DATA ANALYSIS AND VISUALIZATION OF MULTIVARIATE TIME SERIES SOFTWARE

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1 Introduction

The project explores, analyzes, and integrates Vue.JS and Python code with different models for clean and data completion.

2 Goals

- Complete the code by integrating different Python models into the software project.
- Data structure improvement to adapt new ML models for cleaning data and completion.
- Technical documentation of the software.

3 State of the art

- Source code of the project(1), with documentation to install and deploy the software. The software currently reads data and graphs time series. It has options for data completion through rolling mean and kNN and partially cleaning data alternatives. It tracks for changes while navigating through the Diagram Operator interface graphically. Integrates Radial Chart for time series cycles.
- Self-documented notebook with multiple machine-learning techniques and their variants for data completion like Rolling Mean, Decision Trees, Stochastic Grading Boosting, Locally Weighted Regression, Legendre Polynomials Regression, Random Forest Regressor, k-nearest Neighbors. Includes removing features with no data at all. Computes a Dicky Fuller Stationarity Test. Automatically computes Weighted MAPE and R-Score + RMSE to detect and suggest which model fits better. Computes Autocorrelation, Fourier, and Hodrick Prescott to detect Cyclicity.

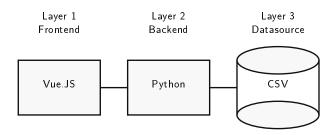
4 Pre-implementation analysis

4.1 Multilayer design

The critical aspects of the software are:

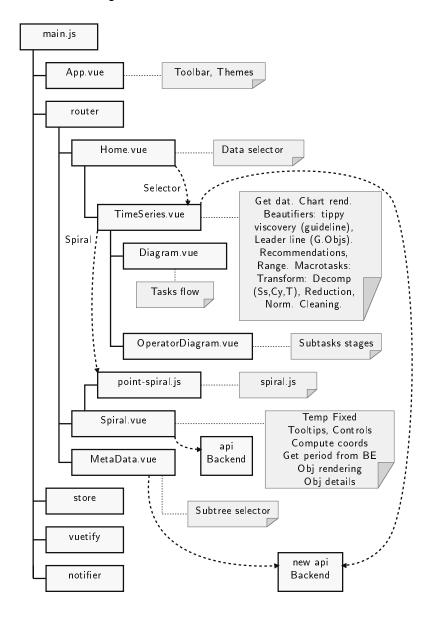
- Frontend developed in Vue.JS
- Backend developed in Python

 $\bullet\,$ The data source layer primarily are CSV files 1

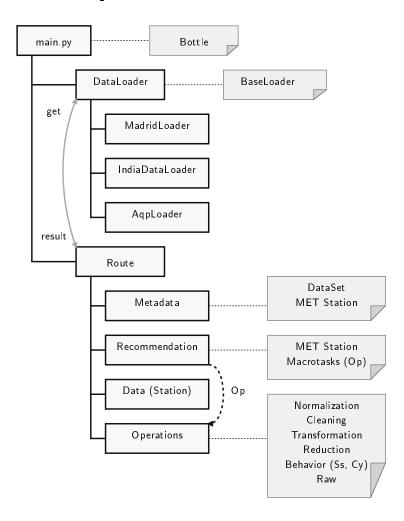


¹HDF5 detected

4.2 Frontend specifics



4.3 Backend specifics



4.4 Detected issues

- Data structures. It requires adapting the current data structures of the program to the new dictionary of the tested and trained models.
- Exceptional cases. There are some treatments in the frontend code for specific data sources ². Those treatments will done in the backend.
- The Radial Diagram component ³ hardcode for temperature and precipitation. We will rewrite the code to accept different datasets and features. Additionally, it is currently consuming the old backend ⁴. The old backend has to be re-implemented in the new backend ⁵.

