Applying the Isabelle Insider Framework to Airplane Security

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Abstract

Avionics is one of the fields in which verification methods have been pioneered and brought a new level of reliability to systems used in safety critical environments. Tragedies, like the 2015 insider attack on a German airplane, in which all 150 people on board died, show that safety and security crucially depend not only on the well functioning of systems but also on the way how humans interact with the systems. Policies are a way to describe how humans should behave in their interactions with technical systems, formal reasoning about such policies requires integrating the human factor into the verification process.

We model insider attacks on airplanes using logical modelling and analysis of infrastructure models and policies with actors to scrutinize security policies in the presence of insiders [1]. The Isabelle Insider framework framework has been first presented in [3]. Triggered by case studies, like the present one of airplane security, it has been greatly extended now formalizing Kripke structures and the temporal logic CTL to enable reasoning on dynamic system states. Furthermore, we illustrate that Isabelle modelling and invariant reasoning reveal subtle security assumptions: the formal development uses locales to model the assumptions on insider and their access credentials. Technically interesting is how the locale is interpreted in the presence of an abstract type declaration for actor in the Insider framework redefining this type declaration at a later stage like a "post-hoc type definition" as proposed in [4]. The case study and the application of the methododology are described in more detail in the preprint [2].

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1 Fixpoint lemmas to support the definition of Kripke structures and CTL

```
theory MC
imports Main
begin
thm monotone-def
definition monotone :: ('a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set) \Rightarrow bool
where monotone \tau \equiv (\forall \ p \ q. \ p \subseteq q \longrightarrow \tau \ p \subseteq \tau \ q)
lemma monotoneE: monotone \ \tau \Longrightarrow p \subseteq q \Longrightarrow \tau \ p \subseteq \tau \ q
by (simp add: monotone-def)
lemma lfp1: monotone \tau \longrightarrow (lfp \ \tau = \bigcap \{Z. \ \tau \ Z \subseteq Z\})
by (simp add: monotone-def lfp-def)
lemma gfp1: monotone \tau \longrightarrow (gfp \ \tau = \bigcup \{Z. \ Z \subseteq \tau \ Z\})
by (simp add: monotone-def gfp-def)
primrec power :: ['a \Rightarrow 'a, nat] \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'a) ((- ^ -) 40)
where
power-zero: (f \hat{\ } 0) = (\lambda x. x)
power-suc: (f \ \hat{f} \ (Suc \ n)) = (f \ \hat{o} \ (f \ \hat{n}))
lemma predtrans-empty:
  assumes monotone 	au
  shows \forall i. (\tau \hat{i}) (\{\}) \subseteq (\tau \hat{i} + 1)(\{\})
proof (rule allI, induct-tac i)
  show (\tau \ \hat{\ } \theta :: nat) \ \{\} \subseteq (\tau \ \hat{\ } (\theta :: nat) + (1 :: nat)) \ \{\} by simp
next show \bigwedge(i::nat) n::nat. (\tau \hat{n}) {} \subseteq (\tau \hat{n} + (1::nat)) {}
       \implies (\tau \hat{\ } Suc \ n) \{\} \subseteq (\tau \hat{\ } Suc \ n + (1::nat)) \{\}
  proof -
    \mathbf{fix} \ i \ n
    assume a: (\tau \hat{n}) \{\} \subseteq (\tau \hat{n} + (1::nat)) \{\}
    have (\tau ((\tau \hat{n}) \{\})) \subseteq (\tau ((\tau \hat{n} + (1 :: nat))) \{\})) using assms
      apply (rule monotoneE)
      by (rule a)
    thus (\tau \ \widehat{\ } Suc\ n) \ \{\} \subseteq (\tau \ \widehat{\ } Suc\ n + (1::nat)) \ \{\} by simp
  qed
qed
lemma ex-card: finite S \Longrightarrow \exists n :: nat. card S = n
by simp
lemma less-not-le: [(x:: nat) < y; y \le x] \Longrightarrow False
by arith
lemma infchain-outruns-all:
```

```
assumes finite (UNIV :: 'a set)
   and \forall i :: nat. (\tau \hat{\ }i) (\{\}:: 'a \ set) \subset (\tau \hat{\ }i + (1 :: nat)) \{\}
  shows \forall j :: nat. \exists i :: nat. j < card ((\tau \hat{i}) \{\})
proof (rule allI, induct-tac j)
  show \exists i::nat. (0::nat) < card ((\tau \hat{i}) \{\})  using assms
   apply (drule-tac \ x = 0 \ in \ spec)
   apply (rule-tac \ x = 1 \ in \ exI)
   apply simp
   apply (subgoal-tac card \{\} = \theta)
   apply (erule subst)
   apply (rule psubset-card-mono)
   apply (rule-tac\ B = UNIV\ in\ finite-subset)
   apply simp
   apply assumption +
     by simp
  next show \bigwedge(j::nat) n::nat. \exists i::nat. n < card ((\tau \hat{i}) \{\})
            \implies \exists i :: nat. Suc \ n < card \ ((\tau \hat{i}) \ \{\})
   proof -
     fix j n
     assume a: \exists i::nat. \ n < card \ ((\tau \hat{i}) \}
     obtain i where n < card ((\tau \hat{\ } (i :: nat)) \}
       apply (rule \ exE)
        apply (rule \ a)
       by simp
     thus \exists i. Suc \ n < card \ ((\tau \hat{\ }i) \ \{\}) \ using \ assms
       apply (rule-tac x = i + 1 in exI)
       apply (subgoal-tac card((\tau \hat{i}) {}) < card((\tau \hat{i} + (1 :: nat)) {}))
       apply arith
       apply (rule psubset-card-mono)
       apply (rule-tac\ B = UNIV\ in\ finite-subset)
       apply simp
       apply (rule assms)
       by (erule spec)
   qed
  qed
{f lemma} no-infinite-subset-chain:
   assumes finite (UNIV :: 'a set)
            monotone (\tau :: ('a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set))
            \forall i :: nat. ((\tau :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set) \hat{\ } i) \{\} \subset (\tau \hat{\ } i + (1 :: nat)) (\{\} :: 'a \}
   and
set)
 shows
           False
idea: Since UNIV is finite, we have from ex_card that there is an n with card
UNIV = n. Now, use infchain_outruns_all to show as contradiction point
that \exists i. \ card \ UNIV < card \ ((\tau \hat{i}) \}). Since all sets are subsets of UNIV,
we also have card ((\tau \hat{i}) \{\}) \leq card \ UNIV: Contradiction!, i.e. proof of
False
```

