



BOLDLY
GO

The background of the slide features a dark space filled with numerous bright, colorful streaks of light in shades of blue, orange, and white, radiating from the center, creating a sense of high speed and motion, reminiscent of a rocket launch or a starburst effect.

THE TEST GENERATION
Or: How to get started testing in Go

May 2, 2023
Golang Amsterdam Meetup

Agenda



- Who am I?
- Why test?
- Write your first test
- A more involved test
- Asserting
- Multiple tests
- For further reading

Who Am I?

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Independent Go Dev, “YouTuber” (I hate that moniker), Podcaster, Blogger, etc

<https://boldlygo.tech/>

<https://youtube.com/@BoldlyGo>



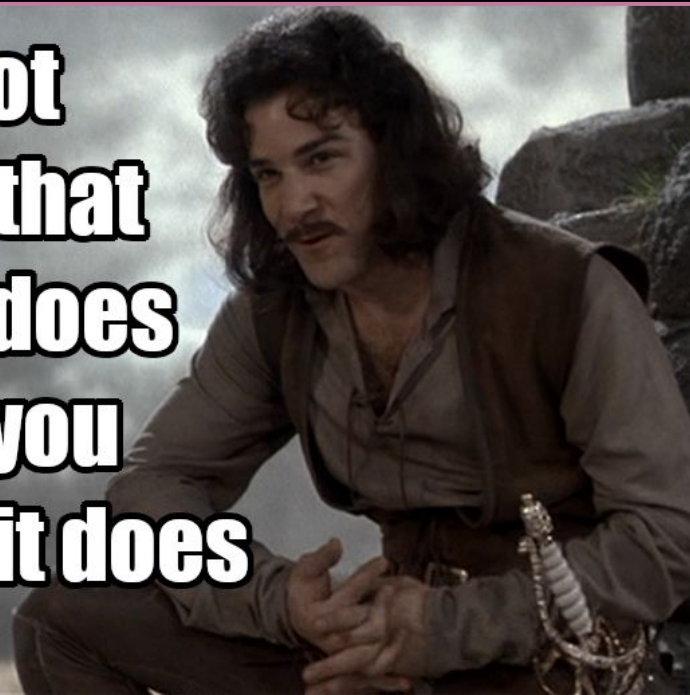
Jonathan Hall

Why Test?

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- Validate Expectations
- No Unwanted Drift
- Executable Docs
- Many more reasons

**I do not
think that
code does
what you
think it does**



Writing your first test

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main.go

```
package main

import "fmt"

func main() {
    fmt.Println("Hello, World!")
}
```

main_test.go

```
package main

func Example() {
    main()
    // Output:
    // Hello, World!
}
```

```
$ go test -v
=== RUN    Example
--- PASS: Example (0.00s)
PASS
ok      foo      0.001s
```

Writing your first test

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main_test.go

14 package main

func Example() {

main()

// Output:

// Hello, World!

23 }

Test in same package as code to test

Test function

Run function under test

Expected output

14

23

25

Writing your first test

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main.go

```
14 package main

import "fmt"

23 func main() {
    fmt.Println("Hello, World!")
}

25
```

What does this code do?

- What are the inputs?
 - Func params
 - Global state
- What are the outputs?
 - Return values
 - Global state/side effects

Writing your first test

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main.go

14 package main

import "fmt"

23 func main() {

fmt.Println("Hello, World!")

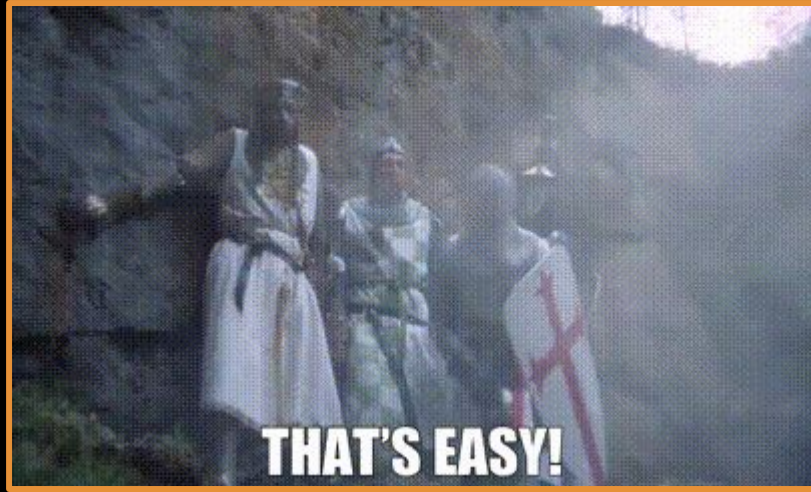
}

Func params? None.

