

## Modelos de Regresión

```
[2] import csv
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn import linear_model
from sklearn.model_selection import KFold
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, mean_absolute_error, r2_score
from sklearn.feature_selection import SelectKBest, r_regression
from sklearn.feature_selection import SequentialFeatureSelector, RFE

from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsRegressor
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
from sklearn.neural_network import MLPRegressor
from sklearn.svm import SVR
```

```
[3] # Archivo CSV
csv_file = 'parkinsons_updrs.data'
```

```
[4] # Columnas a excluir
exclude_columns = ['subject#']
exclude_independent = ['subject#', 'total_UPDRS', 'Jitter(%)', 'Jitter:DDP', 'Shimmer:APQ5', 'HNR']

# Leer el archivo CSV y preparar los datos
with open(csv_file, mode='r') as file:
    csv_reader = csv.DictReader(file)

    columns = [column for column in csv_reader.fieldnames if column not in exclude_columns]
    independent = [column for column in csv_reader.fieldnames if column not in exclude_independent]
    dependent = 'total_UPDRS'

    data = {column: [] for column in independent}
    total_UPDRS = []

    for row in csv_reader:
        for column in independent:
            if row[column]:
                data[column].append(float(row[column]))
            else:
                data[column].append(None)

        if row[dependent]:
            total_UPDRS.append(float(row[dependent]))
        else:
            total_UPDRS.append(None)

    X = np.array([data[column] for column in independent]).T
    y = np.array(total_UPDRS)
```

```
[17] def filter_method(X, y, feature_names, k=5):
    fselection = SelectKBest(r_regression, k=k)
    fselection.fit(X, y)
    selected_features = fselection.get_support()
    selected_feature_names = np.array(independent)[fselection.get_support()]
    return selected_features, selected_feature_names
```

```
[6] def wrapper_method(X, y, model, feature_names, n_features_to_select='auto', direction='forward'):
    sfs = SequentialFeatureSelector(model, n_features_to_select=n_features_to_select, direction=direction, cv=5)
    sfs.fit(X, y)
    selected_features = sfs.get_support()
    selected_feature_names = np.array(independent)[sfs.get_support()]
    return selected_features, selected_feature_names
```

```
[7] def recursive_method(X, y, model, feature_names, n_features_to_select=5):
    rfe = RFE(model, n_features_to_select=n_features_to_select)
    rfe.fit(X, y)
    selected_features = rfe.get_support()
    selected_feature_names = np.array(independent)[rfe.support_]
    return selected_features, selected_feature_names
```

```
[8] # Función para evaluar el rendimiento del modelo usando validación cruzada
def evaluate_model(X, y, selected_features, model):
    X_selected = X[:, selected_features]
    kf = KFold(n_splits=5, shuffle=True)

    mse_cv = []
    mae_cv = []
    r2_cv = []

    for train_index, test_index in kf.split(X_selected):
        X_train, X_test = X_selected[train_index], X_selected[test_index]