proof -

```
have a: \forall (j::nat). (\exists (i::nat). (j::nat) < card((\tau \hat{i})(\{\}::'a\ set))) using
assms
    apply (erule-tac \tau = \tau in infchain-outruns-all)
    by assumption
  hence b: \exists (n :: nat). \ card(UNIV :: 'a \ set) = n \ using \ assms
    by (erule-tac\ S = UNIV\ in\ ex-card)
  from this obtain n where c: card(UNIV :: 'a \ set) = n by (erule \ exE)
  hence d: \exists i::nat. \ card \ UNIV < card \ ((\tau \hat{i}) \})  using a
    apply (drule-tac \ x = card \ UNIV \ in \ spec)
    by assumption
  from this obtain i where e: card (UNIV :: 'a set) < card ((\tau \hat{i}) {})
    by (erule \ exE)
  hence f: (card((\tau \hat{i})\{\})) \leq (card (UNIV :: 'a set)) using assms
    thm Finite-Set.card-mono
      apply (rule-tac A = ((\tau \hat{i}))) in Finite-Set.card-mono
     apply assumption
    by (rule subset-UNIV)
  thus False using e
    thm less-not-le
    apply (erule-tac y = card((\tau \hat{i}))) in less-not-le)
    by assumption
qed
lemma finite-fixp:
  assumes finite(UNIV :: 'a set)
      and monotone (\tau :: ('a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set))
    shows \exists i. (\tau \hat{i}) (\{\}) = (\tau \hat{i} + 1)(\{\})
idea: with predtrans-empty we know \forall i. (\tau \hat{i}) \{\} \subseteq (\tau \hat{i} + 1) \{\} (1). If
we can additionally show \exists i. (\tau \hat{i} + 1) \{\} \subseteq (\tau \hat{i}) \{\} (2), we can get the
goal together with equality I \subseteq + \supseteq \longrightarrow =. To prove (1) we observe that (\tau)
\hat{i} + 1 \{\} \subseteq (\tau \hat{i}) \{\} can be inferred from \neg (\tau \hat{i}) \{\} \subseteq (\tau \hat{i} + 1)
{} and (1). Finally, the latter is solved directly by no_infinite_subset_chain.
proof -
  have a: \forall i::nat. (\tau \hat{\ }i) (\{\}:: 'a \ set) \subseteq (\tau \hat{\ }i + (1::nat)) \{\}
    thm predtrans-empty
    apply(rule predtrans-empty)
    by (rule\ assms(2))
  hence b: (\exists i :: nat. \neg ((\tau \hat{i}) \{\} \subset (\tau \hat{i} + 1)) \{\})) using assms
    apply (subgoal-tac \neg (\forall i :: nat. (\tau \hat{i}) {} \subset (\tau \hat{i}(i + 1)) {}))
    apply blast
    apply (rule\ notI)
    apply (rule no-infinite-subset-chain)
    by assumption
  thus \exists i. (\tau \hat{i}) (\{\}) = (\tau \hat{i} + 1)(\{\})  using a
    by blast
qed
lemma predtrans-UNIV:
```

```
assumes monotone 	au
  shows \forall i. (\tau \hat{i}) (UNIV) \supseteq (\tau \hat{i} + 1)(UNIV)
proof (rule allI, induct-tac i)
  show (\tau \ \hat{\ } (\theta::nat) + (1::nat)) \ UNIV \subseteq (\tau \ \hat{\ } \theta::nat) \ UNIV  by simp
next show \bigwedge(i::nat) n::nat.
      (\tau \hat{n} + (1::nat)) \ UNIV \subseteq (\tau \hat{n}) \ UNIV \Longrightarrow (\tau \hat{Suc} \ n + (1::nat)) \ UNIV
\subseteq (\tau \ \widehat{\ } Suc\ n)\ UNIV
  proof -
   \mathbf{fix}\ i\ n
    assume a: (\tau \hat{n} + (1::nat)) \ UNIV \subseteq (\tau \hat{n}) \ UNIV
    have (\tau ((\tau \hat{n}) UNIV)) \supseteq (\tau ((\tau \hat{n} (n + (1 :: nat))) UNIV)) using assms
      apply (rule monotoneE)
      by (rule \ a)
   thus (\tau \ \hat{\ } Suc\ n + (1::nat))\ UNIV \subseteq (\tau \ \hat{\ } Suc\ n)\ UNIV by simp
   qed
 qed
lemma Suc-less-le: x < (y - n) \Longrightarrow x \le (y - (Suc \ n))
by simp
lemma card-univ-subtract:
  assumes finite (UNIV :: 'a set) and monotone (\tau :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a set)
     and (\forall i :: nat. ((\tau :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set) \hat{i} + (1 :: nat)) (UNIV :: 'a \ set) \subset
(\tau \hat{i}) UNIV)
  shows (\forall i :: nat. card((\tau \hat{i}) (UNIV :: 'a set)) \leq (card (UNIV :: 'a set)) - i)
proof (rule allI, induct-tac i)
 show card ((\tau \hat{\ }0::nat)\ UNIV) \leq card\ (UNIV::'a\ set) - (0::nat)\ using\ assms
    by (simp)
next show \bigwedge(i::nat) n::nat.
       card\ ((\tau \ \hat{\ } n)\ (UNIV:: 'a\ set)) \leq card\ (UNIV:: 'a\ set) - n \Longrightarrow
      card\ ((\tau \ \hat{\ } Suc\ n)\ (UNIV:: 'a\ set)) \leq card\ (UNIV:: 'a\ set) - Suc\ n\ \mathbf{using}
assms
 proof -
    \mathbf{fix} \ i \ n
    assume a: card\ ((\tau \hat{\ } n)\ (UNIV :: 'a\ set)) \leq card\ (UNIV :: 'a\ set) - n
    have b: (\tau \hat{n} + (1::nat)) (UNIV :: 'a \ set) \subset (\tau \hat{n}) UNIV \ using \ assms
      by (erule-tac \ x = n \ in \ spec)
    have card((\tau \hat{n} + (1 :: nat)) (UNIV :: 'a set)) < card((\tau \hat{n}) (UNIV :: 'a
set))
      apply (rule psubset-card-mono)
      apply (rule finite-subset)
      apply (rule subset-UNIV)
      apply (rule\ assms(1))
      by (rule \ b)
    thus card ((\tau \, \hat{} \, Suc \, n) \, (UNIV :: 'a \, set)) \leq card \, (UNIV :: 'a \, set) - Suc \, n
using a
      by simp
    qed
  qed
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{card}\text{-}\mathit{UNIV}\text{-}\mathit{tau}\text{-}\mathit{i}\text{-}\mathit{below}\text{-}\mathit{zero}\text{:}
  assumes finite (UNIV :: 'a set) and monotone (\tau :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a set)
  and (\forall i :: nat. ((\tau :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set) \hat{\ } i + (1 :: nat)) (UNIV :: 'a \ set) \subset (\tau)
^ i) UNIV)
 shows card((\tau \ \hat{\ } (card\ (UNIV\ ::'a\ set)))\ (UNIV\ ::'a\ set)) \leq 0
proof -
  \mathbf{have} \ (\forall \ i :: \ nat. \ card((\tau \ \hat{\ } i) \ (\mathit{UNIV} :: 'a \ set)) \leq (\mathit{card} \ (\mathit{UNIV} :: 'a \ set)) - i)
using assms
    by (rule card-univ-subtract)
  thus card((\tau \ \hat{\ } (card\ (UNIV\ ::'a\ set)))\ (UNIV\ ::'a\ set)) \leq \theta
  apply (drule-tac \ x = card \ (UNIV ::'a \ set) \ in \ spec)
    by simp
qed
lemma finite-card-zero-empty: \llbracket finite S; card S < 0 \rrbracket \Longrightarrow S = \{\}
by simp
lemma UNIV-tau-i-is-empty:
  assumes finite (UNIV :: 'a set) and monotone (\tau :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a set)
    and (\forall i :: nat. ((\tau :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set) \hat{i} + (1 :: nat)) (UNIV :: 'a \ set) \subset
(\tau \hat{i}) UNIV)
  shows (\tau \ \hat{} (card (UNIV ::'a set))) (UNIV ::'a set) = \{\}
proof -
  have card ((\tau \hat{\ } card (UNIV ::'a set)) \ UNIV) \leq (\theta ::nat) using assms
    apply (rule card-UNIV-tau-i-below-zero)
  thus (\tau \ \hat{\ } (card\ (UNIV\ ::'a\ set)))\ (UNIV\ ::'a\ set) = \{\} using assms
  apply (rule-tac\ S = (\tau \ \hat{} \ (card\ (UNIV::'a\ set)))\ (UNIV::'a\ set) in finite-card-zero-empty)
    apply (rule finite-subset)
    apply (rule subset-UNIV)
\mathbf{qed}
lemma down-chain-reaches-empty:
  assumes finite (UNIV :: 'a set) and monotone (\tau :: 'a set \Rightarrow 'a set)
  and (\forall i :: nat. ((\tau :: 'a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set) \hat{i} + (1 :: nat)) \ UNIV \subset (\tau \hat{i}) \ UNIV)
 shows \exists (j :: nat). (\tau \hat{j}) UNIV = \{\}
proof -
  have (\tau \ \hat{} \ ((card\ (UNIV\ ::\ 'a\ set))))\ UNIV = \{\}\ using\ assms
    apply (rule UNIV-tau-i-is-empty)
  thus \exists (j :: nat). (\tau \hat{j}) UNIV = \{\}
    by (rule exI)
qed
lemma no-infinite-subset-chain2:
  assumes finite (UNIV :: 'a set) and monotone (\tau :: ('a set \Rightarrow 'a set))
```

```
and \forall i :: nat. (\tau \hat{i}) \ UNIV \supset (\tau \hat{i} + (1 :: nat)) \ UNIV
  shows False
proof -
  have \exists j :: nat. (\tau \hat{j}) \ UNIV = \{\}  using assms
    apply (rule down-chain-reaches-empty)
  from this obtain j where a: (\tau \hat{j}) UNIV = {} by (erule exE)
  have (\tau \hat{j} + (1::nat)) UNIV \subset (\tau \hat{j}) UNIV using assms
    by (erule-tac \ x = j \ in \ spec)
  thus False using a by simp
qed
lemma finite-fixp2:
  assumes finite (UNIV :: 'a set) and monotone (\tau :: ('a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set))
 shows \exists i. (\tau \hat{i}) UNIV = (\tau \hat{i} + 1) UNIV
proof -
  have \forall i::nat. (\tau \hat{i} + (1::nat)) UNIV \subseteq (\tau \hat{i}) UNIV
    apply (rule predtrans-UNIV) using assms
    by (simp \ add: \ assms(2))
  moreover have \exists i::nat. \neg (\tau \hat{i} + (1::nat)) \ UNIV \subset (\tau \hat{i}) \ UNIV using
assms
  proof -
    have \neg (\forall i :: nat. (\tau \hat{i}) UNIV \supset (\tau \hat{i} + 1)) UNIV)
      apply (rule notI)
      apply (rule no-infinite-subset-chain2) using assms
    thus \exists i::nat. \neg (\tau \hat{i} + (1::nat)) UNIV \subset (\tau \hat{i}) UNIV by blast
  ultimately show \exists i. (\tau \hat{i}) UNIV = (\tau \hat{i} + 1) UNIV
   \mathbf{by} blast
qed
lemma mono-monotone: mono (\tau :: ('a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set)) \Longrightarrow monotone \ \tau
by (simp add: monotone-def mono-def)
lemma monotone-mono: monotone (\tau :: ('a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set)) \Longrightarrow mono \ \tau
by (simp add: monotone-def mono-def)
lemma power-power: ((\tau :: ('a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set)) \ \hat{} \ n) = ((\tau :: ('a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set)) \ \hat{} \ 
n)
proof (induct\text{-}tac \ n)
 show \tau ^{\hat{}} (\theta::nat) = (\tau ^{\hat{}} \theta::nat) by (simp\ add:\ id\text{-}def)
next show \bigwedge n :: nat. \ \tau \ \hat{} \ n = (\tau \ \hat{} \ n) \Longrightarrow \tau \ \hat{} \ Suc \ n = (\tau \ \hat{} \ Suc \ n)
    by simp
qed
lemma lfp-Kleene-iter-set: monotone (f :: ('a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set)) \Longrightarrow
   (f \hat{\ } Suc(n)) \{\} = (f \hat{\ } n) \{\} \Longrightarrow lfp f = (f \hat{\ } n) \{\}
by (simp add: monotone-mono lfp-Kleene-iter power-power)
```

```
lemma lfp-loop:
 assumes finite (UNIV :: 'b set) and monotone (\tau :: ('b set \Rightarrow 'b set))
 shows \exists n . lfp \tau = (\tau \hat{n}) \{ \}
proof -
 have \exists i::nat. (\tau \hat{i}) \{\} = (\tau \hat{i} + (1::nat)) \{\} using assms
   by (rule finite-fixp)
  from this obtain i where (\tau \hat{i}) \{\} = (\tau \hat{i} + (1::nat)) \{\}
   by (erule \ exE)
 hence (\tau \hat{i}) \{\} = (\tau \hat{suc} i) \{\}
   by simp
 hence (\tau \hat{\ } Suc\ i) \ \{\} = (\tau \hat{\ } i) \ \{\}
   by (rule sym)
 \mathbf{hence}\ \mathit{lfp}\ \tau = (\tau\ \hat{\ }i)\ \{\}
    by (simp add: assms(2) lfp-Kleene-iter-set)
  thus \exists n . lfp \tau = (\tau \hat{n}) \{\}
  by (rule \ exI)
qed
These next two are produced as duals from the corresponding theorems in
HOL/ZF/Nat.thy. Would make sense to have them in the HOL/Library
lemma Kleene-iter-gpfp:
assumes mono f and p \le f p shows p \le (f^k) (top::'a::order-top)
proof(induction k)
 case \theta show ?case by simp
next
 case Suc
 from monoD[OF\ assms(1)\ Suc]\ assms(2)
 show ?case by simp
qed
lemma gfp-Kleene-iter: assumes mono f and (f^{\hat{j}} Suc \ k) top = (f^{\hat{j}} k) top
shows gfp f = (f^{\hat{k}}) top
\mathbf{proof}(\mathit{rule}\ \mathit{antisym})
 show (f^{\hat{k}}) top \leq qfp f
 proof(rule gfp-upperbound)
   show (f^{\hat{}}k) top \leq f ((f^{\hat{}}k) top) using assms(2) by simp
 qed
next
 show gfp f \leq (f^{\hat{k}}) top
   using Kleene-iter-gpfp[OF\ assms(1)]\ gfp-unfold[OF\ assms(1)] by simp
qed
lemma gfp-Kleene-iter-set:
 assumes monotone (f :: ('a \ set \Rightarrow 'a \ set))
     and (f \hat{\ } Suc(n)) \ UNIV = (f \hat{\ } n) \ UNIV
   shows gfp f = (f \hat{} n) UNIV
proof -
 have a: mono f using assms
```

```
by (erule-tac \tau = f in monotone-mono)
 hence b: (f \hat{\ } Suc \ (n)) \ UNIV = (f \hat{\ } n) \ UNIV  using assms
   by (simp add: power-power)
  hence c: gfp\ f = (f \hat{\ } (n))(UNIV :: 'a\ set) using assms a
   thm qfp-Kleene-iter
   apply (erule-tac f = f and k = n in gfp-Kleene-iter)
  thus gfp f = (f \hat{ } (n))(UNIV :: 'a set) using assms a
   by (simp add: power-power)
qed
lemma gfp-loop:
 assumes finite (UNIV :: 'b set)
  and monotone (\tau :: ('b \ set \Rightarrow 'b \ set))
   shows \exists n . gfp \ \tau = (\tau \hat{n})(UNIV :: 'b set)
proof -
 have \exists i::nat. (\tau \hat{i})(UNIV :: b set) = (\tau \hat{i} + (1::nat)) UNIV using assms
   by (rule finite-fixp2)
  from this obtain i where (\tau \hat{i})(UNIV :: 'b \ set) = (\tau \hat{i} + (1::nat)) \ UNIV
by (erule \ exE)
  thus \exists n : gfp \ \tau = (\tau \hat{n})(UNIV :: 'b \ set) using assms
   apply (rule-tac \ x = i \ in \ exI)
   apply (rule gfp-Kleene-iter-set)
   apply assumption
   apply (rule sym)
   by simp
Definitions of the generic type of state with state transition and CTL Op-
erators
class state =
 fixes state-transition :: ['a :: type, 'a] \Rightarrow bool ((-\rightarrow_i -) 50)
definition AX where AX f \equiv \{s. \{f0. s \rightarrow_i f0\} \subseteq f\}
definition EX' where EX' f \equiv \{s : \exists f0 \in f. s \rightarrow_i f0 \}
definition AF where AF f \equiv lfp \ (\lambda \ Z. \ f \cup AX \ Z)
definition EF where EF f \equiv lfp \ (\lambda \ Z. \ f \cup EX' \ Z)
definition AG where AG f \equiv gfp \ (\lambda \ Z. \ f \cap AX \ Z)
definition EG where EG f \equiv gfp \ (\lambda \ Z. \ f \cap EX' \ Z)
definition AU where AU f1 f2 \equiv lfp(\lambda Z. f2 \cup (f1 \cap AX Z))
definition EU where EU f1 f2 \equiv lfp(\lambda Z. f2 \cup (f1 \cap EX'Z))
definition AR where AR f1 f2 \equiv gfp(\lambda Z. f2 \cap (f1 \cup AX Z))
definition ER where ER f1 f2 \equiv gfp(\lambda Z. f2 \cap (f1 \cup EX'Z))
Kripke and Modelchecking
datatype 'a kripke =
  Kripke 'a set 'a set
```

```
primrec states where states (Kripke SI) = S
primrec init where init (Kripke\ S\ I) = I
definition check (-\vdash -50)
where M \vdash f \equiv (init \ M) \subseteq \{s \in (states \ M), s \in f \}
definition state-transition-refl ((-\rightarrow_i * -) 50)
where s \to_i * s' \equiv ((s,s') \in \{(x,y). \text{ state-transition } x y\}^*)
Support lemmas
lemma EF-lem0: (x \in EF f) = (x \in f \cup EX' (lfp (\lambda Z :: ('a :: state) set. f \cup EY f))
EX'Z)))
proof -
 have lfp\ (\lambda Z :: ('a :: state) \ set. \ f \cup EX' \ Z) =
                  f \cup (EX'(lfp(\lambda Z :: 'a set. f \cup EX'Z)))
   apply (rule def-lfp-unfold)
   apply (rule reflexive)
   apply (unfold mono-def EX'-def)
   by auto
  thus (x \in EF \ (f :: ('a :: state) \ set)) = (x \in f \cup EX' \ (lfp \ (\lambda Z :: ('a :: state) \ set)))
set. f \cup EX'Z)))
   by (simp add: EF-def)
qed
lemma EF-lem00: (EF f) = (f \cup EX' (lfp (\lambda Z :: ('a :: state) set. f \cup EX' Z)))
proof (rule\ equalityI)
 show EF f \subseteq f \cup EX' (lfp (\lambda Z :: 'a set. f \cup EX' Z))
  apply (rule subsetI)
  by (simp \ add: EF-lem\theta)
  next show f \cup EX' (lfp \ (\lambda Z :: 'a \ set. \ f \cup EX' \ Z)) \subseteq EF \ f
  apply (rule subsetI)
  by (simp \ add: EF-lem\theta)
qed
lemma EF-lem000: (EF f) = (f \cup EX'(EF f))
proof (subst EF-lem00)
 show f \cup EX' (lfp(\lambda Z::'a set. f \cup EX' Z)) = f \cup EX' (EF f)
   apply (fold EF-def)
   by (rule refl)
qed
lemma EF-lem1: x \in f \lor x \in (EX'(EFf)) \Longrightarrow x \in EFf
proof (simp add: EF-def)
 assume a: x \in f \lor x \in EX' (lfp (\lambda Z::'a set. f \cup EX' Z))
 show x \in lfp \ (\lambda Z :: 'a \ set. \ f \cup EX' \ Z)
 proof -
   have b: lfp(\lambda Z :: ('a :: state) set. f \cup EX'Z) =
                  f \cup (EX'(lfp(\lambda Z :: ('a :: state) set. f \cup EX'Z)))
     apply (rule def-lfp-unfold)
```

```
apply (rule reflexive)
     \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{unfold} \ \mathit{mono-def} \ \mathit{EX'-def})
     by auto
   thus x \in lfp \ (\lambda Z :: 'a \ set. \ f \cup EX' \ Z) using a
    apply (subst\ b)
    by blast
\mathbf{qed}
qed
lemma EF-lem2b:
   assumes x \in (EX'(EFf))
  shows x \in EF f
proof (rule EF-lem1)
 show x \in f \lor x \in EX'(EFf)
   apply (rule disjI2)
   by (rule assms)
qed
lemma EF-lem2a: assumes x \in f shows x \in EF f
proof (rule EF-lem1)
 show x \in f \lor x \in EX'(EFf)
   apply (rule disjI1)
   by (rule assms)
qed
lemma EF-lem2c: assumes x \notin f shows x \in EF(-f)
proof -
 have x \in (-f) using assms
   by simp
 thus x \in EF(-f)
   by (rule\ EF-lem2a)
lemma EF-lem2d: assumes x \notin EF f shows x \notin f
proof -
 have x \in f \Longrightarrow x \in EFf
   by (erule EF-lem2a)
 thus x \notin f using assms
   thm contrapos-nn
   apply (erule-tac P = x \in f in contrapos-nn)
   apply (erule meta-mp)
qed
lemma EF-lem3b: assumes x \in EX'(f \cup EX'(EFf)) shows x \in (EFf)
proof (simp \ add: EF-lem \theta)
 show x \in f \lor x \in EX' (lfp (\lambda Z :: 'a set. f \cup EX' Z))
  apply (rule disjI2)
  apply (fold EF-def)
```

```
apply (subst\ EF-lem00)
  apply (fold EF-def)
  by (rule assms)
qed
lemma EX-lem0l: x \in (EX'f) \Longrightarrow x \in (EX'(f \cup g))
proof (unfold EX'-def)
 show x \in \{s::'a. \exists f0::'a \in f. \ s \rightarrow_i f0\} \Longrightarrow x \in \{s::'a. \exists f0::'a \in f \cup g. \ s \rightarrow_i f0\}
    by blast
\mathbf{qed}
lemma EX-lem\theta r: x \in (EX'g) \Longrightarrow x \in (EX'(f \cup g))
proof (unfold EX'-def)
 show x \in \{s::'a. \exists f0::'a \in g. s \rightarrow_i f0\} \Longrightarrow x \in \{s::'a. \exists f0::'a \in f \cup g. s \rightarrow_i f0\}
   by blast
qed
lemma EX-step: assumes x \rightarrow_i y and y \in f shows x \in EX'f
proof (unfold EX'-def)
 show x \in \{s::'a. \exists f\theta::'a \in f. s \rightarrow_i f\theta\}
    apply simp
    apply (rule-tac \ x = y \ in \ bexI)
    by (rule\ assms)+
qed
lemma EF-E[rule-format]: \forall f. x \in (EF (f :: ('a :: state) set)) \longrightarrow x \in (f \cup EX')
(EFf)
proof -
 have a: \bigwedge f::'a \ set. \ EF \ (f:: ('a:: state) \ set) = f \cup EX' \ (EF \ f)
   by (rule\ EF-lem000)
  thus (\forall f. \ x \in EF \ (f :: ('a :: state) \ set) \longrightarrow x \in f \cup EX' \ (EF \ f))
   apply (rule-tac P = (\lambda f. x \in EF (f :: ('a :: state) set) \longrightarrow x \in f \cup EX' (EF)
f)) in allI)
    apply (subst\ a)
    apply (rule\ impI)
    by assumption
qed
lemma EF-step: assumes x \rightarrow_i y and y \in f shows x \in EF f
proof (rule EF-lem3b)
 show x \in EX' (f \cup EX' (EF f))
    apply (rule EX-step)
    apply (rule\ assms(1))
    by (simp \ add: \ assms(2))
qed
lemma EF-step-step: assumes x \rightarrow_i y and y \in EF f shows x \in EF f
proof -
 have y \in f \cup EX'(EFf)
```

```
apply (rule\ EF-E)
    by (rule\ assms(2))
  thus x \in EF f
    apply (rule-tac x = x and f = f in EF-lem3b)
    apply (rule EX-step)
    by (rule assms)
\mathbf{qed}
lemma EF-step-star: [x \rightarrow_i * y; y \in f] \implies x \in EFf
proof (simp add: state-transition-refl-def)
  show (x, y) \in \{(x::'a, y::'a). x \rightarrow_i y\}^* \Longrightarrow y \in f \Longrightarrow x \in EF f
  proof (erule converse-rtrancl-induct)
    show y \in f \Longrightarrow y \in EF f
      by (erule EF-lem2a)
    next show \bigwedge(ya::'a) z::'a. y \in f \Longrightarrow
                  (ya, z) \in \{(x::'a, y::'a). x \rightarrow_i y\} \Longrightarrow
                  (z, y) \in \{(x: 'a, y: 'a). \ x \rightarrow_i y\}^* \Longrightarrow z \in EFf \Longrightarrow ya \in EFf
        \mathbf{apply} \ (\mathit{clarify})
        apply (erule EF-step-step)
        by assumption
    qed
  qed
lemma EF-induct-prep:
  assumes (a::'a::state) \in lfp \ (\lambda \ Z. \ (f::'a::state \ set) \cup EX' \ Z)
       and mono (\lambda Z. (f::'a::state\ set) \cup EX'Z)
     shows (\bigwedge x::'a::state.
     x \in ((\lambda Z. (f::'a::state\ set) \cup EX'Z)(lfp\ (\lambda Z. (f::'a::state\ set) \cup EX'Z) \cap
\{x::'a::state.\ (P::'a::state \Rightarrow bool)\ x\})) \Longrightarrow P\ x) \Longrightarrow
      P a
proof -
  show (\bigwedge x::'a::state.
     x \in ((\lambda Z. (f::'a::state\ set) \cup EX'\ Z)(lfp\ (\lambda\ Z.\ (f::'a::state\ set) \cup EX'\ Z)\cap
\{x::'a::state.\ (P::'a::state \Rightarrow bool)\ x\})) \Longrightarrow P\ x) \Longrightarrow
      P a
    apply (rule-tac A = EF f in def-lfp-induct-set)
    apply (rule EF-def)
    apply (rule\ assms(2))
    by (simp add: EF-def assms)+
qed
lemma EF-induct: (a::'a::state) \in EF \ (f :: 'a :: state \ set) \Longrightarrow
    mono~(\lambda~Z.~(f::'a::state~set) \cup EX'~Z) \Longrightarrow
    (\bigwedge x::'a::state.
        x \in ((\lambda Z. (f::'a::state\ set) \cup EX'\ Z)(EF\ f \cap \{x::'a::state.\ (P::'a::state\ \Rightarrow
bool) \ x\})) \Longrightarrow P \ x) \Longrightarrow
proof (simp add: EF-def)
  show a \in lfp \ (\lambda Z :: 'a \ set. \ f \cup EX' \ Z) \Longrightarrow
```

```
mono\ (\lambda Z ::' a\ set.\ f \cup EX'\ Z) \Longrightarrow
    (\bigwedge x ::'a. \ x \in f \lor x \in EX' \ (\mathit{lfp} \ (\lambda Z ::'a \ set. \ f \cup EX' \ Z) \cap \mathit{Collect} \ P) \Longrightarrow P \ x)
\implies P \ a
    apply (erule EF-induct-prep)
    apply assumption
  by simp
\mathbf{qed}
lemma valEF-E: M \vdash EF f \Longrightarrow x \in init M \Longrightarrow x \in EF f
proof (simp add: check-def)
  show init M \subseteq \{s::'a \in states\ M.\ s \in EF\ f\} \Longrightarrow x \in init\ M \Longrightarrow x \in EF\ f
  apply (drule subsetD)
  apply assumption
    by simp
qed
lemma EF-step-star-rev[rule-format]: x \in EF \ s \Longrightarrow (\exists y \in s. \ x \rightarrow_i * y)
proof (erule EF-induct)
  show mono (\lambda Z::'a \ set. \ s \cup EX' \ Z)
    apply (simp add: mono-def EX'-def)
next show \bigwedge x::'a. \ x \in s \cup EX'(EFs \cap \{x::'a. \ \exists \ y::'a \in s. \ x \rightarrow_i * y\}) \Longrightarrow \exists \ y::'a \in s.
x \to_i * y
apply (erule UnE)
   apply (rule-tac \ x = x \ in \ bexI)
    apply (simp add: state-transition-refl-def)
   apply assumption
  apply (simp\ add:\ EX'-def)
  apply (erule bexE)
  apply (erule IntE)
  apply (drule CollectD)
  apply (erule bexE)
  apply (rule-tac \ x = xb \ in \ bexI)
  apply (simp add: state-transition-refl-def)
   apply (rule rtrancl-trans)
    apply (rule r-into-rtrancl)
    apply (rule CollectI)
    apply simp
  by assumption+
qed
lemma EF-step-inv: (I \subseteq \{sa::'s :: state. (\exists i::'s \in I. i \rightarrow_i * sa) \land sa \in EF s\})
         \implies \forall x \in I. \exists y \in s. x \rightarrow_i * y
proof (clarify)
  show \bigwedge x::'s. I \subseteq \{sa::'s : (\exists i::'s \in I : i \rightarrow_i * sa) \land sa \in EF s\} \Longrightarrow x \in I \Longrightarrow
\exists y :: 's \in s. \ x \rightarrow_i * y
    apply (drule subsetD)
    apply assumption
    apply (drule CollectD)
```

```
apply (erule conjE)
   by (erule EF-step-star-rev)
\mathbf{qed}
AG lemmas
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{AG-in-lem} \colon \ \ x \in \textit{AG} \ s \Longrightarrow x \in s
proof (simp add: AG-def gfp-def)
 show \exists xa \subseteq s. \ xa \subseteq AX \ xa \land x \in xa \Longrightarrow x \in s
   apply (erule exE)
   apply (erule\ conjE)+
   by (erule subsetD, assumption)
qed
lemma AG-lem1: x \in s \land x \in (AX (AG s)) \Longrightarrow x \in AG s
proof (simp add: AG-def)
 show x \in s \land x \in AX \ (gfp \ (\lambda Z :: 'a \ set. \ s \cap AX \ Z)) \Longrightarrow x \in gfp \ (\lambda Z :: 'a \ set. \ s
\cap AXZ
  apply (subgoal-tac gfp (\lambda Z::'a set. s \cap AX Z) =
                     s \cap (AX (gfp (\lambda Z :: 'a set. s \cap AX Z))))
 apply (erule ssubst)
 apply simp
 apply (rule def-qfp-unfold)
 apply (rule reflexive)
 apply (unfold mono-def AX-def)
 by auto
qed
lemma AG-lem2: x \in AG s \Longrightarrow x \in (s \cap (AX (AG s)))
proof -
 have a: AG s = s \cap (AX (AG s))
   apply (simp \ add: AG-def)
   apply (rule def-gfp-unfold)
   apply (rule reflexive)
   apply (unfold mono-def AX-def)
   by auto
  thus x \in AG \ s \Longrightarrow x \in (s \cap (AX \ (AG \ s)))
  by (erule subst)
qed
lemma AG-lem3: AG s = (s \cap (AX (AG s)))
proof (rule\ equalityI)
 show AG s \subseteq s \cap AX (AG s)
   apply (rule subsetI)
   by (erule AG-lem2)
  next show s \cap AX (AG s) \subseteq AG s
   apply (rule subsetI)
   apply (rule AG-lem1)
   \mathbf{by} \ simp
qed
```

```
lemma AG-step: y \rightarrow_i z \Longrightarrow y \in AG s \Longrightarrow z \in AG s
proof (drule AG-lem2)
  show y \to_i z \Longrightarrow y \in s \cap AX \ (AG \ s) \Longrightarrow z \in AG \ s
    apply (erule IntE)
    apply (unfold\ AX-def)
    apply simp
    apply (erule subsetD)
    by simp
qed
lemma AG-all-s: x \to_i * y \Longrightarrow x \in AG s \Longrightarrow y \in AG s
proof (simp add: state-transition-refl-def)
  show (x, y) \in \{(x::'a, y::'a). x \rightarrow_i y\}^* \Longrightarrow x \in AG s \Longrightarrow y \in AG s
    apply (erule rtrancl-induct)
  proof -
    show x \in AG s \implies x \in AG s by assumption
  next show \bigwedge(y::'a) z::'a.
        x \in AG s \Longrightarrow
        (x, y) \in \{(x::'a, y::'a). x \rightarrow_i y\}^* \Longrightarrow
       (y, z) \in \{(x:'a, y:'a). \ x \to_i y\} \Longrightarrow y \in AG \ s \Longrightarrow z \in AG \ s
       apply clarify
       by (erule\ AG\text{-}step,\ assumption)
  qed
qed
lemma AG-imp-notnotEF:
I \neq \{\} \Longrightarrow ((Kripke \ \{s :: ('s :: state). \ \exists \ i \in I. \ (i \rightarrow_i * s)\} \ (I :: ('s :: state)set)
\vdash AG(s)) \Longrightarrow
 (\neg(Kripke \ \{s :: ('s :: state). \ \exists \ i \in I. \ (i \rightarrow_{i} * s)\} \ (I :: ('s :: state)set) \ \vdash EF \ (-s)
s)))
proof (rule notI, simp add: check-def)
  assume a\theta: I \neq \{\} and
    a1: I \subseteq \{sa::'s. (\exists i::'s \in I. i \rightarrow_i * sa) \land sa \in AG s\} and
     a2: I \subseteq \{sa::'s. (\exists i::'s \in I. i \rightarrow_i * sa) \land sa \in EF (-s)\}
  show False
  proof -
    have a3: \{sa::'s. (\exists i::'s \in I. i \rightarrow_i * sa) \land sa \in AG s\} \cap
                           \{sa::'s. (\exists i::'s \in I. i \to_i * sa) \land sa \in EF (-s)\} = \{\}
         have (? x. \ x \in \{sa::'s. \ (\exists i::'s \in I. \ i \rightarrow_i * sa) \land sa \in AG \ s\} \land
                                 x \in \{sa::'s. (\exists i::'s \in I. i \rightarrow_i * sa) \land sa \in EF (-s)\}) \Longrightarrow
False
         proof -
           assume a4: (? x. x \in \{sa::'s. (\exists i::'s \in I. i \rightarrow_i * sa) \land sa \in AG s\} \land
                              x \in \{sa::'s. (\exists i::'s \in I. i \rightarrow_i * sa) \land sa \in EF (-s)\})
             from a4 obtain x where a5: x \in \{sa::'s. (\exists i::'s \in I. i \rightarrow_i * sa) \land sa \in I. \}
AG s \land
                                        x \in \{sa::'s. (\exists i::'s \in I. i \rightarrow_i * sa) \land sa \in EF (-s)\}
```

```
by (erule \ exE)
       hence x \in s \land x \in -s
       proof -
        have a6: x \in s using a5
          apply (subgoal-tac x \in AG s)
          apply (erule AG-in-lem)
          by simp
        moreover have x \in -s using a5
        proof -
          have x \in EF s
            apply (rule\text{-}tac\ y = x\ \textbf{in}\ EF\text{-}step\text{-}star)
            apply (simp add: state-transition-refl-def)
            by (rule a6)
          thus x \in -s using a5
          proof -
            have x \in EF (-s) using a5
              by simp
            moreover from this obtain y where a7: y \in -s \land x \rightarrow_i * y
              apply (rotate-tac-1)
              apply (drule EF-step-star-rev)
              by blast
            moreover have y \in AG s using a7 a5
              apply (subgoal-tac x \in AG s)
              apply (erule \ conjE)
              apply (drule\ AG-all-s)
               apply assumption+
              by simp
            ultimately show x \in -s using a5
              apply (rotate-tac -1)
              apply (drule\ AG-in-lem)
              by blast
          qed
        qed
        ultimately show x \in s \land x \in -s
          by (rule\ conjI)
       qed
       thus False
        \mathbf{by} blast
     qed
   thus \{sa::'s. (\exists i::'s \in I. i \rightarrow_i * sa) \land sa \in AG s\} \cap
                 \{sa::'s. (\exists i::'s \in I. i \rightarrow_i * sa) \land sa \in EF (-s)\} = \{\}
   by blast
 qed
moreover have b: ? x. x: I using a\theta
 by blast
moreover obtain x where x \in I
   apply (rule exE)
    apply (rule\ b)
 by simp
```

