

# The selnolig package: Selective suppression of typographic ligatures<sup>\*</sup>

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## Abstract

The selnolig package lets users suppress typographic ligatures selectively, i.e., based on predefined search patterns. The search patterns focus on ligatures deemed inappropriate because they span morpheme boundaries. For example, the word `shelfful`, which is mentioned in the `TEXbook` as a word for which the “ff” ligature might be inappropriate, is automatically typeset as `shelfful` rather than as `shelfful`.

For English and German language documents, the selnolig package provides extensive rules for the selective suppression of so-called “common” ligatures. These comprise not only f-ligatures such as `ff`, `fi`, `fl`, `ffi`, and `ffl`, but also the `ft` and `fft` ligatures.

For English language documents, the package further provides ligature suppression macros for a number of so-called “discretionary” or “rare” ligatures such as `ct`, `st`, and `sp`.

The selnolig package requires the Lua<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X format provided by a reasonably modern T<sub>E</sub>X distribution, such as T<sub>E</sub>XLive 2012 or 2013 and MiK<sub>T</sub>E<sub>X</sub> 2.9.

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<sup>\*</sup>Current version: 0.213. Features of the selnolig package are subject to change without prior notice.

The main text fonts used in this document are “Sabon Next LT Pro” (upright) and “Garamond Premier Pro” (italics). “EB Garamond” is used for words that involve the *ſk* ligature. Both “common” and “discretionary” typographic ligatures are enabled for these fonts—and suppressed selectively using selnolig’s macros.

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# I Introduction

The ability of T<sub>E</sub>X and Friends to use typographic ligatures has long been cherished by its users. Indeed, the automated and transparent use of typographic ligatures by T<sub>E</sub>X and Friends is often offered up as one of the reasons for using these programs to obtain high-quality typeset output.

However, even though the automatic use of typographic ligatures is highly desirable in general, there are words for which the use of certain typographic ligatures may not be appropriate. The T<sub>E</sub>Xbook observes, on page 19, that the word `shelfful` may look better if it is typeset as “shelfful”, i.e., *without* the `ff`-ligature, rather than as “shelfful”. Some other English-language words that would generally be considered to be good candidates for non-use of ligatures are `cufflink` and `offload`; compare their appearance with that of `cufflink` and `offload`. Observe that all three of these words are composed of two *morphemes*: the first morpheme ends in an “f” or “ff” while the second morpheme starts with either an “f” (in the case of `shelfful`) or an “l” (in the cases of `cufflink` and `offload`). A *morpheme*, briefly stated, is the smallest linguistic unit within a word that bears distinct meaning; all words—other than nonsense words, I suppose—contain at least one morpheme. The words `apple` and `orange` contain one morpheme each, and the words `apples`, `oranges`, `shelfful`, `cufflink`, and `offload` each contain *two* morphemes. Stated formally, the main purpose of the `selnolig` package is to provide automated methods and rules to perform a selective breaking up (or suppression) of typographic ligatures that span morpheme boundaries.

For English language documents, the need to suppress typographic ligatures that span morpheme boundaries does not appear to be a hugely pressing typographic concern, possibly because English doesn’t feature composite words that frequently. However, in other languages, such as German, composite words are much more common. In these languages, there is naturally a much greater potential for composite words to feature instances of `ff`, `fi`, `fl` etc. across morpheme boundaries. In German typography, a ligature that spans a morpheme boundary appears to be something that should be avoided at (nearly) all cost, presumably because these ligatures have the potential to impair seriously the intelligibility of the composite words in question. Words such as `elffach` and `kopflos` simply look wrong to a German reader; they should be typeset as `elffach` and `kopflos`.<sup>1</sup>

T<sub>E</sub>X and Friends offer several methods for suppressing ligatures on a case-by-case basis.<sup>2</sup> However, these methods must be applied separately to each and every occurrence of all words that contain unwanted ligatures. As such, these case-by-case methods are both time-intensive

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<sup>1</sup>For German texts, I believe that the *Duden* provides authoritative backing for questions related to selective ligature suppression. For English texts, I’m not aware of the existence of a document issued by an official or quasi-official body that prescribes whether ligatures that span morpheme boundaries should be suppressed. If anybody can provide such a reference, I would be happy to list it.

<sup>2</sup>In L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X, there are three basic methods for suppressing ligature within a character pair: (i) insertion of an “empty atom”, `{}` between the characters, (ii) insertion of an explicit italic correction, `\/`, and (iii) insertion of an explicit “kern”, e.g., `\kern0pt` or `\hspace{0pt}`. The `babel` package, when used with the `ngerman` option, offers the “shortcut” macro `"|` for this purpose. Note, though, that the first ligature suppression method, `{}`, does *not* work if the document is compiled with LuaL<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X.

and tedious. Moreover, there's always a residual risk that some words for which certain ligatures should be suppressed will be overlooked in the editing process.

What has *not* been available so far is a L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X package that (a) provides a list of word patterns and entire words for which ligatures should be suppressed and (b) systematically discovers all instances of these patterns in a document and applies the non-ligation rules automatically to all words for which one or more pattern matches obtain. The `selnolig` package is meant to address this need. The package is currently set up to handle non-ligation issues for English and German language documents by providing extensive lists of ligature suppression rules tailored to the respective languages. Of course, I make no claim as to the completeness of either list. The package therefore makes it straightforward for users to provide their own supplemental ligature suppression rules to treat words not already covered by the package.<sup>3</sup>

For both English and German language documents, the `selnolig` package provides macros to suppress *selectively* the following f-ligatures: `ff`, `fi`, `fl`, `ffi`, and `ffl`—the “standard” f-ligatures that should be familiar to most users of Computer Modern fonts—as well as the `ft` and `fft` ligatures. The latter two ligatures, while not provided by the Computer Modern and Latin Modern font families, are frequently available in `oldstyle` (also known as “Garalde”) font families.<sup>4</sup> Oldstyle-type font families generally feature a great variety of typographic ligatures. Given the popularity of these font families for typesetting documents, it seems useful on the `selnolig` package to provide ligature suppression rules for the ligatures provided by these font families.

For both English and German language documents, the `fb`, `fh`, `fj`, and `fk` ligatures are suppressed *globally*; see also [Section 5.5](#). However, exceptions are provided in order not to suppress these ligatures for selected words of *non-English/German* origin, such as `fjord`, `fjell`, `Prokofjew`, and `Kafka`.

For English language documents, the `selnolig` package recognizes an option called `broadf`; if it is set, additional f-ligatures will be suppressed selectively. The package also features an option called `hdlig` to provide selective ligature suppression for discretionary (aka rare) and historic ligatures, including the `ct`, `st`, and `sp` character pairs. Ligature suppression rules are also provided for the character pairs *sk*, *th*, *at*, *et*, *as*, *is*, and *us*. At this time, no macros for the selective suppression of ligatures classified as historic and/or discretionary are provided for German language documents.<sup>5</sup>

The `selnolig` package also provides supplemental hyphenation exception lists for both English and German language words. The words in these lists are generally composite and contain one or more typographic ligatures that should be suppressed.

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<sup>3</sup>If you come up with such words, please email them to me so that I can augment and update the package's ligature suppression rules. A suggested template for reporting such cases is provided in [Appendix E](#).

<sup>4</sup>Some oldstyle font families render the “ft” and “fft” ligatures as “ft” and “fft”, respectively.

<sup>5</sup>A remark on the classification of various forms of typographic ligatures in OpenType fonts: Among the ligature-rich OpenType fonts I'm familiar with, there appears to little terminological standardization as to which typographic ligatures are labelled “historic” and which ones are labelled “discretionary”. To wit, the fonts Latin Modern Roman, Garamond Premier Pro, and Hoefler Text report having “only” discretionary ligatures, whereas Junicode, Cardo, EB Garamond, and Palatino Linotype report having both historic and discretionary ligatures. Interestingly, none of these fonts report having ligatures classified as either “contextual” or “required”.

## 2 I'm in a hurry! How do I start using this package?

### 2.1 How do I load the `selnolig` package in the preamble of my document?

- If your document is in English and you want to suppress fligatures for a “basic” set of words and word patterns, you should load the package as follows:

```
\usepackage[english]{selnolig}
```

Synonymous language options for `english` are `UKenglish`, `british`, `USenglish`, `american`, `canadian`, `australian`, and `newzealand`.

If you want to load a broader set of fligature suppression rules than the set that's enabled by default, be sure to also specify the option `broadf`; see [Section 5.2](#). If you enable “historic” and/or “discretionary” ligatures (e.g., `ct`, `st`, `sp`, *th*, *as*, *is*, and *us*) for your document's text font(s), be sure to specify the option `hdlig` as well. The options `hdlig` and `broadf` may be specified independently.

- If your document is written in German, load the package as follows:

```
\usepackage[ngerman]{selnolig}
```

Synonymous language options are `german`, `austrian`, `naustrian`, `swissgerman`, and `swiss`.

- If you load the package *without* an explicit language option, i.e., as

```
\usepackage{selnolig}
```

but if one or more of the language options noted above are specified as options in the `\documentclass` instruction,  $\text{\LaTeX}$  will pass these options on to the `selnolig` package.

- If no language options are set, either when the package is loaded or as options in the `\documentclass` instruction, you will need to specify various `\nolig` macros yourself in order to suppress typographic ligatures. This approach may be called for if you write in a language other than German or English.

### 2.2 Any hints on how to get started with $\text{\LaTeX}$ ?

The ligature suppression macros of the `selnolig` package *require* the use of  $\text{\LaTeX}$ ; they will not work under either  $\text{\pdf\LaTeX}$  or  $\text{\Xe\LaTeX}$ .<sup>6</sup> If you've been using  $\text{\pdf\LaTeX}$  until now, the requirement to use  $\text{\LaTeX}$  will likely force you to make some changes to your existing documents. Fortunately, these changes should be minor and straightforward to implement, because  $\text{\LaTeX}$  is (for the most part) a strict superset of  $\text{\pdf\LaTeX}$ . Almost all documents that compile correctly under  $\text{\pdf\LaTeX}$  should also compile correctly under  $\text{\LaTeX}$ . Two required changes are:

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<sup>6</sup>If the `selnolig` package is not run under  $\text{\LaTeX}$ , a warning message will be issued and only the package's supplemental hyphenation rules will be available to the user.

- (i) Do not load the `inputenc` and `fontenc` packages.
- (ii) Insert the instruction `\usepackage{fontspec}` in the preamble.<sup>7</sup> Then, use commands such as `\setmainfont` and `\setsansfont` to load the fonts you wish to use.

Depending on your TeX distribution, the default font family used by Lua<sup>A</sup>TeX will be either Computer Modern or Latin Modern. If you wish to use a different font family, further font-related instructions will be required. *How to specify fonts and font families and set up various font-related options in Lua<sup>A</sup>TeX* are topics that go far beyond the scope of this user guide. I urge you to become familiar with the very well-written [user guide](#) of the `fontspec` package.

You will also need to use a TeX distribution that features a fairly recent version of Lua<sup>A</sup>TeX. TeXLive 2013, TeXLive 2012, and MiKTeX 2.9 satisfy this requirement; versions of TeXLive before 2011 probably do not. If you use a command-line interface to compile a document named, say, `myfile.tex`, type

```
lualatex myfile
```

rather than either `latex myfile` or `pdflatex myfile`. If you use a text editing program with pull-down menus or buttons to invoke a suitable compiler, be sure to select LuaLaTeX.

The first time one runs Lua<sup>A</sup>TeX on a document with a new set of fonts, the compilation speed will likely be quite slow, because Lua<sup>A</sup>TeX has to create various cache files to store font-related information. Subsequent compilation runs should be much faster.

The answers to the questions [Frequently loaded packages: Differences between pdf<sup>A</sup>TeX and Lua<sup>A</sup>TeX?](#) and [Using LuaTeX as a replacement for pdfTeX](#), both posted to [tex.stackexchange.com](http://tex.stackexchange.com), provide very useful information for people who are new to Lua<sup>A</sup>TeX and (at least somewhat) familiar with pdf<sup>A</sup>TeX's ways of getting things done. Another great resource for people who wish to become more more familiar with Lua<sup>A</sup>TeX is [A Guide to Lua<sup>A</sup>TeX](#) by Manuel Pégourié-Gonnard.

### 2.3 Anything else I need to do or know?

For multilingual support, Lua<sup>A</sup>TeX and the `selnolig` package work well with the `babel` package. If your document loads the `babel` package, be sure to load the `selnolig` package *after* the `babel` package, so that the supplemental hyphenation patterns provided by the `selnolig` package won't get clobbered by `babel`'s hyphenation settings. The `selnolig` package is also compatible with the [hyphsubst](#) package (which, if used, should be loaded with a `\RequirePackage` statement *before* the `\documentclass` instruction).

