Drift

an imperative programming environment for the cloud #2 Implementation

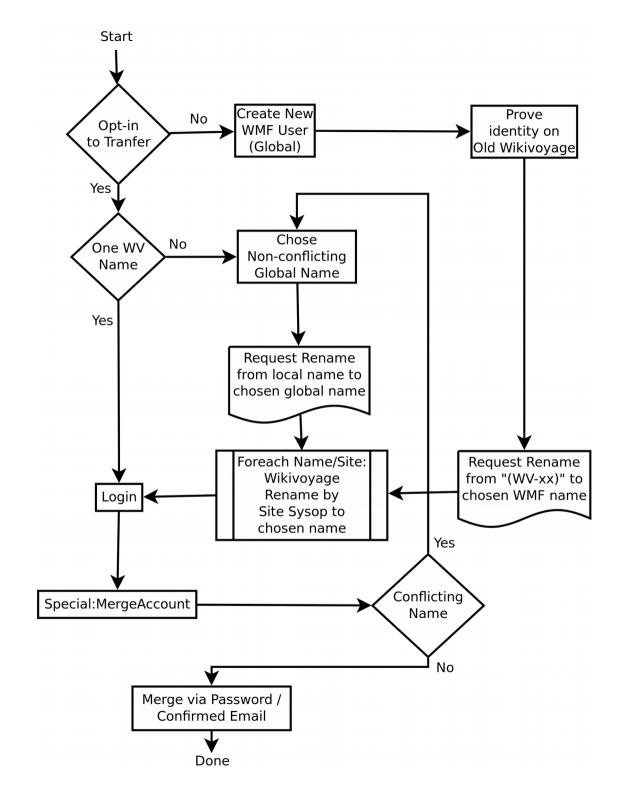
<u>Overview</u>

- Drift Language
 - Concepts
 - Examples

- Drift Execution
 - Drift "FS"
 - Architecture
 - Error Model

Recap

- Want: 'language of the system'
- Workflow languages one possible domain
 - black box tasks, ...
- Bash: system-view coordination
 - black box tasks, immediate feedback REPL, ...
 - Problem: FS → shared mutable state
- Functional Distributed
 - Cuneiform: functional, distributed, ...
 - (→ immutable data, independent term evaluation, DAG)



Recap

Bash	Functional
&	- (lazy)
	function composition
>, >>	name binding
<	_
\$	eval

Can we build an *imperative*, *stateful*, *interpreted* language for distributed (micro) service coordination?

- Need 'state' to be stateful on
- Essence: data + services

"Do this on that thing over here."

"Now do this on that and put it over there"

- How do we (humans) 'interact' with data?
 - → need 'names' to identify and retrieve our data
 - → need 'names' to give data *meaning*
- Names are at the center of programming!
 - → only names and services (data + functions)
- Names best be hierarchical → Namespaces
 - → Names, Namespaces and Services

```
.> Cat foo.txt
   Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consetetur
   sadipscing elitr, sed diam nonumy eirmod
.>
.> foo = Cat foo.txt
. >
.> ls
   foo
.> $foo
   Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consetetur
   sadipscing elitr, sed diam nonumy eirmod
```

- .> wordcount_h = Wc hamlet.txt
- .> wordcount_mb = Wc macbeth.txt
- .> Max wordcount_h wordcount_mb
 wordcount_h

- .> a = A in1.data in2.data
- .> b = B a | C
- .> a = G homework.txt

Pipe cut into multiple commands

- .> wordcount_h = Wc hamlet.txt
- .> wordcount_mb = Wc macbeth.txt
- .> Max wordcount_h wordcount_mb
 wordcount_h

.> a = A data.csv | B | C

- .≽ a ≠ A in1.data in2.data
- .> b = B a | C

Pipe cut into multiple commands

Value of 'a' is a value over time - State

- .> wordcount_h = Wc hamlet.txt
- .> wordcount_mb = Wc macbeth.txt
- .> Max wordcount_h wordcount_mb
 wordcount_h

.> a = A data.csv | B | C

Pipe cut into multiple commands

$$.> b = (B a) | C$$

```
.> ls
    my.tar
    res/
.> $res/
    c1.txt
    c2.txt
.> wordcount = Wc res/c1.txt
```

.> res/ = Untar* my.tar | *FormatCheck txt

.> import my.tar

ls, cd, rm are language keywords

So far:

- no arithmetic
- no conditionals
- not turing-complete! (I hope?!)
- tiny
- very abstract
- very few constructs

Front End:

- own shell implementation
- parser generated by ANTLR 4 then customized

Back End:

- own worker implementation
- RabbitMQ and Kafka as data and signal queues
- Mesos + Marathon for fault-tolerance (workers)

