

成都七中 2016-2017 学年度上期高 2019 届半期考试

英语试卷

考试时间：120 分钟 满分：150 分

- 注意事项：**
- 1、本试卷分第 I 卷（选择题）和第 II 卷（非选择题）两部分。
 - 2、考生务必将自己的姓名、考号填写在答题卡上。
 - 3、作答时，将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷和草稿纸上无效。
 - 4、考试结束后，只将答题卡交回。

第 I 卷（选择题 共 95 分）

第一部分：听力（共两节，满分 20 分）

第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What's the probable relationship between the two speakers?
A. Daughter and father. B. Boss and employee. C. Student and teacher.
2. What's the time?
A. 4:30. B. 4:35. C. 4:25.
3. What can we learn from the conversation?
A. The man didn't make any suggestions.
B. The woman followed the man's advice.
C. The man didn't want the woman to buy the air conditioner.
4. In what class did the student break the school rules?
A. In chemistry class. B. In biology class. C. In physics class.
5. Who is Dame Morrison?
A. Tom's doctor. B. Mary's doctor. C. Tom's boss.

第二节（共 15 小题，满分 15 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6 至 8 题。

6. Where is the flat?
A. In the central part of the town. B. Near a busy road. C. Beside a park.
7. How much is the rent?
A. 13 pounds a week. B. 120 pounds a month. C. 300 pounds a year.
8. What does the man think of the flat?
A. He likes it very much. B. He doesn't like it. C. He wants to see it first.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 9 至 11 题。

9. Why are some doctors strongly encouraging arm exercises now?
A. Because our arms are often too fat.
B. Because our arms are often too soft.

- C. Because arm exercises can build up our health.
10. What will happen to your blood pressure when you do arm exercises?
 A. It'll slow down. B. It'll rise up. C. It'll stay normal.
11. What should be done with arm exercises?
 A. Leg exercises. B. Neck exercises. C. Head exercises.
- 听第 8 段材料，回答第 12 至 14 题。
12. What is John?
 A. A farmer. B. A doctor. C. A postman.
13. What can we learn about Fred?
 A. He had the largest farm in America.
 B. He grows cotton in his field.
 C. He will buy more fields next year.
14. What did the woman once do at her brother's?
 A. She drank the milk. B. She milked a cow. C. She killed a cow.
- 听第 9 段材料，回答第 15 至 17 题。
15. What has made working at home possible?
 A. Personal computers. B. Communication industry. C. Living far from companies.
16. Why do some people prefer working at home?
 A. To save time. B. To get more jobs. C. To make more money.
17. What might happen in the future?
 A. The British firm can move to Belfast.
 B. We might work at home for a foreign company.
 C. We can call Spain for the work.
- 听第 10 段材料，回答第 18 至 20 题。
18. What is the passage mainly about?
 A. The development of air masses.
 B. Some reasons why the temperature of the air is always changing.
 C. The color of the clouds during the day or night.
19. What may affect the temperature changes?
 A. The quantity of clouds in the sky.
 B. The height of clouds in the sky.
 C. The temperature of the clouds.
20. What happens to the temperature when there are many clouds during the night?
 A. The temperature rises much.
 B. The clouds keep up the temperature.
 C. The clouds keep the air temperature from dropping much.

第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节 （共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C 和 D)中，选出最佳项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

I really love my job because I enjoy working with small children and like the challenges and awards from the job. I also think my work is important. There was a time when I thought I would never have that

sort of career (职业) .

I wasn't an excellent student because I didn't do much schoolwork. In my final term I started thinking what I might do and found I didn't have much to offer. I just accepted that I wasn't the type to have a career.

I then found myself a job, looking after two little girls. It wasn't too bad at first. But the problems began when I agreed to live in, so that I would be there if my boss had to go out for business in the evening. We agreed that if I had to work extra hours one week, she'd give me time off the next. But unfortunately, it didn't often work out. I was getting extremely tired and fed up, because I had too many late nights and early mornings with the children.

One Sunday, I was in the park with the children, and met Megan who used to go to school with me. I told her about my situation. She suggested that I should do a course and get a qualification (资格证书) if I wanted to work with children. I didn't think I would be accepted because I didn't take many exams in school. She persuaded me to phone the local college and they were really helpful. My experience counted for a lot and I got on a part-time course. I had to leave my job with the family, and got work helping out at a kindergarten.

Now I've got a full-time job there. I shall always be thankful to Megan. I wish I had known earlier that you could have a career, even if you aren't top of the class at school.

