

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-K

☒ ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from to
Commission file number 1-8974

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Honeywell International Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	22-2640650
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
855 South Mint Street	
Charlotte, North Carolina	28202
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (704) 627-6200

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$1 per share	HON	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
0.000% Senior Notes due 2024	HON 24A	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
3.500% Senior Notes due 2027	HON 27	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
2.250% Senior Notes due 2028	HON 28A	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
0.750% Senior Notes due 2032	HON 32	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
3.750% Senior Notes due 2032	HON 32A	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
4.125% Senior Notes due 2034	HON 34	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the Registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark if the Registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

[illegible]

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report. ☒

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the Registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the Registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to § 240.10D-1(b). ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

The aggregate market value of the common stock held by non-affiliates of the Registrant was approximately \$137.8 billion at June 30, 2023.

There were 652,181,812 shares of Common Stock outstanding at January 26, 2024.

Documents Incorporated by Reference

Part III: Proxy Statement for Annual Meeting of Shareowners to be held May 14, 2024

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ORGANIZATION OF OUR ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K

The order and presentation of content in our Annual Report on Form 10-K (Form 10-K) differs from the traditional U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Form 10-K format. We believe that our format improves readability and better presents how we organize and manage our business. See Form 10-K Cross-Reference Index for a cross-reference to the traditional SEC Form 10-K format.

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT ABOUT FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

We describe many of the trends and other factors that drive our business and future results in the section titled Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and in other parts of this report (including under the section titled Risk Factors). Such discussions contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). Forward-looking statements are those that address activities, events, or developments that management intends, expects, projects, believes, or anticipates will or may occur in the future. They are based on management’s assumptions and assessments in light of past experience and trends, current economic and industry conditions, expected future developments, and other relevant factors, many of which are difficult to predict and outside of our control. They are not guarantees of future performance, and actual results, developments, and business decisions may differ significantly from those envisaged by our forward-looking statements. We do not undertake to update or revise any of our forward-looking statements, except as required by applicable securities law. Our forward-looking statements are also subject to material risks and uncertainties, including ongoing macroeconomic and geopolitical risks, such as lower GDP growth or recession, capital markets volatility, inflation, and certain regional conflicts, that can affect our performance in both the near- and long-term. In addition, no assurance can be given that any plan, initiative, projection, goal, commitment, expectation, or prospect set forth in this Form 10-K can or will be achieved. These forward-looking statements should be considered in light of the information included in this Form 10-K, including, in particular, the factors discussed within the section titled Risk Factors. Such factors may be revised or supplemented in subsequent reports on Forms 10-Q and 8-K. Any forward-looking plans described herein are not final and may be modified or abandoned at any time.

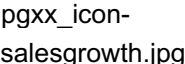
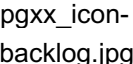

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Leveraging our Honeywell Accelerator operating model, we delivered strong performance in 2023, remaining focused on creating long-term shareholder value. In 2023, we delivered sales growth of 3%, to \$36.7 billion, led by strong demand in our Commercial Aviation, Defense and Space, and Process Solutions businesses, and sales growth in three of our four reportable business segments.

In 2023, we announced the next phase of Accelerator, version 3.0 of Honeywell's robust operating system, taking an important step toward standardizing our organization end-to-end across our four main business models - products, aftermarket services, projects, and software - and facilitating knowledge transfer of best practices to drive incremental growth, margin expansion, and cash generation. We are completing the buildout of our full suite of information technology (IT) platforms covering all different aspects of the value chain, and implementing digital threads to provide valuable data that will improve our business performance. Over the last six years, the efforts of the "Great Integration" of Honeywell transformed the organization into an integrated operating company, deploying world-class capabilities and multiple growth enablers that benefit each strategic business group.

We are focused on aligning our businesses with three distinct megatrends (automation, future of aviation, and energy transition), all underpinned by digitization. During the year, we deployed \$8.3 billion to capital expenditures, dividends, share repurchases, and mergers and acquisitions. We opportunistically repurchased shares to maintain our commitment to reduce share count by at least 1% per year, and increased our dividend for the fourteenth time in the last thirteen years. Our mergers and acquisition activities focused on key acquisitions to align with our megatrends. We announced three acquisitions - our acquisitions of Compressor Controls Corporation and SCADAfence, as well as our agreement to acquire Carrier Global Corporation's Global Access Solutions business.

As we look forward, we intend to continue deploying capital to high-return opportunities. We continue to carry a robust backlog of \$31.8 billion as of December 31, 2023, that provides a strong foundation for future and sustained capital deployment to accelerate growth.

YEAR IN REVIEW						
						
Sales up 3%		Robust backlog of		Operating cash flows of		
\$36.7 BILLION		\$31.8 BILLION		\$5.3 BILLION		
as we remain focused on leveraging and evolving our Honeywell Accelerator operating model to deliver growth		as of year-end, demonstrating continued strong demand in our end markets and positioning us well to convert for future growth		as we remain focused on increasing operating cash flows through revenue growth, margin expansion, and improved working capital turnover		

MAJOR BUSINESSES

We globally manage our business operations through four reportable business segments: Aerospace, Honeywell Building Technologies, Performance Materials and Technologies, and Safety and Productivity Solutions. The remainder of Honeywell's operations is presented in Corporate and All Other, which is not a reportable business segment. Financial information related to our reportable business segments is included in Note 22 Segment Financial Data of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

<div> <div>AEROSPACE</div> <div> <p>Aerospace is a leading global supplier of products, software, and services for aircrafts that it sells to original equipment manufacturers (OEM) and other customers in a variety of end markets including: air transport, regional, business and general aviation aircraft, airlines, aircraft operators, and defense and space contractors. Aerospace products and services include auxiliary power units, propulsion engines, environmental control systems, integrated avionics, wireless connectivity services, electric power systems, engine controls, flight safety, communications, navigation hardware, data and software applications, radar and surveillance systems, aircraft lighting, management and technical services, advanced systems and instruments, satellite and space components, aircraft wheels and brakes, and thermal systems. Aerospace also provides spare parts, repair, overhaul, and maintenance services (principally to aircraft operators), and sells licenses or intellectual property to other parties. Our Honeywell Forge solutions enable our customers to turn data into predictive maintenance and predictive analytics to enable better fleet management and make flight operations more efficient.</p> </div> </div>						<div>image_Aero.jpg</div>	

2023 Full-year revenue of \$13,624 million					
2023 Full-year revenue by business unit					
\$2,397 million	\$6,241 million			\$4,986 million	
Commercial Aviation Original Equipment	Commercial Aviation Aftermarket			Defense and Space	

<h2>HONEYWELL BUILDING TECHNOLOGIES</h2>				
<p>Honeywell Building Technologies is a leading global provider of products, software, solutions, and technologies that enable building owners and occupants to ensure their facilities are safe, energy efficient, sustainable, and productive. Honeywell Building Technologies products and services include advanced software applications for building control and optimization; sensors, switches, control systems, and instruments for energy management; access control; video surveillance; fire products; and installation, maintenance, and upgrades of systems. Our Honeywell Forge solutions enable our customers to digitally manage buildings, connecting data from different assets to enable smart maintenance, improve building performance, and even protect from incoming security threats.</p>				

2023 Full-year revenue of \$6,031 million				
2023 Full-year revenue by business unit				
\$3,583 million		\$2,448 million		
Products		Building Solutions		

PERFORMANCE MATERIALS AND TECHNOLOGIES

Performance Materials and Technologies is a leading global provider in developing and manufacturing high-quality performance chemicals and materials, process technologies, and automation solutions. The reportable business segment is comprised of Process Solutions, UOP, and Advanced Materials. Process Solutions provides automation control, instrumentation, advanced software, and related services for the oil and gas, refining, pulp and paper, industrial power generation, chemicals and petrochemicals, biofuels, life sciences, and metals, minerals, and mining industries. Our smart energy products enable utilities and distribution companies to deploy advanced capabilities to improve operations, reliability, and environmental sustainability. UOP provides process technology, products, including catalysts and adsorbents, equipment, and consulting services that enable customers to efficiently produce gasoline, diesel, jet fuel, petrochemicals, and renewable fuels for the petroleum refining, gas processing, petrochemical, and other industries. Advanced Materials manufactures a wide variety of high-performance products, including materials used to manufacture end products such as bullet-resistant armor, nylon, computer chips, and pharmaceutical packaging, and provides reduced and low global warming potential materials based on hydrofluoro-olefin technology. In the industrial environment, our Honeywell Forge solutions enable integration and connectivity to provide a holistic view of operations and turn data into clear actions to maximize productivity and efficiency. Our Honeywell Forge's cybersecurity capabilities help identify risks and act on cyber-related incidents, together enabling improved operations and protecting processes, people, and assets.

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2023 Full-year revenue of \$11,506 million

2023 Full-year revenue by business unit

\$2,586 million	\$5,267 million	\$3,653 million
UOP	Process Solutions	Advanced Materials

SAFETY AND PRODUCTIVITY SOLUTIONS

Safety and Productivity Solutions is a leading global provider of products and software that improve productivity, workplace safety, and asset performance to customers around the globe. Sensing and Safety Technologies products include personal protective equipment (PPE), apparel, gear, and footwear; gas detection technology; custom-engineered sensors, switches, and controls for sensing and productivity solutions; and cloud-based notification and emergency messaging. Productivity Solutions and Services products and services include mobile devices and software for computing, data collection, and thermal printing; and software-based data and asset management productivity solutions. Warehouse and Workflow Solutions products and services include system design and simulation, automation solutions, performance optimization software, and lifecycle services to enable accuracy, productivity, and predictability of warehouse operations. Our Honeywell Forge solutions digitally automate processes to improve efficiency while reducing downtime and safety costs.

image_SPS (1).jpg

2023 Full-year revenue of \$5,489 million

2023 Full-year revenue by business unit

\$2,733 million

Sensing and Safety Technologies

\$1,313 million

**Productivity Solutions and
Services**

\$1,443 million

Warehouse and Workflow Solutions

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COMPETITION

We are subject to competition in substantially all product and service areas. Some of our key competitors include but are not limited to:

AEROSPACE		HONEYWELL BUILDING TECHNOLOGIES	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Garmin L3 Harris Northrop Grumman 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> RTX Corporation Safran Thales 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Carrier Global Johnson Controls 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Schneider Electric Siemens

PERFORMANCE MATERIALS AND TECHNOLOGIES		SAFETY AND PRODUCTIVITY SOLUTIONS	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ABB Arkema Axens Chemours 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Emerson Electric Haldor Topsoe Rockwell Automation Schneider Electric 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3M Kion Group MSA Safety Incorporated 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> TE Connectivity Zebra Technologies

Our businesses compete on a variety of factors such as performance, applied technology, product innovation, product recognition, quality, reliability, customer service, delivery, and price. Brand identity, service to customers, and quality are important competitive factors for our products and services. Our products face considerable price competition. While our competitive position varies among our products and services, we are a significant competitor in each of our major product and service areas.

BACKLOG

Our backlog represents the estimated remaining value of work to be performed under firm contracts. Backlog is equal to our remaining performance obligations under the contracts that meet the guidance on revenue from contracts with customers as discussed in Note 3 Revenue Recognition and Contracts with Customers of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. Backlog was \$31,777 million and \$29,558 million at December 31, 2023, and 2022, respectively. We expect to recognize approximately 60% of our remaining performance obligations as revenue in 2024, and the remaining balance thereafter.

U.S. GOVERNMENT SALES

The Company, principally through our Aerospace reportable business segment, sells to the U.S. government acting through its various departments and agencies and through prime contractors, including the U.S. Department of Defense (as both a prime contractor and subcontractor). We do not expect our overall operating results to be significantly affected by any proposed changes in 2024 federal defense spending due to the varied mix of the government programs which impact us (OEM production, engineering development programs, aftermarket spares and repairs, and overhaul programs), as well as our diversified customer base.

INTERNATIONAL OPERATIONS

We engage in manufacturing, sales, service, and research and development globally. U.S. exports and non-U.S. manufactured products are significant to our operations. U.S. exports represented 13% of our total sales in 2023, and 12% in 2022 and 2021. Non-U.S. manufactured products and services, mainly in Europe and Asia, were 42% of our total sales in 2023, and 40% in 2022 and 2021.

Manufactured products and systems and performance of services	Year Ended December 31, 2023			
	Aerospace	Honeywell Building Technologies	Performance Materials and Technologies	Safety and Productivity Solutions
	(% of Segment Sales)			
U.S. exports	23 %	2 %	11 %	2 %
Non-U.S. manufactured products/services	28 %	56 %	53 %	38 %

Information related to risks associated with our foreign operations is included in the section titled Risk Factors under the caption "Macroeconomic and Industry Risks."

RAW MATERIALS

The vast majority of principal raw materials used in our operations are readily available; however, during 2023, we continued to experience supply chain constraints for certain raw materials. We maintain mitigation strategies to reduce the impact of disruptions, including digital solutions to assist in identifying and managing shortages, pricing actions, longer term planning for constrained materials, material supply tracking tools, and direct engagement with key suppliers to meet customer demand. We assist certain suppliers facing manufacturing challenges by committing our own resources to their sites and facilities. Our relationships with primary and secondary suppliers allow us to reliably source key components and raw materials. Where we cannot procure key components or raw materials, we consider altering existing products and developing new products to satisfy customer needs. Alterations to existing products and the development of new products undergo product quality controls and engineering qualification, prior to releasing to our customers. We continue to leverage existing supplier relationships and are not dependent on any one supplier for a material amount of our raw materials. We believe these mitigation strategies enable us to reduce supply risk, accelerate new product innovation, and expand our penetration in the markets we serve. Additionally, due to the strenuous quality controls and product qualification we perform on a new or altered product, we do not expect these mitigation strategies to impact product quality or reliability.

Prices of certain key raw materials are expected to moderate. We offset raw material cost increases with formula-driven or long-term supply agreements, price increases, and hedging activities where feasible. We anticipate supply chain constraints for certain raw materials will continue into 2024; however, we believe our short-term and long-term mitigation strategies position us well to mitigate and reduce the impact these factors may have on our businesses. As such, we do not presently anticipate that a shortage of raw materials will cause any material adverse impacts during 2024.

See the section titled Risk Factors for additional information on supply chain constraints.

PATENTS, TRADEMARKS, LICENSES, AND DISTRIBUTION RIGHTS

Our reportable business segments are not dependent upon any single patent or related group of patents, trademarks, or any licenses or distribution rights. In our judgment, our intellectual property rights are adequate for the conduct of our business. We believe that, in the aggregate, the rights under our patents, trademarks, licenses, and distribution rights are generally important to our operations, but we do not consider any individual patent, trademark, or any licensing or distribution rights related to a specific process or product to be of material importance in relation to our total business.

Our operations are subject to various federal, state, local, and foreign government regulations, including requirements regarding the protection of human health and the environment. We design our policies, practices, and procedures to prevent unreasonable risk of environmental damage, and of resulting financial liability, in connection with our business. Some risk of environmental damage is, however, inherent in some of our operations and products, as it is with other companies engaged in similar businesses.

We engage in the handling, manufacturing, use, and disposal of many substances classified as hazardous by one or more regulatory agencies. We design policies, practices, and procedures to prevent unreasonable risk of environmental damage and personal injury, and to ensure that our handling, manufacture, use, and disposal of these substances meet or exceed environmental and safety laws and regulations. It is possible that future knowledge or other developments, such as improved capability to detect substances in the environment or increasingly strict environmental laws and standards and enforcement policies, could bring into question our current or past handling, manufacture, use, or disposal of these substances.

Among other environmental requirements, we are subject to the Federal Superfund and similar state and foreign laws and regulations, under which we have been designated as a potentially responsible party that may be liable for cleanup costs associated with current and former operating sites and various hazardous waste sites, some of which are on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's National Priority List. While there is a possibility that a responsible party might be unable to obtain appropriate contribution from other responsible parties, we do not anticipate having to bear significantly more than our proportional share in multi-party situations taken as a whole.

We do not believe that federal, state, and local provisions regulating the discharge of materials into the environment, or otherwise relating to the protection of the environment, or any existing or pending climate change legislation, regulation, or international treaties or accords are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect in the foreseeable future on our business and we will continue to monitor emerging developments in this area.

Beyond our compliance requirements with environmental regulations, compliance with other government regulations has not had, and based on laws and regulations currently in effect, is not expected to have a material effect on our capital expenditures, earnings, or competitive position. See the section titled Risk Factors for additional information on government regulation that could impact our business.

SUSTAINABILITY COMMITMENTS

Our commitment to being environmentally responsible is reflected in the extensive work we do to reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, increase energy efficiency, conserve water, minimize waste, manage air emissions, and drive efficiency throughout our operations. Our operating system – which drives sustainable improvements and the elimination of waste in our manufacturing operations – is a critical component in how we approach environmental stewardship within Honeywell.

We commit resources each year to projects that support these objectives:

- **Energy Efficiency Improvements.** We continue to implement sustainability projects at our facilities, including building automation and controls, lighting, compressed air and gas systems, mechanical upgrades, and renewable energy. Our largest sites are required to identify their significant energy use in line with ISO 50001, obtain an energy audit on an established cycle, train personnel on energy management, and track identified projects via our standard database. This ensures a robust pipeline of both low-cost and capital projects that can be considered for execution.
- **Managing Air Emissions.** We manage air emissions in accordance with all regulatory requirements while also seeking to minimize our environmental impact. All of our manufacturing locations are required to meet the requirements of our Air Emissions procedure that is part of the Health, Safety, Environment, Product Stewardship and Sustainability (HSEPS) Management System. These requirements include, but are not limited to, identifying and detailing all emissions to air on an inventory that captures them, developing operational controls, and standardized compliance obligation tracking for permit conditions and regulatory requirements. Where there are industrial air emissions that do not have specific legal or permit requirements, we implement best management practices, where available.
- **Wastewater Management.** We require our locations and functions to manage water use and wastewater effluent in accordance with our HSEPS Management System. In addition to meeting all legal and regulatory requirements, the HSEPS Management System requires Honeywell manufacturing locations to complete actions such as maintain an inventory of its uses, discharges, and consumption of water, develop location-specific operation controls to manage wastewater, and provide training for employees and contractors who perform critical activities related to wastewater.
- **Environmental Remediation.** Our “reuse first” practice views idle properties as assets that can be revitalized to mutually benefit communities and the company. The properties that emerge from this approach ignite civic pride and catalyze further community development initiatives. Using cutting-edge science, design, and engineering to protect human health and the environment, we work cooperatively with governments and engage with local communities and other external stakeholders to implement effective solutions.
- **Reducing Greenhouse Gas Emissions.** As part of our commitment to reduce GHG emissions, we have been implementing solar projects to reduce dependency on conventional power sources, including installing rooftop and carport solar systems at various facilities to offset the sites' energy usage.

We uphold our commitment to be carbon neutral by 2035 in our facilities and operations. Our GHG reduction program initially began in 2004, in our view setting us well on our way to achieving this commitment. Further to achieving our carbon neutrality goals, in 2023, we exceeded our 10-10-10 commitments that we established in 2019 to (i) reduce Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions intensity by 10% from a 2018 baseline, (ii) deploy 10 renewable energy opportunities, and (iii) achieve certification to ISO 50001 Energy Management Standard at 10 facilities. In 2022, we joined the U.S. Department of Energy's Better Climate Challenge, pledging to reduce U.S. Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions by 50% from a 2018 baseline. In addition, in 2023, our near-term science-based target, which includes Scope 3 emissions, was approved by the Science Based Target initiative (SBTi).

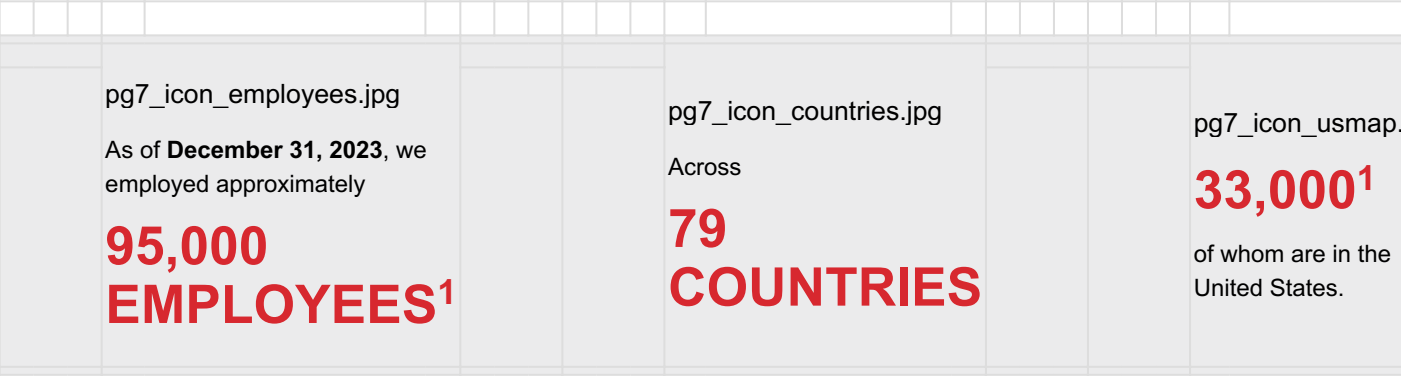
We strive to lead the marketplace in sustainable technology development and help our customers meet their sustainability goals. We are innovating to solve the world's toughest environmental, social, and governance (ESG) challenges. The graphic below demonstrates our multitude of ESG-oriented offerings.

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- Additional information regarding our sustainability initiatives and strategy is included in our 2023 Environmental, Social and Governance Report, which can be found on our website ([honeywell.com](https://www.honeywell.com)); this report is not incorporated into this Form 10-K by reference and should not be considered part of this Form 10-K.

HUMAN CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

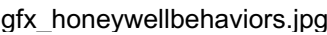
We believe a commitment to and investment in human capital management enables better decision-making, helps us build competitive advantage, and furthers our long-term success. As of December 31, 2023, we employed approximately 95,000¹ employees across 79 countries, 33,000¹ of whom are in the United States. Human capital management is the key driver of our performance culture, which enables our workforce to respond to the fast-changing needs of our customers.



1	Excludes Sandia National Laboratories (Sandia) and Kansas City National Security Campus (KCNSC) work forces of approximately 24,000 employees. Sandia and KCNSC are U.S. Department of Energy facilities. Honeywell manages these facilities as a contract operator and does not establish or control their human resource policies.
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OUR CULTURE

Honeywell built a reputation of “doing what we say.” At the center of that commitment to excellence is a high-performance culture rooted in our Foundational Principles and driven by the 6 Honeywell Behaviors. The 6 Behaviors reflect the bold, entrepreneurial spirit we seek to foster while emphasizing our goal to operate with speed and precision. At their foundation is a commitment to Integrity and Ethics, Inclusion and Diversity, and Workplace Respect, fundamental values that underlie everything we do.



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Overall, we believe our culture, along with our internal tools and initiatives, enable us to effectively execute our human capital strategy. For discussion on the risks relating to the ability to attract and retain top-performing talent, please see the section titled Risk Factors.

Our internal talent acquisition and management platform is a key component to recruiting, hiring, and developing top-performing talent. Our hiring practices consider a diverse slate of candidates and we provide our hiring managers with training and toolkits to reinforce their role in bringing diverse talent into the Company. We apply a “diversity of slate” requirement, a requirement to interview at least one diverse candidate, unless an exception is approved by human resources leadership, when hiring for any exempt role in the U.S. or for any management, professional, or senior administrative role globally. Further, we partner with top academic institutions and external professional organizations to enhance the diversity of our workforce to attract and retain top talent. Our talent review process requires our people managers to have semi-annual career discussions with each member of their teams to discuss the best opportunity for growth and development, which enhances our identification of candidates for internal promotion and succession planning.

The Voice of the Employee feedback survey is conducted annually with all global employees with the commitment to listening, learning, and taking action to make Honeywell an even better place to work. The survey provides data and tools to leaders at all levels to best drive actionable plans around employee engagement and build our desired culture that attracts and retains top talent, improves performance, and distinguishes the Company as a great place to work.

Our well-being focus addresses physical, mental, financial, and individual needs, providing benefits and resources to help employees and their families be their best, both personally and professionally. We facilitated several campaigns to promote well-being and help provide visibility to resources and available benefits across a range of topics from health and wellness programs to caring for your family and taking care of finances. We promoted mental health globally during Mental Health Awareness month, during which we offered a variety of benefits and resources were promoted, hosted live webinars, and employees engaged in peer-to-peer sharing. We offer Employee Assistance Programs or therapy sessions to all employees and family members globally, comprehensive mental health benefits to those enrolled in the U.S. medical plan, virtual mental health options and navigation tools to improve access and speed of care, and preventive/mental health resilience programs.

TRAINING AND LEADERSHIP DEVELOPMENT

Investing in continuous learning and leadership development is at the core of our culture and long-term business growth strategy. Learning and training underscores our culture of development, continuous improvement, and integrity and compliance. We offer and encourage career and leadership development programs and learning available on Honeywell Accelerator.


HONEYWELL ACCELERATOR

Honeywell Accelerator is our operating system for governing and managing our business.

Honeywell Accelerator contains all of the best practices, tools, and digital platforms to deliver best-in-class performance and enhances the way we manage, govern, and operate our business day-to-day.

We designed Honeywell Accelerator with expanded tools and capabilities to provide a centralized source of best practices and training materials, taking us to the next level of performance and accelerating our transformation into a integrated operating company.

With over 22,000 virtual learning modules, practice tools, and templates, this digital learning center creates common knowledge across the enterprise, helping new-joiner and long-time employees leverage the Honeywell operating system to make immediate, positive impacts.



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We expect our people managers to model behaviors that promote a culture that is open and inclusive for all employees. We help managers develop this skill as they do any other leadership skill through training programs, interactive learning, and real-time events, including the hiring and talent review processes. Our broad portfolio of leadership development programs provide training in core management skills to leaders across the organization. We deploy unconscious bias and inclusive leadership training to our global workforce to educate and influence behavior.

INCLUSION AND DIVERSITY

Inclusion and Diversity is at the core of all we do and drives us to build and reinforce an inclusive culture. With our global programs and inclusive culture, we recruit, develop, retain, and promote diverse talent. We continue to build partnerships with diverse organizations and develop resources to support diverse employees. We hold employees accountable to actively support Inclusion and Diversity in words and actions. We further our foundational principle of Inclusion and Diversity by focusing on three strategic priority areas:

REPRESENTATION	RECOGNITION	RETENTION
Cultivate a workforce that reflects our communities and the world	Be a global employer of choice for Inclusion and Diversity	Create employee development and advancement opportunities
Sustain a pipeline of diverse talent from campus to the C-Suite	Leverage our culture as a competitive advantage	Foster community engagement and belonging
Promote a culture of inclusion, accessibility, and respect	Lead on Inclusion and Diversity practices	Offer competitive compensation, rewards, and recognition

Our commitment to Inclusion and Diversity starts at the top with a diverse Board of Directors (the Board) and executive management team, who represent a broad spectrum of backgrounds and perspectives. We believe that the diversity of our current Board of Directors (four women, and two African American, one Hispanic, and two Asian American directors) and the diversity of Honeywell's executive leadership (six of the Company's nine executive officers are diverse by ethnic background, non-U.S. place of birth, or gender) supports our evolving business strategy and is a testament to Honeywell's ongoing commitment to hiring, developing, and retaining diverse talent. The Company's commitment to Inclusion and Diversity enables better decision-making, helps build competitive advantages, and furthers long-term success.

Our Global Inclusion and Diversity Steering Committee co-sponsored by our CEO, Senior Vice President and General Counsel, and Senior Vice President and Chief Human Resources Officer fortifies our inclusion and diversity governance structure by embedding Inclusion and Diversity Councils in each of our business groups. The governance structure provides a scalable model that supports our nine affinity group employee networks and facilitates the introduction of new networks to reflect the diverse characteristics of our workforce. These networks are designed to provide training and development opportunities and expand internal networks for promotional opportunities.

EMPLOYEE NETWORKS

Honeywell All Abilities Employee Network	Honeywell Hispanic Employee Network
Honeywell Asian Employee Network	Honeywell LGBTQ+ Employee Network
Honeywell Black Employee Network	Honeywell Veteran's Employee Network
Heighten Your Professional Experience/Early Career Employee Network	Honeywell Women's Employee Network
Honeywell Growing Experience Employee Network	

We held our second annual Global Inclusion and Diversity month in September 2023, during which employees all around the world recognized and supported inclusive diversity efforts by learning from and connecting with one another. The month offered employees the opportunity to make an impact by shaping an inclusive and diverse future.

COMMITMENT TO INCLUSION AND DIVERSITY

BOARD GENDER DIVERSITY	BOARD ETHNIC OR RACIAL DIVERSITY	EXECUTIVE OFFICER DIVERSITY
piechart_boardgender.jpg	pg16-pie_executiveofficerdivercity.jpg	pg16-pie_executiveofficerdivercity.jpg

GLOBAL WORKFORCE ¹	U.S. WORKFORCE ¹
pg16-pie_globalworkforce.jpg	piepg16-pie_usworkforce.jpg
¹ As of December 31, 2023. Excludes work forces at Sandia and KCNSC.	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

(Dollars in tables and graphs in millions, except per share amounts)

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations is intended to help the reader understand the results of operations and financial condition of Honeywell International Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries (Honeywell, we, us, our, or the Company) for the three years ended December 31, 2023. All references to Notes relate to Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in the section titled Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

A detailed discussion of the prior year 2022 to 2021 year-over-year changes is not included herein and can be found in the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section in the 2022 **Annual Report on Form 10-K** filed February 10, 2023.

BUSINESS UPDATE

MACROECONOMIC CONDITIONS

We continue to monitor the impacts of ongoing macroeconomic conditions and geopolitical events. During 2023, material inflation continued to moderate. Slowing global growth relieved pressure on logistics freight and service capacity and provided supply chain redundancy. We continue to leverage short-term and long-term mitigation strategies to reduce the impact of supply chain disruptions, including digital solutions to assist in identifying and managing shortages.

Our mitigation strategies include pricing actions, longer term planning for constrained materials, new supplier development, material supply tracking tools, and direct engagement with key suppliers to meet customer demand. Our relationships with primary and secondary suppliers allow us to reliably source key components and raw materials. In areas where we cannot procure key components or raw materials, we consider altering existing products and developing new products to satisfy customer needs. Alterations to existing products and the development of new products undergo product quality controls and engineering qualification prior to releasing to our customers. In addition, we assist certain suppliers facing manufacturing challenges by committing our own resources to their sites and facilities. We believe these mitigation strategies enable us to reduce supply risk, accelerate new product innovation, and expand our penetration in the markets we serve. Additionally, due to the strenuous quality controls and product qualification we perform on a new or altered product, we do not expect these mitigation strategies to impact product quality or reliability.

Global conflicts continue to create volatility in global financial and energy markets and contribute to supply chain shortages adding to the inflationary pressures in the global economy. We actively collaborate with our suppliers to minimize impacts of supply shortages on our manufacturing capabilities.

