latex

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Contents

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theory MC
imports Main
begin
declare [[show-types]]
thm monotone-def
definition monotone :: ('a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set) \Rightarrow bool
where monotone \tau \equiv (\forall p \ q. \ p \subseteq q \longrightarrow \tau \ p \subseteq \tau \ q)
lemma monotoneE : monotone \ \tau \Longrightarrow p \subseteq q \Longrightarrow \tau \ p \subseteq \tau \ q
\langle proof \rangle
lemma lfp1: monotone \tau \longrightarrow (lfp \ \tau = \bigcap \{Z. \ \tau \ Z \subseteq Z\})
\langle proof \rangle
lemma gfp1: monotone \tau \longrightarrow (gfp \ \tau = \bigcup \ \{Z.\ Z \subseteq \tau \ Z\})
primrec power :: ['a \Rightarrow 'a, nat] \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'a) ((- \hat{\ }-) 40)
\begin{array}{l} power\text{-}zero\text{: }(f\ \hat{\ }0)=(\lambda\ x.\ x)\ |\\ power\text{-}suc\text{: }(f\ \hat{\ }(Suc\ n))=(f\ o\ (f\ \hat{\ }n)) \end{array}
lemma predtrans-empty:
  assumes monotone \ \tau
  shows \forall i. (\tau \hat{i}) (\{\}) \subseteq (\tau \hat{i} + 1)(\{\})
\langle proof \rangle
lemma ex-card: finite S \Longrightarrow \exists n :: nat. card S = n
\langle proof \rangle
lemma less-not-le: [(x:: nat) < y; y \le x] \Longrightarrow False
{\bf lemma}\ in fchain-out runs-all:
  assumes finite (UNIV :: 'a set)
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and \forall i :: nat. (\tau \hat{i}) (\{\}:: 'a \ set) \subset (\tau \hat{i} + (1 :: nat)) \{\}
  \mathbf{shows} \ \forall j :: \ nat. \ \exists \ i :: \ nat. \ j < \ card \ ((\tau \ \hat{\ } i) \ \{\})
\langle proof \rangle
lemma no-infinite-subset-chain:
   assumes finite (UNIV :: 'a set)
                monotone \ (\tau :: ('a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set))
               \forall i :: nat. ((\tau :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set) \hat{\ } i) \{\} \subset (\tau \hat{\ } i + (1 :: nat)) (\{\} :: 'a \}
    and
set)
              False
  shows
\langle proof \rangle
lemma finite-fixp:
  assumes finite(UNIV :: 'a set)
       and monotone (\tau :: ('a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set))
    shows \exists i. (\tau \hat{i}) (\{\}) = (\tau \hat{i} + 1)(\{\})
\langle proof \rangle
lemma predtrans-UNIV:
  assumes monotone \ \tau
  shows \forall i. (\tau \hat{i}) (UNIV) \supseteq (\tau \hat{i} + 1)(UNIV)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma Suc-less-le: x < (y - n) \Longrightarrow x \le (y - (Suc \ n))
 \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{card}\text{-}\mathit{univ}\text{-}\mathit{subtract}\text{:}
  assumes finite (UNIV :: 'a set) and monotone (\tau :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a set)
      and (\forall i :: nat. ((\tau :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set) \hat{i} + (1 :: nat)) (UNIV :: 'a \ set) \subset
   shows (\forall i :: nat. card((\tau \hat{i}) (UNIV :: 'a set)) \leq (card (UNIV :: 'a set)) - i)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{card}\text{-}\mathit{UNIV}\text{-}\mathit{tau}\text{-}\mathit{i}\text{-}\mathit{below}\text{-}\mathit{zero}\text{:}
  assumes finite (UNIV :: 'a set) and monotone (\tau :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a set)
   and (\forall i :: nat. ((\tau :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set) \hat{i} + (1 :: nat)) (UNIV :: 'a \ set) \subset (\tau)
\hat{i} i UNIV
 shows card((\tau \ \hat{} \ (card\ (UNIV\ ::'a\ set)))\ (UNIV\ ::'a\ set)) \leq 0
\langle proof \rangle
lemma finite-card-zero-empty: \llbracket finite S; card S \leq 0 \rrbracket \Longrightarrow S = \{\}
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{UNIV-tau-i-is-empty} \colon
  assumes finite (UNIV :: 'a set) and monotone (\tau :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a set)
     and (\forall i :: nat. ((\tau :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set) \hat{\ } i + (1 :: nat)) (UNIV :: 'a \ set) \subset
(\tau \hat{i}) UNIV
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shows (\tau \ \hat{} (card (UNIV :: 'a set))) (UNIV :: 'a set) = \{\}
\langle proof \rangle
lemma down-chain-reaches-empty:
  assumes finite (UNIV :: 'a set) and monotone (\tau :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a set)
  and (\forall i :: nat. ((\tau :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set) \hat{i} + (1 :: nat)) \ UNIV \subset (\tau \hat{i}) \ UNIV)
 shows \exists (j :: nat). (\tau \hat{j}) UNIV = \{\}
\langle proof \rangle
lemma no-infinite-subset-chain2:
  assumes finite (UNIV :: 'a set) and monotone (\tau :: ('a set \Rightarrow 'a set))
      and \forall i :: nat. (\tau \hat{i}) \ UNIV \supset (\tau \hat{i} + (1 :: nat)) \ UNIV
