# Spike Project – Bootstrap 5

# Keagan Scott

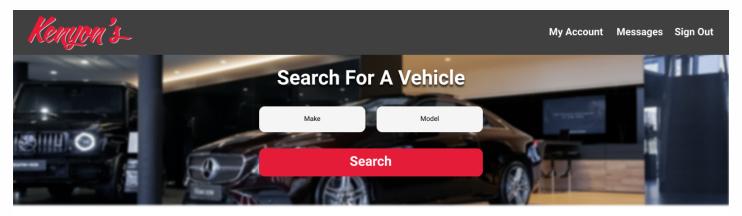
#### Background

When designing user interfaces, its often hard to translate beautiful concepts into HTML and CSS. Building your own CSS library from scratch can be time consuming and stressful. Because of this problem, programmers often resort to CSS frameworks such as Tailwind, Foundation, and Bootstrap. These libraries provide consistent components, grid systems, and color palattes to build responsive user interfaces. With this, there is no headache of building your own grid system for layouts, or adapting your content to fit on mobile viewports.

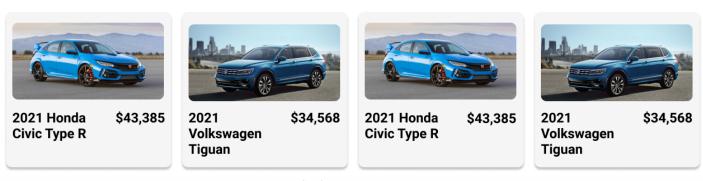
For this project I chose Bootstrap, as it is one of the most popular on the web. It also would help with our Software Engineering project, as we needed to design a responsive web app. Early on in the project, I created some mockups of the website in Figma, but was struggling to translate them into pure HTML, CSS, and Javascript. Thankfully, I designed these mockups on a 12 column grid similar to the one used by Bootstrap, so the translations were relatively simple.

## **Practice and Experimentation**

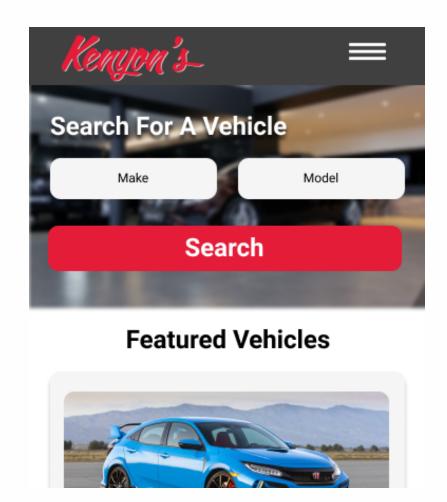
For this experiment, I built each of my Figma mockups using bootstrap classes for layout and reusuble components. I added my own custom CSS file for image backgrounds. The full site can be explored here. My github repo with the full source code can be explored here. Below is the mockup of the homepage a user sees when logging in. I needed a navbar, dropdown menus, and cards to show featured vehicles.