        y_train, y_test = y[train_index], y[test_index]

        model.fit(X_train, y_train)
        y_pred = model.predict(X_test)

        mse_cv.append(mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred))
        mae_cv.append(mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred))
        r2_cv.append(r2_score(y_test, y_pred))

    return np.mean(mse_cv), np.mean(mae_cv), np.mean(r2_cv)
```

```
[9] def evaluate_with_optimal_features(X, y, selected_features, model):
    X_selected = X[:, selected_features]
    model.fit(X_selected, y)
    y_pred = model.predict(X_selected)

    mse = mean_squared_error(y, y_pred)
    mae = mean_absolute_error(y, y_pred)
    r2 = r2_score(y, y_pred)

    return mse, mae, r2
```

```
print("\nModelo Regresión Lineal")
model = linear_model.LinearRegression()

# Método Filter
print("\nMétodo Filter")
selected_features_filter, selected_feature_names_filter = filter_method(X, y, feature_names=dependent, k=5)
print("Predictores óptimos (Filter):", selected_feature_names_filter)
# Primera evaluación
mse_filter, mae_filter, r2_filter = evaluate_model(X, y, selected_features_filter, model)
print(f"Filter Method - MSE: {mse_filter}, MAE: {mae_filter}, R^2: {r2_filter}")
# Segunda evaluación usando las características óptimas seleccionadas
mse_filter_opt, mae_filter_opt, r2_filter_opt = evaluate_with_optimal_features(X, y, selected_features_filter, model)
print(f"OptimalFeatures MSE: {mse_filter_opt}, MAE: {mae_filter_opt}, R^2: {r2_filter_opt}")

# Método Wrapper
print("\nMétodo Wrapper")
selected_features_wrapper, selected_feature_names_wrapper = wrapper_method(X, y, model, feature_names=dependent, n_features_to_select=5)
print("Predictores óptimos (Wrapper):", selected_feature_names_wrapper)
# Primera evaluación
mse_wrapper, mae_wrapper, r2_wrapper = evaluate_model(X, y, selected_features_wrapper, model)
print(f"Wrapper Method - MSE: {mse_wrapper}, MAE: {mae_wrapper}, R^2: {r2_wrapper}")
# Segunda evaluación usando las características óptimas seleccionadas
mse_wrapper_opt, mae_wrapper_opt, r2_wrapper_opt = evaluate_with_optimal_features(X, y, selected_features_wrapper, model)
print(f"Optimal Features MSE: {mse_wrapper_opt}, MAE: {mae_wrapper_opt}, R^2: {r2_wrapper_opt}")

# Método Recursivo
print("\nMétodo Recursivo")
selected_features_recursive, selected_feature_names_recursive = recursive_method(X, y, model, feature_names=dependent, n_features_to_select=5)
print("Predictores óptimos (Recursivo):", selected_feature_names_recursive)
# Primera evaluación
mse_recursive, mae_recursive, r2_recursive = evaluate_model(X, y, selected_features_recursive, model)
print(f"Recursive Method - MSE: {mse_recursive}, MAE: {mae_recursive}, R^2: {r2_recursive}")
# Segunda evaluación usando las características óptimas seleccionadas
mse_recursive_opt, mae_recursive_opt, r2_recursive_opt = evaluate_with_optimal_features(X, y, selected_features_recursive, model)
print(f"Optimal Features - MSE: {mse_recursive_opt}, MAE: {mae_recursive_opt}, R^2: {r2_recursive_opt}")
```