  shows False
\langle proof \rangle
lemma finite-fixp2:
  assumes finite(UNIV :: 'a set) and monotone (\tau :: ('a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set))
  shows \exists i. (\tau \hat{i}) UNIV = (\tau \hat{i} + 1) UNIV
\langle proof \rangle
lemma mono-monotone: mono (\tau :: ('a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set)) \Longrightarrow monotone \ \tau
\langle proof \rangle
lemma monotone-mono: monotone (\tau :: ('a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set)) \Longrightarrow mono \ \tau
\langle proof \rangle
lemma power-power: ((\tau :: ('a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set)) \hat{} n) = ((\tau :: ('a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set)) \hat{}
\langle proof \rangle
lemma lfp-Kleene-iter-set: monotone (f :: ('a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set)) \Longrightarrow
   (f \hat{\ } Suc(n)) \{\} = (f \hat{\ } n) \{\} \Longrightarrow lfp f = (f \hat{\ } n) \{\}
\langle proof \rangle
lemma lfp-loop:
  assumes finite (UNIV :: 'b set) and monotone (\tau :: ('b set \Rightarrow 'b set))
  shows \exists n . lfp \tau = (\tau \hat{n}) \{ \}
\langle proof \rangle
lemma Kleene-iter-gpfp:
assumes mono f and p \le f p shows p \le (f^{\hat{k}}) (top::'a::order-top)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma gfp-Kleene-iter: assumes mono f and (f^{\hat{j}}Suc\ k) top = (f^{\hat{j}}k) top
shows gfp f = (f^{\hat{k}}) top
\langle proof \rangle
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lemma gfp-Kleene-iter-set:
  assumes monotone (f :: ('a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set))
      and (f \hat{\ } Suc(n)) \ UNIV = (f \hat{\ } n) \ UNIV
    shows gfp f = (f \hat{n}) UNIV
\langle proof \rangle
lemma gfp-loop:
  assumes finite (UNIV :: 'b set)
   and monotone (\tau :: ('b \ set \Rightarrow 'b \ set))
    shows \exists n : gfp \ \tau = (\tau \hat{n})(UNIV :: 'b \ set)
\langle proof \rangle
class state =
 fixes state-transition :: ['a :: type, 'a] \Rightarrow bool ((-\rightarrow_i -) 50)
definition AX where AX f \equiv \{s. \{f0. s \rightarrow_i f0\} \subseteq f\}
definition EX' where EX' f \equiv \{s : \exists f 0 \in f : s \rightarrow_i f 0 \}
definition AF where AF f \equiv lfp \ (\lambda \ Z. \ f \cup AX \ Z)
definition EF where EF f \equiv lfp \ (\lambda \ Z. \ f \cup EX' \ Z)
definition AG where AG f \equiv gfp \ (\lambda \ Z. \ f \cap AX \ Z)
definition EG where EG f \equiv gfp \ (\lambda \ Z. \ f \cap EX' \ Z)
definition AU where AU f1 f2 \equiv lfp(\lambda Z. f2 \cup (f1 \cap AX Z))
definition EU where EU f1 f2 \equiv lfp(\lambda Z. f2 \cup (f1 \cap EX'Z))
definition AR where AR f1 f2 \equiv gfp(\lambda Z. f2 \cap (f1 \cup AX Z))
definition ER where ER f1 f2 \equiv gfp(\lambda Z. f2 \cap (f1 \cup EX'Z))
datatype 'a kripke =
  Kripke 'a set 'a set
primrec states where states (Kripke\ S\ I) = S
primrec init where init (Kripke\ S\ I) = I
definition check (-\vdash -50)
 where M \vdash f \equiv (init \ M) \subseteq \{s \in (states \ M). \ s \in f \}
definition state-transition-refl ((-\rightarrow_i * -) 50)
where s \to_i * s' \equiv ((s,s') \in \{(x,y). state\text{-}transition \ x \ y\}^*)
lemma EF-lem0: (x \in EF f) = (x \in f \cup EX' (lfp (\lambda Z :: ('a :: state) set. f \cup EY'))
EX'Z)))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma EF-lem00: (EF f) = (f \cup EX' (lfp (<math>\lambda Z :: ('a :: state) set. f \cup EX' Z)))
\langle proof \rangle
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lemma EF-lem000: (EF f) = (f \cup EX'(EF f))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma EF-lem1: x \in f \lor x \in (EX'(EFf)) \Longrightarrow x \in EFf
\langle proof \rangle
lemma EF-lem2b:
    assumes x \in (EX'(EFf))
  shows x \in EF f
\langle proof \rangle
lemma EF-lem2a: assumes x \in f shows x \in EF f
\langle proof \rangle
lemma EF-lem2c: assumes x \notin f shows x \in EF (-f)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma EF-lem2d: assumes x \notin EF f shows x \notin f
\langle proof \rangle
lemma EF-lem3b: assumes x \in EX'(f \cup EX'(EFf)) shows x \in (EFf)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma EX-lem0l: x \in (EX'f) \Longrightarrow x \in (EX'(f \cup g))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma EX-lem\theta r: x \in (EX' g) \Longrightarrow x \in (EX' (f \cup g))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma EX-step: assumes x \rightarrow_i y and y \in f shows x \in EX'f
lemma EF-E[rule-format]: \forall f. x \in (EF (f :: ('a :: state) set)) \longrightarrow x \in (f \cup EX')
(EF f)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma EF-step: assumes x \rightarrow_i y and y \in f shows x \in EF f