Lua<sup>A</sup>TeX natively supports the so-called UTF-8 input encoding scheme; in fact, it is also the *only* input encoding scheme that Lua<sup>A</sup>TeX knows about. The `selnolig` package assumes that that TeX files it operates on conform to this input encoding method. Nowadays, many modern TeX-aware editors support UTF-8 directly, and `selnolig` should have no problems with TeX files

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<sup>7</sup>If the `selnolig` package is run under Lua<sup>A</sup>TeX but the `fontspec` package isn't loaded by the time the `\begin{document}` statement is encountered, `selnolig` will terminate with an error message.

produced by these editors. Legacy files, however, may use other input encoding systems. If your input files currently use a different input encoding scheme, such as `LATINI`, you must convert them to `UTF-8`. Several methods exist for changing a file's input encoding scheme; see the question [How to change a .tex file's input encoding system \(preferably to UTF-8\)?](#) and the associated answers on [tex.stackexchange.com](http://tex.stackexchange.com) for some possibilities.

If your document is written in German, it is assumed that all vowels with diereses (Umlaute) are entered as `ä`, `ö`, `ü`, etc. rather than, say, as `\{"a}`, `\{"o}`, and `\{"u}` or, if you tend to use the babel “shortcuts”, as `"a`, `"o`, and `"u`. Likewise, it's assumed that you enter the “eszett” (“scharfes s”) character as `ß` rather than as `\ss`. It is also assumed that you use the triple-f (modern) spelling of words such as `Schiffahrt`, `Stofffarbe`, and `griffest` as well as the double-t (modern) spelling of words such as `Mannschafttest`.

Finally, all babel-style `"|` ligature-suppressing shortcuts should either be removed entirely or be replaced with `\breaklig` instructions. (The `selnolig` package's `\breaklig` macro is explained in [Section 4.2](#) below.) On my Lua<sup>L</sup>TeX system (MacTeX 2012), whenever a `"|` command is encountered, a bad crash occurs that requires a reboot of the computer.

### 3 The `selnolig` package's approach to breaking up ligatures

#### 3.1 Free, derivational, and inflectional morphemes: What's their relationship to ligature suppression?!

Good typography supports and enhances the readability of the text that's being typeset. There are, obviously, a great many facets to readability. One of them is the ease with which readers can discern the *meaning* of the individual words they read. Typographic ligatures that do not span morpheme boundaries are generally thought to contribute to the text's readability. Conversely, ligatures that span morpheme boundaries within a word may impair readability.

What, then, are morphemes? Briefly put, morphemes are the smallest linguistic units within a word that carry *meaning*. Because words are, by definition, standalone units of text, each word contains at least one morpheme.<sup>8</sup> Morphemes are classified as *free* morphemes if they can stand alone as words (e.g., `cat`, `dog`, `sea`, `see`), and as *bound* morphemes if they can not. E.g., the letter `s` in the words `cats`, `dogs`, and `rivers` indicates the plural forms of the associated nouns, but the `s` particle cannot stand alone as a (meaningful) word. A bound morpheme must therefore be associated with a free morpheme.

Bound morphemes can be divided further into derivational and inflectional morphemes. A *derivational* morpheme changes the meaning of the associated free morpheme in a fundamental way. E.g., the “un” in “untrue” reverses the meaning of the associated free morpheme “true”, and the “ful” in “shelfful” changes the word's meaning from a noun to a quantity measure (two shelffuls of books on typography). An *inflectional* morpheme, in contrast, signifies a less fundamental change: in nouns (and, depending on the language, adjectives as well), inflectional

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<sup>8</sup>Please don't get me involved in discussions of what it may mean to have words without meaning...



morphemes indicate plural forms (child vs. children, cat vs. cats) and other forms of declension;<sup>9</sup> in verbs, inflectional morphemes indicate conjugation, such as a change in tense. E.g., call vs. called, walk vs. walked, but also “I swim” vs. “she swims”, etc.

Words containing more than one morpheme can contain either “just” free morphemes—roof-top, newspaper, etc.—or free and bound morphemes joined together—untrue, shelfful, selfish, etc. The bound morphemes in a word generally occur either as a prefix or a suffix to the word’s “main part” or “stem” (the free morpheme). Prefixes almost invariably represent derivational morphemes (e.g., true vs. untrue; do vs. redo and undo). Suffixes, in contrast, can represent either derivational or inflectional morphemes. For instance, the suffixes *like* and *less* in *dwarflike* and *leafless* are derivational morphemes, whereas the suffix *ed* in *hounded* and *bounded* is an inflectional morpheme.

The main take-away of this discussion for good typography is this: not all morphemes are created equal. More specifically, not all ligatures that span morpheme boundaries are equally inimical to good readability. The *selnolig* package adopts the following approach: First, ligatures that cross the boundaries of two free morphemes are suppressed. Second, ligatures that cross the boundary of a free morpheme and an associated derivational morpheme are also suppressed—with certain exceptions. Third, ligatures that span the boundary between a free morpheme and an inflectional morpheme are not suppressed. As will be shown below, this distinction is particularly relevant for decisions related to the suppression (and non-suppression) of *ft* and *ff* ligatures in German texts.

Finally, observe that morphemes (which convey meaning) are not related directly to *syllables* (which convey pronunciation and sound). Indeed, a word can contain several syllables but consist of only one morpheme (e.g., *apple*, *orange*, *river*), or it can consist of only one syllable but contain more than one morpheme (e.g., *cats*, *dogs*, *reads*, *reeds*, *seas*, and *sees*). The fact that a ligature may span a syllable boundary within a word (and, possibly, a hyphenation point as well) does not, by itself, necessitate that this ligature should be suppressed. To wit, consider the German adjective “*straff*” and its associated forms *straffe*, *straffer*, *straffen*, etc.; the free morpheme in all of these words is *straff*, while the suffixes *e*, *er*, and *en* represent inflectional morphemes. Even though there’s a syllable boundary between the two *fs* for all modified forms of this adjective, the *ff*-ligature is applied to all of them as the *ff* ligature doesn’t span a morpheme boundary. If TeX’s hyphenation algorithm decides it needs to hyphenate the word *straffen* as *straf-fen* to get a good line break, it can do so and break up the ligature in the process. However, there’s simply no need to break up a ligature pre-emptively just because it spans a hyphenation point or syllable boundary.

### 3.2 Ligature suppression rules: English language case

Typographic ligatures are suppressed selectively in the following cases:

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<sup>9</sup>In English, the virtually sole type of declension is to indicate plural status. In other languages, declension can occur to indicate nominative, genitive, dative, accusative, etc. forms—of nouns *and* adjectives. E.g., in German one says *das Kind*, *des Kindes*, *dem Kinde*: here, the particles *es* and *e* represent inflectional morphemes.



- if two free morphemes are joined: halflīne → halflīne, shelflīfe → shelflīfe, rooftop → rooftop, halftone → halftone, wolftṛap → wolftṛap, houndstooth → houndstooth, arctan- gent → arctangent, newspṛaper → newspṛaper, clothesṛpin → clothesṛpin, etc.
- if a prefix (almost invariably a derivational morpheme) and main word are joined: offload → offload, miṣtrust → miṣtrust, diṣplay → diṣplay, etc.
- if a main word and a suffix are joined, *if* the suffix is a derivational morpheme that begins with an f or an l (other than ly): shelfful → shelfful, leafless → leafless, dwarflike → dwarflike, etc.
- The ft ligature is also suppressed in words that end in fth: fifth → fifth, and twelfth → twelfth. Note that the particle th in these words is a derivational morpheme. Moreover, nn English the th character pair is pronounced in a distinctive way, and it seems inadvisable to obscure its presence with an ft ligature.

In addition, if the `broadf` option is set, the `selnolig` package will suppress ligatures that arise if the main word ends in f and the suffix starts with an i, regardless of whether the suffix is a derivational or an inflectional morpheme: elfin, selfish, golfing, surfing, beefier, fluffily, goofiness, standoffish, jiffies, buffiest. Setting the `broadf` option also instructs `selnolig` to split up ffi ligatures in words such as fluffiness and fluffily. Note that the option `broadf` is *not* enabled by default. This is because I believe that any slight gain in readability that could result from breaking up the fi and ffi ligatures between word stems and suffixes of this type would be more than outweighed by the visual clashes created between the unligated f (ff) and i glyphs. Finally, setting the `broadf` option also instructs `selnolig` to suppress fl ligatures in words such as chiefly, briefly, and gruffly and ft ligatures in words such as fifty and fiftieth.

### 3.3 Ligature suppression rules: German language case

For German words, the following rules (with various exceptions and adjustments) apply. These rules are built mainly from statements found in the *Duden* and various websites that have taken an interest in this subject, with adaptations for the ft and fft ligatures.

- Case 1: Joining of two free morphemes. Ligatures are suppressed were they to span two *free* morphemes. Examples: Schilfinsel → Schilfinsel, Zupfinstrument → Zupfinstrument, Baustoffingenieur → Baustoffingenieur, Wasserstoffionen → Wasserstoffionen; Impffurcht → Impffurcht, Senffabrik → Senffabrik, Schorfflecken → Schorfflecken; Ablauflogik → Ablauflogik, Huflattich → Huflattich, fünffingrig → fünffingrig; Briefftaube → Briefftaube, Stoffteil → Stoffteil, elfteilig → elfteilig, etc.
- Case 2: Joining of a prefix (derivational morpheme) and main word (free morpheme). Ligatures are also suppressed if they span the boundary between a *prefix* (a derivational morpheme) and a main word (a free morpheme). In German, by far the most common

prefix that gives rise to the need to suppress an fligature is the word “auf”, as in auffassen, Aufführung, aufliegen, auffischen, aufisst, Auflage, Auftrag, auftreten, etc.

- Case 3: Joining of a main words (free morpheme) ending in “f” or “ff” and a suffix (either a derivational or an inflectional morpheme) starting with “f”, “i”, “l”, or “t”.

- Case 3a: Suffixes (bound morphemes) that start with an “f”, e.g., -fach and -faltig. Examples: fünffach and zwölfaltig. The ff-ligature should be suppressed.

- Case 3b: Suffixes (bound morphemes) that start with an “i”, such -ig, -in, and -isch. Examples: streifig, äffisch, Chefin, Chefinnen. The fi and ffi ligatures should *not* be suppressed.

I haven’t found a clear justification for this rule so far. I assume it is made because unligated fi pairs may be sufficiently unsightly as to constitute an infraction against good typography that’s even more grievous than having fi and ffi ligatures span the boundary between a main word and a suffix.

- Case 3c: Suffixes (bound morphemes) that start with an “l”, e.g., -lich, -ling, and -los. Example words: trefflich, höflich, Prüfling, kopflos, and straflos. The rule is to suppress the fl-ligature in all of these instances.

- Interlude I: In ambiguous cases that could give rise to fl-ligatures that involve certain suffixes, preference should be given—according to the Duden—to “how the syllables are pronounced and how a word would be hyphenated”, leading to a suppression of the fl-ligature. For instance, the fl-ligature is suppressed in Verzweiflung, Bezweifler, schweflig, and würflig; note that the “true” suffixes in these words are -ung, -er, and -ig, respectively, rather than -lung, -ler, and -lig.<sup>10</sup>

This convention may also be applied to justify the non-use of the fl-ligature in words such as knifflig and mufflig as well as in the present-tense/first-person-singular forms of verbs such as büffeln, löffeln, schaufeln, stiefeln, verteufeln, and zweifeln: they are typeset *without* the fl-ligature, i.e., as büffle, löffle, schaufle, stieffe, verteufle, and zweifle, respectively.

- Interlude II: If a word *ends* with an fl character pair (say, because of an abbreviation that’s in effect), *Duden* says it’s OK to use the fl ligature even if the f and l characters

<sup>10</sup>In my opinion, this reasoning—going by how the syllables are divided and how the composite words are hyphenated—for suppressing fl-ligatures is not entirely satisfactory because, morphologically speaking, the words Schwefel, Würfel, Zweifel, etc. contain two morphemes: a stem and the *derivational* morpheme el: Schwef|el, Würf|el, and Zweif|el, etc. It is therefore not really necessary to create a separate new rule to justify the (non-)use of the fl-ligature in these cases. One could, instead, rely on the presence of two morphemes to motivate the suppression of the fl-ligature for words such as schweflig, teuflisch, würfle, and Verzweiflung, as their components are schwef|[e]l|ig, etc. I believe it’s fair to say, though, that most modern German speakers would barely be aware of the fact that the el particle constitutes a separate morpheme in words such as Würfel and Griffel (“wurf”-el and “griff”-el), and that they would be entirely unaware of its presence in words such as Schwefel and Zweifel. At any rate, the typographical convention *not* to use the fl-ligature for words such as schweflig, Verzweiflung, and würflig does *not* appear to be based on the fact that letters f and l in these words belong to different morphemes.

belong to different morphemes. E.g., in the abbreviation “Aufl.,” the fl-ligature *is* employed even though the ligature should not be used for the unabbreviated form of the word (*viz.*, Auflage).

Although not mentioned explicitly by *Duden*, I believe this convention may be extended to justify the use of the ff-ligature in the abbreviation “Auff.” (short for Aufführung, say) and of the ft-ligature in the abbreviation “Auf.” (short for Auftrag, say).