To date, our strategies have successfully mitigated our exposure to these conditions. However, if we are not successful in sustaining or executing these strategies, these macroeconomic conditions could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations or operating cash flows.

See the section titled Review of Business Segments for additional information on the impacts of inflationary cost pressures and labor shortages to our businesses.

See the section titled Risk Factors for a discussion of risks associated with the potential adverse effects of inflationary cost pressures, supply chain disruptions, and labor shortages to our businesses.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Consolidated Financial Results	57
Net Sales by Segment	80

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Segment Profit by Segment

108

19 Honeywell International Inc.

CONSOLIDATED OPERATING RESULTS

Net Sales

45

The change in Net sales was attributable to the following:

	2023 Versus 2022	2022 Versus 2021
Volume	—%	(4)%
Price	4%	10%
Foreign currency translation	(1)%	(3)%
Acquisitions, divestitures, and other, net	—%	—%
Total % change in Net sales	3%	3%

A discussion of Net sales by reportable business segment can be found in the Review of Business Segments section of Management's Discussion and Analysis.

2023 compared with 2022

Net sales increased due to the following:

- Increased pricing,
- Partially offset by the unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation, driven by the strengthening of the U.S. Dollar against the currencies in certain of our international markets, primarily the Chinese Renminbi, Canadian Dollar, Turkish Lira, Egyptian Pound, and Australian Dollar.

TABLE OF CONTENTS	MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS
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Cost of Products and Services Sold

1538

2023 compared with 2022

Cost of products and services sold increased due to the following:

- Higher direct and indirect material costs and higher labor costs of approximately \$0.8 billion or 4%,
- Partially offset by higher productivity of approximately \$0.3 billion or 1%.

Gross Margin

1836

2023 compared with 2022

Gross margin increased by approximately \$0.5 billion and gross margin percentage increased 30 basis points to 37.3% compared to 37.0% for the same period of 2022.

TABLE OF CONTENTS	MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Research and Development Expenses

5497558145270

2023 compared with 2022

Research and development expenses were flat.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

2066

2023 compared with 2022

Selling, general and administrative expenses were flat due to the following:

- Higher productivity of approximately \$0.2 billion or 4%,
- Partially offset by higher labor costs of approximately \$0.2 billion or 4%.

TABLE OF CONTENTS	MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS
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Other (Income) Expense

	2023	2022	2021
Other (income) expense	\$ (840)	\$ (366)	\$ (1,378)

2023 compared with 2022

Other income increased due to the following:

- Reduced net expenses resulting from the North American Refractory Company (NARCO) Amended Buyout Agreement in 2022 of approximately \$0.6 billion, which included a charge of \$1.325 billion for the Buyout Amount, partially offset by the derecognition of the NARCO asbestos-related liability of \$0.7 billion, and
- Higher interest income of approximately \$0.2 billion,
- Partially offset by proceeds from HarbisonWalker International Holdings, Inc. (HWI) Sale of \$0.3 billion and lower pension and postretirement income of \$0.2 billion.

See Note 19 Commitments and Contingencies of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on NARCO Amended Buyout Agreement and HWI Net Sale Proceeds.

Tax Expense

2876

2023 compared with U.S. Statutory Rate

The effective tax rate for 2023 was lower than the U.S. federal statutory rate of 21% as a result of the following:

- Tax benefits on non-U.S. earnings, tax credits, and other accrued tax benefits, representing a 580 basis-point decrease,
- Partially offset by incremental tax expense for tax reserves and other accrued tax expenses, representing a 560 basis-point increase.

See Note 5 Income Taxes of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion of changes in the effective tax rate.

TABLE OF CONTENTS	MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS
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Net Income Attributable to Honeywell

3442

2023 compared with 2022

Earnings per share of common stock—assuming dilution increased due to the following:

- Higher segment profit which impacted earnings per share by \$0.70 after tax,
- Lower repositioning and other charges, including charges attributable to suspending and winding down our businesses and operations in Russia, which impacted earnings per share by \$0.56 after tax,
- Higher interest income which impacted earnings per share by \$0.21 after tax, and
- The favorable impact of lower share count which impacted earnings per share by \$0.18 after tax,
- Partially offset by higher interest expense which impacted earnings per share by \$0.40 after tax.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS SEGMENTS

We globally manage our business operations through four reportable business segments: Aerospace, Honeywell Building Technologies, Performance Materials and Technologies, and Safety and Productivity Solutions.

AEROSPACE

Net Sales

14

|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

Factors Contributing to Year-Over-Year Change	2023 vs. 2022				2022 vs. 2021			
	Net Sales		Segment Profit		Net Sales		Segment Profit	
Organic ¹	15	%	16	%	8	%	6	%
Foreign currency translation	—	%	—	%	(1)	%	—	%
Acquisitions, divestitures, and other, net	—	%	—	%	—	%	—	%
Total % change	15	%	16	%	7	%	6	%

¹ Organic sales % change, presented for all of our reportable business segments, is defined as the change in Net sales, excluding the impact on sales from foreign currency translation and acquisitions, net of divestitures, for the first 12 months following the transaction date. We believe this non-GAAP measure is useful to investors and management in understanding the ongoing operations and analysis of ongoing operating trends.

2023 compared with 2022

Sales increased \$1,797 million due to higher organic sales of \$1,148 million in Commercial Aviation Aftermarket driven by higher sales volumes in air transport due to an increase in flight hours, higher organic sales of \$361 million in Defense and Space driven by higher sales volumes due to increased shipments, and higher organic sales of \$315 million for Commercial Aviation Original Equipment driven by higher sales volumes due to increased shipments.

Segment profit increased \$513 million and segment margin percentage increased 20 basis points to 27.5% compared to 27.3% for the same period of 2022.

HONEYWELL BUILDING TECHNOLOGIES

Net Sales

14

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Factors Contributing to Year-Over-Year Change	2023 vs. 2022		2022 vs. 2021	
	Net Sales	Segment Profit	Net Sales	Segment Profit
Organic	2 %	5 %	14 %	23 %
Foreign currency translation	(1) %	— %	(6) %	(7) %
Acquisitions, divestitures, and other, net	— %	— %	— %	— %
Total % change	1 %	5 %	8 %	16 %

2023 compared with 2022

Sales increased \$31 million due to higher organic sales growth of \$145 million in Building Solutions driven by increased pricing in building projects and services, partially offset by the unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation of \$88 million and lower organic sales of \$27 million in Products driven by lower sales volumes.

Segment profit increased \$66 million and segment margin percentage increased 100 basis points to 25.0% compared to 24.0% for the same period of 2022.

PERFORMANCE MATERIALS AND TECHNOLOGIES

Net Sales

14

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2023 compared with 2022

Sales increased \$779 million due to organic sales growth of \$491 million in Process Solutions driven by increased demand in projects and lifecycle solutions and services and higher organic sales of \$193 million in UOP driven by growth in gas processing and refining catalyst shipments.

Segment profit increased \$195 million and segment margin percentage increased 30 basis points to 22.2% compared to 21.9% for the same period of 2022.

SAFETY AND PRODUCTIVITY SOLUTIONS

Net Sales

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	2023		2022		Change 2023 vs. 2022		2021		Change 2022 vs. 2021
Net sales	\$	5,489	\$	6,907	(21) %		\$	7,814	(12) %
Cost of products and services sold		3,409		4,506				5,444	
Selling, general and administrative and other expenses		1,179		1,321				1,341	
Segment profit	\$	901	\$	1,080	(17) %		\$	1,029	5 %

Factors Contributing to Year-Over-Year Change	2023 vs. 2022		2022 vs. 2021	
	Net Sales	Segment Profit	Net Sales	Segment Profit
Organic	(20) %	(16) %	(9) %	9 %
Foreign currency translation	(1) %	(1) %	(3) %	(3) %
Acquisitions, divestitures, and other, net	— %	— %	— %	(1) %
Total % change	(21) %	(17) %	(12) %	5 %

2023 compared with 2022

Sales decreased \$1,418 million due to lower organic sales of \$866 million in Warehouse and Workflow Solutions driven by lower demand for projects and lower organic sales of \$426 million in Productivity Solutions and Services driven by lower demand for products.

Segment profit decreased \$179 million and segment margin percentage increased 80 basis points to 16.4% compared to 15.6% for the same period in 2022.

During the second quarter of 2022, our Productivity Solutions and Services business entered into a license and settlement agreement (the Agreement). Under the Agreement, we will receive up to \$360 million, paid in equal quarterly installments over eight quarters, beginning with the second quarter of 2022. The Agreement provides each party a license to its existing patent portfolio for use by the other party's existing products and resolves all patent-related litigation between the parties.

TABLE OF CONTENTS			REVIEW OF BUSINESS SEGMENTS		

CORPORATE AND ALL OTHER

Corporate and All Other primarily includes unallocated corporate costs, interest expense on holding-company debt, and the controlling majority-owned interest in Quantinuum. Corporate and All Other is not a separate reportable business segment as segment reporting criteria is not met. The Company continues to monitor the activities in Corporate and All Other to determine the need for further reportable business segment disaggregation.

REPOSITIONING CHARGES

See Note 4 Repositioning and Other Charges of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of our repositioning actions and related charges incurred in 2023, 2022, and 2021. Cash spending related to our repositioning actions was \$294 million, \$275 million, and \$382 million in 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively, and was funded through operating cash flows.

BUSINESS REALIGNMENT

In October 2023, the Company announced a realignment, effective in the first quarter of 2024, of its business units comprising its Performance Materials and Technologies, and Safety and Productivity Solutions reportable business segments by forming two new reportable business segments: Industrial Automation, and Energy and Sustainability Solutions. Industrial Automation will include Sensing and Safety Technologies, Productivity Solutions and Services, and Warehouse and Workflow Solutions, which are currently included in Safety and Productivity Solutions, in addition to Process Solutions, which is currently included in Performance Materials and Technologies. Energy and Sustainability Solutions will include UOP and Advanced Materials, which are currently included in Performance Materials and Technologies. Further, as part of the realignment, the Company will rename its Aerospace and Honeywell Building Technologies reportable business segments to Aerospace Technologies and Building Automation, respectively. Following the realignment, the Company's reportable business segments will be Aerospace Technologies, Industrial Automation, Building Automation, and Energy and Sustainability Solutions. The realignment will not impact the Company's historical consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. The Company expects to report its financial performance based on this realignment effective with the first quarter of 2024.

RISK FACTORS

Our business, operating results, cash flows, and financial condition are subject to the material risks and uncertainties set forth below, any one of which could cause our actual results to vary materially from recent results or from our anticipated future results. Disclosures of risks should not be interpreted to imply that the risks have not already materialized, and there may be additional risks that are not presently material or known.

MACROECONOMIC AND INDUSTRY RISKS

Each of our businesses is subject to unique industry and economic conditions that may adversely affect the markets and operating conditions of our customers, which in turn can affect demand for our products and services and our results of operations.

- **Aerospace**—Our Aerospace business is impacted by customer buying patterns of aftermarket parts, supplier stability, factory transitions, and global supply chain capacity constraints that may lead to shortages of crucial components. Operating results may be adversely affected by downturns in the global demand for air travel, which may impact new aircraft production or result in the delay or cancellation of new aircraft orders, delays in launch schedules for new aircrafts, the retirement of aircrafts, and reductions in global flying hours, which impacts air transport and regional, business, and general aviation aircraft utilization rates. Operating results may also be adversely affected by any decrease in air travel demand due to regional restrictions or suspension of service for events related to public health, safety, the environment, or regional conflicts. Operating results could also be impacted by changes in overall trends related to end market demand for the product portfolio, as well as new entrants and non-traditional players entering the market. Operating results in our Defense and Space business unit may be affected by the mix of U.S. and foreign government appropriations for defense and space programs and by compliance risks. Results may also be impacted by the potential introduction of counterfeit parts into our global supply chain.
- **Honeywell Building Technologies**—Operating results may be adversely impacted by downturns in the level of global commercial construction activity (including retrofits and upgrades), lower capital spending and operating expenditures on building projects, changes in the competitive landscape, including new market entrants and new technologies, and fluctuations in inventory levels in distribution channels.
- **Performance Materials and Technologies**—Operating results may be adversely impacted by downturns in capacity utilization for chemical, industrial, refining, petrochemical, and semiconductor plants, our customers' availability of capital for refinery construction and expansion, raw material demand and supply, product commoditization, continued illegal imports of hydrofluorocarbons into Europe, and our ability to maximize our facilities' production capacity and minimize downtime. Periods of increased volatility in oil and natural gas prices may result in less investment by our customers and therefore, lower demand for our products and services.
- **Safety and Productivity Solutions**—Operating results may be adversely impacted by reduced investments in process automation, safety monitoring, and plant capacity utilization initiatives, fluctuations in retail markets, a slowdown in demand for safety products, changes in the competitive landscape, including new market entrants and new technologies that may lead to product commoditization, and adverse industry economic conditions, all of which could result in lower market share, reduced selling prices, and lower margins.

A significant percentage of our sales and operations is in non-U.S. jurisdictions and is subject to the economic, political, regulatory, foreign exchange, and other risks of international operations.

Our international operations, including U.S. exports, represent more than half of the Company's sales. Risks related to international operations include exchange control regulations, wage and price controls, fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, antitrust regulations, employment regulations, foreign investment laws, import, export, and other trade restrictions (such as sanctions and embargoes), differing levels of protection of intellectual property, acts of industrial espionage, violations by our employees of anti-corruption laws (despite our efforts to mitigate such risk), changes in regulations regarding transactions with state-owned enterprises, nationalization of private enterprises, acts of terrorism, acts of war, civil strife, and our ability to hire and maintain qualified staff and maintain the safety of our employees in these regions. Instability and uncertainties arising from the global geopolitical environment and the evolving international and domestic political, regulatory, and economic landscape, including the potential for changes in global trade policies, such as sanctions and trade barriers, and trends such as populism, economic nationalism, and negative sentiment toward multinational companies, as well as the cost of compliance with increasingly complex

and often conflicting regulations worldwide, can impair our flexibility in modifying product, marketing, pricing, or other strategies for growing our businesses, as well as our ability to improve productivity and maintain acceptable operating margins.

Existing free trade laws and regulations provide certain beneficial duties and tariffs for qualifying imports and exports. Changes in laws or policies governing the terms of foreign trade, and in particular increased trade restrictions, tariffs, or taxes on imports from countries where we manufacture products or from where we import products or raw materials, either directly or through our suppliers, could have an impact on our competitive position and financial results.

metals). As of December 31, 2023, Aerospace and Performance Materials and Technologies had 85% and 64%, respectively, of raw materials supply base under contract. While we have implemented mitigation strategies to reduce the impact of supply chain disruptions, any inability to source necessary materials when and as needed, offset material price or labor inflation through increased prices to customers, formula-driven or long-term fixed price contracts with suppliers, productivity actions, or commodity hedges could adversely affect our results of operations.

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Many major components, product equipment items, and raw materials, particularly in Aerospace, are procured or subcontracted on a single or sole-source basis. Although we maintain a qualification and performance surveillance process and we believe that sources of supply for raw materials and components are generally adequate, it is difficult to predict what effects shortages or price increases, in addition to other supply chain disruptions, may have in the future. Our ability to manage inventory and meet delivery requirements may be constrained by our suppliers' inability to scale production and adjust delivery of long-lead time products during times of volatile demand. In addition, current or future global economic uncertainty, including inflation and increased interest rates, supply chain and labor disruptions, unemployment rates, banking instability, any U.S. government shutdown, any downgrades in the U.S. government's sovereign credit rating, public health crises, volatile financial markets, geopolitical instability and regional conflicts, and potential recession may affect the financial stability of our key suppliers or their access to financing, which may in turn affect their ability to perform their obligations to us. If one or more of our suppliers experiences financial difficulties, delivery delays, or other performance problems, our resulting inability to fill our supply needs would jeopardize our ability to fulfill obligations under commercial and government contracts, which could, in turn, result in reduced sales and profits, contract penalties or terminations, and damage to customer relationships.

In an effort to reduce the impact of current and future supply chain disruptions, we have implemented short-term and long-term strategies to reduce the impact of such disruptions, including pricing actions, longer-term planning for constrained materials, material supply tracking tools, direct engagement with key suppliers to meet customer demand, and development of new or redesigned products that satisfy our product quality controls and engineering qualifications and/or any applicable regulatory requirements. We cannot provide any assurance that our mitigation strategies will continue to be successful, or that we will be able to alter our strategies or develop new strategies if and as needed.

We may be unable to successfully execute or effectively integrate acquisitions, and divestitures may not occur as planned.

We regularly review our portfolio of businesses and pursue growth through acquisitions and seek to divest non-core businesses. We may not be able to complete transactions on favorable terms, on a timely basis, or at all. In addition, our results of operations and cash flows may be adversely impacted by (i) the failure of acquired businesses to meet or exceed expected returns, including risk of impairment; (ii) the failure to integrate multiple acquired businesses into Honeywell simultaneously and on schedule and/or to achieve expected synergies; (iii) the inability to dispose of non-core assets and businesses on satisfactory terms and conditions; and (iv) the discovery of unanticipated liabilities, labor relations difficulties, cybersecurity concerns, compliance issues, or other problems in acquired businesses for which we lack contractual protections, insurance or indemnities, or, with regard to divested businesses, claims by purchasers to whom we have provided contractual indemnification.

Our future growth is largely dependent upon our ability to develop new technologies and introduce new products that achieve market acceptance in increasingly competitive markets with acceptable margins.

Our future growth rate depends upon a number of factors, including our ability to (i) identify and evolve with emerging technological and broader industry trends, including technologies such as artificial intelligence and machine learning in our target end markets; (ii) develop and maintain competitive products; (iii) defend our market share against an ever-expanding number of competitors, including many new and non-traditional competitors; (iv) enhance our products by adding innovative features that differentiate our products from those of our competitors and prevent commoditization of our products; (v) develop, manufacture, and bring compelling new products to market quickly and cost-effectively; (vi) monitor disruptive technologies and business models; (vii) achieve sufficient return on investment for new products introduced based on capital expenditures and research and development spending; (viii) respond to changes in overall trends related to end market demand; and (ix) attract, develop, and retain individuals with the requisite technical expertise and understanding of customers' needs to develop new technologies and introduce new products. Competitors may also develop after-market services and parts for our products which attract customers and adversely affect our return on investment for new products. The failure of our technologies or products to gain market acceptance due to more attractive offerings by our competitors or the failure to address any of the above factors could significantly reduce our revenues and adversely affect our competitive standing and prospects.

Failure to increase productivity through sustainable operational improvements, as well as an inability to successfully execute repositioning projects or to effectively manage our workforce, may reduce our profitability or adversely impact our businesses.

Our profitability and margin growth are dependent upon our ability to drive sustainable improvements. We seek productivity and cost savings benefits through repositioning actions and projects, such as consolidation of manufacturing facilities, transitions to cost-competitive regions, and product line rationalizations. Risks associated with these actions include delays in execution, additional unexpected costs, realization of fewer than estimated productivity improvements, and adverse effects on employee morale. We may not realize the full operational or financial benefits we expect, the recognition of these benefits may be delayed, and these actions

may potentially disrupt our operations. In addition, organizational changes, increased attrition, failure to create and implement a succession plan for key Company positions, not retaining key talent, inability to attract new employees with unique skills, trends in rising labor costs and labor availability, labor relations difficulties, or workforce stoppage could have a material adverse effect on our business, reputation, financial position, and results of operations. Additionally, certain personnel may be required to receive various clearances and substantial training in order to work on certain programs or perform certain tasks. Necessary security clearances may be delayed, which may impact our ability to perform on our U.S. government contracts. We also may not be successful in training or developing qualified personnel with the requisite relevant skills or security clearances.

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Our customers, partners (including our suppliers), subcontractors, and other third parties to whom we entrust confidential data, and on whom we rely to provide products and services, face similar threats and growing requirements. We depend on such parties to implement adequate controls and safeguards to protect against and report cyber incidents. If such parties fail to deter, detect, or report cybersecurity incidents in a timely manner, we may suffer from financial and other harm, including to our information, operations, performance, employees, and reputation.

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The potential consequences of a material cybersecurity incident and its effects include financial loss, reputational damage, litigation with third parties, theft of intellectual property, fines levied by the Federal Trade Commission or other government agencies, diminution in the value of our investment in research, development, and engineering, and increased cybersecurity protection and remediation costs due to the increasing sophistication and proliferation of threats, which in turn could have a material impact on our competitiveness, business, financial condition, and results of operations. In addition, cybersecurity laws and regulations continue to evolve, and are increasingly demanding, both in the U.S. and globally, which adds compliance complexity and may increase our costs of compliance and expose us to reputational damage or litigation, monetary damages, regulatory enforcement actions, or fines in one or more jurisdictions. We cannot be certain that our cybersecurity insurance coverage will be adequate for liabilities actually incurred, that insurance will continue to be available to us on economically reasonable terms, or at all, or that any insurer will not deny coverage as to any future claim.

The development of technology products and services presents security and safety risks.

An increasing number of our products, services, and technologies are delivered with Internet of Things (IoT) capabilities and the accompanying interconnected device networks, which include sensors, data, and advanced computing capabilities. We have developed product software designs that we believe are less susceptible to cyber-attacks, but despite these efforts, if our products and services that include IoT solutions do not work as intended or are compromised, the possible consequences include financial loss, reputational damage, exposure to legal claims or enforcement actions, theft of intellectual property, and diminution in the value of our investment in research, development, and engineering, which in turn could adversely affect our competitiveness and results of operations.

Data privacy, data protection, and information security may require significant resources and present certain risks.

We collect, store, have access to, and otherwise process certain confidential or sensitive data, including proprietary business information, personal data, or other information that is subject to data privacy and security laws, regulations, and/or contractual obligations with third parties. Despite our efforts to protect such data, we may be vulnerable to material security breaches, theft, misplaced or lost data, programming errors, or human errors that could potentially lead to the compromise of such data, improper use of our products, systems, software solutions, or networks, unauthorized access, use, disclosure, modification, or destruction of data, defective products, production downtimes, and operational disruptions. A significant actual or perceived risk of theft, loss, fraudulent use or misuse of customer, employee, or other data, whether by us, our suppliers, channel partners, customers, or other third parties, as a result of employee error or malfeasance, or as a result of the imaging, software, security, and other products we incorporate into our products, as well as non-compliance with applicable industry standards or our contractual or other legal obligations or privacy and information security policies regarding such data, could result in costs, fines, litigation, or regulatory actions, or could lead customers to select the products and services of our competitors. In addition, we operate in an environment in which there are different and potentially conflicting laws in effect in the U.S. and foreign jurisdictions in which we operate, and we must understand and comply with each law and standard in these jurisdictions while also ensuring the data is secure. Many of these laws impose stringent requirements as to how we collect, store, maintain, transfer, and otherwise process personal data and provide significant or material penalties for noncompliance. Many jurisdictions have passed or are considering laws that require personal data relating to their residents or citizens to be maintained or replicated on local servers or impose specific obligations related to extraterritorial data transfers. Government enforcement actions can be costly and interrupt the regular operation of our business, and actual or alleged violations of such laws, including in relation to the Company's processing of personal data or adoption of emerging technologies such as artificial intelligence and machine learning, can result in fines, reputational damage, and civil lawsuits, any of which may adversely affect our business, reputation, and financial statements.

A material disruption of our operations, particularly at our manufacturing facilities or within our IT infrastructure, could adversely affect our business.

Our facilities, supply chains, distribution systems, and IT systems are subject to catastrophic loss due to natural disasters or other weather-related disruptions, including hurricanes and floods, which may be exacerbated by the effects of climate change, power outages, fires, explosions, terrorism, equipment failures, sabotage, cyber incidents, any potential effects of climate change and adverse weather conditions, including water scarcity and rising sea levels, labor disputes, critical supply failure, inaccurate downtime forecast, political disruption and regional conflicts, public health crises, like a regional or global pandemic, and other reasons, which can result in undesirable consequences, including financial losses and damaged relationships with customers. We employ IT systems and networks to support the business and rely on them to process, transmit and store electronic information, and to manage or support a variety of business processes and activities. Although preventative measures may help to mitigate damage, such measures could be costly, and disruptions to our manufacturing facilities or IT infrastructure from system failures, shutdowns, power outages and energy shortages, telecommunication or utility failures, cybersecurity incidents, and other events, including

disruptions at our cloud computing, server, systems, and other third party IT service providers, could interfere with our operations, interrupt production and shipments, damage customer and business partner relationships, and negatively impact our reputation. In addition, the insurance we maintain may not be adequate to cover our losses resulting from any business interruption, including those resulting from a natural disaster or other severe weather event, and recurring extreme weather events or other adverse events could reduce the availability or increase the cost of insurance.

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LEGAL AND REGULATORY RISKS

Our U.S. and non-U.S. tax liabilities are dependent, in part, upon the distribution of income among various jurisdictions in which we operate, as well as changes in tax law or regulation.

Our future results of operations could be adversely affected by changes in the effective tax rate as a result of a change in the mix of earnings in countries with differing statutory tax rates, changes in tax laws, regulations and judicial rulings (or changes in the interpretation thereof), potential taxation of digital services, changes in generally accepted accounting principles, changes in the valuation of deferred tax assets and liabilities, changes in the amount of earnings permanently reinvested offshore, the results of audits and examinations of previously filed tax returns and continuing assessments of our tax exposures, and various other governmental enforcement initiatives. Our tax expense includes estimates of tax reserves and reflects other estimates and assumptions, including assessments of future earnings of the Company, which could impact the valuation of our deferred tax assets. In addition, our future effective tax rates could be subject to volatility or adversely affected by changes in tax laws, regulations, accounting principles, or interpretations thereof.

The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)/G20 and other invited countries, developed a global tax framework inclusive of a 15% global minimum tax under the Pillar Two Global Anti-Base Erosion Rules (Pillar Two). On December 15, 2022, the Council of the European Union (EU) formally adopted the OECD's framework to achieve a coordinated implementation amongst EU Member States consistent with EU law. The EU's Pillar Two Directive effective dates are January 1, 2024, and January 1, 2025, for different aspects of the directive. Other major jurisdictions are actively considering and implementing changes to their tax laws to adopt certain parts of the OECD's proposals. We have assessed this framework and determined, based upon available guidance, that these changes will not have a material impact to our results of operations. Any future changes in OECD guidance or interpretations, including local country tax legislative changes thereof, could impact our initial assessment; therefore, we will continue to monitor and refine our assessment as further guidance is made available.

Changes in legislation or government regulations or policies can have a significant impact on our results of operations.

The sales and margins of each of our reportable business segments are directly impacted by government regulations, including environmental, safety, performance, and product certification regulations. Within Aerospace, the operating results of Commercial Aviation Original Equipment and Commercial Aviation Aftermarket may be impacted by, among other things, mandates of the Federal Aviation Administration and other similar international regulatory bodies requiring the installation of equipment on aircraft. Our Defense and Space business unit may be affected by changes in government procurement regulations. Within Honeywell Building Technologies and Safety and Productivity Solutions, the demand for and cost of providing products, services and solutions can be impacted by fire, security, safety, health care, environmental, and energy efficiency standards and regulations. Performance Materials and Technologies' results of operations can be impacted by environmental and health standards, regulations, and judicial determinations, including potential per/polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) legislation and regulations that, if adopted, could impact the sale of certain products in our Advanced Materials business unit, without fully assessing level of risk or environmental impact. Growth in all our businesses within emerging markets may be adversely impacted by the inability to acquire and retain qualified employees where local employment law mandates may be restrictive. Changes in such regulations and government policies could negatively impact us; for instance, noncompliance with legislation and regulations can result in fines and penalties, and compliance with any new regulations or policies may be burdensome and/or require significant expenditures.

Increased focus and evolving views of lawmakers on climate change and other ESG issues could have a long-term impact on our business and result of operations.

Increased public awareness and concern regarding global climate change and other ESG matters may result in more international, regional, and/or federal regulatory or other stakeholder requirements or expectations that could mandate more restrictive or expansive standards, such as stricter limits on GHG emissions or more prescriptive reporting of ESG metrics, practices, and targets, than the voluntary commitments that the Company has adopted or require such changes on a more accelerated time frame. There continues to be a lack of consistent climate and other ESG legislation, which creates economic and regulatory uncertainty; however, there has been an increasing amount of legislative and regulatory activity, particularly in the European Union, United Kingdom, and U.S. In addition, there is also an increasing number of state-level anti-ESG initiatives in the U.S. that may conflict with other regulatory requirements, resulting in regulatory uncertainty. New or revised legal and regulatory requirements could impose significant operational restrictions and compliance requirements upon the Company or its products, and could negatively impact the Company's business, capital expenditures, results of operations, financial condition, and competitive position.

	Years Ended December 31,											
	2023				2022				Change 2023 vs. 2022			
	2023				2022				Change 2023 vs. 2022			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	\$	9,627			\$	10,959			\$	(1,332)		
Operating activities												
Net income attributable to Honeywell		5,658				4,966				692		
Noncash adjustments		1,980				1,946				34		
Changes in working capital		(150)				(1,334)				1,184		
NARCO Buyout payment		(1,325)				—				(1,325)		
Other operating activities		(823)				(304)				(519)		
Net cash provided by operating activities		5,340				5,274				66		
Net cash used for investing activities		(1,293)				(93)				(1,200)		
Net cash used for financing activities		(5,763)				(6,330)				567		
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		14				(183)				197		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(1,702)				(1,332)				(370)		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	7,925			\$	9,627			\$	(1,702)		

Year ended December 31, 2023

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$5,340 million, driven by \$5,658 million of Net income attributable to Honeywell, adjusted for \$1,176 million of depreciation and amortization, and a \$518 million increase from Accounts payable, due to increased material receipts and lower disbursements, partially offset by the \$1,325 million payment pursuant to the NARCO Amended Buyout Agreement and a \$626 million increase in Inventories, due to increased purchases.

Net cash used for investing activities was \$1,293 million, driven by \$1,039 million of capital expenditures and \$718 million cash paid for acquisitions, partially offset by a \$411 million net decrease in investments.

Net cash used for financing activities was \$5,763 million, driven by \$3,715 million of repurchases of common stock, \$2,855 million of cash dividends paid, and \$1,731 million of payments of long-term debt, partially offset by \$2,986 million of proceeds from issuance of long-term debt.

2023 compared with 2022

Net cash provided by operating activities increased by \$66 million due to cash generated from operations, which included a favorable impact of working capital and the HWI Net Sale Proceeds of \$275 million. The favorable impact of working capital was driven by a \$697 million decrease in Accounts receivable, due to higher cash receipts, and a \$673 million increase in Accounts payable, due to increased material receipts and lower disbursements. This was partially offset by the \$1,325 million payment pursuant to the NARCO Amended Buyout Agreement and \$203 million payment for the settlement of UOP Matters.

