Supplementary Mathematica file.

September 2017

CONTENTS:

Part 0: "Housekeeping", definitions of functions, matrices and replacement rules that will be used throughout the file.

Part 1: Probabilities of identity by descent (related to Appendix B).

We compare the formulas calculated by hand to the ones obtained numerically for special structures, to check that the formulas are correct (they are).

Part 2: Expected Frequencies Functions (related to Appendix A and formulas in the main text)

- Computation of E[X] for each life-cycle, written as factor * (R B C),
- Signs of the B term, and of the competition terms,
- Effects of m on E[X] for each life-cycle,
- Qualitative effects of m for Moran DB.

Part 3: Expected Frequencies Functions, generic method (i.e. not restricted to the type of subdivided population that we consider in the main text) -> related to the Supplementary Figures

- We simplify the formulas obtained by hand by replacing the dispersal (d) and interaction (e) graphs by their formulas in subdivided populations.
- We compare the formulas calculated by hand to the ones obtained numerically for special structures, to check that the formulas are correct (they are).
 - We export the formulas to R for further use.

Please note:

- In this file, the mutation bias is sometimes denoted by p (as in Tarnita and Taylor 2014 and Debarre 2017), instead of v as in the manuscript.

The letter v was chosen in the manuscript because p was sometimes mistaken by others as average frequency of altruists in the population (\overline{X} in the manuscript)... But this file was written before the change, and it is too complicated to change every instance of "p".

- In this file, the number of demes is denoted by d instead of N_D in the article.
- Make sure to change `pathtosave` with the path to the folder containing the codes.

Before doing anything, clean the memory

In[221]:= Clear [Evaluate [Context[] <> "*"]]

Set path to folder where outputs should be saved (otherwise it is the default Mathematica one)

In[222]:= pathtosave = "~/Documents/Work/Projects/2016_SocEvolSubdivPop/Programs/";

0) Generalities - Initializations

Some functions

Function to turn P (expected state of pairs of sites) into Q (probabilities of identity by descent)

```
In[223]:= PtoQ[P_] := \frac{P-p^2}{p(1-p)} // FullSimplify;
       Delta function
```

In[224]:= **Delta**[x_] := If[x == 0, 1, 0]

Define graphs for numerical evaluation

Dispersal and Interaction Graphs

Island model, dispersal graph, generic

N = 12, 4 demes of 3 individuals

```
In[225]:= G12generic =
```

```
din
               din
                     dout
                            dout
                                   dout
                                         dout
                                                dout
                                                       dout
                                                              dout
                                                                     dout
                                                                            dout
dself
      dself
                     dout
 din
              din
                            dout
                                   dout
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                                                       dout
                                                              dout
                                                                     dout
                                                                            dout
        din
                     dout
                            dout
 din
             dself
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                    dself
                            din
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              dout
                     din
                           dself
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              dout
                     dout
                            dout
                                  dout
                                         dself
                                                 din
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                                                              dout
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                                          din
                                                dself
                                                        din
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                                          din
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                                   dout
                                          dout
                                                dout
                                                       dout
                                                              dself
                                                                      din
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                                                       dout
                                                               din
                                                                     dself
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       dout
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              dout
                     dout
                            dout
                                   dout
                                         dout
                                                dout
                                                       dout
                                                               din
                                                                      din
                                                                            dself
```

```
Nin = 3;
Ndemes = 4;
```

N = 10, 2 demes of 5 individuals

Island model, interaction graph, generic

```
In[229]:= GE12generic = G12generic /. {dself → eself, dout → eout, din → ein};
     GE10generic = G10generic /. {dself → eself, dout → eout, din → ein};
```

Formulas for d and e

Replacements for the generic dispersal probabilities, depending on whether there is self-replacement or

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{In} [231] := & \text{noselfreplacement} = \Big\{ \text{dself} \rightarrow 0 \,, \, \text{din} \rightarrow \frac{1-m}{n-1} \,, \, \text{dout} \rightarrow \frac{m}{d \, n \, - \, n} \Big\}; \\ & \text{withselfreplacement} = \Big\{ \text{dself} \rightarrow \frac{1-m}{n} \,, \, \text{din} \rightarrow \frac{1-m}{n} \,, \, \text{dout} \rightarrow \frac{m}{d \, n \, - \, n} \Big\}; \\ \end{array}$$

Replacements for the generic interaction probabilities, depending on whether there is self - interaction or not

In[233]:= groupnoself =
$$\left\{ \text{eself} \to 0, \text{ ein } \to \frac{1}{n-1}, \text{ eout } \to 0 \right\};$$

groupwithself = $\left\{ \text{eself} \to \frac{1}{n}, \text{ ein } \to \frac{1}{n}, \text{ eout } \to 0 \right\};$

We can even assume that there are a proportion g of interactions outside of the group

widewithself =
$$\left\{ \text{eself} \rightarrow \frac{1-g}{n}, \text{ ein } \rightarrow \frac{1-g}{n}, \text{ eout } \rightarrow \frac{g}{n \text{ d-n}} \right\};$$

widenoself = $\left\{ \text{eself} \rightarrow 0, \text{ ein } \rightarrow \frac{1-g}{n-1}, \text{ eout } \rightarrow \frac{g}{n \text{ d-n}} \right\};$

Combine these using Idself and leself, indicator variables for whether there is dispersal/interaction with self

Quick check

$$[n[238]]=$$
 eself + (n - 1) ein + (n d - n) eout /. genericde // Simplify dself + (n - 1) din + (n d - n) dout /. genericde // Simplify

Out[238]= 1

Out[239]= 1

Probabilities of identity by descent matrices

Generic Q matrix corresponding to the populations defined above

N = 12

1) Probabilities of identity by descent (Q)

Moran

Simplify QinM and QoutM

See Appendix B2 for calculation details on how Qself, Qin and Qout were obtained using a formula presented in the appendix of Debarre 2017 JTB for "2D graphs". Here we just copy these formulas.

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{ln}[243] := \ \mathsf{QinM2} = \frac{\mu \, \lambda}{\mathsf{n} \, \mathsf{d}} \left(\frac{1}{\mu} \, + \, \frac{1}{1 - (1 - \mu) \, \left(\mathsf{dself} - \mathsf{din} \right)} \, \left(-1 \right) \, + \\ & \frac{1}{1 - (1 - \mu) \, \left(1 - \mathsf{m} - \frac{\mathsf{m}}{\mathsf{d} - 1} \right)} \, \left(\mathsf{d} - 1 \right) + \frac{1}{1 - (1 - \mu) \, \left(\mathsf{dself} - \mathsf{din} \right)} \, \left(\mathsf{d} - 1 \right) \, \left(-1 \right) \right); \\ & \mathsf{QoutM2} = \frac{\mu \, \lambda}{\mathsf{n} \, \mathsf{d}} \left(\frac{1}{\mu} \, + \, \frac{1}{1 - (1 - \mu) \, \left(\mathsf{dself} - \mathsf{din} \right)} \, \left(-1 \right) \, + \, \frac{1}{1 - (1 - \mu) \, \left(1 - \mathsf{m} - \frac{\mathsf{m}}{\mathsf{d} - 1} \right)} \, \left(-1 \right) \, + \\ & \frac{1}{1 - (1 - \mu) \, \left(\mathsf{dself} - \mathsf{din} \right)} \right); \end{aligned}$$

Find λ using Qself == 1

$$_{\text{ln}[245]:=}$$
 the λ M = λ /. Solve[QselfM2 == 1, λ] [1]] // FullSimplify

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Out} [245] = \end{array} \left(\text{n} \left(\text{1} + \text{din} + \text{dself} \left(-\text{1} + \mu \right) - \text{din} \, \mu \right) \left(-\text{dm} + \mu + \text{d} \left(-\text{1} + \text{m} \right) \, \mu \right) \right) \left/ \left(\text{m} \left(-\text{1} + \mu \right) \, \left(\text{1} + \text{din} - \text{dself} + \left(-\text{din} + \text{dself} + \text{d} \left(-\text{1} + \text{n} \right) \right) \, \mu \right) + \left(-\text{1} + \text{d} \right) \, \mu \left(-\text{1} + \text{dself} + \text{din} \left(-\text{1} + \mu \right) + \mu - \left(\text{dself} + \text{n} \right) \, \mu \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Replace λ in the equations for Qin and Qout

$$In[246]:=$$
 QinM = QinM2 /. $\lambda \rightarrow$ the λ M // FullSimplify QoutM = QoutM2 /. $\lambda \rightarrow$ the λ M // FullSimplify

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Out} [246] = & \Big(\left(-\mathbf{1} + \mu \right) \; \left(\left(-\mathbf{1} + \mathbf{d} \right) \; \left(\mathbf{1} + \text{din} - \text{dself} \right) \; \mu + \mathbf{m} \; \left(\mathbf{1} + \text{din} - \text{dself} - \left(\mathbf{d} + \text{din} - \text{dself} \right) \; \mu \right) \right) \Big/ \\ & \left(\mathbf{m} \; \left(-\mathbf{1} + \mu \right) \; \left(\mathbf{1} + \text{din} - \text{dself} + \left(-\text{din} + \text{dself} + \mathbf{d} \; \left(-\mathbf{1} + \mathbf{n} \right) \right) \; \mu \right) + \\ & \left(-\mathbf{1} + \mathbf{d} \right) \; \mu \; \left(-\mathbf{1} + \text{dself} + \text{din} \; \left(-\mathbf{1} + \mu \right) \; + \mu - \left(\text{dself} + \mathbf{n} \right) \; \mu \right) \Big) \end{array}$$

Out[247]=
$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \left(\mathbf{m} \; (-\mathbf{1} + \mu) \; \left(\mathbf{1} + \operatorname{din} + \operatorname{dself} \; (-\mathbf{1} + \mu) \; - \operatorname{din} \; \mu \right) \right) \; / \\ \left(\left(\mathbf{m} \; (-\mathbf{1} + \mu) \; \left(\mathbf{1} + \operatorname{din} - \operatorname{dself} + \left(-\operatorname{din} + \operatorname{dself} + \operatorname{d} \; (-\mathbf{1} + \mathbf{n}) \; \right) \; \mu \right) \; + \\ \left(-\mathbf{1} + \operatorname{d} \right) \; \mu \; \left(-\mathbf{1} + \operatorname{dself} + \operatorname{din} \; (-\mathbf{1} + \mu) \; + \mu - \left(\operatorname{dself} + \mathbf{n} \right) \; \mu \right) \right)$$

Check numerically

Here we evaluate the probabilities of identity by descent numerically, using the recursion formula ("egs" in the function below), with specific graphs.

```
In[248]:= NGetQM[G_, N_, graphdegree_, p_, \mu_] := Module | {QT, eqs, vars, sols, QTs}, (*
          G is the dispersal graph,
          N is the size of the population,
           graphdegree is the degree of the graph (=1 in a subdivided population),
           p is the mutation biais,
           \mu is the mutation probability.
           *)
           (* Initialize the QT matrix *)
           Do[Q_{i,j} = 0; Q_{i,j} = ., \{i, 1, N\}, \{j, 1, N\}];
          QT = Table [Q_{i,j}, \{i, 1, N\}, \{j, 1, N\}];
          Do[QT[i, i] = 1, {i, 1, N}]; (* Q_{i,i} = 1 *)
          Do[QT[i, j] = Q_{i,i}, \{j, 1, N-1\}, \{i, j+1, N\}]; (* Because Q is symmetric *)
           eqs =
            \mathsf{Flatten} \Big[ \mathsf{Table} \Big[ \mathsf{Q}_{\mathsf{i},\mathsf{j}} \ = \ \frac{(\mathsf{1} - \mu)}{2 \ \mathsf{graphdegree}} \ \Big( \mathsf{Sum} \big[ \mathsf{G} \big[ \! \big[ \mathsf{l}, \, \mathsf{j} \big] \! \big] \ \mathsf{QT} \big[ \! \big[ \mathsf{l}, \, \mathsf{i} \big] \! \big] \ \mathsf{QT} \big[ \! \big[ \mathsf{l}, \, \mathsf{j} \big] \! \big], \ \big\{ \mathsf{l}, \, \mathsf{1}, \, \mathsf{N} \big\} \big] \Big) \, ,
               \{i, 1, N-1\}, \{j, i+1, N\}];
          vars = Flatten[Table[Q_{i,j}, {i, 1, N-1}, {j, i+1, N}]];
           sols = NSolve[eqs, vars];
          QTs = QT /. sols[[1]];
          QTs|
       This function compares the numerical version to the analytical one, for specific graph structures. If the
        numerical values are the same, we are fine! (and we are, otherwise there would not be a paper)
In[249]:= prs = .;
       CheckQM[prs_, dvalues_] := Module[{NG, NQin, NQout, NQinMatrix},
          NG = ToExpression["G" <> ToString[d n /. prs] <> "generic"] /. dvalues /. prs;
          NQinMatrix = NGetQM[NG, nd/.prs, 1, 0.5, \mu/.prs];
          NQin = NQinMatrix[1, 2];
          NQout = NQinMatrix [1, n d /. prs];
          Print[{{"Qin", NQin, QinM /. dvalues /. prs},
                 {"Qout", NQout, QoutM /. dvalues /. prs}} // Transpose // MatrixForm]
        Check for the population of size 12
ln[251]:= CheckQM[{m \rightarrow 0.2, d \rightarrow 4, n \rightarrow 3, \mu \rightarrow 0.2}, withselfreplacement]
```

CheckQM[$\{m \rightarrow 0.2, d \rightarrow 4, n \rightarrow 3, \mu \rightarrow 0.2\}$, noselfreplacement]

```
Qout
0.407643 0.127389
0.407643 0.127389
0.503735 0.140875
0.503735 0.140875
```

Check for the population of size 10

In[253]:= CheckQM[{m
$$\rightarrow$$
 0.2, d \rightarrow 2, n \rightarrow 5, $\mu \rightarrow$ 0.2}, withselfreplacement]

