

#### **SPONSORS**









6 Google Cloud

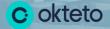




























### Hello



#### **Thilo Fromm**

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### **Outline**

**Container Linux Foundations** 

Staying up to date

Community

Outlook



### Container Optimised Linux

#### Rethink the OS as an interchangeable commodity

"Light switch" design philosophy

#### Handles like a container app / pod

Declarative configuration

Innerworks are well abstracted

Extensive automation

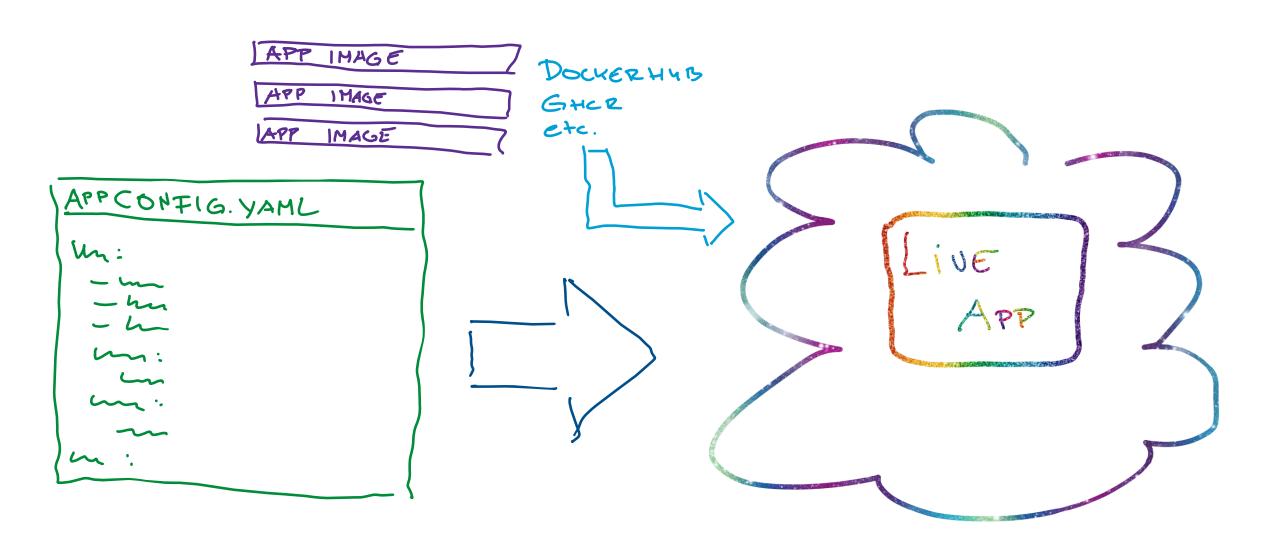
#### Leverage container isolation from the OS side

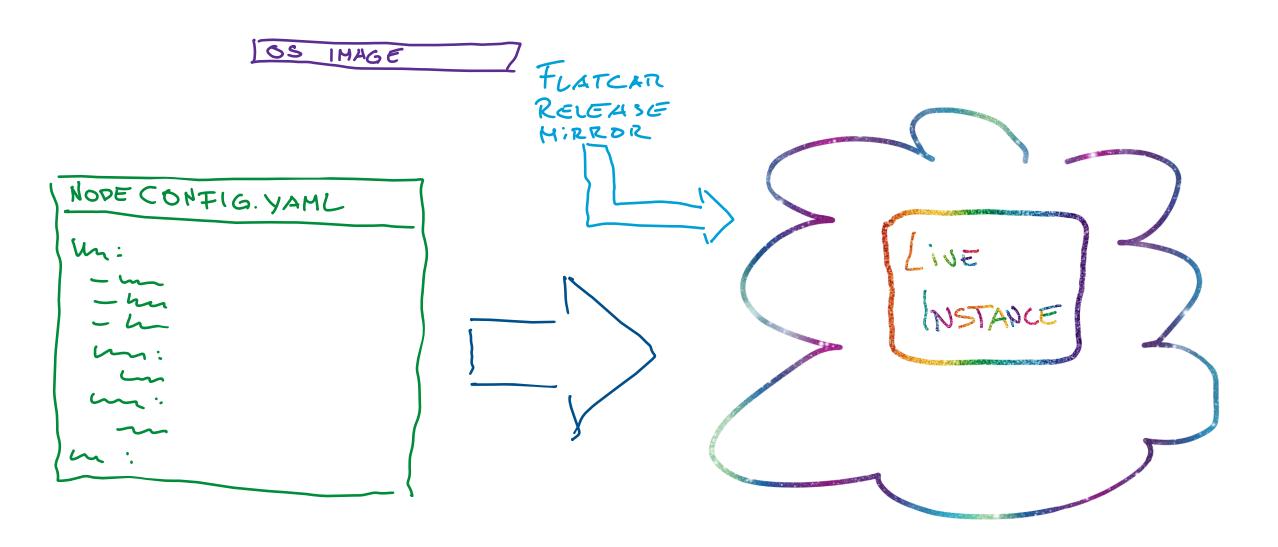
Simple, well-defined interfaces between Apps and OS: Kernel; docker / containerd No shared dependencies (libs, config, etc.) between kernel and applications