2 Insider

```
theory AirInsider
imports MC
begin
datatype action = get | move | eval | put
```

We use an abstract type declaration actor that can later be instantiated by a more concrete type.

```
typedecl actor consts Actor :: string \Rightarrow actor
```

Alternatives to the type declaration do not work.

context fixes Abs Rep actor assumes td: "type_definition Abs Rep actor" begin definition Actor where "Actor = Abs" ...doesn't work for replacing the actor typedecl because in "type_definition" above the "actor" is a set not a type! So can't be used for our purposes. Trying a locale instead for polymorphic type Actor locale ACT = fixes Actor :: "string =i" 'actor" begin ... That is a nice idea and works quite far but clashes with the generic state_transition later (it's not possible to instantiate within a locale and outside it we cannot instantiate "'a infrastructure" to state (clearly an abstract thing as an instance is strange)

```
type-synonym identity = string

type-synonym policy = ((actor \Rightarrow bool) * action set)

definition ID :: [actor, string] \Rightarrow bool

where ID \ a \ s \equiv (a = Actor \ s)

datatype location = Location \ nat

datatype igraph = Lgraph \ (location * location) set \ location \Rightarrow identity \ list

actor \Rightarrow (string \ list * string \ list) \ location \Rightarrow string \ list

datatype infrastructure =

Infrastructure \ igraph

[igraph, \ location] \Rightarrow policy \ set
```

```
primrec loc :: location \Rightarrow nat
where loc(Location n) = n
primrec gra :: igraph \Rightarrow (location * location) set
where gra(Lgraph \ g \ a \ c \ l) = g
primrec agra :: igraph \Rightarrow (location \Rightarrow identity \ list)
where agra(Lgraph \ g \ a \ c \ l) = a
primrec cgra :: igraph \Rightarrow (actor \Rightarrow string \ list * string \ list)
where cgra(Lgraph \ g \ a \ c \ l) = c
primrec lgra :: igraph \Rightarrow (location \Rightarrow string \ list)
where lgra(Lgraph \ g \ a \ c \ l) = l
definition nodes :: igraph \Rightarrow location set
where nodes g == \{ x. (? y. ((x,y): gra g) | ((y,x): gra g)) \}
definition actors-graph :: igraph <math>\Rightarrow identity \ set
where actors-graph g == \{x. ? y. y : nodes g \land x \in set(agra g y)\}
\mathbf{primrec}\ graphI::infrastructure \Rightarrow igraph
where graph I (Infrastructure g(d) = g
\mathbf{primrec} delta :: [infrastructure, igraph, location] \Rightarrow policy set
where delta (Infrastructure g d) = d
primrec tspace :: [infrastructure, actor] \Rightarrow string list * string list
  where tspace\ (Infrastructure\ g\ d) = cgra\ g
primrec lspace :: [infrastructure, location] \Rightarrow string list
where lspace\ (Infrastructure\ g\ d) = lgra\ g
definition credentials :: string list * string list \Rightarrow string set
  where credentials lxl \equiv set (fst lxl)
definition has :: [igraph, actor * string] \Rightarrow bool
  where has G ac \equiv snd ac \in credentials(cgra G (fst ac))
definition roles :: string list * string list <math>\Rightarrow string set
  where roles lxl \equiv set (snd lxl)
definition role :: [igraph, actor * string] \Rightarrow bool
  where role G ac \equiv snd ac \in roles(cgra G (fst ac))
definition isin :: [igraph, location, string] \Rightarrow bool
  where isin G l s \equiv s \in set(lgra G l)
datatype psy-states = happy \mid depressed \mid disgruntled \mid angry \mid stressed
\mathbf{datatype} \ motivations = financial \mid political \mid revenge \mid curious \mid competitive-advantage
| power | peer-recognition
datatype \ actor-state = Actor-state \ psy-states \ motivations \ set
\mathbf{primrec}\ motivation::actor-state \Rightarrow motivations\ set
where motivation (Actor-state \ p \ m) = m
primrec psy-state :: actor-state \Rightarrow psy-states
where psy-state (Actor-state \ p \ m) = p
```

```
definition tipping-point :: actor\text{-}state \Rightarrow bool where tipping\text{-}point \ a \equiv ((motivation \ a \neq \{\}) \land (happy \neq psy\text{-}state \ a))
```

UasI and UasI' are the central predicates allowing to specify Insiders. They define which identities can be mapped to the same role by the Actor function. For all other identities, Actor is defined as injective on those identities.

```
definition UasI :: [identity, identity] \Rightarrow bool where UasI a b \equiv (Actor \ a = Actor \ b) \land (\forall \ x \ y. \ x \neq a \land y \neq a \land Actor \ x = Actor \ y \longrightarrow x = y)
```

```
definition UasI' :: [actor => bool, identity, identity] \Rightarrow bool where UasI' P \ a \ b \equiv P \ (Actor \ b) \longrightarrow P \ (Actor \ a)
```

Two versions of Insider predicate corresponding to UasI and UasI'. Under the assumption that the tipping point has been reached for a person a then a can impersonate all b (take all of b's "roles") where the b's are specified by a given set of identities

```
definition Insider :: [identity, identity set, identity \Rightarrow actor-state] \Rightarrow bool where Insider a C as \equiv (tipping-point (as a) \longrightarrow (\forall b \in C. UasI a b))
```

```
definition Insider' :: [actor \Rightarrow bool, identity, identity set, identity \Rightarrow actor-state] \Rightarrow bool
```

where $Insider'\ P\ a\ C\ as \equiv (tipping\text{-}point\ (as\ a) \longrightarrow (\forall\ b \in C.\ UasI'\ P\ a\ b \land inj\text{-}on\ Actor\ C))$

```
definition at I::[identity, igraph, location] \Rightarrow bool (-@_{(-)} - 50) where a @_G l \equiv a \in set(agra\ G\ l)
```

enables is the central definition of the behaviour as given by a policy that specifies what actions are allowed in a certain location for what actors

```
definition enables :: [infrastructure, location, actor, action] \Rightarrow bool where
```

```
enables I \mid a \mid a' \equiv (\exists (p,e) \in delta \mid (graph \mid I) \mid l. \mid a' \in e \land p \mid a)
```

behaviour is the good behaviour, i.e. everything allowed by policy

```
definition behaviour :: infrastructure \Rightarrow (location * actor * action)set where behaviour I \equiv \{(t, a, a'). \text{ enables } I \text{ t } a \text{ a'}\}
```

misbehaviour is the complement of behaviour

```
definition misbehaviour :: infrastructure <math>\Rightarrow (location * actor * action)set where misbehaviour I \equiv -(behaviour I)
```

basic lemmas for enable

```
lemma not-enableI: (\forall (p,e) \in delta\ I\ (graphI\ I)\ l.\ (\sim(h:e)\ |\ (\sim(p(a)))))
\Longrightarrow \sim(enables\ I\ l\ a\ h)
by (simp add: enables-def, blast)
```

```
lemma not-enable I2: [\![ \bigwedge p\ e.\ (p,e) \in delta\ I\ (graph I\ I)\ l \Longrightarrow
                 (^{\sim}(t:e) \mid (^{\sim}(p(a)))) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow ^{\sim}(enables\ I\ l\ a\ t)
 by (rule not-enableI, rule ballI, auto)
lemma not-enable E: [ (enables \ I \ l \ a \ t); (p,e) \in delta \ I \ (graph I \ I) \ l ] ]
                 \implies (^{\sim}(t:e) \mid (^{\sim}(p(a))))
 by (simp add: enables-def, rule impI, force)
lemma not-enableE2: [ (enables\ I\ l\ a\ t); (p,e) \in delta\ I\ (graphI\ I)\ l;
                     t:e \implies (^{\sim}(p(a)))
  by (simp add: enables-def, force)
some constructions to deal with lists of actors in locations for the semantics
of action move
primrec del :: ['a, 'a \ list] \Rightarrow 'a \ list
where
del-nil: del \ a \ [] = [] \ |
del-cons: del a (x\#ls) = (if x = a then ls else x # (del a ls))
primrec jonce :: ['a, 'a \ list] \Rightarrow bool
where
jonce-nil: jonce \ a \ [] = False \ ]
jonce-cons: jonce a(x\#ls) = (if x = a then (a \notin (set ls)) else jonce a ls)
primrec nodup :: ['a, 'a \ list] \Rightarrow bool
  where
    nodup-nil: nodup \ a \ [] = True \ []
    nodup-step: nodup a (x \# ls) = (if x = a then (a \notin (set ls)) else nodup a ls)
definition move-graph-a :: [identity, location, location, igraph] <math>\Rightarrow igraph
where move-graph-a n l l' g \equiv Lgraph (gra g)
                    (if \ n \in set \ ((agra \ g) \ l) \ \& \ n \notin set \ ((agra \ g) \ l') \ then
                     ((agra\ g)(l := del\ n\ (agra\ g\ l)))(l' := (n\ \#\ (agra\ g\ l')))
                     else (agra g)(cgra g)(lgra g)
State transition relation over infrastructures (the states) defining the seman-
tics of actions in systems with humans and potentially insiders *)
inductive state-transition-in :: [infrastructure, infrastructure] \Rightarrow bool ((-\rightarrow_n-)
50)
where
  move: \llbracket G = graphI \ I; \ a @_G \ l; \ l \in nodes \ G; \ l' \in nodes \ G;
          (a) \in actors-graph(graphI\ I); enables\ I\ l'\ (Actor\ a)\ move;
        I' = \mathit{Infrastructure} \ (\mathit{move-graph-a} \ a \ l \ l' \ (\mathit{graphI} \ I)) (\mathit{delta} \ I) \ ] \Longrightarrow I \to_n I'
\mid get : \llbracket G = graphI \ I; \ a @_{G} \ l; \ a' @_{G} \ l; \ has \ G \ (Actor \ a, \ z);
        enables I l (Actor a) get;
        I' = Infrastructure
                   (Lgraph (gra G)(agra G)
                           ((cgra\ G)(Actor\ a'):=
                               (z \# (fst(cgra G (Actor a'))), snd(cgra G (Actor a')))))
```

```
(lgra\ G))
                  (delta\ I)
        ] \Longrightarrow I \to_n I'
\mid put : \llbracket G = graphII; a @_{G}l; enables Il (Actor a) put;
       I' = Infrastructure
                  (Lgraph (gra G)(agra G)(cgra G)
                          ((lgra\ G)(l := [z]))
                   (delta\ I)\ ]
        \Longrightarrow I \to_n I'
\mid put\text{-}remote : \llbracket G = graphI\ I; enables\ I\ l\ (Actor\ a)\ put;
        I' = Infrastructure
                  (Lgraph (gra G)(agra G)(cgra G)
                            ((lgra\ G)(l:=[z])))
                   (delta\ I)\ ]
        \Longrightarrow I \to_n I'
show that this infrastructure is a state as given in MC.thy
instantiation infrastructure :: state
begin
definition
   state-transition-infra-def: (i \rightarrow_i i') = (i \rightarrow_n (i' :: infrastructure))
instance
  by (rule MC.class.MC.state.of-class.intro)
definition state-transition-in-refl ((-\rightarrow_n * -) 50)
where s \to_n * s' \equiv ((s,s') \in \{(x,y). state-transition-in \ x \ y\}^*)
lemma del-del[rule-format]: n \in set (del a S) \longrightarrow n \in set S
 by (induct\text{-}tac\ S,\ auto)
lemma del\text{-}dec[rule\text{-}format]: a \in set S \longrightarrow length (del a S) < length S
 by (induct\text{-}tac\ S,\ auto)
lemma del-sort[rule-format]: <math>\forall n. (Suc \ n :: nat) \leq length \ (l) \longrightarrow n \leq length \ (del
 by (induct-tac l, simp, clarify, case-tac n, simp, simp)
lemma del-jonce: jonce a l \longrightarrow a \notin set (del \ a \ l)
  by (induct\text{-}tac\ l,\ auto)
lemma del-nodup[rule-format]: nodup a <math>l \longrightarrow a \notin set(del \ a \ l)
  by (induct-tac l, auto)
lemma nodup-up[rule-format]: a \in set (del a l) \longrightarrow a \in set l
 by (induct-tac\ l,\ auto)
lemma del-up [rule-format]: a \in set (del \ aa \ l) \longrightarrow a \in set \ l
```

```
by (induct-tac l, auto)
lemma nodup-notin[rule-format]: a \notin set \ list \longrightarrow nodup \ a \ list
 by (induct-tac list, auto)
lemma nodup-down[rule-format]: nodup a <math>l \longrightarrow nodup a (del a l)
  by (induct-tac l, simp+, clarify, erule nodup-notin)
lemma del-notin-down[rule-format]: a \notin set\ list \longrightarrow a \notin set\ (del\ aa\ list)
  by (induct-tac list, auto)
lemma del-not-a[rule-format]: x \neq a \longrightarrow x \in set \ l \longrightarrow x \in set \ (del \ a \ l)
  by (induct\text{-}tac\ l,\ auto)
lemma nodup-down-notin[rule-format]: nodup a <math>l \longrightarrow nodup a (del \ aa \ l)
  by (induct-tac l, simp+, rule conjI, clarify, erule nodup-notin, (rule impI)+,
      erule del-notin-down)
lemma move-graph-eq: move-graph-a a l \ l \ g = g
 by (simp add: move-graph-a-def, case-tac g, force)
Some useful properties about the invariance of the nodes, the actors, and
the policy with respect to the state transition
lemma delta-invariant: \forall z z'. z \rightarrow_n z' \longrightarrow delta(z) = delta(z')
 by (clarify, erule state-transition-in.cases, simp+)
lemma init-state-policy\theta:
  assumes \forall z z'. z \rightarrow_n z' \longrightarrow delta(z) = delta(z')
      and (x,y) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \to_n y\}^*
   shows delta(x) = delta(y)
proof -
  have ind: (x,y) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \to_n y\}^*
             \longrightarrow delta(x) = delta(y)
  proof (insert assms, erule rtrancl.induct)
   show (\bigwedge a::infrastructure.
       (\forall (z::infrastructure)(z'::infrastructure). (z \rightarrow_n z') \longrightarrow (delta z = delta z'))
       (((a, a) \in \{(x :: infrastructure, y :: infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\}^*) \longrightarrow
       (delta \ a = delta \ a)))
   by (rule impI, rule refl)
\mathbf{next} fix a b c
 assume a0: \forall (z::infrastructure) \ z'::infrastructure. \ z \rightarrow_n z' \longrightarrow delta \ z = delta
     and a1: (a, b) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\}^*
     and a2: (a, b) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\}^* \longrightarrow
         delta \ a = delta \ b
     and a3: (b, c) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\}
     show (a, c) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\}^* \longrightarrow
       delta\ a \ = \ delta\ c
```

```
have a4: delta b = delta c using a0 a1 a2 a3 by simp
   show ?thesis using a0 a1 a2 a3 by simp
  qed
qed
show ?thesis
 by (insert ind, insert assms(2), simp)
lemma init-state-policy: [(x,y) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\}^*
                        delta(x) = delta(y)
 by (rule init-state-policy0, rule delta-invariant)
lemma same-nodes0[rule-format]: \forall z z'. z \rightarrow_n z' \longrightarrow nodes(graphIz) = nodes(graphI)
 by (clarify, erule state-transition-in.cases,
      (simp add: move-graph-a-def atI-def actors-graph-def nodes-def)+)
lemma same-nodes: (I, y) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\}^*
                  \implies nodes(graphI\ y) = nodes(graphI\ I)
 by (erule rtrancl-induct, rule refl, drule CollectD, simp, drule same-nodes0, simp)
lemma same-actors0[rule-format]: \forall z z'. z \rightarrow_n z' \longrightarrow actors-graph(graphIz) =
actors-graph(graphI z')
proof (clarify, erule state-transition-in.cases)
 show \bigwedge(z::infrastructure) (z'::infrastructure) (G::iqraph) (I::infrastructure) (a::char
list)
      (l::location) (a'::char list) (za::char list) I'::infrastructure.
      z = I \Longrightarrow
      z' = I' \Longrightarrow
      G = graphI I \Longrightarrow
      a @_G l \Longrightarrow
      a' @_G l \Longrightarrow
      has\ G\ (Actor\ a,\ za) \Longrightarrow
      enables I \ l \ (Actor \ a) \ qet \Longrightarrow
      I' =
      Infrastructure
       (Lgraph (gra G) (agra G)
          ((cgra\ G)(Actor\ a') := (za\ \#\ fst\ (cgra\ G\ (Actor\ a')),\ snd\ (cgra\ G\ (Actor\ a')))
a'))))) (lgra G))
       (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
      actors-graph (graphI z) = actors-graph (graphI z')
    by (simp add: actors-graph-def nodes-def)
next show \bigwedge(z::infrastructure) (z'::infrastructure) (G::igraph) (I::infrastructure)
(a::char\ list)
      (l::location) (I'::infrastructure) za::char\ list.
      z = I \Longrightarrow
```

proof -

```
z' = I' \Longrightarrow
       G = graphI I \Longrightarrow
       a @_G l \Longrightarrow
       enables I l (Actor a) put \Longrightarrow
       I' = Infrastructure (Lgraph (gra G) (agra G) (cgra G) ((lgra G)(l := [za])))
(delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
       actors-graph (graphI\ z) = actors-graph (graphI\ z')
   by (simp add: actors-graph-def nodes-def)
next show \bigwedge(z::infrastructure) (z'::infrastructure) (G::igraph) (I::infrastructure)
(l::location)
       (a::char\ list)\ (I'::infrastructure)\ za::char\ list.
       z = I \Longrightarrow
       z' = I' \Longrightarrow
       G = graphI I \Longrightarrow
       enables I l (Actor a) put \Longrightarrow
       I' = Infrastructure (Lgraph (gra G) (agra G) (cgra G) ((lgra G)(l := [za])))
(delta\ I) =
       actors-graph (graphI\ z) = actors-graph (graphI\ z')
    by (simp add: actors-graph-def nodes-def)
next fix z z' G I a l l' I'
  \mathbf{show}\ z = I \Longrightarrow z' = I' \Longrightarrow G = \operatorname{graph} I I \Longrightarrow a @_{G} l \Longrightarrow
       l \in nodes \ G \Longrightarrow l' \in nodes \ G \Longrightarrow a \in actors-graph \ (graphI \ I) \Longrightarrow
       enables I l' (Actor a) move \Longrightarrow
       I' = Infrastructure \ (move-graph-a \ a \ l \ l' \ (graph I \ I)) \ (delta \ I) \Longrightarrow
       actors-graph (graphI\ z) = actors-graph (graphI\ z')
  proof (rule equalityI)
    show z = I \Longrightarrow z' = I' \Longrightarrow G = graphI \ I \Longrightarrow a @_{G} \ l \Longrightarrow
    l \in nodes \ G \Longrightarrow l' \in nodes \ G \Longrightarrow a \in actors-graph \ (graphI \ I) \Longrightarrow
    enables I l' (Actor a) move \Longrightarrow
    I' = Infrastructure \ (move-graph-a \ a \ l \ l' \ (graphI \ I)) \ (delta \ I) \Longrightarrow
    actors-graph (graphI\ z) \subseteq actors-graph (graphI\ z')
  by (rule subset1, simp add: actors-graph-def, (erule exE)+, case-tac x = a,
      rule-tac \ x = l' \ in \ exI, \ simp \ add: \ move-graph-a-def \ nodes-def \ atI-def,
        rule-tac \ x = ya \ in \ exI, \ rule \ conjI, \ simp \ add: \ move-graph-a-def \ nodes-def
atI-def,
      (erule conjE)+, simp add: move-graph-a-def, rule conjI, clarify,
       simp add: move-graph-a-def nodes-def atI-def, rule del-not-a, assumption+,
next show z = I \Longrightarrow z' = I' \Longrightarrow G = graphI I \Longrightarrow a @_{G} l \Longrightarrow
    l \in nodes \ G \Longrightarrow l' \in nodes \ G \Longrightarrow a \in actors-graph \ (graphI \ I) \Longrightarrow
    enables I l' (Actor a) move \Longrightarrow
    I' = Infrastructure \ (move-graph-a \ a \ l \ l' \ (graph I \ I)) \ (delta \ I) \Longrightarrow
    actors-graph (graphI\ z') \subseteq actors-graph (graphI\ z)
  by (rule subsetI, simp add: actors-graph-def, (erule exE)+,
      case-tac \ x = a, rule-tac \ x = l \ in \ exI, simp \ add: move-graph-a-def \ nodes-def
atI-def,
        rule-tac x = ya in exI, rule conjI, simp add: move-graph-a-def nodes-def
atI-def.
      (erule\ conjE)+,\ simp\ add:\ move-graph-a-def,\ case-tac\ ya=l,\ simp,
```

```
case-tac \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l'), \ simp,
      case-tac \ l = l', simp+, erule \ del-up, simp,
      case-tac \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l'), \ simp,
      case-tac\ ya = l',\ simp+)
qed
\mathbf{qed}
lemma same-actors: (I, y) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\}^*
              \implies actors\text{-}graph(graphI\ I) = actors\text{-}graph(graphI\ y)
proof (erule rtrancl-induct)
  show actors-graph (graphI\ I) = actors-graph (graphI\ I)
    by (rule refl)
next show \bigwedge(y::infrastructure) z::infrastructure.
       (I, y) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\}^* \Longrightarrow
       (y, z) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\} \Longrightarrow
       actors-graph (graphI\ I) = actors-graph (graphI\ y) \Longrightarrow
       actors-graph (graphI I) = actors-graph (graphI z)
    by (drule CollectD, simp, drule same-actors0, simp)
qed
end
end
```