CheckQM[{m \rightarrow 0.2, d \rightarrow 2, n \rightarrow 5, $\mu \rightarrow$ 0.2}, noselfreplacement]

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{Qin} & \text{Qout} \\ 0.329897 & 0.206186 \\ 0.329897 & 0.206186 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{Qin} & \text{Qout} \\ 0.3762 & 0.222649 \\ 0.3762 & 0.222649 \end{pmatrix}$$

Particular cases

Equations with self replacement (dself = din)

In[255]:= QinMs = QinM /. withselfreplacement // FullSimplify QoutMs = QoutM /. withselfreplacement // FullSimplify

$$\text{Out}[255] = -\frac{\left(-\mathbf{1} + \boldsymbol{\mu}\right) \left(\boldsymbol{\mu} - \mathbf{d} \, \boldsymbol{\mu} + \mathbf{m} \left(-\mathbf{1} + \mathbf{d} \, \boldsymbol{\mu}\right)\right)}{-\left(-\mathbf{1} + \mathbf{d}\right) \, \boldsymbol{\mu} \, \left(\mathbf{1} + \left(-\mathbf{1} + \mathbf{n}\right) \, \boldsymbol{\mu}\right) + \mathbf{m} \, \left(-\mathbf{1} + \boldsymbol{\mu}\right) \, \left(\mathbf{1} + \mathbf{d} \, \left(-\mathbf{1} + \mathbf{n}\right) \, \boldsymbol{\mu}\right)}$$

$$\text{Out}[256] = \frac{ \text{m} \ (-1 + \mu) }{ - \left(-1 + d\right) \ \mu \ (1 + \left(-1 + n\right) \ \mu) \ + \text{m} \ (-1 + \mu) \ \left(1 + d \ (-1 + n) \ \mu\right) }$$

Simplify the way the equations are written (human - friendly versions), and check that the formulas remain correct

Out[257]= 0

$$\ln[258]$$
:= QoutMs - (m (1 - μ)) / ((d - 1) μ (1 + (n - 1) μ) + m (1 - μ) (1 + d (n - 1) μ)) // FullSimplify

Out[258]= 0

Check limit behavior:

First infinite population, then zero mutation

VS.

First zero mutation, then infinite population

$$\mbox{limit}[\mbox{QoutMs, d} \rightarrow \infty]$$
 // FullSimplify
$$\mbox{Limit}[\mbox{Limit}[\mbox{QoutMs,} \mu \rightarrow 0], d \rightarrow \infty]$$
 // FullSimplify

Out[259]= **0**

Out[260]= 1

$$\ln[261]:=$$
 Limit[QinMs, d $\rightarrow \infty$] // FullSimplify % /. $\mu \rightarrow 0$ // FullSimplify

$$\text{Out}[261] = \frac{-1 + m + \mu - m \, \mu}{-1 + m \, \left(-1 + n\right) \, \left(-1 + \mu\right) \, + \mu - n \, \mu}$$

Out[262]=
$$\frac{1-m}{1+m(-1+n)}$$

$$In[263]:=$$
 Limit[QinMs, $\mu \rightarrow 0$]
Limit[%, d $\rightarrow \infty$] // FullSimplify

Out[263]= 1

Out[264]= 1

$$In[265]:=$$
 Series [QinMs, { μ , 0, 1}]

Out[265]=
$$1 - d n \mu + 0 [\mu]^2$$

Equations without Self - replacement (dself = 0)

$$\text{Out}[266] = \left(\left(-1 + \mu \right) \left(m^2 \left(-1 + \mu \right) + \left(-1 + d \right) n \mu + m \left(n - d n \mu \right) \right) \right) / \left(m^2 \left(-1 + \mu \right)^2 - \left(-1 + d \right) n \mu \left(1 + \left(-2 + n \right) \mu \right) + m n \left(-1 + \mu \right) \left(1 + d \left(-2 + n \right) \mu \right) \right)$$

Out[267]=
$$\left(m \left(n + m \left(-1 + \mu \right) - \mu \right) \left(-1 + \mu \right) \right) / \left(m^2 \left(-1 + \mu \right)^2 - \left(-1 + d \right) n \mu \left(1 + \left(-2 + n \right) \mu \right) + m n \left(-1 + \mu \right) \left(1 + d \left(-2 + n \right) \mu \right) \right)$$

Simplify the way they are written

$$\begin{array}{ll} & \ln \left[268 \right] := & \operatorname{QinMw} - \left(\left(1 - \mu \right) \; \left(\mathsf{d} \; \mathsf{n} \; \mu \; \left(1 - \mathsf{m} \right) \; + \; \left(\mathsf{m} - \mu \right) \; \mathsf{n} - \mathsf{m}^2 \; \left(1 - \mu \right) \; \right) \right) \left/ \right. \\ & \left. \left(+ \left(\mathsf{d} - 1 \right) \; \mathsf{n} \; \mu \; \left(1 + \; \left(\mathsf{n} - 2 \right) \; \mu \right) \; + \; \mathsf{m} \; \mathsf{n} \; \left(1 - \mu \right) \; \left(1 + \; \mathsf{d} \; \left(\mathsf{n} - 2 \right) \; \mu \right) \; - \; \mathsf{m}^2 \; \left(1 - \mu \right)^2 \right) \; / / \; \text{FullSimplify} \right. \\ \end{array}$$

Out[268]= 0

$$\begin{array}{ll} & \text{In[269]:= } QoutMw - \left(m \; (n+m \; (-1+\mu) \; -\mu\right) \; (1-\mu) \; \right) \; / \\ & \left(+ \left(d-1\right) \; n \; \mu \; (1+ \; (n-2) \; \mu\right) + m \; n \; (1-\mu) \; \left(1+d \; (n-2) \; \mu\right) - m^2 \; (1-\mu)^2 \right) \; // \; \text{FullSimplify} \end{array}$$

Out[269]= **0**

Limit behavior

$$ln[270]:=$$
 Limit[QinMw, d $\rightarrow \infty$] // FullSimplify
Limit[%, $\mu \rightarrow 0$] // FullSimplify

$$\text{Out} [270] = \ \ \frac{-1 + m + \mu - m \ \mu}{-1 + m \ (-2 + n) \ (-1 + \mu) \ - \ (-2 + n) \ \mu}$$

Out[271]=
$$\frac{1-m}{1+m(-2+n)}$$

In[272]:= Limit[QoutMw,
$$d \rightarrow \infty$$
]

Limit[QoutMw, $\mu \rightarrow 0$]

Out[272]= 0

Out[273]= 1

Wright - Fisher

The structure of this part is the same as for the Moran version above, so comments are lighter here.

Simplify QinM and QoutM

See Appendix B2 for details on how Qself, Qin and Qout were obtained using a formula presented in the appendix of Debarre 2017 JTB for "2D graphs".

$$\begin{split} & \ln[274] := \text{ QselfWF2} = \\ & \frac{\mu \, \lambda}{\text{n d}} \left(\frac{1}{1 - (1 - \mu)^2} + \frac{1}{1 - (1 - \mu)^2 \left(\text{dself-din} \right)^2} \, \left(\text{n - 1} \right) \, \text{d} + \frac{1}{1 - (1 - \mu)^2 \left(1 - \text{m} - \frac{\text{m}}{\text{d-1}} \right)^2} \, \left(\text{d} - 1 \right) \right); \\ & \text{QinWF2} = \frac{\mu \, \lambda}{\text{n d}} \left(\frac{1}{1 - (1 - \mu)^2} - \frac{1}{1 - (1 - \mu)^2 \left(\text{dself-din} \right)^2} \, \text{d} + \frac{1}{1 - (1 - \mu)^2 \left(1 - \text{m} - \frac{\text{m}}{\text{d-1}} \right)^2} \, \left(\text{d} - 1 \right) \right); \\ & \text{QoutWF2} = \frac{\mu \, \lambda}{\text{n d}} \left(\frac{1}{1 - (1 - \mu)^2} - \frac{1}{1 - (1 - \mu)^2 \left(1 - \text{m} - \frac{\text{m}}{\text{d-1}} \right)^2} \right); \end{split}$$

Find λ using Qself == 1

$$ln[277]:= \lambda WF = \lambda /. Solve[QselfWF2 == 1, \lambda][[1]]$$

$$\text{Out[277]=} \ \ \frac{ \text{d n} }{ \left(\frac{1}{1 - \left(1 - \mu \right)^2} + \frac{\text{d} \cdot \left(-1 + n \right)}{1 - \left(-\text{din} + \text{dself} \right)^2 \cdot \left(1 - \mu \right)^2} + \frac{-1 + \text{d}}{1 - \left(1 - m - \frac{m}{-1 + \text{d}} \right)^2 \cdot \left(1 - \mu \right)^2} \right) \, \mu }$$

Replace λ in the equations

$$\begin{array}{ll} & |_{\text{In}[278]:=} & \text{QinWF = QinWF2 /. } \lambda \to \lambda \text{WF // FullSimplify} \\ & \text{QoutWF = QoutWF2 /. } \lambda \to \lambda \text{WF // FullSimplify} \end{array}$$

$$\text{Out} \text{[278]=} \begin{array}{c} -\frac{d}{1-\left(\text{din-dself}\right)^2 \, \left(-1+\mu\right)^2} + \frac{-1+d}{1-\frac{\left(1+d \, \left(-1+m\right)\right)^2 \, \left(-1+\mu\right)^2}{1-\left(din-dself\right)^2 \, \left(-1+\mu\right)^2}} + \frac{1}{2 \, \mu - \mu^2} \\ \frac{d \, \left(-1+n\right)}{1-\left(\text{din-dself}\right)^2 \, \left(-1+\mu\right)^2} + \frac{-1+d}{1-\frac{\left(1+d \, \left(-1+m\right)\right)^2 \, \left(-1+\mu\right)^2}{\left(-1+d\right)^2}} + \frac{1}{2 \, \mu - \mu^2} \end{array}$$

$$\text{Out[279]=} \begin{array}{c} -\frac{1}{1-\frac{\left(1+d\left(-1+m\right)\right)^{2}\left(-1+\mu\right)^{2}}{2\left(-1+d\right)^{2}}} + \frac{1}{2\,\mu-\mu^{2}} \\ \frac{d\,\left(-1+n\right)}{1-\left(\text{din-dself}\right)^{2}\,\left(-1+\mu\right)^{2}} + \frac{-1+d}{1-\frac{\left(1+d\left(-1+m\right)\right)^{2}\left(-1+\mu\right)^{2}}{\left(-1+d\right)^{2}}} + \frac{1}{2\,\mu-\mu^{2}} \end{array}$$

Check numerically

```
G is the dispersal graph,
          N is the size of the population,
           graphdegree is the degree of the graph (=1 in a subdivided pop),
           p is the mutation biais,
           \mu is the mutation probability.
           *)
           (* Initialize the QT matrix *)
          Do[Q_{i,j} = 0; Q_{i,j} = ., \{i, 1, N\}, \{j, 1, N\}];
           QT = Table [Q_{i,j}, \{i, 1, N\}, \{j, 1, N\}];
           Do[QT[i, i] = 1, {i, 1, N}]; (* Q_{i,i}=1 *)
          Do[QT[i,j] = Q_{j,i}, \{j,1,N-1\}, \{i,j+1,N\}]; (* Because Q is symmetric *)
           eqs =
            \mathsf{Flatten} \Big[ \mathsf{Table} \Big[ \mathsf{Q}_{\mathsf{i},\mathsf{j}} = \frac{(\mathsf{1} - \mu)^2}{\mathsf{graphdegree}^2} \, \big( \mathsf{Sum} \big[ \mathsf{G} \big[ \mathsf{l}, \mathsf{j} \big] \, \mathsf{G} \big[ \mathsf{k}, \mathsf{i} \big] \, \mathsf{QT} \big[ \mathsf{k}, \mathsf{l} \big], \, \big\{ \mathsf{l}, \, \mathsf{1}, \, \mathsf{N} \big\}, \, \big\{ \mathsf{k}, \, \mathsf{1}, \, \mathsf{N} \big\} \big] \big) \,,
               \{i, 1, N-1\}, \{j, i+1, N\}];
          vars = Flatten[Table[Q_{i,j}, {i, 1, N-1}, {j, i+1, N}]];
           sols = NSolve[eqs, vars];
          QTs = QT /. sols[[1]];
           QTs
In[281]:= prs = .;
       CheckQWF[prs_, dvalues_] := Module[{NG, NQin, NQout, NQinMatrix},
          NG = ToExpression["G" <> ToString[d n /. prs] <> "generic"] /. dvalues /. prs;
           NQinMatrix = NGetQWF[NG, nd/.prs, 1, 0.5, \mu/.prs];
          NQin = NQinMatrix[1, 2];
          NQout = NQinMatrix [1, n d /. prs];
          Print[{{"Qin", NQin, QinWF /. dvalues /. prs},
                 {"Qout", NQout, QoutWF /. dvalues /. prs}} // Transpose // MatrixForm]
         1
In[283]:= CheckQWF[\{m \rightarrow 0.2, d \rightarrow 4, n \rightarrow 3, \mu \rightarrow 0.2\}, withselfreplacement]
        CheckQWF[\{m \rightarrow 0.2, d \rightarrow 4, n \rightarrow 3, \mu \rightarrow 0.2\}, noselfreplacement]
        CheckQWF[\{m \rightarrow 0.2, d \rightarrow 2, n \rightarrow 5, \mu \rightarrow 0.2\}, withselfreplacement]
        CheckQWF[\{m \rightarrow 0.2, d \rightarrow 2, n \rightarrow 5, \mu \rightarrow 0.2\}, noselfreplacement]
```