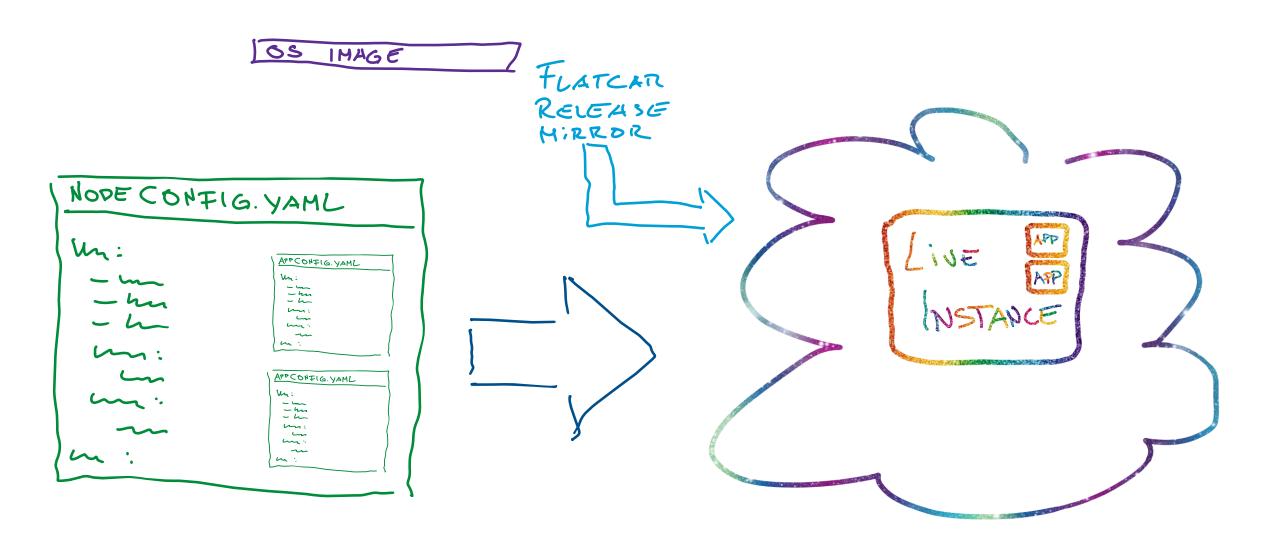
### Image-Based OS

Node is an "instance" of OS image

Stateless provisioning, verifiable / attestable read-only OS







### Declarative configuration

```
passwd:
  users:
    - name: caddy
                                                  systemd:
     no create home: true
     groups: [ docker ]
                                                    units:

    name: kcd-demo-webserver.service

storage:
                                                         enabled: true
 files:
                                                         contents:
   - path: /srv/www/html/index.html
                                                           [Unit]
     mode: 0644
                                                           Description=KCD example static web server
     user:
                                                           After=docker.service
       name: caddy
     group:
                                                           Requires=docker.service
       name: caddy
                                                           [Service]
     contents:
                                                           User=caddy
       inline: |
                                                           TimeoutStartSec=0
         <html><body align="center">
                                                           ExecStartPre=-/usr/bin/docker rm --force caddy
         <h1>Hello KCD!</h1>
                                                           ExecStart=docker run -i -p 80:80 \
         <img src="kcd.png" alt="KCD logo" />
                                                                      -v /srv/www/html:/usr/share/caddy \
         </body></html>
    - path: /srv/www/html/kcd.png
                                                                      docker.io/caddy caddy file-server \
     mode: 0644
                                                                      --root /usr/share/caddy --access-log
     user:
                                                           ExecStop=/usr/bin/docker stop nginx1
       name: caddy
                                                           Restart=always
     group:
                                                           RestartSec=5s
       name: caddy
                                                           [Install]
     contents:
                                                           WantedBy=multi-user.target
       local: kcd.png
```