This convention further suggests (implies?! ) that it’s permissible (a) to use the ff ligature in surnames that end in ff, such as Dorff and Hausdorff, and (b) to use the ffi- and ffi-ligatures in abbreviated names such as Steffi and Steffl.

- Case 3d: Derivational or inflectional morphemes starting with “t”. Unfortunately, not much official wisdom seems to exist to guide this case, possibly because in German ft and ffi ligatures are not (yet?) used as widely as are the other f-ligatures. The following rules should thus be understood to be somewhat provisional.
  - \* The convention mentioned in “Interlude II” above, about not breaking up an fl-ligature if it occurs at the very end of a word, may be adapted to the case of ft and ffi ligatures: these ligatures are allowed *if* they occur at the very ends of words (and of word fragments that form syllables), as in verschärft, gestreift, gerafft, Dahingerafftsein, unbedarft, and Unbedarftheit. Note that in the cases where the ft and ffi ligatures span a morpheme boundary, the letter “t” is an *inflectional* morpheme that indicates a change in the tense of the associated verb.
  - \* Should ft and ffi ligatures be broken up in the past-tense and past-participle forms of verbs that do not end in ft but in -fte, -ften, -ftes, -ftest, etc? Example words: streifte, schlürftest, and rafften. Because these suffixes are merely *inflectional* rather than derivational morphemes, the selnolig package takes the approach of *not* breaking up the ft and ffi ligatures in these cases.<sup>11</sup>
  - \* It would also seem OK to use the ft-ligature in the expressions “zu fünft” and “zu elft” since it occurs at end of the word. In contrast, the ft-ligature should *not* be used in “Beethoven’s Fünfte Symphonie” and “zum elften Mal”, since in these cases the -te and -ten particles are *derivational* morphemes related to the number of times that some event or thing has occurred. Observe that the argument in favor of breaking up the ft-ligature in the words “Fünfte” and “elften” is *not* related to the fact that they happen to have two syllables and that the syllables are divided between the letters “f” and “t”.
- Case 4: A free morpheme ends in “ft” (e.g., Saft, Duft, Luft, Kraft, Haft, and Vernunft) and is joined either to another free morpheme or to a suffix (representing either a derivational or an inflectional morpheme). Example words: Saftladen, duftend,

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<sup>11</sup>I will concede, again, that I haven’t yet come across any kind of authoritative discussion of this issue. Should someone be able to furnish a good counterargument to the setting proposed here, I would be happy to change it.

luftig, Kraftfahrzeug, verkraften, bekräftigen, Haftung, and vernünftig. The `selnolig` package does *not* break up the ft-ligatures in these cases as they don't cross morpheme boundaries. Thus, these words are typeset as Saftladen, duftend, luftig, Kraftfahrzeug, verkraften, bekräftigen, Haftung, and vernünftig, respectively.

## 4 Structure of the `selnolig` package

### 4.1 Components of the package

The `selnolig` package has the following components:

- The main “driver” file is called `selnolig.sty`. It loads several other files and sets up the package's main user macros, `\nolig`, `\keeplig`, and `\breaklig`. These macros are explained in more detail in the following subsection.
- The package's user macros rely on lua code contained in the file `selnolig.lua`.
- The ligature suppression rules for English and German language documents are contained in the files `selnolig-english-patterns.sty` and `selnolig-german-patterns.sty`.
- Supplemental hyphenation exception patterns, mostly for composite words that involve one or more ligatures that are to be suppressed, are contained in the files `selnolig-english-hyphex.sty` and `selnolig-german-hyphex.sty`.
- A user guide (the document you're reading right now); the source code of the user guide is available in the file `selnolig.tex`.
- Ancillary files: the files `selnolig-english-test.tex` and `selnolig-german-test.tex` load the `selnolig` package as well as either `selnolig-english-wordlist.tex` or `selnolig-german-wordlist.tex`. They serve to demonstrate the output of the `selnolig` package when run on lists of English or German words that are candidates for non-use of ligatures. The files `selnolig-english-test.pdf` and `selnolig-german-test.pdf` contain the results of compiling the test programs.<sup>12</sup>

### 4.2 The package's user commands

The file `selnolig.sty` should be loaded with a `\usepackage` statement, generally with one or more options; see [Section 5](#) for a discussion of the available options.

After setting up several Boolean switches to structure the processing of options, the package next loads the file `selnolig.lua`, which contains the package's lua code. The package then sets up several user macros. The three main user macros are `\nolig`, `\keeplig`, and `\breaklig`.

---

<sup>12</sup>The two “test” files also load the package `showhyphens` to indicate automatically all instances where Lua<sup>®</sup>TEX might insert hyphenation points.

#### 4.2.1 The `\nolig` macro

The package’s main user macro is called `\nolig`. Each `\nolig` instruction takes two arguments: a search string and a string that indicates the insertion point for the non-ligation “whatsit”. For example, the macro

```
\nolig{lfful}{lf|ful}
```

instructs Lua<sup>13</sup>TeX to suppress automatically the `ff`-ligature in words such as “shelfful”, “book-shelfful”, and “selffulfilling”.

More than one ligature suppression point may be provided in the second argument of a `\nolig` instruction. For instance, one *could* specify `\nolig{Auflaufform}{Auf|lauf|form}` to suppress both the `fl`- and the `ff`-ligatures in the words `Auflaufform` and `Auflaufformen`. For added flexibility, the `selnolig` package actually uses two separate `\nolig` commands to suppress the two ligatures in this word; see also [Section 6.3](#).

It is possible to use Lua-style wildcard characters in the search string, as long as these characters occur *after* the non-ligation point. For example, the file `selnolig-german-patterns.sty` employs the rules

```
\nolig{Dorff[aäeiloöruü]}{Dorf|f}  
\nolig{dorff[aäeiloöruü]}{dorf|f}
```

to search for words that contain the strings `Dorff` and `dorff` followed by a letter in the set `aäeiloöruü`.<sup>13</sup> Incidentally, it is not absolutely necessary, in the second argument of the `\nolig` command, to provide any material *after* the vertical bar that indicates the non-ligation point. However, the readability of your `\nolig` instructions may suffer if you suppress that material.

If you examine the `\nolig` instructions provided in the files `selnolig-german-patterns.sty` and `selnolig-english-patterns.sty`, you’ll notice quickly that there’s some redundancy built into the package’s ligature suppression rules. For instance, the need to suppress the `ff`-ligature in the word “auffallen” is catered to both by `\nolig{auff}{auf|f}` and by `\nolig{ffall}{f|fall}`. This redundancy is there by design, because not all words that might fit one pattern will also fit the other. Providing some redundancy of this type seems like a reasonable way to proceed.

The arguments of the `\nolig` command, as well as of the package’s other user commands, are case-sensitive.

#### 4.2.2 The `\keeplig` macro

The instruction `\keeplig{<string>}` lets users override `\nolig` instructions selectively, i.e., words that contain fragment `<string>` will not see the corresponding `\nolig` instruction enforced. For a `\keeplig` macro to work properly, its argument must be a string that includes *as a subset* a string treated by one or more `\nolig` instructions.

---

<sup>13</sup>These particular search strings are used so as not to suppress the `ff`-ligatures in words that *end* in either `Dorff` or `dorff`, such as is the case with the surnames `Dorff` and `Hausdorff`.

Having the `\keeplig` macro is very useful because it permits the specification of simpler, i.e., less restrictive, `\nolig` instructions; any Type-II errors that may arise from having `\nolig` macros whose scope may be insufficiently restrictive can be fixed by providing judiciously chosen `\keeplig` macros.<sup>14</sup>

Consider the following example: If the `ngerman` option is set, the package uses the macro

```
\nolig{flich}{f|lich}
```

to break up the fl-ligature in words such as *begrifflich*, *beruflich*, *brieflich*, *glimpflich*, *hilflich*, *höflich*, *käuflich*, *sträflich*, *tariflich*, *trefflich*, *unerschöpflich*, and *verwerflich* (and quite a few more such words), which all contain the suffix *-lich* (a derivational morpheme). This particular `\nolig` instruction also catches the word “*Lauflicht*”, which contains the free morphemes *Lauf* and *licht*.

It turns out that the scope of this `\nolig` rule is a bit too broad, since it also catches certain words, such as *Pflicht* and *verpflichten*, for which the fl-ligature should *not* be suppressed. However, rather than provide a large number of slightly more restrictive `\nolig` macros just to avoid including the *Pflicht*- and *pflicht*-words, the package provides the command

```
\keeplig{pflicht}
```

This instruction tells `selnolig` to override the action of the `\nolig{flich}{f|lich}` instruction for all words that contain the string *flicht*. Most words affected by this `\keeplig` instruction happen to contain the strings “*Pflicht*” and “*pflicht*”. Interestingly, this instruction also serves to preserve the fl-ligature in words such as “*anpflicht*”, “*flicht*”, and “*verpflicht*”—the third-person-singular forms of the verbs *anflechten*, *flechten*, and *verflechten*.

Probably somewhat surprisingly, at least at first glance, it is *not necessarily* the case that ligatures contained in the argument of a `\keeplig` instruction—which is, after all, provided to override the action of a `\nolig` rule—will in fact be used. Why not? It is because, as was noted above, *more than one* `\nolig` instruction can apply to a given word. Consider, for instance, the aforementioned word *Lauflicht*; it turns out to be the case that this word caught by two `\nolig` rules and one `\keeplig` rule (all contained in the file `selnolig-german-patterns.sty`):

```
\nolig{auf1}{auf|1}
\nolig{flich}{f|lich}
\keeplig{pflicht}
```

Because the string *auf1* is *not* a subset of the string *flicht*, the instruction `\keeplig{pflicht}` does not undo the action of `\nolig{auf1}{auf|1}`. Hence, the word *Lauflicht* happily ends up being typeset as *Lauflicht*, i.e., *without* an fl-ligature.

Interestingly—nobody has ever argued that German, or German typography, is easy, right?!—the rule `\keeplig{pflicht}` is itself a bit too broad since it also catches the word *Sumpfpflicht* (composed of the free morphemes *Sumpf* and *licht*), for which the fl-ligature *should* in fact be suppressed. To address this situation, the file `selnolig-german-patterns.sty` provides the rule

---

<sup>14</sup>In the present context, a Type-II error is the suppression of a ligature that is, in fact, valid for the word at hand.

`\nolig{Sumpf1}{Sumpf|1}`

This rule suppresses the fl-ligature not only for Sumpflucht but also for Sumpflabkraut and Sumpfleiche [!].

#### 4.2.3 The `\breaklig` macro

The macro `\breaklig`, which doesn't take an argument, is provided as a hopefully easy-to-remember version of the lower-level L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X command `\-\hspace{0pt}`. As its name suggests, you should insert this macro in places where you want to break up a ligature on an ad-hoc basis (and also wish to permit hyphenation to occur). For instance, to suppress the *sk* ligature in the word *groundskeeper* on a one-off basis, one might enter it as “`grounds\breaklig keeper`” to get *groundskeeper* rather than *groundskeeper*.<sup>15</sup>

Incidentally, the `selnolig` package does not provide a dedicated macro to override the action of a `\nolig` instruction on an ad hoc basis, i.e., to force the use of a typographic ligature on a one-off basis. This is because the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X command `\mbox{<string>}` already provides this capability.

### 4.3 Final steps in the package's startup process

The final few steps in the startup process depend on which language-related options are set:

- If *no* language-specific options are in effect, the loading process terminates. Users may still provide their own `\nolig`, `\keeplig`, and `\breaklig` instructions, of course.
- If the `english` option (or one of its synonymous options) is set, the files `selnolig-english-patterns.sty` and `selnolig-english-hyphex.sty` are loaded. The former file contains a long list of `\nolig` macros adapted to English language typographic usage; [Appendix A](#) provides a complete listing of these macros. The latter file contains a list of hyphenation exceptions, mainly for words that contain one or more potential non-ligation points and for which T<sub>E</sub>X's hyphenation algorithm either misses valid hyphenation points or selects invalid hyphenation points; see [Section 6.2](#) below.
- If the `ngerman` option (or one of its synonymous options) is set, the files `selnolig-german-patterns.sty` and `selnolig-german-hyphex.sty` are loaded. The former file contains ligature-suppressing instructions appropriate for German typographic usage; [Appendix B](#) lists its contents. The latter file provides additional hyphenation rules for German-language words.
- If the user specifies both the `english` and `ngerman` options (or some of their synonymous options), *both* language-specific style files will be loaded. Under normal circumstances, a user will probably want to load only one or the other set of language-specific files, but not both sets.

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<sup>15</sup>To suppress the *sk* ligature globally for this word, as well as for words such as *greenskeeper* and *miskeep*, one could issue the directive `\nolig{skeep}{s|keep}`. The `selnolig` package does just that.



## 5 Additional ligature-related matters

### 5.1 The package’s main language options

The `selnolig` package currently offers two main language-specific options:

- `english`; synonyms: `british`, `ukenglish`, `UKenglish`, `american`, `usenglish`, `USenglish`, `canadian`, `australian`, and `newzealand`.
- `ngerman`; synonyms: `german`, `austrian`, `naustrian`, `swiss`, and `swissgerman`.