Global state dependency? No. (Mostly)

Return values? No.

Global state modified? Yes!



Most functions aren't so trivial

Therefore, most tests aren't so trivial

A more involved example

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fib.go

```
package fib

func fib(i int) int {
    if i <= 2 {
        return 1
    }
    return fib(i-1) + fib(i-2)
}
```

What does this code do?

- What are the inputs?
 - Func params
 - Global state
- What are the outputs?
 - Return values
 - Global state/side effects

A more involved example

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fib.go

```
package fib

func fib(i int) int {
    if i <= 2 {
        return 1
    }
    return fib(i-1) + fib(i-2)
}
```

Func params? Yes!

Global state dependency? No.

Return values? Yes!

Global state modified? No.

A more involved example

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fib_test.go

14 `package fib`

`import "testing"`

23 `func Test_fib(t *testing.T) {`

`t.Parallel()`

`want := 1`

`got := fib(1)`

`if want != got {`

`t.Errorf("Unexpected: %v", got)`

`}`

25 `}`

Test in same package as code to test

Import testing package

Allow running tests in parallel

Run function under test

Validate result

```
$ go test -v
=== RUN   Test_fib
=== PAUSE Test_fib
=== CONT  Test_fib
--- PASS: Test_fib (0.00s)
PASS
ok      foo      0.001s
```



Don't Assert

Don't Assert

“Avoid the use of 'assert' libraries to help your tests.”

- [Go Wiki](#)

“... our experience has been that programmers use them as a crutch to avoid thinking about proper error handling and reporting.”

- [Go FAQ](#)

If you must...

PARODY ALERT

The only Go
assertion library
you'll ever need



**NOW
with
MORE!**

`assert(မှန်ကန်မှုရှိသည်ကို မှန်ကန်စေရန်)`

gitlab.com/flimzy/assert

Don't Assert

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fib_test.go

```
14 package fib

import "testing"

23 func Test_fib(t *testing.T) {
    t.Parallel()
    want := 1
    got := fib(1)
    if want != got {
        t.Errorf("Unexpected: %v", got)
    }
25 }
```

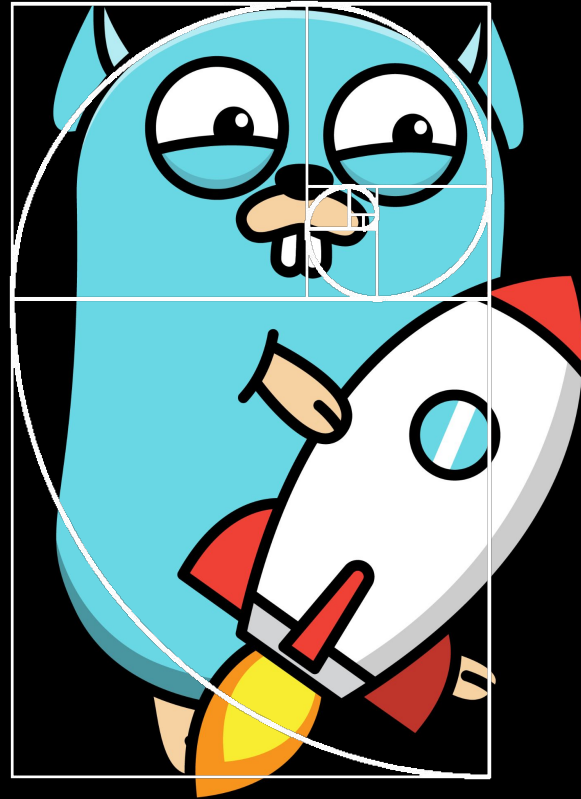
Standard conditional checking

Report failure with `t.Error`, `t.Errorf`,
`t.Fail`, etc.