Modelo Regresión Lineal

Método Filter

Predictores óptimos (Filter): ['age' 'motor\_UPDRS' 'Shimmer:APQ11' 'RPDE' 'PPE']  
 Filter Method - MSE: 11.203078880535486, MAE: 2.450747170700032, R^2: 0.9019909862716391  
 OptimalFeatures MSE: 11.184730607028982, MAE: 2.448218768411101, R^2: 0.9022967729109506

Método Wrapper

Predictores óptimos (Wrapper): ['sex' 'test\_time' 'motor\_UPDRS' 'Jitter:RAP' 'Shimmer:DDA']  
 Wrapper Method - MSE: 11.256079556683371, MAE: 2.436047583103329, R^2: 0.9015480041789216  
 Optimal Features MSE: 11.234534606172055, MAE: 2.4331868990162913, R^2: 0.9018617144719784

Método Recursivo

Predictores óptimos (Recursivo): ['Jitter(Abs)' 'Jitter:RAP' 'Jitter:PPQ5' 'Shimmer:APQ3' 'Shimmer:DDA']  
 Recursive Method - MSE: 113.8736472968245, MAE: 8.643033954527201, R^2: 0.005023989680104046  
 Optimal Features - MSE: 113.69703636743088, MAE: 8.63390328026619, R^2: 0.006809573350126774

```

print("\nModelo DecisionTree")
model = DecisionTreeRegressor()

# Método Filter
print("\nMetodo Filter")
selected_features_filter, selected_feature_names_filter = filter_method(X, y, feature_names=dependent, k=5)
print("Predictores óptimos (Filter):", selected_feature_names_filter)
# Primera evaluación
mse_filter, mae_filter, r2_filter = evaluate_model(X, y, selected_features_filter, model)
print(f"Filter Method - MSE: {mse_filter}, MAE: {mae_filter}, R^2: {r2_filter}")
# Segunda evaluación usando las características óptimas seleccionadas
mse_filter_opt, mae_filter_opt, r2_filter_opt = evaluate_with_optimal_features(X, y, selected_features_filter, model)
print(f"OptimalFeatures MSE: {mse_filter_opt}, MAE: {mae_filter_opt}, R^2: {r2_filter_opt}")

# Método Wrapper
print("\nMetodo Wrapper")
selected_features_wrapper, selected_feature_names_wrapper = wrapper_method(X, y, model, feature_names=dependent, n_features_to_select=5)
print("Predictores óptimos (Wrapper):", selected_feature_names_wrapper)
# Primera evaluación
mse_wrapper, mae_wrapper, r2_wrapper = evaluate_model(X, y, selected_features_wrapper, model)
print(f"Wrapper Method - MSE: {mse_wrapper}, MAE: {mae_wrapper}, R^2: {r2_wrapper}")
# Segunda evaluación usando las características óptimas seleccionadas
mse_wrapper_opt, mae_wrapper_opt, r2_wrapper_opt = evaluate_with_optimal_features(X, y, selected_features_wrapper, model)
print(f"Optimal Features MSE: {mse_wrapper_opt}, MAE: {mae_wrapper_opt}, R^2: {r2_wrapper_opt}")

# Método Recursivo
print("\nMetodo Recursivo")
selected_features_recursive, selected_feature_names_recursive = recursive_method(X, y, model, feature_names=dependent, n_features_to_select=5)
print("Predictores óptimos (Recursivo):", selected_feature_names_recursive)
# Primera evaluación
mse_recursive, mae_recursive, r2_recursive = evaluate_model(X, y, selected_features_recursive, model)
print(f"Recursive Method - MSE: {mse_recursive}, MAE: {mae_recursive}, R^2: {r2_recursive}")
# Segunda evaluación usando las características óptimas seleccionadas
mse_recursive_opt, mae_recursive_opt, r2_recursive_opt = evaluate_with_optimal_features(X, y, selected_features_recursive, model)
print(f"Optimal Features - MSE: {mse_recursive_opt}, MAE: {mae_recursive_opt}, R^2: {r2_recursive_opt}")

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Modelo DecisionTree

Metodo Filter
Predictores óptimos (Filter): ['age' 'motor_UPDRS' 'Shimmer:APQ11' 'RPDE' 'PPE']
Filter Method - MSE: 1.1288488519829787, MAE: 0.35511302127659583, R^2: 0.9901153673338328
OptimalFeatures MSE: 2.3441589248252635e-30, MAE: 4.456765925576118e-16, R^2: 1.0

Metodo Wrapper
Predictores óptimos (Wrapper): ['sex' 'test_time' 'motor_UPDRS' 'Jitter:PPQ5' 'Shimmer']
Wrapper Method - MSE: 2.076702392771064, MAE: 0.3123425101489363, R^2: 0.9818483809640629
Optimal Features MSE: 2.7656456280573923e-30, MAE: 5.14160817940447e-16, R^2: 1.0

Metodo Recursivo
Predictores óptimos (Recursivo): ['age' 'sex' 'test_time' 'motor_UPDRS' 'DFA']
Recursive Method - MSE: 0.1498962853940426, MAE: 0.041751540425532044, R^2: 0.998690459275543
Optimal Features - MSE: 3.358466206193693e-30, MAE: 6.391861035731285e-16, R^2: 1.0