### Simple configuration, sensible defaults, applied on provisioning

Storage / filesystems / luks, networking, kernel command line arguments

Users, groups, ssh access, systemd units, custom directories and files (inline or download)

No boilerplate configuration

No OS configuration drift – node config is applied only once.

#### **Extensive Automation**

Support for many cloud providers and private clouds included

Terraform support, Go library

ClusterAPI

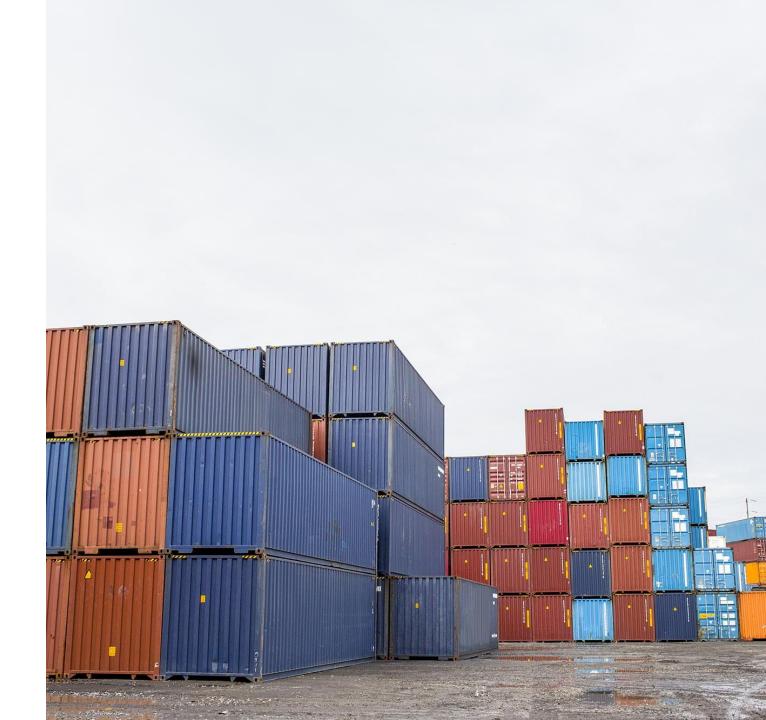
#### **Just Works**

Well tested on all supported vendors / private clouds / environments Strong focus on compatibility and support for existing workloads (cgroups, Ignition v2 backwards compat) Configuration applied once, at provisioning time





## Provisioning Demo



### Leverage Container Isolation

#### Container apps are self-contained and run isolated

From each other, but also from the OS

→ portable apps

### No inter-dependencies OS <-> App

No shared libraries

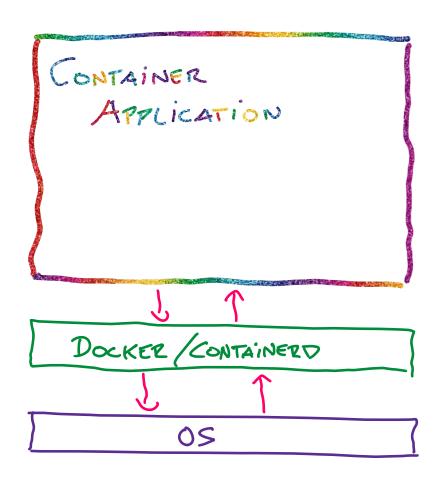
No shared binaries

No shared configuration

#### Well-defined interfaces OS <-> App

**Docker or Containerd** 

Kernel (drivers, networking, storage, etc)