Particular cases

With Self Replacement

In[287]:= QinWFs = QinWF /. withselfreplacement // FullSimplify

$$\text{Out}[287] = \begin{array}{c} -d + \frac{-1 + d}{1 - \frac{(1 + d \; (-1 + m))^2 \; (-1 + \mu)^2}{(1 + d)^2}} + \frac{1}{2 \; \mu - \mu^2} \\ \hline d \; \left(-1 + n\right) + \frac{-1 + d}{1 - \frac{(1 + d \; (-1 + m))^2 \; (-1 + \mu)^2}{(-1 + d)^2}} + \frac{1}{2 \; \mu - \mu^2} \end{array}$$

Simplify the way it is written

In[288]:=
$$M1 = \frac{-1 + d}{1 - \frac{(1+d)(-1+m)^2(-1+\mu)^2}{(-1+d)^2}};$$

$$M2 = \frac{1}{2\mu - \mu^2};$$

qinwfs =
$$\frac{-d + M1 + M2}{(n-1) d + M1 + M2};$$
QinWFs - qinwfs // FullSimplify

Out[291]= **0**

In[292]:= QoutWFs = QoutWF /. withselfreplacement // FullSimplify

$$\text{Out[292]=} \quad \frac{-\frac{1}{1-\frac{(1+d\ (-1+m)\)^{2}\ (-1+\mu)^{2}}{(-1+d)^{2}}} + \frac{1}{2\ \mu-\mu^{2}}}{d\ (-1+n)\ + \frac{-1+d}{1-\frac{(1+d\ (-1+m)\)^{2}\ (-1+\mu)^{2}}{(-1+d)^{2}}} + \frac{1}{2\ \mu-\mu^{2}}}$$

Simplify the way it is written

$$\label{eq:local_local_local_local_local} \begin{split} & \text{ln[293]:=} & \ \ \, \text{qoutwfs} = \frac{\frac{-1}{d-1} \, \text{M1 + M2}}{d \, \left(n-1 \right) \, + \, \text{M1 + M2}} \, \, / / \, \, \text{FullSimplify}; \\ & \ \ \, \text{qoutwfs - QoutWFs // FullSimplify} \end{split}$$

Out[294]= **0**

Limit behavior

$$In[295]:=$$
 Limit[QinWFs, $\mu \rightarrow 0$]
Limit[QoutWFs, $\mu \rightarrow 0$]

Out[295]= 1

Out[296]= 1

$$ln[297]:=$$
 Limit[QinWFs, d $\rightarrow \infty$] // FullSimplify
Limit[%, $\mu \rightarrow 0$] // FullSimplify

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Out} \text{[297]=} & -\left(\left(\left(-1+m\right)^2 \ \left(-1+\mu\right)^2\right) \ \middle/ \ \left(-1-2 \ \text{m} \ \left(-1+n\right) \ \left(-1+\mu\right)^2 + \text{m}^2 \ \left(-1+n\right) \ \left(-1+\mu\right)^2 + \left(-1+n\right) \ \left(-2+\mu\right) \ \mu\right) \right) \end{aligned} \\ & \text{Out} \text{[298]=} & -\frac{\left(-1+m\right)^2}{-1+\left(-2+m\right) \ \text{m} \ \left(-1+n\right)} \end{aligned}$$

ln[299]:= Limit [QoutWFs, d $\rightarrow \infty$] // FullSimplify

Out[299]= 0

Comparison to Cockerham and Weir 1987

Cockerham and Weir's β

In[300]:= dd =
$$\left(1 - m \frac{\text{nbdemes}}{\text{nbdemes} - 1}\right)^2$$
;
 $\rho = (1 - \mu)^2$;

Update deme size, which is 2 N in their paper, to N, to adapt the result to a haploid population

$$ln[302]:= \beta = \rho dd / (demesize (1 - \rho dd) + \rho dd) // FullSimplify $\rho = .; dd = .;$$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Out} [\text{302}] = & \left(\left(\mathbf{1} + \left(-\mathbf{1} + \mathbf{m} \right) \; \text{nbdemes} \right)^2 \; \left(-\mathbf{1} + \mu \right)^2 \right) \bigg/ \; \left(\left(-\mathbf{1} + \text{nbdemes} \right)^2 \\ & \left(\text{demesize} \; \left(\mathbf{1} - \frac{\left(\mathbf{1} + \left(-\mathbf{1} + \mathbf{m} \right) \; \text{nbdemes} \right)^2 \; \left(-\mathbf{1} + \mu \right)^2}{\left(-\mathbf{1} + \text{nbdemes} \right)^2} \right) + \frac{\left(\mathbf{1} + \left(-\mathbf{1} + \mathbf{m} \right) \; \text{nbdemes} \right)^2 \; \left(-\mathbf{1} + \mu \right)^2}{\left(-\mathbf{1} + \text{nbdemes} \right)^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

For us:

$$In[304]:= my\beta = \frac{QinWF - QoutWF}{1 - QoutWF}$$
 // FullSimplify

Compare the two -> same!

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{In}[305] = \text{ my}\beta - \beta \text{ /. } \left\{ \text{nbdemes} \rightarrow \textbf{d}, \text{ demesize} \rightarrow \textbf{n} \right\} \text{ // FullSimplify} \\ & \text{Out}[305] = \left(-1 + \mu \right)^2 \left(-\left(\left(1 + \textbf{d} \, \left(-1 + \textbf{m} \right) \right)^2 / \left(-1 + \mu \right)^2 \right) + \frac{\left(1 + \textbf{d} \, \left(-1 + \textbf{m} \right) \right)^2 \, \left(-1 + \mu \right)^2}{\left(-1 + \textbf{d} \right)^2} \right) \right) \right) + \\ & \left(\left(-1 + \textbf{d} \right)^2 \left(-1 + \left(\text{din} - \text{dself} \right)^2 \right) + 2 \, \left(-1 + \textbf{d} \right) \, \text{dm} - \text{d}^2 \, \text{m}^2 \right) / \\ & \left(-1 + \left(\text{din} - \text{dself} \right)^2 + 2 \, \mu - 2 \, \left(\left(\text{din} - \text{dself} \right)^2 + \textbf{n} \right) \, \mu + \right. \\ & \left(-1 + \left(\text{din} - \text{dself} \right)^2 + \textbf{n} \right) \, \mu^2 + \text{d}^2 \, \left(-1 + \left(\text{din} - \text{dself} \right)^2 + \left(-2 + \textbf{m} \right) \, \text{m} \, \left(-1 + \textbf{n} \right) + 2 \, \mu - \right. \\ & \left. 2 \, \left(\left(\text{din} - \text{dself} \right)^2 + \left(-2 + \textbf{m} \right) \, \text{m} \, \left(-1 + \textbf{n} \right) + \textbf{n} \right) \, \mu + \left(\left(\text{din} - \text{dself} \right)^2 + \left(-1 + \textbf{m} \right)^2 \, \left(-1 + \textbf{n} \right) \right) \, \mu^2 \right) + \\ & 2 \, \text{d} \, \left(1 - \left(\text{din} - \text{dself} \right)^2 - \textbf{m} + \textbf{m} \, \textbf{n} + 2 \, \left(-1 + \left(\text{din} - \text{dself} \right)^2 + \textbf{m} + \textbf{n} - \textbf{m} \, \textbf{n} \right) \, \mu - \end{aligned} \right. \end{aligned}$$

 $In[306]:= \beta = .; my\beta = .;$

Without Self Replacement

In[307]:= QinWFw = QinWF /. noselfreplacement // FullSimplify

 $\left(-1 + \left(\operatorname{din} - \operatorname{dself}\right)^2 + \operatorname{m} + \operatorname{n} - \operatorname{m} \operatorname{n}\right) \mu^2\right)\right)$

$$\text{Out}[307] = \begin{array}{c} \frac{-1 + d}{1 - \frac{(1 + d \; (-1 + m))^{\; 2} \; (-1 + \mu)^{\; 2}}{(-1 + d)^{\; 2}}} \; - \; \frac{d}{1 - \frac{(-1 + m)^{\; 2} \; (-1 + \mu)^{\; 2}}{(-1 + m)^{\; 2}}} \; + \; \frac{1}{2 \; \mu - \mu^{\; 2}} \\ \frac{-1 + d}{1 - \frac{(1 + d \; (-1 + m))^{\; 2} \; (-1 + \mu)^{\; 2}}{(-1 + d)^{\; 2}}} \; + \; \frac{d \; (-1 + m)}{1 - \frac{(-1 + m)^{\; 2} \; (-1 + \mu)^{\; 2}}{(-1 + n)^{\; 2}}} \; + \; \frac{1}{2 \; \mu - \mu^{\; 2}} \end{array}$$

In[308]:= QoutWFw = QoutWF /. noselfreplacement // FullSimplify

$$\text{Out}[308] = \begin{array}{c} -\frac{1}{1-\frac{(1+d)(-1+m)^2(-1+\mu)^2}{(-1+d)^2}} + \frac{1}{2\mu-\mu^2} \\ \\ \frac{-1+d}{1-\frac{(1+d)(-1+m)^2(-1+\mu)^2}{(-1+d)^2}} + \frac{d(-1+n)}{1-\frac{(-1+m)^2(-1+\mu)^2}{(-1+n)^2}} + \frac{1}{2\mu-\mu^2} \end{array}$$

Export to R the Q results

Rewrite the Greek letters

In[309]:= GreekTerms =
$$\{\omega \rightarrow \text{sel}, \mu \rightarrow \text{mut}\}$$
Out[309]= $\{\omega \rightarrow \text{sel}, \mu \rightarrow \text{mut}\}$

Common parts to all functions

```
In[310]:= FunctionPartB = " <- function(p, sel, mut, m, g, n, d, Idself, Ieself) {</pre>
     ## Arguments:
     # p
             mutation bias
     # sel intensity of selection
     # mut mutation probability
             emigration probability
     # m
             proportion of
          interactions out of the group (interaction equivalent of m)
             deme size
     # n
             number of demes
     # Idself whether reproduction in site where the parent is
     # Ieself whether interactions with oneself
     return(
     ";
     FunctionPartE = ")
     }";
     Function to translate Mathematica to R
In[312]:= ToRForm[x_] := ToString[x /. GreekTerms // CForm]
     Do it for Q
In[313]:= RtxtQinM =
        "QinM " <> FunctionPartB <> ToRForm[QinM /. genericde // FullSimplify] <> FunctionPartE;
     RtxtQoutM = "QoutM " <> FunctionPartB <>
         ToRForm[QoutM /. genericde // FullSimplify] <> FunctionPartE;
     RtxtQinWF = "QinWF " <> FunctionPartB <>
         ToRForm[QinWF /. genericde // FullSimplify] <> FunctionPartE;
     RtxtQoutWF = "QoutWF " <> FunctionPartB <>
         ToRForm[QoutWF /. genericde // FullSimplify] <> FunctionPartE;
     Define Power function in R
In[317]:= PowerDef = "Power <- function(a,b) return(a^b)";</pre>
     Combine all texts
In[318]:= Rtxt = PowerDef <> "
     " <> RtxtQinM <> "
     " <> RtxtQoutM <> "
     " <> RtxtQinWF <> "
     " <> RtxtQoutWF;
     Export to txt file (Mathematica did not want R)
In[319]:= Export[pathtosave <> "Mathematica/analyticsQ.txt", Rtxt];
```

Convert the file extension to R

```
In[320]:= cmd = "mv " <> pathtosave <>
         "Mathematica/analyticsQ.txt "<> pathtosave <> "Mathematica/analyticsQ.R";
In[321]:= Get["!"<> cmd]
```

2) Expected frequency of altruists in a subdivided population

Initializations

Conditions on the parameters

```
In[322]:= assumpts =
            \left\{ n > 1 \,\&\, d > 2 \,\&\, \mu > 0 \,\&\, \mu < 1 \,\&\, m > 0 \,\&\, m < 1 \,\&\, b > 0 \,\&\, c > 0 \,\&\, b > c \,\&\, \nu > 0 \,\&\, \nu < 1 \right\};
        Fullsimplify with conditions on the parameters
In[323]:= AF[x_] := Assuming[assumpts, FullSimplify[x]]
```

Relatedness

```
ln[324]:= R2M = \frac{QinM - QoutM}{1 - QoutM} /. genericde /. \{Idself \rightarrow 1\} // AF
                                                                         R2WF = \frac{QinWF - QoutWF}{1 - QoutWF} /. genericde /. {Idself \rightarrow 1} // AF
\text{Out} [\text{324}] = -\frac{\left(1 + d \, \left(-1 + m\right)\right) \, \left(-1 + \mu\right)}{1 + \left(-1 + n\right) \, \mu + d \, \left(-1 + m \, \left(-1 + n\right) \, \left(-1 + \mu\right) + \mu - n \, \mu\right)}
 \text{Out} \text{(325)=} -\left(\left(\left(1+d\left(-1+m\right)\right)^2\left(-1+\mu\right)^2\right) \middle/ \left(-1+d\left(2\left(1+m\left(-1+n\right)\right)+d\left(-1+\left(-2+m\right)m\left(-1+n\right)\right)\right) \right) \right) + \left(-1+d\left(2\left(1+m\left(-1+n\right)\right)+d\left(-1+d\left(-1+m\right)\right)\right) \right) \right) \right) \right) 
                                                                                                                                                2 \; \mu - 2 \; \left( d \; \left( 2 + d \; \left( -1 + m \right) \; \right) \; \left( -1 + m \right) \; \left( -1 + n \right) \; + n \right) \; \mu \; + \; \left( 1 + d \; \left( -1 + m \right) \; \right)^{2} \; \left( -1 + n \right) \; \mu^{2} \right) \; \right) \; + \; \left( -1 + m \right) \; \mu^{2} \; \left( -1 + n \right) \;
```

Parameters

```
ln[326]:= prm = \{d \rightarrow 15, n \rightarrow 4, b \rightarrow 15, c \rightarrow 1, \delta \rightarrow 0.05, \gamma \rightarrow 0.45\};
```