3 Airplane case study

```
theory Airplane
imports AirInsider
begin
datatype doorstate = locked \mid norm \mid unlocked
datatype position = air \mid airport \mid ground
locale airplane =
fixes airplane-actors :: identity set
defines airplane-actors-def: airplane-actors ≡ {"Bob", "Charly", "Alice"}
fixes airplane-locations :: location set
{\bf defines}\ airplane-locations-def:
airplane-locations \equiv \{Location 0, Location 1, Location 2\}
fixes cockpit :: location
defines cockpit-def: cockpit \equiv Location 2
fixes door :: location
defines door\text{-}def: door \equiv Location 1
fixes cabin :: location
defines cabin-def: cabin \equiv Location 0
fixes global-policy :: [infrastructure, identity] <math>\Rightarrow bool
defines global-policy-def: global-policy I \ a \equiv a \notin airplane-actors
```

```
\longrightarrow \neg (enables\ I\ cockpit\ (Actor\ a)\ put)
fixes ex-creds :: actor <math>\Rightarrow (string \ list * string \ list)
defines ex-creds-def: ex-creds \equiv
        (\lambda \ x.(if \ x = Actor "Bob")
              then (["PIN"], ["pilot"])
              else (if x = Actor "Charly"
                    then (["PIN"],["copilot"])
                    else (if x = Actor "Alice" then (["PIN"],["flightattendant"])
                                else ([],[]))))
fixes ex-locs :: location \Rightarrow string list
defines ex-locs-def: ex-locs \equiv (\lambda x. if x = door then ["norm"] else
                                       (if \ x = cockpit \ then \ ["air"] \ else \ []))
fixes ex-locs':: location \Rightarrow string \ list
defines ex-locs'-def: ex-locs' \equiv (\lambda \ x. \ if \ x = door \ then ["locked"] \ else
                                         (if \ x = cockpit \ then \ ["air"] \ else \ []))
\mathbf{fixes}\ ex\text{-}graph::igraph
defines ex-graph-def: ex-graph \equiv Lgraph
      \{(cockpit, door), (door, cabin)\}
      (\lambda \ x. \ if \ x = cockpit \ then \ ["Bob", "Charly"]
            else (if x = door then []
                  else (if x = cabin then ["Alice"] else [])))
      ex	ext{-}creds \ ex	ext{-}locs
fixes aid-graph :: igraph
defines aid-graph-def: aid-graph \equiv Lgraph
      \{(cockpit, door), (door, cabin)\}
      (\lambda \ x. \ if \ x = cockpit \ then \ ["Charly"]
            else (if x = door then []
                  else (if x = cabin then ["Bob", "Alice"] else [])))
      ex-creds ex-locs'
fixes aid-graph\theta :: igraph
defines aid-graph0-def: aid-graph0 \equiv Lgraph
      \{(cockpit, door), (door, cabin)\}
      (\lambda \ x. \ if \ x = cockpit \ then \ ["Charly"]
            else (if x = door then ["Bob"]
                  else (if x = cabin then ["Alice"] else [])))
        ex-creds ex-locs
\mathbf{fixes} \ \mathit{agid-graph} :: \mathit{igraph}
defines agid-graph-def: agid-graph \equiv Lgraph
      \{(cockpit, door), (door, cabin)\}
      (\lambda \ x. \ if \ x = cockpit \ then \ ["Charly"]
            else (if x = door then []
                  else (if x = cabin then ["Bob", "Alice"] else [])))
```

ex-creds ex-locs

```
fixes local-policies :: [igraph, location] \Rightarrow policy set
defines local-policies-def: local-policies G \equiv
   (\lambda y. if y = cockpit then
             \{(\lambda\ x.\ (\textit{? n.}\ (n\ @_G\ cockpit)\ \land\ Actor\ n=x),\ \{put\}),
              (\lambda \ x. \ (? \ n. \ (n \ @_G \ cabin) \land Actor \ n = x \land has \ G \ (x, "PIN")
                     \land isin G door "norm", {move})
         else (if y = door then \{(\lambda x. True, \{move\}),
                        (\lambda \ x. \ (\textit{? n. (n @}_G \ cockpit) \land Actor \ n = x), \{put\})\}
               else (if y = cabin then \{(\lambda x. True, \{move\})\}\
                      else {})))
fixes local-policies-four-eyes :: [iqraph, location] \Rightarrow policy set
defines local-policies-four-eyes-def: local-policies-four-eyes G \equiv
   (\lambda \ y. \ if \ y = cockpit \ then
             \{(\lambda \ x. \ (? \ n. \ (n \ @_G \ cockpit) \land Actor \ n = x) \land \}
                   2 \leq length(agra\ G\ y) \land (\forall\ h \in set(agra\ G\ y).\ h \in airplane-actors),
\{put\}),
              (\lambda \ x. \ (? \ n. \ (n \ @_G \ cabin) \land Actor \ n = x \land has \ G \ (x, "PIN") \land 
                            isin \ G \ door \ "norm"), \{move\})
             }
         else (if y = door then
                \{(\lambda \ x. \ ((? \ n. \ (n \ @_G \ cockpit) \land Actor \ n = x) \land 3 \leq length(agra \ G \ for \ n = x) \land x \leq length(agra \ G \ for \ n = x) \}
cockpit)), \{move\})\}
               else\ (if\ y=cabin\ then
                      \{(\lambda \ x. \ ((? \ n. \ (n \ @_G \ door) \land Actor \ n = x)), \{move\})\}
                            else {})))
fixes Airplane-scenario :: infrastructure (structure)
defines Airplane-scenario-def:
Airplane-scenario \equiv Infrastructure ex-graph local-policies
fixes Airplane-in-danger :: infrastructure
defines Airplane-in-danger-def:
Airplane-in-danger \equiv Infrastructure \ aid-graph \ local-policies
\mathbf{fixes}\ \mathit{Airplane-getting-in-danger0}\ ::\ \mathit{infrastructure}
defines Airplane-getting-in-danger0-def:
Airplane-getting-in-danger0 \equiv Infrastructure \ aid-graph0 \ local-policies
{\bf fixes} \ {\it Airplane-getting-in-danger} :: infrastructure
defines Airplane-getting-in-danger-def:
Airplane-getting-in-danger \equiv Infrastructure agid-graph local-policies
```

```
fixes Air-states
defines Air-states-def: Air-states \equiv \{ I. Airplane-scenario \rightarrow_n * I \}
fixes Air-Kripke
defines Air-Kripke \equiv Kripke \ Air-states \ \{Airplane-scenario\}
fixes Airplane-not-in-danger :: infrastructure
defines Airplane-not-in-danger-def:
Airplane-not-in-danger \equiv Infrastructure \ aid-graph \ local-policies-four-eyes
fixes Airplane-not-in-danger-init :: infrastructure
\mathbf{defines}\ \mathit{Airplane-not-in-danger-init-def}\colon
Airplane-not-in-danger-init \equiv Infrastructure \ ex-graph \ local-policies-four-eyes
fixes Air-tp-states
defines Air-tp-states-def: Air-tp-states \equiv \{ I. Airplane-not-in-danger-init \rightarrow_n * I \}
fixes Air-tp-Kripke
defines Air-tp-Kripke \equiv Kripke Air-tp-states \{Airplane-not-in-danger-init\}
fixes Safety :: [infrastructure, identity] \Rightarrow bool
defines Safety-def: Safety I \ a \equiv a \in airplane\text{-}actors
                       \longrightarrow (enables I cockpit (Actor a) move)
fixes Security :: [infrastructure, identity] \Rightarrow bool
defines Security-def: Security I a \equiv (isin (graphI \ I) door "locked")
                       \longrightarrow \neg (enables\ I\ cockpit\ (Actor\ a)\ move)
fixes foe\text{-}control :: [location, action] \Rightarrow bool
defines foe-control-def: foe-control l c \equiv
   (!\ I::\ infrastructure.\ (?\ x::\ identity.
        x @_{graphI\ I} l \land Actor\ x \neq Actor\ ''Eve''
             \longrightarrow \neg (enables\ I\ l\ (Actor\ ''Eve'')\ c))
\mathbf{fixes} \ \mathit{astate} {::} \ \mathit{identity} \, \Rightarrow \, \mathit{actor-state}
defines a state-def: a state x \equiv (case \ x \ of \ a + a + b)
           "Eve" \Rightarrow Actor-state depressed {revenge, peer-recognition}
         | - \Rightarrow Actor-state\ happy\ \{\})
assumes Eve-precipitating-event: tipping-point (astate "Eve")
assumes Insider-Eve: Insider "Eve" {"Charly"} astate
assumes cockpit-foe-control: foe-control cockpit put
```