```

```

[13] print("\nModelo RandomForest")
model = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=100)

# Método Filter
print("\nMetodo Filter")
selected_features_filter, selected_feature_names_filter = filter_method(X, y, feature_names=dependent, k=5)
print("Predictores óptimos (Filter):", selected_feature_names_filter)
# Primera evaluación
mse_filter, mae_filter, r2_filter = evaluate_model(X, y, selected_features_filter, model)
print(f"Filter Method - MSE: {mse_filter}, MAE: {mae_filter}, R^2: {r2_filter}")
# Segunda evaluación usando las características óptimas seleccionadas
mse_filter_opt, mae_filter_opt, r2_filter_opt = evaluate_with_optimal_features(X, y, selected_features_filter, model)
print(f"OptimalFeatures MSE: {mse_filter_opt}, MAE: {mae_filter_opt}, R^2: {r2_filter_opt}")

# Método Wrapper
print("\nMetodo Wrapper")
selected_features_wrapper, selected_feature_names_wrapper = wrapper_method(X, y, model, feature_names=dependent, n_features_to_select=5)
print("Predictores óptimos (Wrapper):", selected_feature_names_wrapper)
# Primera evaluación
mse_wrapper, mae_wrapper, r2_wrapper = evaluate_model(X, y, selected_features_wrapper, model)
print(f"Wrapper Method - MSE: {mse_wrapper}, MAE: {mae_wrapper}, R^2: {r2_wrapper}")
# Segunda evaluación usando las características óptimas seleccionadas
mse_wrapper_opt, mae_wrapper_opt, r2_wrapper_opt = evaluate_with_optimal_features(X, y, selected_features_wrapper, model)
print(f"Optimal Features MSE: {mse_wrapper_opt}, MAE: {mae_wrapper_opt}, R^2: {r2_wrapper_opt}")

# Método Recursivo
print("\nMetodo Recursivo")
selected_features_recursive, selected_feature_names_recursive = recursive_method(X, y, model, feature_names=dependent, n_features_to_select=5)
print("Predictores óptimos (Recursivo):", selected_feature_names_recursive)
# Primera evaluación
mse_recursive, mae_recursive, r2_recursive = evaluate_model(X, y, selected_features_recursive, model)
print(f"Recursive Method - MSE: {mse_recursive}, MAE: {mae_recursive}, R^2: {r2_recursive}")
# Segunda evaluación usando las características óptimas seleccionadas
mse_recursive_opt, mae_recursive_opt, r2_recursive_opt = evaluate_with_optimal_features(X, y, selected_features_recursive, model)
print(f"Optimal Features - MSE: {mse_recursive_opt}, MAE: {mae_recursive_opt}, R^2: {r2_recursive_opt}")

```



## Modelo RandomForest

## Metodo Filter

Predictores óptimos (Filter): ['age' 'motor\_UPDRS' 'Shimmer:APQ11' 'RPDE' 'PPE']  
 Filter Method - MSE: 0.6837927679891348, MAE: 0.450980964425532, R^2: 0.9940189035296536  
 Optimal Features MSE: 0.07672788389307474, MAE: 0.139107479659575, R^2: 0.9993297503420103

## Metodo Wrapper

Predictores óptimos (Wrapper): ['motor\_UPDRS' 'Jitter(Abs)' 'Jitter:PPQ5' 'RPDE' 'DFA']  
 Wrapper Method - MSE: 3.759719358458436, MAE: 1.232757962042553, R^2: 0.9670870819155404  
 Optimal Features MSE: 0.48379026732291197, MAE: 0.43083481072340435, R^2: 0.9957738928175868