 $^{^2\}mathrm{TimeSeries.vue},$ temperature, and precipitation, line 308

 $^{^3 {\}it Spiral.vue}$

⁴api/main.py

⁵ new_api/main.py

5 DONE Implementation

5.1 Activities summary

- Adapt the Backend Data Structure.
- Data Structure Integration. It will include saving a dictionary and allowing notebook compatibility.
- Adapt the Frontend Data Structure.
- Implement new ML models in the back end.
- Adapt the front end for new ML models.
- Frontend UI additional improvements.
- Format multivariate time series data.

5.2 DONE Activities execution

5.2.1 Change log

Tracking changes on the program will be done by using diff to create a patch component that allows the creation of a checkpoint and registering the changes by the size of modify or created code⁶. The folder structure is:

Table 1: Change log folder structure

Α	File System Structure	Description
drw	VisWeb-AlgoritmosLimpieza.orig	Original Source Code
drwx	VisWeb-AlgoritmosLimpieza.incr	Incremental Checkpoint
drwx	VisWeb-AlgoritmosLimpieza.diff	Diff/Patch Repository
drwx	 VisWeb-AlgoritmosLimpieza 	Development Folder
-r—	checkpoint.lisp	The program for recording changes

5.2.2 Backlog

The pending activities are in the appendix backlog section. These activities correspond to changes or reviews that depend on multiple program files around the software, and their resolutions will come on the project's timeline. Bugs will gradually fixed.

5.2.3 DONE Backend data structures

Programs adaptation in the new_api.

• Creating a new MainloaderClass and its derived GenLoader class as a generic data loader that extends MainloaderClass⁷. Methods' names remain unchanged to keep compatibility with the original code. **Created**.

⁶Tracking log in the appendix

⁷The new Class defines the notebook's data structure

```
MainloaderClass

path: string

+get metadata(): list
+get station metadata(str): dict
+get station df(str, chr, bool): DF, DF
+get data(str, bool, bool, chr, bool): string, DF, DF
+get station raw df(str, chr, bool): DF, DF
+get raw data(str, bool, bool, chr, bool): string, DF, DF
```

GenLoader +smo: dict +data: DF +stations: list ds = datahave nulls; boolean epsilon: float dpi: int minsample: int valdnsize: rational y dep: string x flr string cols list: list cat g list: list time list: list -read(): None +get metadata(): list +get station metadata(str): dict +get station df(str, chr, bool): DF, DF +get data(str, bool, bool, chr, bool): string, DF, DF +get station raw df(str, chr, bool): DF, DF +get raw data(str, bool, bool, chr, bool): string, DF, DF

- The derived class GenLoader improves:
 - The differences in the data structures returned by some Data Loaders.
 Those differences crash the Python kernel. Fixed.
 - Some old Classes' methods trunk data to 1000 rows for interprocess communication. Fixed.
- Normalization will use MaxAbsScaler. Max scaler detected without considering negative values in some normalizations through the *main.py* in the new api code. **Fixed**.
- The GenLoader-derived class allows different datasets to load. It returns a new loader object with the needed structure. It loads the data from the source when the constructor creates an instance of the class. The main program will map correctly the different datasets when the front end requires it. **Implemented**.
- The front end becomes slow with too much data. A resample by day solves the issue. Internally, it will keep the original data, and it will transform

the data without resampling. The resamples are just for visualization purposes. Fixed.

- Code refactoring is mandatory⁸. Some functions have no real input for data observations and use a random dataset created inside the function. Other functions presented incomplete treatment. Dimensionality reduction rewritten functions (2). **Implemented**.
- Duplicated and non-relevant functions have been removed. Fixed.
- The transformations will be packed in the MainredoClass and its derived class GenRedo, where the methods will be different techniques to clean and complete data. **Created**.