Derivatives of the expected frequency of altruists

Definitions

Fitness derivative: decomposition

Notation: s=self, i=deme-mate who is not the focal

ln[327]:= dW = dWs + (n - 1) dWi R2;

Further decomposition with fecundities:

$$ln[328]:= dWs = dWfs (-c) + b dWfi;$$
$$dWi = dWfs \frac{b}{n-1} + dWfi (-c) + \frac{n-2}{n-1} b dWfi;$$

Values for each life-cycle, obtained by taking derivatives in table S2"

Moran Death - Birth

$$\text{In} [330] := \mbox{dWfsDB} = (1 - \mu) \ \frac{1}{n \ d} \left(1 - \frac{(1 - m)^2}{n} - \frac{m^2}{n \ (d - 1)} \right);$$

$$\mbox{dWfiDB} = (1 - \mu) \ \frac{1}{n \ d} \left(- \frac{(1 - m)^2}{n} - \frac{m^2}{n \ (d - 1)} \right);$$

Combine with the formula for dW

$$\begin{split} & \text{In} \text{[332]:=} & \text{dWDB} = \text{dW} \text{/.} \left\{ \text{dWfs} \rightarrow \text{dWfsDB, dWfi} \rightarrow \text{dWfiDB} \right\} \text{// AF;} \\ & \text{BDB} = (n-1) \text{ dWi /.} \left\{ \text{dWfs} \rightarrow \text{dWfsDB, dWfi} \rightarrow \text{dWfiDB} \right\} \text{// AF;} \\ & \text{CDB} = -\text{dWs /.} \left\{ \text{dWfs} \rightarrow \text{dWfsDB, dWfi} \rightarrow \text{dWfiDB} \right\} \text{// AF;} \\ & \text{In} \text{[335]:=} & \text{dEXDB} = \\ & \text{n d} \frac{\left(1 - \text{Qout} \right)}{\mu} \text{v} \left(1 - \text{v} \right) \text{dW /.} \left\{ \text{dWfs} \rightarrow \text{dWfsDB, dWfi} \rightarrow \text{dWfiDB} \right\} \text{/. R2} \rightarrow \text{R2M /. Qout} \rightarrow \text{QoutM /.} \\ & \left\{ \text{dself} \rightarrow \text{din} \right\} \text{/. din} \rightarrow \frac{1 - m}{n}; \end{split}$$

Moran Birth - Death

$$In[336]:= dWfsBD = (1 - \mu) \left(\frac{1}{n d} - \frac{1}{(n d)^{2}}\right) - \left(\frac{(1 - m)}{n n d} - \frac{1}{(n d)^{2}}\right);$$
$$dWfiBD = (1 - \mu) \left(-\frac{1}{(n d)^{2}}\right) - \left(\frac{(1 - m)}{n n d} - \frac{1}{(n d)^{2}}\right);$$

Combine with dW

$$\begin{split} & \text{In} [338] := \ \ \, \text{dEXBD} = \\ & \quad n \, d \, \frac{\left(1 - \text{Qout}\right)}{\mu} \, \vee \, \left(1 - \nu\right) \, \text{dW} \, / \cdot \, \left\{ \text{dWfs} \rightarrow \text{dWfsBD}, \, \text{dWfi} \rightarrow \text{dWfiBD} \right\} \, / \cdot \, \text{R2} \rightarrow \text{R2M} \, / \cdot \, \text{Qout} \rightarrow \text{QoutM} \, / \cdot \\ & \quad \left\{ \text{dself} \rightarrow \text{din} \right\} \, / \cdot \, \text{din} \rightarrow \frac{1 - m}{n} \, ; \\ & \quad \text{BBD} = \, (n - 1) \, \, \text{dWi} \, / \cdot \, \left\{ \text{dWfs} \rightarrow \text{dWfsBD}, \, \text{dWfi} \rightarrow \text{dWfiBD} \right\} \, / / \, \, \text{AF} \, ; \\ & \quad \text{CBD} = - \, \text{dWs} \, / \cdot \, \left\{ \text{dWfs} \rightarrow \text{dWfsBD}, \, \text{dWfi} \rightarrow \text{dWfiBD} \right\} \, / / \, \, \text{AF} \, ; \end{split}$$

Wright - Fisher

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{In}[341] \text{:=} & \text{dWfsWF} = (1-\mu) \, \left(1 - \frac{(1-m)^2}{n} - \frac{m^2}{n \, \left(d-1\right)}\right); \\ & \text{dWfiWF} = (1-\mu) \, \left(-\frac{(1-m)^2}{n} - \frac{m^2}{n \, \left(d-1\right)}\right); \\ & \text{Combine with dW} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{split} & \text{In}[343]:= \text{ dEXWF} = \\ & \frac{\left(1 - \text{Qout}\right)}{\mu} \vee \left(1 - \nu\right) \text{ dW /. } \left\{\text{dWfs} \rightarrow \text{dWfsWF, dWfi} \rightarrow \text{dWfiWF}\right\} \text{ /. R2} \rightarrow \text{R2WF /. Qout} \rightarrow \text{QoutWF /.} \\ & \left\{\text{dself} \rightarrow \text{din}\right\} \text{ /. din } \rightarrow \frac{1 - m}{n}; \end{split}$$

BWF =
$$(n-1)$$
 dWi /. $\{dWfs \rightarrow dWfsWF, dWfi \rightarrow dWfiWF\}$ // AF; CWF = $-dWs$ /. $\{dWfs \rightarrow dWfsWF, dWfi \rightarrow dWfiWF\}$ // AF;

Checking signs

Death-Birth, whole B term

$$\text{Out}[346] = \begin{array}{l} \text{AF} \Big[\text{Reduce} \big[\text{BDB} > 0 \,, \, m \big] \Big] \\ \\ -1 + d - \sqrt{\frac{(-1+d) \cdot \big(b+c \cdot (-1+n) + b \cdot (-1+d) \cdot n \big)}{(b-c) \cdot (-1+n)}} \\ \\ \text{d} \\ \end{array} \\ < m < \begin{array}{l} -1 + d + \sqrt{\frac{(-1+d) \cdot \big(b+c \cdot (-1+n) + b \cdot (-1+d) \cdot n \big)}{(b-c) \cdot (-1+n)}} \\ \\ \text{d} \\ \end{array}$$

and this is true when $m < \frac{d-1}{d}$.

Out[347]= True

Competition terms

Check for BD competition

Competition term in the BD life-cycle

$$In[348] = BDcomp = \frac{\mu}{n d} - \frac{1 - m}{n};$$

It increases with m (because its derivative is >0)

Out[349]=
$$\frac{1}{n}$$

It is negative when m=0 (because μ <d)

In[350]:= BDcomp /.
$$m \rightarrow 0$$
 // AF

Out[350]=
$$\frac{-d + \mu}{d n}$$

And it is still negative when we reach mc

In[351]:= BDcomp /.
$$m \rightarrow \frac{d-1}{d}$$
 // AF

Out[351]=
$$\frac{-1 + \mu}{d n}$$

So it is negative for all values of m that we consider, and increases with m.

-> Competition is reduced as m increases (the absolute value of the competition term decreases)

Check for DB & WF competition

The competition term is negative:

$$ln[352]:=$$
 DBcomp = $-(1-\mu)\left(\frac{(1-m)^2}{n} + \frac{m^2}{n(d-1)}\right);$

How does it change with m?

Derivative with respect to m

$$ln[353] = dcomp = D[DBcomp, m] // AF$$

$$Out[353] = \frac{2 \left(1 + d \left(-1 + m\right)\right) \left(-1 + \mu\right)}{\left(-1 + d\right) n}$$

Derivative changes sign at the critical m value

Out[354]=
$$\left\{ \left\{ m \rightarrow \frac{-1+d}{d} \right\} \right\}$$

Second derivative is negative -> derivative decreases

- -> derivative is positive for m<1-1/d (and indeed it is for m->0)
- -> competition term increases with m, BUT...

Out[355]=
$$\frac{2 d \left(-1 + \mu\right)}{\left(-1 + d\right) n}$$

$$ln[356]:= dcomp /.m \rightarrow 0 //AF$$

Out[356]=
$$\frac{2-2 \mu}{n}$$

... BUT competition term is negative, so competition is reduced as m increases

Changes with m

Birth - Death

Derivative with respect to m

$$ln[357]:= ddEXBD = D[dEXBD, m] // AF$$

$$\text{Out} [357] = \left(\left(-1 + d \right)^2 \mu \left(c + c d n - c \mu + b \left(-1 + \left(1 + d n \left(-2 + \mu \right) \right) \mu \right) \right) \left(-1 + \nu \right) \nu \right) / \left(d \left(\left(-1 + d \right) \mu \left(1 + \left(-1 + n \right) \mu \right) - m \left(-1 + \mu \right) \left(1 + d \left(-1 + n \right) \mu \right) \right)^2 \right)$$

There are no roots -> monotonic change with m

Out[358]= { }

How does the sign of the derivative change with μ ?

In[359]:= Solve
$$\lceil ddEXBD == 0, \mu \rceil$$
 // AF

$$\text{Out[359]= } \left\{ \left\{ \mu \to 0 \right\}, \; \left\{ \mu \to -\frac{b-c-2\,b\,d\,n + \sqrt{\left(b-c\right)\,\left(b-c+4\,b\,d^2\,n^2\right)}}{2\,b\,d\,n} \right\}, \\ \left\{ \mu \to \frac{c+b\,\left(-1+2\,d\,n\right) + \sqrt{\left(b-c\right)\,\left(b-c+4\,b\,d^2\,n^2\right)}}{2\,b\,d\,n} \right\} \right\}$$

Select the admissible solution

$$ln[360] = \mu CBD = \mu /. %[2] // AF;$$

Value with our parameters

In[361]:=
$$\mu$$
cBD /. prm // N

Out[361]= 0.0260991

How is it affected by changes in d or n? (they play the same role)

The derivative is positive: the threshold increases with d and n

In[362]:=
$$D[\mu cBD, d]$$
 // AF

$$\text{Out} [362] = \begin{array}{c} \sqrt{\frac{b-c}{b-c+4 \ b \ d^2 \ n^2}} & \left(b-c + \sqrt{\left(b-c\right) \ \left(b-c+4 \ b \ d^2 \ n^2\right)} \ \right) \\ 2 \ b \ d^2 \ n \end{array}$$

The maximum value of the threshold is

In[363]:= Limit[
$$\mu$$
cBD, d $\rightarrow \infty$] // AF
% /. {b \rightarrow 15, c \rightarrow 1} // N

Out[363]=
$$1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{c}{b}}$$

Out[364]= 0.0339082

$$\mu$$
cBD = 1 - $\frac{b-c+\sqrt{(b-c)(b-c+4bd^2n^2)}}{2bdn}$

this threshold increases with d and n to reach a maximum value μ cBDmax =

Death - Birth

Derivative with respect to m

$$ln[365]:= ddEXDB = D[dEXDB, m] // AF$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Out} [365] = \end{array} \left(\left(-1 + \mu \right) \ \left(-c \left(-d \, m^2 + \mu + \left(n + d \, \left(m \, \left(2 + m \right) - 2 \, \left(1 + n \right) - d \, \left(-1 + m \right) \, \left(1 + m \, \left(-1 + n \right) + n \right) \, \right) \right) \, \mu + \\ \left(1 + d \, \left(-1 + m \right) \, \right)^2 \, \left(-1 + n \right) \, \mu^2 \right) + b \, \left(-d \, m^2 + \mu + d \, \left(-2 + m \, \left(2 + m \right) + d \, \left(1 + m \, \left(-2 + m - m \, n \right) \, \right) \, \right) \, \mu + \\ \left(-\left(1 + d \, \left(-1 + m \right) \, \right)^2 + \left(2 + 2 \, d \, \left(-2 + m \right) \, + d^2 \, \left(2 + \left(-2 + m \right) \, m \right) \, \right) \, n \right) \, \mu^2 \right) \right) \, \left(-1 + \nu \right) \, \nu \right) \, \left/ \left(\left(-1 + d \right) \, \mu \, \left(1 + \left(-1 + n \right) \, \mu \right) - m \, \left(-1 + \mu \right) \, \left(1 + d \, \left(-1 + n \right) \, \mu \right) \right)^2 \right. \end{array}$$

The change is not monotonic with m:

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Out} [366] = \end{array} \Big\{ \Big\{ m \to \Big(\left(-1 + d \right) \ \left(\left(b - c \right) \ d \, \mu \ \left(1 + \left(-1 + n \right) \ \mu \right) - \sqrt{\left(- \left(b - c \right)} \ d \, \mu \ \left(c \ \left(1 + n \right) + c \, \mu \ \left(-2 + d \ n^2 + \mu - n \, \mu \right) + b \ \left(-1 + \mu \left(2 - \mu + n \left(2 \ \left(-1 + \mu \right) + d \ \left(-1 + \left(-1 + n \right) \ \left(-2 + \mu \right) \ \mu \right) \right) \right) \right) \Big) \Big) \Big/ \\ & \left(\left(b - c \right) \ d \ \left(-1 + \mu \right) \ \left(1 + d \ \left(-1 + n \right) \ \mu \right) \right) \Big\} , \ \Big\{ m \to \left(\left(-1 + d \right) \ \left(\left(b - c \right) \ d \, \mu \ \left(1 + \left(-1 + n \right) \ \mu \right) + \lambda \right) \right) \Big\} \Big\} \Big\} \\ & \left(\left(b - c \right) \ d \ \left(-1 + \mu \right) \ \left(1 + d \ \left(-1 + n \right) \ \mu \right) \right) \Big\} \Big\} \Big\} \\ & \left(\left(b - c \right) \ d \ \left(-1 + \mu \right) \ \left(1 + d \ \left(-1 + n \right) \ \mu \right) \right) \Big\} \Big\} \Big\} \\ \end{array}$$

Select admissible solution (denominator <0)

We need to know whether this is a max or a min...