\langle proof \rangle
lemma EF-step-step: assumes x \rightarrow_i y and y \in EF f shows x \in EF f
\langle proof \rangle
lemma EF-step-star: [x \rightarrow_i * y; y \in f] \implies x \in EF f
\langle proof \rangle
lemma EF-induct-prep:
 assumes (a::'a::state) \in lfp \ (\lambda \ Z. \ (f::'a::state \ set) \cup EX' \ Z)
       and mono (\lambda Z. (f::'a::state\ set) \cup EX'Z)
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shows (\bigwedge x::'a::state.
      x \in ((\lambda Z. (f::'a::state\ set) \cup EX'\ Z)(lfp\ (\lambda\ Z.\ (f::'a::state\ set) \cup EX'\ Z)\cap
\{x::'a::state.\ (P::'a::state \Rightarrow bool)\ x\})) \Longrightarrow P\ x) \Longrightarrow
\langle proof \rangle
lemma EF-induct: (a::'a::state) \in EF (f::'a::state\ set) \Longrightarrow
    mono\ (\lambda\ Z.\ (f::'a::state\ set)\ \cup\ EX'\ Z) \Longrightarrow
    (\bigwedge x::'a::state.
         x \in ((\lambda Z. (f::'a::state\ set) \cup EX'\ Z)(EF\ f \cap \{x::'a::state.\ (P::'a::state\ \Rightarrow
bool) \ x\})) \Longrightarrow P \ x) \Longrightarrow
     P a
\langle proof \rangle
lemma valEF-E: M \vdash EF f \Longrightarrow x \in init M \Longrightarrow x \in EF f
\langle proof \rangle
lemma EF-step-star-rev[rule-format]: x \in EF \ s \Longrightarrow (\exists y \in s. \ x \rightarrow_i * y)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma EF-step-inv: (I \subseteq \{sa::'s :: state. (\exists i::'s \in I. i \rightarrow_i * sa) \land sa \in EF s\})
           \implies \forall x \in I. \exists y \in s. x \rightarrow_i * y
\langle proof \rangle
lemma AG-in-lem: x \in AG \ s \Longrightarrow x \in s
\langle proof \rangle
lemma AG-lem1: x \in s \land x \in (AX (AG s)) \Longrightarrow x \in AG s
\langle proof \rangle
lemma AG-lem2: x \in AG \ s \Longrightarrow x \in (s \cap (AX \ (AG \ s)))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma AG-lem3: AG s = (s \cap (AX (AG s)))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma AG-step: y \rightarrow_i z \Longrightarrow y \in AG s \Longrightarrow z \in AG s
\langle proof \rangle
lemma AG-all-s: x \to_i * y \Longrightarrow x \in AG s \Longrightarrow y \in AG s
\langle proof \rangle
lemma AG-imp-notnotEF:
I \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow ((Kripke \{s :: ('s :: state). \exists i \in I. (i \rightarrow_i * s)\} (I :: ('s :: state)set)\}
\vdash AG(s)) \Longrightarrow
 (\neg(Kripke \ \{s :: ('s :: state). \ \exists \ i \in I. \ (i \rightarrow_i * s)\} \ (I :: ('s :: state)set) \ \vdash EF \ (-s)
s)))
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\langle proof \rangle
lemma check2-def: (Kripke\ S\ I \vdash f) = (I \subseteq S \cap f)
\langle proof \rangle
end
theory AirInsider
imports MC
begin
datatype action = get \mid move \mid eval \mid put
typedecl actor
type-synonym identity = string
consts \ Actor :: string => actor
type-synonym policy = ((actor => bool) * action set)
definition ID :: [actor, string] \Rightarrow bool
where ID a \ s \equiv (a = Actor \ s)
datatype location = Location nat
datatype igraph = Lgraph (location * location) set location <math>\Rightarrow identity list
                        actor \Rightarrow (string \ list * string \ list) \ location \Rightarrow string \ list
datatype infrastructure =
        Infrastructure\ igraph
                       [igraph, location] \Rightarrow policy set
primrec loc :: location \Rightarrow nat
where loc(Location n) = n
primrec gra :: igraph \Rightarrow (location * location) set
where gra(Lgraph \ g \ a \ c \ l) = g
primrec agra :: igraph \Rightarrow (location \Rightarrow identity \ list)
where agra(Lgraph \ g \ a \ c \ l) = a
primrec cgra :: igraph \Rightarrow (actor \Rightarrow string \ list * string \ list)
where cgra(Lgraph \ g \ a \ c \ l) = c
primrec lgra :: igraph \Rightarrow (location \Rightarrow string \ list)
where lgra(Lgraph \ q \ a \ c \ l) = l
\textbf{definition} \ nodes :: igraph \Rightarrow location \ set
where nodes g == \{ x. (? y. ((x,y): gra g) | ((y,x): gra g)) \}
definition actors-graph :: igraph <math>\Rightarrow identity \ set
where actors-graph g == \{x. ? y. y : nodes <math>g \land x \in set(agra\ g\ y)\}
\mathbf{primrec}\ graphI::infrastructure \Rightarrow igraph
where graphI (Infrastructure g d) = g
primrec delta :: [infrastructure, igraph, location] \Rightarrow policy set
where delta (Infrastructure g(d) = d
primrec tspace :: [infrastructure, actor] \Rightarrow string list * string list
  where tspace\ (Infrastructure\ g\ d) = cgra\ g
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primrec lspace :: [infrastructure, location] \Rightarrow string list
where lspace\ (Infrastructure\ g\ d) = lgra\ g
definition credentials :: string \ list * string \ list \Rightarrow string \ set
