

1 Source Code

```
1  /* This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or
   modify it under the terms of the GNU Lesser General Public License
3  as published by the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of
   the License, or (at your option) any later version.

5
   This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
7  but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
   MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
9  GNU General Public License for more details.

11  You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
   along with this program. If not, see <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>. */
13
14  package org.opentripplanner.standalone;
15
16  import com.beust.jcommander.JCommander;
17  import com.beust.jcommander.ParameterException;
18  import com.fasterxml.jackson.core.JsonParser;
19  import com.fasterxml.jackson.databind.JsonNode;
20  import com.fasterxml.jackson.databind.ObjectMapper;
21  import com.fasterxml.jackson.databind.node.MissingNode;
22  import org.opentripplanner.common.MavenVersion;
23  import org.opentripplanner.graph_builder.GraphBuilder;
24  import org.opentripplanner.routing.graph.Graph;
25  import org.opentripplanner.routing.impl.DefaultStreetVertexIndexFactory;
26  import org.opentripplanner.routing.impl.GraphScanner;
27  import org.opentripplanner.routing.impl.InputStreamGraphSource;
28  import org.opentripplanner.routing.impl.MemoryGraphSource;
29  import org.opentripplanner.routing.services.GraphService;
30  import org.opentripplanner.scripting.impl.BSFOTPScript;
31  import org.opentripplanner.scripting.impl.OTPScript;
32  import org.opentripplanner.visualizer.GraphVisualizer;
33  import org.slf4j.Logger;
34  import org.slf4j.LoggerFactory;
35
36  import java.io.File;
37  import java.io.FileInputStream;
38  import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
39
40  /**
41   * This is the main entry point to OpenTripPlanner. It allows both
   building graphs and starting up an OTP server
   * depending on command line options. OTPMain is a concrete class making
   it possible to construct one with custom
43   * CommandLineParameters and use its graph builder construction method
   from web services or scripts, not just from the
   * static main function below.
45   *
   * TODO still it seems fairly natural for all of these methods to be
   static.
```

```

47  */
public class OTPMain {
49
    private static final Logger LOG = LoggerFactory.getLogger(OTPMain.
class);
51
    private final CommandLineParameters params;
53    public OTPServer otpServer = null;
    public GraphService graphService = null;
55
    /** ENTRY POINT: This is the main method that is called when running
otp.jar from the command line. */
57    public static void main(String[] args) {
59
        /* Parse and validate command line parameters. */
        CommandLineParameters params = new CommandLineParameters();
61        try {
            JCommander jc = new JCommander(params, args);
63            if (params.version) {
                System.out.println(MavenVersion.VERSION.
getLongVersionString());
65                System.exit(0);
            }
67            if (params.help) {
                System.out.println(MavenVersion.VERSION.
getShortVersionString());
69                jc.setProgramName("java -Xmx[several]G -jar otp.jar");
                jc.usage();
71                System.exit(0);
            }
73            params.infer();
        } catch (ParameterException pex) {
75            System.out.println(MavenVersion.VERSION.getShortVersionString
());
            LOG.error("Parameter error: {}", pex.getMessage());
77            System.exit(1);
        }
79
        if (params.build == null && !params.visualize && !params.server &&
params.scriptFile == null) {
81            LOG.info("Nothing to do. Use --help to see available tasks.");
            System.exit(-1);
83        }
85
        OTPMain main = new OTPMain(params);
        main.run();
87
    }
89
    /** Constructor. */
91    public OTPMain(CommandLineParameters params) {
        this.params = params;

```

```

93     }
94
95     /**
96      * Making OTPMain a concrete class and placing this logic an instance
97      * method instead of embedding it in the static
98      * main method makes it possible to build graphs from web services or
99      * scripts, not just from the command line.
100     */
101     public void run() {
102
103         // TODO do params.infer() here to ensure coherency?
104
105         /* Create the top-level objects that represent the OTP server. */
106         makeGraphService();
107         otpServer = new OTPServer(params, graphService);
108
109         /* Start graph builder if requested */
110         if (params.build != null) {
111             GraphBuilder graphBuilder = GraphBuilder.forDirectory(params,
112             params.build); // TODO multiple directories
113             if (graphBuilder != null) {
114                 graphBuilder.run();
115                 /* If requested, hand off the graph to the server as the
116                 default graph using an in-memory GraphSource. */
117                 if (params.inMemory || params.preFlight) {
118                     Graph graph = graphBuilder.getGraph();
119                     graph.index(new DefaultStreetVertexIndexFactory());
120                     // FIXME set true router IDs
121                     graphService.registerGraph("", new MemoryGraphSource("
122                     ", graph));
123                 }
124             } else {
125                 LOG.error("An error occurred while building the graph.
126                 Exiting.");
127                 System.exit(-1);
128             }
129         }
130
131         /* Scan for graphs to load from disk if requested */
132         // FIXME eventually router IDs will be present even when just
133         building a graph.
134         if ((params.routerIds != null && params.routerIds.size() > 0) ||
135         params.autoScan) {
136             /* Auto-register pre-existing graph on disk, with optional
137             auto-scan. */
138             GraphScanner graphScanner = new GraphScanner(graphService,
139             params.graphDirectory, params.autoScan);
140             graphScanner.basePath = params.graphDirectory;
141             if (params.routerIds != null && params.routerIds.size() > 0) {
142                 graphScanner.defaultRouterId = params.routerIds.get(0);
143             }
144             graphScanner.autoRegister = params.routerIds;
145         }
146     }