But the solutions are a bit complicated, so let's focus on what happens at m -> 0

$$ln[368]:=$$
 ddEXDB0 = ddEXDB /. m \rightarrow 0 // AF

Out[368]=
$$\frac{\left(-1+\mu\right) \; \left(b+b\; \left(-1+2\; n\right) \; \mu-c\; \left(1+n+\; \left(-1+n\right) \; \mu\right) \right) \; \left(-1+\nu\right) \; \nu}{\mu \; \left(1+\; \left(-1+n\right) \; \mu\right)^{2}}$$

How does this change with μ ?

$$ln[369]:=$$
 dddEXDB0 = D[ddEXDB0, μ] // AF

Out[369]=
$$-\left(\left(\left(c \left(1+n\right)-c \left(-1+n\right) \mu \left(-3 \left(1+n\right)+3 \mu+\left(-1+n\right) \mu^{2}\right)+b \left(-1+\mu \left(3-3 n \left(-1+\mu\right)^{2}+\left(-3+\mu\right) \mu+2 n^{2} \left(-2+\mu\right) \mu\right)\right)\right)\right)$$

$$\left(-1+\nu\right) \nu\right) /\left(\mu^{2} \left(1+\left(-1+n\right) \mu\right)^{3}\right)\right)$$

In[370]:= AF [Reduce [ddEXDB0 > 0,
$$\mu$$
]]
AF [Solve [ddEXDB0 == 0, μ]]

Out[370]= $c + c n + b \mu + c n \mu < b + c \mu + 2 b n \mu \mid b ≥ c + c n$

Out[371]=
$$\left\{ \left\{ \mu \to 1 \right\}, \left\{ \mu \to \frac{-b+c+cn}{c-cn+b(-1+2n)} \right\} \right\}$$

-> E[X] is a non - monotonic function of m;

The initial (i.e., for m -> 0) increase of E[X] with m depends on the values of b and μ : if b > c (n + 1), E[X] initially increases with m; otherwise, E[X] initially increases with m if $\mu > \frac{-b+c+c}{c-c} \frac{n}{n+b} \frac{n}{(-1+2n)}$;

Then, a maximum is reached at

$$\begin{split} m &= \left(\left(-1 + d \right) \; \left(\left(b - c \right) \; d \; \mu \; \left(1 + \; \left(-1 + n \right) \; \mu \right) \; - \sqrt{ \left(- \left(b - c \right) \; d \; \mu \; \left(c \; \left(1 + n \right) \; + c \; \mu \; \left(-2 + d \; n^2 \; + \mu - n \; \mu \right) \; + ; \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. \left. b \; \left(-1 + \mu \; \left(2 \; - \mu + n \; \left(2 \; \left(-1 + \mu \right) \; + d \; \left(-1 + \; \left(-1 + n \right) \; \left(-2 + \mu \right) \; \mu \right) \left\langle \left(\left(b - c \right) \; d \; \left(-1 + \mu \right) \; \left(1 + d \; \left(-1 + n \right) \; \mu \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right\rangle \right) \right\rangle \right\rangle$$

Wright - Fisher

Derivative with respect to m

$$In[372]:=$$
 ddEXWF = D[dEXWF, m] // AF

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Out} \text{[372]=} & \left(2\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\right)^{\,3}\,\left(1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,m\right)\,\right)\,n\,\left(-\,2\,+\,\mu\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,\mu\right)\,\,\mu\,\left(c\,+\,b\,\left(-\,2\,+\,\mu\right)\,\,\mu\right)\,\left(-\,1\,+\,\nu\right)\,\,\nu\right)\, \middle/ \\ & \left(\left(-\,1\,+\,d\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,2\,+\,\mu\right)\,\,\mu\,\left(-\,1\,+\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)\,\left(-\,2\,+\,\mu\right)\,\,\mu\right)\,-\,2\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\right)\,m\,\left(-\,1\,+\,\mu\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)\,\left(-\,2\,+\,\mu\right)\,\,\mu\right)\,+\,d\,m^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)\,\left(-\,2\,+\,\mu\right)\,\,\mu\right)\,\right)^{\,2} \\ & \left(-\,1\,+\,d\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)\,\left(-\,2\,+\,\mu\right)\,\,\mu\right) + d\,m^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)\,\left(-\,2\,+\,\mu\right)\,\,\mu\right)\,\right)^{\,2} \\ & \left(-\,1\,+\,d\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)\,\left(-\,2\,+\,\mu\right)\,\,\mu\right) + d\,m^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)\,\left(-\,2\,+\,\mu\right)\,\,\mu\right)\,\right)^{\,2} \\ & \left(-\,1\,+\,d\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)\,\left(-\,2\,+\,\mu\right)\,\,\mu\right) + d\,m^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)\,\left(-\,2\,+\,\mu\right)\,\,\mu\right)\,\right)^{\,2} \\ & \left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,\mu\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)\,\left(-\,2\,+\,\mu\right)\,\,\mu\right) + d\,m^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)\,\left(-\,2\,+\,\mu\right)\,\,\mu\right)\,\right)^{\,2} \\ & \left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)\,\left(-\,2\,+\,\mu\right)\,\,\mu\right) + d\,m^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)\,\left(-\,2\,+\,\mu\right)\,\,\mu\right) \right)^{\,2} \\ & \left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)\,\left(-\,2\,+\,\mu\right)\,\,\mu\right) + d\,m^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)\,\left(-\,2\,+\,\mu\right)\,\,\mu\right) \right)^{\,2} \\ & \left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)\,\left(-\,2\,+\,\mu\right)\,\,\mu\right) + d\,m^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)\,\left(-\,2\,+\,\mu\right)\,\,\mu\right) \right)^{\,2} \\ & \left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,d\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)^{\,2} \\ & \left(-\,1\,+\,n\right)^{\,2}\,\left(-\,1\,+$$

An extremum is reached at the maximum possible emigration value:

$$\text{In}[373] := \mbox{Solve} \left[\mbox{ddEXWF} == 0 , \mbox{m} \right] \mbox{// AF}$$

$$\text{Out}[373] = \left\{ \left\{ \mbox{m} \rightarrow \frac{-1+d}{d} \right\} \right\}$$

Whether it is a min or max depends on μ ; let's consider for simplicity m->0

$$ln[374]:=$$
 ddEXWF0 = ddEXWF /. m \rightarrow 0 // AF

$$\text{Out} [374] = -\frac{2 \ n \ (-1 + \mu) \ \left(c + b \ (-2 + \mu) \ \mu\right) \ (-1 + \nu) \ \nu}{\mu \ \left(-1 + \left(-1 + n\right) \ \left(-2 + \mu\right) \ \mu\right)^2}$$

In[375]:= AF[Reduce[ddEXWF0 > 0,
$$\mu$$
]]

Out[375]=
$$\sqrt{1-\frac{c}{b}} + \mu > 1$$

 \rightarrow E[X] is a monotonic function of m for 0 < m < 1 - 1/d, and it is an increasing function for $\mu>1$ - $\sqrt{1-\frac{c}{b}}$

Qualitative effect of m on E[X] in the Moran DB life cycle

We have already checked that BDB>0

3) Expected Frequency Equations

Generic method

Here we use the methodology presented in Débarre 2017 JTB, and similar terminology and decomposition of E[X].

The derivation is much more tedious... but it allows us to consider other kinds of subdivided populations:

- we do not specify the values of dself, din and dout (for instance we can have dself =0, no replacement of the parent by the offspring),
- we do not specify the values of eself, ein and eout (for instance, we can have eout proportional to dout, i.e. not restrict social interaction to deme-mates).

Formulas for the different life-cycles

The formulas for each term is obtained by hand, by replacing the dispersal and interaction graphs by their formulas in a subdivided population, from the equations given in Appendix B1. In some cases (e.g., β I for the Moran DB life-cycle), there is a large number of cases to consider when unpacking the sums. D corresponds to direct / primary effects,

I corresponds to indirect / secondary effects.

Moran, Birth-Death

```
β
```

```
ln[383] = \beta BDD = (1 - \mu) (eself + (n - 1) ein Qin + (n d - n) eout Qout);
ln[384] = \beta BDI = dselfeself + (n-1) din ein + (n d - n) dout eout (*)
            *) + (n-1) (din eself + dself ein + (n-2) din ein + (nd-n) dout eout) Qin (*
            *) + (nd - n) (dself eout + (n-1) din eout +
                dout eself + (n-1) dout ein + (n d - 2 n) dout eout) Qout (*
            *) -\frac{\mu}{n d} (1 + (n-1) Qin + (n d - n) Qout) (eself + (n-1) ein + (n d - n) eout);
ln[385]:= factorBD = \frac{p (1-p)}{\mu}
Out[385]= \frac{(1-p) p}{\mu}
ln[386]:= \beta BD = factor BD (\beta BDD - \beta BDI);
In[387] = \gamma BDD = 1 - \mu;
ln[388]:= \gamma BDI = dself + (n-1) din Qin + (n d - n) dout Qout - \frac{\mu}{n d} (1 + (n-1) Qin + (n d - n) Qout);
```

```
In[389]:= \gammaBD = factorBD (\gammaBDD - \gammaBDI) // FullSimplify
Out[389]= \frac{1}{d n \mu} (-1 + p) p \left(d n \left(-1 + d \right) - 1 + d \right) \left(-1 + n\right) \left(-1 + d\right) \left(-1 + d\right) + d \left(-1 + d\right) \left(-1 + d\right) \left(-1 + d\right) + d \left(-1 + d\right) \left(-1 + d\right) + d \left(-1 + d\right) \left(-1 + d\right) + d \left(-1 + d\right) 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                (-1 + Qin + n (d - Qin + Qout - d Qout)) \mu
```

Moran, Death-Birth

β

```
In[390] := \beta DBD = \beta BDD
Out[390]= (eself + ein (-1 + n) Qin + eout (-n + dn) Qout) (1 - \mu)
ln[391]:= \beta DBI = (1 - \mu) (1 * dself dself eself * 1 (*)
             02*) + (n-1) dself din ein * 1(*)
             03*) + (nd - n) dself dout eout *1(*)
             04*) + (n - 1) dself dself ein Qin(*
             05*) + (n - 1) dself din eself Qin(*
             06*) + (n-1) (n-2) dself din ein Qin (*)
             07*) + (n-1) (nd-n) dself dout eout Qin(*)
             08*) + (nd - n) dself dself eout Qout(*
             09*) + (nd - n) (n - 1) dself din eout Qout(*)
             10*) + (n d - n) dself dout eself Qout (*
             11*) + (nd - n) (n - 1) dself dout ein Qout(*)
             12*) + (nd - n) (nd - 2n) dself dout eout Qout (*)
             13*) + (n - 1) din dself eself Qin(*
             14*) + (n - 1) din din ein Qin(*
             15*) + (n-1) (n-2) din din ein Qin (*)
             16*) + (n-1) (nd-n) din dout eout Qin(*)
             17*) + (n - 1) din dself ein (*
             18*) + (n - 1) din din eself(*
             19*) + (n-1) (n-2) din din ein (*)
             20*) + (n-1) (nd-n) din dout eout(*
             21*) + (n - 1) (n - 2) din dself ein Qin(*
             22*) + (n-1) (n-2) din din ein Qin(*
             23*) + (n-1) (n-2) din din eself Qin(*
             24*) + (n-1) (n-2) (n-3) din din ein Qin (*)
             25*) + (n-1) (n-2) (nd-n) din dout eout Qin(*)
             26*) + (n-1) (nd-n) din dself eout Qout(*)
             27*) + (n-1) (nd-n) din din eout Qout(*)
             (28*) + (n-1) (nd-n) (n-2) din din eout Qout (*)
             29*) + (n-1) (nd-n) din dout eself Qout(*
             30*) + (n-1) (nd-n) (n-1) din dout ein Qout (*)
             31*) + (n-1) (nd-n) (nd-2n) din dout eout Qout(*)
             32*) + (n d - n) dout dself eself Qout (*
```

```
34*) + (n d - n) dout dout eout Qout(*
             35*) + (nd - n) (n - 1) dout dout eout Qout (*)
             36*) + (nd - n) (nd - 2n) dout dout eout Qout (*)
             37*) + (nd - n) (n - 1) dout dself ein Qout (*)
             38*) + (nd - n) (n - 1) dout din eself Qout (*)
             39*) + (nd - n) (n - 1) (n - 2) dout din ein Qout (*)
             40*) + (nd - n) (n - 1) dout dout eout Qout (*)
             41*) + (nd - n) (n - 1) (n - 1) dout dout eout Qout (*
             42*) + (nd - n) (n - 1) (nd - 2n) dout dout eout Qout(*
             43*) + (nd - n) dout dself eout (*)
             44*) + (nd - n) (n - 1) dout din eout(*
             45*) + (nd - n) dout dout eself(*
             46*) + (nd - n) (n - 1) dout dout ein(*)
             47*) + (nd - n) (nd - 2n) dout dout eout (*)
             48*) + (nd - n) (n - 1) dout dself eout Qin(*)
             49*) + (nd - n) (n - 1) (n - 1) dout din eout Qin(*)
             50*) + (nd - n) (n - 1) dout dout ein Qin(*)
             51*) + (nd - n) (n - 1) dout dout eself Qin(*)
             52*) + (nd - n) (n - 1) (n - 2) dout dout ein Qin (*)
             53*) + (nd-n) (n-1) (nd-2n) dout dout eout Qin(*)
             54*) + (nd - n) (nd - 2n) dout dself eout Qout (*
             55*) + (nd-n) (nd-2n) (n-1) dout din eout Qout (*
             56*) + (nd - n) (nd - 2n) dout dout eout Qout (*)
             57*) + (nd-n) (nd-2n) (n-1) dout dout eout Qout(*
             58*) + (nd - n) (nd - 2n) dout dout eself Qout(*
             59*) + (nd-n) (nd-2n) (n-1) dout dout ein Qout(*
             60*) + (nd - n) (nd - 2n) (nd - 3n) dout dout eout Qout);
In[392]:= factorDB = factorBD
Out[392]= (1-p)p
ln[393] = \beta DB = factorDB (\beta DBD - \beta DBI) // FullSimplify
Out[393]= \frac{1}{\mu} (1 - p) p (eself + ein (-1 + n) Qin + (-1 + d) eout n Qout -
           dself^{2} (eself + ein (-1 + n) Qin + (-1 + d) eout n Qout) - din<sup>2</sup> (-1 + n) (eself +
               eself (-2+n) Qin + ein (-2+n+(3+(-3+n) n) Qin) + (-1+d) eout (-1+n) n Qout) -
           (-1+d) dout<sup>2</sup> n ( (eself + ein (-1+n) + (-2+d) eout n) (1+ (-1+n) Qin) +
               n((-2+d) \text{ eself} + (-2+d) \text{ ein } (-1+n) + (3+(-3+d) \text{ d}) \text{ eout } n) \text{ Qout}) - 2(-1+d) \text{ dout}
            dselfn(eself+ein(-1+n))Qout+eout(1+(-1+n)Qin+(-2+d)nQout))
           2 din (-1+n) (dself (ein + eself Qin + ein (-2+n) Qin + (-1+d) eout n Qout) + (-1+d)
                dout n (eout + eout (-1+n) Qin + (eself + ein (-1+n) + (-2+d) eout n) Qout))) (1-\mu)
```

