A Survey on Modularization and Microservice Candidate Identification in Monolith Systems

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ABSTRACT

This paper dives into the current state of (semi-)automated technologies for modularizing monolithic codebases, with a particular focus in microservices candidate identification. Identification of suitable microservices is a key aspect in transitioning from monoliths to microservices architecture. We conducted a systematic literature review, categorizing existing approaches and techniques that emphasize automation, and discuss the challenges and opportunities in this area. The literature review identified 43 approaches, which we categorized by the type of input used for the identification process, the class(es) of algorithms, and the quality metrics used to evaluate the decomposition. We found that the majority of approaches use static analysis of software lifecycle development artifacts, and that the most common algorithms are based on graph theory. We also found that the most common quality metrics are based on coupling and cohesion. Finally, we discuss the implications of these findings for software development and suggest future research directions.

CCS CONCEPTS

• Security and privacy \rightarrow Web application security.

KEYWORDS

Software architecture, monolithic architecture, microservice architecture, microservice candidate identification

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1 INTRODUCTION

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2 STUDY SETTING AND METHOD

In this study, we conducted a systematic literature review (SLR), as presented by Kitchenham et al. [1].

- used search terms

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ACM ISBN 979-8-4007-0917-3/23/12 https://doi.org/10.1145/3641032.3641042 - criteria for including and excluding papers etc.

- some meta info, e.g. a bar chart of the publications years
- discuss the papers, maybe in some kinds of thematic categories
- synthesis

4 DISCUSSION

RESULTS

4.1 Key Findings

4.2 Implications for Software Development

4.3 Limitations and Future Research

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5 CONCLUSIONS

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REFERENCES

 Barbara Kitchenham. 2004. Procedures for performing systematic reviews. Keele, UK, Keele University 33, 2004 (2004), 1–26.