These language options may be used either individually or jointly. Indeed, this package’s user guide was compiled with both the `english` and `ngerman` options set.

The ligature suppression rules associated with English and German are listed in [Appendices A](#) and [B](#), respectively.

### 5.2 English language case: The `broadf` and `hdlig` options

The ligature suppression patterns listed in [Appendix A](#) for English language words are grouped into four parts. The first two parts concern the suppression of various “common” f-ligatures. Part 1 provides a fairly limited, or “basic”, set of patterns that will always be executed, and Part 2 contains a broader set of ligation suppression rules that will be executed if the `broadf` option is specified.

For English-language documents, only a fairly small number of the f-ligature suppression rules is enabled by default, i.e., if the `broadf` option is not enabled. Eliminating *all* f-ligatures that cross morpheme boundaries simply does not appear to be a major concern in English-language typography. Whereas many (maybe most?) people would agree that it’s advisable not to use the `ffi`-ligature in words such as *chaffinch* and *wolffish*, and not to use the `ffl`-ligature in words such as *scofflaw* and *offload*, there appears to be far less of a perceived need to suppress the `fi` (`ffi`) ligature in the far more commonly occurring words that end in `f` (`ff`) followed by the particles `-ing`, `-ish`, `-ier`, `-iest`, `-ily`, and `-iness`.<sup>16</sup> The same goes for the `fl` (`ffl`) ligature in words that end in `f` (`ff`) followed by `-ly`.<sup>17</sup> That is why only a few f-ligature suppression macros are enabled by default if the `english` option is set. To enable the broader set of f-ligature suppression rules, users must set the `broadf` option explicitly.

My choices regarding which f-ligature suppression rules belong to the “basic-f” and “broadf” groups are almost entirely pragmatic. They are certainly not based on any overriding English-language typographic principles (which, possibly, don’t even exist). However, if anyone happens to have a strong view on whether either *fewer* or *more* f-ligature suppression macros should be included in the “basic” group—especially if you can provide references to such discussions in learned circles—I would love to hear from you.

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<sup>16</sup>Examples of such words are *surfing*, *oafish*, *leafier*, *goofiest*, *fluffily*, and *goofiness*.

<sup>17</sup>Examples are *aloofly* and *gruffly*.

Part 3 of the file `selnolig-english-patterns.sty`, which is enabled if the `hdlig` option is set, provides ligature suppression patterns involving the `ct`, `st`, and `sp` ligatures. Examples are words such as `arctangent` (rather than `arctangent`), `painstaking` (rather than `painstaking`), and `trespass` (worse: `trespass`). Furthermore, the `st` and `sp` ligatures are suppressed automatically for words of Greek roots that contain the `sth` and `sph` character triples, such as `anaesthesia`, `isthmus`, `atmosphere` and `hemisphere`. In such cases, I'd argue that using the distinctive-looking `st` and `sp` ligatures unnecessarily obscures the `th` and `ph` character pairs (which derive from the single Greek letters  $\theta/\vartheta$  and  $\phi/\varphi$ , respectively). Given that the `ph` character pair is usually pronounced as “f”, the readability of the words that contain the character triple `sph` would likely suffer if they were typeset *with* an `sp` ligature, e.g., as `atmosphere` and `spherical`, say.

Setting the `hdlig` option also enables ligature suppression rules for additional discretionary ligatures such as `th`, `at`, and `et`. Using these ligatures might be deemed inappropriate if used in words such as `lighthouse`, `pothole`, `aromatherapy`, `albatross`, `ninety`, and `nonetheless`; with the `hdlig` option set, these words will be typeset as `lighthouse`, `pothole`, `aromatherapy`, `albatross`, `ninety`, and `nonetheless`. Ligature suppression rules are provided for the following discretionary ligatures, which occur only in the *italic* font shape of the font family used in this document: `th`, `at`, `et`, `as`, `is`, `us`, `sk`, `ll`, and `fr`. Part 3 of [Appendix A](#) lists these rules.

Part 4 of the file `selnolig-english-patterns.sty`, which is also processed if the `hdlig` option is set, deals with cases where one discretionary typographic literature, say `as`, might pre-empt the use of a more appropriate but trailing typographic ligature, say `st` or `sp`, in words such as `fast` → `fast` and `clasp` → `clasp`. Note that the issue being addressed in this part is not that of a ligature improperly spanning a morpheme boundary. Rather, it is the possibility that `TeX` might pre-empt one typographic ligature with another ligature within one and the same morpheme. This issue is discussed in more detail in [Section 5.6](#) below.

### 5.3 Composite words with ambiguous morphology

There may be pairs of composite words which look alike but are made up of two different pairs of morphemes. For instance, the German words `Saufladen` and `Wachstube` may be constructed as `Sauf-laden`/`Sau-fladen` and as `Wachs-tube`/`Wach-stube`, respectively. In one case, using the `fl` and `st` ligatures would be wrong; in the other, using the ligatures would help greatly in indicating the intended meaning of the composite words. For words such as these, software isn't smart enough to “discern” which possible meaning is intended.<sup>18</sup> Writers, of course, could (and should?) choose to insert explicit hyphen characters to indicate the intended meaning.

An even more complicated example is the word `Chefinnenleben`, which contains three morphemes. This word can be deconstructed as `Chefinnen-leben` (“lives of female bosses”) *or* as `Chef-innenleben` (“inner life, or lives, of a boss”). Thus, the word's middle particle—“in-

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<sup>18</sup>It turns out that if the `ngerman` option is set and the `babel` package is loaded as well, the `selnolig` package will break up the `fl` ligature in `Saufladen` but not the `st` ligature in `Wachstube`, i.e., the words will be typeset as “`Saufladen`” and “`Wachstube`”, respectively. If that's *not* what you want, you'll need to mark up the words explicitly, say as follows: `Sau\mbox{fl}aden` and `Wachs\breaklig tube`.

nen”—can function both as a suffix (in this case, an inflectional morpheme) to “Chef” and as a free morpheme that modifies the third morpheme, “Leben”. Software isn’t smart enough yet to discern which usage is intended.

The macros of the `selnolig` package are set *not* break up the fi-ligature in the shorter words `Chefin` and `Chefinnen`, in keeping with the principle that the fi-ligature is permitted for suffixes that start with an “i”. In contrast, `selnolig` will break up the fi-ligature in the longer words `Chefinnenleben` and `Chefinnenräume`, because in these cases the working assumption is that `innen` acts as a prefix of sorts to the third morpheme (`Leben` or `Räume`). If this is *not* what you want, i.e., if you really do mean to refer to lives or spaces of female bosses, be sure to use `\mbox{fi}` instructions to preserve the fi-ligatures. Better yet: write the words in question using explicit hyphens, i.e., as `Chefinnen-Leben` and `Chefinnen-Räume`.

#### 5.4 How to provide additional ligature suppression patterns

As already noted, I do not claim that the non-ligation search-and-insert patterns set up in `selnolig-english-patterns.sty` and `selnolig-german-patterns.sty` are complete or, for that matter, ever will be entirely complete. If you come across words containing ligatures that ought to be suppressed but aren’t caught (yet) by the `selnolig` package, you could insert `\breaklig` instructions to suppress the ligatures on a case-by-case basis. Alternatively, you could create your own non-ligation rules to deal with the cases you’ve discovered on a document-wide basis.

Suppose, say, that you’ve been tasked with preparing a special edition of Thomas Mann’s novel “Der Tod in Venedig”. Suppose further that you have chosen to use an “Antiqua” (Roman) font to typeset the new edition, as fewer and fewer people nowadays can manage to read with ease text set in a period-appropriate blackletter font. Moreover, the font you’ve chosen features a ligature for the `ffl` character triple. During these preparations, you happen to notice (i) that the novel contains the word `inbegriffleitend`<sup>19</sup> and (ii) that the `selnolig` package does not (yet) appear to include a macro to suppress the unwanted `ffl`-ligature for this word. To address this problem—while simultaneously creating a search pattern that also catches inappropriate `ffl`-ligatures in the (hopefully quite a bit more common!) words `Jugendtreffleiter` and `Kunststoffleitung`—you could add the following `\nolig` macro to your document’s preamble:

```
\nolig{ffleit}{ff|leit}
```

With this macro in place, the words will be typeset as `inbegriffleitend`, `Jugendtreffleiter`, and `Kunststoffleitung`.<sup>20</sup>

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<sup>19</sup>This word really does occur in the aforementioned novel! This novel may also be pretty much the *only* place where the word `inbegriffleitend` is used. I performed a Google search for this word; the only occurrences of this word, apart from online editions of Thomas Mann’s novel, are on sites of a couple of French bloggers who agonize over how this word might possibly be translated from German to French...

<sup>20</sup>The file `selnolig-german-patterns.sty` provides the more general (i.e., less restrictive) macro `\nolig{fleit}{f|leit}` to cover these and further words.

## 5.5 How to use the `selnolig` package to suppress certain ligatures *globally*

The main purpose of the `selnolig` package is, obviously, to disable certain ligatures selectively. However, it can also be used to suppress ligation globally for selected character pairs.<sup>21</sup>

For instance, suppose that you are typesetting a Turkish text. The Turkish alphabet features both a dotted `i` and a dotless `ı` character. I understand that in Turkish typesetting practice, the `fi` and `ffi` ligatures should *never* be employed, so as to avoid creating any doubts as to whether it's an `i` or an `ı` character that follows the “`f`” character. To satisfy the need of Turkish typography for global suppression of the `fi` and `ffi` ligatures, one could issue the command

```
\nolig{fi}{f|i}+
```

in the document's preamble.

Or, suppose that you have a font that provides ligatures for the `fb`, `fh`, `fj`, and `fk` character pairs (as well as, possibly, the `ffb`, `ffh`, `ffj`, and `ffk` character triples). If you wanted to suppress the four former `f`-ligatures globally (and also break up the latter ligatures into `ffb`, `ffh`, `ffj`, and `ffk`, respectively), you could do so by issuing the following commands:

```
\nolig{fb}{f|b}  
\nolig{fh}{f|h}  
\nolig{fj}{f|j}  
\nolig{fk}{f|k}
```

In fact, these commands are activated automatically if the package's `ngerman` or `english` options are set. This is done because I was unable to come up with a single instance of a *German* or *English* language word involving these character combinations that doesn't also involve a morpheme boundary collision.

Of course, your document may contain words *not* of German or English origin that contain some of these character pairs and do not involve a morpheme boundary crossing. For such words, it is not desirable to suppress the corresponding ligatures. One such word is *Kafka*: one may not wish to suppress the `fk`-ligature for this specific word. The `selnolig` package provides `\keeplig` macros to preserve the `fk`-ligature in names such as *Kafka*, *Safka*, *Piefke*, *Potrafke*, *Sprafke*, *Shirafkan*, and *Tirafkan*.<sup>22</sup>

Your documents may also contain words of *Nordic* origin that contain the `fj` character pair, such as *Sognefjord* and *Dovrefjell*. Because the `fj` character pair in these words does not span a morpheme boundary, the `fj`-ligature should not be broken up; i.e., the words should be typeset as *Sognefjord* and *Dovrefjell*, respectively. The package therefore provides `\keeplig` rules to take care of (a) words that contain the particles *fjord*, *fjör*, *fjell*, and *fjäll* and (b) names such as *Eefje*, *Sufjan*, *Prokofjew*, and *Astaſjew*.

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<sup>21</sup>I first became aware of the potential need for such a feature from reading Frank Mittelbach's posting, [Suppress certain ligatures generally](#), on [tex.stackexchange.com](#).

<sup>22</sup>Aside: It was Felix Lehmann's desire to preserve the `fk` ligature when typesetting “*Kafka*” that stimulated the creation of the package's `\keeplig` macro. Of course, once the `\keeplig` macro was created, all kinds of further great uses for this macro were quickly discovered.

A “rare” typographic ligature that may warrant global suppression, at least for English language documents, is *ij*.<sup>23</sup> To the best of my knowledge, a morpheme boundary crossing occurs for all English language words that contain the *ij* character pair: *antijam*, *bijection*, *demijohns*, and *hijack*. By the logic set forth above, this ligature should therefore be suppressed for all of these words.<sup>24</sup> The *ij* ligature also seems inappropriate for most words that came into English from languages such as French, Japanese, and Spanish, including *bijou* (jewel), *gaijin* (foreigner), *jipijapa* (Panama hat), and *marijuana* (Maryjane). (Were you maybe thinking of something different? Really?!) The *ij* ligature is therefore suppressed *globally* by the *selnolig* package if the options *english* and *hdlig* are set. However, this ligature *does* get used a lot in Dutch. Thus, the package makes exceptions so that this ligature isn’t suppressed for some names and words of Dutch origin, such as *de Bruijn* and *rijsttafel*.<sup>25</sup>

## 5.6 What if one ligature pre-empts a trailing, more appropriate ligature?

If a font provides many discretionary ligatures, the likelihood increases that the use of a ligature for the first two characters of a character *triple* might pre-empt the use of a more appropriate ligature for the last two characters of that triple.<sup>26</sup> In this section, we examine the use of `\nolig` instructions to address this contingency, focusing on cases of *st*, *sp*, *th*, and *ta* character pairs being preceded by character pairs (for which the font provides ligatures) that end in *s* or *t*, respectively. This focus is dictated largely by the discretionary ligatures provided by the text fonts used for this user guide (Sabon Next and Garamond Premier Pro). Other ligature-rich fonts may provide further possibilities for one ligature inappropriately pre-empting that for a trailing character pair.<sup>27</sup>

<sup>23</sup>In many fonts I’m familiar with, including the one used for this user guide, the *ij* character pair is available in the upright font shape as a *digraph* rather than as a true, i.e., joined-up, ligature.