Well-defined interfaces OS <-> App

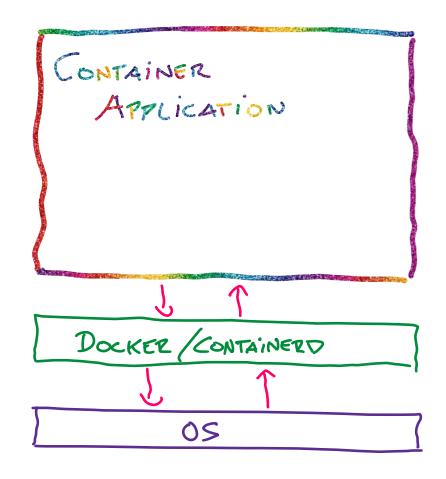
Very few components

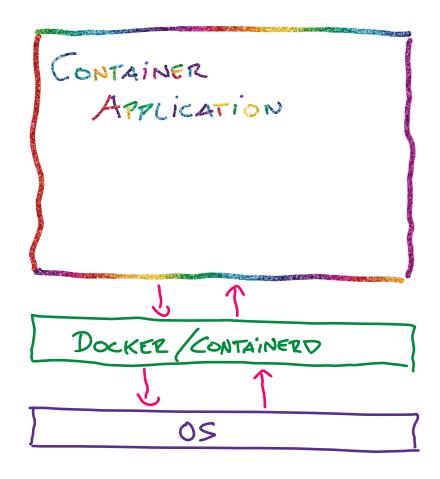
Easy to test thoroughly

No inter-dependencies OS <-> App
OS can be updated w/o impacting applications
Major version jumps w/o side effects