begin

```
lemma ex-inv: qlobal-policy Airplane-scenario "Bob"
by (simp add: Airplane-scenario-def global-policy-def airplane-actors-def)
lemma ex-inv2: global-policy Airplane-scenario "Charly"
by (simp add: Airplane-scenario-def global-policy-def airplane-actors-def)
lemma ex-inv3: ¬global-policy Airplane-scenario "Eve"
\textbf{proof} \ (simp \ add: Airplane-scenario-def \ global-policy-def, \ rule \ conjI)
 show "Eve" \notin airplane-actors by (simp add: airplane-actors-def)
next show
 enables (Infrastructure ex-graph local-policies) cockpit (Actor "Eve") put
 proof -
   have a: Actor "Charly" = Actor "Eve"
     by (insert Insider-Eve, unfold Insider-def, (drule mp),
        rule Eve-precipitating-event, simp add: UasI-def)
   show ?thesis
   by (insert a, simp add: Airplane-scenario-def enables-def ex-creds-def local-policies-def
ex-graph-def,
     insert Insider-Eve, unfold Insider-def, (drule mp), rule Eve-precipitating-event,
        simp add: UasI-def, rule-tac x = "Charly" in exI, simp add: cockpit-def
atI-def)
 qed
qed
show Safety for Airplane_scenario
lemma Safety: Safety Airplane-scenario ("Alice")
proof -
 show Safety Airplane-scenario "Alice"
   by (simp add: Airplane-scenario-def Safety-def enables-def ex-creds-def
             local-policies-def ex-graph-def cockpit-def, rule impI,
      rule-tac \ x = "Alice" \ in \ exI, \ simp \ add: \ atI-def \ cabin-def \ ex-locs-def \ door-def,
    rule conjI, simp add: has-def credentials-def, simp add: isin-def credentials-def)
qed
show Security for Airplane_scenario
lemma inj-lem: [\![inj f; x \neq y]\!] \Longrightarrow f x \neq f y
by (simp add: inj-eq)
lemma inj-on-lem: \llbracket inj-on fA; x \neq y; x \in A; y \in A \rrbracket \Longrightarrow fx \neq fy
by (simp add: inj-on-def, blast)
lemma inj-lemma': inj-on (isin ex-graph door) {"locked","norm"}
 by (unfold inj-on-def ex-graph-def isin-def, simp, unfold ex-locs-def, simp)
lemma inj-lemma'': inj-on (isin aid-graph door) {"locked","norm"}
by (unfold inj-on-def aid-graph-def isin-def, simp, unfold ex-locs'-def, simp)
lemma locl-lemma2: isin ex-graph door "norm" \neq isin ex-graph door "locked"
```

```
by (rule-tac A = \{ \text{"locked","norm"} \} and f = isin \ ex-graph \ door \ in \ inj-on-lem,
      rule inj-lemma', simp+)
lemma locl-lemma3: isin ex-graph door "norm" = (\neg isin ex-graph door "locked")
by (insert locl-lemma2, blast)
lemma locl-lemma2a: isin aid-graph door "norm" ≠ isin aid-graph door "locked"
by (rule-tac A = \{ \text{"locked","norm"} \} and f = isin \ aid\text{-}graph \ door \ in \ inj\text{-}on\text{-}lem,
     rule inj-lemma'', simp+)
lemma locl-lemma3a: isin aid-graph door "norm" = (\neg isin aid-graph door "locked")
by (insert locl-lemma2a, blast)
lemma Security: Security Airplane-scenario s
  by (simp add: Airplane-scenario-def Security-def enables-def local-policies-def
ex-locs-def locl-lemma3)
show that pilot can't get into cockpit if outside and locked = Airplane_in_danger
lemma Security-problem: Security Airplane-scenario "Bob"
by (rule Security)
show that pilot can get out of cockpit
lemma pilot-can-leave-cockpit: (enables Airplane-scenario cabin (Actor "Bob")
move)
 by (simp add: Airplane-scenario-def Security-def ex-creds-def ex-graph-def enables-def
            local-policies-def ex-locs-def, simp add: cockpit-def cabin-def door-def)
show that in Airplane_in_danger copilot can still do put = put position to
ground
lemma ex-inv4: ¬qlobal-policy Airplane-in-danger ("Eve")
proof (simp add: Airplane-in-danger-def global-policy-def, rule conjI)
 show "Eve" ∉ airplane-actors by (simp add: airplane-actors-def)
next show enables (Infrastructure aid-graph local-policies) cockpit (Actor "Eve")
 proof -
   have a: Actor "Charly" = Actor "Eve"
     by (insert Insider-Eve, unfold Insider-def, (drule mp),
        rule Eve-precipitating-event, simp add: UasI-def)
   show ?thesis
    apply (insert a, erule subst)
    by (simp add: enables-def local-policies-def cockpit-def aid-graph-def atI-def)
qed
qed
lemma Safety-in-danger:
 fixes s
 assumes s \in airplane\text{-}actors
 shows \neg(Safety\ Airplane-in-danger\ s)
```

```
proof (simp add: Airplane-in-danger-def Safety-def enables-def assms)
 show \forall x :: (actor \Rightarrow bool) \times action set \in local-policies aid-graph cockpit.
      \neg (case \ x \ of \ (p::actor \Rightarrow bool, \ e::action \ set) \Rightarrow move \in e \land p \ (Actor \ s))
   by (simp add: local-policies-def aid-graph-def ex-locs'-def isin-def)
ged
lemma Security-problem': ¬(enables Airplane-in-danger cockpit (Actor "Bob")
proof (simp add: Airplane-in-danger-def Security-def enables-def local-policies-def
     ex-locs-def locl-lemma3a, rule impI)
 assume has aid-graph (Actor "Bob", "PIN")
 show (\forall n :: char \ list.
        "locked")
by (simp add: aid-graph-def isin-def ex-locs'-def)
qed
show that with the four eyes rule in Airplane_not_in_danger Eve cannot crash
plane, i.e. cannot put position to ground
lemma ex-inv5: a \in airplane-actors \longrightarrow global-policy Airplane-not-in-danger a
by (simp add: Airplane-not-in-danger-def global-policy-def)
lemma ex-inv6: global-policy Airplane-not-in-danger a
proof (simp add: Airplane-not-in-danger-def global-policy-def, rule impI)
 assume a \notin airplane-actors
 show ¬ enables (Infrastructure aid-graph local-policies-four-eyes) cockpit (Actor
a) put
by (simp add: aid-graph-def ex-locs'-def enables-def local-policies-four-eyes-def)
qed
lemma step\theta: Airplane-scenario \rightarrow_n Airplane-getting-in-danger\theta
proof (rule-tac l = cockpit and l' = door and a = "Bob" in move, rule reft)
 \mathbf{show}\ ''Bob'' @_{\mathit{graphI}\ Airplane\text{-}scenario}\ \mathit{cockpit}
 by (simp add: Airplane-scenario-def atI-def ex-graph-def)
\mathbf{next} \mathbf{show} \ cockpit \in nodes \ (graphI \ Airplane-scenario)
   by (simp add: ex-graph-def Airplane-scenario-def nodes-def, blast)+
next show door \in nodes (graphI Airplane-scenario)
  by (simp add: actors-graph-def door-def cockpit-def nodes-def cabin-def,
     rule-tac x = Location 2 in exI,
     simp add: Airplane-scenario-def ex-graph-def cockpit-def door-def)
next show "Bob" \in actors-graph (graphI Airplane-scenario)
    by (simp add: actors-graph-def Airplane-scenario-def nodes-def ex-graph-def,
blast)
next show enables Airplane-scenario door (Actor "Bob") move
   by (simp add: Airplane-scenario-def enables-def local-policies-def ex-creds-def
door-def cockpit-def)
next show Airplane-getting-in-danger0 =
   Infrastructure (move-graph-a "Bob" cockpit door (graphI Airplane-scenario))
```

```
(delta Airplane-scenario)
 proof -
    have a: (move-graph-a "Bob" cockpit door (graphI Airplane-scenario)) =
aid-graph0
     by (simp add: move-graph-a-def door-def cockpit-def Airplane-scenario-def
        aid-graph0-def ex-graph-def, rule ext, simp add: cabin-def door-def)
   show ?thesis
     by (unfold Airplane-getting-in-danger0-def, insert a, erule ssubst,
        simp add: Airplane-scenario-def)
 qed
qed
lemma step1: Airplane-getting-in-danger0 \rightarrow_n Airplane-getting-in-danger
proof (rule-tac l = door and l' = cabin and a = ''Bob'' in move, rule reft)
 show "Bob" @qraphI Airplane-getting-in-danger0 door
  by (simp add: Airplane-getting-in-danger0-def atI-def aid-graph0-def door-def
cockpit-def)
next show door \in nodes (graphI Airplane-getting-in-danger \theta)
  by (simp\ add:\ aid\ -qraph\ 0\ -def\ Airplane\ -qetting\ -in\ -danger\ 0\ -def\ nodes\ -def\ ,\ blast) +
next show cabin \in nodes (graphI Airplane-getting-in-danger \theta)
   by (simp add: actors-graph-def door-def cockpit-def nodes-def cabin-def,
   rule-tac x = Location 1 in <math>exI,
    simp add: Airplane-getting-in-danger0-def aid-graph0-def cockpit-def door-def
cabin-def)
next show "Bob" \in actors-graph (graphI Airplane-getting-in-danger\theta)
  by (simp add: actors-graph-def door-def cockpit-def nodes-def cabin-def
               Airplane-getting-in-danger0-def aid-graph0-def, blast)
next show enables Airplane-getting-in-danger0 cabin (Actor "Bob") move
 by (simp add: Airplane-getting-in-danger0-def enables-def local-policies-def ex-creds-def
door-def
             cockpit-def cabin-def)
\mathbf{next} \mathbf{show} \mathbf{Airplane}-getting-in-danger =
  Infrastructure (move-graph-a "Bob" door cabin (graphI Airplane-getting-in-danger0))
    (delta Airplane-getting-in-danger0)
   by (unfold Airplane-getting-in-danger-def,
       simp add: Airplane-getting-in-danger0-def agid-graph-def aid-graph0-def
               move-graph-a-def door-def cockpit-def cabin-def, rule ext,
       simp add: cabin-def door-def)
qed
lemma step2: Airplane-getting-in-danger \rightarrow_n Airplane-in-danger
proof (rule-tac l = door and a = "Charly" and z = "locked" in put-remote,
rule refl)
 show enables Airplane-getting-in-danger door (Actor "Charly") put
  by (simp add: enables-def local-policies-def ex-creds-def door-def cockpit-def,
      unfold Airplane-getting-in-danger-def,
      simp add: local-policies-def cockpit-def cabin-def door-def,
      rule-tac x = "Charly" in exI, rule conjI,
      simp add: atI-def agid-graph-def door-def cockpit-def, rule refl)
```

```
next show Airplane-in-danger =
   Infrastructure
   (Lgraph (gra (graphI Airplane-getting-in-danger)) (agra (graphI Airplane-getting-in-danger))
      (cgra (graphI Airplane-getting-in-danger))
      ((lgra\ (graphI\ Airplane-getting-in-danger))(door := [''locked''])))
    (delta Airplane-getting-in-danger)
   by (unfold Airplane-in-danger-def, simp add: aid-graph-def agid-graph-def
              ex-locs'-def ex-locs-def Airplane-getting-in-danger-def, force)
qed
lemma step0r: Airplane-scenario <math>\rightarrow_n * Airplane-getting-in-danger0
 by (simp add: state-transition-in-refl-def, insert step0, auto)
lemma step1r: Airplane-getting-in-danger0 <math>\rightarrow_n * Airplane-getting-in-danger
  by (simp add: state-transition-in-refl-def, insert step1, auto)
lemma step2r: Airplane-getting-in-danger \rightarrow_n * Airplane-in-danger
 by (simp add: state-transition-in-refl-def, insert step2, auto)
theorem step-allr: Airplane-scenario \rightarrow_n * Airplane-in-danger
 by (insert step0r step1r step2r, simp add: state-transition-in-refl-def)
theorem aid-attack: Air-Kripke \vdash EF (\{x. \neg global\text{-policy } x \text{ "Eve"}\})
proof (simp add: check-def Air-Kripke-def, rule conjI)
 show Airplane-scenario \in Air-states
   by (simp add: Air-states-def state-transition-in-refl-def)
next show Airplane-scenario \in EF \{x::infrastructure. \neg global-policy x "Eve"\}
  by (rule EF-lem2b, subst EF-lem000, rule EX-lem0r, subst EF-lem000, rule
EX-step,
    unfold state-transition-infra-def, rule step0, rule EX-lem0r,
    rule-tac y = Airplane-getting-in-danger in EX-step,
    unfold state-transition-infra-def, rule step1, subst EF-lem000, rule EX-lem0l,
    rule-tac\ y = Airplane-in-danger\ in\ EX-step,\ unfold\ state-transition-infra-def,
    rule step2, rule CollectI, rule ex-inv4)
qed
Invariant: actors cannot be at two places at the same time
lemma actors-unique-loc-base:
 assumes I \to_n I'
     and (\forall\ l\ l'.\ a\ @_{graphI\ I}\ l\ \wedge\ a\ @_{graphI\ I}\ l'\longrightarrow l=l')\wedge
          (\forall \ l. \ nodup \ \tilde{a} \ (\tilde{a}gra \ (graphI \ \tilde{I}) \ \tilde{l}))
   shows (\forall \ l \ l'. \ a @_{graphI \ l'} \ l \ \land \ a @_{graphI \ l'} \ l' \ \longrightarrow \ l = l') \ \land
          (\forall l. \ nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ I') \ l))
proof (rule state-transition-in.cases, rule assms(1))
 show \bigwedge(G::igraph) (Ia::infrastructure) (aa::char list) (l::location) (a'::char list)
(z::char\ list)
      I'a::infrastructure.
      I = Ia \Longrightarrow
      I' = I'a \Longrightarrow
```

```
G = graphI Ia \Longrightarrow
       aa @_G l \Longrightarrow
       a' @ G l \Longrightarrow
       has \ G \ (Actor \ aa, \ z) \Longrightarrow
       enables Ia l (Actor aa) get \Longrightarrow
       I'a =
       Infrastructure
        (Lgraph (gra G) (agra G))
            ((cgra\ G)(Actor\ a') := (z \# fst\ (cgra\ G\ (Actor\ a')),\ snd\ (cgra\ G\ (Actor\ a')))
(a'))))) (lgra G))
        (delta\ Ia) \Longrightarrow
       (\forall (l::location) \ l'::location. \ a @_{graphI\ I'} \ l \land a @_{graphI\ I'} \ l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land l'
       (\forall l::location. \ nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI\ I')\ l)) using assms
    by (simp add: atI-def)
next fix G Ia aa l I'a z
  assume a\theta: I = Ia and a\theta: I' = I'a and a\theta: G = graphI Ia and a\theta: a\theta @_G I
     and a4: enables Ia l (Actor aa) put
     and a5: I'a = Infrastructure (Lgraph (gra G) (agra G) (cgra G) ((lgra G)(lgra G))
:= [z]))) (delta Ia)
  show (\forall (l::location) \ l'::location. \ a @_{qraphI\ I'} \ l \land a @_{qraphI\ I'} \ l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land
       (\forall l::location. nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graph I \ I') \ l))using assms
    by (simp add: a0 a1 a2 a3 a4 a5 atI-def)
next show \bigwedge (G::igraph) (Ia::infrastructure) (l::location) (aa::char list) (I'a::infrastructure)
       z::char\ list.
       I = Ia \Longrightarrow
       I' = I'a \Longrightarrow
       G = graphI Ia \Longrightarrow
       enables Ia l (Actor aa) put \Longrightarrow
       I'a = Infrastructure (Lgraph (gra G) (agra G) (cgra G) ((lgra G)(l := [z])))
(delta\ Ia) \Longrightarrow
       (\forall (l::location) \ l'::location. \ a @_{qraphI\ I'} \ l \land a @_{qraphI\ I'} \ l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land l'
       (\forall l::location. nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ I') \ l))
    by (clarify, simp add: assms atI-def)
next show \bigwedge (G::igraph) (Ia::infrastructure) (aa::char list) (I::location) (I'::location)
       I'a::infrastructure.
       I = Ia \Longrightarrow
       I' = I'a \Longrightarrow
       G = graphI Ia \Longrightarrow
       aa @_G l \Longrightarrow
       l \in nodes \ G \Longrightarrow
       l' \in nodes \ G \Longrightarrow
       aa \in actors\text{-}graph (graphI Ia) \Longrightarrow
       enables Ia l' (Actor aa) move \Longrightarrow
       I'a = Infrastructure \ (move-graph-a \ aa \ l \ l' \ (graphI \ Ia)) \ (delta \ Ia) \Longrightarrow
       (\forall (l::location) \ l'::location. \ a @_{qraphI\ I'}\ l \land a @_{qraphI\ I'}\ l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land \\
       (\forall l::location. nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI\ I')\ l))
  proof (simp add: move-graph-a-def, rule conjI, clarify, rule conjI, clarify, rule
conjI, clarify)
   show \bigwedge(G::igraph) (Ia::infrastructure) (aa::char\ list) (l::location) (l'::location)
```

```
(I'a::infrastructure) (la::location) l'a::location.
       In frastructure \\
        (Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
          (if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
              then (agra (graphI I))(l := del \ a \ (agra (graphI I) \ l), \ l' := a \ \# \ agra
(graphI\ I)\ l')
            else \ agra \ (graph I \ I))
           (cgra\ (graphI\ I))\ (lgra\ (graphI\ I)))
        (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
       a @_{qraphI I} l \Longrightarrow
       l \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
       l' \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
       a \in actors-graph (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
       enables I l' (Actor a) move \Longrightarrow
       a \in set (agra (graphI I) l) \Longrightarrow
       a \notin set (agra (graphI I) l') \Longrightarrow
     a @ Lgraph (gra (graphI I))
                                                  ((agra\ (graphI\ I))(l:=del\ a\ (agra\ (graphI\ I)\ l),\ l':=a\ \#\ agra\ (graphI\ I)
la \Longrightarrow
     a <sup>™</sup>Lgraph (gra (graphI I))
                                                  ((agra\ (graphI\ I))(l:=del\ a\ (agra\ (graphI\ I)\ l),\ l':=a\ \#\ agra\ (graphI\ I)
l'a \Longrightarrow
       la = l'a
      apply (case-tac la \neq l' \land la \neq l \land l'a \neq l' \land l'a \neq l)
       apply (simp add: atI-def)
       apply (subgoal-tac la = l' \lor la = l \lor l'a = l' \lor l'a = l)
      prefer 2
      using assms(2) at I-def apply blast
      apply blast
      by (metis agra.simps assms(2) at I-def del-nodup fun-upd-apply)
 next show \bigwedge (G::igraph) (Ia::infrastructure) (aa::char\ list) (l::location) (l'::location)
       I'a::infrastructure.
       I' =
       Infrastructure
        (Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
          (if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
              then (agra (graphI I))(l := del \ a (agra (graphI I) \ l), \ l' := a \# agra
(graphI\ I)\ l')
            else agra (graphI I)
          (cgra (graphI I)) (lgra (graphI I)))
         (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
       a @_{araphI I} l \Longrightarrow
       l \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
       l' \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
       a \in actors\text{-}graph\ (graphI\ I) \Longrightarrow
       enables I l' (Actor a) move \Longrightarrow
       a \in set (agra (graphI I) l) \Longrightarrow
       a \notin set (agra (graphI I) l') \Longrightarrow
       \forall la::location.
          (la = l \longrightarrow l \neq l' \longrightarrow nodup \ a \ (del \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l))) \land
```

```
(la \neq l \longrightarrow la \neq l' \longrightarrow nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ la))
       by (simp\ add:\ assms(2)\ nodup-down)
 next show \bigwedge (G::igraph) (Ia::infrastructure) (aa::char\ list) (l::location) (l'::location)
        I'a::infrastructure.
        I' =
        Infrastructure
         (Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
           (if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
               then (agra (graphI I))(l := del \ a \ (agra (graphI I) \ l), \ l' := a \ \# \ agra
(graphI\ I)\ l')
            else \ agra \ (graphI \ I))
           (cgra (graphI I)) (lgra (graphI I)))
         (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
        a @_{qraphI I} l \Longrightarrow
        l \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
        l' \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
        a \in actors\text{-}graph\ (graphI\ I) \Longrightarrow
        enables I l' (Actor a) move \Longrightarrow
        (a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \longrightarrow a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')) \longrightarrow
        (\forall (l::location) \ l'::location.
          {\color{blue} a \@\@C} \textbf{\textit{Lgraph} (\textit{gra} (\textit{graphI} \ I)) (\textit{agra} (\textit{graphI} \ I)) (\textit{cgra} (\textit{graphI} \ I)) (\textit{lgra} (\textit{graphI} \ I))}
l \wedge
          {}^{a} \ @L{graph} \ (gra \ (graphI \ I)) \ (agra \ (graphI \ I)) \ (cgra \ (graphI \ I)) \ (lgra \ (graphI \ I))
            l = l' \land
        (\forall l::location. nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI\ I)\ l))
       by (simp\ add:\ assms(2)\ atI-def)
 next show \bigwedge (G::igraph) (Ia::infrastructure) (aa::char list) (l::location) (l'::location)
        I'a::infrastructure.
        I = Ia \Longrightarrow
        I' =
        Infrastructure
         (Lgraph (gra (graphI Ia))
           (if\ aa \in set\ (agra\ (graphI\ Ia)\ l) \land aa \notin set\ (agra\ (graphI\ Ia)\ l')
            then (agra (graphI Ia))(l := del \ aa \ (agra \ (graphI Ia) \ l), \ l' := aa \# \ agra
(graph I Ia) l'
            else agra (graphI Ia))
           (cgra\ (graphI\ Ia))\ (lgra\ (graphI\ Ia)))
         (delta\ Ia) \Longrightarrow
        G = graphI Ia \Longrightarrow
        aa @_{qraphI \ Ia} l \Longrightarrow
        l \in nodes (graph I Ia) \Longrightarrow
        l' \in nodes (qraphI Ia) \Longrightarrow
        aa \in actors\text{-}graph\ (graphI\ Ia) \Longrightarrow
        enables Ia l' (Actor aa) move \Longrightarrow
        I'a =
        Infrastructure
         (Lgraph (gra (graphI Ia))
           (if\ aa \in set\ (agra\ (graphI\ Ia)\ l) \land aa \notin set\ (agra\ (graphI\ Ia)\ l')
```

```
then (agra (graphI Ia))(l := del \ aa \ (agra \ (graphI Ia) \ l), \ l' := aa \ \# \ agra
(graphI Ia) l')
              else agra (graphI Ia))
             (cgra (graphI Ia)) (lgra (graphI Ia)))
          (delta\ Ia) \Longrightarrow
         aa \neq a \longrightarrow
         (aa \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ Ia) \ l) \land aa \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ Ia) \ l') \longrightarrow
          (\forall (la::location) \ l'a::location.
          a <sup>©</sup>Lgraph (gra (graphI Ia))
                                                                                                                      (l := del \ aa \ (agra \ (graphI \ Ia) \ l), \ l
                                                                      ((agra (graphI Ia))
          a @Lgraph (gra (graphI Ia))
                                                                      ((agra (graphI Ia))
                                                                                                                       (l := del \ aa \ (agra \ (graphI \ Ia) \ l), \ l
l'a \longrightarrow
              la = l'a) \wedge
          (\forall la::location.
               (la = l \longrightarrow
                (l = l' \longrightarrow nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ Ia) \ l')) \land
                (l \neq l' \longrightarrow nodup \ a \ (del \ aa \ (agra \ (graphI \ Ia) \ l)))) \ \land 
               (la \neq l \longrightarrow
                (\mathit{la} = \mathit{l'} \longrightarrow \mathit{nodup} \ \mathit{a} \ (\mathit{agra} \ (\mathit{graphI} \ \mathit{Ia}) \ \mathit{l'})) \ \land \\
                (la \neq l' \longrightarrow nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ Ia) \ la))))) \land
         ((\mathit{aa} \in \mathit{set} \; (\mathit{agra} \; (\mathit{graphI} \; \mathit{Ia}) \; \mathit{l}) \longrightarrow \mathit{aa} \in \mathit{set} \; (\mathit{agra} \; (\mathit{graphI} \; \mathit{Ia}) \; \mathit{l}')) \longrightarrow
          (\forall (l::location) \ l'::location.
          a <sup>ℚ</sup>Lgraph (gra (graphI Ia)) (agra (graphI Ia)) (cgra (graphI Ia))
                                                                                                                            (lgra (graphI Ia))
l \wedge
          a <sup>ℚ</sup>Lgraph (gra (graphI Ia)) (agra (graphI Ia)) (cgra (graphI Ia))
                                                                                                                            (lgra (graphI Ia))
               l = l' \land
          (\forall l::location. nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ Ia) \ l)))
    proof (clarify, simp add: atI-def,rule conjI,clarify,rule conjI,clarify,rule conjI,
              clarify, rule\ conjI, clarify, simp, clarify, rule\ conjI, (rule\ impI)+)
       show \bigwedge(aa::char\ list)\ (l::location)\ (l'::location)\ l'a::location.
        I' =
         Infrastructure
          (Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
            ((agra\ (graphI\ I))(l:=del\ aa\ (agra\ (graphI\ I)\ l),\ l':=aa\ \#\ agra\ (graphI
I) l'))
            (cgra\ (graphI\ I))\ (lgra\ (graphI\ I)))
          (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
         aa \in set (agra (graphI I) l) \Longrightarrow
         l \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
         l' \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
         aa \in \mathit{actors\text{-}\mathit{graph}} \; (\mathit{graphI} \; I) \Longrightarrow
         enables I l' (Actor aa) move \Longrightarrow
         aa \neq a \Longrightarrow
         aa \notin set (agra (graphI I) l') \Longrightarrow
         l \neq l' \Longrightarrow
         l'a \neq l \Longrightarrow
         l'a = l' \Longrightarrow a \in set (del \ aa \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l)) \Longrightarrow a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l)
I) l'
```

```
by (meson \ assms(2) \ atI-def \ del-notin-down)
    next show \bigwedge (aa::char list) (l::location) (l'::location) l'a::location.
        I' =
        Infrastructure
         (Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
            ((\mathit{agra}\;(\mathit{graphI}\;I))(\mathit{l}:=\mathit{del}\;\mathit{aa}\;(\mathit{agra}\;(\mathit{graphI}\;I)\;\mathit{l}),\;\mathit{l}':=\mathit{aa}\;\#\;\mathit{agra}\;(\mathit{graphI}\;I))
I) l'))
            (cgra\ (graphI\ I))\ (lgra\ (graphI\ I)))
          (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
        aa \in set (agra (graphI I) l) \Longrightarrow
        l \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
        l' \in nodes (graphI \ I) \Longrightarrow
        aa \in actors\text{-}graph\ (graphI\ I) \Longrightarrow
        enables I l' (Actor aa) move \Longrightarrow
        aa \neq a \Longrightarrow
        aa \notin set (agra (graphI I) l') \Longrightarrow
        l \neq l' \Longrightarrow
        l'a \neq l \Longrightarrow
        l'a \neq l' \longrightarrow a \in set \ (del \ aa \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l)) \longrightarrow a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI) \ l)
I) l'a)
         by (meson \ assms(2) \ atI-def \ del-notin-down)
    next show \bigwedge (aa::char list) (l::location) (l'::location) la::location.
        I' =
        Infrastructure
         (Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
            (if \ aa \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
               then (agra (graphI I))(l := del \ aa \ (agra \ (graphI I) \ l), \ l' := aa \ \# \ agra
(graphI\ I)\ l')
             else agra (graphI I))
            (cgra (graphI I)) (lgra (graphI I)))
          (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
        aa \in set (agra (graphI I) l) \Longrightarrow
        l \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
        l' \in nodes (graphI \ I) \Longrightarrow
        aa \in actors\text{-}graph \ (graphI \ I) \Longrightarrow
        enables I l' (Actor aa) move \Longrightarrow
        aa \neq a \Longrightarrow
        aa \notin set (agra (graphI I) l') \Longrightarrow
        la \neq l \longrightarrow
        (la = l' \longrightarrow
          (\forall l'a::location.
              (l'a = l \longrightarrow
               l \neq l' \longrightarrow a \in set (agra (graphI \ l') \longrightarrow a \notin set (del \ aa (agra (graphI \ l')))
I) \ l))) \wedge
              (l'a \neq l \longrightarrow
                l'a \neq l' \longrightarrow a \in set (agra (graphI I) l') \longrightarrow a \notin set (agra (graphI I) l')
l'a)))) \wedge
        (la \neq l' \longrightarrow
         (\forall l'a::location.
```

```
(l = l' \longrightarrow a \in set (agra (graphI I) la) \longrightarrow a \notin set (agra (graphI I) la))
l')) \wedge
            (l \neq l' \longrightarrow a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ la) \longrightarrow a \notin set \ (del \ aa \ (agra \ (graphI) \ la))
I) l)))) \wedge
             (l'a \neq l \longrightarrow
              (l'a = l' \longrightarrow a \in set (agra (graphI I) la) \longrightarrow a \notin set (agra (graphI I) la))
l')) \wedge
              (l'a \neq l' \longrightarrow
                a \in set (agra (graphI I) la) \land a \in set (agra (graphI I) l'a) \longrightarrow la =
l'a))))
         by (meson \ assms(2) \ atI-def \ del-notin-down)
    next show \bigwedge (aa::char list) (l::location) l'::location.
        I' =
       Infrastructure
         (Lgraph\ (gra\ (graphI\ I))
           (if aa \notin set (agra (graphI I) l')
             then (agra (graphI I))(l := del \ aa \ (agra \ (graphI I) \ l), \ l' := aa \ \# \ agra
(graphI\ I)\ l')
            else agra (graphI I)
           (cgra\ (graphI\ I))\ (lgra\ (graphI\ I)))
         (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
        aa \in set (agra (graphI I) l) \Longrightarrow
        l \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
        l' \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
        aa \in actors\text{-}graph\ (graphI\ I) \Longrightarrow
        enables I l' (Actor aa) move \Longrightarrow
        aa \neq a \Longrightarrow
        aa \notin set (agra (graphI I) l') \Longrightarrow
        \forall la::location.
           (la = l \longrightarrow
            (l = l' \longrightarrow nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')) \land (l)
            (l \neq l' \longrightarrow nodup \ a \ (del \ aa \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l)))) \land
           (la \neq l \longrightarrow
             (la = l' \longrightarrow nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')) \land (la \neq l' \longrightarrow nodup \ a \ (agra
(qraphI\ I)\ la)))
         by (simp\ add:\ assms(2)\ nodup-down-notin)
    next show \bigwedge (aa::char list) (l::location) l'::location.
        I' =
        Infrastructure
         (Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
           (if aa \notin set (agra (graphI I) l')
             then (agra (graphI I))(l := del aa (agra (graphI I) l), l' := aa \# agra
(graphI\ I)\ l')
            else agra (graphI I))
           (cgra\ (graphI\ I))\ (lgra\ (graphI\ I)))
         (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
        aa \in set (agra (graphI I) l) \Longrightarrow
        l \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
```

```
l' \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
                     aa \in actors\text{-}graph\ (graphI\ I) \Longrightarrow
                     enables I l' (Actor aa) move \Longrightarrow
                     aa \neq a \Longrightarrow
                     aa \in set (agra (graphI I) l') \longrightarrow
                     (\forall (l::location) \ l'::location.
                                  a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l') \longrightarrow l = l') \land
                     (\forall l::location. nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI\ I)\ l))
                        using assms(2) at I-def by blast
            qed
     qed
qed
lemma actors-unique-loc-step:
      assumes (I, I') \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\}^*
                 and \forall a. (\forall l l'. a @_{qraphI I} l \land a @_{qraphI I} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land
                              (\forall l. nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l))
           \mathbf{shows} \quad \forall \ a. \ (\forall \ l \ l'. \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l \ \land \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l' \ \longrightarrow \ l = l') \ \land
                              (\forall l. nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ I') \ l))
proof -
      \mathbf{have} \ ind \colon (\forall \ a. \ (\forall \ l \ l'. \ a \ @_{\mathit{graphI} \ I} \ l \ \land \ a \ @_{\mathit{graphI} \ I} \ l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land
                              (\forall \ l. \ nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l))) \longrightarrow
                     (\forall \ a. \ (\forall \ l \ l'. \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l \ \land \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l' \ \longrightarrow l = l') \ \land \ (\forall \ l'. \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l' \ \longrightarrow l = l') \ \land \ (\forall \ l'. \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l' \ \longrightarrow l = l') \ \land \ (\forall \ l'. \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l' \ \longrightarrow l = l') \ \land \ (\forall \ l'. \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l' \ \longrightarrow l = l') \ \land \ (\forall \ l'. \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l' \ \longrightarrow l = l') \ \land \ (\forall \ l'. \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l' \ \longrightarrow l = l') \ \land \ (\forall \ l'. \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l' \ \longrightarrow l = l') \ \land \ (\forall \ l'. \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l' \ \longrightarrow l = l') \ \land \ (\forall \ l'. \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l' \ \longrightarrow l = l') \ \land \ (\forall \ l'. \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l' \ \longrightarrow l = l') \ \land \ (\forall \ l'. \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l' \ \longrightarrow l = l') \ \land \ (\forall \ l'. \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l' \ \longrightarrow l = l') \ \land \ (\forall \ l'. \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l' \ \longrightarrow l = l') \ \land \ (\forall \ l'. \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l' \ \longrightarrow l = l') \ \land \ (\forall \ l'. \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l' \ \longrightarrow l = l') \ \land \ (\forall \ l'. \ a \ @_{graphI \ I'} \ l' \ \longrightarrow l \ l' \ )
                              (\forall l. \ nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ I') \ \tilde{l})))
      proof (insert assms(1), erule rtrancl.induct)
            show \bigwedge a::infrastructure.
                     (\forall aa::char\ list.
                                (\forall (l::location) \ l'::location. \ aa @_{qraphI \ a} \ l \land aa @_{qraphI \ a} \ l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land l = l'
                                 (\forall l::location. \ nodup \ aa \ (agra \ (graphI \ a) \ l))) \longrightarrow
                     (\forall aa::char\ list.
                               (\forall \, (l::location) \,\, l'::location. \,\, aa \,\, @_{graphI \,\, a} \,\, l \, \wedge \,\, aa \,\, @_{graphI \,\, a} \,\, l' \longrightarrow l = l') \,\, \wedge \,\, aa \,\, (l::location) \,\, l'::location. \,\, aa \,\, (l::location) \,\, aa \,\, (l::location
                                 (\forall l::location. \ nodup \ aa \ (agra \ (graphI \ a) \ l))) by simp
      next show \bigwedge (a::infrastructure) (b::infrastructure) (c::infrastructure).
                     (a, b) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\}^* \Longrightarrow
                     (\forall aa::char\ list.
                                   (\forall (l::location) \ (l'::location). \ (aa @_{graphI \ a} \ l \land aa @_{graphI \ a} \ l') \longrightarrow l =
l') \wedge
                                 (\forall l::location. \ nodup \ aa \ (agra \ (graphI \ a) \ l))) \longrightarrow
                     (\forall a :: char \ list.
                              (\forall (l::location) \ (l'::location). \ (a @_{graphI \ b} \ l \land a @_{graphI \ b} \ l') \longrightarrow l = l') \land (l'::location) \ (l'::location). \ (a @_{graphI \ b} \ l \land a @_{graphI \ b} \ l') \longrightarrow l = l') \land (l'::location) \ (l'::location). \ (a @_{graphI \ b} \ l \land a @_{graphI \ b} \ l') \longrightarrow l = l') \land (l'::location) \ (l'::location).
                                 (\forall l::location. \ nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ b) \ l))) \Longrightarrow
                     (b, c) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\} \Longrightarrow
                     (\forall aa::char\ list.
                                (\forall (l::location) \ l'::location. \ (aa @_{graphI \ a} \ l \land aa @_{graphI \ a} \ l') \longrightarrow l = l')
\wedge
                                 (\forall l::location. \ nodup \ aa \ (agra \ (graphI \ a) \ l))) \longrightarrow
                     (\forall a :: char \ list.
```

```
(\forall (l::location) \ l'::location. \ (a @_{graphI \ c} \ l \land a @_{graphI \ c} \ l') \longrightarrow l = l') \land 
          (\forall l::location. nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ c) \ l)))
     by (rule impI, rule allI, rule actors-unique-loc-base, drule CollectD,
            simp, erule impE, assumption, erule spec)
  qed
  show ?thesis
  by (insert ind, insert assms(2), simp)
qed
lemma actors-unique-loc-aid-base:
\forall a. (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI \ Airplane-not-in-danger-init} l \land
              a @_{graphI \ Airplane-not-in-danger-init} \ l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land
        (\forall l. nodup \ a (agra (graphI Airplane-not-in-danger-init) l))
proof (simp add: Airplane-not-in-danger-init-def ex-graph-def, clarify, rule conjI,
clarify,
     rule conjI, clarify, rule impI, (rule allI)+, rule impI, simp add: atI-def)
 show \bigwedge(l::location) l'::location.
      "Charly"
      \in set (if l = cockpit then ["Bob", "Charly"]
              else if l = door then [] else if l = cabin then ["Alice"] else []) \land
      \in set (if l' = cockpit then ["Bob", "Charly"]
              else if l' = door then [] else if l' = cabin then [''Alice''] else []) \Longrightarrow
 by (case-tac l = l', assumption, rule FalseE, case-tac l = cockpit \lor l = door \lor
l = cabin,
      erule disjE, simp, case-tac l' = door \lor l' = cabin, erule disjE, simp,
    simp add: cabin-def door-def, simp, erule disjE, simp add: door-def cockpit-def,
     simp add: cabin-def door-def cockpit-def, simp)
next show \bigwedge a :: char \ list.
       "Charly" \neq a \longrightarrow
      (\forall (l::location) \ l'::location.
       a <sup>(i)</sup>Lgraph {(cockpit, door), (door, cabin)}
                                                                    (\lambda x::location.
                                                                                                    if x = cockpit then ["Bob
l \wedge
       a @ Lgraph \{(cockpit, door), (door, cabin)\}
                                                                    (\lambda x::location.
                                                                                                    if x = cockpit then ["Bob
          l = l'
 by (clarify, simp add: at I-def, case-tac l = l', assumption, rule False E,
     case-tac\ l = cockpit\ \lor\ l = door\ \lor\ l = cabin,\ erule\ disjE,\ simp,
    case-tac\ l'=door\lor l'=cabin,\ erule\ disjE,\ simp,\ simp\ add:\ cabin-def\ door-def,
     simp, erule disjE, simp add: door\text{-}def cockpit\text{-}def, case\text{-}tac l = cockpit,
      simp\ add: cabin-def\ cockpit-def, simp\ add: cabin-def\ door-def, case-tac\ l'=
cockpit,
       simp, simp add: cabin-def, case-tac l' = door, simp, simp add: cabin-def,
simp)
```