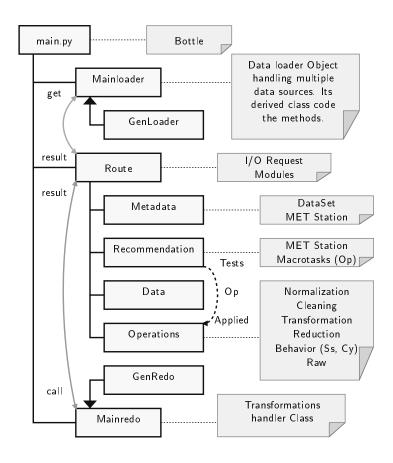
MainredoClass +linear transform(int, DF, dict, list): DF, dict +<algorithm> transform(DF, dict, list): DF, dict +did <algorithm> transform(dict): bool +norm w <algorithm>(DF, dict, list): DF, dict +did norm w <algorithm>(DF, dict, int, int, str, list, list): dict +fill w <algorithm>(DF, dict, int, int, str, list, list): dict +did fill w <algorithm>(dict): bool +best fit to fill(dict, str, str): dict, list +station auto init(dict, str, list): dict, list +station auto save(dict, str, list): dict +drop features(dict, list, list): dict, list

```
GenRedo
name: string
prognl: list
methal: dict
-wmape(series, series): float
-metricf(series, dict): dict
-metricvf(dict): list
-metricdff(list) DF
-metricarf(DF, list): list
-metricamaper2f(series, series, dict): dict
-nfindsf(DF, dict, str): DF
+linear transform(int, DF, dict, list): DF, dict
+<algorithm> transform(DF, dict, list): DF, dict
+did <algorithm> transform(dict): bool
+norm w <algorithm>(DF, dict, list): DF, dict
+did norm w <algorithm>(dict): bool
+fill w <algorithm>(DF, dict, int, int, str, list, list): dict
+did fill w <algoritm>(dict): bool
+best fit to fill(dict, str, str): dict, list
+station auto init(dict, str, list): dict, list
+station auto save(dict, str, list): dict
+drop features(dict, list, list): dict, list
```

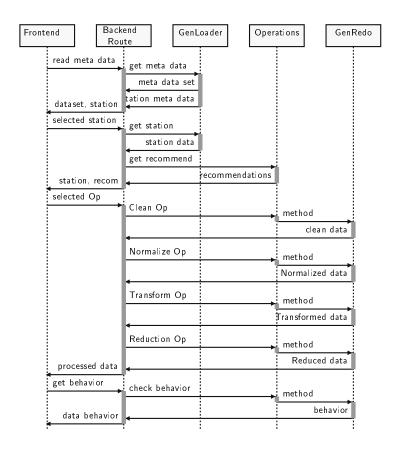
 $^{^8 {}m Testing}$ functions in the appendix

5.2.4 DONE Backend new specifications

1. **DONE** Classes and modules



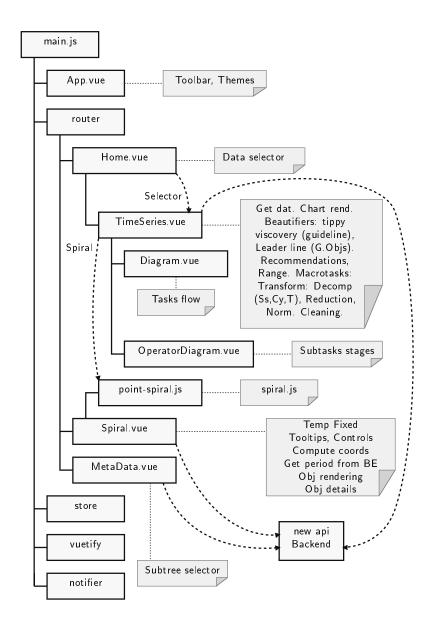
2. **DONE** Sequence diagram



5.2.5 DONE Backend new data structure and frontend integration

The initial state of the front end had two APIs. All the methods to grab data were migrated and transformed in the new API, leaving just one centralized processing Python API.

The main structure of the front end has not changed too much. The most relevant changes were in coding because the program was created for Peruvian temperature and precipitation datasets.



5.2.6 Data repository and cache

The backend will support dataset uploading. The structure has been defined on folders as an ID inside a .data repository. It will allow us to keep the data treatment progress in folders with the same ID inside a .cache repository.

