) = (3+3)(3^2)$

$(fg)(3) = 54$

b) $(f-g)(x) = x+3-x^2$

$(f-g)(3) = 3+3-3^2$

$(f-g)(3) = -3$

d) $(f/g)(x) = \frac{x+3}{x^2}$

$(f/g)(x) = \frac{3+3}{3^2}$

$(f/g)(3) = \frac{6}{9} = \frac{2}{3}$

Encuentre:

a) $(f+g)(x)$, $(f-g)(x)$, $(fg)(x)$, $(f/g)(x)$

b) el dominio de $(f+g)$, $(f-g)$ y (fg)

c) el dominio de f/g

2. $f(x) = \frac{2x}{x-4}$, $g(x) = \frac{x}{x+5}$

a) $(f+g)(x) = \frac{2x}{x-4} + \frac{x}{x+5}$

$(f-g)(x) = \frac{2x}{x-4} - \frac{x}{x+5}$

$(fg)(x) = \left(\frac{2x}{x-4}\right) \left(\frac{x}{x+5}\right)$

$(f/g)(x) = \frac{\frac{2x}{x-4}}{\frac{x}{x+5}} = \frac{2x}{x-4} \times \frac{x+5}{x}$

b) $(f+g) \begin{cases} x-4 > 0 \\ x > 4 \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} x+5 > 0 \\ x > -5 \end{cases}$

$\text{Dom}(f+g) = 4 < x > -5$

$(f-g) \begin{cases} x-4 > 0 \\ x > 4 \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} x+5 > 0 \\ x > -5 \end{cases}$

$\text{Dom}(f-g) = 4 < x > -5$

$(fg) \begin{cases} x-4 > 0 \\ x > 4 \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} x+5 > 0 \\ x > -5 \end{cases}$

$\text{Dom}(fg) = 4 < x > -5$

c) $(f/g) \begin{cases} x-4 > 0 \\ x > 4 \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} x > 0 \end{cases}$

$\text{Dom}(f/g) = 4 < x > 0$

5. $f(x) = \sqrt{x+5}$, $g(x) = \sqrt{x+5}$

a) $(f+g)(x) = \sqrt{x+5} + \sqrt{x+5}$

$(f-g)(x) = \sqrt{x+5} - \sqrt{x+5}$

$(fg)(x) = (\sqrt{x+5})(\sqrt{x+5})$

$(f/g)(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x+5}}{\sqrt{x+5}}$

b) $(f+g) = x+5 \geq 0$
 $x \geq -5$

Dom = $x \geq -5$

$(f-g) = x+5 \geq 0$
 $x \geq -5$

Dom = $x \geq -5$

$(fg) = x+5 \geq 0$
 $x \geq -5$

Dom = $x \geq -5$

$(f/g) = x+5 \geq 0$
 $x \geq -5$

Dom = $x \geq -5$

Encuentre

a) $(f \circ g)(x)$ b) $(g \circ f)(x)$ c) $(f \circ f)(x)$ d) $(g \circ g)(x)$

10. $f(x) = 3x^2$, $g(x) = x-2$

a) $f(g(x)) = 3x^2$
 $= 3(x-2)^2$
 $= 3(x^2 - 4x + 4)$

$(f \circ g)(x) = 3x^2 - 12x + 12$

b) $g(f(x)) = x-2$
 $= (3x^2) - 2$
 $(g \circ f)(x) = 3x^2 - 2$

c) $f(f(x)) = 3x^2$
 $= 3(3x^2)^2$
 $= 3(9x^4)$

$(f \circ f)(x) = 27x^4$

d) $g(g(x)) = x-2$
 $= (x-2) - 2$
 $(g \circ g)(x) = 2x - 4$

Encuentre

a) $(f \circ g)(x)$ c) $f(g(-2))$
b) $(g \circ f)(x)$ d) $g(f(3))$

13. $f(x) = 3x^2 + 4$, $g(x) = 5x$

a) $(f \circ g)(x) = 3x^2 + 4$
 $= 3(5x)^2 + 4$
 $= 3(25x^2) + 4$
 $= 75x^2 + 4$

b) $(g \circ f)(x) = 5x$
 $= 5(3x^2 + 4)$
 $= 15x^2 + 20$

c) $f(g(-2)) = 3x^2 + 4$
 $= 3(5x)^2 + 4$
 $= 3(5(-2))^2 + 4$
 $= 3(-10)^2 + 4$
 $= 304$

d) $g(f(3)) = 5x$
 $= 5(3x^2 + 4)$
 $= 5(3(3)^2 + 4)$
 $= 5(27 + 4)$
 $= 155$

15. $f(x) = 2x^2 + 3x - 4$, $g(x) = 2x - 1$

a) $(f \circ g)(x) = 2x^2 + 3x - 4$
 $= 2(2x-1)^2 + 3(2x-1) - 4$
 $= 2(4x^2 - 4x + 1) + 6x - 3 - 4$
 $= 4x^2 - 2x - 5$

b) $(g \circ f)(x) = 2x - 1$
 $= 2(2x^2 + 3x - 4) - 1$
 $= 4x^2 + 6x - 8 - 1$
 $= 4x^2 + 6x - 9$

c) $f(g(-2)) = 2x^2 + 3x - 4$
 $= 2(2x-1)^2 + 3(2x-1) - 4$
 $= 2(2(-2)-1)^2 + 3(2(-2)-1) - 4$
 $= 2(-5)^2 + 3(-5) - 4$
 $= 50 - 19$
 $= 31$

d) $g(f(3)) = 2x - 1$
 $= 2(2x^2 + 3x - 4) - 1$
 $= 2(2(3)^2 + 3(3) - 4) - 1$
 $= 2(23) - 1$
 $= 45$