  where credentials lxl \equiv set (fst lxl)
definition has :: [igraph, actor * string] \Rightarrow bool
  where has G ac \equiv snd ac \in credentials(cgra G (fst ac))
definition roles :: string list * string list <math>\Rightarrow string set
  where roles lxl \equiv set (snd lxl)
definition role :: [igraph, actor * string] \Rightarrow bool
  where role G ac \equiv snd ac \in roles(cgra G (fst ac))
definition isin :: [igraph, location, string] \Rightarrow bool
  where isin G l s \equiv s \in set(lgra G l)
\mathbf{datatype} \ \mathit{psy-states} = \mathit{happy} \mid \mathit{depressed} \mid \mathit{disgruntled} \mid \mathit{angry} \mid \mathit{stressed}
\mathbf{datatype} \ motivations = financial \mid political \mid revenge \mid curious \mid competitive-advantage
| power | peer-recognition
datatype \ actor-state = Actor-state \ psy-states \ motivations \ set
\mathbf{primrec}\ motivation::actor-state \Rightarrow motivations\ set
where motivation (Actor-state \ p \ m) = m
primrec psy-state :: actor-state \Rightarrow psy-states
where psy-state (Actor-state \ p \ m) = p
definition tipping-point :: actor-state <math>\Rightarrow bool where
  tipping-point\ a \equiv ((motivation\ a \neq \{\}) \land (happy \neq psy-state\ a))
consts Isolation :: [actor-state, (identity * identity) set ] \Rightarrow bool
definition lay-off :: [infrastructure, actor set] \Rightarrow infrastructure
where lay-off G A \equiv G
consts social-graph :: (identity * identity) set
definition UasI :: [identity, identity] \Rightarrow bool
where UasI\ a\ b \equiv (Actor\ a = Actor\ b) \land (\forall\ x\ y.\ x \neq a \land y \neq a \land Actor\ x = a)
Actor y \longrightarrow x = y
definition UasI':: [actor => bool, identity, identity] \Rightarrow bool
where UasI' P \ a \ b \equiv P \ (Actor \ b) \longrightarrow P \ (Actor \ a)
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```
definition Insider :: [identity, identity, set] \Rightarrow bool
where Insider a C \equiv (tipping\text{-point } (astate \ a) \longrightarrow (\forall \ b \in C. \ UasI \ a \ b))
definition Insider' :: [actor \Rightarrow bool, identity, identity set] \Rightarrow bool
where Insider' P a C \equiv (tipping\text{-}point (astate a) \longrightarrow (\forall b \in C. \ UasI' \ P \ a \ b \land a)
inj-on Actor (C)
definition at I :: [identity, igraph, location] \Rightarrow bool (- <math>@_{(-)} - 50)
where a @_G l \equiv a \in set(agra\ G\ l)
definition enables :: [infrastructure, location, actor, action] \Rightarrow bool
where
enables I \ l \ a \ a' \equiv (\exists \ (p,e) \in delta \ I \ (graph I \ l) \ l. \ a' \in e \land p \ a)
definition behaviour :: infrastructure \Rightarrow (location * actor * action) set
where behaviour I \equiv \{(t,a,a'). \text{ enables } I \text{ t } a \text{ a'}\}
definition misbehaviour :: infrastructure <math>\Rightarrow (location * actor * action)set
  where misbehaviour I \equiv -(behaviour\ I)
lemma not-enableI: (\forall (p,e) \in delta\ I\ (graphI\ I)\ l.\ (^{\sim}(h:e) \mid (^{\sim}(p(a)))))
                        \implies \sim (enables I l a h)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma not-enable I2: \llbracket \bigwedge p \ e. \ (p,e) \in delta \ I \ (graph I \ I) \ l \Longrightarrow
                   (^{\sim}(t:e) \mid (^{\sim}(p(a)))) \parallel \Longrightarrow ^{\sim}(enables\ I\ l\ a\ t)
 \langle proof \rangle
lemma not-enableE: [ (enables \ I \ l \ a \ t); (p,e) \in delta \ I \ (graphI \ I) \ l ] ]
                   \implies (^{\sim}(t:e) \mid (^{\sim}(p(a))))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma not-enableE2: [ (enables\ I\ l\ a\ t); (p,e) \in delta\ I\ (graphI\ I)\ l;
                       t:e \parallel \Longrightarrow (^{\sim}(p(a)))
```

 $\mathbf{consts}\ astate:: identity \Rightarrow actor\text{-}state$

 $\langle proof \rangle$

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primrec del :: ['a, 'a \ list] \Rightarrow 'a \ list
where
del-nil: del \ a \ [] = [] \ []
del-cons: del a (x\#ls) = (if x = a then ls else x \# (del a ls))
primrec jonce :: ['a, 'a \ list] \Rightarrow bool
where
jonce-nil: jonce \ a \ [] = False \ []
jonce-cons: jonce a(x\#ls) = (if x = a then (a \notin (set ls)) else jonce a ls)
primrec nodup :: ['a, 'a \ list] \Rightarrow bool
  where
    nodup-nil: nodup \ a \ [] = True \ []
    nodup-step: nodup a (x \# ls) = (if x = a then (a \notin (set ls)) else nodup a ls)
definition move-graph-a :: [identity, location, location, igraph] <math>\Rightarrow igraph
where move-graph-a n l l' g \equiv Lgraph (gra g)
                     (if n \in set ((agra g) l) & n \notin set ((agra g) l') then
                      ((agra\ g)(l:=del\ n\ (agra\ g\ l)))(l':=(n\ \#\ (agra\ g\ l')))
                      else (agra g)(cgra g)(lgra g)
