Tugas I kompulsus, numet, k kelomper B-17

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I Rompa sumbahi dan Sebathan) bilangan angka betath dan bilangan bet kut a 0.84×10^2 : $0.84 \rightarrow 2$ angka $10^2 \rightarrow 1$ angka

L, : 89 = 80 (dibulatkon hingga Zangka) Langka beratti sebanyak 1 yatu angka 8k 4

b. 70,0 : 3 angua beratti Yaitu 7 80

: 0,09600 = 4 argka betarti gaitu 4,6, dan 2 argka 0 dibelakang

d. 0,00460 : 3 angka benott yaitu 4,6, don l angka o dibelakang

 $9.8.0 \times 10^{3} : 8.0 \rightarrow 2 \text{ angka}$ $10^{3} \rightarrow 1 \text{ angka}$

8.000 → angka berarti sebahyak | yaitu angka 8

F. 8.000 = Langka berarti Yaitu 8

- 2. Bulatkan bilangan berikut Sampai 3 angka beratti
- $a. 8,755 \rightarrow 8,76$
- b. 0,368124 ×10° = 36,8124 -> 36,8
- C. 4.255,0002 7 4.260
- d. 5,445 ×10° == 5445 → 5.450
- €:0,999500 →0,999000 → 1,00
- $F. 48,365 \rightarrow 48,4$

 $3.0.00432+(25,1\times10^{-3})+(10,322\times10^{-2})$

= 0.00432+ (25.1×0.001)+(10.322×0.01)

0,00432+0,0251+0,10322

= 0.00432+0.0251 +0.1032\$

: 0,132

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(3) b) (4,68 × 106) - (8,2×102) = 4,680000 -820=4679.180
    c) (7,7×10-5) - (5,409 × 10-6) + (7,0×10-4) = 0,0000 77 - 0,00000 5409 +0,00070
     = 0, 600077 - 0, 60000 541 + 0,00070 = 6,00077159 = 0,00077
    d) (0,38 ×105)×(6,9 ×105) = 838 000 × 0,0000 69 = 57322 2 58000
    e) | (8,38×104) × (6,90×10-4) | = |83800 ×0,000690 | = |57822 = 57822 = 57800
    F) [ (4,68×10-6)-6,47×10-5)] / (7,777×103)+9,6 = [0,00000468-0,000048]/
           7777 +916 = [-0,00003982] /7777+9,62 [-0,0000398] /7777 +9,6
        = -0,00000000 $117654622 +9,6 2 -0,0000 0000 $
    9) (6,91×10-3) /(6,9134×103)+3226]] -6,7845 ×10-6
       = [A0,00481/[ 6913,4+32,26]] - 0,00000 67841
      2 0,00 481 / [ 6813,4+ 32,3]] -0,00000 67845
       = [0,00481/6945,7] -0,0000 67845 ~ [0,00481/6946] -0,00000 67845
       = 0,000000 69 24 84 88 33 86 -0,00000 67 845 2 0,000000 69 2
                                                                   -0,00000 67840
                                           - 20,000000692 -0,00000 678 =0,000 006080
     h) [58,6x (12×10-6) - (208 ×10-6) × 1801] / (468,94 × 10-6)
                                                                   2-0,00000 609
      = L58,6 x (0,000012) - (0,000208) x 1801]/0,00046894
      = [0,000 7032 - 0,374 608]/0,000 46894 = [0,000 70 - 0,3 ]/0,000 46894
       = (0,393)/0,000 46 894 x (-0,37)/0,000 A
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= -788,91 257 99 5735 6077 ---

之 - 790

4. Deret Taylor

Orde ke-o sampai orde ke-4

Menalesir nitai f(2), title 60005 x=1

$$f(x) = e^{-x}$$
 $f'(x) = -e^{-x}$ $f''(x) = e^{-x}$ $f'''(x) = -e^{-x}$ $f''''(x) = e^{-x}$

* orde ke- o

* orde ke-1

≈ 171,83%

$$Er = \frac{0.135335}{0.135335} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{0.135335}{0.135335} \times 100\%$$