21. What is the author's present job?

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|--|--|
| A. Working part-time in a college. | B. Taking care of children for a family. |
| C. Helping children with their schoolwork. | D. Looking after children at a kindergarten. |

22. When staying with the two girls' family, the author _____.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| A. was paid for extra work | B. often worked long hours |
| C. got much help from her boss | D. took a day off every other week |

23. Why did the author leave her first job?

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|--|---|
| A. She found a full-time job. | B. She was fed up with children. |
| C. She decided to attend a part-time course. | D. She needed a rest after working extra hours. |

24. What has the author learned from her own experiences?

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| A. Less successful students can still have a career. |
| B. Qualifications are necessary for a career. |
| C. Hard work makes an excellent student. |
| D. One must choose the job she likes. |

B

Winners Club

You choose to be a winner!

The Winners Club is a bank account specially designed for teenagers. It has been made to help you better manage your money. The Winners Club is a transaction account (交易账户) where you receive a key-card so you can get to your money 24/7—that's 24 hours a day, 7 days a week!

It's a club with impressive features for teenagers.

No account keeping fees!

You're no millionaire so we don't expect you to pay large fees. In fact, there are no account keeping or transaction fees!

Excellent interest rates!

You want your money to grow. The Winners Club has a good rate of interest which gets even better if

you make at least two deposits (储蓄) without taking them out in a month.

Convenient

Teenagers are busy—we get that. You may never need to come to a bank at all. With the Winners Club you can choose to use handy tellers and to bank from home using the phone and the Internet, you can have money directly deposited into your Winners Club account. This could be your pocket money or your pay from your part-time job!

Mega magazine included

Along with your regular report, you will receive a FREE magazine full of good ideas to make even more of your money. There are also fantastic offers and competitions only for Winners Club members.

The Winners Club is a great choice for teenagers. And it is so easy to join. Simply fill in an application form. You will have to get permission from your parent or guardian(so we can organize that cool key-card) but it is easy. We can't wait to hear from you. It's the best way to choose to be a winner!

25. The Winners Club is a bank account intended for _____.
A. parents B. teenagers C. winners D. adults
26. Which of the following is TRUE about the Winners Club?
A. Special gifts are ready for parents. B. The bank opens only on work days.
C. Services are convenient for its members. D. Fees are necessary for the account keeping.
27. If you want to be a member of the Club, you must _____.
A. be an Internet user B. be permitted by your parent
C. have a big sum of money D. be in your twenties
28. What is the purpose of this text?
A. To set up a club. B. To provide part-time jobs.
C. To organize key-cards. D. To introduce a new banking service.

C

Bob Dylan, born on May 24, 1941, is an American songwriter, singer, artist, and writer. He has been influential in popular music and culture for more than five decades. Much of his best-known work dates from the 1960s when his songs recorded social unrest, although Dylan disagreed with suggestions from reporters that he was a spokesman for his time. However, early songs such as “Blowin' in the Wind” and “The Times They Are a-Changin'” became important songs for the American civil rights and anti-war movements. Dylan's mid-1960s recordings reached the top end of the United States music charts, but were criticized by others in the folk movement for their use of rock music.

Words in Dylan's songs have political, social, and literary influences. They wouldn't follow pop music traditions but welcomed the beginning of a new culture. First inspired by the performances of Little Richard and the songwriting of Woody Guthrie, Robert Johnson, and Hank Williams, Dylan has enlarged and personalized musical genres(种类). His success as a recording artist and performer has been central to his career, but songwriting is considered his greatest achievement.

As a musician, Dylan has sold more than 100 million records, making him one of the best-selling artists of all time. He has also received various awards, including eleven Grammy Awards, a Golden Globe Award, and an Academy Award. He is only the second person to have won both the Oscar Award and the Nobel Prize. The other is George Bernard Shaw. In May 2012, Dylan received the Presidential Medal of Freedom from President Barack Obama. On October 13, 2016, Dylan was awarded the Nobel Prize in Literature for “having created new poetic expressions within the great American song tradition.”