Apache Kafka

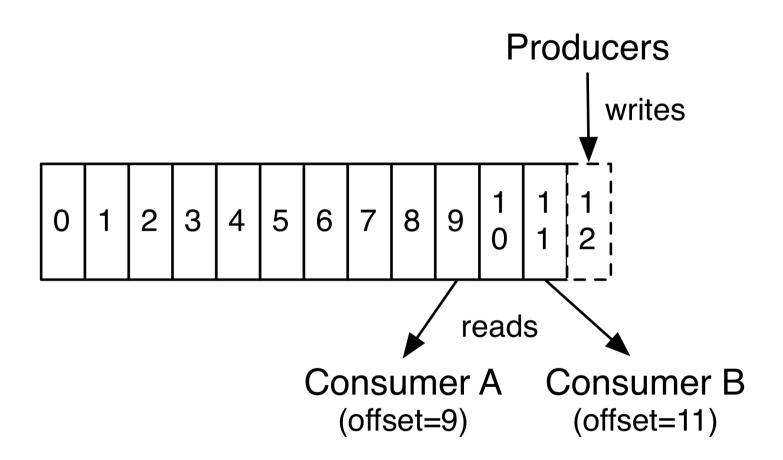
Brokers Topic 1 Topic partitions Topic partitions

Topic 2

Producers

Consumer

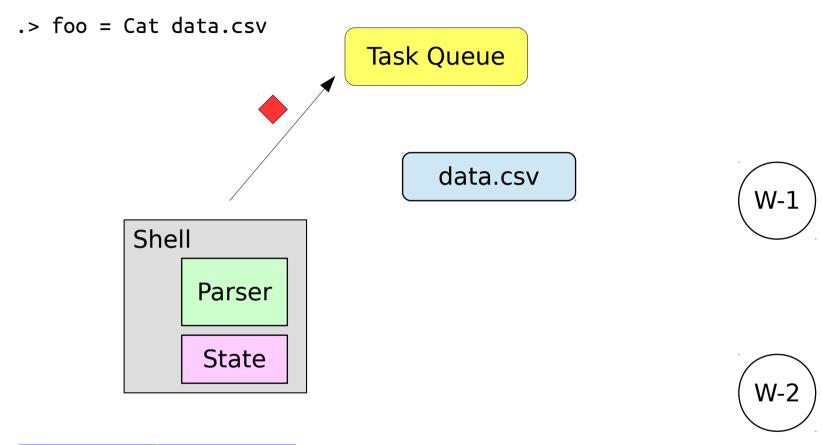
Apache Kafka



System Properties

- Tasks are deterministic
- only get scheduled / executed exactly once

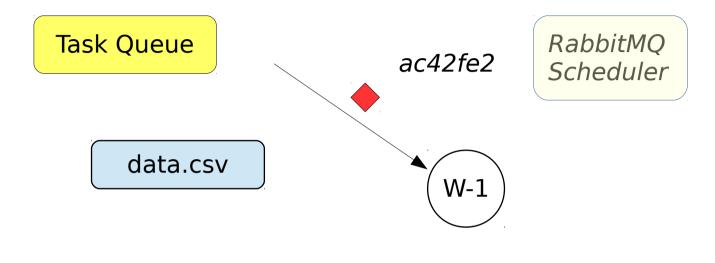
Basic Operation

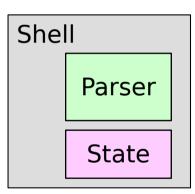


Name	Queue
data.csv	data.csv
foo	ac42fe2

RabbitMQ - Signal	
Kafka - Data	0 / 46

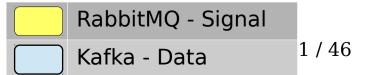
.> foo = Cat data.csv





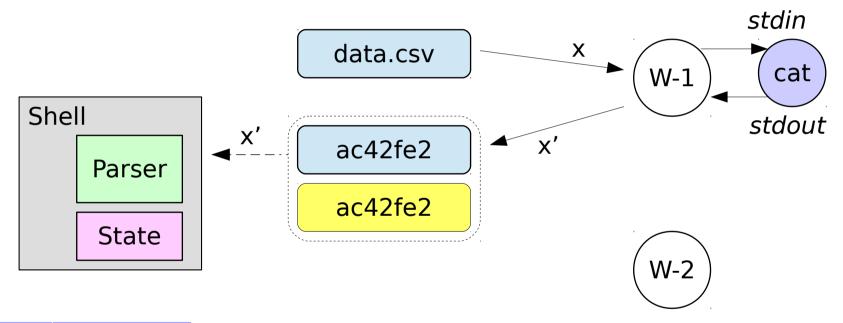
Name	Queue
data.csv	data.csv
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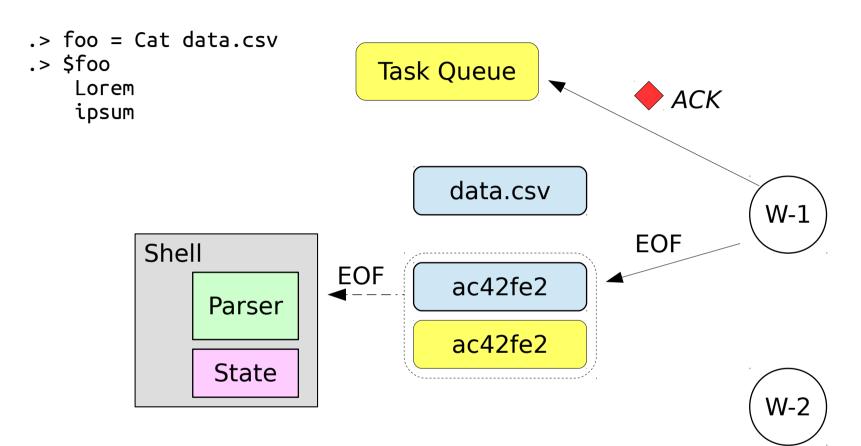
- .> foo = Cat data.csv
- .> \$foo Lorem

