

Factorization machines

Feature vector \mathbf{x}																	Target y					
\mathbf{x}_1	1	0	0	...	1	0	0	0	...	0.3	0.3	0.3	0	...	13	0	0	0	0	...	5	y_1
\mathbf{x}_2	1	0	0	...	0	1	0	0	...	0.3	0.3	0.3	0	...	14	1	0	0	0	...	3	y_2
\mathbf{x}_3	1	0	0	...	0	0	1	0	...	0.3	0.3	0.3	0	...	16	0	1	0	0	...	1	y_3
\mathbf{x}_4	0	1	0	...	0	0	1	0	...	0	0	0.5	0.5	...	5	0	0	0	0	...	4	y_4
\mathbf{x}_5	0	1	0	...	0	0	0	1	...	0	0	0.5	0.5	...	8	0	0	1	0	...	5	y_5
\mathbf{x}_6	0	0	1	...	1	0	0	0	...	0.5	0	0.5	0	...	9	0	0	0	0	...	1	y_6
\mathbf{x}_7	0	0	1	...	0	0	1	0	...	0.5	0	0.5	0	...	12	1	0	0	0	...	5	y_7
	A	B	C	...	TI	NH	SW	ST	...	TI	NH	SW	ST	...	Time	TI	NH	SW	ST	...		
	User				Movie					Other Movies rated						Last Movie rated						

Factorization machines

Let's consider the weight of a pair of features

$$\check{y}(x) = w_0 + \sum_{j=1}^p w_j x_j + \sum_{j=1}^p \sum_{j'=j+1}^p x_j x_{j'} w_{j,j'}$$

independent interactions

The model has too many parameters, far more than data points

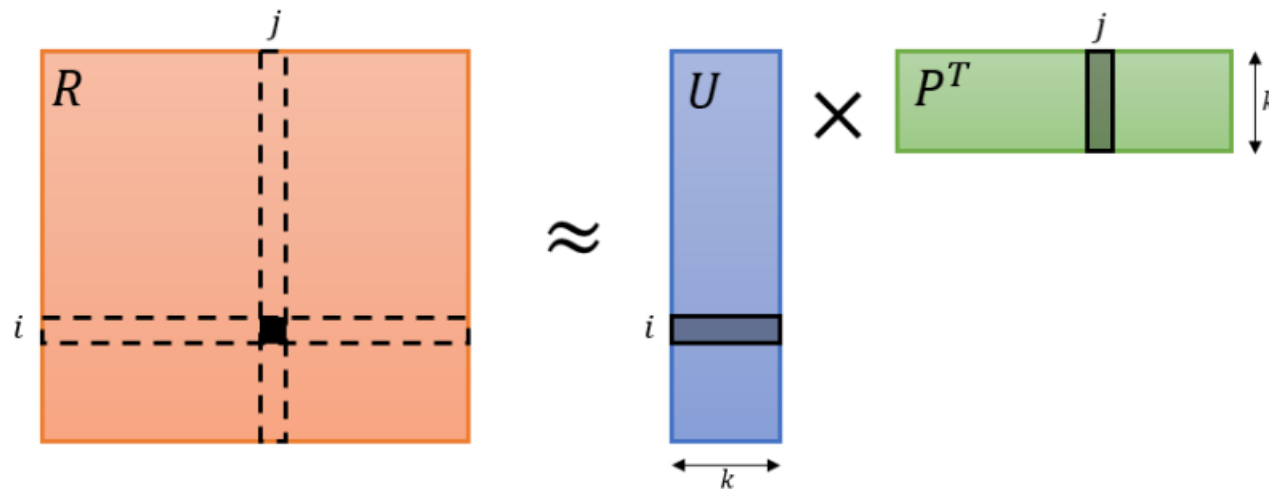
Factorization machines

Let $w_{i,j}$ be the weight assigned to feature pair i,j

Key idea: Set $w_{i,j} = \langle v_i, v_j \rangle$ same as matrix factorization

v_i are vectors in k -dimensional space

Weights of different pairs of features are not independent



Factorization machines

$$\check{y}(x) = w_0 + \sum_{j=1}^p w_j x_j + \sum_{j=1}^p \sum_{j'=j+1}^p x_j x_{j'} \langle v_j v_{j'} \rangle$$

$$\check{y}(x) = w_0 + \sum_{j=1}^p w_j x_j + \sum_{j=1}^p \sum_{j'=j+1}^p x_j x_{j'} \sum_{f=1}^k v_{f,j} v_{f,j'}$$

breaking the independence of
interaction parameters