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{actors-unique-loc-aid-step} :$

qed

```
(Airplane-not-in-danger-init, I) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \to_n y\}^*

\Rightarrow \forall a. (\forall l l'. a @_{graphI I} l \land a @_{graphI I} l' \longrightarrow l = l') \land

(\forall l. nodup \ a \ (agra \ (graphI I) \ l))

by (erule actors-unique-loc-step, rule actors-unique-loc-aid-base)
```

Using the state transition, Kripke structure and CTL, we can now also express (and prove!) unreachability properties which enable to formally verify security properties for specific policies, like two-person rule.

 $\label{lemma:anid-airplane-actors:actors-graph (graph I Airplane-not-in-danger-init) = airplane-actors} actors - graph (graph I Airplane-not-in-danger-init) = airplane-actors$

 $\mathbf{proof}\ (simp\ add:\ Airplane-not-in-danger-init-def\ ex-graph-def\ actors-graph-def\ nodes-def\ add)$

```
airplane-actors-def, rule equalityI)
  show \{x:: char\ list.
     \exists y :: location.
        (y = door \longrightarrow
         (door = cockpit \longrightarrow
           (\exists y :: location. \ y = cockpit \lor y = cabin \lor y = cockpit \lor y = cockpit \land
cockpit = cabin) \land
          (x = "Bob" \lor x = "Charly")) \land
         door = cockpit) \land
        (y \neq door \longrightarrow
         (y = cockpit \longrightarrow
          (\exists y :: location.
              y = door \lor
              cockpit = door \land y = cabin \lor
              y = cockpit \land cockpit = door \lor y = door \land cockpit = cabin) \land
          (x = "Bob" \lor x = "Charly")) \land
         (y \neq cockpit \longrightarrow y = cabin \land x = "Alice" \land y = cabin))
    \subseteq \{"Bob", "Charly", "Alice"\}
  by (rule\ subset I,\ drule\ Collect D,\ erule\ ex E,\ (erule\ conj E)+,
      simp add: door-def cockpit-def cabin-def, (erule conjE)+, force)
next show {"Bob", "Charly", "Alice"}
    \subseteq \{x :: char \ list.
        \exists y :: location.
           (y = door \longrightarrow
            (door = cockpit \longrightarrow
             (\exists y :: location.
                  y = cockpit \lor y = cabin \lor y = cockpit \lor y = cockpit \land cockpit =
cabin) \wedge
             (x = "Bob" \lor x = "Charly")) \land
            door = cockpit) \land
           (y \neq door \longrightarrow
            (y = cockpit \longrightarrow
             (\exists y :: location.
                 y = door \lor
                 cockpit = door \land y = cabin \lor
                 y = cockpit \land cockpit = door \lor y = door \land cockpit = cabin) \land
             (x = "Bob" \lor x = "Charly")) \land
```

```
(y \neq cockpit \longrightarrow y = cabin \land x = "Alice" \land y = cabin))
  by (rule subsetI, rule CollectI, simp add: door-def cockpit-def cabin-def,
     case-tac \ x = "Bob", force, case-tac \ x = "Charly", force,
     subgoal-tac \ x = "Alice", force, simp)
ged
lemma all-airplane-actors: (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, y) \in {(x::infrastructure,
y::infrastructure). \ x \rightarrow_n y
             \implies actors\text{-}graph(graphI\ y) = airplane\text{-}actors
 by (insert Anid-airplane-actors, erule subst, rule sym, erule same-actors)
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{actors-at-loc-in-graph:} \ \llbracket \ l \in \textit{nodes}(\textit{graphI} \ I); \ a \ @_{\textit{qraphI} \ I} \ l \rrbracket
                             \implies a \in actors\text{-}graph\ (graphI\ I)
  by (simp add: atI-def actors-graph-def, rule exI, rule conjI)
lemma not-en-get-Aprid:
 assumes (Airplane-not-in-danger-init,y) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure).
x \to_n y\}^*
  shows \sim (enables y l (Actor a) get)
proof -
  have delta\ y = delta(Airplane-not-in-danger-init)
  by (insert assms, rule sym, erule-tac init-state-policy)
  with assms show ?thesis
  by (simp add: Airplane-not-in-danger-init-def enables-def local-policies-four-eyes-def)
qed
lemma Apnid-tsp-test: ~(enables Airplane-not-in-danger-init cockpit (Actor "Alice")
get
 by (simp add: Airplane-not-in-danger-init-def ex-creds-def enables-def
               local-policies-four-eyes-def cabin-def door-def cockpit-def
               ex-graph-def ex-locs-def)
lemma Aprid-tsp-test-gen: \sim (enables Airplane-not-in-danger-init l (Actor a) get)
  by (simp add: Airplane-not-in-danger-init-def ex-creds-def enables-def
               local-policies-four-eyes-def cabin-def door-def cockpit-def
               ex-graph-def ex-locs-def)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{test-graph-atI:}\ ''Bob'' @ \textit{graphI}\ \textit{Airplane-not-in-danger-init}\ \textit{cockpit}
  by (simp add: Airplane-not-in-danger-init-def ex-graph-def atI-def)
Invariant: number of staff in cockpit never below 2
\mathbf{lemma}\ two\text{-}person\text{-}inv:
  fixes z z'
  assumes (2::nat) \leq length (agra (graphI z) cockpit)
     and nodes(graphI\ z) = nodes(graphI\ Airplane-not-in-danger-init)
     and delta(z) = delta(Airplane-not-in-danger-init)
      and (Airplane-not-in-danger-init,z) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure).
```

```
x \to_n y\}^*
      and z \to_n z'
    shows (2::nat) \leq length (agra (graphI z') cockpit)
proof (insert assms(5), erule state-transition-in.cases)
  show \bigwedge(G::iqraph) (I::infrastructure) (a::char list) (l::location) (a'::char list)
(za::char\ list)
       I'::infrastructure.
       z = I \Longrightarrow
       z' = I' \Longrightarrow
       G = graphI \ I \Longrightarrow
       a @_G l \Longrightarrow
       a' @_G l \Longrightarrow
       has \ G \ (Actor \ a, \ za) \Longrightarrow
       enables I \ l \ (Actor \ a) \ get \Longrightarrow
       I' =
       Infrastructure
        (Lgraph (gra G) (agra G))
           ((cgra\ G)(Actor\ a'):=(za\ \#\ fst\ (cgra\ G\ (Actor\ a')),\ snd\ (cgra\ G\ (Actor\ a')))
a'))))) (lgra G))
        (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
       (2::nat) \leq length (agra (graphI z') cockpit) using assms by simp
next show \bigwedge (G::igraph) (I::infrastructure) (a::char list) (l::location) (I'::infrastructure)
       za::char\ list.
       z = I \Longrightarrow
       z' = I' \Longrightarrow
       G = \operatorname{graph} I I \Longrightarrow
       a @_{G} l \Longrightarrow
       enables I \ l \ (Actor \ a) \ put \Longrightarrow
       I' = Infrastructure (Lgraph (gra G) (agra G) (cgra G) ((lgra G)(l := [za])))
(delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
       (2::nat) \leq length (agra (graphIz') cockpit) using assms by simp
next show \bigwedge(G::igraph) (I::infrastructure) (I::location) (a::char list) (I'::infrastructure)
       za::char\ list.
       z = I \Longrightarrow
       z' = I' \Longrightarrow
       G = graphI I \Longrightarrow
       enables I \ l \ (Actor \ a) \ put \Longrightarrow
       I' = Infrastructure (Lgraph (gra G) (agra G) (cgra G) ((lgra G)(l := [za])))
(delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
       (2::nat) \leq length (agra (graphI z') cockpit) using assms by simp
next show \bigwedge (G::igraph) (I::infrastructure) (a::char list) (l::location) (l'::location)
       I'::infrastructure.
       z = I \Longrightarrow
       z' = I' \Longrightarrow
       G = graphI I \Longrightarrow
       a @_G l \Longrightarrow
       l \in nodes G \Longrightarrow
       l' \in nodes \ G \Longrightarrow
       a \in actors\text{-}graph\ (graphI\ I) \Longrightarrow
```

```
enables I l' (Actor a) move \Longrightarrow
      I' = Infrastructure \ (move-graph-a \ a \ l \ l' \ (graph I \ I)) \ (delta \ I) \Longrightarrow
      (2::nat) \leq length (agra (graphI z') cockpit)
proof -
fix G :: igraph and I :: infrastructure and a :: char list and l :: location and l'
:: location \ \mathbf{and} \ I' :: infrastructure
 have f1: UasI "Eve" "Charly"
   using Eve-precipitating-event Insider-Eve Insider-def by force
 obtain ccs :: char \ list \Rightarrow char \ list and ccsa :: char \ list \Rightarrow char \ list where
   f2: \forall cs \ csa. \ (\neg \ UasI \ cs \ csa \ \lor \ Actor \ cs = Actor \ csa \ \land \ (\forall \ csa \ csb. \ (csa = cs \ \lor \ Actor \ csa)
csb = cs \lor Actor \ csa \ne Actor \ csb) \lor csa = csb)) \land (UasI \ cs \ csa \lor Actor \ cs \ne actor \ csb)
Actor\ csa\ \lor\ (ccs\ cs \neq cs \land\ ccsa\ cs \neq cs \land\ Actor\ (ccs\ cs) = Actor\ (ccsa\ cs))\ \land
ccs \ cs \neq ccsa \ cs
   using UasI-def by moura
 have "Bob" @_{graphI} (Infrastructure \ ex-graph \ local-policies) Location 2
   using Airplane-not-in-danger-init-def cockpit-def test-graph-at I by force
  then have Actor "Bob" = Actor "Eve"
  using Airplane-scenario-def airplane.cockpit-foe-control airplane-axioms cockpit-def
ex-inv3 qlobal-policy-def by blast
  then show 2 \le length (agra (graphI z') cockpit)
    using f2 f1 by auto
qed
qed
lemma two-person-inv1:
 assumes (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, z) \in {(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure)}.
x \to_n y\}^*
 shows (2::nat) \leq length (agra (graphI z) cockpit)
proof (insert assms, erule rtrancl-induct)
 show (2::nat) \leq length (agra (graphI Airplane-not-in-danger-init) cockpit)
 by (simp add: Airplane-not-in-danger-init-def ex-graph-def)
next show \bigwedge(y::infrastructure) z::infrastructure.
       (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, y) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x\}
\rightarrow_n y}* \Longrightarrow
      (y, z) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\} \Longrightarrow
        (2::nat) \leq length (agra (graphI y) cockpit) \Longrightarrow (2::nat) \leq length (agra
(qraphI\ z)\ cockpit)
   by (rule two-person-inv, assumption, rule same-nodes, assumption, rule sym,
       rule\ init-state-policy,\ assumption+,\ simp)
qed
The version of two_person_inv above we need, uses cardinality of lists of
proof idea: show since there are no duplicates in the list agra (graphI z)
```

actors rather than length of lists. Therefore first some equivalences and then a restatement of two_person_inv in terms of sets

cockpit therefore then card(set(agra (graphI z))) = length(agra (graphI z))