Task Queue



Name	Queue
data.csv	data.csv
foo	ac42fe2

RabbitMQ - Signal	
Kafka - Data	2 / 46



Name	Queue
data.csv	data.csv
foo	ac42fe2

RabbitMQ - Signal	
Kafka - Data	3 / 46

```
.> foo = Cat data.csv
.> $foo
    Lorem
    ipsum
```

. >

Task Queue

Shell
Parser
State

ac42fe2 oc42fe2

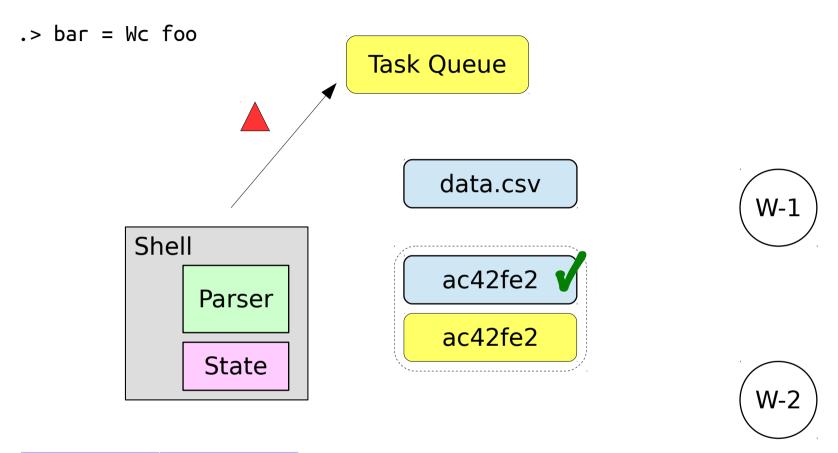
data.csv



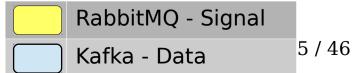


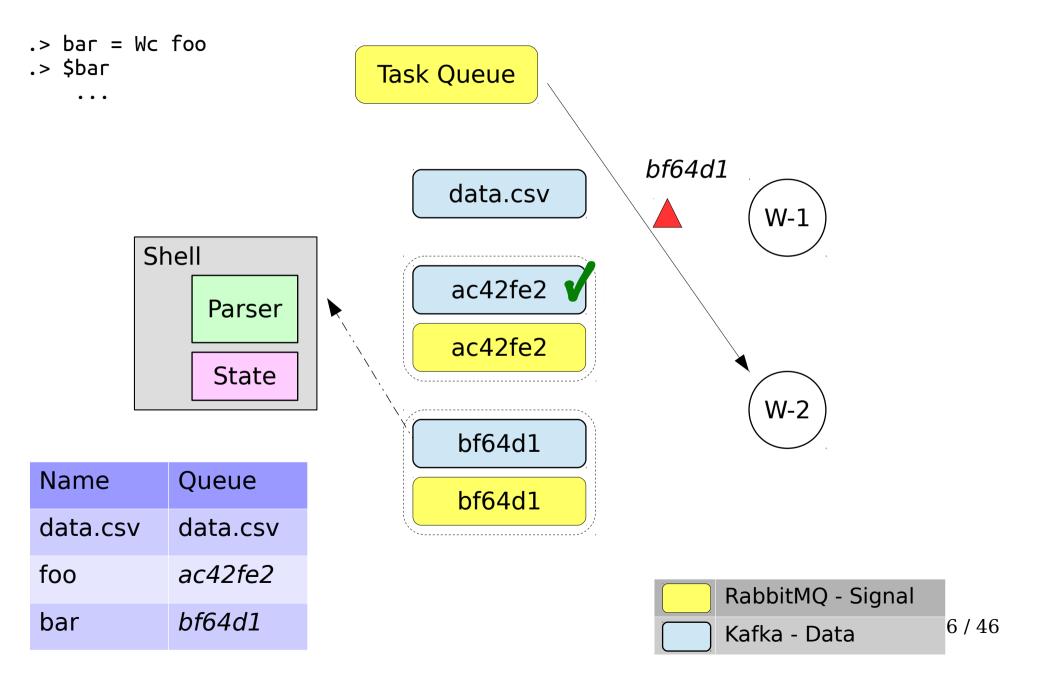
Name	Queue
data.csv	data.csv
foo	ac42fe2





