(a)  $\ddot{x}(t) - t_{x}(t) = e^{t}$ 

l'inear ODE, 2nd order, non homogenous because  $\ddot{x}(t) - t_x(t) \neq 0$ 

b) PDE because its multiple variables

c) linear ODE,  $\frac{d}{dt}(f^{(4)}(t)) = f^{(5)}(t)$ so it is 5th order

 $\frac{d}{d+}(t^2) = 2t$  is not constant of So its non homogenous

d) ODE, non-linear because sin O 2nd order

$$A = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\beta = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left( \mathcal{C}_{0}\right)$$

a) 
$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 + 1.2 & 1.1 + 2.0 \\ 3.0 + 4.1 & 3.1 + 4.0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

6) 
$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{vmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \end{vmatrix}$$
  $x + 2y = 3$   $3x + 4y = 5$ 

$$\chi + 2 \gamma = 3$$

$$x = 3 - 2y$$
  $3x = 9 - 6y$ 

$$\sqrt{y} = 2$$
 $\times = -1$ 

$$(C)_{V \cdot W} = |\cdot_0 + |\cdot_1 + |\circ_1| = \boxed{1}$$

$$Cor \theta = \frac{|V||W|}{|V||W|}$$

$$|\Lambda| = |\Lambda| = \sqrt{|_{5} + |_{5} + 0_{5}}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \theta = 60^{\circ} \right]$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
\lambda \\
v = (10) \\
v = (1) \\
v =$$

rotation

$$\frac{4}{a} = \frac{i(x+y)}{cos(x+y)} = \frac{i(x+y)}{cos(x+y)} + \frac{isin(x+y)}{cos(x+y)} = \frac{i(x+y)}{cos(x+y)} = \frac{i(x+$$

$$cos(x+y) = cosx cosy - sinx siny$$

$$sin(x+y) = sinx cosy + siny cosx$$

b) 
$$A cos(wx-\phi) = A cos(wx) cos(-\phi) - A sin(wx) sin(-\phi)$$

$$cos(x) + sln(x)$$
  $w = 1$ , some freq

$$Cos(-\phi) = -sin(-\phi)$$

$$Cos\phi = sin(\phi)$$

$$\sqrt{2}$$

$$A \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \left( \cos \left( x \right) + \sin \left( x \right) \right) = \cos x + \sin x$$

$$A = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\cos x + \sin x = \sqrt{2} \cos \left(1 \cdot x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$(5)$$
 q)  $(r-2)^4$   $r=2$ 

a) 
$$r^2 + 2r + 2 = 0$$

$$\frac{-2\pm2!}{2}$$

$$b) f(t) = c_1 e^{-t+1t} + c_2 e^{-t-1t}$$

$$f(t) = e^{-t} \left( c_1 e^{it} + c_2 e^{-it} \right)$$

$$()$$
  $e^{i+} = cos(+) + isin(+)$ 

$$y(t) = e^{-t} \left( (c_1 + c_2) \cos(t) + \frac{1}{1} (c_1 - c_2) \sin(t) \right)$$

$$c_1 = a_1 + b_1! \quad a_1 + a_2 = A \quad \frac{1}{1} (b_1! - b_2!) = B$$

$$c_2 = a_2 + b_2! \quad b_1 + b_2 = 0 \quad b_2 - b_1 = B$$

$$c_1 + c_2 = A \quad a_1 - a_2 = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{1} (c_1 - c_2) = B$$

$$y(t) = e^{-t} \left( A \cos(t) + B \sin(t) \right)$$

$$y'(t) = -e^{-t} \left( -A \sin(t) + B \cos(t) \right)$$

$$y''(t) = -e^{-t} \left( -A \sin(t) + B \cos(t) \right)$$

$$y''(t) = 1 \cdot B \quad B = 1$$