- D

This attitude toward manual (体力的) labor is now still seen in many aspects of American life. One is invited to dinner at a home that is not only comfortably but even expensively furnished and in which there is every evidence of the fact that the family has been able to afford foreign travel, expensive hobbies, and college education for the children; yet the hostess probably will cook the dinner herself, will serve it herself and will wash dishes afterward; furthermore, the dinner will not consist just of something quickly and easily mixed from contents of various cans and a cake or a pie bought at the nearby bakery. Instead, the hostess usually takes pride in careful preparation of special dishes. A professional man may talk about washing the car, digging in his flowerbeds, painting the house. His wife may even help with these things, just as he often helps her with the dishwashing. The son who is away at college may wait on table and wash dishes for his living, or during the summer he may work with a group of workers on the highway in order to pay for his education.

- 第二节 (共5小题; 每小题2分, 满分10分)**

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有两项为多余选项。

How to Make Friends

Friendship is a very important human relationship and everyone needs good friends. Good friendship has many benefits. It offers companionship, improves self-worth and promotes good health. There are times in our lives such as when we have recently moved into a new town, or changed our jobs or schools. Such changes often leave us without a friend. 36 But for many of us the process is difficult and requires courage. Below are some helpful suggestions on how to make and keep friends.

1. Associate with others.

The first step to making friends is associating with other people. You can go to public places to meet new people. Besides, you will need to make yourself known by becoming an active member of such places.

2. Start a conversation.

Starting a conversation is the second most important step in making new friends. 37 You can always start the conversation. Being able to make small talk is a very useful skill in relating with other people.

3. 38

Choosing friends with common interests is important in building friendship as these interests would always bring you and your friend together. Hanging out will always be a pleasant experience.

4. Let it grow.

It is a good thing to stay in touch. However, try not to press your new friend with calls, messages or visits as this would likely wear him or her out and finally you may lose your friend. 39 The best friendships are the ones that grow naturally.

5. Enjoy your friendship.

The best way to enjoy your friendship is to allow your friends to be themselves. 40 Try not to change them from who they are to what you want them to be. Become the kind of friend you will want your friend to be to you.

- A. Be cheerful.
- B. Do things together.
- C. Do not wait to be spoken to.
- D. Try not to find fault with your friends.
- E. Making new friends comes easy for some people.
- F. For a friendship to develop you need to stay in touch.
- G. So you will need to give your friend time to react to you.

第三部分：英语知识运用（共四节，满分 55 分）

第一节 完形填空（共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从 41-60 各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

The first time I remember noticing the crossing guard was when he waved to me as I drove my son to school. He 41 me with a puzzle— all because he waved to me like someone does 42 seeing a close friend. A big, 43 smile accompanied his wave. For the next few days I tried to 44 his face to see if I knew him. I didn't. Perhaps he had 45 me for someone else. By the time I came to accept the 46 that he and I were strangers, we were greeting each other warmly every morning like old friends.

Then one day the 47 was solved. As I 48 the school he was standing in the middle of the road 49 his stop sign. I was in line behind four cars. 50 the kids had reached the safety of the sidewalk, he lowered his sign and let the cars 51. To the first he waved and 52 in just the same way he had done to me over the last few days. The kids already had the window down and were happily waving their reply. The second car got the same 53 from the crossing guard, and the driver, a stiff-looking(表情刻板的) businessman, gave a brief, almost 54 wave back. Each following car of kids on their way to school 55 more heartily.

Every morning I continued to watch the man with 56. So far I haven't seen anyone 57 to wave back. I find it interesting that one person can make such a(n) 58 to so many people's lives by doing one simple thing like waving and smiling warmly. His 59 armed the start of my day. With a friendly wave and smiling face he had changed the 60 of the whole neighborhood.

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|----------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 41. A. hit | B. disappointed | C. presented | D. bored |
| 42. A. on | B. from | C. during | D. about |
| 43. A. false | B. shy | C. apologetic | D. bright |
| 44. A. research | B. study | C. recognize | D. explore |
| 45. A. praised | B. blamed | C. mistaken | D. respected |
| 46. A. conclusion | B. description | C. direction | D. introduction |
| 47. A. argument | B. disagreement | C. mystery | D. task |
| 48. A. visited | B. approached | C. passed | D. left |
| 49. A. drawing back | B. putting on | C. handing in | D. holding out |
| 50. A. Once | B. Before | C. Unless | D. While |
| 51. A. In | B. through | C. out | D. down |
| 52. A. cried | B. cheered | C. smiled | D. gestured |
| 53. A. idea | B. reply | C. notice | D. greeting |
| 54. A. awkward | B. angry | C. pleasant | D. patient |
| 55. A. came | B. replied | C. hurried | D. appeared |
| 56. A. surprise | B. disappointment | C. interest | D. doubt |
| 57. A. fail | B. try | C. wish | D. bother |
| 58. A. offer | B. sacrifice | C. promise | D. difference |
| 59. A. effectiveness | B. cheerfulness | C. carefulness | D. seriousness |
| 60. A. trends | B. opinions | C. rules | D. feelings |