<sup>24</sup>If this ligature weren’t suppressed, the preceding words would be typeset as *antijam*, *bijection*, *demijohns*, and *hijack*—making them look rather strange. This is obviously just my personal opinion; others may disagree.

<sup>25</sup>The word *rijsttafel*, incidentally, features three consecutive “rare” ligatures. Another word that contains three rare ligatures, though not consecutive ones, is *isthmus*.

<sup>26</sup>To be sure, the issue of ligature pre-emption is not limited to “discretionary” ligatures; it can also occur with “common” fligatures. Suppose that a certain font provides *ff*, *fi*, and *fl* ligatures but no *ffi* and *ffl* ligatures, and consider how words containing *ffi* and *ffl* character triples will be typeset. Left to its own devices, T<sub>E</sub>X would let the leading *ff*-ligature pre-empt the trailing *fi*- and *fl*-ligatures, resulting in typographically incorrect outcomes for words such as *wolffish* (better: *wolfish*), *safflower* (*safflower*), *auffinden* (*auffinden*), and *Schaffleisch* (*Schaffleisch*).

<sup>27</sup>For the Garamond Premier Pro text font, I’ve discovered the following peculiar exception to the general rule that T<sub>E</sub>X always gives precedence to a ligature for the first two characters of a character triple: for the character triple *fis* (as in *fist* and *fish*), T<sub>E</sub>X gives preference to the trailing *is* ligature over the preceding *fi* ligature, causing these words to be typeset as *fish* and *fist*, respectively. I can’t tell if this outcome is a conscious design feature or a bug. For now, *selnolig* is set to override this behavior, i.e., to always give preference to the leading *fi* ligature over the trailing *is* ligature for words that contain the strings *fist* and *fish*; hence, they’ll be rendered as *fist* and *fish*, respectively.

Note that if the *broadf* option is set (as is the case for the document you’re reading), this setting implies that words such as *deafish*, *dwarfish*, *elfish*, *oafish*, *selfish*, *unselfish*, *wolfish*, *draffish*, *giraffish*, *gruffish*, *offish*, *raffish*, *sniffish*, *standoffish*, *stiffish*, and *toffish*, as well as the associated adverbs ending in *-ly*, will not feature an *is* ligature.

### Ligatures for *as*, *is*, and *us* that pre-empt an *st* ligature

Suppose that the text font in use provides ligatures for the *as*, *is*, and *us* character pairs as well as for the *st* character pair. By T<sub>E</sub>X's rules for forming typographic ligatures, words that contain the character *triples* *ast*, *ist*, or *ust* will see the first two characters ligated, pre-empting the use of a typographic ligature for the trailing *st* character pair. There are (at least) three distinct reasons why this outcome may not be desirable.

First, given the rather distinctive look of the *st* ligature, the word *stochastic* may look a bit odd if the *st* ligature is used only once—*stochastic*—simply because the *as* ligature pre-empts the second *st* ligature; readers may prefer the look of *stochaſtic*. Second, non-use of the *st*/*st* ligature may be undesirable if the same word occurs twice and in close visual proximity, once set in the upright font shape—for which there are no ligatures for the *as*, *is*, and *us* character pairs, and hence for which the issue of ligature pre-emption doesn't arise—and once in italics: *muſt* and *muſt*; readers may prefer the look of *muſt* and *muſt*. Or, consider the words “historian” and “history” when typesetting them in italics: it's much better to typeset them as *hiſtorian* and *hiſtory* rather than as *historian* and *history*. Moreover, I suspect that Australians may prefer to see the name of their country typeset as *Auſtralia* rather than as *Australia*. Finally, do you prefer the look of *Do faſt feſtive fiſts foſter fuſtineſſe*? or that of *Do faſt feſtive fiſts foſter fuſtineſſe*?

Third, there may be cases where an *as* ligature not only pre-empts a subsequent *st* ligature but also spans a morpheme boundary, as in the words *infrastructure* and *seastrand*.<sup>28</sup> For such words, the *as* ligature should probably be suppressed in any case to increase the words' legibility: *infraſtructure* and *seaſtrand*.

The *selnolig* package is set to give preference to the distinctive-looking *st* ligature over *as*, *is*, and *us* ligatures. To this end, the following commands are provided:<sup>29</sup>

```
\nolig{ast}{a|st}
\nolig{ist}{i|st}
\nolig{ust}{u|st}
```

### Ligatures for *as*, *is*, and *us* that pre-empt an *sp* ligature

The same three reasons for not letting *as*, *is*, and *us* ligatures pre-empt an *st* ligature also apply to the case of the equally distinctive-looking *sp* ligature. The *selnolig* package therefore provides rules to ensure that the *sp* ligature is used in words such as *claſp*, *haſp*, *hiſpanic*, *raſpberry*, *teaſpoon*, *waſp*, *criſp*, *liſp*, *whiſper*, *wiſpy*, and *cuſp*.

---

<sup>28</sup>This case was already noted in [Footnote 26](#), where two words are noted for which the *ff*-ligature, which might improperly pre-empt *fi*- and *fl*-ligatures, happens to span a morpheme boundary.

<sup>29</sup>Be aware, though, that the second of these three commands, while correct for most words that contain the string *ist*, unnecessarily suppresses the *is* ligature for words where the *st* character pair crosses a morpheme boundary. Examples of this case are words that start with *dis-t...*—e.g., *diſtend*, *diſtribute*, *diſtruſt*, *diſturb*—or with *mis-t...*—e.g., *miſtake*, *miſtranslate*, *miſtype*. (Note that the *st*/*st* ligature is already—and appropriately!—suppressed for these words.) At this time there are no plans to address this (overall minor?) problem.



### Ligatures for *at* and *et* that pre-empt a *th* ligature

Suppose that a font provides ligatures for the *at*, *et*, and *th* character pairs. By T<sub>E</sub>X's rules for forming ligatures, without special intervention the word *mathematics* will be typeset as *mathematics* rather than as *mathematics* because the first *at* ligature pre-empts the *th* ligature. The same happens for words such as *bath*, *Kathryn*, and *pathology*. Given the commonness and the distinctive pronunciation of the *th* character pair in the English language, as well as the high frequency of this character pair in words of Greek origin (for which the Latin-alphabet *th* character pair derives from the single Greek character  $\theta/\vartheta$ ), it seems undesirable to let the *at*-ligature pre-empt the *th* ligature for these words.

Fixing the *at*-*th* ligature pre-emption issue globally—e.g., via `\nolig{ath}{a|th}`—is not completely innocuous, though, because doing so will also suppress the *at* ligature for words such as *boathook*, for which the *th* ligature would span a morpheme boundary and thus shouldn't be employed anyway. For such words, then, there's no need to suppress the *at* ligature. These cases are dealt with by providing specific `\keeplig` rules to re-enable the use of the *at* ligature.

Suppressing an *et* ligature in favor of a subsequent *th* ligature via `\nolig{eth}{e|th}` is almost universally correct, either because the *th* ligature *should* take precedence—as in the words *ethics*, *methane*, and *teeth*—or because the *et* ligature would cross a morpheme boundary and hence shouldn't be used anyway, as in the words *forethought* and *rethink*. I say that it's *almost* universally correct to do so; however, there are some words, such as *Beethoven*, *prophethood*, and *sweetheart*, for which the *th* ligature would be inappropriate anyway and for which the use of the *et* ligature would hence be unproblematic. To address this issue, `\keeplig` rules are provided to override the rule `\nolig{eth}{e|th}` for words such as *Beethoven*, *prophethood*, and *sweetheart*.<sup>30</sup>

### Ligatures for *at* and *et* that pre-empt a *ta* ligature

There seem to be only few words for which an *at* ligature might inappropriately pre-empt a *ta* ligature. One such word is *atap*, which may be more readable if it's typeset as *atap* rather than as *atap*.

To the best of my (admittedly not exhaustive) knowledge, virtually all words for which an *et* ligature might inappropriately pre-empt the use of a trailing *ta* ligature are words for which the *et* ligature crosses a morpheme boundary. Examples are *betake*, *betatter*, *bristletail*, *caretaker*, *cheetah*, *detach*, *detail*, *detain*, *dovetail*, *foretaste*, *horsetail*, *pretake*, *pretax*, *retable*, *retack*, *retard*, *retarget*, *timetable*, *whitetail*, and *wiretap*. As such, the *et*-related ligature suppression rules already put in place to deal with morpheme boundary crossing cases should suffice to catch these cases as well.<sup>31</sup>

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<sup>30</sup>Note that this method works if the font being used provides both *et* and *th* ligatures. If the text font you employ provides only the *th* ligature but no *et* ligature, these `\keeplig` rules should be disabled.

<sup>31</sup>Of course, there may also be cases of persons' names which include the string *eta* for which the *ta* ligature should not be pre-empted by an *et* ligature. For instance, the author of this package prefers to see his surname typeset as *Loretan* rather than as *Loretan*...



## 6 Further issues

### 6.1 Known bugs

Remark: The bugs in the following list may turn out to be related, i.e., they may be caused by a single bug in the package’s lua code.

1. The `\nolig` directives don’t work properly on the final word in the argument of a TeX macro (e.g., `\footnote{}` and `\section{}`), *unless* that word (including any trailing punctuation mark) is followed by one or more space characters before the closing curly brace of the macro’s argument is encountered.

To wit, ligatures aren’t broken up for `\footnote{kopflos.}` or `\section{Shelfful}`. The package does work as expected if the commands are modified to `\footnote{kopflos. }` and `\section{Shelfful }`, respectively.

2. The `\nolig` macros also don’t operate correctly on words (including, if present, any trailing punctuation marks) that are followed *immediately* by a % (comment) character. The workaround is the same as for the preceding bug: be sure to leave one or more spaces between the word and the comment character.
3. In `itemize` or `enumerate` environments, if the content of an `\item` directive *ends* with a word (including an associated punctuation mark) that contains a ligature that should be suppressed —i.e., if it is followed immediately by either another `\item` directive or an `\end{itemize}` or `\end{enumerate}` statement—ligature suppression again fails.

The remedy, in these cases, is to leave a blank line between the end of one `\item`’s content and the next `\item` instruction or the `\end{itemize}` or `\end{enumerate}` instruction.

4. If the final word (again, possibly, with an associated punctuation character) of a sentence that is followed immediately by an `enumerate`, `itemize`, or other such environment contains a ligature that should be suppressed, the `\nolig` macro again will not work properly.

The recommended remedy is to leave a blank line between that sentence and the start of the environment in question. Inserting an “invisible” item, such as `\vphantom{x}`, also works.

I’m not sure if the following matter constitutes a bug or “merely” a case of incompatibility between two L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X packages. The `selnolig` package does not appear to interact well with the `ngerman` package. However, as was noted earlier, it interacts nicely with the `babel` package (with one or more of the `ngerman`, `german`, `austrian`, and `naustrian` options set). Unless someone can convince me that using the `ngerman` package is truly preferable to using the `babel` package along with one of the available German language options, I probably won’t bother addressing this incompatibility.

## 6.2 Supplementary hyphenation exception patterns

TEX’s hyphenation algorithms are widely acknowledged to be very good. However, for the English language case at least, it tends to miss quite a few permissible hyphenation points when dealing with words that end in `-f-ing`, `-f-ier`, `-f-iest`, `-f-less`, `-f-like`, etc. Hyphenation exception lists are provided in the files `selnolig-english-hyphex.sty` and `selnolig-german-hyphex.sty`, respectively, for English and German words.

The German-language hyphenation exception list is currently still the shorter of the two; however, this may change in the future. The German word list is shorter in part because it is assumed that writers of German-language documents use the `babel` package and select the option `ngerman` (or one of the related options); doing so also loads specialized hyphenation patterns suitable for German text.<sup>32</sup>

It is possible to instruct `selnolig` *not* to load the package’s hyphenation exception lists. You may want to do so, say, if you must use UK-English hyphenation patterns and therefore mustn’t make use of the US-English hyphenation patterns provided by the package. (To the best of my knowledge, though, most of the hyphenation patterns indicated in `selnolig-english-hyphex.sty` are common to UK and US English.) To skip loading the additional hyphenation patterns when invoking the `selnolig` package, you should specify the option `noadditionalhyphenationpatterns`. (I am obviously not trying to make it too easy to invoke this option ...)