Net cash used for investing activities increased by \$1,200 million due to a \$540 million increase in cash paid for acquisitions, \$409 million of cash receipts from Garrett Motion Inc. (Garrett) in 2022, and a \$363 million decrease in cash receipts from settlements of derivative contracts, partially offset by a \$367 million net decrease in investments.

Net cash used for financing activities decreased by \$567 million due to a \$485 million decrease in repurchases of common stock and \$119 million decrease in payments of long-term debt, partially offset by a \$136 million increase in cash dividends paid.

See Note 19 Commitments and Contingencies of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the NARCO Amended Buyout Agreement, HWI Net Sale Proceeds, and UOP Matters.

CASH REQUIREMENTS AND ASSESSMENT OF CURRENT LIQUIDITY

In addition to our normal operating cash requirements, we expect our primary cash requirements in 2024 to be as follows:

- Capital expenditures—we expect to spend approximately \$1.1 billion for capital expenditures in 2024 primarily for growth, production and capacity expansion, implementation of cost reduction measures, maintenance, and replacement.
- Share repurchases—under our share repurchase program, \$7.1 billion was available as of December 31, 2023, for additional share repurchases as authorized by the Board of Directors on April 24, 2023. We expect to repurchase outstanding shares from time to time to offset the dilutive impact of employee stock-based compensation plans, including option exercises, restricted unit vesting and matching contributions under our savings plans. Additionally, we will seek to reduce share count via share repurchases as and when attractive opportunities arise. The amount and timing of future repurchases may vary depending on market conditions and our level of operating, financing, and other investing activities.
- Mergers and acquisitions—we expect to spend \$5.0 billion to complete the acquisition of Carrier Global Corporation's Global Access Solutions business, as announced on December 8, 2023, subject to customary closing conditions, including receipt of certain regulatory approvals. We expect to evaluate and undertake other actions to optimize our portfolio, including executing on strategic bolt-on acquisitions over the course of 2024.
- Dividends—we increased our quarterly dividend rate by 5% to \$1.08 per share of common stock effective with the fourth quarter 2023 dividend. We intend to continue to pay quarterly dividends in 2024.

We continually seek opportunities to improve our liquidity and working capital efficiency, which includes the extension of payment terms with our suppliers. In addition, we maintain agreements with third-party financial institutions that offer voluntary supply chain financing (SCF) programs to suppliers. The SCF programs enable suppliers, at their sole discretion, to sell their receivables to third-party financial institutions in order to receive payment on receivables earlier than the negotiated commercial terms between us and our suppliers. Supplier sale of receivables to third-party financial institutions is on terms negotiated between the supplier and the respective third-party financial institution. We agree on commercial terms for the goods and services we procure from our suppliers, including prices, quantities, and payment terms, which normally range between 60 and 120 days, regardless of whether the supplier elects to participate in the SCF programs. A suppliers' voluntary participation in the SCF programs has no bearing on our payment terms and we have no economic interest in a supplier's decision to participate in the SCF programs. We agree to pay participating

third-party financial institutions the stated amounts of confirmed invoices from suppliers on the original maturity dates of the invoices.

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Amounts outstanding related to SCF programs are included in Accounts payable in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. At December 31, 2023, Accounts payable included approximately \$1,112 million payable to suppliers who have elected to participate in the SCF programs. Amounts settled with third-party financial institutions through the SCF programs increased approximately \$700 million for the year ended December 31, 2023. The increase for the year ended December 31, 2023, reflects a combination of increased enrollment and utilization of our SCF programs. All activity related to amounts due to suppliers that elected to participate in the SCF programs is reflected in Cash flows from operating activities in our Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. While access to SCF could decrease if our credit ratings are downgraded, we do not believe that changes in the availability of SCF will have a significant impact on our liquidity. The impact of these programs is not material to our overall liquidity.

We sell trade receivables to unaffiliated financial institutions with limited or no recourse. Transfers of the receivables are accounted for as sales and, accordingly, receivables sold are excluded from Accounts receivable—net in the Consolidated Balance Sheet and are reflected in Cash flows from operating activities in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. The difference between the carrying amount of the trade receivables sold and the cash received is recorded in Cost of products and services sold in the Consolidated Statement of Operations. The impact of this program is not material to our overall liquidity.

Finally, we continue to assess the relative strength of each business in our portfolio as to strategic fit, market position, profit, and cash flow contribution in order to identify target investment and acquisition opportunities in order to upgrade our combined portfolio. We identify acquisition candidates that will further our strategic plan and strengthen our existing core businesses. We also identify businesses that do not fit into our long-term strategic plan based on their market position, relative profitability, or growth potential. These businesses are considered for potential divestiture, restructuring, or other repositioning actions, subject to regulatory constraints.

In early 2023, we made payments of approximately \$1.5 billion in connection with the NARCO Buyout and UOP Matters. Pursuant to the NARCO Amended Buyout Agreement, in 2023 we received proceeds from the HWI Sale in the amount of \$275 million. See Note 12 Fair Value Measurements of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional discussion related to the fair value of future proceeds from the HWI Sale.

Based on past performance and current expectations, we believe that our operating cash flows will be sufficient to meet our future operating cash needs. Our available cash, committed credit lines, and access to the public debt and equity markets provide additional sources of short-term and long-term liquidity to fund current operations, debt maturities, and future investment opportunities.

See Note 9 Long-term Debt and Credit Agreements of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional discussion of items impacting our liquidity.

BORROWINGS

We leverage a variety of debt instruments to manage our overall borrowing costs. As of December 31, 2023, and 2022, our total borrowings were \$20.4 billion and \$19.6 billion, respectively.

	December 31,			
	2023		2022	
Commercial paper	\$	2,083	\$	2,715
Variable rate notes		22		22
Fixed rate notes		18,530		17,086
Other		219		267
Fair value of hedging instruments		(166)		(287)
Debt issuance costs		(245)		(233)
Total borrowings	\$	20,443	\$	19,570

A primary source of liquidity is our ability to access the corporate bond markets. Through these markets, we issue a variety of long-term fixed rate notes, in a variety of currencies, to manage our overall funding costs.

Another primary source of liquidity is our ability to access the commercial paper market. Commercial paper notes are sold at a discount or premium and have a maturity of not more than 365 days from date of issuance. Borrowings under the commercial paper program are available for general corporate purposes as well as for financing acquisitions. The weighted average interest rate on commercial paper and other short-term borrowings outstanding was 4.29% and 3.29% as of December 31, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

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We also have the following revolving credit agreements:

- A \$1.5 billion 364-day credit agreement (the 364-Day Credit Agreement) with a syndicate of banks, dated as of March 20, 2023. Amounts borrowed under the 364-Day Credit Agreement are required to be repaid no later than March 18, 2024, unless (i) we elect to convert all then outstanding amounts into a term loan, upon which such amounts shall be repaid in full on March 18, 2025, or (ii) the 364-Day Credit Agreement is terminated earlier pursuant to its terms. The 364-Day Credit Agreement replaced the previously reported \$1.5 billion 364-day credit agreement dated as of March 24, 2022, which was terminated in accordance with its terms effective March 20, 2023. As of December 31, 2023, there were no outstanding borrowings under our 364-Day Credit Agreement.
- A \$4.0 billion five-year credit agreement (the 5-Year Credit Agreement) with a syndicate of banks, dated as of March 20, 2023. Commitments under the 5-Year Credit Agreement can be increased pursuant to the terms of the 5-Year Credit Agreement to an aggregate amount not to exceed \$4.5 billion. The 5-Year Credit Agreement amended and restated the previously reported \$4.0 billion amended and restated five-year credit agreement dated as of March 24, 2022. As of December 31, 2023, there were no outstanding borrowings under our 5-Year Credit Agreement.

We also have a current shelf registration statement filed with the SEC under which we may issue additional debt securities, common stock, and preferred stock that may be offered in one or more offerings on terms to be determined at the time of the offering. We anticipate that net proceeds of any offering would be used for general corporate purposes, including repayment of existing indebtedness, share repurchases, capital expenditures, and acquisitions.

CREDIT RATINGS

Our ability to access the global debt capital markets and the related cost of these borrowings is affected by the strength of our credit rating and market conditions. Our credit ratings are periodically reviewed by the major independent debt-rating agencies. As of December 31, 2023, S&P Global Inc. (S&P), Fitch Ratings Inc. (Fitch), and Moody's Investor Service (Moody's) have ratings on our debt set forth in the table below:

	S&P	Fitch	Moody's
Outlook	Stable	Stable	Positive
Short-term	A-1	F1	P1
Long-term	A	A	A2

On September 20, 2023, Moody's affirmed all credit ratings of the Company and revised their credit rating outlook from stable to positive.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

Following is a summary of our significant contractual obligations and probable liability payments at December 31, 2023:

	Payments by Period									
	Total ^{6,7}		2024		2025 - 2026		2027 - 2028		Thereafter	
Long-term debt, including finance leases ¹	\$	18,358	\$	1,796	\$	2,842	\$	3,245	\$	10,475
Interest payments on long-term debt, including finance leases		4,995		568		1,037		893		2,497
Operating lease liabilities		1,241		222		340		236		443
Purchase obligations ²		3,004		1,543		1,144		265		52
Estimated environmental liability payments ³		641		227		211		153		50
Asbestos-related liability payments ⁴		1,644		154		278		225		987
Asbestos insurance recoveries ⁵		(123)		(16)		(24)		(19)		(64)
Total contractual obligations	\$	29,760	\$	4,494	\$	5,828	\$	4,998	\$	14,440

1	Assumes all long-term debt is outstanding until scheduled maturity.
2	Purchase obligations are entered into with various vendors in the normal course of business and are consistent with our expected requirements.
3	The payment amounts in the table only reflect the environmental liabilities which are probable and reasonably estimable as of December 31, 2023.
4	These amounts are estimates of asbestos-related cash payments for Bendix Friction Materials (Bendix) based on our asbestos-related liabilities which are probable and reasonably estimable as of December 31, 2023. See Asbestos Matters in Note 19 Commitments and Contingencies of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.
5	These amounts represent our insurance recoveries that are deemed probable for asbestos-related liabilities as of December 31, 2023. See Asbestos Matters in Note 19 Commitments and Contingencies of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.
6	The table excludes tax liability payments, including those for unrecognized tax benefits. See Note 5 Income Taxes of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.
7	The table excludes expected proceeds from the indemnification and reimbursement agreements entered into with Resideo Technologies, Inc. (Resideo). See Note 19 Commitments and Contingencies of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

ASBESTOS MATTERS

Payments, net of insurance recoveries, related to known asbestos matters were \$109 million, \$166 million, and \$240 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively, and are estimated to be approximately \$177 million in 2024. We expect to make payments associated with these asbestos matters from operating cash flows. The timing of these payments depends on several factors, including the timing of litigation and settlements of liability claims. In early 2023, we made payments of approximately \$1.3 billion in connection with the NARCO Buyout. For additional information regarding the NARCO Buyout, see Note 19 Commitments and Contingencies of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS

Accruals for environmental matters deemed probable and reasonably estimable were \$222 million, \$186 million, and \$168 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively. In addition, for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, we incurred operating costs for ongoing businesses of approximately \$110 million, \$71 million, and \$88 million, respectively, relating to compliance with environmental regulations.

Payments related to known environmental matters were \$196 million, \$211 million, and \$210 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively, and are estimated to be approximately \$227 million in 2024. We expect to make payments associated with these environmental matters from operating cash flows. The timing of these payments depends on several factors, including the timing of litigation and settlements of remediation liability, personal injury and property damage claims, regulatory approval of cleanup projects, execution timeframe of projects, remedial techniques to be utilized, and agreement with other parties.

Reimbursements from Resideo for payments related to environmental matters at certain sites, as defined in the indemnification and reimbursement agreement, were \$140 million in 2023 and are expected to be \$140 million in 2024.

See Note 19 Commitments and Contingencies of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion of our environmental matters and the indemnification and reimbursement agreement entered into with Resideo.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company uses derivative financial instruments to reduce risks from interest and foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations. Derivative financial instruments are not used for trading or other speculative purposes and we do not use leveraged derivative financial instruments.

The following table illustrates the potential change in fair value for interest rate sensitive instruments based on a hypothetical immediate one percentage point increase in interest rates across all maturities and the potential change in fair value for foreign exchange rate sensitive instruments based on a 10% weakening of the U.S. Dollar versus local currency exchange rates across all maturities at December 31, 2023, and 2022:

		Face or Notional Amount	Carrying Value ¹	Fair Value ¹	Estimated Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value ²
December 31, 2023					
Interest rate sensitive instruments					
Long-term debt (including current maturities)	\$	18,358	\$ (18,358)	\$ (17,706)	\$ (1,530)
Interest rate swap agreements		4,717	(166)	(166)	(160)
Total	\$	23,075	\$ (18,524)	\$ (17,872)	\$ (1,690)
Foreign exchange rate sensitive instruments					
Foreign currency exchange contracts ³	\$	8,910	\$ 26	\$ 26	\$ (319)
Cross currency swap agreements		4,264	(145)	(145)	(234)
Total	\$	13,174	\$ (119)	\$ (119)	\$ (553)
December 31, 2022					
Interest rate sensitive instruments					
Long-term debt (including current maturities)	\$	16,853	\$ (16,853)	\$ (15,856)	\$ (980)
Interest rate swap agreements		4,984	(287)	(287)	(189)
Total	\$	21,837	\$ (17,140)	\$ (16,143)	\$ (1,169)
Foreign exchange rate sensitive instruments					
Foreign currency exchange contracts ³	\$	10,545	\$ 85	\$ 85	\$ (305)
Cross currency swap agreements		3,189	90	90	(311)
Total	\$	13,734	\$ 175	\$ 175	\$ (616)

1	Asset or (liability).
2	A potential change in fair value of interest rate sensitive instruments based on a hypothetical immediate one percentage point decrease in interest rates across all maturities and a potential change in fair value of foreign exchange rate sensitive instruments based on a 10% strengthening of the U.S. dollar versus local currency exchange rates across all maturities will result in a change in fair value approximately equal to the inverse of the amount disclosed in the table.
3	Changes in the fair value of foreign currency exchange contracts are offset by changes in the fair value, cash flows, or net investments of underlying hedged foreign currency transactions or foreign operations.

See Note 11 Derivative Instruments and Hedging Transactions of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

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CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of our consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles is based on the selection and application of accounting policies that require us to make significant estimates and assumptions about the effects of matters that are inherently uncertain. Many estimates and assumptions involved in the application of accounting principles have a material impact on reported financial condition and operating performance and on the comparability of such reported information over different reporting periods. Critical accounting estimates or assumptions are those where the nature of the estimates or assumptions is material due to the levels of subjectivity and judgment necessary to account for highly uncertain matters or the susceptibility of such matters to change, and the impact of the estimates and assumptions on financial condition or operating performance is material. We consider the estimates and assumptions discussed below to be critical to the understanding of our financial statements. Actual results could differ from our estimates and assumptions, and any such differences could be material to our consolidated financial statements.

Sales Recognition on Long-Term Contracts—We recognize sales for long-term contracts with performance obligations satisfied over time using either an input or output method. We recognize revenue over time as we perform on these contracts based on the continuous transfer of control to the customer. With control transferring over time, revenue is recognized based on the extent of progress towards completion of the performance obligation. We generally use the cost-to-cost input method of progress for our contracts because it best depicts the transfer of control to the customer that occurs as we incur costs. Under the cost-to-cost input method, the extent of progress towards completion is measured based on the proportion of costs incurred to date to the total estimated costs at completion of the performance obligation. Due to the nature of the work required to be performed on many of our performance obligations, the estimation of total revenue and cost at completion requires judgment. Contract revenues are largely determined by negotiated contract prices and quantities, modified by our assumptions regarding contract options, change orders, incentive and award provisions associated with technical performance and price adjustment clauses (such as inflation or index-based clauses). Cost estimates are largely based on negotiated or estimated purchase contract terms, historical performance trends and other economic projections. Significant factors that influence these estimates include inflationary trends, technical and schedule risks, internal and subcontractor performance trends, business volume assumptions, asset utilization, and anticipated labor agreements. Revenue and cost estimates are regularly monitored and revised based on changes in circumstances. Impacts from changes in estimates of net sales and cost of sales are recognized on a cumulative catch-up basis, which recognizes in the current period the cumulative effect of the changes on current and prior periods based on a performance obligation's percentage of completion. Anticipated losses on long-term contracts are recognized when such losses become evident. We maintain financial controls over the customer qualification, contract pricing, and estimation processes to reduce the risk of contract losses.

Income Taxes—On a recurring basis, we assess the need for a valuation allowance against our deferred tax assets by considering all available positive and negative evidence, such as past operating results, projections of future taxable income, enacted tax law changes, and the feasibility and impact of tax planning initiatives. Our projections of future taxable income include a number of estimates and assumptions regarding our volume, pricing and costs, as well as the timing and amount of reversals of taxable temporary differences.

We recognize tax benefits from uncertain tax positions only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, including resolution of any related appeals and litigation. We assess our income tax positions based upon our evaluation of the facts, circumstances, and information available at the reporting date. The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such positions are then measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with a taxing authority that has full knowledge of all relevant information. For those income tax positions where it is not more likely than not that a tax benefit will be sustained, no tax benefit has been recognized in the financial statements.

See Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion of additional income tax policies.

Goodwill and Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets Impairment Testing—Goodwill and intangible assets deemed to have indefinite lives are not amortized, but are subject to annual, or more frequent if necessary, impairment testing. In testing goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets, the fair value is estimated utilizing a discounted cash flow approach, including strategic and annual operating plans, adjusted for terminal value assumptions. These impairment tests involve the use of accounting estimates and assumptions, and changes to those assumptions could materially impact our financial condition or operating performance if actual results differ from such estimates and assumptions. To address this uncertainty, we perform sensitivity analyses on key estimates and assumptions. Once the fair value is determined, if the carrying amount exceeds the fair value, it is impaired. Any impairment is measured as the difference between the carrying amount and its fair value.

Definite-Lived Intangible Assets—The determination of useful lives (for depreciation/amortization purposes) and whether or not intangible assets are impaired involves the use of accounting estimates and assumptions, and changes to those assumptions could materially impact our financial condition or operating performance if actual results differ from such estimates and assumptions. We evaluate the recoverability of the carrying amount of our definite-lived intangible assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of a definite-lived intangible asset group may not be fully recoverable. The principal factors in considering when to perform an impairment review are as follows:

- Significant under-performance (i.e., declines in sales, earnings, or cash flows) of a business or product line in relation to expectations;
- Annual operating plans or strategic plan outlook that indicates an unfavorable trend in operating performance of a business or product line;
- Significant negative industry or economic trends; or
- Significant changes or planned changes in our use of the assets.

Once it is determined that an impairment review is necessary, recoverability of assets is measured by comparing the carrying amount of the asset grouping to the estimated future undiscounted cash flows. If the carrying amount exceeds the estimated future undiscounted cash flows, the asset grouping is considered to be impaired. The impairment is then measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the asset grouping and its fair value. We endeavor to utilize the best information available to measure fair value, which is usually either market prices (if available), level 1 or level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, or an estimate of the future discounted cash flows, level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The key estimates in our discounted cash flow analysis include assumptions as to expected industry and business growth rates, sales volume, selling prices and costs, cash flows, and the discount rate selected. These estimates are subject to changes in the economic environment, including market interest rates and expected volatility. Management believes the estimates of future cash flows and fair values are reasonable; however, changes in estimates due to variances from assumptions could materially affect the valuations.

Defined Benefit Pension Plans—We sponsor both funded and unfunded U.S. and non-U.S. defined benefit pension plans. For financial reporting purposes, net periodic pension (income) expense is calculated annually based upon various actuarial assumptions, including a discount rate for plan obligations and an expected long-term rate of return on plan assets. Changes in the discount rate and expected long-term rate of return on plan assets could materially affect the annual pension (income) expense amount. Annual pension (income) expense is comprised of service and interest cost, assumed return on plan assets, prior service amortization (Pension ongoing (income) expense), and a potential mark-to-market adjustment (MTM Adjustment).

The key assumptions used in developing our net periodic pension (income) expense for our U.S. plans included the following:

	2023		2022		2021	
Discount rate						
Projected benefit obligation	5.17	%	2.87	%	2.50	%
Service cost	5.26	%	2.98	%	2.68	%
Interest cost	5.07	%	2.26	%	1.76	%
Assets						
Expected rate of return	6.75	%	6.40	%	6.15	%
Actual rate of return	7.09	%	(10.45)	%	6.84	%
Actual 10 year average annual compounded rate of return	7.26	%	8.77	%	11.37	%

The MTM Adjustment represents the recognition of net actuarial gains or losses in excess of 10% of the greater of the fair value of plan assets or the plans' projected benefit obligation (the corridor). Net actuarial gains and losses occur when the actual experience differs from any of the various assumptions used to value our pension plans or when assumptions change. The primary factors contributing to actuarial gains and losses are changes in the discount rate used to value pension obligations as of the measurement date each year and the difference between expected and actual returns on plan assets. The mark-to-market accounting method results in the potential for volatile and difficult to forecast MTM Adjustments. These adjustments resulted in expenses of \$153 million, \$523 million, and \$40 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively.

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We determine the expected long-term rate of return on plan assets utilizing historical plan asset returns over varying long-term periods combined with our expectations of future market conditions and asset mix considerations (see Note 20 Pension and Other Postretirement Benefits of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for details on the actual various asset classes and targeted asset allocation percentages for our pension plans). We plan to use an expected rate of return on plan assets of 7.00% for 2024, which is an increase in the assumption used for 2023.

The discount rate reflects the market rate on December 31 (measurement date) for high-quality fixed income investments with maturities corresponding to our benefit obligations and is subject to change each year. The discount rate can be volatile from year to year as it is determined based upon prevailing interest rates as of the measurement date. We used a 4.97% discount rate to determine benefit obligations as of December 31, 2023, reflecting an decrease in the market interest rate environment since the prior year-end.

In addition to the potential for MTM Adjustments, changes in our expected rate of return on plan assets and discount rate resulting from economic events also affects future Pension ongoing (income) expense. The following table highlights the sensitivity of our U.S. pension obligations and ongoing (income) expense to changes in these assumptions, with all other assumptions remaining constant. These estimates exclude any potential MTM Adjustment:

Change in Assumption	Impact on 2024 Pension Ongoing Expense	Impact on Projected Benefit Obligation
0.25 percentage point decrease in discount rate	Decrease \$16 million	Increase \$292 million
0.25 percentage point increase in discount rate	Increase \$15 million	Decrease \$280 million
0.25 percentage point decrease in expected rate of return on assets	Increase \$40 million	—
0.25 percentage point increase in expected rate of return on assets	Decrease \$40 million	—

Pension ongoing income for our world-wide pension plans is expected to be approximately \$538 million in 2024 compared with Pension ongoing income of \$528 million in 2023. Also, if required, a MTM Adjustment will be recorded in the fourth quarter of 2024 in accordance with our pension accounting method as previously described. It is difficult to reliably forecast or predict whether there will be a MTM Adjustment in 2024, and if one is required, what the magnitude of such adjustment will be. MTM Adjustments are primarily driven by events and circumstances beyond the control of the Company such as changes in interest rates and the performance of the financial markets.

Asbestos-Related Liabilities and Insurance Recoveries—The recognition of asbestos-related liabilities relates to a predecessor company, Bendix Friction Materials (Bendix). For Bendix asbestos-related claims, we accrue for the estimated value of pending claims using average resolution values over a defined look-back period. We also accrue for the estimated value of future claims related to Bendix over the full term of epidemiological disease projection through 2059 based on historic and anticipated claims filing experience and dismissal rates, disease classifications, and average resolution values in the tort system over a defined look-back period. We review our valuation assumptions and average resolution values used to estimate the cost of Bendix asserted and unasserted claims during the fourth quarter of each year.

In connection with the recognition of liabilities for asbestos-related matters, we record asbestos-related insurance recoveries that are deemed probable. In assessing the probability of insurance recovery, we make judgments concerning insurance coverage that we believe are reasonable and consistent with our historical dealings and our knowledge of any pertinent solvency issues surrounding insurers. While the substantial majority of our insurance carriers are solvent, some of our individual carriers are insolvent, which was considered in our analysis of probable recoveries. Projecting future events is subject to various uncertainties that could cause the insurance recovery on asbestos-related liabilities to be higher or lower than that projected and recorded. Given the inherent uncertainty in making future projections, we reevaluate our projections concerning our probable insurance recoveries considering any changes to the projected liability, our recovery experience or other relevant factors that may impact future insurance recoveries.

See Note 19 Commitments and Contingencies of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of management's judgments applied in the recognition and measurement of our asbestos-related liabilities and related insurance recoveries.

Contingent Liabilities—We are subject to a number of lawsuits, investigations, and claims (some of which involve substantial dollar amounts) arising out of the conduct of our business operations or those of previously owned entities, including matters relating to commercial transactions, government contracts, product liability (including asbestos), prior acquisitions and divestitures, employee benefit plans, intellectual property, legal, and environmental, health, and safety matters. We continually assess the likelihood of any

adverse judgments or outcomes to our contingencies, as well as potential amounts or ranges of probable losses, and recognize a liability, if any, for these contingencies based on a careful analysis of each matter with the assistance of outside legal counsel and, if applicable, other experts. Such analysis includes making judgments concerning matters such as the costs associated with environmental matters, the outcome of negotiations, the number and cost of pending and future asbestos claims, and the impact of evidentiary requirements. Because most contingencies are resolved over long periods of time, liabilities may change in the future due to new developments (including new discovery of facts, changes in legislation, and outcomes of similar cases through the judicial system), changes in assumptions, or changes in our settlement strategy. See Note 19 Commitments and Contingencies of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of management's judgment applied in the recognition and measurement of our environmental and asbestos liabilities, which represent our most significant contingencies.

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OTHER MATTERS

LITIGATION

See Note 19 Commitments and Contingencies of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of environmental, asbestos, and other litigation matters.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

See Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of recent accounting pronouncements.

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INFORMATION ABOUT OUR EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

The executive officers of Honeywell, listed as follows, are elected annually by the Board of Directors. There are no family relationships among them.

Name, Age, Year First Elected an Executive Officer		Business Experience
05_427291-1_img_BoldeaL2.jpg	Lucian Boldea , 52 2022	President and Chief Executive Officer, Industrial Automation since January 2024. President and Chief Executive Officer, Performance Materials and Technologies from October 2022 to December 2023. Mr. Boldea was previously employed at Eastman Chemical Company, from 1997 to 2022, where he held a variety of leadership roles during his tenure, including Executive Vice President from January 2019 to September 2022, where he led global strategy, business operations, and financial performance.
05_427291-1_img_CurrierJ2.jpg	Jim Currier , 57 2023	President and Chief Executive Officer, Aerospace Technologies since January 2024. President and Chief Executive Officer, Aerospace from August 2023 to December 2023. President, Electronic Solutions from June 2021 to August 2023. President, EMAI Aftermarket organization from October 2019 to June 2021. Vice President of Airlines, North America from October 2018 to October 2019.
05_427291-1_img_DehoffK2.jpg	Kevin Dehoff , 61 2022	President and Chief Executive Officer, Connected Enterprise since May 2022. President, Productivity Solutions and Services from November 2019 to April 2022. From 2012 to October 2019, Mr. Dehoff served as Senior Partner and Practice Leader in McKinsey & Company where he supported strategic business transformations and led a wide range of performance and operating excellence initiatives.
05_427291-1_img_HammoudB2.jpg	Billal M. Hammoud , 51 2023	President and Chief Executive Officer, Building Automation since January 2024. President and Chief Executive Officer, Honeywell Building Technologies from April 2023 to December 2023. President of Smart Energy and Thermal Solutions in Performance Materials and Technologies from November 2021 to March 2023. From April 2017 to November 2021, Mr. Hammoud served as President of ESAB Americas and Global Fabrication Solutions at Colfax where he led strategy, business operations, and financial performance.
05_427291-1_img_KapurV2.jpg	Vimal Kapur , 58 2018 ^(a)	Chief Executive Officer since June 2023. President and Chief Operating Officer from July 2022 to May 2023. President and Chief Executive Officer, Performance Materials and Technologies from July 2021 to October 2022. President and Chief Executive Officer, Honeywell Building Technologies from June 2018 to June 2021. President of Honeywell Process Solutions from 2014 to May 2018.
05_427291-1_pic_LewisG.jpg	Gregory P. Lewis , 56 2018	Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer since August 2018. Vice President of Enterprise Information Management from October 2016 to April 2018, prior to being named Vice President, Corporate Finance in May 2018. Chief Financial Officer of Automation and Control Solutions from April 2013 to September 2016.
05_427291-1_img_MaddenA2.jpg	Anne T. Madden , 59 2017	Senior Vice President and General Counsel since October 2017. Corporate Secretary from February 2018 to September 2019. Vice President of Corporate Development and Global Head of M&A from January 2002 to October 2017.
05_427291-1_img_MattimoreK2.jpg	Karen Mattimore , 57 2020	Senior Vice President and Chief Human Resources Officer since June 2020. Vice President, Human Resources and Communications, Aerospace from February 2018 to June 2020. Vice President, Human Resources Services from April 2015 to February 2018.
05_427291-1_img_WestK2.jpg	Ken West , 49 2024	President and Chief Executive Officer, Energy and Sustainability Solutions since January 2024. Mr. West previously held roles within Performance Materials and Technologies, including President and Chief Executive Officer, Honeywell UOP from July 2023 to December 2023, President and Chief Executive Officer, Advanced Materials from January 2022 to July 2023, Vice President and General Manager of the Fluorine Products business from April 2021 to January 2022, Vice President and General Manager of the Life Sciences, Protective, and Industrial Products business from June 2020 to April 2021, and Vice President and General Manager of the Packaging and Composites business from October 2018 to June 2020.

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^(a) Also a Director.

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UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

CYBERSECURITY

Honeywell has a cybersecurity risk management program that is designed to assess, identify, manage, and govern material risks from cybersecurity threats. Our cybersecurity risk management program is a key component of our overall risk management program. Honeywell maintains cybersecurity policies and procedures in accordance with industry standard control frameworks and applicable regulations, laws, and standards. Honeywell maintains oversight of its cybersecurity risk management program via a corporate structure that includes a Cybersecurity Disclosure Committee, a Security Governance Council, the Audit Committee, and the Board.