33*) + (nd - n) (n - 1) dout din ein Qout (*)

Wright - Fisher

The formulas are the same as the Moran DB life-cycle, only the probabilities of identity by descent Q will differ.

```
β
```

```
In[397]:= βWFI = βDBI;
βWFD = βDBD;
βWF = βDB;

/
In[400]:= γWF = γDB;
γWFD = γDBD;
γWFI = γDBI;
```

Check the results numerically

We use generic equations valid for any life-cycle and any graph, and adapt them to our life-cycles and to a subdivided population. We compare the numerical results to the ones obtained with the equations written above.

Full functions, any life-cycle

 β and γ were calculated by hand - these are generic equations value for any life-cycle and any regular graph.

(see Appendix B1 for details, and Debarre 2017 JTB for even further details)

```
In[403]:= GetBeta[sBf_, Df_, G_, GE_, Qmat_, N_, graphdegree_, Bstar_] :=
        Module [{part1, part2, factor},
         factor = \frac{p(1-p)}{\mu \text{ N Bstar}};
         part1 = Sum[((1-\mu) \text{ sBf}[G, N, \text{graphdegree}, j, l] - Df[G, N, \text{graphdegree}, j, l]) *
              GE[[k, l] * Qmat[[j, k]], {j, 1, n}, {k, 1, n}, {l, 1, n}];
          factor * part1
       GetGamma[sBf_, Df_, G_, GE_, Qmat_, N_, graphdegree_, Bstar_] :=
        Module {part1, part2, factor},
         factor = \frac{p(1-p)}{\mu \text{ N Bstar}};
         part1 = Sum[((1 - \mu) \text{ sBf}[G, N, \text{ graphdegree}, j, k] - \text{Df}[G, N, \text{ graphdegree}, j, k]) *
              Qmat[[j, k]], \{j, 1, N\}, \{k, 1, N\}];
          factor *
           part1
   Moran DB
       Define \delta B and \delta D
      graphdegree is the degree of the graph, here equal to 1
In[405]:= sBfDB[G_, N_, graphdegree_, j_, k_] :=
          (Delta[k-j] graphdegree<sup>2</sup> - Sum[G[j, i] G[k, i], \{i, 1, n\}]) / (N graphdegree<sup>2</sup>);
      DfDB[G_, N_, graphdegree_, j_, k_] := 0;
      BstarDB = \frac{1}{N};
       β
       Numerical comparison for the population of size 12
```

GE12generic, Q12generic, 12, 1, BstarDB $/. N \rightarrow 12$ // FullSimplify

18 dout dself (eout + 2 eout Qin + 2 ein Qout + 6 eout Qout + eself Qout) +

 $9 \text{ dout}^2 (2 \text{ ein} + 6 \text{ eout} + \text{ eself}) (1 + 2 \text{ Qin}) + 3 (4 \text{ ein} + 21 \text{ eout} + 2 \text{ eself}) \text{ Qout} +$

9 dout (eout + 2 eout Qin + 2 ein Qout + 6 eout Qout + eself Qout))) $(-1 + \mu)$

2 din² (ein + eself + 3 ein Qin + eself Qin + 18 eout Qout) +

4 din (dself (ein + (ein + eself) Qin + 9 eout Qout) +

In[408]:= βDBexemple = GetBeta[sBfDB, DfDB, G12generic,

 $ln[409]:= \beta DBexemple - \beta DB /. \{n \rightarrow 3, d \rightarrow 4\} // FullSimplify$

Out[409]= **0**

The difference is zero: we are fine!

Numerical comparison for the population of size 10

In[410]:= βDBexemple2 = GetBeta[sBfDB, DfDB, G10generic,

GE10generic, Q10generic, 10, 1, BstarDB /. N → 10] // FullSimplify

$$ln[411]:=\beta DBexemple2 - \beta DB /. \{n \rightarrow 5, d \rightarrow 2\} // FullSimplify$$

Out[411]= **0**

The difference is zero: we are fine!

V

Numerical comparison for the population of size 12

In[412]:=
$$\gamma$$
DBexemple = GetGamma [sBfDB, DfDB, G12generic, GE12generic, Q12generic, 12, 1, BstarDB /. $\mathbb{N} \rightarrow 12$] // FullSimplify

Out[412]= $-\frac{1}{\mu}(-1+p)$ p $\left(-1+\mathrm{dself}^2+2\,\mathrm{din}^2\,\left(1+\mathrm{Qin}\right)+4\,\mathrm{din}\,\left(\mathrm{dself}\,\mathrm{Qin}+9\,\mathrm{dout}\,\mathrm{Qout}\right)+9\,\mathrm{dout}\,\left(\mathrm{dout}+2\,\mathrm{dout}\,\mathrm{Qin}+6\,\mathrm{dout}\,\mathrm{Qout}+2\,\mathrm{dself}\,\mathrm{Qout}\right)\right)$ $\left(-1+\mu\right)$

$$_{\text{In}[413]:=}$$
 $\gamma DB exemple$ – γDB /. $\left\{ n \rightarrow 3\text{ , } d \rightarrow 4\right\}$ // FullSimplify

Out[413]= 0

The difference is zero: we are fine!

Numerical comparison for the population of size 10

| In[414]:= γDBexemple2 = GetGamma sBfDB, DfDB, G10generic, GE10generic, Q10generic, 10, 1, BstarDB $/. N \rightarrow 10$] // FullSimplify

$$\text{Out} [414] = -\frac{1}{\mu} \left(-1 + p \right) \ p \ \left(-1 + \text{dself}^2 + 4 \ \text{din}^2 \ \left(1 + 3 \ \text{Qin} \right) + 8 \ \text{din} \ \left(\text{dself Qin} + 5 \ \text{dout Qout} \right) + 5 \ \text{dout} \ \left(\text{dout} + 4 \ \text{dout Qin} + 2 \ \text{dself Qout} \right) \right) \ \left(-1 + \mu \right)$$

In[415]:=
$$\gamma DBexemple2 - \gamma DB$$
 /. $\{n \rightarrow 5, d \rightarrow 2\}$ // FullSimplify

Out[415]= **0**

The difference is zero: we are fine!

Moran BD

The structure is the same as for Moran DB above - comments are lighter here!

Define δB and δD

$$\label{eq:bound} \begin{array}{ll} \text{In[416]:=} & \text{SBfBD}\big[\text{G}_, \text{N}_, \text{ graphdegree}_, \text{j}_, \text{k}_\big] := \frac{\text{Delta}\big[\text{k}-\text{j}\big] \, \text{N}-1}{\text{N}^2} \,; \\ \\ \text{DfBD}\big[\text{G}_, \text{N}_, \text{ graphdegree}_, \text{j}_, \text{k}_\big] := \frac{\text{G}\big[\![\text{k}, \text{j}\big]\!]}{\text{N} \, \text{graphdegree}} - \frac{1}{\text{N}^2} \,; \\ \\ \text{BstarBD} = \frac{1}{\text{N}} \,; \end{array}$$

Equations β

In[419]:= βBDexemple = GetBeta[sBfBD, DfBD, G12generic, GE12generic, Q12generic, 12, 1, BstarBD /. N → 12 // FullSimplify

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Out[419]=} & \frac{1}{12\,\mu} \\ & (-1+\text{p}) \,\,\text{p}\,\left(12\,\left(\left(-1+\text{dself}\right)\,\left(\text{eself}+2\,\text{ein}\,\text{Qin}+9\,\text{eout}\,\text{Qout}\right)+2\,\text{din}\,\left(\text{ein}+\left(\text{ein}+\text{eself}\right)\,\text{Qin}+9\,\text{eout}\,\text{Qout}\right)+9\,\text{dout}\,\left(\text{eout}+2\,\text{eout}\,\text{Qin}+2\,\text{ein}\,\text{Qout}+6\,\text{eout}\,\text{Qout}+\exp\text{eself}\,\text{Qout}\right)\right)+\left(-9\,\text{eout}+11\,\text{eself}-2\,\left(\text{ein}-10\,\text{ein}\,\text{Qin}+\left(9\,\text{eout}+\text{eself}\right)\,\text{Qin}\right)-9\,\left(2\,\text{ein}-3\,\text{eout}+\text{eself}\right)\,\text{Qout}\right)\,\mu\right) \end{array}$$

Check also the different terms separately

In[420]:=
$$\beta$$
IBDtest = $Sum\left[\left(\frac{\mu}{N^2} - \frac{G[[l,j]]}{N}\right) GE[[k,l]] Q[[j,k]], \{j,1,N\}, \{k,1,N\}, \{l,1,N\}]\right]$ /.
 $\left\{G \rightarrow G12generic, GE \rightarrow GE12generic, Q \rightarrow Q12generic, N \rightarrow 12\right\}$ // FullSimplify // Quiet Out[420]= $-dself\left(eself + 2 ein Qin + 9 eout Qout\right) - 2 din\left(ein + (ein + eself) Qin + 9 eout Qout\right) - 9 dout\left(eout + 2 eout Qin + 2 ein Qout + 6 eout Qout + eself Qout\right) + \frac{1}{12}\left(2 ein + 9 eout + eself\right)\left(1 + 2 Qin + 9 Qout\right) \mu$

 $ln[421]:= \beta IBDtest + \beta BDI /. \{n \rightarrow 3, d \rightarrow 4\} // FullSimplify$

Out[421]= 0

$$\ln[422] := \beta \text{DBDtest} = \text{Sum} \left[\frac{(1-\mu)}{N} \text{ GE} [\![k, l]\!] \, Q[\![l, k]\!], \, \big\{k, 1, N\big\}, \, \big\{l, 1, N\big\} \right] \, / \, .$$

 $\{G \rightarrow G12generic, GE \rightarrow GE12generic, Q \rightarrow Q12generic, N \rightarrow 12\}$ // FullSimplify // Quiet

$$Out[422] = -(eself + 2 ein Qin + 9 eout Qout) (-1 + \mu)$$

$$ln[423]:=\beta DBDtest - \beta BDD /. \{n \rightarrow 3, d \rightarrow 4\} // FullSimplify$$

Out[423]= 0

$$ln[424]:= \beta BDtest = \frac{p(1-p)}{\mu} (\beta DBDtest + \beta IBDtest) // FullSimplify;$$

Numerical comparison (the differences are zero: we are fine!)

$$In[425]:=$$
 $\beta BD test - \beta BD$ /. $\left\{ n \rightarrow 3, \ d \rightarrow 4 \right\}$ // FullSimplify

Out[425]= 0

The difference is zero: we are fine!

```
ln[426]:= \beta BDD - \beta DBDtest /. \{n \rightarrow 3, d \rightarrow 4\} // FullSimplify
```

Out[426]= 0

The difference is zero: we are fine!

$$ln[427]:= \beta BDI + \beta IBDtest /. \{n \rightarrow 3, d \rightarrow 4\} // FullSimplify$$

Out[427]= 0

The difference is zero: we are fine!

Equations *y*

```
| In[428]:= γBDexemple = GetGamma sBfBD, DfBD, G12generic,
            GE12generic, Q12generic, 12, 1, BstarBD /. N → 12] // FullSimplify
Out[428]= \frac{1}{12} \mu (-1 + p) p (12 (-1 + dself + 2 din Qin + 9 dout Qout) + (11 - 2 Qin - 9 Qout) \mu)
ln[429]:= \gamma BD \times mple - \gamma BD /. \{n \rightarrow 3, d \rightarrow 4\} // Simplify
Out[429]= 0
```

The difference is zero: we are fine!

Wright-Fisher

The structure is the same as for Moran DB above - comments are lighter here!

