

뉴스로 배우는 Listening 첫걸음



Orientation

1. ▶ T, D 발음의 약화

T sound → R

You should *go to(RU)* bed early.

I have started(RIT) learning a foreign language.

That's part of (PAR-ROV) my life.

He came out of(OU-ROV) the building.

You can get an (GE-RAN) infection.

It is(I-RIS) quite interesting

D sound → R

Where do(RU) you go?

Could have(RUV)|should have(RUV)| would have(RUV)

You did a(DI-RA) good job.

He added up(DI-RUP) all the money.

2. ▶ T, D 발음의 생략

T sound 생략

Objec(t)s

Projec(t)s

The firs(t) son

The younges(t) daughter

In(t)ernational

In(t)ernet

D sound 생략

The win(d) has now stopped.

Researchers foun(d) another piece of evidence.

You are three months behin(d) in your payment

An(d) its price is going up.



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3. ▶ 자음과 모음의 linking sounds

I sell fish at a(A-RA) market.

She was not involved in(DIN) the car accident.

You can drop it off(PI-ROFF) now and pick it up(KI-RUP) tomorrow.

She works as an(SA-SAN) English teacher

She left abou<u>t an(RAN)</u> hour ago.

They want to buy a different kind of(DOF) computer.

4. ▶ 동일 자음연속 발음 생략

Le(d) to

Ha(d) to

Tende(d) to

Use(d) to

Image(s) show

Wi(th) them/ wi(th) the

She i(s) still

Woul(d) just be

Worl(d) that

5. ▶ 축약형 발음

I'II(AL)

You'll(YOUL)

He'll(HIL)

She'll(SHIL)

They'II(THEL)

They're(THERE)

We're(WERE)