Honeywell's Board is responsible for cybersecurity risk oversight and has delegated such oversight to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee, a committee comprised of independent Board members, four of whom have notable experience related to the oversight of cybersecurity issues, is responsible for oversight of Honeywell's information technology and cybersecurity risks and regularly reports to the Board on information technology and cybersecurity matters. The Audit Committee oversees risk related to the protection of customer and employee data, trade secrets, and other proprietary information, the security of data on the cloud, persistent threats, and cybersecurity risks associated with the Company's own products and facilities. As part of its cybersecurity oversight responsibilities, the Audit Committee receives regular updates from our Security Governance Council, which meets quarterly or as needed and is led by our Chief Security Officer and includes members of senior executive leadership. In addition, our Chief Security Officer provides updates directly to the Audit Committee at least twice a year or as needed. These updates cover topics related to information security, privacy, cyber risks and risk management processes, including the status of significant cybersecurity incidents, the emerging threat landscape, and the status of projects to strengthen the Company's information security posture. In addition, the Security Governance Council maintains a security program designed to monitor and track key security performance indicators, which is periodically presented to senior leadership and the Audit Committee for review and oversight. As noted above, assessing, identifying, and managing cybersecurity risks are integrated into our overall enterprise risk management program. Cybersecurity-related risks are assessed and evaluated on a quarterly basis or as needed; the identified cybersecurity-related risks are assessed and evaluated to determine whether any such risks have the potential to materially impact our business operations, revenue, and expenditures and to understand the degree of such risks relative to other risks faced by Honeywell. Our Chief Security Officer has served in various roles in information technology and information security for over 30 years, including security-related roles in technology deployments, product development, product security, supply chain, and operations. He holds a Bachelor of Science in computer science from the Georgia Institute of Technology.

In addition, Honeywell's Cybersecurity Disclosure Committee receives updates at least quarterly or as needed from Honeywell's global security organization regarding cybersecurity incidents. The Cybersecurity Disclosure Committee includes Honeywell's Chief Information Security Officer, Chief Security Officer, and senior representatives from finance, controllership, internal audit, investor relations, tax, and legal. Our governance, risk and compliance team, which is part of Honeywell's enterprise security team, works in partnership with the Company's internal audit team to review cybersecurity and information technology-related internal controls as part of our overall internal controls process. The Cybersecurity Disclosure Committee informs the Security Governance Council and the Audit Committee of any cybersecurity incidents (if any) that have the potential to materially adversely impact the Company or our information systems.

Our Chief Information Security Officer, who reports to our Chief Security Officer, oversees the global enterprise security team responsible for leading enterprise-wide information security strategy, architecture, and processes. The enterprise information security team reporting to our Chief Information Security Officer is responsible for infrastructure defense and security controls, performing vulnerability assessments, security incident management, and defining the parameters and standards of our information security risk management program. Honeywell has a comprehensive cybersecurity and information security risk management program that includes risk assessment and mitigation through a threat intelligence-driven approach, application controls, and security monitoring. The risk management program leverages International Organization for Standardizations (ISO) 22301 standards for business continuity and the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Cyber Security Framework (NIST 800-171) for measuring overall readiness to respond to cyber threats. Our Chief Information Security Officer has more than 20 years of experience in information technology and information security, particularly in the engineering and technology industries. Our

information security organization has more than 300 members, with expertise in: (i) application security, (ii) governance and compliance, (iii) program and vulnerability management, (iv) security engineering, (v) identity and access management, (vi) security operations security assurance, (vii) threat intelligence and security architecture, and (viii) incident response.

From time to time, in addition to performing periodic, internal security reviews/audits, Honeywell engages a third-party to assess the adequacy of our risk management program, with the last such engagement occurring during the first quarter of 2022.

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Honeywell relies on third-party service providers for certain critical or key infrastructure, solutions, and services across our operations. Honeywell has a third-party risk management program that assesses risks from vendors and suppliers that provide, amongst other things, key information and supply chain services to Honeywell. In addition, the Company maintains business continuity and disaster recovery plans as well as a cybersecurity insurance policy.

Honeywell has established cybersecurity and information security awareness training programs for employees. Formal training on topics relating to the Company's cybersecurity, data privacy and information security policies and procedures is mandatory for all employees with access to the Company's network. Training is administered and tracked through online learning modules. Additionally, Honeywell periodically engages in cyber crisis response table-top simulations to assess Honeywell's ability to adapt to security-related threats. Improper or illegitimate use of the Company's information system resources or violation of the Company's information security policies and procedures may result in disciplinary action.

To date, no risks from cybersecurity threats, including as a result of any previous cybersecurity incidents, have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect our business, our business strategy, our results of operations or financial condition. For further information, see "Our business, reputation, and financial performance may be materially impacted by cybersecurity attacks on our information technology infrastructure and products" in Item 1A, Risk Factors of this Annual Report. In the event an attack or other intrusion were to be successful, we have a response team of internal and external resources engaged and prepared to respond.

PROPERTIES

We have approximately 715 locations, of which 194 are manufacturing sites. Our properties and equipment are in good operating condition and are adequate for our present needs. We do not anticipate difficulty in renewing existing leases as they expire or in finding alternative facilities.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are subject to a number of lawsuits, investigations, and claims (some of which involve substantial amounts) arising out of the conduct of our business. See a discussion of environmental, asbestos, and other litigation matters in **Note 19 Commitments and Contingencies of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**.

There were no matters requiring disclosure pursuant to the requirement to disclose certain environmental matters involving potential monetary sanctions in excess of \$300,000.

MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

One of our wholly-owned subsidiaries has a placer claim for and operates a chabazite ore surface mine in Arizona. Information concerning mine safety and other regulatory matters associated with this mine is required by Section 1503(a) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and Item 104 of Regulation S-K and is included in Exhibit 95 to this Form 10-K.

MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Our common stock is listed on The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC (Nasdaq) under the ticker symbol "HON." We increased our quarterly dividend rate by 5% to \$1.08 per share of common stock effective with the fourth quarter 2023 dividend. We intend to continue to pay quarterly dividends in 2024.

The number of record holders of our common stock at December 31, 2023, was 35,911.

Information regarding securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans is included in the section titled Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters under the caption "Equity Compensation Plans."

On April 24, 2023, the Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$10 billion of Honeywell common stock, including approximately \$2.1 billion of remaining availability under the previously announced \$10 billion share repurchase authorization. The repurchase authorization does not have an expiration date and may be amended or terminated by the Board of Directors at any time without prior notice.

Repurchases may be made through a variety of methods, which could include open market purchases, accelerated share repurchase transactions, negotiated block transactions, 10b5-1 plans, other transactions that may be structured through investment banking institutions or privately negotiated, or a combination of the foregoing. Honeywell presently expects to repurchase outstanding shares from time to time (i) to offset the dilutive impact of employee stock-based compensation plans, including option exercises, restricted unit vesting, and matching contributions under our savings plans, and (ii) to reduce share count via share repurchases as and when attractive opportunities arise. The amount and timing of future repurchases may vary depending on market conditions and the level of operating, financing, and other investing activities.

During the quarter ended December 31, 2023, Honeywell purchased 7,929,193 shares of its common stock, par value \$1 per share. As of December 31, 2023, \$7.1 billion remained available under the share repurchase authorization for additional share repurchases. The following table summarizes our purchases of Honeywell's common stock for the quarter ended December 31, 2023:

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities										
Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased		Average Price Paid per Share		Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs		Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (Dollars in millions)			
October 1 - 31, 2023	1,088,242		\$ 183.76		1,088,242		\$ 8,432			
November 1 - 30, 2023	2,996,513		\$ 186.83		2,996,513		\$ 7,872			
December 1 - 31, 2023	3,844,438		\$ 199.75		3,844,438		\$ 7,104			

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PERFORMANCE GRAPH

The following graph compares the five-year cumulative total return on our common stock to the total returns on the Standard & Poor's (S&P) 500 Stock Index, composite of S&P's Industrial Conglomerates and Aerospace and Defense indices, on a 55%/45% weighted basis (the Composite Index) and Nasdaq Industrial Select Sector (XLI Index). The weighting of the components of the Composite Index are based on our segments' relative contribution to total segment profit. The selection of the Industrial Conglomerates component of the Composite Index reflects the diverse and distinct range of non-aerospace businesses conducted by Honeywell. The annual changes for the five-year period shown in the graph are based on the assumption that \$100 was invested in Honeywell stock and each index on December 31, 2018, and that all dividends were reinvested.

Comparison of Cumulative Five-Year Total Return

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		Dec. 2018	Dec. 2019	Dec. 2020	Dec. 2021	Dec. 2022	Dec. 2023
honeywell3980471-ar9x5x2.jpg	Honeywell	100	136.70	168.10	167.60	175.82	175.85
honeywell3980471-ar9x5x2 - Copy.jpg	S&P 500 Index	100	131.49	155.68	200.37	164.08	207.21
honeywell3980471-ar9x5x2 - Copy (2).jpg	Composite Index	100	127.46	125.45	136.51	140.88	163.96
line_XLI Composite Index after.jpg	XLI Index	100	129.08	143.16	173.34	163.69	193.36

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**HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS**

							Years Ended December 31,														
	2023						2022						2021								
							(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)														
Product sales	\$	25,773					\$	25,960					\$	25,643							
Service sales		10,889						9,506						8,749							
Net sales		36,662						35,466						34,392							
Costs, expenses and other																					
Cost of products sold		16,977						16,955						17,082							
Cost of services sold		6,018						5,392						4,979							
Total Cost of products and services sold		22,995						22,347						22,061							
Research and development expenses		1,456						1,478						1,333							
Selling, general and administrative expenses		5,127						5,214						4,798							
Other (income) expense		(840)						(366)						(1,378)							
Interest and other financial charges		765						414						343							
Total costs, expenses and other		29,503						29,087						27,157							
Income before taxes		7,159						6,379						7,235							
Tax expense		1,487						1,412						1,625							
Net income		5,672						4,967						5,610							
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		14						1						68							
Net income attributable to Honeywell	\$	5,658					\$	4,966					\$	5,542							
Earnings per share of common stock—basic	\$	8.53					\$	7.33					\$	8.01							
Earnings per share of common stock—assuming dilution	\$	8.47					\$	7.27					\$	7.91							

The Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Years Ended December 31,																		
	2023			2022			2021												
	(Dollars in millions)																		
Net income	\$	5,672				\$	4,967				\$	5,610							
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax																			
Foreign exchange translation adjustment		(274)					(372)					302							
Actuarial gains (losses) recognized		(468)					(452)					256							
Prior service credit recognized		—					—					7							
Prior service credit recognized during year		(48)					(64)					(87)							
Actuarial losses recognized during year		118					454					5							
Foreign exchange translation and other		(9)					(171)					5							
Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments		(407)					(233)					186							
Changes in fair value of available for sale investments		5					(8)					(3)							
Cash flow hedges recognized in other comprehensive income (loss)		60					71					17							
Less: Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income		49					56					20							
Changes in fair value of cash flow hedges		11					15					(3)							
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		(665)					(598)					482							
Comprehensive income		5,007					4,369					6,092							
Less: Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to the noncontrolling interest		9					(17)					64							
Comprehensive income attributable to Honeywell	\$	4,998				\$	4,386				\$	6,028							

The Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

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HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

										December 31,											
										2023										2022	
										(Dollars in millions)											
ASSETS																					
Current assets																					
Cash and cash equivalents										\$	7,925						\$	9,627			
Short-term investments											170							483			
Accounts receivable, less allowances of \$323 and \$326, respectively											7,530							7,440			
Inventories											6,178							5,538			
Other current assets											1,699							1,894			
Total current assets											23,502							24,982			
Investments and long-term receivables											939							945			
Property, plant and equipment—net											5,660							5,471			
Goodwill											18,049							17,497			
Other intangible assets—net											3,231							3,222			
Insurance recoveries for asbestos-related liabilities											170							224			
Deferred income taxes											392							421			
Other assets											9,582							9,513			
Total assets										\$	61,525						\$	62,275			
LIABILITIES																					
Current liabilities																					
Accounts payable										\$	6,849						\$	6,329			
Commercial paper and other short-term borrowings											2,085							2,717			
Current maturities of long-term debt											1,796							1,730			
Accrued liabilities											7,809							9,162			
Total current liabilities											18,539							19,938			
Long-term debt											16,562							15,123			
Deferred income taxes											2,094							2,093			
Postretirement benefit obligations other than pensions											134							146			
Asbestos-related liabilities											1,490							1,180			
Other liabilities											6,265							6,469			
Redeemable noncontrolling interest											7							7			
SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY																					
Capital—common stock issued											958							958			
—additional paid-in capital											9,062							8,564			
Common stock held in treasury, at cost											(38,008)							(34,443)			
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)											(4,135)							(3,475)			
Retained earnings											47,979							45,093			
Total Honeywell shareowners' equity											15,856							16,697			
Noncontrolling interest											578							622			
Total shareowners' equity											16,434							17,319			
Total liabilities, redeemable noncontrolling interest and shareowners' equity										\$	61,525						\$	62,275			

The Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

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**HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

										Years Ended December 31,											
										2023				2022				2021			
										(Dollars in millions)											
Cash flows from operating activities																					
Net income										\$	5,672			\$	4,967			\$	5,610		
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest										14				1				68			
Net income attributable to Honeywell										5,658				4,966				5,542			
Adjustments to reconcile net income attributable to Honeywell to net cash provided by operating activities																					
Depreciation										659				657				674			
Amortization										517				547				549			
Gain on sale of non-strategic businesses and assets										(5)				(22)				(102)			
Repositioning and other charges										860				1,266				569			
Net payments for repositioning and other charges										(459)				(512)				(692)			
NARCO Buyout payment										(1,325)				—				—			
Pension and other postretirement income										(406)				(510)				(1,114)			
Pension and other postretirement benefit payments										(38)				(23)				(43)			
Stock compensation expense										202				188				217			
Deferred income taxes										153				(180)				178			
Other										(837)				(358)				(28)			
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of the effects of acquisitions and divestitures																					
Accounts receivable										(42)				(739)				(8)			
Inventories										(626)				(440)				(685)			
Other current assets										17				232				(276)			
Accounts payable										518				(155)				744			
Accrued liabilities										494				357				513			
Net cash provided by operating activities										5,340				5,274				6,038			
Cash flows from investing activities																					
Capital expenditures										(1,039)				(766)				(895)			
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment										43				29				27			
Increase in investments										(560)				(1,211)				(2,373)			
Decrease in investments										971				1,255				2,525			
Receipts from Garrett Motion Inc.										—				409				586			
Receipts (payments) from settlements of derivative contracts										6				369				192			
Cash paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired										(718)				(178)				(1,326)			
Proceeds from sales of businesses, net of fees paid										4				—				203			
Net cash used for investing activities										(1,293)				(93)				(1,061)			
Cash flows from financing activities																					
Proceeds from issuance of commercial paper and other short-term borrowings										12,991				7,661				5,194			
Payments of commercial paper and other short-term borrowings										(13,663)				(8,447)				(5,190)			
Proceeds from issuance of common stock										196				320				229			
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt										2,986				2,953				2,517			
Payments of long-term debt										(1,731)				(1,850)				(4,917)			
Repurchases of common stock										(3,715)				(4,200)				(3,380)			
Cash dividends paid										(2,855)				(2,719)				(2,626)			
Other										28				(48)				(81)			
Net cash used for financing activities										(5,763)				(6,330)				(8,254)			

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HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY

	Years Ended December 31,											
	2023				2022				2021			
	Shares		\$		Shares		\$		Shares		\$	
	(In millions, except per share amounts)											
Common stock, par value	957.6		958		957.6		958		957.6		958	
Additional paid-in capital												
Beginning balance			8,564				8,141				7,292	
Issued for employee savings and option plans			214				235				184	
Stock compensation expense			202				188				217	
Impact of Quantinuum contribution			82				—				448	
Ending balance			9,062				8,564				8,141	
Treasury stock												
Beginning balance	(290.0)		(34,443)		(272.8)		(30,462)		(260.8)		(27,229)	
Reacquired stock or repurchases of common stock	(19.2)		(3,715)		(21.9)		(4,200)		(15.8)		(3,380)	
Issued for employee savings and option plans	3.4		150		4.7		219		3.8		147	
Ending balance	(305.8)		(38,008)		(290.0)		(34,443)		(272.8)		(30,462)	
Retained earnings												
Beginning balance			45,093				42,827				39,905	
Net income attributable to Honeywell			5,658				4,966				5,542	
Dividends on common stock			(2,772)				(2,700)				(2,620)	
Ending balance			47,979				45,093				42,827	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)												
Beginning balance			(3,475)				(2,895)				(3,377)	
Foreign exchange translation adjustment			(269)				(354)				302	
Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments			(407)				(233)				186	
Changes in fair value of available for sale investments			5				(8)				(3)	
Changes in fair value of cash flow												

The Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

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HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

The financial statements and accompanying notes are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The following is a description of Honeywell's significant accounting policies.

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Honeywell International Inc. and all of its subsidiaries and entities in which a controlling interest is maintained. The Company's consolidation policy requires equity investments that the Company exercises significant influence over, but does not control the investee and are not the primary beneficiary of the investee's activities, to be accounted for using the equity method. Investments through which the Company is not able to exercise significant influence over the investee and which the Company does not have readily determinable fair values are accounted for under the cost method. All intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated in consolidation.

RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain prior year amounts are reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

Historically, the Company included Company-sponsored costs and costs that relate to contracts with customers for research and development projects as a component of Cost of products and services sold on the Consolidated Statement of Operations. Effective January 1, 2023, the Company began classifying Company-sponsored costs for research and development projects as a separate financial statement line item, titled Research and development expenses, on the Consolidated Statement of Operations and recast prior period results for this reclassification. This reclassification had no impact on the Company's net income, earnings per share, cash flows, segment reporting, or financial position. The Company revised historical periods to reflect this change in presentation.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Company considers the applicability and impact of all Accounting Standards Updates (ASUs) issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB). ASUs not listed below were assessed and determined to be either not applicable or are expected to have minimal impact on the Company's Consolidated Statement of Operations, Balance Sheet, and Cash Flows (Consolidated Financial Statements).

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Taxes Disclosures*, which requires greater disaggregation of income tax disclosures. The new standard requires additional information to be disclosed with respect to the income tax rate reconciliation and income taxes paid disaggregated by jurisdiction. This ASU should be applied prospectively for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, with retrospective application permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impacts of this guidance on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, *Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures*, which requires companies to enhance the disclosures about segment expenses. The new standard requires the disclosure of the Company's Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM), expanded incremental line-item disclosures of significant segment expenses used by the CODM for decision-making, and the inclusion of previous annual only segment disclosure requirements on a quarterly basis. This ASU should be applied retrospectively for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impacts of this guidance on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

In September 2022, the FASB issued ASU 2022-04, *Liabilities—Supplier Finance Programs (Topic 405): Disclosure of Supplier Finance Program Obligations*, to enhance the transparency of supplier finance programs. The new standard requires annual disclosure of the key terms of the program, a description of where in the financial statements amounts outstanding under the program are presented, a rollforward of such amounts, and interim disclosure of amounts outstanding as of the end of each period. The guidance does not affect recognition, measurement, or financial statement presentation of supplier finance programs. The ASU is effective on January 1, 2023, except for the rollforward, which is effective on January 1, 2024. The Company adopted this guidance on January 1, 2023, with the exception of the rollforward that is effective on January 1, 2024. The adoption of this standard does not have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

In October 2021, the FASB issued ASU 2021-08, *Business Combinations (Topic 805): Accounting for Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities from Contracts with Customers*, which requires contract assets and contract liabilities acquired in a business combination to be recognized and measured by the acquirer on the acquisition date in accordance with ASC 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. This ASU should be applied prospectively to acquisitions occurring on or after the effective date of December 15, 2022, and early adoption was permitted. The Company adopted this guidance on January 1, 2022. The adoption of this standard does not have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

In March 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-04, *Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting*, which provides optional expedients and exceptions for applying generally accepted accounting principles to contracts, hedging relationships, and other transactions affected by the transition away from reference rates expected to be discontinued to alternative reference rates. In January 2021, the FASB issued ASU 2021-01, *Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Scope*, to expand the scope of this guidance to include derivatives. The guidance was effective upon issuance and may be applied prospectively to contract modifications made and hedging relationships entered into on or before December 31, 2022. In December 2022, the FASB issued ASU 2022-06, *Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Deferral of the Sunset Date of Topic 848*, which extends the period of time entities can utilize the reference rate reform relief guidance under ASU 2020-04 from December 31, 2022, to December 31, 2024. The Company will apply the guidance to impacted transactions during the transition period. The adoption of this standard does not have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Research and development costs for projects are expensed as incurred, unless these costs relate to contracts with customers where the Company receives reimbursements. Amounts expensed as incurred for Company-sponsored research and development projects are included in Research and development expenses and were \$1,456 million, \$1,478 million, and \$1,333 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively. Costs related to contracts with customers for customer-sponsored research and development projects are included as a contract cost and included in Cost of products and services sold when revenue from such contracts is recognized, consistent with the Company's sales recognition policies. This revenue was \$1,303 million, \$1,336 million, and \$1,284 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and highly liquid investments having an original maturity of three months or less.

INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, with cost determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Carrying value adjustments for inventory obsolescence is equal to the difference between the cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal, and transportation.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost, including any asset retirement obligations, less accumulated depreciation. For financial reporting, the straight-line method of depreciation is used over the estimated useful lives of 10 to 50 years for buildings and improvements and 3 to 16 years for machinery and equipment. Recognition of the fair value of obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets is required when there is a legal obligation to incur such costs. Upon initial recognition of a liability, the cost is capitalized as part of the related long-lived asset and depreciated over the corresponding asset's useful life.

GOODWILL AND INDEFINITE-LIVED INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets are subject to impairment testing annually as of the first day of the fourth quarter, or if a triggering event occurs or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be fully recoverable. This testing compares carrying values to fair values and, when appropriate, the carrying value of these assets is reduced to fair value, not to exceed the carrying value of goodwill. The Company completed its annual goodwill impairment test as of the first day of the fourth quarter and determined there was no impairment as of that date. The Company is not aware of any additional triggering events.

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

Prior to 2022, the Company performed its annual goodwill and intangible asset impairment test as of the last day of the first quarter. In 2022, the Company changed the date of its annual goodwill and intangible asset impairment assessment to the first day of the fourth quarter. The Company believes this change does not represent a material change in method of applying an accounting principle. This change has been applied prospectively as of the date of the change, as retrospective application is deemed impracticable due to the inability to objectively determine the assumptions used in earlier periods without the benefit of hindsight. This voluntary change is preferable under the circumstances as it results in better alignment with the timing of the Company's forecasting process and reduces the time period between the assessment date and annual financial statements. This change in accounting principle does not delay, accelerate, or avoid an impairment of goodwill. In 2022, due to this change, the Company performed annual goodwill and intangible asset impairment tests as of the last day of the first quarter and the first day of the fourth quarter.

DEFINITE-LIVED INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Other intangible assets with definite lives consist of customer relationships, patents and technology, trademarks, and other intangibles and are amortized over their estimated useful lives, ranging from 2 to 20 years.

CAPITALIZED SOFTWARE

The Company capitalizes costs of software developed or obtained for internal use during the application development stage of a project and amortizes those costs using the straight-line method over the expected useful life of the software, not to exceed 7 years. Costs incurred during the preliminary and post-implementation stages are expensed as incurred. Development costs for software held for sale are capitalized once a project has reached the point of technological feasibility. Completed projects are amortized after reaching the point of general availability using the straight-line method based on the expected useful life, not to exceed 7 years. At each balance sheet date, or earlier if an indicator of an impairment exists, the Company evaluates the recoverability of unamortized capitalized software costs based on estimated future undiscounted revenues net of estimated related costs over the remaining amortization period. Capitalized software held for internal use and held for sale is included in Other assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

Assets and liabilities of subsidiaries operating outside the United States with a functional currency other than the U.S. Dollar are translated into U.S. Dollars using year-end exchange rates. Sales, costs, and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates in effect during the year. Foreign currency translation gains and losses are included as a component of Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). For subsidiaries operating in highly inflationary environments, inventories and property, plant and equipment, including related expenses, are remeasured at the exchange rate in effect on the date the assets were acquired, while monetary assets and liabilities are remeasured at year-end exchange rates. Remeasurement adjustments for these subsidiaries are included in earnings.

DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

All derivative financial instruments are recorded on the balance sheet as assets or liabilities and measured at fair value. For derivatives designated as hedges of the fair value of assets or liabilities, the changes in fair values of both the derivatives and the hedged items are recorded in current earnings. For derivatives designated as cash flow hedges, the changes in fair value of the derivatives are recorded in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and subsequently recognized in earnings when the hedged items impact earnings.

Derivative financial instruments designated as hedges must be designated and effective as a hedge of the identified risk exposure at the inception of the contract. Changes in fair value of the derivative contract must be highly correlated with changes in fair value of the underlying hedged item at inception and over the life of the hedge contract. Cash flows of such derivative financial instruments are classified consistent with the underlying hedged item. The Company elected to exclude the time value of the derivatives (i.e., the

forward points) from the assessment of hedge effectiveness and to recognize the initial value of the excluded component in earnings using the amortization approach. For derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as a net investment hedge, the gain or loss is reported as a component of Other comprehensive income (loss) and recorded in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). The gain or loss will be subsequently reclassified into earnings when the hedged net investment is either sold or substantially liquidated.

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HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

LEASES

At the inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. The assessment is based on (i) whether the contract involves the use of a distinct identified asset, (ii) whether the Company obtains the right to substantially all the economic benefit from the use of the asset throughout the period, and (iii) whether the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

All significant lease arrangements are generally recognized at lease commencement. Operating lease right-of-use (ROU) assets and lease liabilities are recognized at commencement. A ROU asset and corresponding lease liability are not recorded for leases with an initial term of 12 months or less (short-term leases); however, lease expense for these leases is recognized as incurred over the lease term.

ROU assets represent the Company's right to use an underlying asset during the reasonably certain lease term, and lease liabilities represent the obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. The Company's lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise that option.

Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. Lease payments may be fixed or variable, however, only fixed payments or in-substance fixed payments are included in determining the lease liability. Variable lease payments are recognized in operating expenses in the period in which the obligation for those payments are incurred. The operating lease ROU asset also includes any lease payments related to initial direct costs and prepayments and excludes lease incentives. Lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The Company has lease agreements with lease and non-lease components, which are generally accounted for separately.

The Company primarily uses its incremental borrowing rate, which is based on the information available at the lease commencement date, in determining the present value of the lease payments. In determining the borrowing rate, the Company considers the lease term, secured incremental borrowing rate, and for leases denominated in a currency different than the U.S. dollar, the collateralized borrowing rate in the foreign currency using the U.S. dollar and foreign currency swap spread, when available.

PENSION BENEFITS

The Company presents net periodic pension costs by disaggregating the service cost component of such costs and reports those costs in the same line item or items in the Consolidated Statement of Operations as other compensation costs arising from services rendered by the pertinent employees during the period. The other non-service components of such costs are required to be presented separately from the service cost component.

The Company records the service cost component of Pension ongoing (income) expense in Cost of products and services sold, Research and development expenses, and Selling, general and administrative expenses. The remaining components of costs within Pension ongoing (income) expense, primarily interest costs and assumed return on plan assets, are recorded in Other (income) expense. The Company recognizes net actuarial gains or losses in excess of 10% of the greater of the fair value of plan assets or the plan's projected benefit obligation (the corridor) annually in the fourth quarter each year (MTM Adjustment). The MTM Adjustment is also reported in Other (income) expense.

SUPPLY CHAIN FINANCING

The Company maintains agreements with third-party financial institutions that offer voluntary supply chain financing (SCF) programs to suppliers. The SCF programs enable suppliers, at their sole discretion, to sell their receivables to third-party financial institutions in order to receive payment on receivables earlier than the negotiated commercial terms between suppliers and the Company. Supplier sale of receivables to third-party financial institutions is on terms negotiated between the supplier and the respective third-party financial institution. The Company agrees on commercial terms for the goods and services procured from suppliers, including prices, quantities, and payment terms, which normally range between 60 and 120 days, regardless of whether the supplier elects to

participate in the SCF programs. A suppliers' voluntary participation in the SCF programs has no bearing on the Company's payment terms and the Company has no economic interest in a supplier's decision to participate in the SCF programs. The Company agrees to pay participating third-party financial institutions the stated amounts of confirmed invoices from suppliers on the original maturity dates of the invoices.

Amounts outstanding related to SCF programs are included in Accounts payable in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Accounts payable included approximately \$1,112 million and \$992 million as of December 31, 2023, and 2022, respectively. The impact of these programs is not material to the Company's overall liquidity.

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

SALES RECOGNITION

Product and service sales are recognized when or as the Company transfers control of the promised products or services to its customers. Revenue is measured as the amount of consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for transferring goods or providing services. Service sales, principally representing repair, maintenance, and engineering activities, are recognized over the contractual period or as services are rendered. Sales under long-term contracts with performance obligations satisfied over time are recognized using either an input or output method. The Company recognizes revenue over time as the Company performs on these contracts because of the continuous transfer of control to the customer. With control transferring over time, revenue is recognized based on the extent of progress towards completion of the performance obligation. The Company generally uses the cost-to-cost input method of progress for contracts because it best depicts the transfer of control to the customer that occurs as the Company incurs costs. Under the cost-to-cost input method, the extent of progress towards completion is measured based on the proportion of costs incurred to date to the total estimated costs at completion of the performance obligation. The Company reviews its cost estimates on significant contracts on a periodic basis, or when circumstances change and warrant a modification to a previous estimate. Cost estimates are largely based on negotiated or estimated purchase contract terms, historical performance trends, and other economic projections. Significant factors that influence these estimates include inflationary trends, technical and schedule risks, internal and subcontractor performance trends, business volume assumptions, asset utilization, and anticipated labor agreements. Provisions for anticipated losses on long-term contracts are recorded in full when such losses become evident, to the extent required.

The customer funding for costs incurred for nonrecurring engineering and development activities of the Company's products under agreements with commercial customers is deferred and subsequently recognized as revenue as products are delivered to the customers. Additionally, expenses incurred, up to the customer agreed funded amount, are deferred as an asset and recognized as cost of sales when products are delivered to the customer. The deferred customer funding and costs result in recognition of deferred costs (asset) and deferred revenue (liability) within Other assets and Accrued liabilities, respectively, in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Deferred contract fulfillment costs were approximately \$1.2 billion and \$1.3 billion as of December 31, 2023, and 2022, respectively. The amounts recognized as Cost of products and services sold were approximately \$0.1 billion for the year ended December 31, 2023, and \$0.2 billion and \$0.1 billion for 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Revenues for the Company's mechanical service programs are recognized as performance obligations that are satisfied over time, with recognition reflecting a series of distinct services using the output method.

The terms of a contract or the historical business practice can give rise to variable consideration due to, but not limited to, cash-based incentives, rebates, performance awards, or credits. The Company estimates variable consideration at the most likely amount the Company will receive from customers. The Company includes estimated amounts in the transaction price to the extent it is probable that a significant reversal of cumulative revenue recognized for such transaction will not occur, or when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is resolved. The Company's estimates of variable consideration and determination of whether to include estimated amounts in the transaction price are based largely on an assessment of the Company's anticipated performance and all information (historical, current and forecasted) that is reasonably available to the Company.

STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION PLANS

The principal awards issued under the Company's stock-based compensation plans, which are described in Note 15 Stock-Based Compensation Plans, are non-qualified stock options and restricted stock units. The cost for such awards is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award. The value of the portion of the award that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as expense over the requisite service periods (generally the vesting period of the equity award) and is included in Selling, general and administrative expenses. Forfeitures are estimated at the time of grant to recognize expense for those awards expected to vest and are based on the Company's historical forfeiture rates.

