The l3pdftools module temporary collection of pdf related commands LaTeX PDF management testphase bundle

The \LaTeX Project*

Version 0.95c, released 2021-03-17

1 **I3pdftools** documentation

This module collects a number of candidate commands for the l3pdf module

 $\frac{\pdf_name_from_unicode_e:n \ \ }{\pdf_name_from_unicode_e:n \ \ } \\$

This converts $\langle content \rangle$ to a format suitable for a PDF Name. The output depends on the backend: For almost all backends it will first expand the content with \text_expand:n and then escape it in the way needed in a PDF Name with \str_convert_pdfname:e, and at last prepend a slash before. Typically such names use only ascii, but non-ascii is supported, but should be utf8 encoded. For example

\pdf_name_from_unicode_e:n {A~B\c_percent_str C\c_hash_str D€}} will output /A#20B#25C#23D#E2#82#AC.

With dvips it will expand the content with text_expand:n and then wrap it in a cvn operation ("convert to name"). So the example above will output (A B%C#D€) cvn to the postscript. The content should not contain unbalanced parentheses with dvips.

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```
\protect\ \pdf_string_from_unicode:nnN \pdf_string_from_unicode:nnN \{\langle format \rangle \} \{\langle tlvar \} \}
                     New: 2020-07-04
```

This converts $\langle content \rangle$ following the rules defined by $\langle format \rangle$ and stores the result in \(\lambda tlvar\rangle\). The assignment is done locally. Non-ascii input should be utf8 encoded. Currently the following formats exist:

utf8/string-raw this converts with \str_set_convert: Nnnn into utf8/string.

utf8/string this converts into utf8/string and adds parentheses around the result.

utf8/URI-raw this converts with \str_set_convert: Nnnn into utf8/url and then replaces reserved and digits back from the percent encoding. Parentheses are escaped.

utf8/URI this converts into utf8/URI and adds parentheses around the result.

utf16/string-raw this converts with \str_set_convert: Nnnn into utf16/string.

utf16/string this converts into utf16/string and adds parentheses around the result.

utf16/hex-raw this converts into utf16/hex

utf16/hex this converts into utf16/hex and adds bracket around the result.

BDC operator / Properties resource 1.1

Entries to the /Properties dictionary in the page resources can be added with dvips only through side-effects: if a BDC-mark is created dvips/ghostscript will automatically create the necessary objects and names. To get a sensible abstraction the code does the same for the other backends if the core management code has been activated. This means that the behaviour of the command is different then. The \pdf_bdcobject:.. should only be used if the management is active.

\pdf_bdc:nn

 $\pdf_bdc:nn {\langle tag \rangle} {\langle dictionary content \rangle}$

Updated: 2020-07-03 This command adds a BDC marked content operator to the current page stream. $\langle tag \rangle$ is the tag of this operator (without the leading slash), $\langle dictionary\ content \rangle$ is the content of the second argument. If the PDF resource management is active an dictionary object with the content is created and referenced with a name in the BDC operator. Without the resource management the content is used directly. It then depends on the backend how it is handled: with dvips a name is used while the pdfmode engines and dvipdfmx write the content into the stream.

 $\pdf_bdcobject:nn \pdf_bdcobject:nn {\langle tag \rangle} {\langle object name \rangle}$

New: 2020-07-03 This command adds a BDC marked content operator to the current page stream. $\langle taq \rangle$ is the tag of this operator (without the leading slash), $\langle object \ name \rangle$ is a the name of an dictionary object reserved with \pdf_object_new:nn and filled with \pdf_object_write:n with the properties of the BDC. Reusing a predefined object can save space but the command works correctly only if the resources management has been activated and should be used only if this can be ensured.

 $\pdf_bdcobject:n \pdf_bdcobject:n {\langle tag \rangle}$

Updated: 2020-07-03 This command adds a BDC marked content operator to the current page stream. $\langle taq \rangle$ is the tag of this operator (without the leading slash). As object this commands uses the last anonymous dictionary object created with \pdf_object_unnamed_write:nn. It lies in the responsibility of the user that the last object is the wanted one. Like with \pdf_bdcobject:nn the command works correctly only if the resources management has been activated and should be used only if this can be ensured.

```
\pdf_bmc:n
```

```
\pdf_bmc:n {\langle tag \rangle}
```

New: 2019-10-17 This command created a BMC marked content operator. The argument is the tag without the leading slash. It can be e.g. used for simple artifact markers.

\pdf_emc:

\pdf_emc:

New: 2019-06-30 This command closes the BDC marked content operator opened with \pdf bdc:nn. It should be on the same page as the bdc-command.

