

## 과제 1

### Exercise 1 (State/Action verbs, Present Simple/Continuous, Past Simple/Continuous)

Class: 03

Student number: 18011690

Name: 이정안

- Choose the present simple or present continuous.

1. She has a bath every evening.
2. My husband taste always the food while I'm cooking! It's very annoying.
3. A: Where's Luke? B: He is seeing the doctor now.
4. I not think that's a good idea.
5. This coffee not taste right.
6. What do you think about the war in Ukraine?
7. She has a headache.
8. It is cold today.
9. They don't have a car.
10. I don't see anything, I can't work the telescope.
11. The waiter is tasting the wine now.
12. A: What are you doing? B: I am thinking about my ex-boyfriend.
13. I have fun today!
14. I see Julie every Tuesday.
15. I have an idea!
16. A: Achoo! B: Bless you! do you have a cold?
17. They often see a film on Fridays.
18. Do you have a good time at the moment?
19. The chef always taste the food before he serves it.

- Put the verbs in brackets in their correct form. Use the simple present or present continuous tense.

20. Actually, that sounds wonderful.
21. We are cooking right now.
22. I promise to be back soon.
23. Frank and his wife disagree (disagree) on this matter.
24. He owns several large companies.
25. Do you hearing Richard's voice now?
26. I don't mean to hurt you.
27. Do you mind taking out the garbage?

28. I seriously \_doubt\_ it.
29. \_Dose\_ he \_eat\_ rice every day? (eat)
30. \_Dose\_ he \_come\_ to London often? (come)
31. It \_rain\_ a lot here in summer. (rain)
32. I was reading a book, and it \_say\_ that this species of bird migrates thousands of miles each year. (say)

● **Put the verbs in brackets in their correct form. Use the past simple or past continuous tense.**

33. He \_was sleeping\_ when the doorbell \_ring\_(ring).
34. Yesterday I \_went\_ to the post office, \_bought\_(buy) some fruit at the supermarket and \_read\_a book in the park.
35. We \_were watching\_(watch) TV when we \_hear\_(hear) a loud noise.
36. A: What \_where you doing\_ at 3 pm yesterday? B: I \_was clening\_my house.
37. When he \_got\_(get) home, we started to eat dinner together.

● **Correct the errors.**

38. Mike, are you listening to me? I am talking to you!
39. While I was surfing the Internet yesterday, I was finding a really interesting website.
40. I am not agree with your opinion.
41. My roommate usually watch television, listen to music, or gose out in the evening.
42. While I was driving home last night, I heared a strange noise in the engine.

<다음 4문장은 서로 이어지는 문장임>

43.	Yesterday, while I was sitting at my computer, Shelley suddenly came into the room.
44.	I wasn't knowing she was there. I was concentrate hard on my work.
45.	When she suddenly speak, I am jump.
46.	She startle me.

● **Translate the following short text into English.**

1. (나는) 지난 주에 인도네시아에 출장 갔었어요. x
2. 자카르타에 있는 5성 호텔에서 묵었어요. x
3. 그곳에서 인도네시아 정부가 컨퍼런스를 개최하고 있었거든요. x
4. 제가 연구원의 대표로 프레젠테이션을 했어요. x

5. 참석자들로부터 좋은 호응을 얻었습니다. X

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## 채점

### 과제 1

#### Exercise 1 (State/Action verbs, Present Simple/Continuous, Past Simple/Continuous)

Class: 03

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- Choose the present simple or present continuous.

1. She has a bath every evening.

2. My husband taste always the food while I'm cooking! It's very annoying.

My husband is always tasting the food while I'm cooking! It's very annoying. 현재 진행형 시제로 always가 등장하였으므로 too often에 해당한다.(부정적인) 현재 진행형은 `be 동사 + 동사의 ing`이기 때문에 주어가 3인칭 단수로 is always tasting으로 정리된다. 조금 헷갈리는 부분은 1일차 수업을 듣지 않아서 동사간의 우선순위가 어렵다.

3. A: Where's Luke? B: He is seeing the doctor now.

4. I not think that's a good idea.

I don't think that's a good idea.

5. This coffee not taste right.

This coffee doesn't taste right taste는 감각동사로 단순 형태로 사용해야 한다. 주어가 3인칭 단수이기 때문에 does를 사용하여 doesn't taste

6. What do you think about the war in Ukraine?

7. She has a headache.

8. It is cold today.

9. They don't have a car.

10. I don't see anything, I can't work the telescope.

11. The waiter is tasting the wine now.

12. A: What are you doing? B: I am thinking about my ex-boyfriend.

13. I have fun today!

I am having fun today! 현재 진행형, `be 동사 + 동사 ing형태`로 나타내야 한다. 주어 인 I에서 be동사는 am이

되고 have의 ing형태인 having(e삭제)

14. I \_see\_ Julie every Tuesday.

15. I \_have\_ an idea!

16. A: Achoo! B: Bless you! \_do you have\_ a cold?

17. They often \_see\_ a film on Fridays.

18. \_Do you have\_ a good time at the moment?