INCOME TAXES

Significant judgment is required in evaluating tax positions. The Company establishes reserves for income taxes when, despite the belief that tax positions are fully supportable, certain positions remain that do not meet the minimum recognition threshold. The approach for evaluating certain and uncertain tax positions is defined by the authoritative guidance which determines when a tax position is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by the applicable taxing authority. In the normal course of business, the Company and its subsidiaries are examined by various federal, state, and foreign tax authorities. The Company regularly assesses the potential outcomes of these examinations and any future examinations for the current or prior years in determining the adequacy of the Company's provision for income taxes. The Company continually assesses the likelihood and amount of potential adjustments and adjusts the income tax provision, the current tax liability, and deferred taxes in the period in which the facts that give rise to a change in estimate become known. See Note 5 Income Taxes for additional information.

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding and all dilutive potential common shares outstanding.

ENVIRONMENTAL

The Company accrues costs related to environmental matters when it is probable that it has incurred a liability related to a contaminated site and the amount can be reasonably estimated. See Note 19 Commitments and Contingencies for additional information.

REIMBURSEMENT RECEIVABLES

In conjunction with the Resideo Technologies, Inc. (Resideo) spin-off, the Company entered into a reimbursement agreement under which Honeywell receives cash payments as reimbursement primarily related to net spending for environmental matters at certain sites as defined in the reimbursement agreement. Accordingly, the Company recorded receivables based on estimates of the underlying reimbursable Honeywell environmental spend, and the Company monitors the recoverability of such receivables, which are subject to the terms of applicable credit agreements and general ability to pay.

ASBESTOS-RELATED LIABILITIES AND INSURANCE RECOVERIES

The Company recognizes a liability for any asbestos-related contingency that is probable of occurrence and reasonably estimable. In connection with the recognition of liabilities for asbestos-related matters, the Company records asbestos-related insurance recoveries that are deemed probable. See Note 19 Commitments and Contingencies for additional information.

NOTE 2. ACQUISITIONS AND DIVESTITURES

ACQUISITIONS

On December 8, 2023, the Company agreed to acquire Carrier Global Corporation's Global Access Solutions business in an all-cash transaction for \$5.0 billion. The transaction is subject to regulatory review and approval and customary closing conditions. The transaction is expected to close by the end of the third quarter of 2024 and the business will be reported within the Honeywell Building Technologies reportable business segment.

On August 25, 2023, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding equity interests of SCADAfence, a provider of operational technology and Internet of Things cybersecurity solutions for monitoring large scale networks, for total consideration of \$52 million, net of cash acquired. The business is included in the Performance Materials and Technologies reportable business segment. The assets and liabilities acquired with SCADAfence are included in the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2023, including \$17 million of intangible assets and \$42 million of goodwill, which is not deductible for tax purposes. The purchase accounting is subject to final adjustment, primarily for the value of intangible assets, amounts allocated to goodwill, and tax balances.

On June 30, 2023, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding equity interests of Compressor Controls Corporation, a turbomachinery services and controls company based in the United States, for total cash consideration of \$673 million, net of cash acquired. The business is included in the Performance Materials and Technologies reportable business segment. The assets and liabilities acquired with Compressor Controls Corporation are included in the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2023, including \$282 million of intangible assets and \$350 million allocated to goodwill, which is deductible for tax purposes. The

identifiable intangible assets primarily include customer relationships amortized over an estimated life of 15 years using an excess earnings amortization method. The purchase accounting is subject to final adjustment, primarily for the valuation of intangible assets, amounts allocated to goodwill, and tax balances.

On January 18, 2022, the Company acquired 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of US Digital Designs, Inc., a leading provider of technologies for first responders, for total consideration of \$186 million. The business is included within the Honeywell Building Technologies reportable business segment. The Company finalized the evaluation for the fair value of all the assets and liabilities acquired with US Digital Designs, Inc. during the first quarter of 2023. Management recorded intangible assets of \$53 million and allocated \$129 million to goodwill, which is deductible for tax purposes.

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On November 29, 2021, Honeywell Quantum Solutions, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Honeywell, and Cambridge Quantum Computing, a leading developer of quantum computing and quantum software, combined to form Quantinuum. Prior to closing the transaction, Honeywell held a 4.2% ownership interest in Cambridge Quantum Computing. As part of the business combination, Honeywell contributed an additional \$270 million of cash and is the controlling majority-owner of Quantinuum, with an overall 54% ownership in the business. Assets and liabilities of Quantinuum are consolidated by Honeywell and included in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. The business is included within Corporate and All Other, which is not a reportable business segment. Upon close of the transaction, Honeywell recorded a non-cash adjustment of \$460 million in Additional paid-in capital in the Consolidated Balance Sheet as the contribution of ownership interest in Honeywell Quantum Solutions and Cambridge Quantum Computing for the formation of Quantinuum. In addition, Honeywell recognized a gain of \$22 million related to the fair value remeasurement of Honeywell's existing 4.2% ownership interest in Cambridge Quantum Computing, which was recorded in Other (income) expense in the Consolidated Statement of Operations. At close of the transaction, the fair value of Cambridge Quantum Computing's noncontrolling interest in Quantinuum was \$419 million. In December 2021, Cambridge Quantum Computing contributed cash of \$12 million to Quantinuum, increasing their noncontrolling interest and decreasing Honeywell's additional paid-in capital. In the fourth quarter of 2022, the Company completed its evaluation of the fair value of all the assets and liabilities acquired. Management recorded intangible assets of \$90 million and allocated \$945 million to goodwill, which is non-deductible for tax purposes.

On February 12, 2021, the Company acquired 100% of the shares outstanding of Sparta Systems, a leading provider of enterprise quality management software for the life sciences industry, for \$1,303 million. The business is included within the Performance Materials and Technologies reportable business segment. The assets and liabilities acquired with Sparta Systems are included in the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2021, including \$383 million of intangible assets and \$1,011 million allocated to goodwill, which is non-deductible for tax purposes.

DIVESTITURES

During 2023, there were no significant divestitures individually or in the aggregate.

In conjunction with the wind down of the Company's businesses and operations in Russia (the Wind down), during 2022 the Company completed the sale of three entities domiciled in Russia in exchange for gross cash consideration of less than \$1 million. The Company recognized a pre-tax gain of \$22 million, which was recorded in Other (income) expense in the Consolidated Statement of Operations, driven by favorable foreign currency cumulative translation adjustment positions in the entities at the time of sale. The financial results of the entities were previously included in the Performance Materials and Technologies, Honeywell Building Technologies, and Safety and Productivity Solutions reportable business segments.

On March 15, 2021, the Company completed the sale of its retail footwear business in exchange for gross cash consideration of \$230 million. The Company recognized a pre-tax gain of \$95 million for the twelve months ended December 31, 2021, which was recorded in Other (income) expense. The retail footwear business was previously included in the Safety and Productivity Solutions reportable business segment.

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

NOTE 3. REVENUE RECOGNITION AND CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

The Company has a comprehensive offering of products and services, including software and technologies, that are sold to a variety of customers in multiple end markets. See the following disaggregated revenue table and related discussions by reportable business segment for details:

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
Aerospace						
Commercial Aviation Original Equipment	\$	2,397	\$	2,089	\$	1,720
Commercial Aviation Aftermarket		6,241		5,108		4,155
Defense and Space		4,986		4,630		5,151
Net Aerospace sales		13,624		11,827		11,026
Honeywell Building Technologies						
Products		3,583		3,638		3,173
Building Solutions		2,448		2,362		2,366
Net Honeywell Building Technologies sales		6,031		6,000		5,539
Performance Materials and Technologies						
UOP		2,586		2,404		2,348
Process Solutions		5,267		4,731		4,611
Advanced Materials		3,653		3,592		3,054
Net Performance Materials and Technologies sales		11,506		10,727		10,013
Safety and Productivity Solutions						
Sensing and Safety Technologies		2,733		2,860		3,123
Productivity Solutions and Services		1,313		1,739		1,778
Warehouse and Workflow Solutions		1,443		2,308		2,913
Net Safety and Productivity Solutions sales		5,489		6,907		7,814
Corporate and All Other		12		5		—
Net sales	\$	36,662	\$	35,466	\$	34,392

In July 2022, the Company realigned certain business units within the Safety and Productivity Solutions reportable business segment. The Safety and Retail business unit, which included the gas detection and safety business, combined with the Advanced Sensing Technologies business unit to form the Sensing and Safety Technologies business unit. The Company recast historical periods to reflect this realignment.

Aerospace – A global supplier of products, software, and services for aircrafts that it sells to original equipment manufacturers (OEM) and other customers in a variety of end markets including: air transport, regional, business and general aviation aircraft, airlines, aircraft operators, and defense and space contractors. Aerospace products and services include auxiliary power units, propulsion engines, environmental control systems, integrated avionics, wireless connectivity services, electric power systems, engine controls, flight safety, communications, navigation hardware, data and software applications, radar and surveillance systems, aircraft lighting, management and technical services, advanced systems and instruments, satellite and space components, aircraft

wheels and brakes, and thermal systems. Aerospace also provides spare parts, repair, overhaul, and maintenance services (principally to aircraft operators), and sells licenses or intellectual property to other parties. Our Honeywell Forge solutions enable our customers to turn data into predictive maintenance and predictive analytics to enable better fleet management and make flight operations more efficient.

Honeywell Building Technologies – A global provider of products, software, solutions, and technologies that enable building owners and occupants to ensure their facilities are safe, energy efficient, sustainable, and productive. Honeywell Building Technologies products and services include advanced software applications for building control and optimization; sensors, switches, control systems, and instruments for energy management; access control; video surveillance; fire products; and installation, maintenance, and upgrades of systems. Our Honeywell Forge solutions enable our customers to digitally manage buildings, connecting data from different assets to enable smart maintenance, improve building performance, and even protect from incoming security threats.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

Performance Materials and Technologies – A global provider in developing and manufacturing high-quality performance chemicals and materials, process technologies, and automation solutions. The reportable business segment is comprised of Process Solutions, UOP, and Advanced Materials. Process Solutions provides automation control, instrumentation, advanced software, and related services for the oil and gas, refining, pulp and paper, industrial power generation, chemicals and petrochemicals, biofuels, life sciences, and metals, minerals, and mining industries. Our smart energy products enable utilities and distribution companies to deploy advanced capabilities to improve operations, reliability, and environmental sustainability. UOP provides process technology, products, including catalysts and adsorbents, equipment, and consulting services that enable customers to efficiently produce gasoline, diesel, jet fuel, petrochemicals, and renewable fuels for the petroleum refining, gas processing, petrochemical, and other industries. Advanced Materials manufactures a wide variety of high-performance products, including materials used to manufacture end products such as bullet-resistant armor, nylon, computer chips, and pharmaceutical packaging, and provides reduced and low global warming potential materials based on hydrofluoro-olefin technology. In the industrial environment, our Honeywell Forge solutions enable integration and connectivity to provide a holistic view of operations and turn data into clear actions to maximize productivity and efficiency. Our Honeywell Forge's cybersecurity capabilities help identify risks and act on cyber-related incidents, together enabling improved operations and protecting processes, people, and assets.

Safety and Productivity Solutions – A global provider of products and software that improve productivity, workplace safety, and asset performance to customers around the globe. Sensing and Safety Technologies products include personal protective equipment (PPE), apparel, gear, and footwear; gas detection technology; custom-engineered sensors, switches, and controls for sensing and productivity solutions; and cloud-based notification and emergency messaging. Productivity Solutions and Services products and services include mobile devices and software for computing, data collection, and thermal printing; and software-based data and asset management productivity solutions. Warehouse and Workflow Solutions products and services include system design and simulation, automation solutions, performance optimization software, and lifecycle services to enable accuracy, productivity, and predictability of warehouse operations. Our Honeywell Forge solutions digitally automate processes to improve efficiency while reducing downtime and safety costs.

Corporate and All Other – Corporate and All Other includes revenue from Honeywell's majority-owned investment in Quantinuum. Through Quantinuum, Honeywell provides a wide range of service offerings of fully integrated quantum computing hardware and software solutions.

See Note 22 Segment Financial Data for a summary by disaggregated product and services sales for each reportable business segment.

The Company recognizes revenue arising from performance obligations outlined in contracts with its customers that are satisfied at a point in time and over time. The disaggregation of the Company's revenue based off timing of recognition is as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
Products, transferred point in time	58	%	59	%	58	%
Products, transferred over time	12		14		17	
Net product sales	70		73		75	
Services, transferred point in time	10		8		8	
Services, transferred over time	20		19		17	
Net service sales	30		27		25	
Net sales	100	%	100	%	100	%

CONTRACT BALANCES

The Company tracks progress on satisfying performance obligations under contracts with customers. The related billings and cash collections are recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheet in Accounts receivable—net and Other assets (unbilled receivables (contract assets) and billed receivables), and Accrued liabilities and Other liabilities (customer advances and deposits (contract liabilities)). Unbilled receivables arise when the timing of cash collected from customers differs from the timing of revenue recognition, such as when contract provisions require specific milestones to be met before a customer can be billed. Contract assets are recognized when the revenue associated with the contract is recognized prior to billing and derecognized when billed in accordance with the terms of the contract. Contract liabilities are recorded when customers remit contractual cash payments in advance of the Company satisfying performance obligations under contractual arrangements, including those with performance obligations to be satisfied over a period of time. Contract liabilities are derecognized when revenue is recorded, either when a milestone is met triggering the contractual right to bill or when the performance obligation is satisfied.

Contract balances are classified as assets or liabilities on a contract-by-contract basis at the end of each reporting period.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

The following table summarizes the Company's contract assets and liabilities balances:

	2023		2022	
Contract assets—January 1	\$	2,294	\$	2,060
Contract assets—December 31		2,013		2,294
Change in contract assets—increase (decrease)		(281)		234
Contract liabilities—January 1		(4,583)		(4,290)
Contract liabilities—December 31		(4,326)		(4,583)
Change in contract liabilities—decrease (increase)		257		(293)
Net change	\$	(24)	\$	(59)

For the years ended December 31, 2023, and 2022, the Company recognized revenue of \$2,070 million and \$1,838 million, respectively, that was previously included in the beginning balance of contract liabilities.

Contract assets included \$1,949 million and \$2,265 million of unbilled balances under long-term contracts as of December 31, 2023, and 2022, respectively. These amounts are billed in accordance with the terms of customer contracts to which they relate.

When contracts are modified to account for changes in contract specifications and requirements, the Company considers whether the modification either creates new or changes the existing enforceable rights and obligations. Contract modifications for goods or services and not distinct from the existing contract, due to the significant integration with the original good or service provided, are accounted for as if they were part of that existing contract. The effect of a contract modification on the transaction price and the Company's measure of progress for the performance obligation to which it relates, is recognized as an adjustment to revenue (either as an increase in or a reduction of revenue) on a cumulative catch-up basis. When the modifications include additional performance obligations that are distinct and at relative stand-alone selling price, they are accounted for as a new contract and performance obligation, which are recognized prospectively.

PERFORMANCE OBLIGATIONS

A performance obligation is a promise in a contract to transfer a distinct good or service to the customer and is defined as the unit of account. A contract's transaction price is allocated to each distinct performance obligation and recognized as revenue when, or as, the performance obligation is satisfied. When the Company's contracts with customers require highly complex integration or manufacturing services that are not separately identifiable from other promises in the contracts and, therefore, not distinct, then the entire contract is accounted for as a single performance obligation. In situations when the Company's contracts include distinct goods or services that are substantially the same and have the same pattern of transfer to the customer over time, they are recognized as a series of distinct goods or services. For any contracts with multiple performance obligations, the Company allocates the contract's transaction price to each performance obligation based on the estimated relative stand-alone selling price of each distinct good or service in the contract. For product sales, each product sold to a customer typically represents a distinct performance obligation. In such cases, the observable stand-alone sales are used to determine the stand-alone selling price.

Performance obligations are satisfied as of a point in time or over time. Performance obligations are supported by contracts with customers, providing a framework for the nature of the distinct goods, services or bundle of goods and services. The timing of satisfying the performance obligation is typically indicated by the terms of the contract.

The following table outlines the Company's remaining performance obligations disaggregated by reportable business segment:

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Performance obligations recognized as of December 31, 2023 will be satisfied over the course of future periods. The Company's disclosure of the timing for satisfying the performance obligation is based on the requirements of contracts with customers. However, from time to time, these contracts may be subject to modifications, impacting the timing of satisfying the performance obligations. Performance obligations expected to be satisfied within one year and greater than one year are 60% and 40%, respectively.

The timing of satisfaction of the Company's performance obligations does not significantly vary from the typical timing of payment. Typical payment terms of the Company's fixed price over time contracts include progress payments based on specified events or milestones or based on project progress. For some contracts, the Company may be entitled to receive an advance payment.

The Company applied the practical expedient for certain revenue streams to exclude the value of remaining performance obligations for (i) contracts with an original expected term of one year or less or (ii) contracts for which the Company recognizes revenue in proportion to the amount the Company has the right to invoice for services performed.

NOTE 4. REPOSITIONING AND OTHER CHARGES

A summary of net repositioning and other charges follows:

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
Severance	\$	162	\$	122	\$	80
Asset impairments		41		176		117
Exit costs		139		122		134
Reserve adjustments		(56)		(56)		(13)
Total net repositioning charges		286		364		318
Asbestos-related charges, net of insurance and reimbursements		534		532		129
Probable and reasonably estimable environmental liabilities, net of reimbursements		44		28		22
Other charges		(4)		342		100
Total net repositioning and other charges	\$	860	\$	1,266	\$	569

The following table summarizes the pre-tax distribution of total net repositioning and other charges by classification in the Consolidated Statement of Operations:

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
Cost of products and services sold	\$	680	\$	572	\$	457
Selling, general and administrative expenses		172		309		112
Other (income) expense		8		385		—
Total net repositioning and other charges	\$	860	\$	1,266	\$	569

The following table summarizes the pre-tax amount of total net repositioning and other charges by reportable business segment. These amounts are excluded from segment profit as described in Note 22 Segment Financial Data:

	Years Ended December 31,											
	2023			2022			2021					
Aerospace	\$	23		\$	41		\$	62				
Honeywell Building Technologies		58			63			13				
Performance Materials and Technologies		50			332			24				
Safety and Productivity Solutions		112			188			268				
Corporate and All Other		617			642			202				
Total net repositioning and other charges	\$	860		\$	1,266		\$	569				

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NET REPOSITIONING CHARGES

In 2023, the Company recognized gross repositioning charges totaling \$342 million, including severance costs of \$162 million related to workforce reductions of 5,854 manufacturing and administrative positions mainly in the Company's Honeywell Building Technologies and Safety and Productivity Solutions reportable business segments. The workforce reductions related to productivity and ongoing functional transformation initiatives. The repositioning charges included asset impairments of \$41 million related to the write-down of certain assets within the Company's Safety and Productivity Solutions reportable business segment and corporate function. The repositioning charges included exit costs of \$139 million related to current period costs incurred for closure obligations associated with site transitions in the Company's Performance Materials and Technologies and Safety and Productivity Solutions reportable business segments. Also, \$56 million of previously established reserves, primarily for severance, were returned to income due to higher-than-expected voluntary exits and adjustments to the scope of previously announced repositioning actions.

In 2022, the Company recognized repositioning charges totaling \$420 million, including severance costs of \$122 million related to workforce reductions of 4,345 manufacturing and administrative positions mainly in the Company's Safety and Productivity Solutions reportable business segment. The workforce reductions related to our productivity and ongoing functional transformation initiatives. The repositioning charges included asset impairments of \$176 million related to the write-down of certain manufacturing and other equipment, primarily related to closing and relocating the production of certain respiratory manufacturing from a U.S.-based facility to a non-U.S. facility in the Company's Safety and Productivity Solutions reportable business segment. The repositioning charges included exit costs of \$122 million related to current period costs incurred for closure obligations associated with site transitions in the Company's Performance Materials and Technologies and Aerospace reportable business segments. Also, \$56 million of previously established reserves, primarily for severance, were returned to income due to higher than expected voluntary exits and adjustments to the scope of previously announced repositioning actions.

In 2021, the Company recognized repositioning charges totaling \$331 million, including severance costs of \$80 million related to workforce reductions of 6,432 manufacturing and administrative positions mainly in the Company's Safety and Productivity Solutions and Aerospace reportable business segments. The workforce reductions were primarily related to the realignment of a product line in the Company's Safety and Productivity Solutions reportable business segment, site transitions, mainly in the Aerospace reportable business segment, to more cost-effective locations, and the Company's productivity and ongoing functional transformation initiatives. The repositioning charges included asset impairments of \$117 million primarily related to the write-down of certain manufacturing and other equipment. The repositioning charges included exit costs of \$134 million primarily for current period exit costs incurred for previously approved repositioning projects, closure obligations associated with site transitions, and lease obligations for equipment. Also, \$13 million of previously established reserves, primarily for severance, were returned to income due to adjustments to the scope of previously announced repositioning actions.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
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The following table summarizes the status of the Company's total repositioning reserves:

	Severance Costs	Asset Impairments	Exit Costs	Total
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 527	\$ —	\$ 74	\$ 601
Charges	80	117	134	331
Usage—cash	(299)	—	(83)	(382)
Usage—noncash	—	(119)	—	(119)
Divestitures	—	—	—	—
Adjustments	(14)	2	(1)	(13)
Foreign currency translation	(5)	—	(2)	(7)
Balance at December 31, 2021	289	—	122	411
Charges	122	176	122	420
Usage—cash	(135)	—	(140)	(275)
Usage—noncash	—	(168)	(15)	(183)
Divestitures	—	—	—	—
Adjustments	(42)	(8)	(6)	(56)
Foreign currency translation	1	—	(9)	(8)
Balance at December 31, 2022	235	—	74	309
Charges	162	41	139	342
Usage—cash	(173)	—	(121)	(294)
Usage—noncash	—	(36)	—	(36)
Divestitures	—	(4)	(5)	(9)
Adjustments	(42)	(1)	(13)	(56)
Foreign currency translation	6	—	17	23
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 188	\$ —	\$ 91	\$ 279

Certain repositioning projects will recognize exit costs in future periods when the actual liability is incurred. Such exit costs incurred in 2023, 2022, and 2021 were \$62 million, \$63 million, and \$45 million, respectively.

OTHER CHARGES

In 2022, the Company recognized \$295 million of Other charges related to the initial suspension and the wind down of our business and operations in Russia. These costs impacted all reportable business segments, with the most significant impact within the Performance Materials and Technologies reportable business segment. The Other charges include costs recorded in Cost of products sold, Selling, general and administrative expenses, or Other (income) expense in the Consolidated Statement of Operations. Cost of products and services sold includes \$65 million primarily related to inventory reserves and the write-down of other assets, Selling, general and administrative includes \$185 million primarily related to reserves against outstanding accounts receivable and contract assets, impairment of intangible assets, the write-down of other assets, and employee severance, and Other (income) expense includes \$45 million related to foreign exchange revaluation on an intercompany loan with a Russian affiliate, impairment of property, plant and equipment, and expenses for called guarantees. Directly attributable to our wind down of businesses and operations in Russia, but excluded from Other charges, is a \$2 million tax valuation allowance recorded to Tax expense in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

Given the uncertainty inherent in the Company's remaining obligations related to contracts with Russian counterparties, the Company does not believe it is possible to develop estimates of reasonably possible loss in excess of current accruals for these matters (other than as specifically set forth above). Based on available information to date, the Company's estimate of potential future losses or other contingencies related to suspension and wind down activities, including any guarantee payments or any litigation costs or as otherwise related to the Company's wind down in Russia, could adversely affect the Company's consolidated results of operations in the periods recognized but would not be material with respect to the Company's consolidated financial position. See Note 19 Commitments and Contingencies for a discussion of the recognition and measurement of estimate for contingencies.

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Additionally, for the years ended December 31, 2022, and 2021, Other charges include \$41 million and \$105 million, respectively, of incremental long-term contract labor cost inefficiencies due to severe supply chain disruptions (attributable to the COVID-19 pandemic) relating to the warehouse automation business within the Safety and Productivity Solutions reportable business segment. Certain of these costs incurred include amounts and provisions for anticipated losses recognized during 2022 and 2021 when total estimated costs at completion for certain of the business' long-term contracts exceeded total estimated revenue. These costs represent unproductive labor costs due to unexpected supply delays and the resulting downstream installation issues, demobilization and remobilization of contract workers, and resolution of contractor disputes. These costs do not include normal operational inefficiencies experienced during a challenging operating environment in 2022 and 2021.

NOTE 5. INCOME TAXES

INCOME BEFORE TAXES

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
U.S.	\$	2,368	\$	3,305	\$	3,955
Non-U.S.		4,791		3,074		3,280
Total Income before taxes	\$	7,159	\$	6,379	\$	7,235

TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)

Tax expense (benefit) consists of:

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
Current						
U.S. Federal	\$	176	\$	653	\$	415
U.S. State		60		124		146
Non-U.S.		1,098		815		886
Total current tax expense (benefit)		1,334		1,592		1,447
Deferred						
U.S. Federal		27		(175)		173
U.S. State		11		(36)		37
Non-U.S.		115		32		(32)
Total deferred tax expense (benefit)		153		(180)		178
Total Tax expense	\$	1,487	\$	1,412	\$	1,625

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
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The U.S. federal statutory income tax rate is reconciled to the effective income tax rate as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
U.S. federal statutory income tax rate	21.0	%	21.0	%	21.0	%
Taxes on non-U.S. earnings ^{1,2,3}	(2.0)		(0.4)		(1.4)	
U.S. state income taxes ¹	0.5		1.4		1.5	
Reserves for tax contingencies	3.4		1.1		2.2	
Employee share-based payments	(0.3)		(0.9)		(0.7)	
Restructuring	—		0.7		(1.4)	
U.S. federal tax credits	(1.6)		(0.9)		(0.6)	
U.S. valuation allowance	(0.1)		(0.2)		2.0	
All other items—net	(0.1)		0.3		(0.1)	
Effective income tax rate	20.8	%	22.1	%	22.5	%

1	Net of changes in valuation allowance.
2	Includes U.S. taxes on non-U.S. earnings, net of foreign tax credits.
3	2023 includes (3.6)% deferred tax benefit resulting from a non-U.S. legislative change, offset by 3.6% deferred tax expense resulting from a full valuation allowance.

The effective tax rate decreased by 1.3 percentage points in 2023 compared to 2022. The decrease was primarily attributable to the increased benefit of taxes on non-U.S. earnings and lower expense related to unremitted withholding taxes on non-U.S. earnings, partially offset by incremental tax expense for reserves. The Company's 2023 non-U.S. effective tax rate was 25.3%, a decrease of approximately 2.2 percentage points compared to 2022. The decrease in the non-U.S. effective tax rate was primarily attributable to increased benefit of taxes on non-U.S. earnings and lower expense related to unremitted withholding taxes on non-U.S. earnings, partially offset by incremental tax expense for reserves.

The effective tax rate decreased by 0.4 percentage points in 2022 compared to 2021. The decrease was primarily a result of additional tax expense reported in 2021 arising from a valuation allowance established against a capital loss, partially offset by a tax benefit related to restructuring transactions. In 2022, the valuation allowance was partially released as losses were utilized against a capital gain. Additionally, in 2022, there was lower tax expense reported for contingencies as a result of the release of certain state income tax reserves. The Company's 2022 non-U.S. effective tax rate was 27.5%, an increase of approximately 1.5 percentage points compared to 2021. The increase in the non-U.S. effective tax rate was primarily attributable to a 2021 tax benefit recorded for the release of a valuation allowance on net operating losses due to restructuring in Canada, which resulted in more tax expense in 2022 compared to 2021. This increase was partially offset by lower tax expense recorded in 2022 related to tax reserves when compared to 2021.

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (LIABILITIES)

The tax effects of temporary differences and tax carryforwards which give rise to future income tax benefits and payables are as follows:

	December 31,			
	2023		2022	
Deferred tax assets				
Postretirement benefits other than pensions	\$	55	\$	59
Asbestos and environmental		405		545
Capitalized research and development		582		—
Employee compensation and benefits		148		142
Lease liabilities		258		233
Other accruals and reserves		196		363
Net operating losses		687		695
Capital loss limitation and carryover		385		126
Tax credit carryforwards and other attributes		420		163
Gross deferred tax assets		3,136		2,326
Valuation allowance		(1,292)		(812)
Total deferred tax assets		1,844		1,514
Deferred tax liabilities				
Pension		(1,132)		(1,088)
Property, plant and equipment		(441)		(233)
Right-of-use asset		(240)		(212)
Intangibles		(817)		(818)
Unremitted earnings of foreign subsidiaries		(542)		(517)
Other asset basis differences		(369)		(317)
Other		(5)		(1)
Total deferred tax liabilities		(3,546)		(3,186)
Net deferred tax liability	\$	(1,702)	\$	(1,672)

The Company's gross deferred tax assets include \$1,378 million related to non-U.S. operations comprised primarily of net operating losses and other tax attribute carryforwards in Canada, France, Germany, Luxembourg, Switzerland, and the United Kingdom. The Company maintains a valuation allowance of \$1,176 million against a portion of the non-U.S. gross deferred tax assets and a valuation allowance of \$116 million against the U.S. gross deferred tax asset, primarily related to capital loss carryovers. The change in the valuation allowance resulted in an increase of \$458 million, a decrease of \$8 million, and an increase of \$124 million to income tax expense in 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively. The majority of the \$458 million increase in 2023 tax expense relates to a \$257 million valuation allowance resulting from uncertainty regarding the realizability of a \$257 million deferred tax asset established as a result of a non-U.S. tax legislative change. The remaining \$201 million relates to other tax attribute carryforwards. If the Company determines that the likelihood of realization of existing deferred tax assets changes, a corresponding increase or decrease to valuation allowances will be recognized as an increase or reduction to income tax expense in the period that determination is made.

As of December 31, 2023, the Company recorded a \$542 million deferred tax liability on all unremitted foreign earnings based on estimated earnings and profits of approximately \$15 billion as of the balance sheet date.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
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As of December 31, 2023, the Company's net operating loss, capital loss, tax credit carryforwards, and other attributes were as follows:

Jurisdiction	Net Operating and Capital Loss Carryforwards	Tax Credit Carryforwards and Other Attributes
U.S. Federal	\$ 532	\$ 96
U.S. State	675	25
Non-U.S.	3,720	304
Total	\$ 4,927	\$ 425

Many jurisdictions impose limitations on the timing and utilization of net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Approximately \$3,140 million of the non-U.S. net operating loss has no expiration period. The U.S. federal capital loss carryforward of \$502 million expires in 2026. The remaining net operating loss, capital loss and credit carryforwards, and other tax attributes have expiration periods through 2043.