As was already noted in [Section 2.3](#), if you use the `babel` package with, say, the `ngerman` option, be sure to load `selnolig` package *after* the `babel` package. That way, the `selnolig` package’s additional hyphenation exception patterns won’t be overridden by `babel`’s settings.

Incidentally, if the files `selnolig-english-hyphex.sty` and `selnolig-german-hyphex.sty` are located in a directory that’s in the search path of your TeX distribution, these packages may be loaded via the usual `\usepackage` statements without having to load the entire `selnolig` package.

## 6.3 Ancillary information about the package’s activity

If you execute the command `\debugon`, detailed information about each `\nolig` and `\keeplig` pattern match that is encountered is written to the `.log` file. (The package’s default setting is `\debugoff`.)

Because of the potential redundancy in some of the package’s `\nolig` commands, it is possible that more than one pattern match will occur for a given word. E.g., for the verb “auffahren”, two separate `\nolig` commands apply simultaneously, *viz.*, `\nolig{auff[aeiloruyäöü]}{auf|f}` and `\nolig{ffahr}{f|fahr}`. For this word, the following information is written to the `.log` file:

```
pattern match: auffahren - auff[aeiloruyäöü]
pattern match: auffahren - ffahr
Do ligature suppression for: auffahren
```

---

<sup>32</sup>As was already noted earlier, the `selnolig` package is also compatible with the `hyphsubst` package.

```
Inserting nolog whatsit before glyph: f
Last char: n
```

It is also possible that words are found with more than one ligature suppression point. For example, if the word “Auflaufform”—which happens to have both an `fl`- and an `ff`-ligature that should be suppressed—is encountered, the following lines are written to the `.log` file; note that in this case, two separate `\nolog` commands “catch” the `fl` and `ff` ligatures:

```
pattern match: Auflaufform - flauf
pattern match: Auflaufform - Aufl[aeiouyääöü]
pattern match: Auflaufform - auff[aeiloruyääöü]
pattern match: Auflaufform - fform
Do ligature suppression for: Auflaufform
Inserting nolog whatsit before glyph: l
Inserting nolog whatsit before glyph: f
Last char: m
```

If *both* a `\nolog` and a `\keeplig` command apply to a word—as is the case for `fjord`, to which both `\nolog{fj}{f|j}` and `\keeplig{fjord}` apply—the following (mercifully short) bit of information is written to the `.log` file:

```
pattern match nolog and keeplig: fjord - fj - fjord
```

If more than one `\nolog` directive *as well as* a `\keeplig` instruction apply to a given word, as is the case for the word “Streiflicht”, the following information is written to the `.log` file:

```
pattern match nolog and keeplig: Streiflicht - flich - flicht
pattern match: Streiflicht - reifl
Do ligature suppression for: Streiflicht
Inserting nolog whatsit before glyph: l
Last char: t
```

Observe that the first `nolog` pattern, `flich`, is overridden by the `keeplig` pattern `flight`. The second `nolog` pattern, `reifl`, is *not* overridden, and it is the debugging-related information associated with the second `\nolog` pattern that ends up being written to the `.log` file.

To terminate or suspend the writing of the debugging-related information to the `.log` file, one may execute the command `\debugoff`. To restart the logging of this information, issue the command `\debugon`.

## 6.4 Suspending and restarting the operation of `selnolog`’s macros

By default, `selnolog`’s macros are switched on (assuming, of course, that your document is compiled under `LuaATEX`). If you want to suspend their operation, you should issue the command

`\selsligoff`

at the desired point in your document. Conversely, if `selslig`’s macros need to be switched back on, just issue the command

`\selsligon`

## 6.5 Lists of words that fit German and English non-ligation patterns

Extensive lists of German and English language words for which one or more ligatures should be suppressed are provided in the supplemental files `selslig-german-test.pdf` and `selslig-english-test.pdf`. I started the list of German language words with the examples provided by the `rmligs` script; I’ve added quite a few more words to that list in the meantime. Thanks to the great work of Felix Lehmann and Steffen Hildebrand, explained in more detail in [Section 7](#), the package’s German language search patterns actually apply to a much larger number of words than those listed in `selslig-german-test.pdf`. Naturally, suggestions for still more words to be de-ligated are always welcome.

The files `selslig-german-test.tex` and `selslig-english-test.tex` are “driver programs” that load the `selslig` package and then run it on the respective lists of German- and English-language words. To compile the driver programs, be sure to use `LuaATeX`.

## 7 License and acknowledgments

The entire `selslig` package is placed under the terms of the `LATEX` Project Public License, version 1.3 or later (<http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt>). It has the status “maintained”.

I owe a huge intellectual and programming debt to Patrick Gundlach and Taco Hoekwater, who responded kindly and generously with detailed computer code to various queries I posted to [tex.stackexchange.com](http://tex.stackexchange.com).<sup>33</sup> Without their expertise in programming in Lua and interfacing the lua code with `LATEX`, this package would not exist. They certainly deserve most of the credit for the lua code used by the `selslig` package.

Felix Lehmann (a linguist and expert in morphology, i.e., the study of morphemes) and Steffen Hildebrandt (computer scientist extraordinaire) served as patient and careful testers of several early beta versions of this package, uncovering and fixing bugs, pointing out unclear passages in the user guide, writing scripts to automate the discovery of redundancies and syntax errors in the package’s `\nolig` and `\keeplig` instructions, and providing many excellent suggestions for enhancements and other improvements. Steffen also provided crucial modifications to the package’s lua code to make possible the `\keeplig` macro.

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<sup>33</sup>See especially the questions [Any suggestions/requests for features for a new package that allows disabling ligatures for \(pre\)selected words?](#), [How to suppress the operation of a luatex-defined macro on a string if the string is part of macro or a label](#), and [Ligature suppression algorithm fails if the word in question contains an Umlaut \(dieresis\) before the ligature](#).

Even more importantly, Felix and Steffen created scripts to test systematically and comprehensively the package’s German `\nolig` and `\keeplig` search patterns for linguistic adequacy and (relative) completeness. They began with a corpus of almost 850 million [!] words, which they marked up with information on the morphological constituents of each word. From this huge word list, they extracted a set of 462,000 unique word forms containing potential f-ligatures. According to their analysis, an early version (ca. late October 2012) of the `selnolig` package already dealt correctly with 85 percent (394,000) of those word forms, while still generating 21,000 Type I errors and 48,000 Type II errors!<sup>34,35</sup> Fortunately (for me at least), they also discovered that a non-negligible part of the 69,000 errors wasn’t real but, rather, the result of typos in the words included in the corpus and/or of incorrect morphological analysis. The detailed Type I and II error lists they generated were critical in helping me refine—and occasionally revise completely—the package’s search patterns, rapidly bringing down the number of Type I and II errors.<sup>36</sup> All major changes to the German language ligature suppression patterns are still being subjected to their testing algorithms to streamline the tasks of detecting what’s left to improve and catching any newly introduced errors.

Felix and Steffen started the automated testing of the package’s `\nolig` and `\keeplig` macros as their finals project for the course *Introduction to Computational Linguistics* at the University of Massachusetts at Amherst in the fall of 2012.<sup>37</sup> They wish to thank the Institut für Maschinelle Sprachverarbeitung at the Universität Stuttgart for granting them a license for the morphological analysis tool SMOR<sup>38</sup> and, in particular, Helmut Schmid for his guidance. They also express their gratitude to the *Web-as-Corpus kool ynitiative* (WaCky) for letting them use the SDeWaC corpus,<sup>39</sup> as well as to Rajesh Bhatt (University of Massachusetts at Amherst), Miriam Butt (Universität Konstanz), and Sabine Schulte im Walde (Universität Stuttgart) for helping them find the right resources for their project.

The `rmligs` script lists hundreds of German language words for which various f-ligatures should be suppressed. I created many of the initial German language ligature suppression rules of the `selnolig` package to treat the words listed in the `rmligs` package.<sup>40</sup>

Matthias Vogel very kindly shared with me a set of regular-expression based macros, named *Ligatures-German*, he wrote for the WinEdt programmer’s editor. The macros serve to suppress

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<sup>34</sup>In the context of the `selnolig` package, a Type I error is the failure to suppress a typographically inappropriate ligature, and a Type II error is the improper suppression of a typographically valid ligature.

<sup>35</sup>1,000 words contained more than one potential f-ligature, hence the difference.

<sup>36</sup>For instance, after Steffen wrote the lua code that made possible the `\keeplig` macro, I was able to eliminate, in one fell swoop, more than 10,000 [!] Type II errors generated by the package’s earlier, incorrect suppression of the f-ligature in words that contain the morpheme `pflicht`.

<sup>37</sup>Their `code` and `finals paper` is available online.

<sup>38</sup>Schmid, H., A. Fitschen, and U. Heid, 2004, “SMOR: A German Computational Morphology Covering Derivation, Composition, and Inflection”, *Proceedings of the IVth International Conference on Language Resources and Evaluation (LREC)*, pp. 1263–1266, Lisbon, Portugal.

<sup>39</sup>Baroni, M., S. Bernardini, A. Ferraresi, and E. Zanchetta, 2009, “The WaCky Wide Web: A Collection of Very Large Linguistically Processed Web-Crawled Corpora”, *Language Resources and Evaluation*, 43 (3), pp. 209–226.

<sup>40</sup>All versions of the `rmligs` package are archived at <http://www.j3e.de/ispell/igerman98/dict/>.

f-ligatures in a document selectively, and they work by inserting the babel " | shortcut macro in the appropriate spots in the .tex file. Matthias' macros, and a file he sent me containing an extensive list of German words for which one or more f-ligatures should be suppressed, led me to thoroughly refine and extend the scope of the selnolig package's ligature-suppressing rules.

Barbara Beeton provided careful and incisive comments on an early version of this user guide and the English-language ligature suppression macros. Other contributors to [tex.stackexchange.com](http://tex.stackexchange.com) and [comp.text.tex](http://comp.text.tex), too numerous to name individually, also helped guide and influence the genesis of this package. To all of you, I express my sincere thanks.

The website <http://www.morewords.com> provides very convenient methods for searching English language words that may contain cases of ligature collisions across morpheme boundaries. For German words, the site <http://corpora.informatik.uni-leipzig.de/?dict=de> provides a similar resource.

## Appendices

### A English-language ligature suppression rules: selnolig-english-patterns.sty

```
% !TeX root = selnolig.tex
% !TEX TS-program = lualatex

\ProvidesPackage{selnolig-english-patterns}% \nolig{flife}{f|life}
[2013/05/20] % halflife shelflife

% This entire package is placed under the
% terms of the LaTeX Project Public License,
% version 1.3 or later
% (http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt).
% It has the status "maintained".
%
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\nolig{flife}{f|life}
% halflife shelflife

\nolig{fline}{f|line}
% halflife roofline offline

\nolig{leaflet}{leaf|let}
\nolig{Leaflet}{Leaf|let}
% leaflet(-s, -ed) leafleting
% leafletting leafletted
% leafleteer(s)

\nolig{pdflatex}{pdf|latex}
\nolig{Pdflatex}{Pdf|latex}
% better to write 'pdf\LaTeX', right?

% Part 1: "Basic" f-ligature patterns
% =====

% (a) ff -> f-f
\nolig{otfload}{otf|load}
% for the 'luaotfload' package...

\nolig{lfful}{lf|ful}
% shelfful bookshelffuls -- TeXBook, p. 19

% (d) ffi -> ff-i
\nolig{pdflatex}{pdf|latex}
\nolig{Pdflatex}{Pdf|latex}
% better to write 'pdf\LaTeX', right?

% (b) fi -> f-i
% no cases in 'basic' group

\nolig{faffian}{faff|ian}
% Pfaffian
% (must avoid picking up 'affianced')

% (c) fl -> f-l
\nolig{lffian}{lff|ian}
% Wolffian Wulffian

\nolig{fless}{f|less}
% beefless leafless ...
% Also: cuffless stuffless

% (e) ffl -> ff-l
\nolig{fflaw}{ff|law}
% scofflaw scofflaws

\nolig{flike}{f|like}
% dwarflike elflike ...
% Also: rufflike clifflike

\nolig{fflink}{ff|link}
```



```

% cufflink cufflinks

\nolig{ffload}{ff|load}
% offload offloads offloaded

% (f) ffi -> f-fi

\nolig{haffinch}{haf|finch}
% chaffinch(es)

\nolig{lffish}{lf|fish}
% wolffish

% (g) ffl -> f-fl

\nolig{afflower}{af|flower}
% safflower

% (h) ft -> f-t

\nolig{ieftain}{ief|tain}
\nolig{alftime}{alf|time}
\nolig{alftone}{alf|tone}
\nolig{ooftop}{oof|top}
\nolig{ooftree}{oof|tree}
% chieftain halftime halftone
% rooftop rooftree

\nolig{ifth}{if|th}
% fifth(s)
\nolig{elfth}{elf|th}
% twelfth(s)
% Obscuring the 'th' pair with an
% 'ft' ligature just looks weird!

\nolig{lfttr}{lf|tr}
% wolftrap calfttrap

\nolig{eaftr}{eaf|tr}
% leaftrap

\nolig{fftr}{ff|tr}
% offtrack

% (i) fb, fh, fj, and fk ligatures

% suppress these ligatures globally, but make
% exceptions for Kafka, fjord, and fjell
\nolig{fb}{f|b}
\nolig{fh}{f|h}
\nolig{fj}{f|j}
\nolig{fk}{f|k}

% There are, of course, words of non-English
% origin for which the 'fj' ligature should
% not be suppressed.
\keeplig{fjord} % Norwegian spelling
\keeplig{fjör} % Icelandic spelling, e.g., in
% Ísafjörður and Ísafjörður
\keeplig{fjarð} % Ísafjarðarbær (in Iceland)
\keeplig{fjell} % Norwegian
\keeplig{fjall} % Swedish (?)
\keeplig{fjäll}
\keeplig{fjöll}

\keeplig{Prokofjew}
\keeplig{Sufjan} % Stevens
\keeplig{Eefje} % Dutch first name
\keeplig{Astafjew}
% Author (Wiktor) and soccer player (Maksim)

\keeplig{Kafka}
\keeplig{Safka}
\keeplig{Potrafke}
\keeplig{Sprafke}
\keeplig{Shirafkan}
\keeplig{Tirafkan}

% Part 2: Additional f-ligature suppression
% patterns if 'broadf' option is set.
% =====

\if@broadfset

% (a) ff -> f-f