Multiple Tests

Three approaches:

- Top-level func per check
- Many checks per func
- Sub-tests
 - Table-driven tests



Multiple Checks Per Func

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fib_test.go

```
func Test_fib(t *testing.T) {  
    t.Parallel()  
    want := 1  
    if got := fib(1); want != got {  
        t.Errorf("Unexpected: %v", got)  
    }  
    want = 1  
    if got := fib(2); want != got {  
        t.Errorf("Unexpected: %v", got)  
    }  
    want = 2  
    if got := fib(3); want != got {  
        t.Errorf("Unexpected: %v", got)  
    }  
}
```

Multiple checks in same func



```
$ go test -v  
=== RUN    Test_fib  
=== PAUSE Test_fib  
=== CONT   Test_fib  
--- PASS: Test_fib (0.00s)  
PASS  
ok        foo        0.001s
```

Multiple Checks Per Func

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fib_test.go

```
$ go test -v
=== RUN    Test_fib
=== PAUSE  Test_fib
=== CONT   Test_fib
    main_test.go:23: Unexpected: 3
--- FAIL: Test_fib (0.00s)
FAIL
exit status 1
FAIL    foo    0.001s
```

- Hard to write & modify
- Hard to read
- No parallel execution
- Very difficult to debug

```
if got := fib(2); want != got {
    t.Errorf("Unexpected: %v", got)
}
want = 2
if got := fib(3); want != got {
    t.Errorf("Unexpected: %v", got)
}
```

Sub-Tests

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fib_test.go

```
func Test_fib(t *testing.T) {  
    t.Parallel()  
    t.Run("1", func(t *testing.T) {  
        t.Parallel()  
        want := 1  
        if got := fib(1); want != got {  
            t.Errorf("Unexpected: %v", got)  
        }  
    })  
    t.Run("2", func(t *testing.T) {  
        t.Parallel()  
        want := 1  
        if got := fib(2); want != got {  
            t.Errorf("Unexpected: %v", got)  
        }  
    })  
}
```

Sub test per check

```
$ go test -v  
=== RUN   Test_fib  
=== PAUSE Test_fib  
=== CONT  Test_fib  
=== RUN   Test_fib/1  
=== PAUSE Test_fib/1  
=== RUN   Test_fib/2  
=== PAUSE Test_fib/2  
=== RUN   Test_fib/3  
=== PAUSE Test_fib/3  
=== CONT  Test_fib/1  
=== CONT  Test_fib/2  
=== CONT  Test_fib/3  
--- PASS: Test_fib (0.00s)  
    --- PASS: Test_fib/1 (0.00s)  
    --- PASS: Test_fib/2 (0.00s)  
    --- PASS: Test_fib/3 (0.00s)  
PASS  
ok      foo      0.001s
```

Sub-Tests

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fib_test.go

```
$ go test -v
=== RUN   Test_fib
=== PAUSE Test_fib
=== CONT  Test_fib
=== RUN   Test_fib/1
=== PAUSE Test_fib/1
=== RUN   Test_fib/2
=== PAUSE Test_fib/2
=== RUN   Test_fib/3
=== PAUSE Test_fib/3
=== CONT  Test_fib/1
=== CONT  Test_fib/3
    main_test.go:27: Unexpected: 2
=== CONT  Test_fib/2
--- FAIL: Test_fib (0.00s)
    --- PASS: Test_fib/1 (0.00s)
    --- FAIL: Test_fib/3 (0.00s)
    --- PASS: Test_fib/2 (0.00s)
FAIL
exit status 1
```

- More verbose/more typing
- Easy to modify/add new cases
- Easier to read
- Parallel execution
- Easier to debug

Table-Driven Tests

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fib_test.go

```
func Test_fib(t *testing.T) {  
    /* snip */  
    for _, tt := range tests {  
        name := strconv.Itoa(tt.input)  
        t.Run(name, func(t *testing.T) {  
            t.Parallel()  
            got := fib(tt.input)  
            if got != tt.want {  
                t.Errorf("Unexpected: %v", got)  
            }  
        })  
    }  
}
```

A single function that executes multiple test cases from the slice `tests`.