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
Change in unrecognized tax benefits						
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 1,086		\$ 1,061		\$ 991	
Gross increases related to current period tax positions	89		64		93	
Gross increases related to prior periods tax positions	181		31		39	
Gross decreases related to prior periods tax positions	—		(19)		(27)	
Decrease related to resolutions of audits with tax authorities	(132)		(3)		(1)	
Expiration of the statute of limitations for the assessment of taxes	(3)		(8)		(12)	
Foreign currency translation	4		(40)		(22)	
Balance at end of year	\$ 1,225		\$ 1,086		\$ 1,061	

As of December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, there were \$1,225 million, \$1,086 million, and \$1,061 million, respectively, of unrecognized tax benefits that if recognized would be recorded as a component of Tax expense.

The following table summarizes tax years that remain subject to examination by major tax jurisdictions as of December 31, 2023:

Jurisdiction	Open Tax Years	
	Examination in progress	Examination not yet initiated
U.S. Federal	2017-2021	2022-2023
U.S. State	2013-2021	2022-2023
China	2013-2022	2023
Germany	2013-2020	2021-2023
India	2013-2020	2021-2023
Puerto Rico	N/A	2020-2023
Switzerland	2019-2020	2021-2023
United Kingdom	2013-2021	2022-2023

Based on the outcome of these examinations, or as a result of the expiration of statute of limitations for specific jurisdictions, it is reasonably possible that certain unrecognized tax benefits for tax positions taken on previously filed tax returns will materially change from those recorded as liabilities in the Company's financial statements. In addition, the outcome of these examinations may impact the valuation of certain deferred tax assets (such as net operating losses) in future periods.

Unrecognized tax benefits for examinations in progress were \$803 million, \$640 million, and \$592 million as of December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively. Estimated interest and penalties related to the underpayment of income taxes are classified as a component of Tax expense in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and totaled \$74 million, \$5 million, and \$79 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively. Accrued interest and penalties were \$612 million, \$557 million, and \$580 million as of December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively.

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

NOTE 6. INVENTORIES

	December 31,			
	2023		2022	
Raw materials	\$	1,704	\$	1,407
Work in process		1,217		1,049
Finished products		3,257		3,082
Total Inventories	\$	6,178	\$	5,538

NOTE 7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT—NET

	December 31,			
	2023		2022	
Land and improvements	\$	211	\$	216
Machinery and equipment		10,717		10,383
Buildings and improvements		3,528		3,394
Construction in progress		878		769
Total Property, plant and equipment		15,334		14,762
Less—Accumulated depreciation		(9,674)		(9,291)
Total Property, plant and equipment—net	\$	5,660	\$	5,471

Depreciation expense was \$659 million, \$657 million, and \$674 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively.

NOTE 8. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS—NET

The following table summarizes the change in the carrying amount of goodwill for the years ended December 31, 2023, and 2022, by reportable business segment:

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
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Other intangible assets are comprised of:

	December 31, 2023						December 31, 2022					
	Gross Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization		Net Carrying Amount		Gross Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization		Net Carrying Amount	
Definite-life intangibles												
Patents and technology	\$ 2,399		\$ (1,837)		\$ 562		\$ 2,313		\$ (1,759)		\$ 554	
Customer relationships	4,199		(2,601)		1,598		3,989		(2,397)		1,592	
Trademarks	362		(284)		78		371		(273)		98	
Other	299		(277)		22		299		(274)		25	
Total definite-life intangibles—net	7,259		(4,999)		2,260		6,972		(4,703)		2,269	
Indefinite-life intangibles												
Trademarks	971		—		971		953		—		953	
Total Other intangible assets—net	\$ 8,230		\$ (4,999)		\$ 3,231		\$ 7,925		\$ (4,703)		\$ 3,222	

Intangible assets amortization expense was \$292 million, \$333 million, and \$465 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively. Estimated intangible asset amortization expense for each of the next five years approximates \$287 million in 2024, \$262 million in 2025, \$257 million in 2026, \$247 million in 2027, and \$249 million in 2028.

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

NOTE 9. LONG-TERM DEBT AND CREDIT AGREEMENTS

	December 31,			
	2023		2022	
1.30% Euro notes due 2023	\$	—	\$	1,334
3.35% notes due 2023		—		300
0.00% Euro notes due 2024		547		534
2.30% notes due 2024		750		750
4.85% notes due 2024		400		400
1.35% notes due 2025		1,250		1,250
2.50% notes due 2026		1,500		1,500
1.10% notes due 2027		1,000		1,000
3.50% Euro notes due 2027		711		—
4.95% notes due 2028		500		500
2.25% Euro notes due 2028		820		800
4.25% notes due 2029		750		—
2.70% notes due 2029		750		750
1.95% notes due 2030		1,000		1,000
1.75% notes due 2031		1,500		1,500
0.75% Euro notes due 2032		547		534
3.75% Euro notes due 2032		547		—
5.00% notes due 2033		1,100		1,100
4.50% notes due 2034		1,000		—
4.125% Euro notes due 2034		1,094		1,067
5.70% notes due 2036		441		441
5.70% notes due 2037		462		462
5.375% notes due 2041		417		417
3.812% notes due 2047		442		445
2.80% notes due 2050		750		750
Industrial development bond obligations, floating rate maturing at various dates through 2037		22		22
6.625% debentures due 2028		201		201
9.065% debentures due 2033		51		51
Other (including capitalized leases), 7.0% weighted average interest rate maturing at various dates through 2029		217		265
Fair value of hedging instruments		(166)		(287)
Debt issuance costs		(245)		(233)
Total Long-term debt and current related maturities		18,358		16,853
Less: Current maturities of long-term debt		1,796		1,730
Total Long-term debt	\$	16,562	\$	15,123

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

The schedule of principal payments on long-term debt is as follows:

		December 31, 2023
2024	\$	1,796
2025		1,314
2026		1,528
2027		1,718
2028		1,527
Thereafter		10,475
Total Long-term debt and current related maturities		18,358
Less: Current maturities of long-term debt		1,796
Total Long-term debt	\$	16,562

On December 1, 2023, the Company repaid its 3.35% notes due 2023.

On May 17, 2023, the Company issued \$750 million 4.25% Senior Notes due 2029 and \$1.0 billion 4.50% Senior Notes due 2034 (collectively, the 2023 USD Notes). The Company may redeem the 2023 USD Notes at any time, and from time to time, in whole or in part, at the Company's option at the applicable redemption price. The offering provided gross proceeds of \$1.8 billion, offset by \$20 million in discount and closing costs related to the offering.

On May 17, 2023, the Company issued €650 million 3.50% Senior Notes due 2027 and €500 million 3.75% Senior Notes due 2032 (collectively, the 2023 Euro Notes). The Company may redeem the 2023 Euro Notes at any time, and from time to time, in whole or in part, at the Company's option at the applicable redemption price. The offering provided gross proceeds of \$1.2 billion, offset by \$12 million in discount and closing costs related to the offering.

The 2023 USD Notes and 2023 Euro Notes are senior unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Company and rank equally with each other and with all of the Company's existing and future senior unsecured debt and senior to all of the Company's subordinated debt. The Company intends to use the proceeds from the issuances for the repayment of commercial paper and general corporate purposes.

On February 22, 2023, the Company repaid its 1.30% Euro notes due 2023.

On March 20, 2023, the Company entered into a \$1.5 billion 364-day credit agreement (the 364-Day Credit Agreement) and a \$4.0 billion amended and restated five-year credit agreement (the 5-Year Credit Agreement). The 364-Day Credit Agreement replaced the \$1.5 billion 364-day credit agreement dated as of March 24, 2022, which was terminated in accordance with its terms effective March 20, 2023. Amounts borrowed under the 364-Day Credit Agreement are required to be repaid no later than March 18, 2024, unless (i) Honeywell elects to convert all then outstanding amounts into a term loan, upon which such amounts shall be repaid in full on March 18, 2025, or (ii) the 364-Day Credit Agreement is terminated earlier pursuant to its terms. The 5-Year Credit Agreement amended and restated the previously reported \$4.0 billion amended and restated five-year credit agreement dated as of March 24, 2022. Commitments under the 5-Year Credit Agreement can be increased pursuant to the terms of the 5-Year Credit Agreement to an aggregate amount not to exceed \$4.5 billion. The 364-Day Credit Agreement and 5-Year Credit Agreement are maintained for general corporate purposes.

As of December 31, 2023, there were no outstanding borrowings under the 364-Day Credit Agreement or 5-Year Credit Agreement.

On November 2, 2022, the Company issued \$400 million 4.85% Senior Notes due 2024, \$500 million 4.95% Senior Notes due 2028, and \$1.1 billion 5.00% Senior Notes due 2033 (collectively, the 2022 USD Notes). The Company may redeem the 2022 USD

Notes at any time, and from time to time, in whole or in part, at the Company's option at the applicable redemption price. The offering provided gross proceeds of \$2.0 billion, offset by \$22 million in discount and closing costs related to the offering.

On November 2, 2022, the Company issued €1.0 billion 4.125% Senior Notes due 2034 (the 2022 Euro Notes). The Company may redeem the 2022 Euro Notes at any time, and from time to time, in whole or in part, at the Company's option at the applicable redemption price. The offering provided gross proceeds of \$990 million, offset by \$17 million in discount and closing costs related to the offering.

The 2022 USD Notes and 2022 Euro Notes are senior unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Company and rank equally with each other and with all of the Company's existing and future senior unsecured debt and senior to all of the Company's subordinated debt. The Company intends to use the proceeds from the issuance for general corporate purposes.

On August 8, 2022, the Company repaid its 2.15% and its Floating rate notes due 2022. On August 19, 2022, the Company repaid its 0.483% notes due 2022.

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

NOTE 10. LEASES

A significant portion of the Company's operating and finance lease portfolio includes corporate offices, research and development facilities, manufacturing sites, information technology equipment, and automobiles. The majority of the Company's leases have remaining lease terms of 1 year to 20 years, some of which include options to extend the leases for 5 years or more. Operating lease ROU assets are included in Other assets. The current portion of operating lease liabilities are included in Accrued liabilities, and the non-current portion of operating lease liabilities are included in Other liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Finance lease ROU assets are included in Property, plant and equipment—net. The current portion of finance lease liabilities are included in Current maturities of long-term debt, and the non-current portion of finance lease liabilities are included in Long-term debt in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

A portion of the Company's real estate leases are generally subject to annual changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The changes to the CPI are treated as variable lease payments and recognized in the period in which the obligation for those payments was incurred. In addition, a subset of the Company's automobile leases are considered variable. The variable lease payments for such automobile leases are based on actual mileage incurred at the stated contractual rate and recognized in the period in which the obligation for those payments was incurred.

	Years Ended December 31,			
	2023		2022	
Operating lease cost	\$	239	\$	224
Variable lease cost		4		8
Short-term lease cost		13		18
Finance lease cost				
Amortization of right-of-use assets		74		72
Interest on lease liability		19		21
Total finance lease cost		93		93
Total lease cost	\$	349	\$	343

Supplemental cash flow information related to leases was as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,			
	2023		2022	
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities				
Operating cash flows for operating leases	\$	237	\$	225
Operating cash flows for finance leases		19		21
Financing cash flows for finance leases		87		79
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations				
Operating leases	\$	339	\$	251
Finance leases		42		61

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
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Supplemental balance sheet information related to leases was as follows:

	December 31,			
	2023		2022	
Operating leases				
Other assets	\$	1,004	\$	881
Accrued liabilities		196		192
Other liabilities		897		775
Total operating lease liabilities	\$	1,093	\$	967
Finance leases				
Property, plant and equipment	\$	402	\$	383
Accumulated depreciation		(204)		(161)
Property, plant and equipment—net	\$	198	\$	222
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$	86	\$	77
Long-term debt		99		145
Total finance lease liabilities	\$	185	\$	222
Weighted average remaining lease term				
Operating leases		9 years		8 years
Finance leases		3 years		4 years
Weighted average discount rate				
Operating leases		3.0 %		2.1 %
Finance leases		8.5 %		7.8 %

As of December 31, 2023, maturities of lease liabilities were as follows:

	Operating Leases		Finance Leases	
2024	\$	222	\$	98
2025		185		53
2026		155		24
2027		131		12
2028		105		11
Thereafter		443		7
Total lease payments		1,241		205
Less: Interest		148		20
Total maturities of lease liabilities	\$	1,093	\$	185

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

NOTE 11. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING TRANSACTIONS

DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

The Company uses derivative financial instruments to manage its risks related to interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, and commodity prices. Derivative financial instruments are not used for trading or other speculative purposes. To qualify as a hedge, derivative financial instruments must be evaluated for hedge effectiveness at the inception of the contract and designated as a hedge. Changes in fair value of the derivative contract must be highly correlated with changes in fair value of the underlying hedged item at inception and over the life of the hedge contract.

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company operates a global business in a wide variety of foreign currencies. The Company's exposure to market risk for changes in foreign currency exchange rates arises from international financing activities between subsidiaries, foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities, and transactions arising from international trade. The Company's objective is to preserve the U.S. Dollar value of foreign currency denominated cash flows and earnings. The Company monitors its collective foreign currency exposure and enters into foreign currency exchange forward and option contracts (foreign currency exchange contracts) with third parties, when necessary, to minimize the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

The Company has monetary assets and liabilities denominated in non-functional currencies. Prior to conversion into U.S. Dollars, these assets and liabilities are remeasured at spot exchange rates as of the balance sheet date. The Company recognizes effects of changes in spot rates in Other (income) expense.

The Company uses foreign currency exchange contracts to hedge foreign currency exposure. These contracts are marked-to-market in net income and offset gains and losses on the non-functional currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities being hedged. The Company also uses foreign currency contracts to hedge forecasted sales and purchases, which are denominated in non-functional currencies. Changes in the forecasted non-functional currency cash flows due to movements in exchange rates are substantially offset by changes in the fair value of these foreign currency exchange contracts designated as hedges. Market value gains and losses on these contracts are recognized in earnings when the hedged transaction is recognized. As of December 31, 2023, and 2022, the Company held contracts with notional amounts of \$8,910 million and \$10,545 million, respectively, to exchange foreign currencies, principally the U.S. Dollar, Euro, Canadian Dollar, British Pound, Mexican Peso, Chinese Renminbi, and Indian Rupee.

The Company also designates certain foreign currency debt and derivative contracts as hedges against portions of its net investment in foreign operations. Gains or losses of the foreign currency debt and derivative contracts designated as net investment hedges are recorded in the same manner as foreign currency translation adjustments.

INTEREST RATE RISK MANAGEMENT

Financial instruments, including derivatives, expose the Company to market risk related to changes in interest rates. The Company uses a combination of financial instruments, including long-term, medium-term, and short-term financing, variable-rate commercial paper, and interest rate swaps to convert the interest rate mix of the Company's total debt portfolio and related overall cost of borrowing.

CREDIT RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company continues to monitor the creditworthiness of its counterparties to mitigate the risk of nonperformance. Financial instruments, including derivatives, expose the Company to counterparty credit risk. In addition, the Company grants credit terms to its customers in the normal course of business. The terms and conditions of the Company's credit sales are designed to mitigate or eliminate concentrations of credit risk with any single customer. The Company's sales are not materially dependent on a single customer or a small group of customers.

COMMODITY PRICE RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's operations subject the Company to risk related to the price volatility of certain commodities. To mitigate the commodity price risk associated with the Company's operations, the Company may enter into commodity derivative instruments. In both 2023 and 2022, the Company entered into various contracts to mitigate commodity price volatility. The Company elected to apply hedge accounting to these contracts.

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DERIVATIVE AND HEDGING INSTRUMENTS

The following table summarizes the notional amounts and fair values of the Company’s outstanding derivatives by risk category and instrument type within the Consolidated Balance Sheet:

	Notional				Fair Value Asset				Fair Value (Liability)			
	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Derivatives in fair value hedging relationships												
Interest rate swap agreements	\$	4,717	\$	4,984	\$	18	\$	16	\$	(184)	\$	(303)
Derivatives in cash flow hedging relationships												
Foreign currency exchange contracts		712		866		28		19		(4)		(5)
Commodity contracts		6		9		—		—		(1)		(1)
Derivatives in net investment hedging relationships												
Cross currency swap agreements		4,264		3,189		—		90		(145)		—
Total derivatives designated as hedging instruments		9,699		9,048		46		125		(334)		(309)
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments												
Foreign currency exchange contracts		8,198		9,679		7		74		(5)		(3)
Total derivatives at fair value	\$	17,897	\$	18,727	\$	53	\$	199	\$	(339)	\$	(312)

All Derivative assets are presented in Other current assets or Other assets. All Derivative liabilities are presented in Accrued liabilities or Other liabilities.

In addition to the foreign currency derivative contracts designated as net investment hedges, certain of the Company's foreign currency denominated debt instruments are designated as net investment hedges. The carrying value of those debt instruments designated as net investment hedges, which includes the adjustment for the foreign currency transaction gain or loss on those instruments, was \$6,099 million and \$3,836 million as of December 31, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

Interest rate swap agreements are designated as hedge relationships with gains or losses on the derivative recognized in Interest and other financial charges offsetting the gains and losses on the underlying debt being hedged. Gains and losses on interest rate swap agreements recognized in earnings were \$121 million of income, \$347 million of expense, and \$135 million of expense for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively. Gains and losses are fully offset by losses and gains on the underlying debt being hedged.

The following table sets forth the amounts recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheet related to cumulative basis adjustments for fair value hedges:

	Carrying Amount of Hedged Item										Cumulative Amount of Fair Value Hedging Adjustment Included in the Carrying Amount of Hedged Item									
	December 31, 2023					December 31, 2022					December 31, 2023					December 31, 2022				
Long-term debt	\$	4,551				\$	4,696				\$	(166)				\$	(287)			

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

The following tables summarize the location and impact to the Consolidated Statement of Operations related to derivative instruments:

	Year Ended December 31, 2023											
	Net Sales		Cost of Products Sold		Cost of Services Sold		Selling, General and Administrative Expenses		Other (Income) Expense		Interest and Other Financial Charges	
	\$	36,662	\$	16,977	\$	6,018	\$	5,127	\$	(840)	\$	765
Gain or (loss) on cash flow hedges												
Foreign currency exchange contracts												
Amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into income	15		28		10		10		—		—	
Gain or (loss) on fair value hedges												
Interest rate swap agreements												
Hedged items	—		—		—		—		—		(121)	
Derivatives designated as hedges	—		—		—		—		—		121	
Gain or (loss) on derivatives not designated as hedging instruments												
Foreign currency exchange contracts	—		—		—		—		(116)		—	

[illegible]

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HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
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[illegible]

As of December 31, 2023, the Company estimates that approximately \$24 million of net derivative gains related to its cash flow hedges included in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) will be reclassified into earnings within the next 12 months.

The following table summarizes the amount of gain or (loss) on net investment hedges recognized in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):

	Years Ended December 31,									
	2023					2022				
Euro-denominated long-term debt	\$	(84)				\$	196			
Euro-denominated commercial paper		(42)					39			
Cross currency swap agreements		(193)					(65)			
Foreign currency exchange contracts		—					34			

NOTE 12. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The accounting guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1 - Inputs are based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2 - Inputs are based on observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical or similar assets and liabilities.
- Level 3 - One or more inputs are unobservable and significant.

Financial and nonfinancial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
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(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets and liabilities that were accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis:

|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

The Company values foreign currency exchange contracts, interest rate swap agreements, cross currency swap agreements, and commodity contracts using broker quotations, or market transactions in either the listed or over-the-counter markets. As such, these derivative instruments are classified within level 2. The Company also holds investments in commercial paper, certificates of deposits, time deposits, and corporate debt securities that are designated as available for sale. These investments are valued using published prices based on observable market data. As such, these investments are classified within level 2.

The Company holds certain available for sale investments in U.S. government securities and investments in equity securities. The Company values these investments utilizing published prices based on quoted market pricing, which are classified within level 1.

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, trade accounts and notes receivables, payables, commercial paper, and other short-term borrowings contained in the Consolidated Balance Sheet approximates fair value.

As part of the NARCO Buyout (see Note 19 Commitments and Contingencies for definition), Honeywell holds a right to proceeds from the definitive sale agreement pursuant to which HarbisonWalker International Holdings, Inc. (HWI), the reorganized and renamed entity that emerged from the NARCO Bankruptcy, was acquired by an affiliate of Platinum Equity, LLC (HWI Sale). The right to these proceeds is considered a financial instrument. The significant input for the valuation of this right is unobservable, and as such, is classified within level 3.

The HWI Sale closed on February 16, 2023. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2023, Honeywell received \$275 million of proceeds from the HWI Sale (HWI Net Sale Proceeds), of which \$256 million was received during the first quarter of 2023 and \$19 million during the second quarter of 2023. Additionally, during the second quarter of 2023, the Company recorded a fair value adjustment for the HWI Net Sale Proceeds and reduced the estimate by \$11 million. The fair value of the remaining HWI Net Sale Proceeds as of December 31, 2023, represents contingent consideration to be paid in future periods if certain conditions under the definitive sale agreement for the HWI Sale are met.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of beginning and ending balances of assets and liabilities that were accounted for at fair value using level 3 measurements:

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2023			2022		
Balance at beginning of period	\$	295		\$	—	
Recognition of right to HWI Net Sale Proceeds		—			295	
Receipt of HWI Net Sale Proceeds		(275)			—	
Fair value adjustment of HWI Net Sale Proceeds		(11)			—	
Balance at end of period	\$	9		\$	295	

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
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The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets and liabilities that were not carried at fair value:

	December 31, 2023				December 31, 2022			
	Carrying Value		Fair Value		Carrying Value		Fair Value	
Assets								
Long-term receivables	\$	232	\$	173	\$	229	\$	183
Liabilities								
Long-term debt and related current maturities		18,358		17,706		16,853		15,856

The Company determined the fair value of the long-term receivables by utilizing transactions in the listed markets for identical or similar assets. As such, the fair value of these receivables is considered level 2.

The Company determined the fair value of the long-term debt and related current maturities utilizing transactions in the listed markets for identical or similar liabilities. As such, the fair value of the long-term debt and related current maturities is considered level 2.

NOTE 13. ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	December 31,			
	2023		2022	
Customer advances and deferred income	\$	3,499	\$	3,555
Compensation, benefit and other employee related		1,322		1,218
Repositioning		279		309
Asbestos-related liabilities		154		110
Income taxes		680		549
Other taxes		176		174
Environmental costs		227		222
Operating lease liabilities		196		192
Product warranties and performance guarantees		182		175
Insurance		69		68
Accrued interest		217		122
NARCO Buyout accrual		—		1,325
Other (primarily operating expenses)		808		1,143
Total Accrued liabilities	\$	7,809	\$	9,162

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

NOTE 14. OTHER LIABILITIES

	December 31,			
	2023		2022	
Income taxes	\$	1,742	\$	1,939
Pension and other employee related		1,342		1,306
Deferred income		1,171		1,334
Operating lease liabilities		897		775
Environmental costs		414		393
Insurance		248		289
Product warranties and performance guarantees		37		38
Asset retirement obligations		17		24
Other		397		371
Total Other liabilities	\$	6,265	\$	6,469

NOTE 15. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION PLANS

The 2016 Stock Incentive Plan of Honeywell International Inc. and its Affiliates (2016 Plan) and 2016 Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Honeywell International Inc. (2016 Directors Plan) were both approved by the shareowners at the Annual Meeting of Shareowners effective on April 25, 2016. At December 31, 2023, there were 28,946,133 and 781,768 shares of Honeywell common stock available for future grants under terms of the 2016 Plan and 2016 Directors Plan, respectively.

STOCK OPTIONS

The exercise price, term, and other conditions applicable to each option granted under the Company's stock plans are generally determined by the Management Development and Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. The exercise price of stock options is set on the grant date and may not be less than the fair market value per share of the Company's stock on that date. The fair value is recognized as an expense over the employee's requisite service period (generally the vesting period of the award). Options generally vest over a four-year period and expire after ten years.

The fair value of each option award is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Expected volatility is based on implied volatilities from traded options on our common stock and historical volatility of the Company's common stock. The Company used a Monte Carlo simulation model to derive an expected term which represents an estimate of the time options are expected to remain outstanding. Such model uses historical data to estimate option exercise activity and post-vest termination behavior. The risk-free rate for periods within the contractual life of the option is based on the U.S. treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant.

The following table summarizes the impact to the Consolidated Statement of Operations from stock options:

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

The following table sets forth fair value per share information, including related weighted average assumptions, used to determine compensation cost:

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
Weighted average fair value per share of options granted during the year ¹	\$	38.84	\$	31.22	\$	32.42
Assumptions						
Expected annual dividend yield		2.50 %		2.58 %		2.31 %
Expected volatility		22.42 %		23.05 %		24.69 %
Risk-free rate of return		3.94 %		1.97 %		0.48 %
Expected option term (years)		4.86		4.74		4.54

1 Estimated on date of grant using Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

The following table summarizes information about stock option activity for the three years ended December 31, 2023:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at December 31, 2020	16,568,529	\$ 125.75
Granted	2,065,574	204.99
Exercised	(2,016,489)	113.01
Lapsed or canceled	(764,675)	175.42
Outstanding at December 31, 2021	15,852,939	135.31
Granted	2,150,910	189.53
Exercised	(3,046,107)	103.89
Lapsed or canceled	(905,454)	186.35
Outstanding at December 31, 2022	14,052,288	147.14
Granted	1,573,520	195.27
Exercised	(1,640,952)	123.12
Lapsed or canceled	(548,842)	192.22
Outstanding at December 31, 2023	13,436,014	\$ 153.86
Vested and expected to vest at December 31, 2023¹	12,420,005	\$ 150.58
Exercisable at December 31, 2023	9,593,986	\$ 138.24

1 Represents the sum of vested options of 9.6 million and expected to vest options of 2.8 million. Expected to vest options are derived by applying the pre-vesting forfeiture rate assumption to total outstanding unvested options of 3.8 million.

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2023:

Range of Exercise Prices	Options Outstanding					Options Exercisable				
	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Life ¹	Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share	Aggregate Intrinsic Value	Number Exercisable	Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share				
\$65.00–\$89.99	687,158	0.16	\$ 89.46	\$ 83	687,158	\$ 89.46				
\$90.00–\$99.99	2,285,249	1.52	98.79	253	2,285,249	98.79				
\$100.00–\$134.99	1,814,529	3.02	119.30	164	1,787,835	119.15				
\$135.00–\$189.99	5,737,860	5.83	170.92	222	4,078,279	164.61				
\$190.00–\$232.60	2,911,218	8.02	200.23	30	755,465	204.77				
	13,436,014	4.90	\$ 153.86	\$ 752	9,593,986	\$ 138.24				

1	Average remaining contractual life in years.
---	--

There were 9,509,606 and 10,664,625 options exercisable at weighted average exercise prices of \$127.99 and \$113.30 at December 31, 2022, and 2021, respectively.

The following table summarizes the financial statement impact from stock options exercised:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
Intrinsic value ¹	\$ 122	\$ 310	\$ 219
Tax benefit realized	27	71	48

1	Represents the amount by which the stock price exceeded the exercise price of the options on the date of exercise.
---	--

At December 31, 2023, there was \$96 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock option awards which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.49 years. The total fair value of options vested for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021 was \$48 million, \$49 million, and \$52 million, respectively.

RESTRICTED STOCK UNITS

Restricted stock unit (RSU) awards entitle the holder to receive one share of common stock for each unit when the units vest. RSUs are issued to certain key employees and directors as compensation at fair market value at the date of grant. RSUs generally

become fully vested over periods ranging from three to six years and are payable in Honeywell common stock upon vesting. Certain RSU awards are performance-based and awarded to eligible employees which entitle the grantee to receive shares of common stock if specified Company performance goals are achieved during the performance period and if the grantee remains employed through the vesting period.

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(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

The following table summarizes information about RSU activity for the three years ended December 31, 2023:

	Number of Restricted Stock Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Share
Non-vested at December 31, 2020	3,396,523	\$ 148.23
Granted	992,854	214.61
Vested	(1,123,547)	144.34
Forfeited	(308,293)	156.74
Non-vested at December 31, 2021	2,957,536	171.73
Granted	1,056,869	186.48
Vested	(864,944)	157.21
Forfeited	(441,453)	177.38
Non-vested at December 31, 2022	2,708,008	181.10
Granted	1,109,307	194.81
Vested	(919,496)	171.92
Forfeited	(290,982)	187.13
Non-vested at December 31, 2023	2,606,837	\$ 189.18

As of December 31, 2023, there was approximately \$250 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested RSUs granted under the Company's stock plans which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.91 years.

The following table summarizes the impact to the Consolidated Statement of Operations from RSUs:

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
Compensation expense	\$	154	\$	143	\$	162
Future income tax benefit recognized		32		29		23

NOTE 16. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The details of the earnings per share calculations for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, are as follows (shares in millions):

Basic	Years Ended December 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
Net income attributable to Honeywell	\$	5,658	\$	4,966	\$	5,542
Weighted average shares outstanding		663.0		677.1		692.3
Earnings per share of common stock—basic	\$	8.53	\$	7.33	\$	8.01

Assuming Dilution	Years Ended December 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
Net income attributable to Honeywell	\$	5,658	\$	4,966	\$	5,542
Average shares						
Weighted average shares outstanding		663.0		677.1		692.3
Dilutive securities issuable—stock plans		5.2		6.0		8.1
Total weighted average diluted shares outstanding		668.2		683.1		700.4
Earnings per share of common stock—assuming dilution	\$	8.47	\$	7.27	\$	7.91

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

The diluted earnings per share calculations exclude the effect of stock options when the cost to exercise an option exceeds the average market price of the common shares during the period. In 2023, 2022, and 2021, the weighted average number of stock options excluded from the computations was 4.5 million, 3.5 million, and 1.7 million, respectively. These stock options were outstanding at the end of each of the respective periods.

As of December 31, 2023, and 2022, the total shares outstanding were 651.8 million and 667.6 million, respectively, and as of December 31, 2023, and 2022, total shares issued were 957.6 million.

NOTE 17. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The changes in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) are provided in the tables below. Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest consists predominantly of net income.