```

% no cases in 'broad' group	\nolig{deafish}{deaf ish}
	\nolig{dwarfish}{dwarf ish}
	\nolig{elfish}{elf ish}
% (b) fi -> f-i	%elfish selfish unselfish, etc.
	\nolig{oafish}{oaf ish}
\nolig{elfin}{elf in}	\nolig{serfish}{serf ish}
\nolig{Elfin}{Elf in}	\nolig{wolfish}{wolf ish}
\nolig{afing}{af ing}	\nolig{Deafish}{Deaf ish}
% chafing leafing loafing sheafing	\nolig{Dwarfish}{Dwarf ish}
% strafing vouchsafing	\nolig{Elfish}{Elf ish}
	\nolig{Oafish}{Oaf ish}
\nolig{eefing}{eef ing}	\nolig{Serfish}{Serf ish}
% beefing reefing	\nolig{Wolfish}{Wolf ish}
\nolig{iefing}{ief ing}	\nolig{beefier}{beef ier}
% briefing debriefing	\nolig{comfier}{comf ier}
	\nolig{goofier}{goof ier}
\nolig{ifing}{if ing}	\nolig{gulfier}{gulf ier}
% coifing fifing jackknifing knifing	\nolig{leafier}{leaf ier}
% midwifing waifing wifing	\nolig{reefier}{reef ier}
	\nolig{surfier}{surf ier}
\nolig{oofing}{oof ing}	\nolig{turfier}{turf ier}
% goofing hoofing roofing ...	
	\nolig{Beefier}{Beef ier}
\nolig{lfing}{lf ing}	\nolig{Comfier}{Comf ier}
% golfing rolfing ...	\nolig{Goofier}{Goof ier}
	\nolig{Gulfier}{Gulf ier}
\nolig{arfing}{arf ing}	\nolig{Leafier}{Leaf ier}
% barfing bedwarfing dwarfing...	\nolig{Reefier}{Reef ier}
	\nolig{Surfier}{Surf ier}
\nolig{serfing}{serf ing}	\nolig{Turfier}{Turf ier}
\nolig{Serfing}{Serf ing}	% (Mustn't perform 'fier -> f-ier'
\nolig{kerfing}{kerf ing}	% substitution because of words
\nolig{Kerfing}{Kerf ing}	% such as pacifier, reifier, etc.)
% Don't specify 'erfing' search string	
% b/c of 'butterfinger'	\nolig{afiest}{af iest}
	\nolig{efiest}{ef iest}
\nolig{urfing}{urf ing}	\nolig{lfiest}{lf iest}
% (wind-) surfing turfing	\nolig{mfiest}{mf iest}
	\nolig{ofiest}{of iest}
\nolig{rfism}{rf ism}	\nolig{rfiest}{rf iest}
% dwarfism	% leafiest beefiest reefiest ...
\nolig{rfist}{rf ist}	% (Mustn't do 'fiest -> f-iest'
% dwarfist	% subst. b/c of 'fiesta')

<pre> \keeplig{amselfish} \keeplig{stelfink}  \nolig{fily}{f ily} % beefily goofily % This rule also catches the %  ffily -&gt; ff-ily case: % daffily fluffily gruffily ...  \nolig{oofiness}{oof iness} % goofiness % (Mustn't do 'finess -&gt; f-iness' % substitution b/c of 'finesse')  % (c) fl -&gt; f-l  \nolig{aloofly}{aloof ly} \nolig{briefly}{brief ly} \nolig{chiefly}{chief ly} \nolig{deafly}{deaf ly} \nolig{liefly}{lief ly}  \nolig{Aloofly}{Aloof ly} \nolig{Briefly}{Brief ly} \nolig{Chiefly}{Chief ly} \nolig{Deafly}{Deaf ly} \nolig{Liefly}{Lief ly} % (Mustn't perform 'fly -&gt; f-ly' subst. % b/c of 'fly' 'butterfly' ...)  % (d) ffi -&gt; ff-i  \nolig{affish}{aff ish} \nolig{offish}{off ish} \nolig{iffish}{iff ish} \nolig{uffish}{uff ish} % draffish offish sniffish gruffish  \nolig{ffing}{ff ing} % baffing biffing bluffing...  \nolig{ffier}{ff ier} % buffier chaffier ... </pre>	<pre> %\nolig{ffily}{ff ily} % Caught by 'fily -&gt; f-ily' rule  \nolig{ffiness}{ff iness} % fluffiness huffiness ...  \nolig{waffie}{waff ie} \nolig{Waffie}{Waff ie}  \nolig{ffies}{ff ies} % baffies biffies jiffies stuffies ... % buffiest chaffiest ...  % (e) ffl -&gt; ff-l  \nolig{ffly}{ff ly} % bluffly gruffly ruffly ...  % (f) ffi -&gt; f-fi % nothing additional in 'broad' group  % (g) ffl -&gt; f-fl % nothing additional in 'broad' group  % (h) ft -&gt; f-t  \nolig{ifteen}{if teen} % fifteen fifteens fifteenth  \nolig{fifti}{fif ti} \nolig{Fifti}{Fif ti} % fifties fiftieth fiftieths  \nolig{fifty}{fif ty} \nolig{Fifty}{Fif ty} % fifty fiftyish  \fi % end of \if@broadfset block </pre>
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<pre> % Part 3: Discretionary ligatures crossing % morpheme boundaries % st, ct, sp, % th, at, et, as, is, us, ta, ll, sk % ----- \if@heligset  % (A) st -&gt; s-t % -----  \nolig{osstalk}{oss talk} % crosstalk \nolig{gstai}{gs tai} % dogstail \nolig{nstak}{ns tak} % painstaker painstaking \nolig{stight}{s tight} % gastight \nolig{stooth}{s tooth} % houndstooth \nolig{steeth}{s teeth} % houndsteeth  %% dis-t... words \nolig{dista}{dis ta} \nolig{Dista}{Dis ta} % distant distasteful \nolig{distem}{dis tem} \nolig{Distem}{Dis tem} % distemperate \nolig{disten}{dis ten} \nolig{Disten}{Dis ten} % distended \nolig{distil}{dis til} \nolig{Distil}{Dis til} % distil distillation \nolig{distin}{dis tin} \nolig{Distin}{Dis tin} % distinct distinguish \nolig{disto}{dis to} \nolig{Disto}{Dis to} % distort distortion \nolig{distr}{dis tr} </pre>	<pre> \nolig{Distr}{Dis tr} % distract distribution distrust \nolig{distu}{dis tu} \nolig{Distu}{Dis tu} % disturb  %% mis-t... words \nolig{mista}{mis ta} \nolig{Mista}{Mis ta} % mistake mistaken mistaught unmistakable \nolig{mistea}{mis tea} \nolig{Mistea}{Mis tea} % misteach \nolig{istend}{is tend} % mistend distend \nolig{isterm}{is term} % misterm mistersms \nolig{isth}{is th} % msthink msthought msthrew msthrow % isthmus calisthenic \nolig{istime}{is time} % mistime mistimed \nolig{istitl}{is titl} % mistitle \nolig{istook}{is took} % mistook \nolig{istouc}{is touc} % mistouch \nolig{mistrac}{mis trac} \nolig{Mistrac}{Mis trac} % Mistrace \nolig{mistran}{mis tran} \nolig{Mistran}{Mis tran} % Mistranscribe Mistranslate \nolig{istrea}{is trea} % mistreat mistreatment \nolig{mistru}{mis tru} \nolig{Mistru}{Mis tru} % mistrust mistruth \nolig{istrys}{is trys} % mistryst \nolig{mistu}{mis tu} \nolig{Mistu}{Mis tu} % mistune Mistutor \nolig{istyp}{is typ} % mistype </pre>
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<code>\nolig{aastricht}{aas tricht}</code>	% suspend suspension suspicious
% Maastricht	<code>\nolig{sph}{s ph}</code> % 'ph' from Greek 'phi'!
	% atmosphere biosphere hemisphere
<code>\nolig{sthes}{s thes}</code>	% spherical asphodel phosphorous phosphate
% anaesthesia synesthesia prosthesis	% blaspheme blasphemy
<code>\nolig{sthet}{s thet}</code>	<code>\nolig{ranspa}{rans pa}</code>
% aesthetic esthetic unesthetic	% transparent transpacific
% prosthetist	<code>\nolig{ranspe}{rans pe}</code>
	% transpersonal
% (B) ct -> c-t	<code>\nolig{ranspie}{rans pie}</code>
% -----	% transpierce
	<code>\nolig{ranspl}{rans pl}</code>
<code>\nolig{rctan}{rc tan}</code>	% transplant
% arctangent	<code>\nolig{ranspol}{rans pol}</code>
<code>\nolig{rctat}{rc tat}</code>	% transpolar
% coarctation	<code>\nolig{ranspor}{rans por}</code>
	% transport transportation
% (C) sp -> s-p	<code>\nolig{ranspos}{rans pos}</code>
% -----	% transpose transposon
	<code>\nolig{risprud}{ris prud}</code>
<code>\nolig{othesp}{othes p}</code>	% jurisprudence
% clothespin clothespress	<code>\nolig{spiec}{s piec}</code>
<code>\nolig{speople}{s people}</code>	% crosspiece frontispiece
% business- congress- crafts-	
% dis- news- sales- spokes-	<code>\nolig{ewspa}{ews pa}</code>
% towns- trades- tribes- people	% newspaper
<code>\nolig{sperson}{s person}</code>	<code>\nolig{ewspr}{ews pr}</code>
% business- congress- crafts- drafts-	% newsprint
% news- sales- spokes- person	% Don't suppress sp lig in "newspeak"!
<code>\nolig{espas}{es pas}</code>	
% trespass trespassing	
<code>\nolig{isplat}{is plat}</code>	% (D) th -> t-h
% cisplatin (cis-platin, not cisp-latin!)	% -----
	<code>\nolig{eethov}{eet hov}</code>
<code>\nolig{disp}{dis p}</code>	% Beethoven
<code>\nolig{Disp}{Dis p}</code>	<code>\nolig{thook}{t hook}</code>
% disparage disparaging ...	% boathook meathook pothook
	<code>\nolig{thouse}{t house}</code>
<code>\nolig{misp}{mis p}</code>	% boathouse cathouse courthouse ...
<code>\nolig{Misp}{Mis p}</code>	<code>\nolig{othol}{ot hol}</code>
% misplace misperception misprint	% foothold knothole potholder ...
	<code>\nolig{lthol}{lt hol}</code>
<code>\nolig{susp}{sus p}</code>	% bolthole
<code>\nolig{Susp}{Sus p}</code>	