6 DONE Requirements

6.1 DONE Software

• Python 3.12.7

- NodeJS 18.19.1
- GNU/Linux distribution with kernel 5.15.19 or superior
- Windows has not been tested, but it may work

6.2 DONE Hardware

- \bullet Processor AMD64 or $x86_{64}$ architecture
- 16GB RAM
- 32GB Swap
- 64GB SSD (128GB SSD Recommended)
- GPU (Optional)

7 DONE Visual Analytics Guidance Development

7.1 DONE Spiral diagram analysis improvement

- Compute segments and timespan for the Spiral. **Done**.
- Multiple time series integration. **Done**.
- Fix polygon coordinates when there are more than three dimensions. **Done**.

7.2 DONE Independent section for statistics

- Statistics of the time series (size, nulls, type of columns, or dimensions). **Done**.
- Distribution type of the time series (e.g., normal). **Done**.
- Outliers. Done.
- Correlation matrix. **Done**.

7.3 DONE Flow diagram improvement

- Data cleaning, Normalization and transformation, and Time-series behavior. Done.
- Stoppers and prereqs control between stages of the Guidance flow. **Done**.
- Network graph controller. **Done**.

8 DONE Format Multivariate Time Series Data

The program makes data preprocessing by inspecting data and giving recommendations through a hierarchical network graph navigation (3). The steps (5) related to this are:

- Load data. Data from multiple sources can include data synchronization techniques like aggregation, disgregation, or data alignment in terms of date, creating additional missing values.
- Define appropriate data types and structures for time series.
- Inspect data for missing values, addressing them through interpolation or imputation methods (4).
- Stationarity testing with Augmented Dickey-Fuller test.
- Look for characteristics that change the model assumptions, like exponential growth, periodicities, or ciclity patterns.
- Transformation like a logarithmic or square root to stabilize variance and reduce skewness.
- Data normalization by scaling data to enhance comparability.
- Decomposition into a trend, seasonality, and residuals to isolate cyclic behavior.

9 References

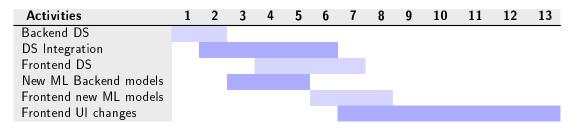
- 1. https://github.com/flordeluz/VisWeb
- Mahmood Al-khassaweneh, Mark Bronakowski, Esraa Al-Sharoa (2023). Multivariate and Dimensionality-Reduction-Based Machine Learning Techniques for Tumor Classification of RNA-Seq Data. Engineering, Computing and Mathematical Sciences, Lewis University, Romeoville, USA. Computer Engineering Department, Yarmouk University, Jordan. Electrical Engineering Department, Jordan University of Science and Technology, Jordan.
- Stefan Gladisch, Heidrun Schumann, Christian Tominski. Navigation Recommendations for Exploring Hierarchical Graphs. Institute for Computer Science, University of Rostock, Germany.
- 4. https://ch.mathworks.com/help/econ/multivariate-time-series-data-structures.html
- 5. Can Zhou, Masami Fujiwara, William E. Grant (2016). Finding regulation among seemingly unregulated populations: a practical framework for analyzing multivariate population time series for their interactions. Springer Science Business Media New York. https://www.researchgate.net/figure/Steps-in-analyzing-multivariate-time-series-data-a-After-plotting-each-indivifig2_288179902