	Pre-tax		Tax		After-Tax	
Year Ended December 31, 2023						
Foreign exchange translation adjustment	\$	(269)	\$	—	\$	(269)
Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments		(538)		131		(407)
Changes in fair value of available for sale investments		5		—		5
Changes in fair value of cash flow hedges		17		(6)		11
Total net current period other comprehensive income (loss)	\$	(785)	\$	125	\$	(660)
Year Ended December 31, 2022						
Foreign exchange translation adjustment	\$	(354)	\$	—	\$	(354)
Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments		(280)		47		(233)
Changes in fair value of available for sale investments		(8)		—		(8)
Changes in fair value of cash flow hedges		9		6		15
Total net current period other comprehensive income (loss)	\$	(633)	\$	53	\$	(580)
Year Ended December 31, 2021						
Foreign exchange translation adjustment	\$	302	\$	—	\$	302
Pension and other postretirement benefit adjustments		245		(59)		186
Changes in fair value of available for sale investments		(3)		—		(3)
Changes in fair value of cash flow hedges		(4)		1		(3)
Total net current period other comprehensive income (loss)	\$	540	\$	(58)	\$	482

COMPONENTS OF ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

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HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
 (Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

**CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(LOSS) BY COMPONENT**

	Year Ended December 31, 2023													
	Affected Line in the Consolidated Statement of Operations													
	Net Sales		Cost of Products Sold		Cost of Services Sold		Selling, General and Administrative Expenses		Other (Income) Expense		Interest and Other Financial Charges			Total
Amortization of pension and other postretirement benefit items														
Actuarial losses recognized	\$ —		\$ —		\$ —		\$ —		\$ 141		\$ —			\$ 1
Prior service (credit) recognized	—		—		—		—		(63)		—			(
Losses (gains) on cash flow hedges	(15)		(28)		(10)		(10)		—		—			(
Losses (gains) on excluded component of net investment hedges	—		—		—		—		—		—			
Total before tax	\$ (15)		\$ (28)		\$ (10)		\$ (10)		\$ 78		\$ —			\$
Tax (expense) benefit														
Total reclassifications for the period, net of tax														\$

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

Year Ended December 31, 2022															
	Affected Line in the Consolidated Statement of Operations														
	Net Sales		Cost of Products Sold		Cost of Services Sold		Selling, General and Administrative Expenses		Other (Income) Expense		Interest and Other Financial Charges				
Amortization of pension and other postretirement benefit items															
Actuarial losses recognized	\$ —		\$ —		\$ —		\$ —		\$ 516		\$ —			\$ 5	
Prior service (credit) recognized	—		—		—		—		(84)		—				
Losses (gains) on cash flow hedges	(13)		(48)		(14)		3		—		—				
Losses (gains) on excluded component of net investment hedges	—		—		—		—		—		(13)				
Total before tax	\$ (13)		\$ (48)		\$ (14)		\$ 3		\$ 432		\$ (13)			\$ 3	
Tax (expense) benefit															
Total reclassifications for the period, net of tax														\$ 3	

Year Ended December 31, 2021													
	Affected Line in the Consolidated Statement of Operations												
	Net Sales		Cost of Products Sold		Cost of Services Sold		Selling, General and Administrative Expenses		Other (Income) Expense		Interest and Other Financial Charges		Total
Amortization of pension and other postretirement benefit items													
Actuarial losses recognized	\$ —		\$ —		\$ —		\$ —		\$ 7		\$ —		\$ —
Prior service (credit) recognized	—		—		—		—		(116)		—		(116)
Losses (gains) on cash flow hedges	(5)		(8)		(2)		(9)		—		—		(12)
Losses (gains) on excluded component of net investment hedges	—		—		—		—		—		(16)		(16)
Total before tax	\$ (5)		\$ (8)		\$ (2)		\$ (9)		\$ (109)		\$ (16)		\$ (132)
Tax (expense) benefit													
Total reclassifications for the period, net of tax													\$ (132)

NOTE 18. CAPITAL STOCK

The Company is authorized to issue up to 2,000,000,000 shares of common stock, with a par value of \$1. Common shareowners are entitled to receive such dividends as may be declared by the Board of Directors, are entitled to one vote per share, and are entitled, in the event of liquidation, to share ratably in all the assets of the Company which are available for distribution to the common shareowners. Common shareowners do not have preemptive or conversion rights. Shares of common stock issued and outstanding or held in treasury are not liable to further calls or assessments. There are no restrictions on the Company relative to dividends or the repurchase or redemption of common stock.

On April 24, 2023, the Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to a total of \$10 billion of Honeywell common stock, including approximately \$2.1 billion of remaining availability under the previously announced \$10 billion share repurchase authorization. Approximately \$7.1 billion and \$2.9 billion remained available as of December 31, 2023, and 2022, respectively, for additional share repurchases.

Honeywell repurchased approximately 19.2 million and 21.9 million shares of its common stock during the years ended December 31, 2023, and 2022, for \$3.7 billion and \$4.2 billion, respectively.

The Company is authorized to issue up to 40,000,000 shares of preferred stock, without par value, and can determine the number of shares of each series, and the rights, preferences, and limitations of each series. At December 31, 2023, there was no preferred stock outstanding.

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HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

NOTE 19. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS

The Company is subject to various federal, state, local, and foreign government requirements relating to the protection of the environment. The Company believes that, as a general matter, the Company's policies, practices, and procedures are properly designed to prevent unreasonable risk of environmental damage and personal injury and that the handling, manufacture, use, and disposal of hazardous substances are in accordance with environmental and safety laws and regulations. However, mainly because of past operations and operations of predecessor companies, the Company, like other companies engaged in similar businesses, incurred remedial response and voluntary cleanup costs for site contamination and is a party to lawsuits and claims associated with environmental and safety matters, including past production of products containing hazardous substances. Additional lawsuits, claims, and costs involving environmental matters are likely to continue to arise in the future.

With respect to environmental matters involving site contamination, the Company continually conducts studies, individually or jointly with other potentially responsible parties, to determine the feasibility of various remedial techniques. It is the Company's policy to record appropriate liabilities for environmental matters when remedial efforts or damage claim payments are probable and the costs can be reasonably estimated. Such liabilities are based on our best estimate of the undiscounted future costs required to complete the remedial work. The recorded liabilities are adjusted periodically as remediation efforts progress or as additional technical, regulatory, or legal information becomes available. Given the uncertainties regarding the status of laws, regulations, enforcement policies, the impact of other potentially responsible parties, technology, and information related to individual sites, the Company does not believe it is possible to develop an estimate of the range of reasonably possible environmental loss in excess of the Company's recorded liabilities. The Company expects to fund expenditures for these matters from operating cash flows. The timing of cash expenditures depends on a number of factors, including the timing of remedial investigations and feasibility studies, the timing of litigation and settlements of remediation liability, personal injury and property damage claims, regulatory approval of cleanup projects, remedial techniques to be utilized, and agreements with other parties.

The following table summarizes information concerning the Company's recorded liabilities for environmental costs:

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
Beginning of year	\$	615	\$	618	\$	660
Accruals for environmental matters deemed probable and reasonably estimable		222		186		168
Environmental liability payments		(196)		(211)		(210)
Other		—		22		—
End of year	\$	641	\$	615	\$	618

Environmental liabilities are included in the following balance sheet accounts:

	December 31,			
	2023		2022	
Accrued liabilities	\$	227	\$	222
Other liabilities		414		393
Total environmental liabilities	\$	641	\$	615

The Company does not currently possess sufficient information to reasonably estimate the amounts of environmental liabilities to be recorded upon future completion of studies, litigation, or settlements, and neither the timing nor the amount of the ultimate costs associated with environmental matters can be determined, although they could be material to the Company's consolidated results of operations and operating cash flows in the periods recognized or paid. However, considering the Company's past experience and existing reserves, the Company does not expect that environmental matters will have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial position.

In conjunction with the Resideo spin-off, the Company entered into an indemnification and reimbursement agreement with a Resideo subsidiary, pursuant to which Resideo's subsidiary has an ongoing obligation to make cash payments to Honeywell in amounts equal to 90% of Honeywell's annual net spending for environmental matters at certain sites as defined in the agreement. The amount payable to Honeywell in any given year is subject to a cap of \$140 million, and the obligation will continue until the earlier of December 31, 2043, or December 31 of the third consecutive year during which the annual payment obligation is less than \$25 million.

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Reimbursements associated with this agreement are collected from Resideo quarterly and were \$140 million in both 2023 and 2022 and offset operating cash outflows incurred by the Company. As the Company incurs costs for environmental matters deemed probable and reasonably estimable related to the sites covered by the indemnification and reimbursement agreement, a corresponding receivable from Resideo for 90% of such costs is also recorded. This receivable amount recorded in 2023 and 2022 was \$187 million and \$157 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2023, Other current assets and Other assets included \$140 million and \$521 million, respectively, for the short-term and long-term portion of the receivable amount due from Resideo under the indemnification and reimbursement agreement. As of December 31, 2022, Other current assets and Other assets included \$140 million and \$474 million, respectively, for the short-term and long-term portion of the receivable amount due from Resideo under the indemnification and reimbursement agreement.

ASBESTOS MATTERS

Honeywell is named in asbestos-related personal injury claims related to NARCO, which was sold in 1986, and the Bendix Friction Materials (Bendix) business, which was sold in 2014.

The following tables summarize information concerning NARCO and Bendix asbestos-related balances:

ASBESTOS-RELATED LIABILITIES

|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

INSURANCE RECOVERIES FOR ASBESTOS-RELATED LIABILITIES

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HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

NARCO and Bendix asbestos-related balances are included in the following balance sheet accounts:

	December 31,			
	2023		2022	
Other current assets	\$	41	\$	41
Insurance recoveries for asbestos-related liabilities		170		224
Total insurance recoveries for asbestos-related liabilities	\$	211	\$	265
Accrued liabilities	\$	154	\$	1,436
Asbestos-related liabilities		1,490		1,180
Total asbestos-related liabilities¹	\$	1,644	\$	2,616

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As of December 31, 2022, Accrued liabilities included the Buyout Amount, as described and defined below, agreed upon between Honeywell and the Trust. The Buyout Amount does not represent an asbestos-related liability.

NARCO Products – NARCO manufactured high-grade, heat-resistant, refractory products for various industries. Honeywell's predecessor, Allied Corporation, owned NARCO from 1979 to 1986. Allied Corporation sold the NARCO business in 1986 and entered into a cross-indemnity agreement which included an obligation to indemnify the purchaser for asbestos claims, arising primarily from alleged occupational exposure to asbestos-containing refractory brick and mortar for high-temperature applications. NARCO ceased manufacturing these products in 1980 and filed for bankruptcy in January 2002, at which point in time all then current and future NARCO asbestos claims were stayed against both NARCO and Honeywell pending the reorganization of NARCO. The Company established its initial liability for NARCO asbestos claims in 2002.

NARCO emerged from bankruptcy in April 2013, at which time a federally authorized 524(g) trust was established to evaluate and resolve all existing NARCO asbestos claims (the Trust). Both Honeywell and NARCO are protected by a permanent channeling injunction barring all present and future individual actions in state or federal courts and requiring all asbestos-related claims based on exposure to NARCO asbestos-containing products to be made against the Trust (Channeling Injunction). The NARCO Trust Agreement (TA) and the NARCO Trust Distribution Procedures (TDP) set forth the structure and operating rules of the Trust, and established Honeywell's evergreen funding obligations.

The operating rules per the TDP define criteria claimants must meet for a claim to be considered valid and paid. Once operational in 2014, the Trust began to receive, process, and pay claims. In September 2021, Honeywell filed suit against the Trust in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania (Bankruptcy Court) alleging that the Trust breached its duties in managing the Trust, including breaches of certain provisions of the TA and TDP. Honeywell's lawsuit sought appropriate relief preventing the Trust from continuing these practices. The Trust also filed suit against Honeywell, alleging Honeywell breached its obligations under the Trust's governing documents. Honeywell moved to dismiss the Trust's suit, and on December 15, 2021, the Bankruptcy Court granted Honeywell's motion to dismiss subject to granting the Trust leave to file an amended complaint. On December 28, 2021, the Trust filed an answer with counterclaims in response to Honeywell's complaint and in lieu of filing an amended complaint. The Bankruptcy Court conducted a trial on these matters during May 2022; following the trial, the Company and the Trust began discussing a potential settlement of Honeywell's remaining obligations to the Trust.

On November 18, 2022, Honeywell entered into a definitive agreement (Buyout Agreement) with the Trust, and on November 20, 2022, in exchange for the NARCO Trust Advisory Committee (TAC) and Lawrence Fitzpatrick, in his capacity as the NARCO Asbestos Future Claimants Representative (FCR), becoming parties to the Buyout Agreement, Honeywell, the Trust, the TAC, and the FCR entered into an Amended and Restated Buyout Agreement (Amended Buyout Agreement).

Pursuant to the terms of the Amended Buyout Agreement, Honeywell agreed to make a one-time, lump sum payment in the amount of \$1.325 billion to the Trust (Buyout Amount), subject to certain deductions as described in the Amended Buyout Agreement and in

exchange for the release by the Trust of Honeywell from all further and future obligations of any kind related to the Trust and/or any claimants who were exposed to asbestos-containing products manufactured, sold, or distributed by NARCO or its predecessors, including Honeywell's ongoing evergreen obligation to fund (i) claims against the Trust, which comprise Honeywell's NARCO asbestos-related claims liability, and (ii) the Trust's annual operating expenses, which are expensed as incurred, including its legal fees (which operating expenses, for reference, were approximately \$30 million in 2022) (such evergreen obligations referred to in (i) and (ii), Honeywell Obligations) (the NARCO Buyout).

On December 8, 2022, the Bankruptcy Court issued an order that (A) approved the Amended Buyout Agreement, and (B) declared that the NARCO Channeling Injunction (which bars all past, present, and future individual actions in state or federal courts based on exposure to NARCO asbestos-containing products and requires all such claims to be made against the Trust) will remain in full force and effect without modification, dissolution, or termination (Order).

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HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

On December 14, 2022, HWI, the reorganized and renamed entity that emerged from the NARCO bankruptcy, entered into a definitive agreement (Sale Agreement) pursuant to which an affiliate of Platinum Equity, LLC agreed to acquire HWI (HWI Sale) subject to the terms set forth in the Sale Agreement, including customary conditions to closing set forth therein. In accordance with the Amended Buyout Agreement, the economic rights of the Trust in respect of the net proceeds from the HWI Sale inure to the benefit of Honeywell.

On January 30, 2023, the Company paid the Buyout Amount to the Trust, the parties closed the transactions contemplated in the Amended Buyout Agreement (Closing), and Honeywell was released from the Honeywell Obligations. Honeywell continues to have the right to collect proceeds in connection with its NARCO asbestos-related insurance policies.

With the issuance of the Order, the Company derecognized the NARCO asbestos-related liability of \$688 million from the Consolidated Balance Sheet and recognized a charge of \$1.325 billion in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and accrued a corresponding liability in the Consolidated Balance Sheet for the Buyout Amount. In addition, the Company recognized a benefit of \$295 million in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and corresponding asset in Other current assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheet for Honeywell's rights to the proceeds from the HWI Sale. The benefit of \$295 million offset the charge for the Buyout Amount.

On February 16, 2023, the HWI Sale closed. Pursuant to the Amended Buyout Agreement, during 2023, Honeywell received \$275 million of proceeds from the HWI sale. See Note 12 Fair Value Measurements for further information on the related proceeds and remaining amount under the Amended Buyout Agreement.

Bendix Products – Bendix manufactured automotive brake linings that contained chrysotile asbestos in an encapsulated form. Claimants consist largely of individuals who allege exposure to asbestos from brakes from either performing or being in the vicinity of individuals who performed brake replacements. The following tables present information regarding Bendix-related asbestos claims activity:

	Years Ended December 31,			
	2023		2022	
Claims unresolved at the beginning of year	5,608		6,401	
Claims filed	1,803		2,014	
Claims resolved	(1,894)		(2,807)	
Claims unresolved at the end of year	5,517		5,608	

	Years Ended December 31,			
	2023		2022	
Disease Distribution of Unresolved Claims				
Mesothelioma and other cancer claims	3,244		3,283	
Nonmalignant claims	2,273		2,325	
Total claims	5,517		5,608	

Honeywell has experienced average resolution values per claim excluding legal costs as follows:

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

The Company experienced fluctuations in average resolution values year-over-year in each of the past five years with no well-established trends in either direction. In 2023, the Company observed two consecutive years of increasing average resolution values (2023 and 2022), with more volatility in the earlier years of the five-year period (2019 through 2021). Based on these observations, the Company, during its annual review in the fourth quarter of 2023, reevaluated its valuation methodology and elected to give more weight to the two most recent years by shortening the look-back period from five years to two years (2023 and 2022). The Company believes that the average resolution values in the last two consecutive years are likely more representative of expected resolution values in future periods.

It is not possible to predict whether such resolution values will increase, decrease, or stabilize in the future, given recent litigation trends within the tort system and the inherent uncertainty in predicting the outcome of such trends. The Company will continue to monitor Bendix claim resolution values and other trends within the tort system to assess the appropriate look-back period for determining average resolution values going forward.

In 2023, the Company recognized a \$522 million expense and corresponding adjustment to its estimated liability for Bendix asbestos-related claims. This amount includes \$434 million attributable primarily to shortening the look-back period to the two most recent years, and to a lesser extent to increasing expected resolution values for a subset of asserted claims to adjust for higher claim values in that subset than in the modelled two-year data set.

The Company's insurance receivable corresponding to the liability for settlement of asserted and unasserted Bendix asbestos claims reflects coverage which is provided by a large number of insurance policies written by dozens of insurance companies in both the domestic insurance market and the London excess market. Based on the Company's ongoing analysis of the probable insurance recovery, insurance receivables are recorded in the financial statements simultaneous with the recording of the estimated liability for the underlying asbestos claims. This determination is based on the Company's analysis of the underlying insurance policies, historical experience with insurers, ongoing review of the solvency of insurers, judicial determinations relevant to insurance programs, and consideration of the impacts of any settlements reached with the Company's insurers.

On October 31, 2018, David Kanefsky (Plaintiff), a Honeywell shareholder, filed a putative class action complaint in the U.S. District Court for the District of New Jersey (the Court) alleging violations of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 10b-5 related to the prior accounting for Bendix asbestos claims. An Amended Complaint was filed on December 30, 2019, and on February 7, 2020, the Company filed a Motion to Dismiss. On May 18, 2020, the Court denied the Motion to Dismiss. On December 7, 2021, the parties filed a Stipulation of Settlement (Settlement Agreement) and Plaintiff filed a motion for preliminary approval of the Settlement Agreement, which included payment by Honeywell of \$10 million to settle the claims in dispute. On January 18, 2022, the Court approved the motion for preliminary approval of the Settlement Agreement. On May 3, 2022, the Court entered a final judgment and order approving the Settlement Agreement and dismissed the action. Honeywell continues to believe the claims lacked merit and has denied wrongdoing as well as any liability for the claims made against Honeywell in the action.

GARRETT LITIGATION AND BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS

In conjunction with the Garrett spin-off, the Company entered into a binding indemnification and reimbursement agreement (Garrett Indemnity) and a binding tax matters agreement (Tax Matters Agreement) with Garrett and a Garrett subsidiary. On December 2, 2019, Garrett and Garrett ASASCO Inc. filed a Summons with Notice and commenced a lawsuit in the Commercial Division of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of New York (the State Court), seeking to invalidate the Garrett Indemnity. Garrett sought damages and a declaratory judgment based on various claims set forth in the Summons with Notice. On July 17, 2020, the Company received a notice from Garrett asserting that the Company had caused material breaches of the Tax Matters Agreement and that the Tax Matters Agreement was unenforceable.

On September 20, 2020, Garrett and 36 of its affiliates filed voluntary petitions for relief under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York (the Bankruptcy Court). On September 24, 2020, Garrett moved the existing State Court litigation against Honeywell to the Bankruptcy Court. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company reviewed the aggregate carrying value of the receivable amounts due in connection with the Garrett Indemnity and Tax Matters Agreement and reduced the aggregate carrying value of the receivable by \$509 million to reflect the present value of the amounts owed to the Company over the full term of these agreements.

On April 26, 2021, the Bankruptcy Court confirmed Garrett's amended Chapter 11 plan of reorganization (the Confirmed Plan), and on April 30, 2021 (the Effective Date), Garrett emerged from bankruptcy. On the Effective Date, and in accordance with the Confirmed Plan, (i) the Company received from Garrett an initial payment of \$375 million and 834.8 million shares of Garrett's Series B Preferred Stock in full and final satisfaction of the Garrett Indemnity and Tax Matters Agreement, (ii) the Garrett Indemnity and Tax Matters Agreement were terminated, (iii) the Company and Garrett mutually released each other from the claims asserted in all pending legal actions related to the Garrett Indemnity and Tax Matters Agreement, and (iv) all pending litigation between the Company and Garrett in connection with those agreements was resolved.

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

The original Series B Preferred Stock Certificate of Designation provided for mandatory redemptions by Garrett of \$35 million in 2022 and \$100 million per year from 2023 to 2030 (inclusive) at the anniversary of the Effective Date, unless (i) Garrett's consolidated EBITDA as of the end of the most recently completed fiscal year was less than \$425 million, or (ii) Garrett did not have sufficient funds available to pay the redemption, at which point the redemption amounts past due would accrue interest. The Series B Preferred Stock Certificate of Designation also included rights which allowed (a) the Company to put the Series B Preferred Stock to Garrett if certain EBITDA conditions were met, and (b) Garrett to call the Series B Preferred Stock in whole or in part if certain EBITDA conditions were met.

On September 30, 2021, Garrett filed an Amended and Restated Series B Preferred Stock Certificate of Designation (Amendment) with the Secretary of State of Delaware. The Amendment required Garrett to partially redeem a portion of the Series B Preferred Stock on or before March 31, 2022, such that the present value of remaining outstanding shares of the Series B Preferred Stock would be \$400 million (First Partial Redemption), subject to applicable law, including that Garrett had funds legally available for the partial redemption. The First Partial Redemption would be applied to the latest scheduled redemption dates, beginning with the shares to be redeemed in 2030. The Amendment also provided that the Company could not exercise its right to put the Series B Preferred Stock to Garrett until after December 31, 2022, subject to the EBITDA conditions described in the above section, unless the partial redemption did not occur on or before March 31, 2022. All other material terms and conditions in the Amendment were unchanged from the original Series B Preferred Stock Certificate of Designation.

On December 16, 2021, Garrett filed a Second Amended and Restated Series B Preferred Stock Certificate of Designation (Second Amendment) with the Secretary of State of Delaware. The Second Amendment accelerated the First Partial Redemption from March 31, 2022, to December 30, 2021, and allowed Garrett to partially redeem an additional portion of the Series B Preferred Stock on or before March 31, 2022, such that the present value of remaining outstanding shares of the Series B Preferred Stock would be \$207 million (Second Partial Redemption). The Second Partial Redemption is subject to similar terms as the First Partial Redemption, including that Garrett had funds legally available for the partial redemption. However, the Second Partial Redemption was also contingent upon Garrett completing the First Partial Redemption and either (i) increasing their revolving credit facility, or (ii) the Garrett Board of Directors determining that Garrett otherwise had sufficient liquidity to effect the Second Partial Redemption. The Second Partial Redemption would be applied to the earliest scheduled redemptions beginning with the shares to be redeemed on April 30, 2022.

On December 17, 2021, Garrett announced their intention to effect the First Partial Redemption on December 28, 2021, in the amount of \$211 million. On December 28, 2021, Garrett paid \$211 million for the amount due as the First Partial Redemption.

On February 18, 2022, Garrett early redeemed \$197 million of the Series B Preferred Stock, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Second Amended and Restated Series B Preferred Stock Certificate of Designation. Immediately following the early redemption, the fair value of the Series B Preferred Stock was \$207 million.

On June 28, 2022, Garrett early redeemed all remaining shares of the Series B Preferred Stock in the amount of \$212 million, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Second Amended and Restated Series B Preferred Stock Certificate of Designation. Following the redemption, the Series B Preferred Stock were no longer outstanding.

The Company recorded the Series B Preferred Stock at fair value at the Effective Date. See Note 12 Fair Value Measurements for additional information on the fair value leveling of the Series B Preferred Stock.

PETROBRAS AND UNAOIL MATTERS

On December 19, 2022, the Company reached a comprehensive resolution to the investigations by the U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ), the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), and certain Brazilian authorities (Brazilian Authorities) relating to the Company's use of third parties who previously worked for the Company's UOP business in Brazil in relation to a project awarded in 2010 for Petróleo Brasileiro S.A. (Petrobras). The investigations focused on the Company's compliance with the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and similar Brazilian laws (UOP Matters). The comprehensive resolution also resolves DOJ and SEC investigations relating to a matter involving a foreign subsidiary's prior contract with Unaoil S.A.M. in Algeria executed in 2011 (the Unaoil Matter).

In connection with the comprehensive resolution, (i) the Company agreed to pay a total equivalent of \$202.7 million, which payment occurred in January 2023, to the DOJ, the SEC, and the Brazilian Authorities, collectively, in penalties, disgorgement, and prejudgment interest, (ii) the Company's subsidiary, UOP, LLC (UOP), entered into a three-year Deferred Prosecution Agreement (DPA) with the DOJ for charges related to the UOP Matters, (iii) UOP entered into leniency agreements with the Brazilian authorities related to the UOP Matter in Brazil, and (iv) the Company entered into an agreement with the SEC that resolves allegations relating to the UOP Matters and the Unaoil Matter. Pursuant to these agreements, the Company agreed to undertake certain compliance measures and compliance reporting obligations. These agreements entirely resolve the Petrobras and Unaoil investigations.

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HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

OTHER MATTERS

The Company is subject to a number of other lawsuits, investigations, and disputes (some of which involve substantial amounts claimed) arising out of the conduct of the Company's business, including matters relating to commercial transactions, government contracts, product liability, prior acquisitions and divestitures, employee benefit plans, intellectual property, and environmental, health, and safety matters. The Company recognizes liabilities for any contingency that is probable of occurrence and reasonably estimable. The Company continually assesses the likelihood of adverse judgments or outcomes in such matters, as well as potential ranges of probable losses (taking into consideration any insurance recoveries), based on a careful analysis of each matter with the assistance of outside legal counsel and, if applicable, other experts.

Given the uncertainty inherent in litigation and investigations, the Company does not believe it is possible to develop estimates of reasonably possible loss (or a range of possible loss) in excess of current accruals for commitment and contingency matters, including those discussed in this Note 19. Considering the Company's past experience and existing accruals, the Company does not expect the outcome of such matters, either individually or in the aggregate, to have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position. Because most contingencies are resolved over long periods of time, potential liabilities are subject to change due to new developments, changes in settlement strategy or the impact of evidentiary requirements, which could cause the Company to pay damage awards or settlements (or become subject to equitable remedies) that could have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated results of operations or operating cash flows in the periods recognized or paid.

WARRANTIES AND GUARANTEES

In the normal course of business, the Company issues product warranties and product performance guarantees. The Company accrues for the estimated cost of product warranties and performance guarantees based on contract terms and historical experience at the time of sale. Adjustments to initial obligations for warranties and guarantees are made as changes to the obligations become reasonably estimable. The following table summarizes information concerning the Company's recorded obligations for product warranties and product performance guarantees:

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
Beginning of year	\$	213	\$	223	\$	243
Accruals for warranties/guarantees issued during the year		139		117		146
Adjustment of pre-existing warranties/guarantees		(27)		(12)		(7)
Settlement of warranty/guarantee claims		(106)		(115)		(159)
End of year	\$	219	\$	213	\$	223

Product warranties and product performance guarantees are included in the following balance sheet accounts:

	December 31,			
	2023		2022	
Accrued liabilities	\$	182	\$	175
Other liabilities		37		38
Total obligations for product warranties and product performance guarantees	\$	219	\$	213

NOTE 20. PENSION AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Company sponsors a number of both funded and unfunded U.S. and non-U.S. defined benefit pension plans. Pension benefits for many of the Company's U.S. employees are provided through non-contributory, qualified, and non-qualified defined benefit plans. All non-union hourly and salaried employees joining Honeywell for the first time after December 31, 2012, are not eligible to participate in Honeywell's U.S. defined benefit pension plans. The Company also sponsors defined benefit pension plans which cover non-U.S. employees who are not U.S. citizens, in certain jurisdictions, principally the UK, Netherlands, Germany, and Canada. Other pension plans outside of the U.S. are not material to the Company either individually or in the aggregate.

The Company sponsors postretirement benefit plans that provide health care benefits and life insurance coverage mainly to U.S. eligible retirees. None of Honeywell's U.S. employees are eligible for a retiree medical subsidy from the Company. In addition, the vast majority of Honeywell's U.S. retirees either have no Company subsidy or have a fixed-dollar subsidy amount. This significantly limits the Company's exposure to the impact of future health care cost increases. The retiree medical and life insurance plans are not funded. Claims and expenses are paid from the Company's cash flows from operations.