* orde ke-2

$$4(2) \approx 4(1) + 4'(1)(2-1) + \frac{4''(1)}{2!} (2-1)^{2}$$

$$\approx 0 + \frac{e^{-1}}{2} \cdot (2-1)^{3}$$

$$\approx 0 + \frac{0.367879}{2} \cdot 1$$

$$\approx 0.183940$$

$$f(2) = e^{-2}$$

\$ 0,135335

orde ke-3

$$f(z) \approx f(1) + f'(1)(2-1) + \frac{f''(1)}{2!} (2-1)^2 + \frac{f'''(1)}{3!} + (2-1)^3$$

$$\approx 0/183940 + \frac{(-e^{-1})}{3 \cdot 2} \cdot 1^3$$

* orde ke-4

$$f(z) = f(1) + f'(1)(2-1) + \frac{f''(1)}{2!} (2-1)^2 + \frac{f'''(1)}{3!} (2-1)^3 + \frac{f''''(1)}{4!} (2-1)^4$$

$$= 0.122627 + \frac{e^{-1}}{4.3.2} (1)^4$$

$$= 0.122627 + \frac{0.367879}{24}$$

orde ke-o sampai orde ke-3

monakur nilaz
$$f(3)$$
, trtk bass $x = 2$
 $f(x) = 25x^3 - 6x^2 + 7x - 88$
 $f'(x) = 75x^2 - 12x + 7$
 $f'''(x) = 150x - 12$

$$f(3) = 25 (3)^{3} - 6(3)^{2} + 7(3) - 88$$

$$= 25 \cdot 27 - 6 \cdot 9 + 21 - 88$$

$$= 675 - 54 + 21 - 88$$

$$= 554$$

+(3) ≈
$$f(z)$$

≈ 25 (2)3 - 6(2)2 + 7(2) - 88
≈ 25 · 8 - 6 · 4 + 14 - 88
≈ 200 - 24 + 14 - 88
≈ 102

$$f(3) \approx f(2) + f'(2) (3-2)$$

$$\approx 102 + (75(2)^2 + 12(2) + 7)(1)$$

$$\approx 102 + (75 \cdot 4 - 24 + 7)$$

$$\approx 102 + (300 - 24 + 7)$$

$$\approx 102 + 283$$

$$\approx 385$$

$$2.30 \cdot 21.8$$

$$= \frac{22\pi}{100} \times 100.8$$

$$= \frac{22\pi}{1.22\pi} \times 100.8$$

* orde ke-2

$$f(3) \approx f(3) + f'(3)(3-2) + \frac{f''(2)}{2!} (3-2)^{2}$$

$$\approx 385 + \frac{(150.2 - 12)}{2} \cdot 1^{2}$$

$$\approx 385 + \frac{300 - 12}{2}$$

$$\approx 385 + \frac{288}{2}$$

$$\approx 385 + 144$$

$$\approx 529$$

orde ke-3

$$f(3) \approx f(2) + f'(2)(3-2) + \frac{f''(2)}{2!} (3-2)^2 + \frac{f'''(2)}{3!} (3-2)^3$$

$$\approx 529 + \frac{150}{5}$$

$$\approx 529 + \frac{150}{5}$$

$$\approx 529 + 25$$

$$\approx 534$$

6. Peret Taylor

orde ke-o szupai orde ke-y

menousoir notes f(4), total booss x=2

$$f'''(x) = \frac{2}{x^3}$$

$$f(x) = (n \times f'(x) = \frac{1}{x} f''(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2} f'''(x) = \frac{x^3}{x^3} f''''(x) = -\frac{x^4}{x^4}$$

* orde ke-0

~ 1,3863

* orde ke-1

* orde ke-2

* orde ke-3

$$\frac{7}{1} \frac{1}{1931} + \frac{\frac{2}{13}}{\frac{3}{13}} \cdot 2^{3}$$

$$\approx 1/1931 + \frac{z}{3.22}$$

* orde ke-4

$$f(4) = f(2) + f'(2) (4-2) + \frac{f''(2)}{2!} (4-2)^2 + \frac{f'''(2)}{3!} (4-2)^3 + \frac{f''''(2)}{4!} (4-2)^4$$