## Metodo Recursivo

Predictores óptimos (Recursivo): ['age' 'sex' 'test\_time' 'motor\_UPDRS' 'DFA']  
 Recursive Method - MSE: 0.04868141092181374, MAE: 0.0827340350638309, R^2: 0.9995752638230542  
 Optimal Features - MSE: 0.0047230285202215375, MAE: 0.02021453106383698, R^2: 0.9999587424012011

```
[16] print("\nModelo Support Vector Machines")
      model = SVR(kernel='rbf')

      # Método Filter
      print("\nMetodo Filter")
      selected_features_filter, selected_feature_names_filter = filter_method(X, y, feature_names=independent, k=5)
      print("Predictores óptimos (Filter):", selected_feature_names_filter)
      # Primera evaluación
      mse_filter, mae_filter, r2_filter = evaluate_model(X, y, selected_features_filter, model)
      print(f"Filter Method - MSE: {mse_filter}, MAE: {mae_filter}, R^2: {r2_filter}")
      # Segunda evaluación usando las características óptimas seleccionadas
      mse_filter_opt, mae_filter_opt, r2_filter_opt = evaluate_with_optimal_features(X, y, selected_features_filter, model)
      print(f"Optimal Features MSE: {mse_filter_opt}, MAE: {mae_filter_opt}, R^2: {r2_filter_opt}")

      # Método Wrapper
      print("\nMetodo Wrapper")
      selected_features_wrapper, selected_feature_names_wrapper = wrapper_method(X, y, model, feature_names=independent, n_features_to_select=5)
      print("Predictores óptimos (Wrapper):", selected_feature_names_wrapper)
      # Primera evaluación
      mse_wrapper, mae_wrapper, r2_wrapper = evaluate_model(X, y, selected_features_wrapper, model)
      print(f"Wrapper Method - MSE: {mse_wrapper}, MAE: {mae_wrapper}, R^2: {r2_wrapper}")
      # Segunda evaluación usando las características óptimas seleccionadas
      mse_wrapper_opt, mae_wrapper_opt, r2_wrapper_opt = evaluate_with_optimal_features(X, y, selected_features_wrapper, model)
      print(f"Optimal Features MSE: {mse_wrapper_opt}, MAE: {mae_wrapper_opt}, R^2: {r2_wrapper_opt}")
```



## Modelo Support Vector Machines

## Metodo Filter

Predictores óptimos (Filter): ['age' 'motor\_UPDRS' 'Shimmer:APQ11' 'RPDE' 'PPE']  
 Filter Method - MSE: 12.095384230076184, MAE: 2.4768780492410285, R^2: 0.8940408597520804  
 Optimal Features MSE: 12.068029169584687, MAE: 2.472023613334542, R^2: 0.8945807962748593

## Metodo Wrapper

Predictores óptimos (Wrapper): ['sex' 'motor\_UPDRS' 'RPDE' 'DFA' 'PPE']  
 Wrapper Method - MSE: 11.221245214310715, MAE: 2.3698793498035, R^2: 0.9020594606139847  
 Optimal Features MSE: 11.089456849694683, MAE: 2.351285224844805, R^2: 0.9031290284095864



```
print("\nModelo NeuralNetwork Regressor")
model = MLPRegressor(hidden_layer_sizes=(1000,), max_iter=10000)

# Método Filter
print("\nMetodo Filter")
selected_features_filter, selected_feature_names_filter = filter_method(X, y, feature_names=independent, k=5)
print("Predictores óptimos (Filter):", selected_feature_names_filter)
# Primera evaluación
mse_filter, mae_filter, r2_filter = evaluate_model(X, y, selected_features_filter, model)
print(f"Filter Method - MSE: {mse_filter}, MAE: {mae_filter}, R^2: {r2_filter}")
# Segunda evaluación usando las características óptimas seleccionadas
mse_filter_opt, mae_filter_opt, r2_filter_opt = evaluate_with_optimal_features(X, y, selected_features_filter, model)
print(f"Optimal Features MSE: {mse_filter_opt}, MAE: {mae_filter_opt}, R^2: {r2_filter_opt}")

# Método Wrapper
print("\nMetodo Wrapper")
selected_features_wrapper, selected_feature_names_wrapper = wrapper_method(X, y, model, feature_names=independent, n_features_to_select=5)
print("Predictores óptimos (Wrapper):", selected_feature_names_wrapper)
# Primera evaluación
mse_wrapper, mae_wrapper, r2_wrapper = evaluate_model(X, y, selected_features_wrapper, model)
print(f"Wrapper Method - MSE: {mse_wrapper}, MAE: {mae_wrapper}, R^2: {r2_wrapper}")
# Segunda evaluación usando las características óptimas seleccionadas
mse_wrapper_opt, mae_wrapper_opt, r2_wrapper_opt = evaluate_with_optimal_features(X, y, selected_features_wrapper, model)
print(f"Optimal Features MSE: {mse_wrapper_opt}, MAE: {mae_wrapper_opt}, R^2: {r2_wrapper_opt}")

# Método Recursivo
print("\nMetodo Recursivo")
selected_features_recursive, selected_feature_names_recursive = recursive_method(X, y, model, feature_names=independent, n_features_to_select=5)
print("Predictores óptimos (Recursivo):", selected_feature_names_recursive)
# Primera evaluación
mse_recursive, mae_recursive, r2_recursive = evaluate_model(X, y, selected_features_recursive, model)
print(f"Recursive Method - MSE: {mse_recursive}, MAE: {mae_recursive}, R^2: {r2_recursive}")
# Segunda evaluación usando las características óptimas seleccionadas
mse_recursive_opt, mae_recursive_opt, r2_recursive_opt = evaluate_with_optimal_features(X, y, selected_features_recursive, model)
print(f"Optimal Features - MSE: {mse_recursive_opt}, MAE: {mae_recursive_opt}, R^2: {r2_recursive_opt}")
```

