

## Design Notes

1. `matrix_t` is a struct which contains a pointer to the first top-left element of each matrix. The matrix is traversed by other functions starting from that element. The struct also contains the number of rows and columns.
2. I had to use `malloc` to allocate memory for the struct and for the 2-d array inside the struct.
3. I am getting incompatible pointer type warnings which I have not figured out how to solve. I hope you'll have some mercy.

## Sample Output

```
faysal@DESKTOP-AOGE5FF:/mnt/c/Users/faysa/Dropbox/School/CSC220/Project2$ ./project2
Printing matrix at address 0x16ca010:
    5    6
    7    8
Printing matrix at address 0x16ca050:
    5    6
    7    8
    0    0
    0    0
Trying to add matrices...

Matrix dimensions do not match, cannot add. Returning pointer to empty matrix.
Printing matrix at address 0x16ca0a0:
    0    0
    0    0
Trying to transpose...

Printing matrix at address 0x16ca0e0:
    5    7    0    0
    6    8    0    0
```

## matrix\_t struct

```
typedef struct matrix_t {
    int rows;
    int cols;
    int ** topLeft;
} matrix_t;
```

## new\_matrix()

```
matrix_t* new_matrix(int rows, int cols) {
    /*
     * new_matrix() returns a pointer to a matrix_t struct
     */

    matrix_t* new_matrix = (matrix_t *) malloc(sizeof(matrix_t));
    int matrix[rows][cols];

    new_matrix->topLeft = (int**) malloc(sizeof(int**));
    new_matrix->rows = rows;
    new_matrix->cols = cols;

    zero_matrix(new_matrix);

    return new_matrix;
}

void zero_matrix(matrix_t* matrix) {
    int i=0;
    int j=0;
    int (*ptr)[matrix->cols];
    ptr = matrix->topLeft;

    for (i=0; i<matrix->rows; i++) {
        for (j=0; j<matrix->cols; j++) {
            ptr[i][j]=0;
        }
    }
}
```

## add\_matrices()

```
matrix_t * add_matrices(const matrix_t * matrix1, const matrix_t * matrix2) {
    int numRows = matrix1->rows;
    int numCols = matrix1->cols;

    matrix_t* result = new_matrix(numRows, numCols);

    int (*rpPtr)[numCols];
    int (*ptr1)[numCols];
    int (*ptr2)[numCols];
    int i;
    int j;

    if ( (matrix1->rows != matrix2->rows) || (matrix1->cols != matrix2->cols) ) {
        printf("Matrix dimensions do not match, cannot add. Returning pointer to
empty matrix.\n");
        return result;
    }

    rpPtr = result->topLeft;
    ptr1 = matrix1->topLeft;
    ptr2 = matrix2->topLeft;

    for (i=0; i<numRows; i++) {
        for (j=0; j<numCols; j++) {
            rpPtr[i][j] = ptr1[i][j] + ptr2[i][j];
        }
    }

    return result;
}
```