10 Appendix

10.1 Time Estimation Plan

 $\bullet~2~\mathrm{months}~+4~\mathrm{backup}$ weeks

Table 2: Activities in weeks



10.2 Testing functions

Table 3: Testing function modules

Module	Functions
AlgoritmosLimpieza	obtener_ruido_de(DF, int): bool
	obtener_ruido_cv(DF, float): bool
	obtener_ruido_ri(DF): bool
	obtener_outlier_zscore(DF, int): bool
	grubbs_max_test(DF, float): bool, float
	grubbs_min_test(DF, float): bool, float
	obtener_outlier_grubbs(DF, float): bool
	obtener_outlier_dixon(DF): bool
	ejecutarFuncionesMultihilo(DF, list): None
	comprobarLimpieza(DF): bool, string
algoritmosNormalizacion	obtener_estacionaria_mv(DF, float): bool
	obtener_no_patrones_estacionalidad(DF, int): bool
	def obtener_distribucion_conocida(DF): bool
	ejecutarFuncionesMultihilo(DF, list): None
	comprobarNormalizacion(DF): bool, string
${\sf algoritmosTransformacion}$	obtener_no_estacionariedad_adf(DF, float): bool
	obtener_no_estacionariedad_kpss(DF, float): bool
	obtener_comportamiento_persistente_hurst(DF): bool
	ejecutarFuncionesMultihilo(DF, list): None
	comprobarTransformacion(DF): bool, string
algoritmosReduccion2	verificar_correlacion_pearson(DF, float): bool
	verificar_correlacion_spearman(DF, float): bool
	verificar_correlacion_kendall(DF, float): bool
	verificar_linealidad(DF, float): bool
	verificar_linealidad_regression(DF, float): bool
	verificar_linealidad_pca(DF, float): bool
	verificar_linealidad_acf(DF, float): bool
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Module	Functions
	verificar_linealidad_pacf(DF, float): bool
	verificar_estacionariedad_adf(DF, float): bool
	verificar_estacionariedad_kpss(DF, float): bool
	verificar estabilidad descomposicion(DF, float): bool
	verificar_estabilidad_lsvr(DF, float): bool
	verificar_dimensionality_reduction_pca(DF, float): bool
	verificar_dimensionality_reduction_fa(DF, int, float): bool
	ejecutarFuncionesMultihilo(DF, list): None
	comprobarReduccion(DF): bool, string
algoritmosEstacionalidad	check_box_pierce(Series, float): bool
algoritmos Estacionandad	verificar_box_pierce(DF): bool
	check_box_pierce2(Series, float): bool
	verificar_box_pierce2(DF): bool
	check_periodicity_fft(Series, float): bool
	verificar_periodicidad_fft(DF): bool
	check_periodicity_fft2(Series): bool
	verificar_periodicidad_fft2(DF): bool
	check_periodicity_fft3(Series): bool
	verificar_periodicidad_fft3(DF): bool
	check_periodicity_acf_pacf(Series, float): bool
	verificar_periodicidad_acf_pacf(DF):
	check wavelet periodicity(Series, float): bool
	verificar periodicidad wavelet(DF): bool
	check_seasonal_periodicity(Series, int, float): bool
	verificar_descomposiocion_stl(DF, int): bool
	fisher_seasonality_test(Series, float): bool
	verificar estacionalidad fisher(DF): bool
	check amplitude(Series, float): bool
	verificar amplitud(DF): bool
	check amplitude fft(Series, float): bool
	verificar_amplitud_fft(DF): bool
	check_frequency_fft(Series, float): bool
	verificar_frecuencia_fft(DF): bool
	check_frequency_acf(Series, float): bool
	verificar_frecuencia_acf(DF): bool
	determine_timespan(DF, float): bool
	verificar_duracion(DF): bool
	ejecutarFuncionesMultihilo(DF, list): None
	comprobarEstacionalidad(DF): bool, string
algoritmosCiclicidad2	detecta_ciclo(Series, float): bool
	verificar_ciclo_fft(DF): bool
	consistencia_ciclo_fft(Series, int, float): bool
	verificar_consistencia_fft(DF): bool
	consistencia_ciclo_acf(Series, int, float): bool
	verificar_consistencia_acf(DF): bool
	verificar_consistencia_forma_duracion(DF): bool
	consistencia_ciclo_varianza(Series, int, float): bool
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verificar_consistencia_varianza(DF): bool
consistencia_ciclo_pearsonr(Series, array, int, float): bool
sinusoidal(array, array, array, array): array
forma_ciclos_sinusoidal(Series, int, float): bool
verificar_ciclos_sinusoidal(DF): bool
frecuencia_ciclos_fft(Series, float, float): bool
verificar_frecuencia_fft(DF): bool
frecuencia_ciclos_acf(Series, int, int): bool
verificar_frecuencia_acf(DF): bool
ejecutarFuncionesMultihilo(DF, list): None
comprobarCiclicidad(DF): bool, string