18. $f(x) = x^3 + 2x^2$, $g(x) = 3x$

a) $(f \circ g)(x) = x^3 + 2x^2$
 $= (3x)^3 + 2(3x)^2$
 $= 27x^3 + 18x^2$

b) $(g \circ f)(x) = 3x$
 $= 3(x^3 + 2x^2)$
 $= 3x^3 + 6x^2$

c) $f(g(-2)) = x^3 + 2x^2$
 $= (3x)^3 + 2(3x)^2$
 $= (3(-2))^3 + 2(3(-2))^2$
 $= 216 + 72$
 $= 288$

d) $g(f(3)) = 3x$
 $= 3(x^3 + 2x^2)$
 $= 3((3)^3 + 2(3)^2)$
 $= 3(27 + 18)$
 $= 3(45)$
 $= 135$

Encuentre

a) $(f \circ g)(x)$ y Dom b) $(g \circ f)(x)$ y Dom

22. $f(x) = \sqrt{x-15}$, $g(x) = x^2 + 2x$

a) $(f \circ g)(x) = \sqrt{x-15}$
 $= \sqrt{(x^2 + 2x) - 15}$
 $= \sqrt{x^2 + 2x - 15}$

Dom $(f \circ g)(x) = -5 \leq x \leq 3$

b) $(g \circ f)(x) = x^2 + 2x$
 $= (\sqrt{x-15})^2 + 2(\sqrt{x-15})$
 $= x - 15 + 2\sqrt{x-15}$

Dom $(g \circ f)(x) = x \geq 15$

$x^2 + 2x - 15 \geq 0$
 $(x+5)(x-3) \geq 0$
 $x+5 \geq 0 \quad x-3 \geq 0$
 $x \geq -5 \quad x \geq 3$

$x - 15 \geq 0$
 $x \geq 15$

$$24. f(x) = -x^2 + 1, \quad g(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a) (f \circ g)(x) &= -x^2 + 1 \\ &= -(\sqrt{x})^2 + 1 \\ &= -x + 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Dom}(f \circ g)(x) = \mathbb{R}$$

$$b) (g \circ f)(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{-x^2 + 1}}$$

$$\text{Dom}(g \circ f)(x) = x \geq 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} -x^2 + 1 &\geq 0 \\ 1 &\leq x \end{aligned}$$

$$28. f(x) = x^3 + 5, \quad g(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-5}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a) (f \circ g)(x) &= x^3 + 5 \\ &= (\sqrt[3]{x-5})^3 + 5 \\ &= x - 5 + 5 \\ &= x \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Dom}(f \circ g)(x) = \mathbb{R}$$

$$\begin{aligned} b) (g \circ f)(x) &= \sqrt[3]{x-5} \\ &= \sqrt[3]{(x^3+5)-5} \\ &= \sqrt[3]{x^3} \\ &= x \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Dom}(g \circ f)(x) = \mathbb{R}$$

$$32. f(x) = \frac{x}{x-2}, \quad g(x) = \frac{3}{x}$$

$$a) (f \circ g)(x) = \frac{x}{x-2}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{3}{x}}{\frac{3}{x}-2}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{3}{x}}{\frac{3-2x}{x}}$$

$$= \frac{3x}{3x-2x^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3x-2x^2 &> 0 \\ x(3-2x) &> 0 \\ x > 0 \quad x < \frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$b) (g \circ f)(x) = \frac{\frac{3}{x}}{\frac{x}{x-2}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{3}{x}}{\frac{x}{x-2}}$$

$$= \frac{3x-6}{x}$$

$$\text{Dom} = x \in \mathbb{R} > 0$$

$$\text{Dom} = -\frac{3}{2} > x > 0$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x+2}{x-1}, \quad g(x) = \frac{x-5}{x+4}$$

$$a) (f \circ g)(x) = \frac{x+2}{x-1}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{x-5}{x+4}\right) + 2}{\left(\frac{x-5}{x+4}\right) - 1}$$

$$= \frac{x-5+2(x+4)}{x-5-(x+4)}$$

$$= \frac{3x+3}{-9}$$

$$= \frac{(3x+3)(x+4)}{(x+4)(-9)}$$

$$= \frac{3x+3}{-9}$$

$$\text{Dom: } x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$b) (g \circ f)(x) = \frac{x-5}{x+4}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{x+2}{x-1}\right) - 5}{\left(\frac{x+2}{x-1}\right) + 4}$$

$$= \frac{x+2-5(x-1)}{x+2+4(x-1)}$$

$$= \frac{-4x+7}{5x-2}$$

$$= \frac{(x-1)(-4x+7)}{(x-1)(5x-2)}$$

$$= \frac{-4x+7}{5x-2}$$

$$\text{Dom: } x \in \mathbb{R} > \frac{2}{5}$$

$$5x-2 > 0$$

$$x > \frac{2}{5}$$