Container apps are self-contained and run isolated

→ Interchangeable OS



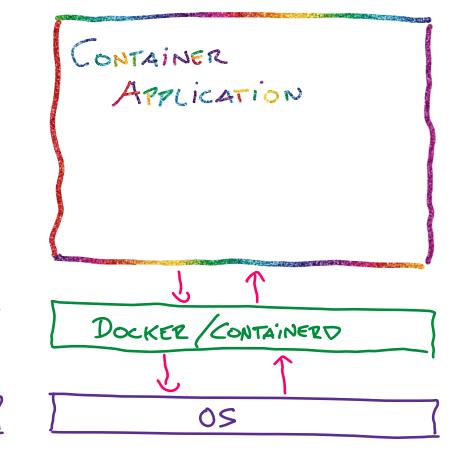


DOCKER /CONTAINERD

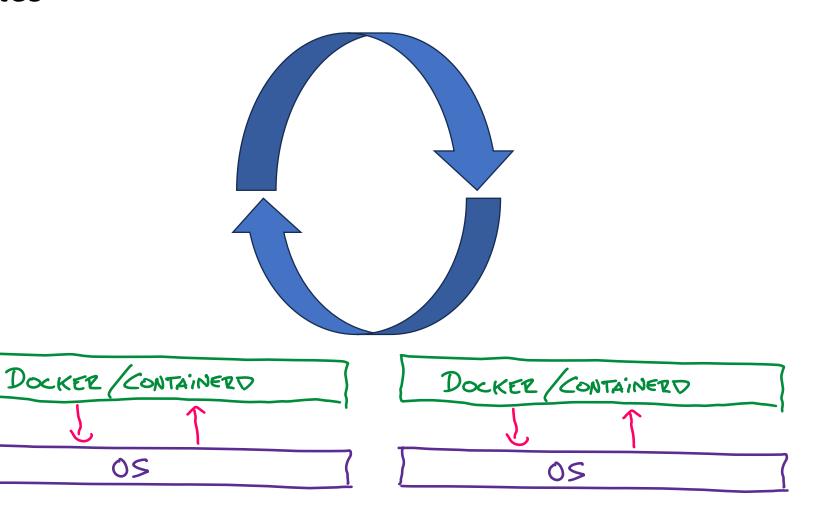
05

Atomic In-Place Updates

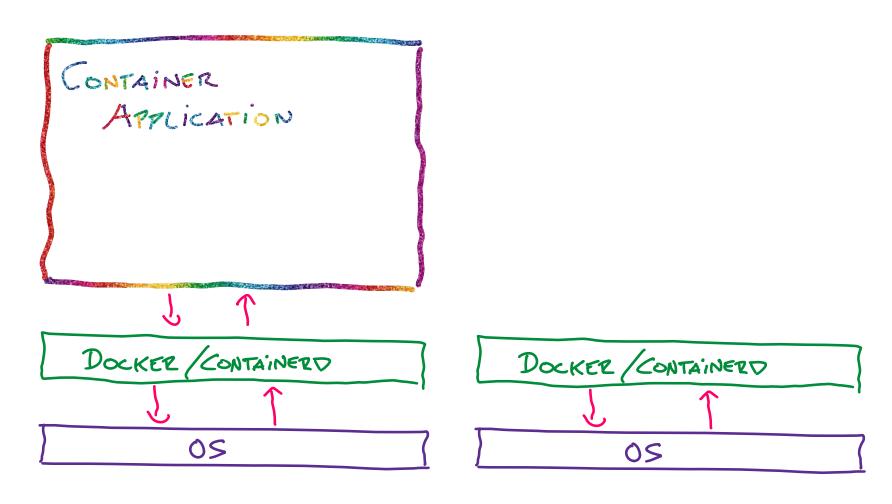
1. Stage



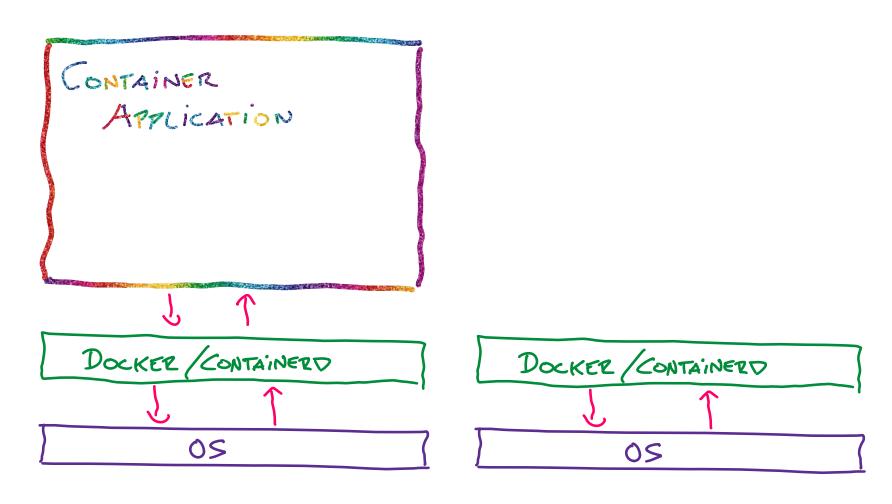
- 1. Stage
- 2. Activate (Reboot)



- 1. Stage
- 2. Activate
- 3. Done

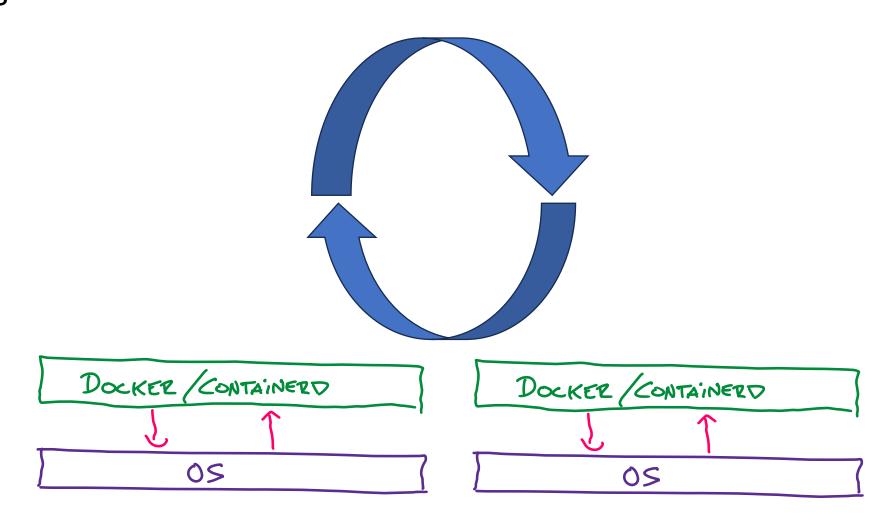


- 1. Stage
- 2. Activate
- 3. Done?