lemma nodup-card-insert:

```
a \notin set \ l \longrightarrow card \ (insert \ a \ (set \ l)) = Suc \ (card \ (set \ l))
```

```
by auto
```

```
lemma no-dup-set-list-num-eq[rule-format]:
    (\forall a. nodup \ a \ l) \longrightarrow card \ (set \ l) = length \ l
  by (induct-tac l, simp, clarify, simp, erule impE, rule allI,
      drule-tac x = aa in spec, case-tac a = aa, simp, erule nodup-notin, simp)
lemma two-person-set-inv:
 assumes (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, z) \in {(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure)}.
x \to_n y\}^*
    shows (2::nat) \le card (set (agra (graphI z) cockpit))
proof -
 have a: card (set (agra (graphI z) cockpit)) = length(agra (graphI z) cockpit)
  \mathbf{by}\ (\mathit{rule}\ \mathit{no-dup-set-list-num-eq},\ \mathit{insert}\ \mathit{assms},\ \mathit{drule}\ \mathit{actors-unique-loc-aid-step},
       drule-tac x = a in spec, erule conjE, erule-tac x = cockpit in spec)
  show ?thesis
  by (insert a, erule ssubst, rule two-person-inv1, rule assms)
qed
lemma Pred-all-unique: [[ ? x. P x; (! x. P x \longrightarrow x = c)]] \Longrightarrow P c
 by (case-tac P c, assumption, erule exE, drule-tac x = x in spec,
      drule mp, assumption, erule subst)
lemma Set-all-unique: [S \neq \{\}; (\forall x \in S. x = c)] \implies c \in S
  by (rule-tac P = \lambda x. x \in S in Pred-all-unique, force, simp)
lemma airplane-actors-inv0 [rule-format]:
    \forall z z'. (\forall h::char list \in set (agra (graphIz) cockpit). h \in airplane-actors) \land
          (Airplane-not-in-danger-init,z) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure).\ x
                 z \rightarrow_n z' \longrightarrow (\forall h :: char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ z') \ cockpit). \ h \in
airplane-actors)
proof (clarify, erule state-transition-in.cases)
 show \bigwedge(z::infrastructure) (z'::infrastructure) (h::char\ list) (G::igraph) (I::infrastructure)
       (a::char list) (l::location) (a'::char list) (za::char list) I'::infrastructure.
       h \in set (agra (graphI z') cockpit) \Longrightarrow
       \forall h:: char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ z) \ cockpit). \ h \in airplane-actors \Longrightarrow
        (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, z) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x\}
\rightarrow_n y\}^* \Longrightarrow
      z = I \Longrightarrow
       z' = I' \Longrightarrow
       G = \operatorname{graph} I I \Longrightarrow
       a @_G l \Longrightarrow
       a' @_G l \Longrightarrow
       has \ G \ (Actor \ a, \ za) \Longrightarrow
       enables I \ l \ (Actor \ a) \ get \Longrightarrow
       I' =
       Infrastructure
        (Lgraph (gra G) (agra G)
```

```
((cgra\ G)(Actor\ a'):=(za\ \#\ fst\ (cgra\ G\ (Actor\ a')),\ snd\ (cgra\ G\ (Actor\ a')))
a'))))) (lgra G))
        (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
       h \in airplane-actors
    by simp
next show \bigwedge(z::infrastructure) (z'::infrastructure) (h::char list) (G::iqraph) (I::infrastructure)
       (a::char list) (l::location) (I'::infrastructure) za::char list.
       h \in set (agra (graphI z') cockpit) \Longrightarrow
       \forall h:: char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ z) \ cockpit). \ h \in airplane-actors \Longrightarrow
         (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, z) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x\}
\rightarrow_n y}* \Longrightarrow
       z = I \Longrightarrow
       z' = I' \Longrightarrow
       G = graphI I \Longrightarrow
       a @_{C} l \Longrightarrow
       enables I l (Actor a) put \Longrightarrow
       I' = Infrastructure (Lgraph (gra G) (agra G) (cgra G) ((lgra G)(l := [za])))
(delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
       h \in airplane-actors
    by simp
next show \bigwedge(z::infrastructure) (z'::infrastructure) (h::char\ list) (G::igraph) (I::infrastructure)
       (l::location) (a::char\ list) (I'::infrastructure) za::char\ list.
       h \in set (agra (graphI z') cockpit) \Longrightarrow
       \forall h:: char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ z) \ cockpit). \ h \in airplane-actors \Longrightarrow
         (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, z) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x\}
\rightarrow_n y}* \Longrightarrow
       z = I \Longrightarrow
       z' = I' \Longrightarrow
       G = graphI I \Longrightarrow
       enables I \ l \ (Actor \ a) \ put \Longrightarrow
       I' = Infrastructure (Lgraph (gra G) (agra G) (cgra G) ((lgra G)(l := [za])))
(delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
       h \in airplane-actors
    by simp
next show \bigwedge(z::infrastructure) (z'::infrastructure) (h::char \ list) (G::igraph) (I::infrastructure)
       (a::char\ list)\ (l::location)\ (l'::location)\ I'::infrastructure.
       h \in set (agra (graphI z') cockpit) \Longrightarrow
       \forall h:: char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ z) \ cockpit). \ h \in airplane-actors \Longrightarrow
         (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, z) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x\}
\rightarrow_n y\}^* \Longrightarrow
       z = I \Longrightarrow
       z' = I' \Longrightarrow
       G = graphI I \Longrightarrow
       a @_G l \Longrightarrow
       l \in nodes \ G \Longrightarrow
       l' \in nodes \ G \Longrightarrow
       a \in actors-graph (graphII) \Longrightarrow
       enables I l' (Actor a) move \Longrightarrow
           I' = Infrastructure \ (move-graph-a \ a \ l \ l' \ (graphI \ I)) \ (delta \ I) \implies h \in
```

```
airplane-actors
  proof (simp add: move-graph-a-def,
          case-tac \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l'))
   show \bigwedge(z::infrastructure) (z'::infrastructure) (h::char\ list) (G::igraph) (I::infrastructure)
        (a::char\ list)\ (l::location)\ (l'::location)\ I'::infrastructure.
        h \in set \ ((if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
                    then (agra (graphI I))
                          (l := del \ a \ (agra \ (graph I \ I) \ l), \ l' := a \# agra \ (graph I \ I) \ l')
                    else \ agra \ (graphI \ I))
                    cockpit) \Longrightarrow
       \forall h::char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ cockpit). \ h \in airplane-actors \Longrightarrow
         (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, I) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x\}
\rightarrow_n y\}^* \Longrightarrow
       z = I \Longrightarrow
        z' =
        Infrastructure
         (Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
           (if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
               then (agra (graphI I))(l := del \ a (agra (graphI I) \ l), \ l' := a \# agra
(graphI\ I)\ l')
            else \ agra \ (graphI \ I))
           (cgra\ (graphI\ I))\ (lgra\ (graphI\ I)))
         (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
        G = graphI I \Longrightarrow
        a @_{graphI I} l \Longrightarrow
        l \in nodes (qraphI I) \Longrightarrow
        l' \in nodes (qraphI I) \Longrightarrow
        a \in actors\text{-}graph\ (graphI\ I) \Longrightarrow
        enables\ I\ l'\ (Actor\ a)\ move \Longrightarrow
        I' =
        Infrastructure
         (Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
           (if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
               then (agra (graphI I))(l := del \ a \ (agra (graphI I) \ l), \ l' := a \ \# \ agra
(graphI\ I)\ l')
            else \ agra \ (graphI \ I))
           (cgra (graphI I)) (lgra (graphI I)))
         (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
         \neg (a \in set (agra (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set (agra (graphI \ I) \ l')) \Longrightarrow h \in
airplane-actors
      by simp
   next show \bigwedge(z::infrastructure) (z'::infrastructure) (h::char\ list) (G::igraph)
(I::infrastructure)
        (a::char\ list)\ (l::location)\ (l'::location)\ I'::infrastructure.
        h \in set \ ((if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
                    then (agra (graphI I))
                          (l := \mathit{del}\ \mathit{a}\ (\mathit{agra}\ (\mathit{graphI}\ \mathit{I})\ \mathit{l}),\ \mathit{l}' := \mathit{a}\ \#\ \mathit{agra}\ (\mathit{graphI}\ \mathit{I})\ \mathit{l}')
                    else agra (graphI I)
                    cockpit) \Longrightarrow
```

```
\forall h:: char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ cockpit). \ h \in airplane-actors \Longrightarrow
         (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, I) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x\}
\rightarrow_n y}* \Longrightarrow
       z = I \Longrightarrow
       z' =
       Infrastructure
        (Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
           (if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
              then (agra (graphI I))(l := del \ a (agra (graphI I) \ l), \ l' := a \# agra
(graphI\ I)\ l')
            else \ agra \ (graphI \ I))
           (cgra (graphI I)) (lgra (graphI I)))
        (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
       G = graphI I \Longrightarrow
       a @_{graphI\ I}\ l \Longrightarrow
       l \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
       l' \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
       a \in actors-graph (graphII) \Longrightarrow
       enables I l' (Actor a) move \Longrightarrow
       I' =
       In frastructure \\
        (Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
           (if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
              then (agra (graphI I))(l := del \ a (agra (graphI I) \ l), \ l' := a \# agra
(qraphI\ I)\ l')
            else agra (graphI I)
           (cgra (graphI I)) (lgra (graphI I)))
         (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
           a \ \in \ set \ (\mathit{agra} \ (\mathit{graphI} \ I) \ l) \ \land \ a \ \notin \ set \ (\mathit{agra} \ (\mathit{graphI} \ I) \ l') \implies h \ \in
airplane-actors
    proof (case-tac\ l' = cockpit)
    show \bigwedge(z::infrastructure) (z'::infrastructure) (h::char\ list) (G::igraph) (I::infrastructure)
       (a::char\ list)\ (l::location)\ (l'::location)\ I'::infrastructure.
       h \in set \ ((if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
                    then (agra (graphI I))
                         (l := del \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l), \ l' := a \# agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
                    else \ agra \ (graphI \ I))
                    cockpit) \Longrightarrow
       \forall h::char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ cockpit). \ h \in airplane-actors \Longrightarrow
         (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, I) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x\}
\rightarrow_n y\}^* \Longrightarrow
       z = I \Longrightarrow
       z' =
       In frastructure \\
        (Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
           (if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
              then (agra (graphI I))(l := del \ a \ (agra (graphI I) \ l), \ l' := a \ \# \ agra
(graphI\ I)\ l')
            else agra (graphI I)
```

```
(cgra (graphI I)) (lgra (graphI I)))
         (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
       G = graphI I \Longrightarrow
       a @_{qraphI\ I} l \Longrightarrow
       l \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
       l' \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
       a \in actors\text{-}graph (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
       enables I l' (Actor a) move \Longrightarrow
       I' =
       Infrastructure
        (Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
           (if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
              then (agra (graphI I))(l := del \ a \ (agra (graphI I) \ l), \ l' := a \ \# \ agra
(graphI\ I)\ l')
            else \ agra \ (graphI \ I))
           (cgra\ (graphI\ I))\ (lgra\ (graphI\ I)))
         (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
       a \in set (agra (graphI I) l) \land a \notin set (agra (graphI I) l') \Longrightarrow
       l' \neq cockpit \implies h \in airplane\text{-}actors
      proof (case-tac\ cockpit = l)
            show \bigwedge(z::infrastructure) (z'::infrastructure) (h::char\ list) (G::igraph)
(I::infrastructure)
       (a::char\ list)\ (l::location)\ (l'::location)\ I'::infrastructure.
       h \in set \ ((if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
                    then (agra (graphI I))
                         (l := del \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l), \ l' := a \# agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
                    else \ agra \ (graphI \ I))
                    cockpit) \Longrightarrow
       \forall h::char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI\ I) \ cockpit). \ h \in airplane-actors \Longrightarrow
         (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, I) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x\}
\rightarrow_n y}* \Longrightarrow
       z = I \Longrightarrow
       z' =
       Infrastructure
        (Lgraph\ (gra\ (graphI\ I))
           (if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
              then (agra (graphI I))(l := del \ a \ (agra (graphI I) \ l), \ l' := a \# agra
(graphI\ I)\ l')
            else agra (graphI I))
           (cgra\ (graphI\ I))\ (lgra\ (graphI\ I)))
        (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
       G = graphI I \Longrightarrow
       a @_{qraphI \ I} l \Longrightarrow
       l \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
       l' \in nodes (qraphI I) \Longrightarrow
       a \in actors\text{-}graph\ (graphI\ I) \Longrightarrow
       enables I l' (Actor a) move \Longrightarrow
       I' =
       Infrastructure
```

```
(Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
          (if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
              then (agra (graphI I))(l := del \ a \ (agra (graphI I) \ l), \ l' := a \ \# \ agra
(graphI\ I)\ l')
            else \ agra \ (graphI \ I))
          (cgra (graphI I)) (lgra (graphI I)))
        (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
       a \in set (agra (graphI I) l) \land a \notin set (agra (graphI I) l') \Longrightarrow
       l' \neq cockpit \Longrightarrow cockpit \neq l \Longrightarrow h \in airplane-actors
          by simp
     next show \bigwedge(z::infrastructure) (z'::infrastructure) (h::char\ list) (G::igraph)
(I::infrastructure)
       (a::char\ list)\ (l::location)\ (l'::location)\ I'::infrastructure.
       h \in set \ ((if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
                   then (agra (graphI I))
                         (l := del \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l), \ l' := a \# agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
                   else agra (graphI I)
                   cockpit) \Longrightarrow
       \forall h:: char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ cockpit). \ h \in airplane-actors \Longrightarrow
         (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, I) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x\}
\rightarrow_n y}* \Longrightarrow
       z = I \Longrightarrow
       z' =
       Infrastructure
        (Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
          (if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
              then (agra (graphI I))(l := del \ a (agra (graphI I) \ l), \ l' := a \# agra
(graphI\ I)\ l')
            else agra (graphI I))
          (cgra (graphI I)) (lgra (graphI I)))
        (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
       G = graphI I \Longrightarrow
       a @_{qraphI \ I} l \Longrightarrow
       l \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
       l' \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
       a \in actors-graph (graphII) \Longrightarrow
       enables I l' (Actor a) move \Longrightarrow
       I' =
       Infrastructure
        (Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
          (if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
              then (agra (graphI I))(l := del \ a (agra (graphI I) \ l), \ l' := a \# agra
(graphI\ I)\ l')
            else \ agra \ (graphI \ I))
          (cgra (graphI I)) (lgra (graphI I)))
        (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
       a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \ \land \ a \not \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l') \Longrightarrow
       l' \neq cockpit \implies cockpit = l \implies h \in airplane-actors
          by (simp, erule bspec, erule del-up)
```

```
qed
     next show \bigwedge(z::infrastructure) (z'::infrastructure) (h::char\ list) (G::igraph)
(I::infrastructure)
       (a::char\ list)\ (l::location)\ (l'::location)\ I'::infrastructure.
       h \in set \ ((if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
                   then (agra (graphI I))
                        (l := del \ a \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l), \ l' := a \ \# \ agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
                   else agra (graphI I)
                   cockpit) \Longrightarrow
       \forall h::char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI\ I) \ cockpit). \ h \in airplane-actors \Longrightarrow
         (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, I) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x\}
\rightarrow_n y\}^* \Longrightarrow
       z = I \Longrightarrow
       z' =
       Infrastructure
        (Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
          (if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
              then (agra (graphI I))(l := del \ a (agra (graphI I) \ l), \ l' := a \# agra
(graphI\ I)\ l')
           else agra (graphI I)
          (cgra (graphI I)) (lgra (graphI I)))
        (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
       G = graphI I \Longrightarrow
       a @_{qraphI\ I} l \Longrightarrow
       l \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
       l' \in nodes (qraphI I) \Longrightarrow
       a \in actors-graph (graphII) \Longrightarrow
       enables I l' (Actor a) move \Longrightarrow
       I' =
       Infrastructure
        (Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
          (if \ a \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l) \land a \notin set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ l')
              then (agra (graphI I))(l := del \ a \ (agra (graphI I) \ l), \ l' := a \ \# \ agra
(graphI\ I)\ l')
           else \ agra \ (graphI \ I))
          (cgra (graphI I)) (lgra (graphI I)))
        (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
       a \in set (agra (graphI I) l) \land a \notin set (agra (graphI I) l') \Longrightarrow
       l' = cockpit \Longrightarrow h \in airplane\text{-}actors
      proof (simp, erule \ disjE)
           show \bigwedge(z::infrastructure) (z'::infrastructure) (h::char list) (G::igraph)
(I::infrastructure)
       (a::char\ list)\ (l::location)\ (l'::location)\ I'::infrastructure.
       \forall h::char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ cockpit). \ h \in airplane-actors \Longrightarrow
         (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, I) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x\}
\rightarrow_n y}* \Longrightarrow
       z = I \Longrightarrow
       z' =
       Infrastructure
```

```
(Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
          ((agra (graphI I))
          (l := del\ a\ (agra\ (graphI\ I)\ l),\ cockpit := a\ \#\ agra\ (graphI\ I)\ cockpit))
          (cgra (graphI I)) (lgra (graphI I)))
        (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
       G = graphI I \Longrightarrow
       a \,\, @_{graphI \,\, I} \,\, l \Longrightarrow
       l \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
       cockpit \in nodes (graphI I) \Longrightarrow
       a \in actors\text{-}graph\ (graphI\ I) \Longrightarrow
       enables I \ cockpit \ (Actor \ a) \ move \Longrightarrow
       I' =
       In frastructure \\
       (Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
          ((agra (graphI I))
          (l := del\ a\ (agra\ (graphI\ I)\ l),\ cockpit := a\ \#\ agra\ (graphI\ I)\ cockpit))
          (cgra (graphI I)) (lgra (graphI I)))
       (delta\ I) \Longrightarrow
       a \in set (agra (graphI I) l) \land a \notin set (agra (graphI I) cockpit) \Longrightarrow
       l' = cockpit \Longrightarrow h \in set (agra (graphI I) cockpit) \Longrightarrow h \in airplane-actors
          by (erule bspec)
      \mathbf{next} \ \mathbf{fix} \ z \ z' \ h \ G \ I \ a \ l \ l' \ I'
       assume a0: \forall h::char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI\ I) \ cockpit). \ h \in airplane-actors
    and a1: (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, I) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure)\}.
x \to_n y\}^*
     and a2: z = I
     and a3: z' =
      Infrastructure
       (Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
          ((agra (graphI I))
          (l := del\ a\ (agra\ (graphI\ I)\ l),\ cockpit := a\ \#\ agra\ (graphI\ I)\ cockpit))
          (cgra (graphI I)) (lgra (graphI I)))
        (delta\ I)
      and a4: G = graphII
      and a5: a @_{qraphI\ I}\ l
      and a6: l \in nodes (graphII)
      and a7: cockpit \in nodes (graphII)
      and a8: a \in actors\text{-}graph (graphI I)
      and a9: enables I cockpit (Actor a) move
      and a10: I' =
      In frastructure \\
       (Lgraph (gra (graphI I)))
          ((agra (graphI I))
          (l := del\ a\ (agra\ (graphI\ I)\ l),\ cockpit := a\ \#\ agra\ (graphI\ I)\ cockpit))
          (cgra (graphI I)) (lgra (graphI I)))
       (delta\ I)
       and a11: a \in set (agra (graphI I) l) \land a \notin set (agra (graphI I) cockpit)
       and a12: l' = cockpit
       and a13: h = a
```

```
show h \in airplane-actors
      proof -
      have a: delta(I) = delta(Airplane-not-in-danger-init)
        by (rule sym, rule init-state-policy, rule a1)
      show ?thesis
        by (insert a0 a1 a2 a3 a4 a5 a6 a7 a8 a9 a10 a11 a12 a13 a,
         simp add: enables-def, erule bexE, simp add: Airplane-not-in-danger-init-def,
            unfold local-policies-four-eyes-def, simp, erule disjE, simp+,
            erule\ exE,\ (erule\ conjE)+,
            fold local-policies-four-eyes-def Airplane-not-in-danger-init-def,
            drule all-airplane-actors, erule subst)
    qed
  qed
 qed
qed
qed
lemma airplane-actors-inv:
 assumes (Airplane-not-in-danger-init,z) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure).
x \to_n y\}^*
   shows \forall h :: char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ z) \ cockpit). \ h \in airplane-actors
proof -
 have ind: (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, z) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure).
x \to_n y\}^* \longrightarrow
   (\forall h::char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ z) \ cockpit). \ h \in airplane-actors)
  proof (insert assms, erule rtrancl-induct)
     show (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, Airplane-not-in-danger-init) \in \{(x,y), x\}
\rightarrow_n y}* \longrightarrow
     (\forall h::char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ Airplane-not-in-danger-init) \ cockpit). \ h \in
airplane-actors)
    by (rule impI, rule ballI,
         simp add: Airplane-not-in-danger-init-def ex-graph-def airplane-actors-def
ex-locs-def,
   next show \bigwedge(y::infrastructure) z::infrastructure.
        (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, y) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x\}
\rightarrow_n y\}^* \Longrightarrow
      (y, z) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\} \Longrightarrow
      (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, y) \in \{(x,y). \ x \to_n y\}^* \longrightarrow
      (\forall h::char\ list \in set\ (agra\ (graphI\ y)\ cockpit).\ h \in airplane-actors) \Longrightarrow
      (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, z) \in \{(x,y). \ x \to_n y\}^* \longrightarrow
      (\forall h::char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ z) \ cockpit). \ h \in airplane-actors)
   by (rule impI, rule ballI, rule-tac z = y in airplane-actors-inv0,
       rule conjI, erule impE, assumption+, simp)
  ged
  show ?thesis
  by (insert ind, insert assms, simp)
```

```
qed
```

```
lemma Eve-not-in-cockpit: (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, I)
      \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\}^* \Longrightarrow
      x \in set (agra (graphI I) cockpit) \Longrightarrow x \neq "Eve"
by (drule airplane-actors-inv, simp add: airplane-actors-def,
    drule-tac x = x in bspec, assumption, force)
2 person invariant implies that there is always some x in cockpit x not equal
Eve
lemma tp-imp-control:
 assumes (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, I) \in {(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure)}.
x \to_n y
 shows (? x :: identity. x @_{araphI\ I} cockpit \land Actor\ x \neq Actor\ ''Eve'')
proof -
  have a\theta: (2::nat) \leq card (set (agra (graphI I) cockpit))
   by (insert assms, erule two-person-set-inv)
 have a1: is-singleton({"Charly"})
   by (rule is-singletonI)
 have a6: \neg(\forall x \in set(agra (graphI I) cockpit). (Actor <math>x = Actor "Eve"))
   proof (rule notI)
      assume a7: \forall x :: char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI \ I) \ cockpit). Actor x = Actor
"Eve"
     have a5: \forall x::char \ list \in set \ (agra \ (graphI\ I) \ cockpit). \ x = "Charly"
       by (insert assms a0 a7, rule ball, drule-tac x = x in bspec, assumption,
         subgoal-tac x \neq "Eve", insert Insider-Eve, unfold Insider-def, (drule mp),
         rule Eve-precipitating-event, simp add: UasI-def, erule Eve-not-in-cockpit)
     have a4: set (agra (graphI I) cockpit) = {"Charly"}
       by (rule equalityI, rule subsetI, insert a5, simp,
          rule subsetI, simp, rule Set-all-unique, insert a0, force, rule a5)
     have a2: (card((set (agra (graphII) cockpit)) :: char list set)) = (1 :: nat)
      by (insert a1, unfold is-singleton-altdef, erule ssubst, insert a4, erule ssubst,
           fold is-singleton-altdef, rule a1)
     have a3: (2 :: nat) \leq (1 :: nat)
       by (insert a0, insert a2, erule subst, assumption)
     show False
       by (insert a5 a4 a3 a2, arith)
 show ?thesis by (insert assms a0 a6, simp add: atI-def, blast)
qed
lemma Fend-2: (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, I) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure)\}
(x \to_n y)^* \Longrightarrow
        ¬ enables I cockpit (Actor "Eve") put
 by (insert cockpit-foe-control, simp add: foe-control-def, drule-tac x = I in spec,
     erule mp, erule tp-imp-control)
theorem Four-eyes-no-danger: Air-tp-Kripke \vdash AG (\{x. global-policy x "Eve"\})
```

```
proof (simp add: Air-tp-Kripke-def check-def, rule conjI)
  show Airplane-not-in-danger-init \in Air-tp-states
   by (simp add: Airplane-not-in-danger-init-def Air-tp-states-def
                   state-transition-in-refl-def)
next show Airplane-not-in-danger-init \in AG \{x::infrastructure. global-policy x
"Eve"}
  proof (unfold AG-def, simp add: gfp-def,
   rule-tac \ x = \{(x :: infrastructure) \in states \ Air-tp-Kripke. \ ``("Eve" @_{graphI \ x}) \}
cockpit)} in exI,
   rule\ conjI)
   show \{x::infrastructure \in states \ Air-tp-Kripke. \neg "Eve" @ _{qraphI \ x} \ cockpit \}
    \subseteq \{x::infrastructure.\ global-policy\ x\ ''Eve''\}
    by (unfold global-policy-def, simp add: airplane-actors-def, rule subsetI,
        drule CollectD, rule CollectI, erule conjE,
        simp add: Air-tp-Kripke-def Air-tp-states-def state-transition-in-refl-def,
        erule Fend-2)
 \mathbf{next\ show}\ \{x:: infrastructure \in states\ Air-tp-Kripke.\ \neg\ ''Eve''\ @_{qraphI\ x}\ cockpit\}
   \subseteq AX \ \{x:: infrastructure \in states \ Air-tp-Kripke. \ \neg "Eve" @ _{araphI \ x} \ cockpit \} \land 
    Airplane-not-in-danger-init
    \in \{x::infrastructure \in states \ Air-tp-Kripke. \ \neg "Eve" @_{graphI \ x} \ cockpit \}
   proof
    show Airplane-not-in-danger-init
         \in \{x::infrastructure \in states \ Air-tp-Kripke. \ \neg \ "Eve" @_{qraphI} \ x \ cockpit \}
    by (simp add: Airplane-not-in-danger-init-def Air-tp-Kripke-def Air-tp-states-def
                   state-transition-refl-def ex-graph-def atI-def Air-tp-Kripke-def
                   state-transition-in-refl-def)
 next show \{x::infrastructure \in states \ Air-tp-Kripke. \neg "Eve" @ graphI x \ cockpit\}
    \subseteq AX \ \{x::infrastructure \in states \ Air-tp-Kripke. \ \neg \ "Eve" @_{qraphI} \ x \ cockpit \}
   proof (rule subsetI, simp add: AX-def, rule subsetI, rule CollectI, rule conjI)
     show \bigwedge(x::infrastructure) xa::infrastructure.
      x \in states \ Air-tp-Kripke \land \neg "Eve" @_{qraphI \ x} \ cockpit \Longrightarrow
      xa \in Collect (state-transition x) \Longrightarrow xa \in states Air-tp-Kripke
      by (simp add: Air-tp-Kripke-def Air-tp-states-def state-transition-in-refl-def,
           simp\ add: atI-def, erule\ conjE,
           unfold state-transition-infra-def state-transition-in-refl-def,
           erule rtrancl-into-rtrancl, rule CollectI, simp)
   \mathbf{next} fix x xa
       assume a0: x \in states \ Air-tp-Kripke \land \neg \ ''Eve'' @_{qraphI \ x} \ cockpit
        and a1: xa \in Collect (state-transition x)
       \mathbf{show} \, \neg \, \, ''Eve'' \, @_{qraphI \, xa} \, \, cockpit
     proof -
       have b: (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, xa)
      \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\}^*
       proof (insert a0 a1, rule rtrancl-trans)
         show x \in states \ Air-tp-Kripke \land \neg "Eve" @_{graphI \ x} \ cockpit \Longrightarrow
               xa \in Collect (state-transition x) \Longrightarrow
               (x, xa) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure). x \rightarrow_n y\}^*
           by (unfold state-transition-infra-def, force)
```

```
next show x \in states \ Air-tp-Kripke \land \neg "Eve" @_{qraphI} \ x \ cockpit \Longrightarrow
                xa \in Collect (state-transition x) \Longrightarrow
            (Airplane-not-in-danger-init, x) \in \{(x::infrastructure, y::infrastructure).
x \to_n y\}^*
       by (erule conjE, simp add: Air-tp-Kripke-def Air-tp-states-def state-transition-in-refl-def)+
       qed
       show ?thesis
        by (insert a0 a1 b, rule-tac P = "Eve" @_{qraphI \ xa} \ cockpit \ \mathbf{in} \ notI,
           simp add: atI-def, drule Eve-not-in-cockpit, assumption, simp)
    qed
  qed
qed
qed
qed
end
In the following we construct an instance of the locale airplane and proof
that it is an interpretation. This serves the validation.
definition airplane-actors-def': airplane-actors \equiv \{"Bob", "Charly", "Alice"\}
definition airplane-locations-def':
airplane-locations \equiv \{Location 0, Location 1, Location 2\}
definition cockpit\text{-}def': cockpit \equiv Location 2
definition door\text{-}def': door \equiv Location 1
definition cabin-def': cabin \equiv Location \theta
definition global-policy-def': global-policy I \ a \equiv a \notin airplane-actors
                \longrightarrow \neg (enables\ I\ cockpit\ (Actor\ a)\ put)
definition ex-creds-def': ex-creds \equiv
       (\lambda \ x.(if \ x = Actor "Bob")
             then (["PIN"], ["pilot"])
             else (if x = Actor "Charly"
                  then (["PIN"],["copilot"])
                  else (if x = Actor "Alice"
                        then (["PIN"],["flightattendant"])
                             else ([],[]))))
definition ex-locs-def': ex-locs \equiv (\lambda x. if x = door then ["norm"] else
                                   (if \ x = cockpit \ then \ ["air"] \ else \ []))
definition ex-locs'-def': ex-locs' \equiv (\lambda x. if x = door then ["locked"] else
                                     (if x = cockpit then ["air"] else []))
definition ex-graph-def': ex-graph \equiv Lgraph
     \{(cockpit, door), (door, cabin)\}
     (\lambda \ x. \ if \ x = cockpit \ then \ ["Bob", "Charly"]
           else (if x = door then []
                else (if x = cabin then ["Alice"] else [])))
     ex-creds ex-locs
```

```
definition aid-graph-def': aid-graph \equiv Lgraph
      \{(cockpit, door), (door, cabin)\}
      (\lambda \ x. \ if \ x = cockpit \ then \ ["Charly"]
            else (if x = door then []
                  else (if x = cabin then ["Bob", "Alice"] else [])))
      ex-creds ex-locs'
definition aid-graph0-def': aid-graph0 \equiv Lgraph
      \{(cockpit, door), (door, cabin)\}
      (\lambda \ x. \ if \ x = cockpit \ then \ ["Charly"]
            else (if x = door then ["Bob"]
                  else (if x = cabin then ["Alice"] else [])))
        ex-creds ex-locs
definition agid-graph-def': agid-graph \equiv Lgraph
      \{(cockpit, door), (door, cabin)\}
      (\lambda x. if x = cockpit then ["Charly"]
            else (if x = door then []
                  else (if x = cabin then ["Bob", "Alice"] else [])))
      ex-creds ex-locs
definition local-policies-def': local-policies G \equiv
   (\lambda y. if y = cockpit then
             \{(\lambda \ x. \ (? \ n. \ (n \ @_G \ cockpit) \land Actor \ n = x), \ \{put\}),
              (\lambda \ x. \ (? \ n. \ (n \ @_G \ cabin) \land Actor \ n = x \land has \ G \ (x, "PIN")
                    \land isin G door "norm", {move})
         else (if y = door then \{(\lambda x. True, \{move\}),
                       (\lambda \ x. \ (? \ n. \ (n \ @_G \ cockpit) \land Actor \ n = x), \{put\})\}
               else (if y = cabin then \{(\lambda x. True, \{move\})\}
                      else {})))
definition local-policies-four-eyes-def': local-policies-four-eyes G \equiv
   (\lambda y. if y = cockpit then
             \{(\lambda x. \ (? n. \ (n @_G \ cockpit) \land Actor \ n = x) \land \}
                  2 \leq length(agra\ G\ y) \land (\forall\ h \in set(agra\ G\ y).\ h \in airplane-actors),
\{put\}),
              (\lambda \ x. \ (? \ n. \ (n \ @_G \ cabin) \land Actor \ n = x \land has \ G \ (x, "PIN") \land 
                            isin G door "norm" ),{move})
         else (if y = door then
               \{(\lambda \ x. \ ((? \ n. \ (n \ @_G \ cockpit) \land Actor \ n = x) \land 3 \leq length(agra \ G \ for \ n = x) \land x \leq length(agra \ G \ for \ n = x) \}
cockpit), \{move\})
               else (if y = cabin then)
                      \{(\lambda \ x. \ ((? \ n. \ (n \ @_G \ door) \land Actor \ n = x)), \{move\})\}
                            else {})))
```