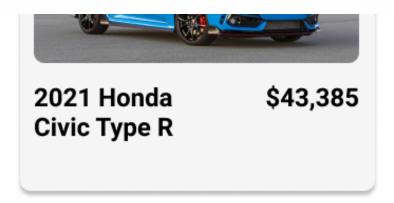


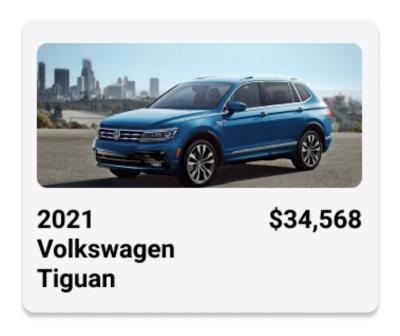
### **Featured Vehicles**



Figma mockup of the homepage at a desktop viewport





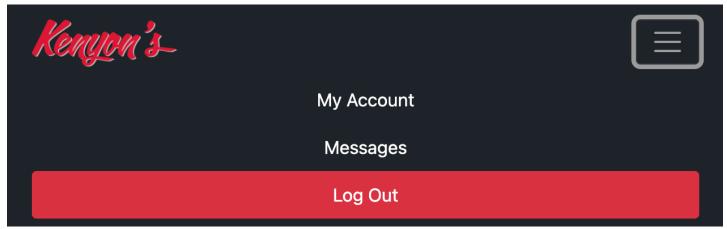


Figma mockup of the homepage at a mobile screen size

I began by studying Bootstraps plentiful examples for a navbar. The library provides classes for responsible navigation bars that are customizable to your liking. For my navbar, I used the declaration:

```
<nav class="navbar navbar-expand-md navbar-dark bg-dark px-3">
  <!-- Divs for buttons and logos -->
</nav>
```

The most useful of these was the navbar-expand-md class, which means the navbar is full width until it collapses at the medium breakpoint of 768px or less. The navbar-dark and bg-dark classes set the colors for the component. Finally, the px-3 class set the spacing between elements in the navbar.



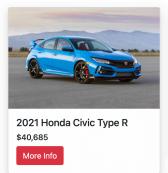
Navbar at medium breakpoint

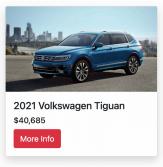
Breakpoints in Bootstrap also work for other page components, which I would need for my cards and the search options. I placed my cards in a main container div that houses a grid with one row and four columns. Each column had a similar declaration:

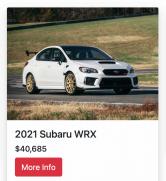
```
<div class="col-md-3">
    <div class="card shadow mb-3">
    <img src="./img/cars/civic.jpg" class="card-img-top">

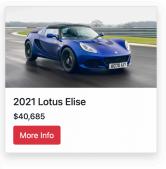
    <div class="card-body">
        <h5 class="card-title">2021 Honda Civic Type R</h5>
        <h6>$40,685</h6>
        <a href="./vehicle.html" class="btn btn-danger">More Info</a>
        </div>
        </div>
    </div>
    </div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></div></tibe>
```

The col-md-3 class means that each card will take up 3 columns on Bootstrap's 12 column grid until the medium breakpoint. At the medium breakpoint and below, the card will take up the full width of the grid. The card class is a component from the bootstrap library that can be used to display images, text, and other components. Using the shadow class, I was able to add a drop shadow underneath the cards. I also added the mb-3 class which adds a margin of 3 units to the bottom of each card. The value 3 is calculated from the frameworks main spacing unit that is equivalent to 16px.

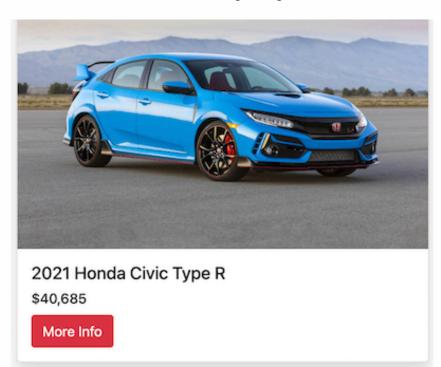








Cards at desktop viewport





2021 Volkswagen Tiguan \$40,685

More Info

The rest of the pages consisted of similar components. First I referenced my Figma designs and checked how many columns an element took up. Then, I added the correct row and column grid for each component on my page. To handle the media queries, I set each element to collapse into a mobile layout at the medium breakpoint of 768px.

#### Questions

When exploring the Bootstrap framework, I had questions about customizing the existing framework to support a specific color scheme. From cursory research on the Bootstrap docs, it requires the use of a preprocessor like Sass to customize certain components. In the future, I would like to customize Bootstrap's variables to support different color schemes.

#### Reflections

After studying Bootstrap, I see the value in CSS frameworks. They allow you to quickly build webpages while adhering to good design guidelines. Setup is simple, and the framework can be included with 2 lines in your HTML page, or integrated into a package manager like npm. If you wanted to quickly build a site that is friendly and intuitive, a CSS framework like Bootstrap is much more reliable than writing your whole site from scratch.