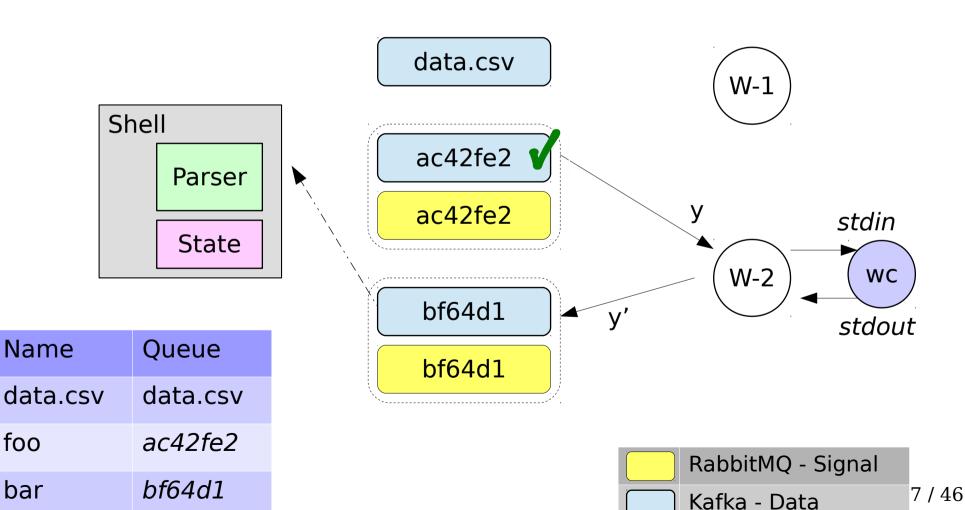
Name	Queue
data.csv	data.csv
foo	ac42fe2