inductive state-transition-in :: [infrastructure, infrastructure] \Rightarrow bool ((-\rightarrow_n-)
50)
where
  move: \llbracket G = graphI \ I; \ a @_G \ l; \ l \in nodes \ G; \ l' \in nodes \ G;
          (a) \in actors-graph(graphI\ I); enables\ I\ l'\ (Actor\ a)\ move;
         I' = Infrastructure \ (move-graph-a \ a \ l \ l' \ (graph I \ I))(delta \ I) \ ] \Longrightarrow I \to_n I'
\mid \mathit{get} : \llbracket \ \mathit{G} = \mathit{graphI} \ \mathit{I}; \ \mathit{a} \ @_{\mathit{G}} \ \mathit{l}; \ \mathit{a'} \ @_{\mathit{G}} \ \mathit{l}; \ \mathit{has} \ \mathit{G} \ (\mathit{Actor} \ \mathit{a}, \ \mathit{z});
        enables I l (Actor a) get;
        I' = Infrastructure
                    (Lgraph (gra G)(agra G))
                             ((cgra\ G)(Actor\ a'):=
                                  (z \# (fst(cgra G (Actor a'))), snd(cgra G (Actor a')))))
                             (lgra\ G))
                    (delta\ I)
         \mathbb{I} \Longrightarrow I \stackrel{\cdot}{\to}_n I'
\mid put : \overline{\mathbb{I}} G = graphII; a @_{G} l; enables Il (Actor a) put;
        I' = Infrastructure
                   (Lgraph (gra G)(agra G)(cgra G)
                            ((lgra\ G)(l:=[z]))
                    (delta\ I)\ ]
         \Longrightarrow I \to_n I'
\mid put\text{-}remote : \llbracket G = graphII; enables Il (Actor a) put;
        I' = Infrastructure
                   (Lgraph (gra G)(agra G)(cgra G)
                              ((lgra\ G)(l := [z]))
```

```
\Longrightarrow I \to_n I'
instantiation infrastructure :: state
begin
definition
   state-transition-infra-def: (i \rightarrow_i i') = (i \rightarrow_n (i' :: infrastructure))
instance
  \langle proof \rangle
definition state-transition-in-refl ((-\rightarrow_n * -) 50)
where s \to_n * s' \equiv ((s,s') \in \{(x,y). state-transition-in \ x \ y\}^*)
lemma del-del[rule-format]: n \in set (del a S) \longrightarrow n \in set S
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma del\text{-}dec[rule\text{-}format]: a \in set S \longrightarrow length (del a S) < length S
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma del-sort[rule-format]: <math>\forall n. (Suc \ n :: nat) \leq length \ (l) \longrightarrow n \leq length \ (del
a(l)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma del-jonce: jonce a l \longrightarrow a \notin set (del a l)
lemma del-nodup[rule-format]: nodup a <math>l \longrightarrow a \notin set(del \ a \ l)
lemma nodup-up[rule-format]: a \in set (del a l) \longrightarrow a \in set l
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma del-up [rule-format]: a \in set (del \ aa \ l) \longrightarrow a \in set \ l
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nodup-notin[rule-format]: a \notin set \ list \longrightarrow nodup \ a \ list
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nodup-down[rule-format]: nodup a l \longrightarrow nodup a (del a l)
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lemma del-notin-down[rule- $format]: a \notin set \ list \longrightarrow a \notin set \ (del \ aa \ list)$

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\langle proof \rangle
lemma del-not-a[rule-format]: x \neq a \longrightarrow x \in set \ l \longrightarrow x \in set \ (del \ a \ l)
lemma nodup-down-notin[rule-format]: nodup a l \longrightarrow nodup a (del aa l)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma move-graph-eq: move-graph-a a l l g = g
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma delta-invariant: \forall z z'. z \rightarrow_n z' \longrightarrow delta(z) = delta(z')
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-state-policy\theta:
  assumes \forall z z'. z \rightarrow_n z' \longrightarrow delta(z) = delta(z')
      and (x,y) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \to_n y\}^*
    shows delta(x) = delta(y)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma init-state-policy: [(x,y) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\}^*
] \Longrightarrow
                            delta(x) = delta(y)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma same-nodes0[rule-format]: \forall z z'. z \rightarrow_n z' \longrightarrow nodes(graphIz) = nodes(graphI)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma same-nodes: (I, y) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\}^*
                    \implies nodes(graphI\ y) = nodes(graphI\ I)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma same-actors0[rule-format]: \forall z z'. z \rightarrow_n z' \longrightarrow actors-graph(graphIz) =
actors-graph(graphI z')
\langle proof \rangle
lemma same-actors: (I, y) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\}^*