Table-Driven Tests

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fib_test.go

```
func Test_fib(t *testing.T) {
    t.Parallel()

    tests := []struct {
        input int
        want  int
    }{
        {input: 1, want: 1},
        {input: 2, want: 1},
        {input: 3, want: 2},
        /* And many more ... */
    }

    for _, tt := range tests {
```

Tests slice can contain an arbitrary number of test cases.

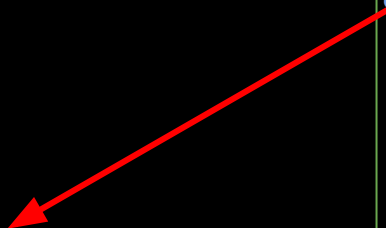
```
$ go test -v
=== RUN    Test_fib
=== PAUSE  Test_fib
=== CONT   Test_fib
=== RUN    Test_fib/1
=== PAUSE  Test_fib/1
=== RUN    Test_fib/2
=== PAUSE  Test_fib/2
=== RUN    Test_fib/3
=== PAUSE  Test_fib/3
=== CONT   Test_fib/1
=== CONT   Test_fib/3
=== CONT   Test_fib/2
--- PASS: Test_fib (0.00s)
    --- PASS: Test_fib/1 (0.00s)
    --- PASS: Test_fib/3 (0.00s)
    --- PASS: Test_fib/2 (0.00s)
```

Table-Driven Tests

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fib_test.go

```
$ go test -v
=== RUN   Test_fib
=== PAUSE Test_fib
=== CONT  Test_fib
=== RUN   Test_fib/1
=== PAUSE Test_fib/1
=== RUN   Test_fib/2
=== PAUSE Test_fib/2
=== RUN   Test_fib/3
=== PAUSE Test_fib/3
=== CONT  Test_fib/1
=== CONT  Test_fib/3
    main_test.go:25: Unexpected: 2
=== CONT  Test_fib/2
--- FAIL: Test_fib (0.00s)
    --- PASS: Test_fib/1 (0.00s)
    --- FAIL: Test_fib/3 (0.00s)
    --- PASS: Test_fib/2 (0.00s)
FAIL
exit status 1
```



- Less typing than alternatives
- Easy to modify/add new cases
- Easy to read
- Parallel execution
- Easy to debug

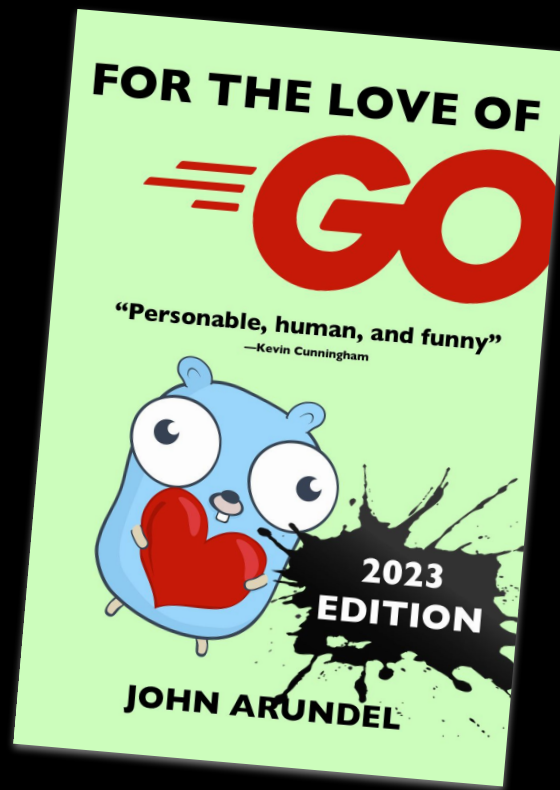
For Further Reading

For the Love of Go by John Arundel

[\(Read/Watch my review\)](#)

My upcoming course on testing in Go

<https://boldlygo.tech/courses/>



Thank You

Code Long and
Prosper!



Questions?

BOLDLY
=**GO**

<https://youtube.com/@BoldlyGo>

<https://boldlygo.tech/daily>

<https://cupogo.dev/>