- .> bar = Wc foo
- .> \$bar 2

Task Queue



```
.> bar = Wc foo
```

.> \$bar 2

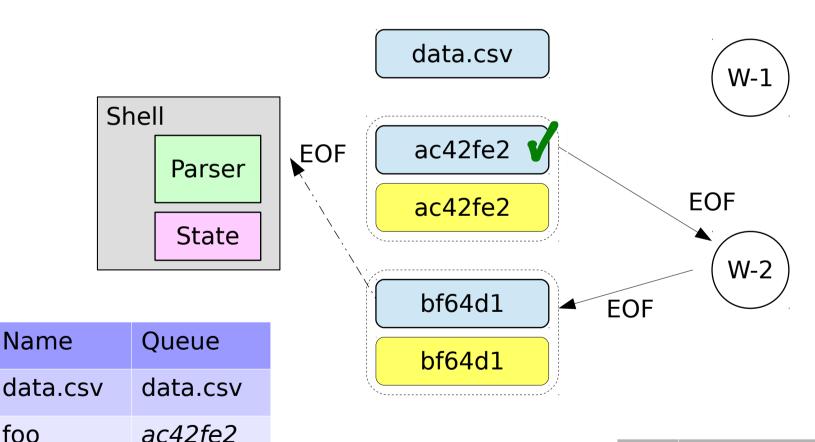
. >

foo

bar

bf64d1

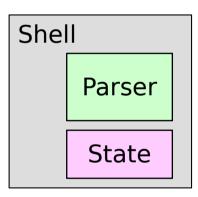
Task Queue



- .> bar = Wc foo
- .> \$bar 2

.>

Task Queue



Name	Queue
data.csv	data.csv
foo	ac42fe2
bar	bf64d1

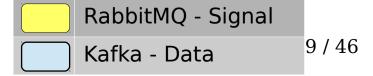
data.csv

ac42fe2 **v**

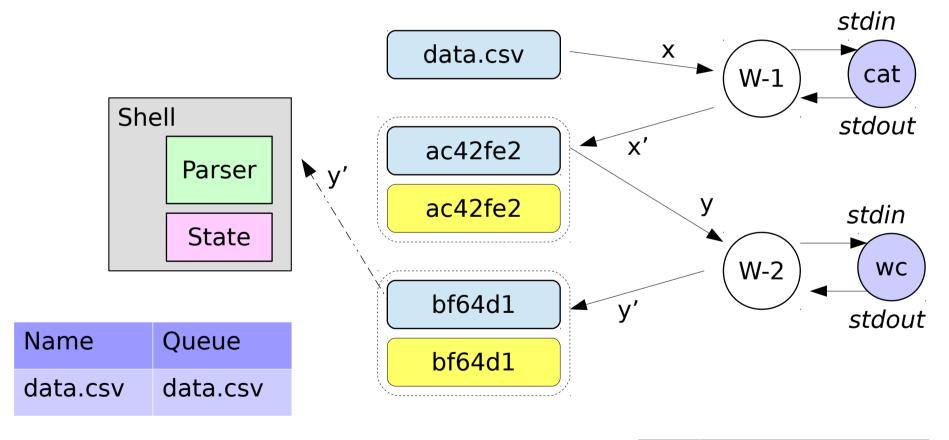
bf64d1 bf64d1





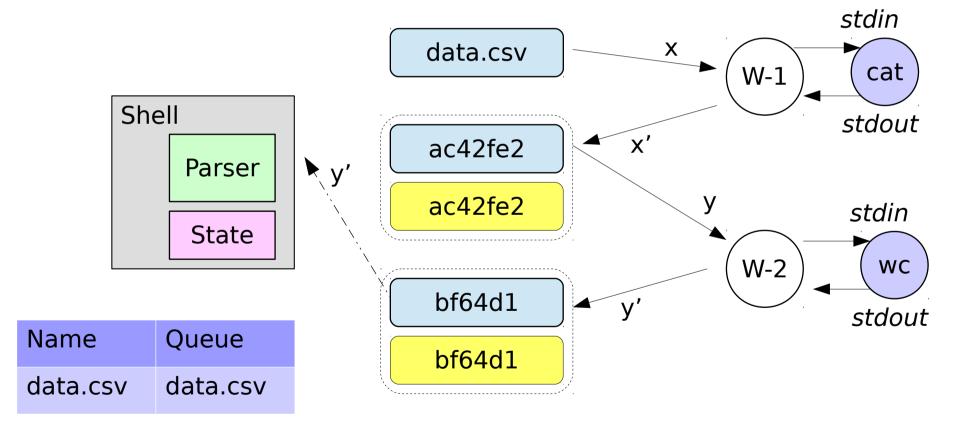


Task Queue



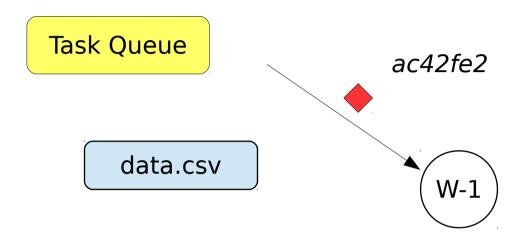
.> Cat data.csv | Wc

Task Queue

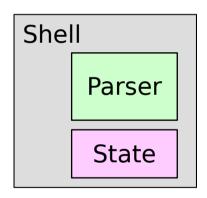


RabbitMQ - Signal	
Kafka - Data	1 / 46

Error Cases



RabbitMQ Scheduler

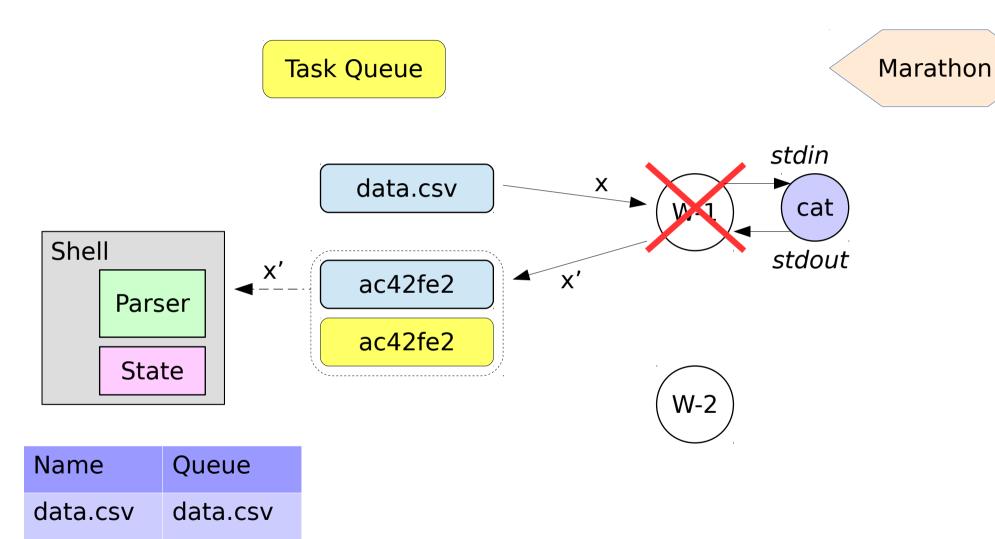


(W-2)	