               \implies actors\text{-}graph(graphI\ I) = actors\text{-}graph(graphI\ y)
\langle proof \rangle
end
end
theory Airplane
imports AirInsider
begin
```

```
declare [[show-types]]
datatype doorstate = locked \mid norm \mid unlocked
datatype position = air \mid airport \mid ground
locale airplane =
fixes airplane-actors :: identity set
defines airplane-actors-def: airplane-actors ≡ {"Bob", "Charly", "Alice"}
{f fixes} \ airplane-locations :: location \ set
defines airplane-locations-def:
airplane-locations \equiv \{Location 0, Location 1, Location 2\}
fixes cockpit :: location
defines cockpit-def: cockpit \equiv Location 2
fixes door :: location
defines door\text{-}def: door \equiv Location 1
fixes cabin :: location
defines cabin-def: cabin \equiv Location 0
fixes global-policy :: [infrastructure, identity] \Rightarrow bool
defines global-policy-def: global-policy I \ a \equiv a \notin airplane-actors
                \longrightarrow \neg (enables\ I\ cockpit\ (Actor\ a)\ put)
fixes ex-creds :: actor <math>\Rightarrow (string \ list * string \ list)
defines ex-creds-def: ex-creds \equiv
       (\lambda \ x.(if \ x = Actor "Bob")
             then (["PIN"], ["pilot"])
             else (if x = Actor "Charly"
                   then (["PIN"], ["copilot"])
                   else (if x = Actor "Alice"
                         then (["PIN"],["flightattendant"])
                              else ([],[]))))
fixes ex-locs :: location \Rightarrow string \ list
defines ex-locs-def: ex-locs \equiv (\lambda x. if x = door then ["norm"] else
                                     (if \ x = cockpit \ then \ ["air"] \ else \ []))
fixes ex-locs' :: location \Rightarrow string \ list
defines ex-locs'-def: ex-locs' \equiv (\lambda x. if x = door then ["locked"] else
                                       (if \ x = cockpit \ then \ ["air"] \ else \ []))
\mathbf{fixes}\ ex\text{-}graph::igraph
defines ex-graph-def: ex-graph \equiv Lgraph
     \{(cockpit, door), (door, cabin)\}
     (\lambda \ x. \ if \ x = cockpit \ then \ ["Bob", "Charly"]
```

```
else (if x = door then []
                   else (if x = cabin then ["Alice"] else [])))
      ex-creds ex-locs
fixes aid-graph :: igraph
defines aid-graph-def: aid-graph \equiv Lgraph
      \{(cockpit, door), (door, cabin)\}
      (\lambda \ x. \ if \ x = cockpit \ then \ ["Charly"]
            else (if x = door then []
                   else (if x = cabin then ["Bob", "Alice"] else [])))
      ex-creds ex-locs'
fixes aid-graph\theta :: igraph
defines aid-graph0-def: aid-graph0 \equiv Lgraph
      \{(cockpit, door), (door, cabin)\}
      (\lambda \ x. \ if \ x = cockpit \ then \ ["Charly"]
            else (if x = door then ["Bob"]
                   else (if x = cabin then ["Alice"] else [])))
        ex-creds ex-locs
\mathbf{fixes} \ \mathit{agid-graph} :: \mathit{igraph}
defines agid-graph-def: agid-graph \equiv Lgraph
      \{(cockpit, door), (door, cabin)\}
      (\lambda \ x. \ if \ x = cockpit \ then \ ["Charly"]
            else (if x = door then []
                   else (if x = cabin then ["Bob", "Alice"] else [])))
      ex-creds ex-locs
fixes local-policies :: [igraph, location] \Rightarrow policy set
defines local-policies-def: local-policies G \equiv
   (\lambda y. if y = cockpit then
             \{(\lambda \ x. \ (? \ n. \ (n \ @_G \ cockpit) \land Actor \ n = x), \{put\}\},\
              (\lambda \ x. \ (? \ n. \ (n \ @_G \ cabin) \land Actor \ n = x \land has \ G \ (x, "PIN")
                    \land isin \ G \ door \ "norm"), \{move\})
         else (if y = door then \{(\lambda x. True, \{move\}),
                        (\lambda \ x. \ (? \ n. \ (n \ @_G \ cockpit) \land Actor \ n = x), \ \{put\})\}
               else (if y = cabin then \{(\lambda x. True, \{move\})\}
                      else {})))
\mathbf{fixes}\ \mathit{local-policies-four-eyes}\ ::\ [\mathit{igraph},\ \mathit{location}] \Rightarrow \mathit{policy}\ \mathit{set}
defines local-policies-four-eyes-def: local-policies-four-eyes G \equiv
   (\lambda \ y. \ if \ y = cockpit \ then
             \{(\lambda \ x. \ (? \ n. \ (n \ @_{G} \ cockpit) \land Actor \ n = x) \land \}
                   2 \leq length(agra\ G\ y) \land (\forall\ h \in set(agra\ G\ y).\ h \in airplane-actors),
\{put\}),
```

```
(\lambda \ x. \ (? \ n. \ (n \ @_G \ cabin) \land Actor \ n = x \land has \ G \ (x, \ ''PIN'') \land \\ isin \ G \ door \ ''norm'' \ ), \{move\}) \} else \ (if \ y = door \ then \\ \{(\lambda \ x. \ ((? \ n. \ (n \ @_G \ cockpit) \land Actor \ n = x) \land 3 \leq length(agra \ G \ cockpit)), \ \{move\})\} else \ (if \ y = cabin \ then \\ \{(\lambda \ x. \ ((? \ n. \ (n \ @_G \ door) \land Actor \ n = x)), \ \{move\})\} else \ \{\})))
```