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HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

The following tables summarize the balance sheet impact, including the benefit obligations, assets, and funded status associated with the Company's significant pension and other postretirement benefit plans:

				Pension Benefits															
				U.S. Plans					Non-U.S. Plans										
				2023		2022		2023		2022									
Change in benefit obligation																			
Benefit obligation at beginning of year				\$	13,290			\$	17,391			\$	4,400			\$	6,999		
Service cost				29				86				11				19			
Interest cost				645				380				200				103			
Plan amendments				—				—				—				—			
Actuarial (gains) losses ¹				337				(3,135)				191				(1,929)			
Benefits paid				(1,509)				(1,421)				(250)				(261)			
Settlements and curtailments				—				(13)				—				—			
Foreign currency translation				—				—				165				(533)			
Other				—				2				1				2			
Benefit obligation at end of year				12,792				13,290				4,718				4,400			
Change in plan assets																			
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year				17,005				20,560				5,304				8,396			
Actual return on plan assets				1,070				(2,161)				267				(2,187)			
Company contributions				28				37				22				17			
Benefits paid				(1,509)				(1,421)				(250)				(261)			
Settlements and curtailments				—				(13)				—				—			
Foreign currency translation				—				—				205				(664)			
Other				—				3				1				3			
Fair value of plan assets at end of year				16,594				17,005				5,549				5,304			
Funded status of plans				\$	3,802			\$	3,715			\$	831			\$	904		
Amounts recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheet consist of																			
Prepaid pension benefit cost ²				\$	4,052			\$	3,970			\$	1,335			\$	1,356		
Accrued pension liabilities—current ³				(26)				(28)				(15)				(14)			
Accrued pension liabilities—noncurrent ⁴				(224)				(227)				(489)				(438)			
Net amount recognized				\$	3,802			\$	3,715			\$	831			\$	904		

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HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

	Other Postretirement Benefits			
	2023		2022	
Change in benefit obligation				
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$	133	\$	196
Service cost		—		—
Interest cost		6		5
Plan amendments		—		—
Actuarial (gains) losses		3		(54)
Benefits paid		(26)		(14)
Benefit obligation at end of year		116		133
Change in plan assets				
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year		—		—
Actual return on plan assets		—		—
Company contributions		—		—
Benefits paid		—		—
Fair value of plan assets at end of year		—		—
Funded status of plans	\$	(116)	\$	(133)
Amounts recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheet consist of				
Accrued liabilities	\$	(12)	\$	(21)
Postretirement benefit obligations other than pensions ¹		(104)		(112)
Net amount recognized	\$	(116)	\$	(133)

1

Excludes non-U.S. plan of \$30 million and \$34 million as of December 31, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

Amounts recognized in Accumulated other comprehensive (income) loss associated with the Company's significant pension and other postretirement benefit plans at December 31, 2023, and 2022, are as follows:

	Pension Benefits			
	U.S. Plans		Non-U.S. Plans	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Prior service (credit) cost	\$ (7)	\$ (50)	\$ 18	\$ 18
Net actuarial (gain) loss	1,191	814	422	360
Net amount recognized	\$ 1,184	\$ 764	\$ 440	\$ 378

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

Net periodic benefit (income) cost and other amounts recognized in Other comprehensive (income) loss for the Company's significant pension and other postretirement benefit plans include the following components:

	Pension Benefits											
	U.S. Plans						Non-U.S. Plans					
	2023		2022		2021		2023		2022		2021	
Service cost	\$ 29		\$ 86		\$ 105		\$ 11		\$ 19		\$ 26	
Interest cost	645		380		306		200		103		77	
Expected return on plan assets	(1,111)		(1,281)		(1,220)		(274)		(278)		(348)	
Amortization of prior service (credit) cost	(42)		(42)		(42)		—		—		—	
Recognition of actuarial (gains) losses	—		(14)		31		153		537		9	
Settlements and curtailments	—		(2)		—		—		—		—	
Net periodic benefit (income) cost	\$ (479)		\$ (873)		\$ (820)		\$ 90		\$ 381		\$ (236)	

	U.S. Plans						Non-U.S. Plans					
	2023		2022		2021		2023		2022		2021	
Actuarial (gains) losses	\$	378	\$	307	\$	(14)	\$	198	\$	294	\$	(221)
Prior service (credit) cost		—		—		—		—		—		(3)
Prior service credit recognized during year		42		43		43		—		(1)		(1)
Actuarial (gains) losses recognized during year		—		15		—		(153)		(537)		(9)
Foreign currency translation		—		—		—		17		204		(1)
Total recognized in Other comprehensive (income) loss	\$	420	\$	365	\$	29	\$	62	\$	(40)	\$	(235)
Total recognized in net periodic benefit (income) cost and Other comprehensive (income) loss	\$	(59)	\$	(508)	\$	(791)	\$	152	\$	341	\$	(471)

	Other Postretirement Benefits					
	Years Ended December 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
Service cost	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—
Interest cost		6		5		5
Amortization of prior service (credit) cost		(20)		(42)		(74)
Recognition of actuarial (gains) losses		(13)		(4)		(2)
Net periodic benefit (income) cost	\$	(27)	\$	(41)	\$	(71)

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
Actuarial (gains) losses	\$	3	\$	(54)	\$	(8)
Prior service (credit) cost		—		—		—
Prior service credit recognized during year		20		42		74
Actuarial (gains) losses recognized during year		13		4		2
Total recognized in other comprehensive (income) loss		36		(8)		68
Total recognized in net periodic benefit (income) cost and Other comprehensive (income) loss	\$	9	\$	(49)	\$	(3)

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

Major actuarial assumptions used in determining the benefit obligations and net periodic benefit (income) cost for the Company's significant benefit plans are presented in the following table as weighted averages:

	Pension Benefits									
	U.S. Plans					Non-U.S. Plans				
	2023		2022		2021	2023		2022		2021
Actuarial assumptions used to determine benefit obligations as of December 31										
Discount rate	4.97 %		5.17 %		2.87 %	4.15 %		4.50 %		1.79 %
Expected annual rate of compensation increase	3.25 %		3.25 %		3.25 %	2.68 %		2.69 %		2.56 %
Actuarial assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit (income) cost for years ended December 31										
Discount rate—benefit obligation	5.17 %		2.87 %		2.50 %	4.49 %		1.77 %		1.24 %
Discount rate—service cost	5.26 %		2.98 %		2.68 %	3.81 %		1.48 %		1.00 %
Discount rate—interest cost	5.07 %		2.26 %		1.76 %	4.56 %		1.59 %		1.00 %
Expected rate of return on plan assets	6.75 %		6.40 %		6.15 %	5.15 %		3.61 %		4.03 %
Expected annual rate of compensation increase	3.25 %		3.25 %		3.25 %	2.68 %		2.56 %		2.43 %

	Other Postretirement Benefits				
	2023		2022		2021
Actuarial assumptions used to determine benefit obligations as of December 31					
Discount rate	5.00 %		5.32 %		2.66 %
Actuarial assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit cost for years ended December 31					
Discount rate	5.32 %		2.66 %		2.20 %

The discount rate for the Company's U.S. pension and other postretirement benefit plans reflects the current rate at which the associated liabilities could be settled at the measurement date of December 31. To determine discount rates for the Company's U.S. pension and other postretirement benefit plans, the Company uses a modeling process that involves matching the expected cash outflows of the Company's benefit plans to a yield curve constructed from a portfolio of high-quality, fixed income debt instruments. The Company uses the single weighted average yield of this hypothetical portfolio as a discount rate benchmark. The Company

utilizes a full yield curve approach in the estimation of the service and interest cost components of net periodic pension benefit (income) for the Company's significant pension plans. This approach applies the specific spot rates along the yield curve used in the determination of the pension benefit obligation to their underlying projected cash flows and provides a more precise measurement of service and interest costs by improving the correlation between projected cash flows and their corresponding spot rates. For the Company's U.S. pension plans, the single weighted average spot rates used to determine service and interest costs for 2024 are 5.06% and 4.89%, respectively. The discount rate used to determine the other postretirement benefit obligation is higher principally due to a shorter expected duration of other postretirement plan obligations as compared to pension plan obligations.

The Company plans to use an expected rate of return on U.S. plan assets of 7.00% for 2024, which represents an increase from the 6.75% assumption used for 2023. The Company's asset return assumption is based on historical plan asset returns over varying long-term periods combined with current market conditions and broad asset mix considerations with a focus on long-term trends rather than short-term market conditions. The Company reviews the expected rate of return on an annual basis and revises it as appropriate.

For non-U.S. benefit plans, actuarial assumptions reflect economic and market factors relevant to each country.

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

PENSION BENEFITS

The following amounts relate to the Company's significant pension plans with accumulated benefit obligations exceeding the fair value of plan assets:

	December 31,							
	U.S. Plans				Non-U.S. Plans			
	2023		2022		2023		2022	
Projected benefit obligation	\$ 251		\$ 255		\$ 753		\$ 682	
Accumulated benefit obligation	249		253		736		664	
Fair value of plan assets	—		—		249		230	

The accumulated benefit obligation for the Company's U.S. defined benefit pension plans was \$12.8 billion and \$13.3 billion and for the Company's non-U.S. defined benefit pension plans was \$4.7 billion and \$4.4 billion at December 31, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

The Company's asset investment strategy for its U.S. pension plans focuses on maintaining a diversified portfolio using various asset classes in order to achieve the Company's long-term investment objectives on a risk adjusted basis. The Company's long-term target allocations are as follows: 45%-65% fixed income securities and cash, 25%-40% equity securities, 5%-10% real estate investments, and 10%-20% other types of investments. Equity securities include publicly-traded stock of companies located inside the United States. Fixed income securities include corporate bonds of companies from diversified industries, mortgage-backed securities, and U.S. Treasuries. Real estate investments include direct investments in commercial properties and investments in real estate funds. Other types of investments include investments in private equity that follow several different strategies. The Company reviews its assets on a regular basis to ensure that the Company is within the targeted asset allocation ranges and, if necessary, asset balances are adjusted back within target allocations.

The Company's non-U.S. pension assets are typically managed by decentralized fiduciary committees with the Honeywell Corporate Investments group providing investment guidance. The Company's non-U.S. investment policies are different for each country as local regulations and financial and tax considerations are part of the funding and investment allocation process in each country.

In accordance with Accounting Standards Codification "Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820)", certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in the following tables are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented for the total pension benefits plan assets.

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

The fair values of both the Company's U.S. and non-U.S. pension plans assets by asset category are as follows:

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HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)

(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

[illegible]

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

The following table summarizes changes in the fair value of level 3 assets for both U.S. and non-U.S. plans:

	U.S. Plans						Non-U.S. Plans								
	Direct Private Investments		Real Estate Properties		Private Funds		Real Estate Funds		Insurance Buy-in Contracts						
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	1,336	\$	843	\$	33	\$	163	\$	691					
Actual return on plan assets															
Relating to assets still held at year-end	(66)		88		11		(33)		(477)						
Relating to assets sold during the year	98		(24)		—		1		—						
Purchases	75		148		—		—		736						
Sales and settlements	(159)		(50)		(8)		(1)		—						
Balance at December 31, 2022	1,284		1,005		36		130		950						
Actual return on plan assets															
Relating to assets still held at year-end	(34)		(115)		3		—		68						
Relating to assets sold during the year	159		—		1		(3)		—						
Purchases	131		88		39		—		587						
Sales and settlements	(247)		(1)		(5)		(111)		—						
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	1,293	\$	977	\$	74	\$	16	\$	1,605					

The Company enters into futures contracts to gain exposure to certain markets. Sufficient cash or cash equivalents are held by the Company's pension plans to cover the notional value of the futures contracts. At December 31, 2023, and 2022, the Company's U.S. plans had contracts with notional amounts of \$4,025 million and \$2,567 million, respectively. At December 31, 2023, and 2022, the Company's non-U.S. plans had contracts with notional amounts of \$124 million and \$120 million, respectively. In both the Company's U.S. and non-U.S. pension plans, the notional derivative exposure is related to outstanding equity and fixed income futures contracts.

Common stocks, preferred stocks, real estate investment trusts, and short-term investments are valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the individual securities are traded. Corporate bonds, mortgage/asset-backed securities, and government securities are valued either by using pricing models, bids provided by brokers or dealers, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics, or discounted cash flows, and as such, include adjustments for certain risks that may not be observable such as credit and liquidity risks. Certain securities are held in collective trust funds which are valued using net asset values provided by the administrators of the funds. Investments in private equity, debt, real estate and hedge funds, and direct private investments are valued at estimated fair value based on quarterly financial information received from the investment advisor and/or general partner. Investments in real estate properties are valued on a quarterly basis using the income approach. Valuation estimates are periodically supplemented by third party appraisals. The insurance buy-in contracts represent policies held by the Honeywell UK Pension Scheme, whereby the cost of providing pension benefits to plan participants is funded by the policies. The cash flows from the policies are intended to match the pension benefits. The fair value of these policies is based on an estimate of the policies' exit price.

The Company's funding policy for qualified defined benefit pension plans is to contribute amounts at least sufficient to satisfy regulatory funding standards. In 2023, 2022, and 2021, the Company was not required to make contributions to the U.S. pension plans and no contributions were made. The Company is not required to make any contributions to the Non-U.S. pension plans in 2024. In

2023, contributions of \$12 million were made to the non-U.S. pension plans to satisfy regulatory funding requirements. In 2024, the Company expects to make contributions of cash and/or marketable securities of approximately \$12 million to the non-U.S. pension plans to satisfy regulatory funding standards. Contributions for both the U.S. and non-U.S. pension plans do not reflect benefits paid directly from Company assets.

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Benefit payments, including amounts to be paid from Company assets, and reflecting expected future service, as appropriate, are expected to be paid as follows:

[illegible]

During the twelve months ended December 31, 2023, the Company repurchased \$200 million of outstanding Honeywell shares of common stock from the Honeywell U.S. Pension Plan Master Trust. The Company completed no repurchases of outstanding Honeywell shares of common stock from the Honeywell U.S. Pension Plan Master Trust during 2022.

OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

[illegible]

Benefit payments reflecting expected future service, as appropriate, are expected to be paid as follows:

[illegible]

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

NOTE 21. OTHER (INCOME) EXPENSE

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2023		2022		2021	
Interest income	\$	(321)	\$	(138)	\$	(102)
Pension ongoing income—non-service		(441)		(602)		(1,202)
Other postretirement income—non-service		(29)		(41)		(71)
Equity income of affiliated companies		(100)		(61)		(67)
Gain on sale of non-strategic businesses and assets		(5)		(22)		(102)
Foreign exchange (gain) loss		9		48		25
Expense related to UOP Matters		—		45		160
Expense (benefit) related to Russia-Ukraine conflict		(3)		45		—
Net expense related to the NARCO Buyout and HWI Sale		11		342		—
Other, net		39		18		(19)
Total Other (income) expense	\$	(840)	\$	(366)	\$	(1,378)

See Note 19 Commitments and Contingencies for more information on the UOP Matters, NARCO Buyout, and HWI Sale. See Note 4 Repositioning and Other Charges for further discussion of the expense related to the Russia-Ukraine conflict. See Note 2 Acquisitions and Divestitures for further discussion on the gain on sale of non-strategic businesses and assets.

NOTE 22. SEGMENT FINANCIAL DATA

Honeywell globally manages its business operations through four reportable business segments. Segment information is consistent with how management reviews the businesses, makes investing and resource allocation decisions, and assesses operating performance.

Honeywell's senior management evaluates segment performance based on segment profit. Each segment's profit is measured as segment income (loss) before taxes excluding general corporate unallocated expense, interest and other financial charges, stock compensation expense, pension and other postretirement income (expense), repositioning and other charges, and other items within Other (income) expense.

In October 2023, the Company announced a realignment, effective in the first quarter of 2024, of its business units comprising its Performance Materials and Technologies, and Safety and Productivity Solutions reportable business segments by forming two new reportable business segments: Industrial Automation, and Energy and Sustainability Solutions. Industrial Automation will include Sensing and Safety Technologies, Productivity Solutions and Services, and Warehouse and Workflow Solutions, which are currently included in Safety and Productivity Solutions, in addition to Process Solutions, which is currently included in Performance Materials and Technologies. Energy and Sustainability Solutions will include UOP and Advanced Materials, which are currently included in Performance Materials and Technologies. Further, as part of the realignment, the Company will rename its Aerospace and Honeywell Building Technologies reportable business segments to Aerospace Technologies and Building Automation, respectively. Following the realignment, the Company's reportable business segments will be Aerospace Technologies, Industrial Automation, Building Automation, and Energy and Sustainability Solutions. The realignment will not impact the Company's historical consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. The Company expects to report its financial performance based on this realignment effective with the first quarter of 2024.

HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

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HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

				Years Ended December 31,															
				2023				2022				2021							
Capital expenditures																			
Aerospace				\$	310			\$	246			\$	284						
Honeywell Building Technologies				79				74				62							
Performance Materials and Technologies				462				318				265							
Safety and Productivity Solutions				106				50				190							
Corporate and All Other				82				78				94							
Total capital expenditures				\$	1,039			\$	766			\$	895						

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HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS—(Continued)
(Dollars in tables in millions, except per share amounts)

NOTE 23. GEOGRAPHIC AREAS—FINANCIAL DATA

	Net Sales ¹						Long-lived Assets ²					
	Years Ended December 31,						Years Ended December 31,					
	2023		2022		2021		2023		2022		2021	
United States	\$ 20,907		\$ 21,262		\$ 20,662		\$ 4,107		\$ 3,949		\$ 3,964	
Europe	8,052		6,840		6,800		555		537		566	
Other international	7,703		7,364		6,930		998		985		1,032	
Net sales	\$ 36,662		\$ 35,466		\$ 34,392		\$ 5,660		\$ 5,471		\$ 5,562	

1	Sales between geographic areas approximate market value and are not significant. Net sales are classified according to their country of origin. Included in United States Net sales are export sales of \$4,708 million, \$4,187 million, and \$4,037 million for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively.
2	Long-lived assets consists of Property, plant and equipment—net.

NOTE 24. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

		Years Ended December 31,					
		2023		2022		2021	
Net payments for repositioning and other charges							
Severance and exit cost payments	\$	(294)		\$	(275)		\$ (382)
Environmental payments		(196)			(211)		(210)
Reimbursement receipts		140			140		140
Insurance receipts for asbestos-related liabilities		39			37		46
Insurance receivables settlements and write-offs		26			68		—
Asbestos-related liability payments		(174)			(271)		(286)
Total net payments for repositioning and other charges	\$	(459)		\$	(512)		\$ (692)
Interest paid, net of amounts capitalized	\$	649		\$	375		\$ 339
Income taxes paid, net of refunds		1,581			1,324		1,202
Non-cash investing and financing activities							
Common stock contributed to savings plans		216			196		191
Marketable securities contributed to non-U.S. pension plans		—			—		81
Impact of Quantinuum contribution ¹		—			—		460
Noncontrolling interest non-cash contribution ¹		—			—		419
Loan in exchange for prepaid assets		—			—		25
Receipt of Garrett Series B Preferred Stock ²		—			—		577

1	See Note 2 Acquisitions and Divestitures for additional information of non-cash amounts recognized related to the combination of Honeywell Quantum Solutions and Cambridge Quantum Computing to form Quantinuum, a newly formed entity, which Honeywell consolidates as the controlling majority-owner.
2	See Note 19 Commitments and Contingencies for additional information of non-cash amounts recognized related to the receipt of 834.8 million shares of Garrett Series B Preferred Stock in exchange for the full and final satisfaction of the Garrett Indemnity, Tax Matters Agreement, and pending litigation between the Company and Garrett. The non-cash amount reflects the fair value of the Garrett Series B Preferred Stock as of April 30, 2021, the date Garrett issued the Series B Preferred Stock to the Company.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the shareowners and the Board of Directors of Honeywell International Inc.

Opinions on the Financial Statements and Internal Control over Financial Reporting

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Honeywell International Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company" or "Honeywell") as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, shareowners' equity, and cash flows, for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). We also have audited the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023, based on criteria established in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

As described in Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting, management excluded from its assessment the internal control over financial reporting at Compressor Controls Corporation, which was acquired on June 30, 2023, and whose financial statements constitute less than 1% of net and total assets, revenues, and net income, respectively, of the consolidated financial statement amounts as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023. Accordingly, our audit did not include the internal control over financial reporting at Compressor Controls Corporation.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("generally accepted accounting principles"). Also, in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023, based on criteria established in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by COSO.

Basis for Opinions

The Company's management is responsible for these financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud, and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audits of the financial statements included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures to respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable

assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

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Critical Audit Matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current-period audit of the financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Revenue Recognition and Contracts with Customers – Long-Term Contracts – Refer to Note 1 and Note 3 to the financial statements

Critical Audit Matter Description

The Company has several businesses which enter into long-term contracts whereby revenue is recognized over the contract term (“over time”) as the work progresses and control of the goods and services are continuously transferred to the customer. Revenue for these contracts is recognized based on the extent of progress towards completion, generally measured by using a cost-to-cost input method.

Accounting for long-term contracts requires management’s judgment in estimating total contract costs. Contract costs, which can be incurred over several years, are largely determined based on negotiated or estimated purchase contract terms and consider factors such as historical performance trends, inflationary trends, technical and schedule risk, internal and subcontractor performance trends, business volume assumptions, asset utilization and anticipated labor agreements.

Given the significance of the judgments necessary to estimate costs associated with these long-term contracts (which varies upon the length of the contract), auditing long-term contracts requires a high degree of auditor judgment.

How the Critical Audit Matter Was Addressed in the Audit

Our audit procedures related to long-term contracts included the following, among others:

- We tested the effectiveness of internal controls over the recognition of revenue and the determination of estimated contract costs including controls over the review of management’s assumptions and key inputs used to recognize revenue and costs on long-term contracts using the cost-to-cost input method.
- We evaluated the appropriateness and consistency of management’s methods and assumptions used to recognize revenue and costs on long-term contracts using the cost-to-cost input method to recognize revenue over time.
- We tested recorded revenue using a combination of analytical procedures and detailed contract testing.
- We profiled the population of long-term contracts with longer duration and evaluated a selection of loss contracts or contracts with significant gross margin changes against historical performance to assess management’s ability to achieve estimates and to identify potential bias in the recognition of revenue over time.

/S/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Charlotte, North Carolina

February 16, 2024

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2014.

CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

Not applicable.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Honeywell management maintains disclosure controls and procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in reports filed under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the specified time periods and accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. There have been no changes that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, Honeywell's internal control over financial reporting that have occurred during the quarter ended December 31, 2023.

Our management, with the participation of our CEO and CFO, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Exchange Act) as of December 31, 2023. Based on these evaluations, our CEO and CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of December 31, 2023.

MANAGEMENT'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Honeywell management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act). Honeywell's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance to our management and Board of Directors regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements.

Management assessed the effectiveness of Honeywell's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in *Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013)*.

Based on this assessment, management determined that Honeywell maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023.

Management's assessment of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023, excluded Compressor Controls Corporation, which was acquired by the Company on June 30, 2023. The total revenues, net income, and net and total assets of Compressor Controls Corporation represents less than 1% each of the related consolidated financial statement amounts as of December 31, 2023.

The effectiveness of Honeywell's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023 has been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report which is included in the section titled Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

OTHER INFORMATION

EQUITY TRADING PLAN ELECTIONS

Certain executive officers and directors of the Company may execute purchases and sales of the Company's common stock through Rule 10b5-1 and non-Rule 10b5-1 equity trading plans.

During the three months ended December 31, 2023, none of our executive officers or directors adopted, terminated, or modified a Rule 10b5-1 equity trading plan, or adopted, terminated, or modified any "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" (as defined in Item 408(c) of Regulation S-K).

DISCLOSURE REGARDING FOREIGN JURISDICTIONS THAT PREVENT INSPECTIONS

Not applicable.

DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Information relating to the Directors of Honeywell, as well as information relating to compliance with Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, will be contained in the Proxy Statement, which will be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A not later than 120 days after December 31, 2023, and such information is incorporated herein by reference. Certain information relating to the Executive Officers of Honeywell appears in this Form 10-K under the heading titled Information about Our Executive Officers.

The members of the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors are: D. Scott Davis (Chair), Kevin Burke, Michael W. Lamach, Robin L. Washington, and Robin Watson. The Board has determined that Mr. Davis and Ms. Washington are Audit Committee financial experts as defined by applicable SEC rules and that Mr. Davis, Mr. Burke, Mr. Lamach, Ms. Washington, and Mr. Watson satisfy the financial sophistication criteria established by the Nasdaq. All members of the Audit Committee are independent as that term is defined in applicable SEC rules and Nasdaq listing standards.

Honeywell's corporate governance policies and procedures, including the Code of Business Conduct, Corporate Governance Guidelines, and Charters of the Committees of the Board of Directors are available, free of charge, on our Investor Relations website (investor.honeywell.com) under the heading Governance (see Governance Overview), or by writing to Honeywell, 855 South Mint Street, Charlotte, North Carolina 28202, c/o Vice President and Corporate Secretary. Honeywell's Code of Business Conduct applies to all Honeywell directors, officers (including the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Controller), and employees. Amendments to or waivers of the Code of Business Conduct granted to any of Honeywell's directors or executive officers will be published on our website within four business days of such amendment or waiver.

On December 8, 2023, the Board of Directors amended and restated the By-laws of the Company (as amended and restated, the "By-laws"), effective as of such date, to (i) update the procedures and information requirements for the nomination of directors and the proposal of business for consideration at meetings of shareowners, including with respect to Rule 14a-19 promulgated under the Exchange Act; (ii) provide the chair of the meeting of shareowners with the power and duty to determine whether, in certain specified circumstances, a nomination shall be disregarded or business proposal shall not be transacted; (iii) clarify that the chair of the meeting may prescribe rules and determinations as to the conduct of the shareowners' meeting; and (iv) clarify and conform various provisions of the By-laws to the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware and to other provisions of the By-laws and make certain non-substantive changes and updates.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Information relating to executive compensation, including the Management Development and Compensation Committee Report and disclosures regarding compensation committee interlocks and insider participation will be contained in the Proxy Statement, and such information is incorporated herein by reference.

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SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Information relating to security ownership of certain beneficial owners and management and related stockholder matters will be contained in the Proxy Statement, and such information is incorporated herein by reference.

EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS

As of December 31, 2023, information about our equity compensation plans was as follows:

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

Information relating to certain relationships and related transactions and director independence will be contained in the Proxy Statement, and such information is incorporated herein by reference.

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

Information relating to fees paid to and services performed by Deloitte & Touche LLP and our Audit Committee's pre-approval policies and procedures with respect to non-audit services will be contained in the Proxy Statement, and such information is incorporated herein by reference.

EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

		Page Number in Form 10-K
(a)(1.)	Consolidated Financial Statements:	
	Consolidated Statement of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021	54
	Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021	55
	Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2023, and 2022	56
	Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021	57
	Consolidated Statement of Shareowners' Equity for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021	58
	Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	59
	Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (PCAOB ID No. 34)	115

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(a)(3.)	Exhibits	
	See the Exhibit Index of this Annual Report on Form 10-K	121

FORM 10-K SUMMARY

None.

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Exhibit No.	Description
3(i)	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Honeywell International Inc., as amended April 23, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(i) to Honeywell's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2018)
3(ii)	By-laws of Honeywell International Inc., as amended December 8, 2023 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(i) to Honeywell's 8-K filed December 11, 2023)
4.1	Honeywell International Inc. is a party to several long-term debt instruments under which, in each case, the total amount of securities authorized does not exceed 10% of the total assets of Honeywell and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis. Pursuant to paragraph 4(iii)(A) of Item 601(b) of Regulation S-K, Honeywell agrees to furnish a copy of such instruments to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request.
4.2	Description of Honeywell International Inc. Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (filed herewith)
10.1*	Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Honeywell International Inc., as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Honeywell's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2003)
10.2*	Amendment to Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Honeywell International Inc., as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Honeywell's Form 8-K filed December 21, 2004)
10.3*	Amendment to Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Honeywell International Inc., as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Honeywell's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005)
10.4*	Omnibus Amendment to Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Honeywell International Inc., as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Honeywell's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2021)
10.5*	Amendment to Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Honeywell International Inc., as amended and restated (filed herewith)
10.6*	Honeywell International Inc. Incentive Compensation Plan for Executive Employees, as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Honeywell's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018)
10.7*	Amendment to Honeywell International Inc. Incentive Compensation Plan for Executive Employees, as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.69 to Honeywell's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020)
10.8*	Omnibus Amendment to Honeywell International Inc. Incentive Compensation Plan for Executive Employees, as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Honeywell's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2021)
10.9*	Honeywell Excess Benefit Plan and Honeywell Supplemental Savings Plan, as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to Honeywell's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020)
10.10*	Omnibus Amendment to Honeywell Excess Benefit Plan and Honeywell Supplemental Savings Plan, as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Honeywell's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2021)
10.11*	Honeywell International Inc. Severance Plan for Designated Officers, as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to Honeywell's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022)
10.12*	Honeywell Deferred Incentive Compensation Plan, as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to Honeywell's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020)
10.13*	Omnibus Amendment to Honeywell Deferred Incentive Compensation Plan, as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Honeywell's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2021)
10.14*	Honeywell International Inc. Supplemental Pension Plan, as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to Honeywell's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008)
10.15*	Amendment to Honeywell International Inc. Supplemental Pension Plan, as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to Honeywell's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009)
10.16*	Amendment to Honeywell International Inc. Supplemental Pension Plan, as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to Honeywell's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015)
10.17*	Honeywell International Inc. Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan for Executives in Career Band 6 and Above, as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 to Honeywell's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008)
10.18*	Amendment to Honeywell International Inc. Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan for Executives in Career Band 6 and Above, as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 to Honeywell's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009)
10.19*	Amendment to Honeywell International Inc. Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan for Executives in Career Band 6

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Exhibit No.	Description
10.22*	Amendment to Honeywell Supplemental Defined Benefit Retirement Plan, as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.13 to Honeywell's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009)
10.23*	Amendment to Honeywell Supplemental Defined Benefit Retirement Plan, as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to Honeywell's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015)
10.24*	Honeywell International Inc. Severance Plan for Corporate Staff Employees (Involuntary Termination Following a Change in Control), as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 to Honeywell's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013)
10.25*	Honeywell Supplemental Retirement Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.24 to Honeywell's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006)
10.26*	2006 Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Honeywell International Inc., as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.31 to Honeywell's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008)
10.27*	Amendment to 2006 Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Honeywell International Inc., as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.27 to Honeywell's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011)
10.28*	Amendment to 2006 Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Honeywell International Inc., as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.24 to Honeywell's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014)
10.29*	Omnibus Amendment to 2006 Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Honeywell International Inc., as amended and restated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Honeywell's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2021)
10.30*	2006 Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Honeywell International Inc.—Form of Option Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Honeywell's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2012)
10.31*	Omnibus Amendment to 2006 Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors of Honeywell International Inc. – Form of Option Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Honeywell's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2021)
10.32*	2007 Honeywell Global Employee Stock Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit A of Honeywell's Proxy Statement, dated March 12, 2007, filed pursuant to Rule 14a-6 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934)
10.33*	Omnibus Amendment to 2007 Honeywell Global Employee Stock Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Honeywell's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2021)
10.34*	2011 Stock Incentive Plan of Honeywell International Inc. and its Affiliates (incorporated by reference to Exhibit A of Honeywell's Proxy Statement, dated March 10, 2011, filed pursuant to Rule 14a-6 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934)
10.35*	Amendment to 2011 Stock Incentive Plan of Honeywell International Inc. and its Affiliates (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.36 to Honeywell's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012)
10.36*	Amendment to 2011 Stock Incentive Plan of Honeywell International Inc. and its Affiliates (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Honeywell's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2014)
10.37*	Omnibus Amendment to 2011 Stock Incentive Plan of Honeywell International Inc. and its Affiliates (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Honeywell's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2021)
10.38*	2011 Stock Incentive Plan of Honeywell International Inc. and Its Affiliates—Form of Stock Option Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Honeywell's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2014)
10.39*	Omnibus Amendment to 2011 Stock Incentive Plan of Honeywell International Inc. and its Affiliates – Form of Stock Option Award Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Honeywell's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2021)
10.40*	2011 Stock Incentive Plan of Honeywell International Inc. and Its Affiliates—Form of Stock Option Award Agreement, Form 2 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.39 to Honeywell's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014)
10.41*	Omnibus Amendment to 2011 Stock Incentive Plan of Honeywell International Inc. and its Affiliates – Form of Stock Option Award Agreement, Form 2 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Honeywell's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2021)
10.42*	2016 Stock Incentive Plan of Honeywell International Inc. and its Affiliates (incorporated by reference to Exhibit A of Honeywell's Proxy Statement, dated March 10, 2016, filed pursuant to Rule 14a-6 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934)
10.43*	Amendment to the 2016 Stock Incentive Plan of Honeywell International Inc. and its Affiliates (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Honeywell's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2020)
10.44*	Omnibus Amendment to 2016 Stock Incentive Plan of Honeywell International Inc. and its Affiliates (incorporated by

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Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this annual report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the date indicated:

Name	Name
*	*
Darius E. Adamczyk Chairman of the Board	Michael W. Lamach Director
*	*
Duncan B. Angove Director	Rose Lee Director
*	*
William S. Ayer Director	Grace D. Lieblein Director
*	*
Kevin Burke Director	Robin L. Washington Director
*	*
D. Scott Davis Director	Robin Watson Director
*	
Deborah Flint Director	
/s/ Vimal Kapur Vimal Kapur Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	
/s/ Gregory P. Lewis Gregory P. Lewis Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)	/s/ Robert D. Mailloux Robert D. Mailloux Vice President and Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)

*By: /s/ Gregory P. Lewis
Gregory P. Lewis
Attorney-in-fact

February 16, 2024

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