Name	Queue
data.csv	data.csv
foo	ac42fe2

RabbitMQ	- Signal
	_





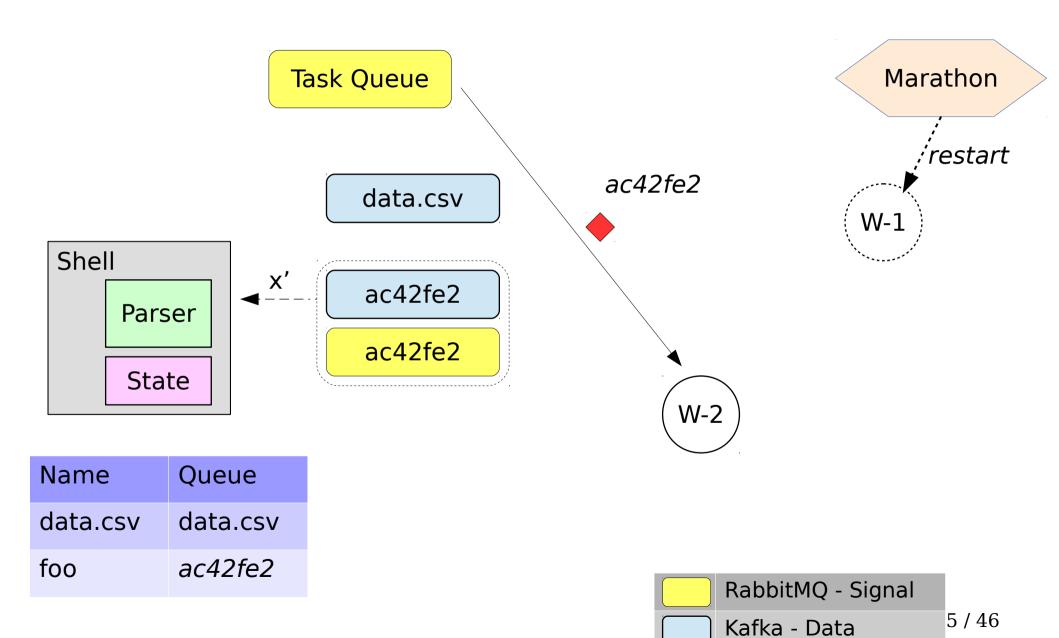
ac42fe2

foo

RabbitMQ - Signal

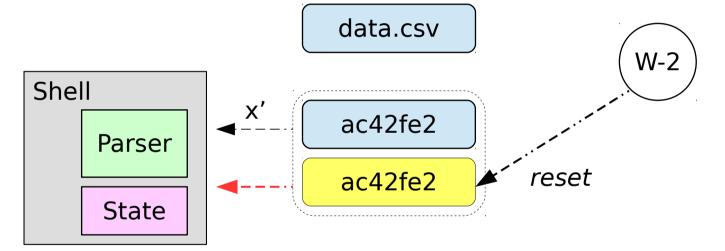
Kafka - Data

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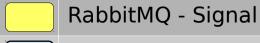
Task Queue

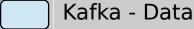
Marathon



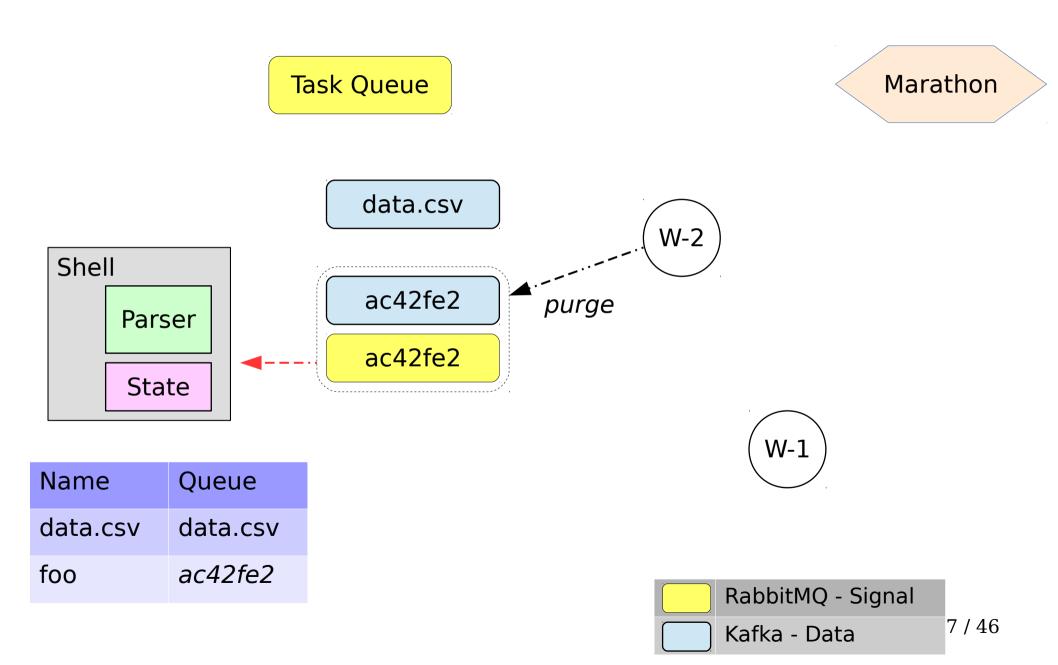
Name	Queue
data.csv	data.csv
foo	ac42fe2