```
\pdf object new:nn
                     {objA}{dict}
\pdf_object_write:nn {objA}{/Type/Artifact}
\pdf_bdc:nn {Span}{objA}
text
\pdf_emc:
```

I3pdftools implementation

```
1 (*header)
2 \ProvidesExplPackage{13pdftools}{2021-03-17}{0.95c}
   {candidate commands for 13pdf---LaTeX PDF management testphase bundle}
4 (/header)
5 (@@=pdf)
6 (*package)
```

Conversions and export functions

\pdf_name_from_unicode_e:n \pdf_name_from_unicode_e:V

```
7 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \str_convert_pdfname:n { e }
  \cs_new:Npn \pdf_name_from_unicode_e:n #1
      \__kernel_pdf_name_from_unicode_e:n { #1 }
14 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \pdf_name_from_unicode_e:n {V}
```

(End definition for \pdf_name_from_unicode_e:n. This function is documented on page 1.)

The convert command must use a different value the source encoding depending on the engines. Until the PR in str-convert is active we add the alias here too

```
15 \bool_lazy_any:nTF
      \sys_if_engine_luatex_p:
```

\pdf_string_from_unicode:nnN

(End definition for \pdf_string_from_unicode:nnN. This function is documented on page 2.)
Most converter are simply wrapper around the str-convert commands and so use the same names, with the addition raw if no delimiters are added. The exception is the one for url's: it reverts most of the percent encodings and escapes the parentheses. That's why its name is URI instead of url. The current code is probably quite slow and will need a replacement.

```
_pdf_string_from_unicode_utf8/string-raw:nN
    __pdf_string_from_unicode_utf8/URI-raw:nN
    __pdf_string_from_unicode_utf8/URI-raw:nN
    __pdf_string_from_unicode_utf8/URI:nN
pdf_string_from_unicode_utf16/string-raw:nN
    __pdf_string_from_unicode_utf16/string:nN
    __pdf_string_from_unicode_utf16/hex-raw:nN
    __pdf_string_from_unicode_utf16/hex:nN
```

```
_{
m 37} %% TODO Names need a review when it is clear which converters
38 %% are actually needed
39 %% string conversions and printing
40 %% we assume here that the text purify step has been done. The input is
41 %% a list of (utf8) chars.
42 %% str convert, not expandable.
43 % filespec (attachment view) tests:
    utf8: gr\303\274\303\237e.txt
44 %
45 %
       %doesn't work, umlaut wrong,
    utf8 with BOM \357\273\277gr\303\274\303\237e.txt
46 %
       %doesn't work, umlaut wrong, bom visible
     utf16 with BE: (FEFF)
49 %
      \376\377\000g\000r\000\374\000\337\000e\000.\000t\000x\000t %works
                   xetex converts to <feff0067007200fc00df0065002e007400780074>
50 %
     utf16 with BE / HEX: <FEFF0067007200FC00DF0065002E007400780074> works
51 %
52
53 % bookmarks: as pdfoutline uses () currently only utf16 with BE is usable.
_{54} % check if one can use HEX too when directly writing the object
55 % =======
56 % uri: utf16BE/string seems not to work, hex neither
         utf8/string works but not on macos,
         so a specfic utf8/url variant is needed
58 %
59 % =======
60 % "input" is utf8 for pdftex, empty (native) for unicode engine
```