Define δB and δD

```
In[430]:= sBfWF[G_, N_, graphdegree_, j_, k_] :=
          \frac{1}{graphdegree^2} \left( Delta[k-j] \; graphdegree^2 - Sum[G[j,\,i]] \; G[k,\,i]], \; \{i,\,1,\,N\}] \right);
       DfWF[G_, N_, graphdegree_, j_, k_] := 0;
       BstarWF = 1;
```

Equations β

```
In[433]:= βWFexemple = GetBeta[sBfWF, DfWF, G12generic,
            GE12generic, Q12generic, 12, 1, BstarWF /. N → 12] // FullSimplify
Out[433]= -\frac{1}{\mu}(-1+p) p((-1+dself^2) (eself+2einQin+9eoutQout) +
              2 din<sup>2</sup> (ein + eself + 3 ein Qin + eself Qin + 18 eout Qout) +
              18 dout dself (eout + 2 eout Qin + 2 ein Qout + 6 eout Qout + eself Qout) +
              9 \text{ dout}^2 ((2 \text{ ein} + 6 \text{ eout} + \text{ eself}) (1 + 2 \text{ Qin}) + 3 (4 \text{ ein} + 21 \text{ eout} + 2 \text{ eself}) \text{ Qout}) +
              4 din (dself (ein + (ein + eself) Qin + 9 eout Qout) +
                  9 dout (eout + 2 eout Qin + 2 ein Qout + 6 eout Qout + eself Qout))) (-1 + \mu)
```

```
ln[434]:= \beta WF exemple - \beta WF /. \{n \rightarrow 3, d \rightarrow 4\} // Simplify
Out[434]= 0
```

The difference is zero: we are fine!

Equations y

```
In[435]:= \gamma sBfWF, DfWF, G12generic,
           GE12generic, Q12generic, 12, 1, BstarWF /. N → 12 // FullSimplify
Out[435]= -\frac{1}{\mu}(-1+p) p(-1+dself^2+2din^2(1+Qin)+4din(dselfQin+9doutQout)+
            9 dout (dout + 2 dout Qin + 6 dout Qout + 2 dself Qout) (-1 + \mu)
ln[436]:= \gamma WF = \gamma WF /. \{n \rightarrow 3, d \rightarrow 4\} // Simplify
Out[436]= 0
```

The difference is zero: we are fine!

Expected frequencies of altruists in the population

Moran BD

```
\ln[437] = \text{EXBD} = p + \delta \left(\beta \text{BD b} - \gamma \text{BD c}\right) / \cdot \left\{\text{Qin} \rightarrow \text{QinM}, \text{Qout} \rightarrow \text{QoutM}\right\} / \cdot \text{genericde} / / \text{Simplify}
Out[437]= (p(b-c)(-1+p)\delta\mu(m-n+Idself(-1+m)(-1+\mu)+\mu-m\mu)+
                       d^2 (-c Idself m n \delta - c m<sup>2</sup> n \delta + c Idself m<sup>2</sup> n \delta + c m n<sup>2</sup> \delta + c Idself m n p \delta + c m<sup>2</sup> n p \delta -
                             c Idself m<sup>2</sup> n p \delta - c m n<sup>2</sup> p \delta + Idself \mu - Idself m \mu - n \mu + 2 m n \mu - m n<sup>2</sup> \mu + 2 c Idself \delta \mu -
                             2 c Idself m \delta \mu – 2 c n \delta \mu – c Idself n \delta \mu + 2 c m n \delta \mu + 2 c Idself m n \delta \mu + c m<sup>2</sup> n \delta \mu –
                             c Idself m<sup>2</sup> n \delta \mu + c n<sup>2</sup> \delta \mu - 2 c m n<sup>2</sup> \delta \mu - 2 c Idself p \delta \mu + 2 c Idself m p \delta \mu +
                             2 c n p \delta \mu + c Idself n p \delta \mu - 2 c m n p \delta \mu - 2 c Idself m n p \delta \mu - c m<sup>2</sup> n p \delta \mu +
                             c Idself m<sup>2</sup> n p \delta \mu – c n<sup>2</sup> p \delta \mu + 2 c m n<sup>2</sup> p \delta \mu – Idself \mu<sup>2</sup> + Idself m \mu<sup>2</sup> + 2 n \mu<sup>2</sup> – 2 m n \mu<sup>2</sup> –
                             n^2 \mu^2 + m n^2 \mu^2 - c Idself \delta \mu^2 + c Idself m \delta \mu^2 + 2 c n \delta \mu^2 - 2 c m n \delta \mu^2 - c n^2 \delta \mu^2 +
                             c m n<sup>2</sup> \delta \mu^2 + c Idself p \delta \mu^2 - c Idself m p \delta \mu^2 - 2 c n p \delta \mu^2 + 2 c m n p \delta \mu^2 + c n<sup>2</sup> p \delta \mu^2 -
                             c m n^2 p \delta \mu^2 + b (-1 + g) (-1 + p) \delta (-1 + g) (-1 + \mu) - \mu (m + n (-1 + \mu) - \mu) +
                                     (-1 + m) n (-2 + \mu) \mu + Idself (-1 + m) (Ieself (m (-1 + \mu) - \mu) - (-2 + \mu) \mu))
                       d(m^2(-1 + \mu)(-1 + c(-1 + p)\delta + b(\delta - p\delta) + \mu) +
                             2 \operatorname{cp} \delta \mu - \operatorname{b} (-1 + \operatorname{p}) \delta (-3 + \operatorname{Ieself} + \operatorname{g} (2 + \operatorname{Ieself} (-1 + \mu) - \mu) + \mu - \operatorname{Ieself} \mu)) +
                                    n^{2} \ (\mu + c \ \delta \ (-1 + p + \mu - p \ \mu) \ ) \ ) + m \ \left( n \ (b \ (\delta - p \ \delta) \ - \ (-1 + c \ (-1 + p) \ \delta) \ (-1 + \mu) \ ) \ - \ (-1 + c \ (-1 + p) \ \delta) \ (-1 + \mu) \ ) \ - \ (-1 + c \ (-1 + p) \ \delta) \ (-1 + \mu) \ ) \ ) + m \ (-1 + p \ \delta) \ (-1 + \mu) \ ) \ ) + m \ (-1 + p \ \delta) \ (-1 + \mu) \ ) \ ) + m \ (-1 + p \ \delta) \ (-1 + \mu) \ ) \ )
                                     (-1+p) \delta \mu (2c (-1+\mu) + b (2-Ieself - 2\mu + g (-2+Ieself + \mu)))) +
                             Idself (-1+m) (m(1+b(-1+p)\delta+c(\delta-p\delta)-\mu)(-1+\mu)+\mu(1-\mu+c(-1+p))
                                             \delta (-3 + n + 2 \mu) + b (-1 + p) \delta (3 - Ieself - 2 \mu + g (-2 + Ieself + \mu))))))))
              (d (m^2 (-1 + \mu)^2 - Idself (-1 + m) (-1 + \mu) (m (-1 + \mu) + \mu - d \mu) - Idself (-1 + m))
                       (-1+d) n \mu (1+(-2+n) \mu) +
                       m n (-1 + \mu) (1 + d (-2 + n) \mu))
```

Moran DB

```
In[438]:= EXDB = p + δ (βDB b - γDB c) /. {Qin → QinM, Qout → QoutM} /. genericde // Simplify
Out[438]= \left( p \left( (-1+n) \left( n-d n \right)^3 \left( -m^2 \left( -1+\mu \right)^2 + Idself \left( -1+m \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( m \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+m \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( m \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+m \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( m \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+m \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( m \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+m \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( m \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+m \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( m \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+m \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( m \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+m \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( m \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+m \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( m \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+m \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( m \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+m \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( m \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+m \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( m \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+m \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+m \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+m \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+\mu \right) \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu \right) + Idself \left( -1+\mu \right) + \mu - d \mu + \mu - d \mu \right) + \mu - d \mu + 
                                                                                                (-1+d) n \mu (1+(-2+n) \mu) - m n (-1+\mu) (1+d (-2+n) \mu) +
                                                                           (-1+d)^2 n^3 (1-p) \delta (-1+\mu) (c (-1+d) (-1+n) (mn (2+d (n (-1+\mu) -2 \mu)) - (-1+d)^2 n^3 (1-p) \delta (-1+\mu) (-1+
                                                                                                                      (-1+d) (-2+n) n \mu + m^2 (-2+d n + \mu) - Idself^2 (-1+m)^2 (d (m (-1+\mu) - \mu) + \mu) + \mu
                                                                                                                    Idself (-1 + m) (d m^2 (-1 + \mu) + 2 (-1 + d) \mu + m (2 - 2 d \mu))) +
                                                                                              b (2 \text{ m}^2 - 2 \text{ d} \text{ m}^2 - 2 \text{ d} \text{ Ieself m}^2 + 2 \text{ d}^2 \text{ Ieself m}^2 + 2 \text{ d} \text{ g Ieself m}^2 - 2 \text{ d}^2 \text{ g Ieself m}^2 +
                                                                                                                    dgm^3 + dIeselfm^3 - d^2Ieselfm^3 - dgIeselfm^3 + d^2gIeselfm^3 - 2mn + 2dmn +
                                                                                                                   2 d Ieself m n - 2 d^2 Ieself m n - 2 d g Ieself m n + 2 d^2 g Ieself m n - 2 m^2 n +
                                                                                                                    3 d m^2 n - d^2 m^2 n - 2 d g m^2 n + d^2 g m^2 n - d m^3 n + d^2 m^3 n - d^2 g m^3 n + 2 m n^2 - 3 d m n^2 +
                                                                                                                    d^2 m n^2 + d g m n^2 - d^2 g m n^2 - d Ieself m n^2 + d^2 Ieself m n^2 + d g Ieself m n^2 - d
                                                                                                                    d^2 g Ieself m n^2 + d m<sup>2</sup> n^2 - d^2 m<sup>2</sup> n^2 + d^2 g m<sup>2</sup> n^2 + 2 g m \mu - 2 d g m \mu + 2 Ieself m \mu -
                                                                                                                    4 d Ieself m \mu + 2 d<sup>2</sup> Ieself m \mu - 2 g Ieself m \mu + 4 d g Ieself m \mu - 2 d<sup>2</sup> g Ieself m \mu -
                                                                                                                   m^2 \mu + d m^2 \mu - g m^2 \mu + 2 d g m^2 \mu - Ieself m^2 \mu + 4 d Ieself m^2 \mu - 3 d^2 Ieself m^2 \mu +
                                                                                                                   g Ieself m<sup>2</sup> \mu – 4 d g Ieself m<sup>2</sup> \mu + 3 d<sup>2</sup> g Ieself m<sup>2</sup> \mu – d g m<sup>3</sup> \mu – d Ieself m<sup>3</sup> \mu +
                                                                                                                    d^2 Ieself m^3 \mu + d g Ieself m^3 \mu - d^2 g Ieself m^3 \mu + 2 n \mu - 4 d n \mu + 2 d^2 n \mu -
                                                                                                                   2 g n \mu + 4 d g n \mu - 2 d<sup>2</sup> g n \mu - 2 Ieself n \mu + 4 d Ieself n \mu - 2 d<sup>2</sup> Ieself n \mu +
                                                                                                                    2 g Ieself n \mu - 4 d g Ieself n \mu + 2 d<sup>2</sup> g Ieself n \mu - 2 m n \mu + 6 d m n \mu - 4 d<sup>2</sup> m n \mu -
                                                                                                                   4 d g m n \mu + 4 d<sup>2</sup> g m n \mu - 2 d Ieself m n \mu + 2 d<sup>2</sup> Ieself m n \mu + 2 d g Ieself m n \mu -
                                                                                                                    2 d^{2} g Ieself m n \mu + 2 m<sup>2</sup> n \mu - 5 d m<sup>2</sup> n \mu + 3 d<sup>2</sup> m<sup>2</sup> n \mu + 2 d g m<sup>2</sup> n \mu - 3 d<sup>2</sup> g m<sup>2</sup> n \mu +
                                                                                                                    d m^3 n \mu - d^2 m^3 n \mu + d^2 g m^3 n \mu - n^2 \mu + 2 d n^2 \mu - d^2 n^2 \mu + g n^2 \mu - 2 d g n^2 \mu + d^2 g n^2 \mu + 
                                                                                                                    Ieself n^2 \mu – 2 d Ieself n^2 \mu + d^2 Ieself n^2 \mu – g Ieself n^2 \mu + 2 d g Ieself n^2 \mu –
                                                                                                                    d^2 g Ieself n^2 \mu – d m n^2 \mu + d^2 m n^2 \mu + d g m n^2 \mu – d^2 g m n^2 \mu + d Ieself m n^2 \mu –
                                                                                                                    d^2 Ieself m n^2 \mu - d g Ieself m n^2 \mu + d^2 g Ieself m n^2 \mu - (-1 + d) (-1 + g)
                                                                                                                            Idself<sup>2</sup> (-1 + Ieself) (-1 + m)^2 (d (m (-1 + \mu) - \mu) + \mu) + Idself (-1 + m)
                                                                                                                              d m^2 (-1-2 g (-1+Ieself) + 2 Ieself + d (-1+g) (-1+2 Ieself - n) - n) (-1+g) = (-1+g) (-1+g) (-1+g) = (-1+g) (-1+g) = (-1+g) (-1+g) = (-1+g) (-1+g) = (-1
                                                                                                                                                              \mu) + 2 (-1 + d)^2 (-1 + g) (-1 + Ieself) \mu - 2 (-1 + d) m (-1 + n + g) \mu + Ieself \mu -
                                                                                                                                                              g Ieself \mu – n \mu – d (-1 + g) (Ieself + n (-1 + \mu) + \mu – 2 Ieself \mu)))))) /
                                             (-1+n) (n-dn)^3 (-m^2 (-1+\mu)^2 + Idself (-1+m) (-1+\mu) (m (-1+\mu) + \mu - d\mu) + \mu - d\mu)
                                                                         (-1 + d)
                                                                                 n
                                                                                 (1 + (-2 + n) \mu) - m
                                                                                 n
                                                                                 (-1 + \mu)
                                                                                 (1 + d (-2 + n) \mu))
```