```

```

135         graphScanner.startup();
136     }
137
138     /* Start visualizer if requested */
139     if (params.visualize) {
140         Router defaultRouter = graphService.getRouter();
141         defaultRouter.graphVisualizer = new GraphVisualizer(
142             defaultRouter);
143         defaultRouter.graphVisualizer.run();
144         defaultRouter.timeouts = new double[] {60}; // avoid timeouts
145         due to search animation
146     }
147
148     /* Start script if requested */
149     if (params.scriptFile != null) {
150         try {
151             OTPScript otpScript = new BSFOTPScript(otpServer, params.
152                 scriptFile);
153             if (otpScript != null) {
154                 Object retval = otpScript.run();
155                 if (retval != null) {
156                     LOG.warn("Your script returned something, no idea
157                         what to do with it: {}", retval);
158                 }
159             }
160         } catch (Exception e) {
161             throw new RuntimeException(e);
162         }
163     }
164
165     /* Start web server if requested */
166     if (params.server) {
167         GrizzlyServer grizzlyServer = new GrizzlyServer(params,
168             otpServer);
169         while (true) { // Loop to restart server on uncaught fatal
170             exceptions.
171             try {
172                 grizzlyServer.run();
173                 return;
174             } catch (Throwable throwable) {
175                 LOG.error("An uncaught {} occurred inside OTP.
176                     Restarting server.",
177                     throwable.getClass().getSimpleName(),
178                     throwable);
179             }
180         }
181     }
182 }
183
184 /**

```

```

179      * Create a cached GraphService that will be used by all OTP
      components to resolve router IDs to Graphs.
181      * If a graph is supplied (graph parameter is not null) then that
      graph is also registered.
      * TODO move into OTPServer and/or GraphService itself, eliminate
      FileFactory and put basePath in GraphService
181      */
      public void makeGraphService () {
183          graphService = new GraphService(params.autoReload);
          InputStreamGraphSource.FileFactory graphSourceFactory =
185              new InputStreamGraphSource.FileFactory(params.
graphDirectory);
          graphService.graphSourceFactory = graphSourceFactory;
187          if (params.graphDirectory != null) {
              graphSourceFactory.basePath = params.graphDirectory;
189          }
      }

191      /**
193      * Open and parse the JSON file at the given path into a Jackson JSON
      tree. Comments and unquoted keys are allowed.
      * Returns null if the file does not exist,
195      * Returns null if the file contains syntax errors or cannot be parsed
      for some other reason.
      *
197      * We do not require any JSON config files to be present because that
      would get in the way of the simplest
      * rapid deployment workflow. Therefore we return an empty JSON node
      when the file is missing, causing us to fall
199      * back on all the default values as if there was a JSON file present
      with no fields defined.
      */
201      public static JsonNode loadJson (File file) {
          try (FileInputStream jsonStream = new FileInputStream(file)) {
203              ObjectMapper mapper = new ObjectMapper();
              mapper.configure(JsonParser.Feature.ALLOW_COMMENTS, true);
205              mapper.configure(JsonParser.Feature.ALLOW_UNQUOTED_FIELD_NAMES
, true);
              JsonNode config = mapper.readTree(jsonStream);
207              LOG.info("Found and loaded JSON configuration file '{}'", file
);
              return config;
209          } catch (FileNotFoundException ex) {
              LOG.info("File '{}' is not present. Using default
configuration.", file);
211              return MissingNode.getInstance();
          } catch (Exception ex) {
213              LOG.error("Error while parsing JSON config file '{}': {}",
file, ex.getMessage());
              System.exit(42); // probably "should" be done with an
exception
215              return null;

```

```
217     }  
219 }
```

Listing 1: code1 zu sehen

```
2 for i:=maxint to 0 do  
  j:=square(root(i));  
4 end;
```

Listing 2: ein paar Zeilen code

hier kommt dann der Quellcode...

hier kommt der Quellcode...

2 Pseudo Code

Data: this text

Result: how to write algorithm with L^AT_EX2e
initialization;

while *not at end of this document* **do**

 read current;

if *understand* **then**

 go to next section;

 current section becomes this one;

else

 go back to the beginning of current section;

end

end

Algorithm 1: How to write algorithms