

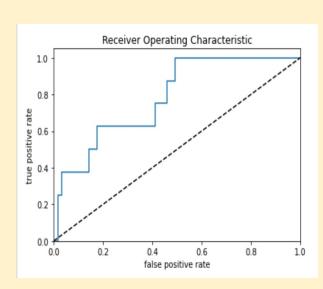
# **CUSTOMER CLASSIFICATION - Bank Case Study**

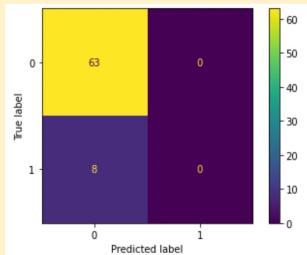


#### **HYPOTHESIS:**

- ➤ **Ho:** the model **CAN NOT** predict accurately whether new customers will be "good" or "bad".
- ➤ Ha: the model CAN predict accurately whether new customers will be "good" or "bad".

### **VISUALISING ACCURACY:**





- > ROC curve plot (left) shows the model is better at predicting than the threshold (dotted line), accuracy being 78%
- Confusion Matrix (right) is showing that the model was not capable of predicting "bad" customers (status B)

### **STRATEGIC IMPACT:**

An accurate logistic model would allow the bank to <u>increase efficiency</u> whilst <u>mitigating risk</u> and avoid bankrupcy. It other words, it would help in becoming <u>more profitable</u> as well as more <u>reliable</u>.

## **NEXT STEPS**

The model is not ready to be deployed, however, the following measures could be applied to improve its accuracy:

- > Get new data points:
  - External: such as income, household income
  - Internal: obtaining gender from birthdate
- Apply feature engineering to existing columns
- Drop highly correlated fields
- "Play" with the % of data assigned to training and testing
- Apply SMOTE and TOMEK LINKS methods to deal with unbalanced data
- Keep iterating until we either proof Ha or we confirm Ho.