Wright - Fisher

In[439] = EXWF = p + δ (βWF b - γWF c) /. {Qin → QinWF, Qout → QoutWF} /. genericde // Simplify

$$\begin{split} \log \log \left[- p + \frac{1}{p} \left(1 - p \right) \, p \, \delta \left[- c \left(1 - \mu - \left(1 - \mu \right) \, \left[\frac{Idsel f^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2}{n^2} + \frac{\left(- 1 - m \right)^2 \left(Idsel f - n \right)^2}{\left(1 + n \right) \, n^2} + \frac{m^2}{\left(- 1 + d \right) \, n} - \left(\left(2 + d \left(- 2 + m \right) \right) \, m \, \left[- \frac{1}{1 - \frac{41 + d + 1 + m \right)^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2}}{1 - \frac{41 + d + 1 + m \left(2 + 1 + m \right)^2}{\left(- 1 + d \right)^2}} + \frac{1}{2 \, \mu - \mu^2}} \right] \right] \right/ \\ & \left[\left(2 \left(1 + d \right) \, Idsel f \left(1 + m \right)^2 - \left(1 + d \right) \, Idsel f^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2 + \left(1 + d \right) \right. \right. \\ & \left(- 2 + n \right) \, n - 2 \left(- 1 + d \right) \, m \, \left(- 2 + n \right) \, n + m^2 \left(1 + d \left(- 2 + n \right) \, n \right) \right) \\ & \left(- 2 + n \right) \, n - 2 \left(- 1 + d \right) \, m \, \left(- 2 + n \right) \, n + m^2 \left(1 + d \left(- 2 + n \right) \, n \right) \right) \\ & \left(- 1 + n \right) \, m \, \left(\frac{-1 + d}{1 - \frac{41 + d \left(- 1 + m \right)^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2}{\left(- 1 + d \right)^2 \left(- 1 + d \right)^2} + \frac{1}{2 \, \mu - \mu^2} \right) \right] \right/ \left[\left(- 1 + d \right) \right. \\ & \left(- 1 + n \right) \, m \, \left(\frac{-1 + d}{1 - \frac{41 + d \left(- 1 + m \right)^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2}{1 - \frac{41 + d \left(- 1 + m \right)^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2}{\left(- 1 + d \right)^2} + \frac{1}{2 \, \mu - \mu^2} \right) \right] \right/ \right] \\ & \left[\frac{-1 + d}{n} \, \left(\frac{1 + d}{1 - \frac{41 + d \left(- 1 + m \right)^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2}{\left(- 1 + d \right)^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2} + \frac{1}{2 \, \mu - \mu^2} \right) \right] \right/ \right] \\ & \left[\left(1 - g \right) \, \left(Iesel f - n \right) \, \left(\frac{-1 + d}{1 - \frac{41 + d \left(- 1 + m \right)^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2}{\left(- 1 + d \right)^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2} + \frac{1}{2 \, \mu - \mu^2} \right) \right] \right/ \right] \\ & \left[n \, \left(\frac{1 + d}{1 - \frac{41 + d \left(- 1 + m \right)^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2}{\left(- 1 + d \right)^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2} + \frac{1}{2 \, \mu - \mu^2} \right) \right] \right/ \right] \\ & \left[n \, \left(\frac{1 + d}{1 - \frac{41 + d \left(- 1 + m \right)^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2}{\left(- 1 + d \right)^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2} + \frac{1}{2 \, \mu - \mu^2} \right) \right] \right) \right/ \\ & \left[n \, \left(\frac{1 + d}{1 - \frac{41 + d \left(- 1 + m \right)^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2}{\left(- 1 + d \right)^2 \left(- 1 + m \right)^2} + \frac{1}{2 \, \mu - \mu^2} \right) \right] \right) \right/ \\ & \left[n \, \left(\frac{1 + d}{1 - \frac{41 + d \left(- 1 + m \right)^2 \left($$

$$\left(\frac{-1+d}{1-\frac{(1+d)(-1+m))^2}{(-1+d)^2}} + \frac{d}{1-\frac{(-1+Idself)^2(-1+m)^2}{(-1+n)^2}} + \frac{1}{2\,\mu-\mu^2} \right) + \\ \left(g\left(-1+n\right) \left(\frac{-1+d}{1-\frac{(1+d)(-1+m))^2(-1+\mu)^2}{(-1+d)^2}} - \frac{d}{1-\frac{(-1+Idself)^2(-1+m)^2(-1+\mu)^2}{(-1+n)^2}} + \frac{1}{2\,\mu-\mu^2} \right) \right) \right/ \\ \left(n \left(\frac{-1+d}{1-\frac{(1+d)(-1+m))^2(-1+\mu)^2}{(-1+d)^2}} + \frac{d}{1-\frac{(-1+Idself)^2(-1+m)^2(-1+\mu)^2}{(-1+n)^2}} + \frac{1}{2\,\mu-\mu^2} \right) \right) \right) + \frac{1}{n} \right)$$

$$Idself\left(1-m \right) \left(\frac{(-1+g)\left(Ieself-n \right)}{(-1+n)} + \left(g\left(-\frac{1}{1-\frac{(1+d)(-1+m))^2(-1+\mu)^2}{(-1+d)^2}} + \frac{1}{2\,\mu-\mu^2} \right) \right) \right) \right/ \\ \left(\frac{-1+d}{1-\frac{(1+d)(-1+m))^2(-1+\mu)^2}{(-1+d)^2}} + \frac{d}{1-\frac{(-1+Idself)^2(-1+m)^2(-1+\mu)^2}{(-1+n)^2}} + \frac{1}{2\,\mu-\mu^2} \right) \right) \right/ \\ \left(\frac{-1+d}{1-\frac{(1+d)(-1+m))^2(-1+\mu)^2}{(-1+d)^2}} + \frac{d}{1-\frac{(-1+Idself)^2(-1+m)^2(-1+\mu)^2}{(-1+n)^2}} + \frac{1}{2\,\mu-\mu^2} \right) \right) / \\ \left(n \left(\frac{-1+d}{1-\frac{(1+d)(-1+m))^2(-1+\mu)^2}{(-1+d)^2}} + \frac{d}{1-\frac{(-1+Idself)^2(-1+m)^2(-1+\mu)^2}{(-1+n)^2}} + \frac{1}{2\,\mu-\mu^2} \right) \right) / \\ \left(1-g \right) \left(Ieself-n \right) \left(-2+n \right) \left(\frac{-1+d}{1-\frac{(1+d)(-1+m)^2(-1+\mu)^2}{(-1+n)^2}} + \frac{1}{2\,\mu-\mu^2} \right) \right) / \\ \left(1-g \right) \left(Ieself-n \right) \left(-2+n \right) \left(\frac{-1+d}{1-\frac{(1+d)(-1+m)^2(-1+\mu)^2}{(-1+n)^2}}} + \frac{1}{2\,\mu-\mu^2} \right) \right) / \\ \left(\frac{-1+d}{1-\frac{(1+d)(-1+m)^2(-1+\mu)^2}{(-1+n)^2}} + \frac{d}{1-\frac{(-1+Idself)^2(-1+m)^2(-1+\mu)^2}{(-1+n)^2}}} + \frac{1}{2\,\mu-\mu^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

Export to R

Export the EX formulas to R

Rewrite the Greek letters

$$\begin{array}{ll} & \ln[440]:= \text{ GreekTerms} = \left\{\delta \rightarrow \text{sel, } \mu \rightarrow \text{mut}\right\} \\ & \text{Out}[440]:= \left\{\delta \rightarrow \text{sel, } \mu \rightarrow \text{mut}\right\} \end{array}$$

Common parts to all functions

```
In[441]:= FunctionPartB = " <- function(b, c, p, sel, mut, m, g, n, d, Idself, Ieself) {</pre>
     ## Arguments:
     # b
           benefit of interaction
             cost of interaction
     # C
     # p mutation bias
     # sel intensity of selection
        mut mutation probability
             emigration probability
     #
             proportion of
     # g
          interactions out of the group (interaction equivalent of m)
             deme size
     # n
     # d
             number of demes
     # Idself whether reproduction in site where the parent is
     # Ieself whether interactions with oneself
      return(
      ";
     FunctionPartE = ")
     }";
     Function to translate Mathematica to R
In[443]:= ToRForm[x_] := ToString[x /. GreekTerms // CForm]
     Do it for all life cycles
In[444]:= RtxtBD = "pBD " <> FunctionPartB <> ToRForm[EXBD] <> FunctionPartE;
      RtxtDB = "pDB " <> FunctionPartB <> ToRForm[EXDB] <> FunctionPartE;
     RtxtWF = "pWF " <> FunctionPartB <> ToRForm[EXWF] <> FunctionPartE;
     Define Power function in R
In[447]:= PowerDef = "Power <- function(a,b) return(a^b)";</pre>
     Combine all texts
In[448]:= Rtxt = PowerDef <> "
     " <> RtxtBD <> "
     " <> RtxtDB <> "
     " <> RtxtWF;
     Export to txt file (Mathematica did not want R)
In[449]:= Export[pathtosave <> "Mathematica/analytics.txt", Rtxt];
     Convert the file extension to R
In[450]:= cmd = "mv" <> " " <> pathtosave <>
         "Mathematica/analytics.txt "<> pathtosave <> "Mathematica/analytics.R";
In[451]:= Get["!"<> cmd];
```

Export to R the β and γ functions

Rewrite the Greek letters

```
ln[452]:= GreekTerms = \{\omega \rightarrow \text{sel}, \mu \rightarrow \text{mut}\}
Out[452]= \{\omega \rightarrow \text{sel}, \mu \rightarrow \text{mut}\}
      Common parts to all functions
In(453):= FunctionPartB = " <- function(p, sel, mut, m, g, n, d, Idself, Ieself) {</pre>
      ## Arguments:
      # p
               mutation bias
      # sel intensity of selection
      # mut mutation probability
               emigration probability
               proportion of
           interactions out of the group (interaction equivalent of m)
               deme size
               number of demes
      ± d
      # Idself whether reproduction in site where the parent is
      # Ieself whether interactions with oneself
       return(
      FunctionPartE = ")
      }";
      Function to translate Mathematica to R
In[455]:= ToRForm[x_] := ToString[x /. GreekTerms // CForm]
      Do it for \beta and \gamma
In[456]:= RtxtbBDD = "bBDD " <> FunctionPartB <> ToRForm[
           βBDD /. {Qin → QinM, Qout → QoutM} /. genericde // FullSimplify] <> FunctionPartE;
       RtxtbBDI = "bBDI " <> FunctionPartB <> ToRForm[
           βBDI /. {Qin → QinM, Qout → QoutM} /. genericde // FullSimplify] <> FunctionPartE;
      RtxtcBDD = "cBDD " <> FunctionPartB <> ToRForm[
           γBDD /. {Qin → QinM, Qout → QoutM} /. genericde // FullSimplify] <> FunctionPartE;
       RtxtcBDI = "cBDI " <> FunctionPartB <> ToRForm[
           YBDI /. {Qin → QinM, Qout → QoutM} /. genericde // FullSimplify] <> FunctionPartE;
```

```
In[460]:=
      RtxtbDBD = "bDBD " <> FunctionPartB <> ToRForm[
           βDBD /. {Qin → QinM, Qout → QoutM} /. genericde // FullSimplify] <> FunctionPartE;
      RtxtbDBI = "bDBI " <> FunctionPartB <> ToRForm[
           βDBI /. {Qin → QinM, Qout → QoutM} /. genericde // FullSimplify] <> FunctionPartE;
      RtxtcDBD = "cDBD " <> FunctionPartB <> ToRForm[
           \gamma DBD /. \{Qin \rightarrow QinM, Qout \rightarrow QoutM\} /. genericde // FullSimplify] <> FunctionPartE;
      RtxtcDBI = "cDBI " <> FunctionPartB <> ToRForm[
           γDBI /. {Qin → QinM, Qout → QoutM} /. genericde // FullSimplify] <> FunctionPartE;
In[464]:= RtxtbWFD = "bWFD " <> FunctionPartB <> ToRForm[
           βWFD /. {Qin → QinWF, Qout → QoutWF} /. genericde // Simplify] <> FunctionPartE;
      RtxtbWFI = "bWFI " <> FunctionPartB <> ToRForm[
           βWFI /. {Qin → QinWF, Qout → QoutWF} /. genericde // Simplify] <> FunctionPartE;
      RtxtcWFD = "cWFD " <> FunctionPartB <> ToRForm[
           γWFD /. {Qin → QinWF, Qout → QoutWF} /. genericde // Simplify] <> FunctionPartE;
In[467]:= RtxtcWFI = "cWFI " <> FunctionPartB <> ToRForm[
           %WFI /. {Qin → QinWF, Qout → QoutWF} /. genericde // Simplify] <> FunctionPartE;
      Define Power function in R
In[468]:= PowerDef = "Power <- function(a,b) return(a^b)";
     Combine all texts
```

```
In[469]:= Rtxt = PowerDef <> "
      " <> RtxtbBDD <> "
      "<>RtxtbBDI<>"
      " <> RtxtcBDD <> "
      " <> RtxtcBDI <> "
      " <> RtxtbDBD <> "
      " <> RtxtbDBI <> "
      " <> RtxtcDBD <> "
      " <> RtxtcDBI <> "
      " <> RtxtbWFD <> "
      " <> RtxtbWFI <> "
      " <> RtxtcWFD <> "
      " <> RtxtcWFI;
      Export to txt file (Mathematica did not want R)
In[470]:= Export[pathtosave <> "Mathematica/analyticsBC.txt", Rtxt];
      Convert the file extension to R
ln[471]:= cmd = "mv " <> pathtosave <> "Mathematica/analyticsBC.txt " <>
        pathtosave <> "Mathematica/analyticsBC.R"
Out[471]= mv
         ~/Documents/Work/Projects/2016_SocEvolSubdivPop/Programs/Mathematica/analyticsBC.
        ~/Documents/Work/Projects/2016_SocEvolSubdivPop/Programs/Mathematica/analyticsBC.R
In[472]:= Get["!"<> cmd];
```