1.

(a) True.

Let
$$h(v, x_1, ..., x_n) = \neg f(v, x_1, ..., x_n)$$
.

$$(\neg f)_v = h_v$$

$$= h(1, x_1, ..., x_n)$$

$$= \neg f(1, x_1, ..., x_n)$$

$$= \neg [f(1, x_1, ..., x_n)]$$

$$= \neg(f_v)$$

(b) True.

Let
$$h(v, x_1, ..., x_n) = f(v, x_1, ..., x_n) \land g(v, x_1, ..., x_n)$$
.

$$(f \wedge g)_v = h_v$$

$$= h(1, x_1, ..., x_n)$$

=
$$f(1, x_1, ..., x_n) \land g(1, x_1, ..., x_n)$$

$$= (f_v) \wedge (g_v)$$

2.

(a) True.

$$\forall x. [f(x, y) \land g(x, z)] = [f(0, y) \land g(0, z)] \land [f(1, y) \land g(1, z)]$$

$$= [f(0, y) \land f(1, y)] \land [g(0, z) \land g(1, z)]$$

$$= [\forall x. f(x, y)] \land [\forall x. g(x, z)]$$

(b) False.

Counter example:

Let
$$f(0, y) = 0$$
, $f(1, y) = 1$, $g(0, z) = 1$, $g(1, z) = 0$.
 $\exists x. [f(x, y) \land g(x, z)] = [f(0, y) \land g(0, z)] \lor [f(1, y) \land g(1, z)]$

$$= [0 \land 1] \lor [1 \land 0]$$

$$= 0 \lor 0$$

$$= 0$$

$$[\exists x. f(x, y)] \land [\exists x. g(x, z)] = [f(0, y) \lor f(1, y)] \land [g(0, z) \lor g(1, z)]$$

= $[0 \lor 1] \land [1 \lor 0]$
= $1 \land 1$
= 1

(c) True.

Let
$$h(x, y) = \neg f(x, y)$$

$$\neg [\forall x. f(x, y)] = \neg [f(0, y) \land f(1, y)]$$

$$= [\neg f(0, y)] \lor [\neg f(1, y)]$$

$$= h(0, y) \lor h(1, y)$$

$$= \exists x. h(x, y)$$

$$= \exists x. \neg f(x, y)$$

(d) False.

Counter example:

Let
$$f(0, 0) = f(1, 1) = 1$$
, $f(0, 1) = f(1, 0) = 0$.
 $\forall x, \exists y. f(x, y) = [f(0, 0) \lor f(0, 1)] \land [f(1, 0) \lor f(1, 1)]$

$$= [1 \lor 0] \land [0 \lor 1]$$

$$= 1 \land 1$$

$$= 1$$

$$\exists y, \forall x. f(x, y) = [f(0, 0) \land f(1, 0)] \lor [f(0, 1) \land f(1, 1)]$$

$$= [1 \land 0] \lor [0 \land 1]$$

$$= 0 \lor 0$$

$$= 0$$

3.

Onset: $\phi(x, y, 1) \land \neg \phi(x, y, 0)$ Offset: $\neg \phi(x, y, 1) \land \phi(x, y, 0)$

Don't-care set: $\phi(x, y, 1) \leftrightarrow \phi(x, y, 0)$

4.

(a) (b)