```
61 % commands to output literal strings (...)
  \cs_new_protected:cpn { __pdf_string_from_unicode_utf8/string-raw:nN } #1 #2
63
    {
64
        \str_set_convert:Nnnn #2
65
           { #1 }
66
           { default }
67
           {utf8/string}
    }
70
  \cs_new_protected:cpn { __pdf_string_from_unicode_utf8/string:nN } #1 #2
71
       \use:c { __pdf_string_from_unicode_utf8/string-raw:nN } { #1 } #2
       \str_put_left:Nn #2 {(}
74
       \str_put_right:Nn #2 {)}
75
76
77 % special url command:
  \cs_new_protected:cpx { __pdf_string_from_unicode_utf8/URI-raw:nN } #1 #2
78
79
        \exp_not:N \str_set_convert:Nnnn #2
80
81
          { #1 }
          { default }
82
          {utf8/url}
83
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 3A} {:}
84
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 2F} {/}
85
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 23} {\c_hash_str}
86
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 5B} {[}
87
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 5D} {]}
88
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 40} {\c_atsign_str}
89
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 21} {!}
91
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 24} {\c_dollar_str}
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 26} {\c_ampersand_str}
92
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 27} {'}
93
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 2A} {*}
94
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 2B} {+}
95
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 2C} {,}
96
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 3B} {;}
97
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 3D} {=}
98
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 30} {0}
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 31} {1}
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 32} {2}
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 33} {3}
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 34} {4}
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 35} {5}
104
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 36} {6}
105
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 37} {7}
106
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 38} {8}
107
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 39} {9}
108
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 28} {\c_backslash_str(}
109
        \exp_not:N \str_replace_all:Nnn #2 {\c_percent_str 29} {\c_backslash_str)}
    }
\lambda \cs_new_protected:cpn { __pdf_string_from_unicode_utf8/URI:nN } #1 #2
    {
114
```

```
\use:c { __pdf_string_from_unicode_utf8/URI-raw:nN } {#1} #2
115
        \str_put_left:Nn #2 {(}
116
        \str_put_right:Nn #2 {)}
     }
118
119 % with utf16 with BE marker
   \cs_new_protected:cpn { __pdf_string_from_unicode_utf16/string-raw:nN } #1 #2
120
       \str_set_convert:Nnnn #2
122
         { #1 }
         { default }
124
         {utf16/string}
125
     }
126
   \cs_new_protected:cpn { __pdf_string_from_unicode_utf16/string:nN } #1 #2
128
129
       \use:c { __pdf_string_from_unicode_utf16/string-raw:nN } {#1} #2
130
       \str_put_left:Nn #2 {(}
131
       \str_put_right:Nn #2 {)}
132
133
   \cs_new_protected:cpn { __pdf_string_from_unicode_utf16/hex-raw:nN } #1 #2
135
136
        \str_set_convert:Nnnn #2
137
          { #1 }
138
          { default }
139
          {utf16/hex}
140
     }
141
142
   \cs_new_protected:cpn { __pdf_string_from_unicode_utf16/hex:nN } #1 #2
143
       \use:c { __pdf_string_from_unicode_utf16/hex-raw:nN } {#1} #2
145
       \str_put_left:Nn #2 {<}
146
       \str_put_right:Nn #2 {>}
147
     }
148
149
(End definition for pdf string from unicode utf8/string-raw:nN and others.)
2.1.1 BDC operator commands
                           \pdf_bdc:nn #1 #2 { \__pdf_backend_bdc:nn { #1 }{ #2 } }
```