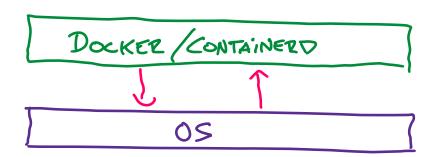
#### **Atomic Roll-Backs**

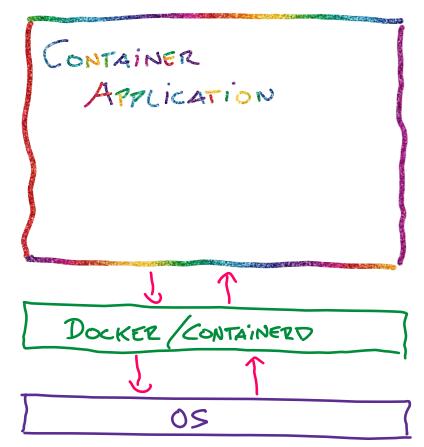
- 1. Stage
- 2. Activate
- 3. Done?
- 4. Roll Back



#### **Atomic Roll-Backs**

- 1. Stage
- 2. Activate
- 3. Done?
- 4. Roll Back

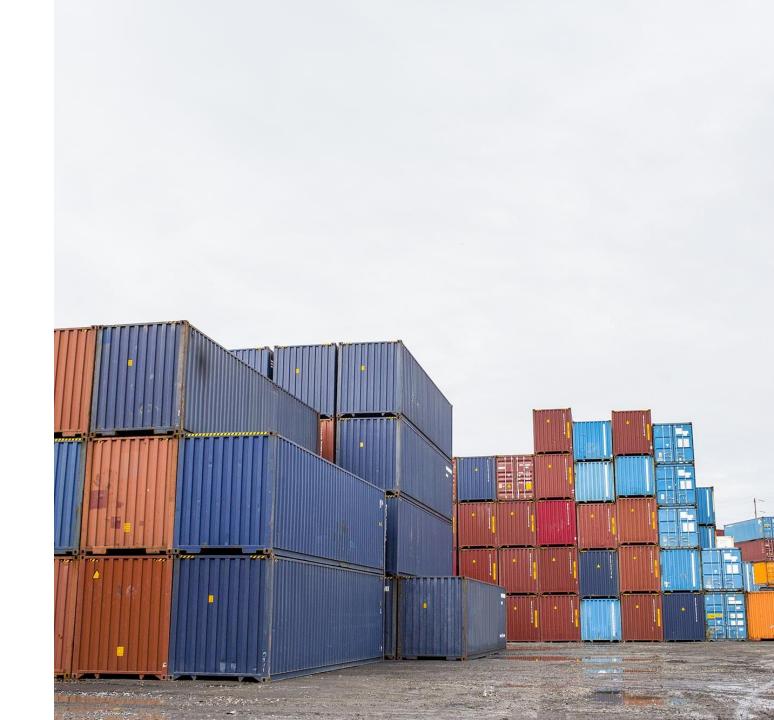






## Update Demo

(Usually automated. Manual ONLY for demo purposes)



### Flatcar Heritage

Flatcar Container Linux started as a Friendly Fork of the epochal CoreOS Container Linux, which in turn was derived from Chromium OS, which is based on Gentoo Linux.

We always build from sources like Gentoo does.

The OS is

immutable and shipped as a full disk image uses A/B partitioning for updates (and rollbacks), distributed via a stateful protocol (Omaha) like Chromium OS.

Flatcar includes

a minimal set of applications and tools tailored to only run containers it uses declarative configuration applied at provisioning time like CoreOS.

### Image-Based OS

### Provisioning uses disk images, no package management

Full, self-contained disk images. No software version drift.

Vendor support only included in vendor-specific images (AMI, VHD, etc.)

Always built from scratch, SLSA attestation included

### All OS binaries are in /usr, which is on a separate partition

The /usr partition is read-only and dm-verity protected (root hash in initrd)

There are actually 2 /usr partitions: one is active, the other is used to stage the next update

#### Updates ship a full OS partition image

In-place updates via A/B partitioning, retains node state (DB nodes using ephemeral disks etc.)

OS version always correlates to specific version sets of all tools shipped

Updating and re-provisioning result in the same node state

### /etc is an overlayfs backed by /usr/share/flatcar/etc

Distro default configs shipped (and updated) in /usr

User changes in /etc override defaults

### Flatcar is supported by ClusterAPI

Supported out-of-the box by Core CAPI and image-builder

Multiple large vendors are supported

**AWS** 

Azure

**VSphere** 

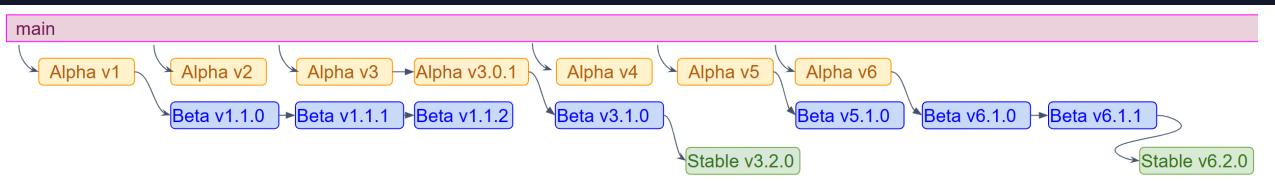
OpenStack\*

GCP support is work-in-progress.