第二节 词汇测试 (共 5 小题, 共 5 分)

根据句意, 从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

61. One of the natural _____ in 2016 is the earthquake on August 24, which shook Italy, killing at least 120 people.
A. catastrophes B. attractions C. failures D. barriers
62. At weekends, students in most schools can choose to wear their _____ clothes instead of their school uniforms.
A. formal B. casual C. cautious D. annual
63. In the north of our city lies a _____ garden, where visitors can see many kinds of plants.
A. botanical B. biological C. geographical D. physical
64. Those bamboos outside the restaurant are not real. I mean they are _____.

- A. awesome B. authentic C. artificial D. available
65. We should _____ our time wisely so that we can finish more work in our study.
- A. advocate B. brake C. bounce D. allocate

第 II 卷（非选择题 共 55 分）

第三部分：英语知识运用（共四节，满分 55 分）

第三节 语法填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

阅读下面材料，在空白处填入适当的内容（1 个单词）或括号内单词的正确形式。

It must have been about two in the morning when I returned home. I tried to wake up my wife by ringing the doorbell, but she was fast asleep, so I got a ladder from the shed (工棚) in the garden, put it 66 the wall, and began climbing towards the bedroom window. I was almost there 67 a sarcastic (讽刺的) voice below said, "I don't think the windows need cleaning at this time of the night." I looked down and nearly fell off the ladder when I saw a policeman. I immediately 68 (regret) answering in the way I did, but I said, "I enjoy cleaning 69 (window) at night."

"So 70 I," answered the policeman in the same tone. "Excuse my interrupting you. I hate to interrupt a man when he's busy working, 71 would you mind 72 (come) with me to 73 station?"

"Well, I'd prefer to stay here," I said. "You see. I've forgotten my key."

"Your what?" he called.

"My key," I shouted.

74 (fortunate), the shouting woke up my wife 75 opened the window just as the policeman had started to climb towards me.

第四节 单词拼写（每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

根据句意和汉语意思提示或者首字母提示，在横线上写出恰当的单词，使句意通顺连贯。

76. When we finish reading a book, we are asked to write a s_____ of the story, telling about the main idea of the story.
77. Many Chinese students work extremely hard in order that they can be _____ (录取) into their ideal universities.
78. On Teachers' Day, we went back to our _____ (以前的) schools to see our teachers.
79. The whole playground was excited with the audience cheering _____ (热情地) for the athletes.
80. Who can _____ (翻译) this poem into English?
81. Do you see any s_____ and differences between the two Asian countries?
82. Chengdu usually i_____ the tourists so much that they find it hard to say goodbye.
83. More and more young people are coming into big cities to work, leaving many villages and farms a_____.
84. What's your _____ (解释) for your being late again this morning?
85. I will a_____ it very much if you can come here on time tomorrow.

第四部分 写作（共两节，满分 35 分）

第一节 短文改错（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文，请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误，每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加：在缺词处加一个漏字符号(∧)，并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除：把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改：在错的词下划一横线，并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意：1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词；

2. 只允许修改 10 处，多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

Dear Mike,

I'm glad to know that you had an interest in Chinese food. Here I'd like to tell you something about them. Chinese food is famous with its wide variety. The food in one area can be easy told from that in another. For example, Shanghai food, a little bit sweet, differ from Sichuan food that is rather hot. However, every kind of the Chinese food is worth trying, because each has a delicious taste and good for health. Since the restaurant in China usually serves special dish of different areas, you can enjoy various Chinese foods whenever you are. I'm looking forward to meet you here so that I can tell you more about Chinese food at table.

Best wishes.

Yours sincerely,

Bruce

第二节 书面表达（满分 25 分）

假如你叫李华，新学期开学两个月了，你的英语老师要求你在英语课堂上用英语和同学们交流一下你到新学校后的感受。交流内容要求包括以下要点：

1、校园环境和教学设施；

2、师生给你的印象；

3、给学校的两点建议。

注意：1、词数 100 词左右；

2、信的开头和结尾已为你写好，不计入词数；

3、内容可适当发挥，要注意行文连贯。

Hello, everyone,

I'm honored to stand here to tell you something about my school life in the past two months.

Thank you!