W-1



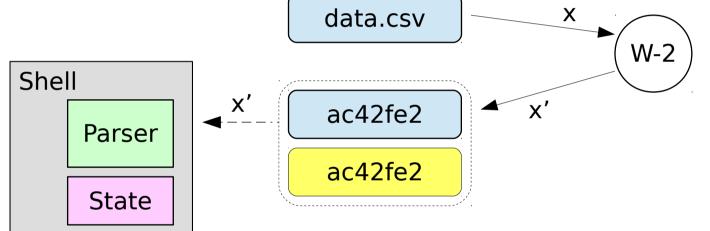


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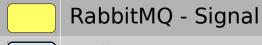
Task Queue

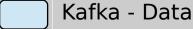
Marathon



Name	Queue
data.csv	data.csv
foo	ac42fe2

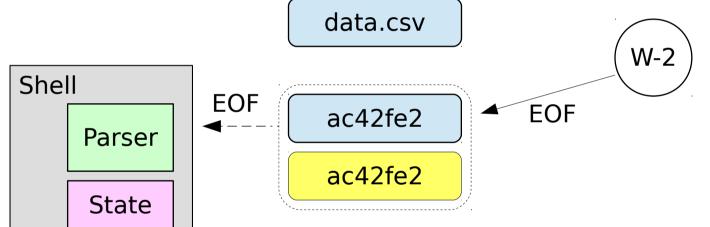
W-1





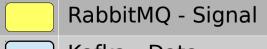


Marathon



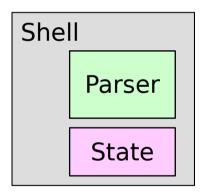
Name	Queue
data.csv	data.csv
foo	ac42fe2