 $\mathbf{fixes}\ \mathit{Airplane-scenario}\ ::\ \mathit{infrastructure}$

 $\mathbf{defines}\ \mathit{Airplane-scenario-def}\colon$

Airplane-scenario \equiv Infrastructure ex-graph local-policies

 $\mathbf{fixes}\ \mathit{Airplane-in-danger}\ ::\ \mathit{infrastructure}$

defines Airplane-in-danger-def:

 $Airplane-in-danger \equiv Infrastructure \ aid-graph \ local-policies$

 ${\bf fixes} \ Airplane-getting-in-danger 0 \ :: \ infrastructure$

 $\mathbf{defines}\ \mathit{Airplane-getting-in-danger0-def}\colon$

Airplane-getting-in-danger $0 \equiv Infrastructure \ aid$ -graph $0 \ local$ -policies

 ${\bf fixes} \ {\it Airplane-getting-in-danger} :: infrastructure$

defines Airplane-getting-in-danger-def:

Airplane-getting-in-danger \equiv Infrastructure agid-graph local-policies

fixes Air-states

defines Air-states-def: Air-states $\equiv \{ I. Airplane$ -scenario $\rightarrow_n * I \}$

fixes Air-Kripke

defines Air- $Kripke \equiv Kripke \ Air$ - $states \ \{Airplane$ - $scenario\}$

 $\mathbf{fixes}\ \mathit{Airplane-not-in-danger}\ ::\ \mathit{infrastructure}$

 $\mathbf{defines}\ \mathit{Airplane-not-in-danger-def}\colon$

 $Airplane-not-in-danger \equiv Infrastructure \ aid-graph \ local-policies-four-eyes$

 ${\bf fixes} \ {\it Airplane-not-in-danger-init} :: infrastructure$

defines Airplane-not-in-danger-init-def:

Airplane-not-in-danger-init \equiv Infrastructure ex-graph local-policies-four-eyes

fixes Air-tp-states

```
defines Air-tp-states-def: Air-tp-states \equiv \{ I. Airplane-not-in-danger-init \rightarrow_n * I \}
fixes Air-tp-Kripke
defines Air-tp-Kripke \equiv Kripke Air-tp-states \{Airplane-not-in-danger-init\}
fixes Safety :: [infrastructure, identity] \Rightarrow bool
defines Safety-def: Safety I \ a \equiv a \in airplane\text{-}actors
                      \longrightarrow (enables I cockpit (Actor a) move)
fixes Security :: [infrastructure, identity] \Rightarrow bool
defines Security-def: Security I \ a \equiv (isin \ (graphI \ I) \ door \ "locked")
                       \longrightarrow \neg (enables\ I\ cockpit\ (Actor\ a)\ move)
fixes foe\text{-}control :: [location, action] \Rightarrow bool
defines foe-control-def: foe-control l c \equiv
   (! I:: infrastructure. (? x:: identity.
       x @_{graphI\ I} l \land Actor\ x \neq Actor\ ''Eve''
             \rightarrow \neg (enables\ I\ l\ (Actor\ ''Eve'')\ c))
assumes Eve-precipitating-event: tipping-point (astate "Eve")
assumes Insider-Eve: Insider "Eve" {"Charly"}
assumes isin-inj: \forall G. inj (isin G door)
assumes cockpit-foe-control: foe-control cockpit put
begin
lemma ex-inv: global-policy Airplane-scenario "Bob"
\langle proof \rangle
lemma ex-inv2: global-policy Airplane-scenario "Charly"
\langle proof \rangle
lemma ex-inv3: ¬global-policy Airplane-scenario "Eve"
\langle proof \rangle
lemma Safety: Safety Airplane-scenario ("Alice")
\langle proof \rangle
lemma inj-lem: [\![inj f; x \neq y]\!] \Longrightarrow f x \neq f y
lemma locl-lemma0: isin G door "norm" <math>\neq isin G door "locked"
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma locl-lemma: isin\ G\ door\ ''norm'' = (\neg\ isin\ G\ door\ ''locked'')
\langle proof \rangle
lemma Security: Security Airplane-scenario s
\langle proof \rangle
lemma Security-problem: Security Airplane-scenario "Bob"
\langle proof \rangle
lemma pilot-can-leave-cockpit: (enables Airplane-scenario cabin (Actor "Bob")
move)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma ex-inv4: ¬global-policy Airplane-in-danger ("Eve")
\langle proof \rangle
lemma Safety-in-danger:
 fixes s
 \textbf{assumes}\ s \in \textit{airplane-actors}
 shows \neg(Safety\ Airplane-in-danger\ s)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma Security-problem': ¬(enables Airplane-in-danger cockpit (Actor "Bob")
move)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma ex\text{-}inv5: a \in airplane\text{-}actors \longrightarrow global\text{-}policy Airplane\text{-}not\text{-}in\text{-}danger a
\langle proof \rangle
lemma ex-inv6: global-policy Airplane-not-in-danger a
\langle proof \rangle
lemma step\theta: Airplane-scenario \rightarrow_n Airplane-getting-in-danger\theta
\langle proof \rangle
lemma step1: Airplane-getting-in-danger0 \rightarrow_n Airplane-getting-in-danger
\langle proof \rangle
lemma step2: Airplane-getting-in-danger \rightarrow_n Airplane-in-danger
lemma step0r: Airplane-scenario \rightarrow_n * Airplane-getting-in-danger0
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma step1r: Airplane-getting-in-danger0 \rightarrow_n * Airplane-getting-in-danger
       \langle proof \rangle
lemma step2r: Airplane-getting-in-danger \rightarrow_n * Airplane-in-danger
       \langle proof \rangle
theorem step-allr: Airplane-scenario \rightarrow_n * Airplane-in-danger
theorem aid-attack: Air-Kripke \vdash EF (\{x. \neg global\text{-policy } x \text{ "Eve"}\})
\langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma} \ \ actors-unique\text{-}loc\text{-}base:
      assumes I \to_n I'
                   and (\forall l l'. a @_{qraphI I} l \land a @_{qraphI I} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land
                                   (\forall l. nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l))
            shows (\forall \ l \ l'. \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l \ \land \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l' \ \longrightarrow \ l = l') \ \land \ (\forall \ l. \ nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ I') \ l))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma actors-unique-loc-step:
      assumes (I, I') \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\}^*
                   and \forall a. (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l \land a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' ) \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' ) \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' ) \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' ) \land (\forall l'. a @_{graphI \ l} l' ) \land (\forall l'. a @_{g
                                (\forall l. nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l))
             shows \forall a. (\forall l l'. a @_{qraphI \ l'} l \land a @_{qraphI \ l'} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land
                                (\forall l. nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ I') \ l))
\langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ actors-unique\text{-}loc\text{-}aid\text{-}base:
  \forall a. (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ Airplane-not-in-danger-init} l \land
                                                  a @_{graphI \ Airplane-not-in-danger-init} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land
                              (\forall l. nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ Airplane-not-in-danger-init) \ l))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma actors-unique-loc-aid-step:
(Airplane-not-in-danger-init, I) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\}^*
                                \forall a. (\forall l l'. a @_{qraphI I} l \land a @_{qraphI I} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land
                              (\forall l. nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l))
      \langle proof \rangle
```