Modelo NeuralNetwork Regressor

Metodo Filter

Predictores óptimos (Filter): ['age' 'motor\_UPDRS' 'Shimmer:APQ11' 'RPDE' 'PPE']

Filter Method - MSE: 11.513498629847252, MAE: 2.485760263472933, R<sup>2</sup>: 0.8993740500559412

OptimalFeatures MSE: 10.775593719326158, MAE: 2.4392900012722083, R<sup>2</sup>: 0.9058707520843617

**1. Consideras que el modelo de regresión lineal es adecuado para los datos. ¿Por qué?**

El mejor R<sup>2</sup> obtenido con regresión lineal fue el de Filter, con 0.9022, ya ajustando el modelo con las optimal features. Este en mi opinión es un resultado aceptable, sin embargo con un valor de 11.18 para el MMSE, y 2.45 de MAE, está lejos de ser el mejor modelo para los datos.

**2. ¿Qué método de selección de características consideras que funciona bien con los datos? ¿Por qué?**

El método de RandomForest (Recursivo) dio uno de los mejores resultados con un MSE de 0.004 y un MAE de 0.02.

Sin embargo el método de DecisionTree (Recursivo) fue el que ha dado los mejores resultados con valores de MSE y MAE elevados a la -30 y -16 respectivamente, dando por mucho el mejor margen de error, y r cuadrada.

**3. Del proceso de selección de características, ¿puedes identificar algunas que sean sobresalientes? ¿Qué información relevantes observas de dichas características?**

De las características seleccionadas, age, sex y test\_time fueron las que más se repitieron, con Shimmer:APQ11, motor\_UPDRS y PPE repitiéndose menos pero de igual manera aparecieron en varios modelos. Lo cual me hace pensar que son las más importantes en ese orden.

**4. ¿Los modelos de regresión no lineal funcionaron mejor que el lineal? ¿Por qué?**

En este caso nuestro conjunto de datos probablemente tiene relaciones entre varias variables, por lo que un modelo lineal no es lo suficientemente preciso.

**5. ¿Se puede concluir algo interesante sobre los resultados de modelar estos datos con regresión?**

Todo apunta a que la regresión lineal no es un buen candidato para realizar el análisis de nuestros datos. Las redes neuronales, siendo el último modelo que probé, requieren de un tiempo de procesamiento exagerado y al menos con parametros de hidden\_layer\_sizes=(1000) y max\_iter=10000 no ofrece una buena predicción a comparación de modelos como random forest y decision tree.

