

Intro to Forms in ODK

Forms provide a structured way to collect and provide information. Typically forms are used by data collectors (also called enumerators) who ask questions of and share information with participants. [Web forms](#) can also be used for self-report.

ODK forms can be used to do things like:

- Conduct a socioeconomic survey of households
- Collect geo-tagged plant species data at different points in time
- Record video and audio of wild animals for later identification
- Guide health workers through a medical triage protocol in multiple languages
- Deliver video-based agricultural training based on a farmer's responses to questions

Forms are made of fields of [different types](#) which can each collect or display one piece of information. Visible fields generally represent questions and are displayed differently based on their type.

Questions can be [grouped together](#) including [on one screen](#). They can also be [repeated](#). [Form logic](#), [datasets](#), [hidden fields](#), and [external apps](#) make it possible to create easy-to-use, but powerful forms that represent [complex data collector workflows](#).

Excel-based form creation

Most ODK users design their forms in Excel or Google Sheets using [XLSForm](#). Examples in this documentation use XLSForm notation to show form features.

Drag-and-drop form creation

For simple forms, [ODK Build](#) is a drag-and-drop form designer that works both online and offline.

Note

The ODK ecosystems use XML form definitions following the [ODK XForms specification](#), a subset of the [W3C XForms specification](#). The form creation tools described above convert user-friendly form definitions into XML.