<sup>\*</sup> Mathieu, a fellow Flatcar maintainer, did a great lightning talk on Flatcar@OpenStack today. Check out the recording when it's available.



### Release Channels



#### To receive updates, Flatcar instances are subscribed to one of 4 channels

"Alpha" for development. Fully tested but may contain incomplete features.

"Beta" for production use. Recommended for canaries

"Stable" for widespread production use. Stabilised through user feedback / Beta canaries.

"LTS" for environments where any change imposes significant costs. Based on "golden" Stable.

Defaults to "stable" but can be customised using declarative configuration.

"Alpha" has a release cadence of 2-4 weeks (major releases).

"Beta" gets a new major release every 1-2 months.

"Stable" major releases occur every 3-4 months. Only the latest stable release is supported.

"LTS" is supported for at least 18 months.

### Using Release Channels to Keep your Workloads Safe

#### Use stable for most workloads, and run a few Beta canaries

Each Beta release passes our full test suite before release (Alpha too, for that matter)

However, some workloads might trigger edge cases which are hard to model in test cases Canaries smoke-test incoming changes and detect issues early

#### Report Issues detected by canaries

We're not shipping a Stable that causes known issues

The issue will be fixed in the next Beta, before changes go stable

==> Clusters will receive stable versions that are proven to work

### **Update Strategies**

### Update Strategies customisable via declarative configuration

By default, nodes download & reboot as soon as update is available

#### Basic and advanced update strategies available

Single node: Maintenance windows (date / time)

Cluster w/o control plane: synchronisation via custom etcd lock (max number of nodes to reboot)

Kubernetes: update operator (FLUO) w/ node draining, reboot, un-cordoning

Also, support for KureD (CNCF Sandbox project, originally by WeaveWorks)

### Operate your own Update Server

#### Flatcar updates use the Omaha protocol

Nebraska, an open source Omaha implementation, is part of our project.

Nebraska supports a "downstream" mode for more control over upstream releases

#### Advantages

Custom node grouping (e.g. by region), controlled roll-out

Feedback on update roll-out as errors / rollbacks are reported back to Nebraska

Overview of version distribution in your fleets



## Flatcar is a community driven distro, all work done openly

### Day-to-day interactions

Matrix and Slack channels for day-to-day interactions

Drop by and speak up any time, maintainers are always around

### Long term planning and short term coordination

Planning and Roadmap boards are public Status updates discussed in public monthly developer sync calls User input, demos, etc. in separate monthly Office Hours call

### Focused Bug smashing and Doc writing days

Live streamed, drop in and join us!

### Flatcar is a community driven distro, all work done openly

#### **Implementation**

"Tactical" board for day-to-day planning

#### Releases

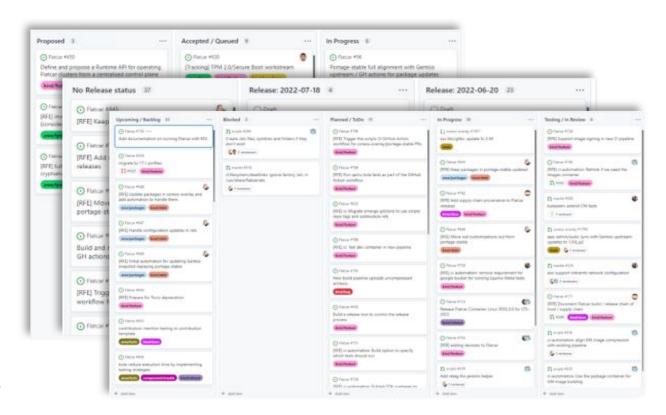
Release planning of features and fixes

### Roadmap

Long-term epics with sub-tasks break-down

### **Special Projects**

Separate boards for selected roadmap items, e.g. <a href="mailto:sysext">sysext</a>, <a href="CAPI">CAPI</a>



## Stay in touch

Matrix - Our day-to-day comms

Slack - Same

Office hours - Every second Tuesday of the month, 5:30 CE[S]T

**Developer Sync** - Every fourth Tuesday of the month, 5:30 CE[S]T

### Join us!

### User feedback, bug reports, feature requests

We are a user-driven community and are always looking for your input

#### Good First Issues, Bug smashing and doc writing days

Join the contributors!