10.3 Change Log

Table 4: List of patches by timestamp

Α	Size	М	D	Н	Patch
-rw-r-r-	918794	May	22	01:38	20240522-013818.diff
-rw-r-r-	32116	May	24	01:39	20240524-013931.diff
-rw-r-r-	55590	May	24	18:17	20240524-181739.diff
-rw-r-r-	40553	May	27	01:09	20240527-010932.diff
-rw-r-r-	64068	May	28	01:45	20240528-014458.diff
-rw-r-r-	160383	Jun	2	03:04	20240602-030410.diff
-rw-r-r-	110627	Jun	4	02:45	20240604-024500.diff
-rw-r-r-	63591	Jun	5	00:46	20240605-004621 diff
-rw-r-r-	68193	Jun	6	02:31	20240606-023122.diff
-rw-r-r-	33434	Jun	7	03:04	20240607-030453.diff
-rw-r-r-	91512	Jun	8	01:59	20240608-015902.diff
-rw-r-r-	76847	Jun	10	18:28	20240610-182855.diff
-rw-r-r-	78312	Jun	16	01:54	20240616-015442.diff
-rw-r-r-	24940	Jun	17	02:10	20240617-021030.diff
-rw-r-r-	73776	Jun	18	01:05	20240618-010542.diff
-rw-r-r-	27856	Jun	18	10:28	20240618-102832.diff
-rw-r-r-	138469	Jun	25	02:45	20240625-024532.diff
-rw-r-r-	65443	Jun	26	02:59	20240626-025901.diff
-rw-r-r-	56919	Jun	27	00:56	20240627-005611 diff
-rw-r-r-	24307	Jul	1	00:37	20240701-003738.diff
-rw-r-r-	30011	Jul	3	16:51	20240703-165116.diff
-rw-r-r-	91786	Jul	7	01:55	20240707-015505.diff
-rw-r-r-	46989	Jul	9	01:33	20240709-013313.diff
-rw-r-r-	96392	Jul	12	01:51	20240712-015153.diff
-rw-r-r-	231634	Jul	17	01:38	20240717-013822.diff
-rw-rw-r—	1025353	Jan	5	16:25	20250105-162546.diff
-rw-rw-r—	52880	Jan	20	12:08	20250120-120815.diff
-rw-rw-r—	108172	Jan	21	23:19	20250121-231951 diff
-rw-rw-r—	48118	Jan	29	01:22	20250129-012158.diff

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Α	Size	М	D	Н	Patch
-rw-rw-r—	12685	Jan	30	10:32	20250130-103221.diff

10.4 Backlog

Table 5: List of Backlog activities

Activity	Status
Some parts of the code are setting -1 to complete null values. It needs	Closed
a review of the data with negative values like temperature.	
Resolution: Used for initial visualization purposes.	
View action buttons have to be reviewed in the front end. There are	Closed
buttons in the tree view requesting labels instead of the key data used	
to look for.	
Resolution: Remove action buttons on non-relevant leaf labels.	
Integrate data and cache repositories with the front end.	In Progress
Does get-raw-data() revert .ds to .smo["raw"] when invoked in the	Closed
frontend? if so, uncomment the referred line in the get-raw-data().	
Resolution: We are using different structures inside .smo.	
For large datasets the prediction time of null values pre-evaluation	Unsolved
goes like:	
decisiontree : too slow, > 2 mins	
kneighbors: too slow, > 2 mins	
gradientboosting: slow, > 1 min < 2 mins	
randomforest: medium, $>$ 20 secs $<$ 1 min	
meanmedian : regular, <= 20 secs	
locallyweighted : fast, \leq 6 secs	
legendre: very fast, <= 2 secs	
Resolution: For large datasets predict with medium to fast algos.	
Author's note: While testing large dataset stations of Madrid's data,	
KNN gave better predictions. It is too risky to exclude slower algos	
in the early stage of nulls' pre-evaluation.	