(W-1)
/	



Task Queue

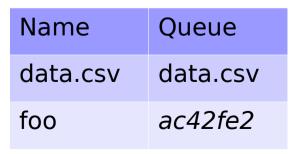
Marathon



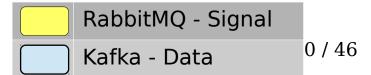
ac42fe2 ac42fe2

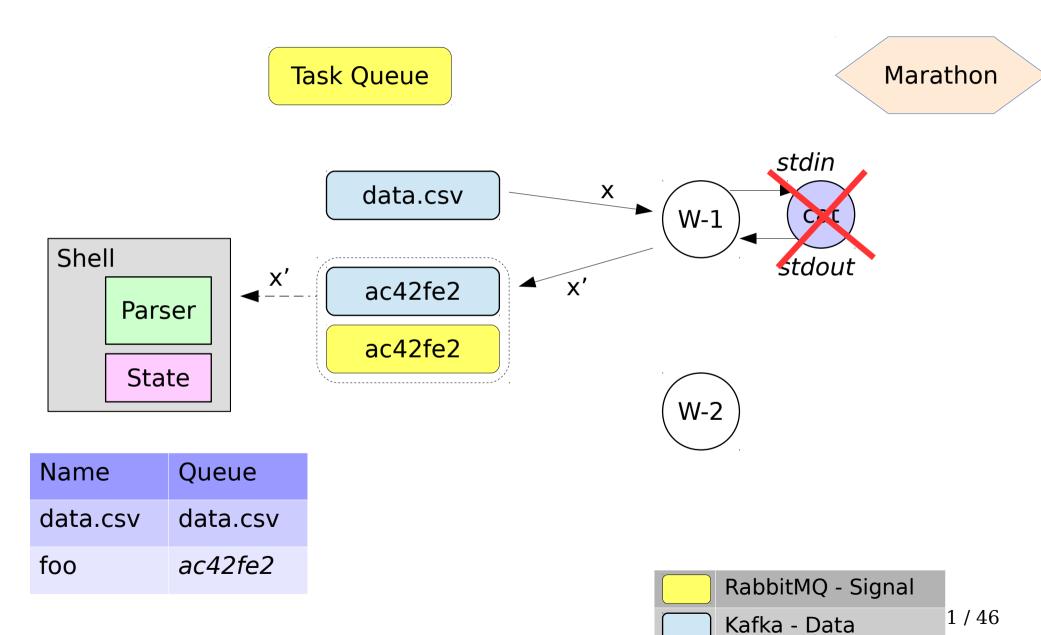
data.csv

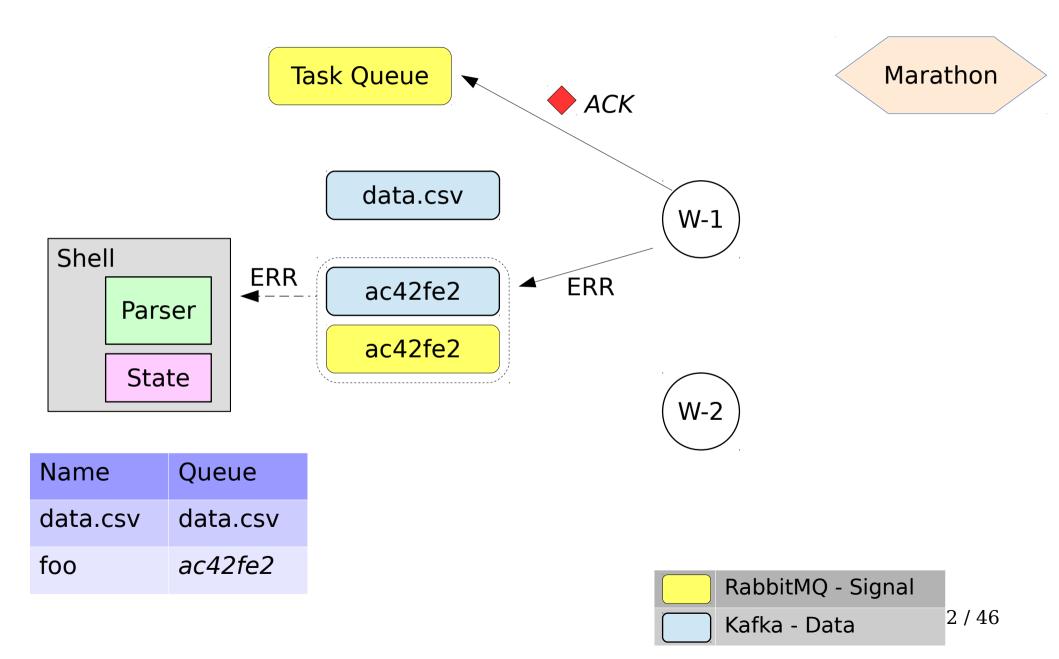






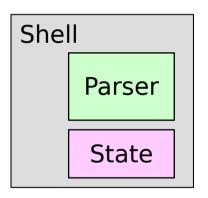


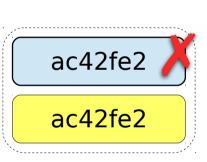




Task Queue

Marathon



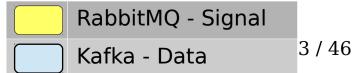


data.csv





Name	Queue
data.csv	data.csv
foo	ac42fe2



Error Model

- Error Model: crash recovery
- System/Worker Failover → transparent
- Task Failure → permanent
 - → because deterministic tasks

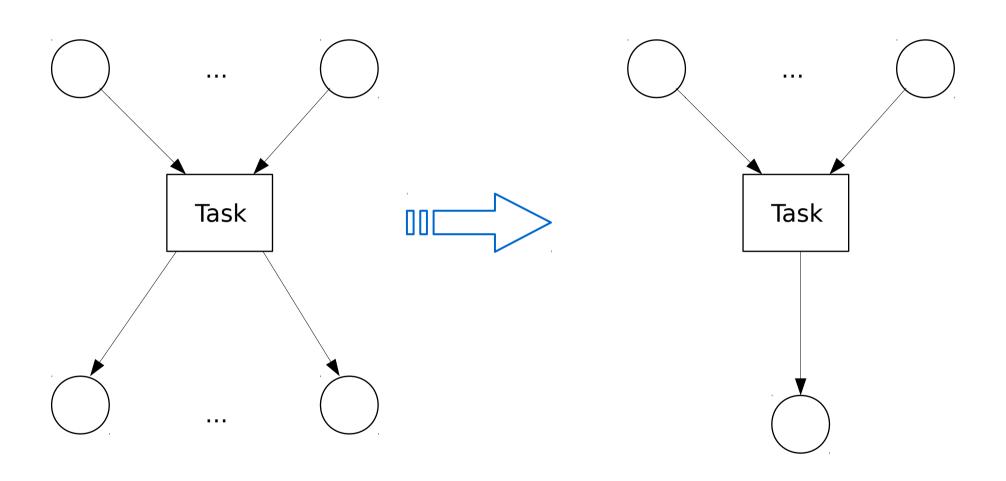
- queued tasks run until ERR token
- otherwise: task not accepted by interpreter

Invariants

System Invariants:

- Task scheduled <u>exactly once</u> or never
- Task executed <u>exactly once</u> or never
- Task always completed with EOF or ERR
- Task are deterministic
- possible to start unbounded tasks
 - → language: unbounded
 - → implementation: bounded

Invariants



Drift GUI

- Petri Net syntax natural fit for data + services
- different semantics:
 - no 'occurence rule'
 - no markings consumption

- BUT same properties like:
 - transition locality
 - async by default

Future Work

Major Problems:

- Semantics ... (formal model of communication)
- Types / Safety ...
- Platform ...

Minor Problems:

- Visualization
- Generalization / API