definition Airplane-scenario-def':

Airplane-scenario \equiv Infrastructure ex-graph local-policies

```
definition Airplane-in-danger-def':
Airplane-in-danger \equiv Infrastructure \ aid-graph \ local-policies
Intermediate step where pilot left cockpit but door still in norm position
\textbf{definition} \ \textit{Airplane-getting-in-danger0-def'}:
Airplane-getting-in-danger0 \equiv Infrastructure \ aid-graph0 \ local-policies
\textbf{definition} \ \textit{Airplane-getting-in-danger-def'}:
Airplane-getting-in-danger \equiv Infrastructure \ agid-graph \ local-policies
definition Air-states-def': Air-states \equiv \{ I. Airplane-scenario \rightarrow_n * I \}
definition Air-Kripke-def': Air-Kripke \equiv Kripke Air-states {Airplane-scenario}
definition Airplane-not-in-danger-def':
Airplane-not-in-danger \equiv Infrastructure \ aid-graph \ local-policies-four-eyes
definition Airplane-not-in-danger-init-def':
Airplane-not-in-danger-init \equiv Infrastructure \ ex-graph \ local-policies-four-eyes
definition Air-tp-states-def': Air-tp-states \equiv \{ I. Airplane-not-in-danger-init \rightarrow_n * \}
definition Air-tp-Kripke-def':
Air-tp-Kripke \equiv Kripke \ Air-tp-states \ \{Airplane-not-in-danger-init\}
definition Safety-def': Safety I \ a \equiv a \in airplane\text{-}actors
                      \longrightarrow (enables I cockpit (Actor a) move)
definition Security-def': Security I a \equiv (isin (graphI I) door "locked")
                      \longrightarrow \neg (enables\ I\ cockpit\ (Actor\ a)\ move)
definition foe-control-def': foe-control l c \equiv
   (! I:: infrastructure. (? x :: identity.
       x @_{qraphI\ I} l \land Actor\ x \neq Actor\ ''Eve''
              \rightarrow \neg (enables\ I\ l\ (Actor\ ''Eve'')\ c))
definition astate-def': astate x \equiv
         (case \ x \ of
          "Eve" \Rightarrow Actor-state depressed {revenge, peer-recognition}
         | - \Rightarrow Actor\text{-state happy } \{\})
print-interps airplane
```

• •

The additional assumption identified in the case study needs to be given as an axiom

axiomatization where

cockpit-foe-control': foe-control cockpit put

(The following addresses the issue of redefining an abstract type. We experimented with suggestion given here: Makarius Wenzel, Re: [isabelle] typedecl versus explicit type parameters, Isabelle users mailing list, 2009, https://lists.cam.ac.uk/pipermail/clisabelle-users/2009-July/msg00111.html.) We furthermore need axiomatization to add the missing semantics to the abstractly declared type actor and thereby be able to redefine consts Actor. Since the function Actor has also been defined as a consts:: identity $= \lambda$ actor as an abstract function without a definition, we now also now add its semantics mimicking some of the concepts of the conservative type definition of HOL. The alternative method of using a Locale to replace the abstract type_decl actor in the AirInsider is a more elegant method for representing and abstract type actor but it is not working properly for our framwework since it necessitates introducing a type parameter 'actor into infrastructures which then makes it impossible to instantiate them to the typeclass state in order to use CTL and Kripke and the generic state transition. Therefore, we go the former way of a post-hoc axiomatic redefinition of the abstract type actor by using axiomatization of the existing Locale "type_definition". This is done in the following. It allows to abstractedly assume as an axiom that there is a type definition for the abstract type actor. Adding a suitable definition of a representation for this type then additionally enables to introduce a definition for the function Actor (again using axiomatization to enforce the new definition).

```
definition Actor-Abs:: identity \Rightarrow identity \ option where Actor-Abs \ x \equiv (if \ x \in \{"Eve", "Charly"\} \ then \ None \ else \ Some \ x) lemma UasI-ActorAbs: \ Actor-Abs \ "Eve" = Actor-Abs \ "Charly" \land (\forall (x::char \ list) \ y::char \ list. \ x \neq "Eve" \land y \neq "Eve" \land Actor-Abs \ x = Actor-Abs \ y \longrightarrow x = y) by (simp \ add: \ Actor-Abs-def) lemma Actor-Abs-ran: \ Actor-Abs \ x \in \{y :: identity \ option. \ y \in Some \ `\{x :: identity. \ x \notin \{"Eve", "Charly"\}\}| \ y = None\} by (simp \ add: \ Actor-Abs-def) With the following axiomatization, we can simulate the abstract type actor and postulate some unspecified Abs and Rep functions between it and the simulated identity option subtype.
```

 $\{y: identity \ option. \ y \in Some \ `\{x: identity. \ x \notin \{"Eve", "Charly"\}\}| \ y = None\}$

```
lemma Abs-inj-on: \land Abs Rep:: actor \Rightarrow char \ list \ option. \ x \in \{y :: identity \ option. \ y \in Some ` \{x :: identity. \ x \notin \{''Eve'', ''Charly''\}\}| \ y = None\} 
 <math>\implies y \in \{y :: identity \ option. \ y \in Some ` \{x :: identity. \ x \notin \{''Eve'', \ ''Charly''\}\}| \ y = None\}
```

```
\implies (Abs :: char \ list \ option \Rightarrow actor) \ x = Abs \ y \implies x = y
by (insert Actor-type-def, drule-tac x = Rep in meta-spec, drule-tac x = Abs in
meta-spec,
  frule-tac x = Abs x and y = Abs y in type-definition. Rep-inject,
  subgoal-tac\ (Rep\ (Abs\ x)=Rep\ (Abs\ y)),\ subgoal-tac\ Rep\ (Abs\ x)=x,
  subgoal-tac\ Rep\ (Abs\ y)=y,\ erule\ subst,\ erule\ subst,\ assumption,
  (erule\ type-definition. Abs-inverse,\ assumption)+,\ simp)
lemma Actor-td-Abs-inverse:
(y \in \{y :: identity \ option. \ y \in Some \ `\{x :: identity. \ x \notin \{"Eve", "Charly"\}\}] \ y
= None\}) \Longrightarrow
(Rep :: actor \Rightarrow identity \ option)((Abs :: identity \ option \Rightarrow actor) \ y) = y
by (insert Actor-type-def, drule-tac x = Rep in meta-spec, drule-tac x = Abs in
meta-spec,
  erule type-definition. Abs-inverse, assumption)
Now, we can redefine the function Actor using a second axiomatization
```

axiomatization where Actor-redef: $Actor = (Abs :: identity option <math>\Rightarrow actor)o$ Actor-Abs

need to show that $Abs\ (Actor-Abs\ x) = Abs\ (Actor-Abs\ y) \longrightarrow Actor-Abs$ x = Actor-Abs y, i.e. injective Abs. Generally, Abs is not injective but injective-on the type predicate. So, need to show that for any x, Actor-Abs x is in the type predicate, then it would follow. What is the type predicate? $\{y.\ y \in Some \ `\{x.\ x \notin \{"Eve", "Charly"\}\} \lor y = None\}$

lemma *UasI-Actor-redef*:

```
\land Abs Rep:: actor \Rightarrow char \ list \ option.
((Abs :: identity \ option \Rightarrow actor)o \ Actor-Abs) "Eve" = ((Abs :: identity \ option \Rightarrow
actor) o Actor-Abs) "Charly" ∧
    (\forall (x::char\ list)\ y::char\ list.\ x \neq "Eve" \land y \neq "Eve" \land
  ((Abs :: identity \ option \Rightarrow actor)o \ Actor-Abs) \ x = ((Abs :: identity \ option \Rightarrow
actor) o Actor-Abs) y
   \longrightarrow x = y
by (insert UasI-ActorAbs, simp, clarify, drule-tac x = x in spec, drule-tac x = y
```

in spec,

 $subgoal-tac\ Actor-Abs\ x=Actor-Abs\ y,\ simp,\ rule\ Abs-inj-on,\ rule\ Actor-Abs-ran,$ rule Actor-Abs-ran)

Finally all of this allows us to show the last assumption contained in the Insider Locale assumption needed for the interpretation of airplane.

```
lemma UasI-Actor: UasI "Eve" "Charly"
by (unfold UasI-def, insert Actor-redef, drule meta-spec, erule ssubst, rule UasI-Actor-redef)
```

interpretation airplane airplane-actors airplane-locations cockpit door cabin global-policy

ex-creds ex-locs ex-locs' ex-graph aid-graph aid-graph0 agid-graph local-policies local-policies-four-eyes Airplane-scenario Airplane-in-danger Airplane-getting-in-danger Air-states

Air-Kripke

end

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