 $\label{lemma:anid-airplane-actors:actors-graph (graph I Airplane-not-in-danger-init) = airplane-actors} actors - actors-graph (graph I Airplane-not-in-danger-init) = airplane-actors$

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma all-airplane-actors: (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, y) \in {(x::infrastructure,
y::infrastructure). \ x \rightarrow_n y\}^*
              \implies actors\text{-}graph(graphI\ y) = airplane\text{-}actors
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{actors-at-loc-in-graph:} \ \llbracket \ l \in \mathit{nodes}(\mathit{graphI}\ \mathit{I}); \ a \ @_{\mathit{qraphI}\ \mathit{I}} \ l \rrbracket
                                 \implies a \in actors\text{-}graph \ (graphI \ I)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma not-en-get-Apnid:
 assumes (Airplane-not-in-danger-init,y) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure).
x \to_n y\}^*
  shows \sim (enables y l (Actor a) get)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma Apnid-tsp-test: ~(enables Airplane-not-in-danger-init cockpit (Actor "Alice")
get)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma Aprid-tsp-test-gen: \sim (enables Airplane-not-in-danger-init l (Actor a) get)
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{test-graph-atI:}\ ''Bob'' @_{\textit{graphI}\ Airplane-not-in-danger-init}\ \textit{cockpit}
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ two\text{-}person\text{-}inv:
  fixes z z'
  assumes (2::nat) \leq length (agra (graphI z) cockpit)
      and nodes(graphI\ z) = nodes(graphI\ Airplane-not-in-danger-init)
      and delta(z) = delta(Airplane-not-in-danger-init)
      and (Airplane-not-in-danger-init,z) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure).
x \to_n y\}^*
      and z \to_n z'
    shows (2::nat) \leq length (agra (graphI z') cockpit)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma two-person-inv1:
 assumes (Airplane-not-in-danger-init,z) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure).
x \to_n y\}^*
  shows (2::nat) \leq length (agra (graphIz) cockpit)
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma nodup-card-insert:
       a \notin set \ l \longrightarrow card \ (insert \ a \ (set \ l)) = Suc \ (card \ (set \ l))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma no-dup-set-list-num-eq[rule-format]:
    (\forall a. nodup \ a \ l) \longrightarrow card \ (set \ l) = length \ l
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma two-person-set-inv:
 assumes (Airplane-not-in-danger-init,z) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure).
x \to_n y\}^*
    shows (2::nat) \leq card (set (agra (graphIz) cockpit))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma Pred-all-unique: \bigwedge P. (\llbracket \forall x. (P x \longrightarrow (x = c)) \rrbracket \implies P c)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma Pred-all-unique: [?x. Px; (!x. Px \longrightarrow x = c)] \Longrightarrow Pc
lemma Set-all-unique: \llbracket S \neq \{\}; (\forall x \in S. \ x = c) \ \rrbracket \Longrightarrow c \in S
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma airplane-actors-inv0[rule-format]:
    \forall z z'. (\forall h :: char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ z) \ cockpit). \ h \in airplane-actors) \land
           (Airplane-not-in-danger-init,z) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure).\ x
\rightarrow_n y}* \wedge
                   z \rightarrow_n z' \longrightarrow (\forall h :: char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ z') \ cockpit). \ h \in
airplane-actors)
\langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ airplane-actors-inv:
 assumes (Airplane-not-in-danger-init,z) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure).
x \to_n y\}^*
    shows \forall h::char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ z) \ cockpit). \ h \in airplane-actors
\langle proof \rangle
lemma Eve-not-in-cockpit: (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, I)
       \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\}^* \Longrightarrow
       x \in set (agra (graphI I) cockpit) \Longrightarrow x \neq "Eve"
 \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ tp\text{-}imp\text{-}control\text{:}
 assumes (Airplane-not-in-danger-init,I) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure).
x \to_n y
  shows (? x :: identity. x @_{araphI\ I} cockpit \land Actor\ x \neq Actor\ ''Eve'')
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{lemma} \ \textit{Fend-2:} \quad (\textit{Airplane-not-in-danger-init}, I) \in \{(x::infrastructure, \, y::infrastructure). \\ x \rightarrow_n y\}^* \implies \quad \neg \ \textit{enables} \ \textit{I} \ \textit{cockpit} \ (\textit{Actor} \ ''\textit{Eve''}) \ \textit{put} \\ \langle \textit{proof} \rangle \\ \\ \textbf{theorem} \ \textit{Four-eyes-no-danger:} \ \textit{Air-tp-Kripke} \vdash \textit{AG} \ (\{x. \ \textit{global-policy} \ x \ ''\textit{Eve''}\}) \\ \langle \textit{proof} \rangle \\ \\ \textbf{end} \\ \\ \textbf{end} \end{array}
```