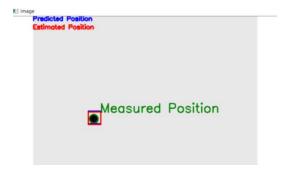
TP 1: Single Object Tracking with Kalman (Centroid-Tracker)

<u>Objective</u>: Implement object tracking in a 2D (two-dimensional) using pre-existing object detection algorithm and integrate the Kalman Filter for smooth and accurate tracking.

- Object representation: point (centroid)
- SOT (Single Object Tracker)
- ➤ Single Object Tracking



Provided Materials:

- Video: A video containing sequence of frames with one object to be tracked
- Object Detection Code: Detector.py contains one function for detecting multi-objects in each frame using Canny edge detection. It returns the centers of detected objects.

Python implementation:

The project will have two additional files: KalmanFilter.py and objTracking.py

- 1. Kalman Filter Implementation
 - 1.1 Create KalmanFilter.py. This file must contain one class called KalmanFilter consisting of three functions: __init__(), predict(), update()
 - 1.2 Function Initialization: __init()__ . The class will be initialized with six parameters:
 - dt: time for one cycle used to estimate state (sampling time)
 - u_x , u_y : accelerations in the x-, and y-directions respectively
 - std_acc: process noise magnitude
 - x_sdt_meas, y_sdt_meas :standard deviations of the measurement in the x- and y-directions respectively
 - Define:
 - Control input variables u=[u_x, u_y]
 - Initial state matrix: $(\widehat{x_k}) = [x_0 = 0, y_0 = 0, v_x = 0, v_y = 0]$
 - Matrices describing the system model A,B with respect to the sampling time dt (Δt):

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \Delta t & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \Delta t \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (6)

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2}(\Delta t)^2 & 0\\ 0 & \frac{1}{2}(\Delta t)^2\\ \Delta t & 0\\ 0 & \Delta t \end{bmatrix}$$
 (7)

Measurement mapping matrix H

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{10}$$

- Initial process noise covariance matrix Q with respect to the standard deviation of acceleration (std_acc) σ_a :
- Initial measurement noise Suppose that the measurements z (x, y) are both independent (so that covariance x and y is 0), and look only the

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{array}{cc} x & y \\ \sigma_x^2 & 0 \\ 0 & \sigma_y^2 \end{array}$$
 (13)

variance in the x and y: $x_sdt_meas = \sigma_x^2$, $y_sdt_meas = \sigma_y^2$

Initialize covariance matrix *P* for prediction error as an identity matrix whose shape is the same as the shape of the matrix *A*.

1.3 Function predict()

This function does the prediction of the state estimate \hat{x}_k^- and the error prediction P_k^- . This task also call the time update process (u) because it projects forward the current state to the next time step.

Update time state

$$\hat{\mathbf{x}}_k^- = A\hat{\mathbf{x}}_{k-1} + B\mathbf{u}_{k-1}$$

Calculate error covariance

$$\mathbf{P}_k^- = A\mathbf{P}_{k-1}A^T + \mathbf{Q}$$

1.4 Function: update ()

This, function takes measurements z_k as input (centroid coordinates x,y of detected circles)

Compute Kalman gain

$$S_k = HP_k^-H^T + R$$
$$K_k = P_k^-H^TS_k^{-1}$$

 \triangleright Update the predicted state estimate $\widehat{x_k}$ and predicted error covariance P_k

$$\hat{\mathbf{x}}_k = \hat{\mathbf{x}}_k^- + \mathbf{K}_k(\mathbf{z}_k - H\hat{\mathbf{x}}_k^-)$$
$$\mathbf{P}_k = (I - \mathbf{K}_k H)\mathbf{P}_k^-$$

- 2. Create the main file of this project that will be execute to track an object (objTracking.py)
 - 2.1 Import function detect() and KalmanFilter
 - 2.2 Create the object of the class Kalman filter and set parameters values as:
 - dt=0.1, u_x=1, u_y=1, std_acc=1, x_dt_meas=0.1, y_dt_meas=0.1
 You can also try to set other values and observe the performance.
 - 2.3 Create video capture object
 - 2.4 Object Detection Integration. Use provided object detection code to detect black cercle in each frame.
 - 2.5 If centroid is detected then track it. Call the Kalman prediction function and the Kalman filter updating function.
 - 2.6 Visualize for tracking results:
 - Draw detected circle (green color)

- Draw a blue rectangle as the predicted object position
- > Draw a red rectangle as the estimated object position
- Draw the trajectory (tracking path) in an image