#### Become a Maintainer

Flatcar is a maintainers governed project.

Regular contributors are offered maintainership status.



### Systemd Sysext Integration

#### What's a sysext?

Sysexts are OS extensions shipped in filesystem images

These images are transparently mounted onto /usr (and optionally, /opt) and can be stacked It's a feature built into systemd starting July 2021 (v448 or later)

#### Towards composable images!

We're looking into an even leaner base image, customisable via sysexts "Core" sysexts supported by Flatcar upstream, e.g. Kubernetes / CAPI, Podman, etc.

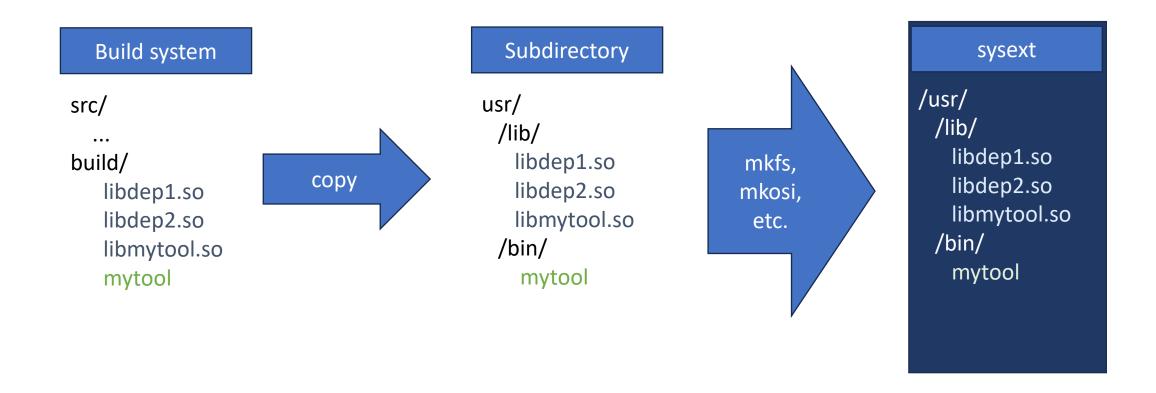
## **Using Sysexts**

sysext Root FS /usr/ /usr/ /lib/ /lib/ libdep1.so libc.so libdep2.so libcrypt.so Merge libmytool.so • • • • /bin/ /bin/ mytool cat Is ...

#### Root FS

```
/usr/
 /lib/
   libc.so
   libcrypt.so
   libdep1.so
   libdep2.so
   libmytool.so
 /bin/
    cat
    ls
    mytool
    • • •
```

## **Building Sysexts**



### We've Taken the First Steps

### Flatcar uses sysexts for OEM support

Cloud-specific tools not part of base image - separate OEM partition on vendor specific images

Now converted to / shipped as sysexts (Azure, QEmu, more to come)

Eases maintenance and enables simple and secure updating

#### Support and build tools are available today

Flatcar stable release fully supports applying (merging) sysext

Alpha SDK ships with build tools for custom sysexts; lets you extend base image

#### Towards composable images!

We're looking into an even leaner base image, customisable via sysexts

List of "Core" sysexts supported by Flatcar upstream, e.g. Kubernetes / CAPI, Podman, ...

### **CNCF** submission

### Flatcar was submitted as an incubating project to the CNCF

We're fundamentally a community-driven, cloud-native project

We have passed Governance review and are currently working with TAGs Security and Runtime

The help and guidance we receive from the CNCF is impressive

- huge thanks to all CNCF folks involved!

Check out the proposal: <a href="https://github.com/cncf/toc/pull/991">https://github.com/cncf/toc/pull/991</a>

## Wrap Up



Leverage Isolation of OS and Apps

Declarative Configuration at Provisioning

Atomic, Automated Updates

Community driven

Composable images with Sysext

Submitted to the CNCF for Incubation



# The Community's Container Linux