```
\pdf_bdc:nn
\pdf_bdcobject:nn
                    150 \cs_new_protected:Npn
\pdf_bdcobject:n
                    151 \cs_new_protected:Npn
                                                \pdf_bdcobject:nn #1 #2 { \__pdf_backend_bdcobject:nn { #1 }{ #2 } }
                                                \pdf_bdcobject:n #1
       \pdf_bmc:n
                    152 \cs_new_protected:Npn
                                                                          { \__pdf_backend_bdcobject:n { #1 } }
                                                                   { \ \ \ }  { \__pdf_backend_bmc:n { #1 } }
        \pdf_emc:
                    153 \cs_new_protected:Npn
                                                \pdf_bmc:n #1
                                                                   { \__pdf_backend_emc: }
                    154 \cs_new_protected:Npn
                                                \pdf_emc:
                    (End definition for \pdf bdc:nn and others. These functions are documented on page 2.)
                    155 (/package)
```

Index

The italic numbers denote the pages where the corresponding entry is described, numbers underlined point to the definition, all others indicate the places where it is used.

Numbers	\pdf_backend_bdcobject:nn 151
\0 49	\pdf_backend_bmc:n 153
\2 44, 46	$_{pdf}$ backend_emc: 154
\3 44, 46, 49	pdf_string_from_unicode
	utf16/hex-raw:nN <u>37</u>
В	pdf_string_from_unicode
bool commands:	utf16/hex:nN
\bool_lazy_any:nTF 15	pdf_string_from_unicode
\mathbf{C}	utf16/string-raw:nN 37
cs commands:	pdf_string_from_unicode
	$utf16/string:nN \dots 37$
\cs_generate_variant:Nn 7, 14, 36	pdf_string_from_unicode
\cs_if_exist_use:NTF	utf8/string-raw:nN 37
\cs_new:Npn 9, 26 \cs_new_protected:Npn	pdf_string_from_unicode
	utf8/string:nN 37
128, 135, 143, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154	pdf_string_from_unicode
\cs_new_protected:Npx 78	utf8/URI-raw:nN <u>37</u>
1	pdf_string_from_unicode
${f E}$	utf8/URI:nN 37
exp commands:	prop commands:
\exp_not:N 80,	\prop_gput:\nn \cdot \cdot 21, 24
84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93,	\ProvidesExplPackage 2
94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102,	g
102 104 105 106 107 108 100 110	${f S}$
103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110	-t
103, 104, 103, 100, 107, 108, 109, 110	str commands:
103, 104, 103, 100, 107, 108, 109, 110 K	\c_ampersand_str 92
	\c_ampersand_str
K	\c_ampersand_str
K kernel internal commands: \kernel_msg_error:nnn 30 \kernel_pdf_name_from_unicode	\c_ampersand_str 92 \c_atsign_str 89 \c_backslash_str 109, 110 \c_dollar_str 91
K kernel internal commands: \kernel_msg_error:nnn 30	\c_ampersand_str 92 \c_atsign_str 89 \c_backslash_str 109, 110 \c_dollar_str 91 \c_hash_str 86
K kernel internal commands: \kernel_msg_error:nnn	\c_ampersand_str 92 \c_atsign_str 89 \c_backslash_str 109, 110 \c_dollar_str 91 \c_hash_str 86 \c_percent_str 84,
K kernel internal commands: \kernel_msg_error:nnn	\c_ampersand_str
K kernel internal commands: \kernel_msg_error:nnn	\c_ampersand_str
K kernel internal commands: \kernel_msg_error:nnn	\c_ampersand_str
K kernel internal commands: \kernel_msg_error:nnn	\c_ampersand_str
K kernel internal commands: \kernel_msg_error:nnn	\c_ampersand_str
K kernel internal commands: \kernel_msg_error:nnn 30 \kernel_pdf_name_from_unicode	\c_ampersand_str
K kernel internal commands: \kernel_msg_error:nnn 30 \kernel_pdf_name_from_unicode	\c_ampersand_str
K kernel internal commands: \kernel_msg_error:nnn	\c_ampersand_str
K kernel internal commands: \kernel_msg_error:nnn 30 \kernel_pdf_name_from_unicode	\c_ampersand_str
K kernel internal commands: \kernel_msg_error:nnn	\c_ampersand_str
K kernel internal commands: \kernel_msg_error:nnn	\c_ampersand_str
K kernel internal commands: \kernel_msg_error:nnn	\c_ampersand_str
K kernel internal commands: \kernel_msg_error:nnn 30 \kernel_pdf_name_from_unicode	\c_ampersand_str
K kernel internal commands: \kernel_msg_error:nnn 30 \kernel_pdf_name_from_unicode e:n 11 P pdf commands: \pdf_bdc:nn 2, 3, 150, 150 \pdf_bdcobject: 2 \pdf_bdcobject:n 3, 150, 152 \pdf_bdcobject:nn 3, 150, 151 \pdf_bmc:n 3, 150, 151 \pdf_bmc:n 3, 150, 153 \pdf_emc: 3, 150, 154 \pdf_name_from_unicode_e:n 1, 7, 9, 14 \pdf_object_new:nn 2 \pdf_object_unnamed_write:nn 3 \pdf_object_write:n 2 \pdf_string_from_unicode:nnN	\c_ampersand_str
K kernel internal commands: \kernel_msg_error:nnn	\c_ampersand_str
K kernel internal commands: \kernel_msg_error:nnn 30 \kernel_pdf_name_from_unicode e:n 11 P pdf commands: \pdf_bdc:nn 2, 3, 150, 150 \pdf_bdcobject: 2 \pdf_bdcobject:n 3, 150, 152 \pdf_bdcobject:nn 3, 150, 151 \pdf_bmc:n 3, 150, 151 \pdf_bmc:n 3, 150, 153 \pdf_emc: 3, 150, 154 \pdf_name_from_unicode_e:n 1, 7, 9, 14 \pdf_object_new:nn 2 \pdf_object_unnamed_write:nn 3 \pdf_object_write:n 2 \pdf_string_from_unicode:nnN	\c_ampersand_str

	${f T}$		${f U}$
text commands:		use commands:	
			\use:N
\text_expand:n		1	\use_none:nn 31