현재 진행형 질문 문장은 Be동사 + 주어 + 동사의 ing형태로 구성된다. 따라서 주어인 you를 따라 Are you having a good time at the moment

19. The chef always \_taste\_ the food before he serves it.

The chef always tastes the food before he serves it. 주어가 3인칭 단수이기 때문에 s나 es가 붙는다. 따라서 tastes가 된다.

● Put the verbs in brackets in their correct form. Use the simple present or present continuous tense.

20. Actually, that \_sounds\_ wonderful.

21. We \_are cooking\_ right now.

22. I \_promise\_ to be back soon.

23. Frank and his wife \_disagree\_(disagree) on this matter.

24. He \_owns\_several large companies.

25. \_Do\_ you \_hearing\_ Richard's voice now?

26. I \_don't mean\_ to hurt you.

27. \_Do\_ you \_mind\_ taking out the garbage?

28. I seriously \_doubt\_ it.

29. \_Dose\_ he \_eat\_ rice every day? (eat)

30. \_Dose\_ he \_come\_ to London often? (come)

31. It \_rain\_ a lot here in summer. (rain)

rain이라는 동사는 단순 시제는 '주어 + 동사의 기본형'으로 구성된다. 주어가 3인칭 단수라 's'또는 'es'

32. I was reading a book, and it \_say\_ that this species of bird migrates thousands of miles each year. (say)

동일한 문제

● Put the verbs in brackets in their correct form. Use the past simple or past continuous tense.

33. He \_was sleeping\_when the doorbell \_ring\_(ring).

34. Yesterday I \_went\_ to the post office, \_bought\_(buy) some fruit at the supermarket and \_read\_a book in the park.

35. We \_were watching\_(watch) TV when we \_hear\_(hear) a loud noise.

36. A: What \_where you doing\_ at 3 pm yesterday? B: I \_was clening\_my house.

37. When he \_got\_(get) home, we started to eat dinner together.

● **Correct the errors.**

38. Mike, are you listening to me? I am talking to you!

39. While I was surfing the Internet yesterday, I was finding a really interesting website.

While I was surfing the internet yesterday, I found a really interesting website 여기서 was finding을 수정하는 것이

좋다. 과거 두 가지 동작이 겹칠 땐, short action으로 변경해야 한다. Find는 발견이라는 순간적인 행위를 나타낸다.

40. I am not agree with your opinion.

Am이 아닌 do not으로 가져가야 한다. To 부정사를 취하는 것

41. My roommate usually watch television, listen to music, or gose out in the evening.

My roommate usually watches television, listens to music, or goes out in the evening.

주어가 3인칭 단수이므로 s를 붙여야 한다. Watches, 동사인 goint도 gose형태로 현뎀 단순 시제로 변경해야 한다.

42. While I was driving home last night, I heared a strange noise in the engine.

Heared의 과거형에 맞게 수정 heard..

<다음 4문장은 서로 이어지는 문장임>

43.	Yesterday, while I was sitting at my computer, Shelley suddenly came into the room.
44.	I wasn't knowing she was there. I was concentrate hard on my work. Know동사를 사용한 부정문이므로
45.	didn't을 사용해야 한다. concentrate" 동사의 현재 분사 형태 "concentrating"을 사용
46.	When she suddenly speak, I am jump. Speak-> spoke로 수정(현재 시제), I jumped. She startle me. 과거형인 startled로 사용

● **Translate the following short text into English.**

6. (나는) 지난 주에 인도네시아에 출장 갔었어요. X

I went on a business trip to Indonesia last week. 출장을 가다 `go on a business trip` 시제는 단순 과거 (last week)

따라서 I **went on a business trip** to Indonesia **last week**

7. 자카르타에 있는 5성 호텔에서 묵었어요. X

I stayed at a 5-star hotel in Jarkarta. 호텔에 묵다 `stay at a hotel` (특정 장소, 건물 앞에는 전치사 at사용) 5성

호텔은 a 5-star hotel, 자카르타에 있는 In Jarkart(town, city, country 앞에는 전치사 in사용)

따라서 I **stayed** at a 5-star hotel in Jarkarta.

8. 그곳에서 인도네시아 정부가 컨퍼런스를 개최하고 있었거든요. X

The Indonesian government was holding a conference there. ~를 주최하다. Hold 지난 주 출장 때 개최중이 었기

때문에 과거 진행 시제, 인도네시아 정부 The Indonesian government

따라서 The Indonesian government **was holding** a conference there

9. 제가 연구원의 대표로 프레젠테이션을 했어요. X

**I made a presentation as the repersatative of our institute.**

프레젠테이션하다. Make a presentation 대표로서 as the representative

따라서 I **made** a presentation as the repersatative of our institute

10. 참석자들로부터 좋은 호응을 얻었습니다. X

I got a good feedback from the attendees.호응을 얻다 `get a good feedback` (수를 셀 수 없는 명사이므로 그냥)

참석자 attendee (참석하다라는 동사에서 파생된 명사) 따라서 I **got** a good feedback from the attendees

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