<code>\nolig{sthol}{st hol}</code>	<code>% outhustle</code>
<code>% posthole pesthole</code>	<code>\nolig{tthour}{tt hour}</code>
<code>\nolig{rathol}{rat hol}</code>	<code>% watthour kilowatthour</code>
<code>\nolig{Rathol}{Rat hol}</code>	<code>\nolig{sthm}{s thm}</code>
<code>% rathole</code>	<code>% asthma isthmus</code>
<code>\nolig{arthog}{art hog}</code>	<code>% (E) at -&gt; a-t</code>
<code>% warthog</code>	<code>% -----</code>
<code>\nolig{stha}{st ha}</code>	<code>\nolig{lbatr}{lba tr}</code>
<code>% firsthand postharvest posthaste</code>	<code>% albatross</code>
<code>\nolig{thawk}{t hawk}</code>	<code>\nolig{atroop}{a troop}</code>
<code>% nighthawk</code>	<code>% paratrooper</code>
<code>\nolig{horth}{hort h}</code>	<code>\nolig{eatra}{ea tra}</code>
<code>% shorthair shorthand shorthorn</code>	<code>% seatrain seatransport</code>
<code>\nolig{arthei}{art hei}</code>	<code>% (F) et -&gt; e-t</code>
<code>% apartheid antiapartheid</code>	<code>% -----</code>
<code>\nolig{thead}{t head}</code>	<code>\nolig{nineteen}{nine t}</code>
<code>% bolthead cathead fathead ...</code>	<code>\nolig{Nineteen}{Nine t}</code>
<code>\nolig{therd}{t herd}</code>	<code>% ninetieth ninetieths ninety nineteen nineties</code>
<code>% goatherd neatherd</code>	<code>\nolig{ametag}{ame tag}</code>
<code>\nolig{theap}{t heap}</code>	<code>% nametag</code>
<code>% dustheap</code>	<code>\nolig{betat}{be tat}</code>
<code>\nolig{theart}{t heart}</code>	<code>\nolig{Betat}{Be tat}</code>
<code>% fainthearted sweetheart ...</code>	<code>% betatter beta</code>
<code>\nolig{uthear}{ut hear}</code>	<code>\nolig{betr}{be tr}</code>
<code>% outhear outheard</code>	<code>\nolig{Betr}{Be tr}</code>
<code>\nolig{thill}{t hill}</code>	<code>% betray betroth</code>
<code>% anthill foothill</code>	<code>\nolig{deta}{de ta}</code>
<code>\nolig{thood}{t hood}</code>	<code>% detach detain detail</code>
<code>% adulthood knighthood ...</code>	<code>\nolig{etect}{e tect}</code>
<code>\nolig{thunt}{t hunt}</code>	<code>% detect undetectable detective</code>
<code>% pothunt outhunt</code>	<code>\nolig{detent}{de tent}</code>
<code>\nolig{orthol}{ort hol}</code>	<code>\nolig{Detent}{De tent}</code>
<code>% porthole</code>	<code>% detent detention</code>
<code>\nolig{sthum}{st hum}</code>	<code>\nolig{detest}{de test}</code>
<code>% posthumous</code>	<code>\nolig{Detest}{De test}</code>
<code>\nolig{uthau}{ut hau}</code>	<code>% detest</code>
<code>% outhaul</code>	<code>\nolig{detr}{de tr}</code>
<code>\nolig{uthit}{ut hit}</code>	<code>\nolig{Detr}{De tr}</code>
<code>% outhit</code>	<code>% detract detract detriment detritus</code>
<code>\nolig{uthom}{ut hom}</code>	
<code>% outhomer</code>	
<code>\nolig{uthow}{ut how}</code>	
<code>% outhowl</code>	
<code>\nolig{uthum}{ut hum}</code>	
<code>% outhumor</code>	
<code>\nolig{uthust}{ut hust}</code>	

\nolig{etail}{e tail}	%timetable
%bristletail detail dovetail horsetail	
\nolig{etah}{e tah}	\nolig{reteen}{re teen}
%cheetah chetah	%preteen
\nolig{etak}{e tak}	\nolig{retend}{re tend}
%betake retake caretaker	%pretend
\nolig{etax}{e tax}	\nolig{retenc}{re tenc}
%betax	%pretence
\nolig{eteach}{e teach}	\nolig{retens}{re tens}
%reteach	%pretense pretension
\nolig{etell}{e tell}	\nolig{retent}{re tent}
%foretell fortunetelling	\nolig{Retent}{Re tent}
\nolig{eterg}{e terg}	%pretentious retention retentive
%detergent	\nolig{retest}{re test}
\nolig{eterio}{e terio}	\nolig{Retest}{Re test}
%deteriorate	%pretest retest
\nolig{eterm}{e term}	
%determent determinant preterm	\nolig{reta}{re ta}
\nolig{etext}{e text}	\nolig{Reta}{Re ta}
%pretext retext teletext	%retag retape retake
\nolig{ethink}{e think}	%foretaste caretaker
%freethinking	%pretaste pretape pretaxretain
\nolig{ethrow}{e throw}	%retain retake retaliate retard
%freethrow	%retarget retaste wiretap
\nolig{etick}{e tick}	\keeplig{pretable}%interpretable
%bluetick detick	\keeplig{cretar}%secretary
\nolig{etide}{e tide}	
%betide yuletide	\nolig{reteam}{re team}
\nolig{etigh}{e tigh}	\nolig{Reteam}{Re team}
%retighten	%reteam reteamed reteaming reteams
\nolig{etime}{e time}	\nolig{retear}{re tear}
%betime lifetime peacetime sometime	\nolig{Retear}{Re tear}
\nolig{eetop}{ee top}	%retear retears
%treetop	\nolig{retemp}{re temp}
\nolig{etrain}{e train}	\nolig{Retemp}{Re temp}
%detrain drivetrain housetrain retrain	%retemper retempering
\nolig{etrap}{e trap}	
%firetrap livetrapp mousetrap	\nolig{retie}{re tie}
\nolig{etree}{e tree}	\nolig{Retie}{Re tie}
%axletree saddle tree shoetree	%retie entreties sureties
	\nolig{retil}{re til}
\nolig{foret}{fore t}	\nolig{Retil}{Re til}
\nolig{Foret}{Fore t}	%retile
%foretaste foretell foretold foretime	\nolig{retim}{re tim}
%foretoken foretop foretopman	\nolig{Retim}{Re tim}
\nolig{imetable}{ime table}	%retime beforetime



<code>\nolig{retint}{re tint}</code>	<code>% retwist retwisting</code>
<code>\nolig{Retint}{Re tint}</code>	
<code>% retint</code>	<code>\nolig{etooth}{e tooth}</code>
<code>\nolig{retir}{re tir}</code>	<code>% bluetooth eyetooth snaggletoothed</code>
<code>\nolig{Retir}{Re tir}</code>	<code>\nolig{eteeth}{e teeth}</code>
<code>% retire retiring</code>	<code>% snaggleteeth eyeteeth</code>
<code>\nolig{retitl}{re titl}</code>	
<code>\nolig{Retitl}{Re titl}</code>	<code>\nolig{deter}{de ter}</code>
<code>% retitle pretitling</code>	<code>\nolig{Deter}{De ter}</code>
	<code>% deter determine deteriorate undeterred</code>
<code>\nolig{retold}{re told}</code>	
<code>\nolig{Retold}{Re told}</code>	<code>\nolig{ceties}{ce ties}</code>
<code>% retold</code>	<code>% niceties</code>
<code>\nolig{retoo}{re too}</code>	<code>\nolig{cety}{ce ty}</code>
<code>\nolig{Retoo}{Re too}</code>	<code>% nicety</code>
<code>% retook retool</code>	
<code>\nolig{retor}{re tor}</code>	<code>\nolig{feties}{fe ties}</code>
<code>\nolig{Retor}{Re tor}</code>	<code>% safeties unsafeties biosafeties</code>
<code>% retore retorn retort retorted</code>	<code>\nolig{fety}{fe ty}</code>
<code>\nolig{retou}{re tou}</code>	<code>% safety</code>
<code>\nolig{Retou}{Re tou}</code>	
<code>% retouch retouched</code>	<code>\nolig{leties}{le ties}</code>
<code>\nolig{retra}{re tra}</code>	<code>% subtleties</code>
<code>\nolig{Retra}{Re tra}</code>	<code>\nolig{lety}{le ty}</code>
<code>% retrace retrack retract retrans retransmit</code>	<code>% subtlety teletype teletypewriter</code>
<code>\nolig{retre}{re tre}</code>	
<code>\nolig{Retre}{Re tre}</code>	<code>\nolig{rety}{re ty}</code>
<code>% pretreat retread retreat retrench</code>	<code>% surety entirety retype pretype</code>
<code>\nolig{retri}{re tri}</code>	
<code>\nolig{Retri}{Re tri}</code>	<code>\nolig{etelev}{e telev}</code>
<code>% pretrim pretrial retrieve retribution</code>	<code>% pretelevision</code>
<code>% retrieves retrim</code>	<code>\nolig{etyp}{e typ}</code>
<code>\nolig{etrors}{e trors}</code>	<code>% archetype archetypal retype pretype</code>
<code>% retrorse</code>	
<code>\nolig{retrous}{re trous}</code>	<code>% (G) as -&gt; a-s</code>
<code>\nolig{Retrous}{Re trous}</code>	<code>% -----</code>
<code>% retrousse</code>	
<code>\nolig{retry}{re try}</code>	<code>\nolig{eastran}{ea stran}</code>
<code>\nolig{Retry}{Re try}</code>	<code>% seastrand</code>
<code>% retry retrying</code>	<code>\nolig{aspore}{a spore}</code>
	<code>% diaspora megaspore tetraspore</code>
<code>\nolig{retu}{re tu}</code>	<code>\nolig{aseps}{a seps}</code>
<code>\nolig{Retu}{Re tu}</code>	<code>% asepsis</code>
<code>% return retune unreturnable</code>	<code>\nolig{asept}{a sept}</code>
<code>\nolig{retwi}{re twi}</code>	<code>% aseptic aseptically</code>
<code>\nolig{Retwi}{Re twi}</code>	<code>\nolig{asund}{a sund}</code>

\nolig{Asund}{A sund}	\nolig{Antisha}{Anti sha}
% asunder	% antishark antiship antishock
\nolig{aspec}{a spec}	\nolig{antishi}{anti shi}
\nolig{Aspec}{A spec}	\nolig{Antishi}{Anti shi}
% aspect infraspecific intraspecies	% antishark antiship antishock
% intraspecific	\nolig{antisho}{anti sh}
\nolig{infras}{infra s}	\nolig{Antisho}{Anti sh}
\nolig{Infras}{Infra s}	% antishark antiship antishock
% infrastructure infraspecific	\nolig{antisk}{anti sk}
\nolig{megast}{mega st}	\nolig{Antisk}{Anti sk}
\nolig{Megast}{Mega st}	% antiskid
% megastructure megastar	\nolig{antisl}{anti sl}
\nolig{megasp}{mega sp}	\nolig{Antisl}{Anti sl}
\nolig{Megasp}{Mega sp}	% antislavery antislip
% megaspores megascopic	\nolig{antismo}{anti smo}
\nolig{aspoon}{a spoon}	\nolig{Antismo}{Anti smo}
% teaspoon	% antismog antismoke
	\nolig{antismu}{anti smu}
% how to do 'asea'?	\nolig{Antismu}{Anti smu}
	% antismuggling antismut
% (H) is -> i-s	\nolig{antisn}{anti sn}
% -----	\nolig{Antisn}{Anti sn}
	% antinob
% (a) not across morpheme boundaries	\nolig{antiso}{anti so}
% (The following may be a bug in fontspec)	\nolig{Antiso}{Anti so}
	% antisocial antisolar
\nolig{fish}{fi sh}	\nolig{antisp}{anti sp}
\nolig{fist}{fi st}	\nolig{Antisp}{Anti sp}
\nolig{Fist}{Fi st}	% antispasmodic antispeculative
	\nolig{antist}{anti st}
% (b) across morpheme boundaries	\nolig{Antist}{Anti st}
	% antistatic antistick antistress
%% Mustn't do global \nolig{antis}{anti s}	\nolig{antisu}{anti su}
%% because of words such as sycophantism,	\nolig{Antisu}{Anti su}
%% vigilantism, and mantissa.	% antisubmarine antisubversion
	\nolig{antisy}{anti sy}
\nolig{antisa}{anti sa}	\nolig{Antisy}{Anti sy}
\nolig{Antisa}{Anti sa}	% antisymmetric antisymphilitics
% antisag antisatellite	
\nolig{antisc}{anti sc}	\nolig{multis}{multi s}
\nolig{Antisc}{Anti sc}	\nolig{Multis}{Multi s}
% antiscience	% multiscreen multisense multisensory
\nolig{antise}{anti se}	% multiservice multisided multisite
\nolig{Antise}{Anti se}	% multisize multiskilled multisource
% antisecrecy antisense antiseptic	% multispecies multispectral multispeed
\nolig{antisha}{anti sha}	% multisport multistage multistate

% multistemmed multistep multistoried	% (M) ij -> i-j
% multistory multistranded multisyllabic	% -----
% multisystem	
 \nolig{isph}{i sph}	% The 'ij' ligature seems to have no good
% hemisphere planisphere hemispheric	% use in English-language words -- incl.
	% words introduced to English from other
% (I) us -> u-s	% languages, such as marijuana, gaijin, and
% -----	% bijou; the 'ij' ligature seems to span
	% morpheme boundaries in all of these cases.
%% (no examples yet)	% Hence, we disable this ligature globally.
	% We do make exceptions for words of Dutch
	% origin, where the ij ligature does have
	% legitimate uses.
% (J) sk -> s-k	
% (available in EB Garamond font)	
% -----	
 \nolig{skeep}{s keep}	\nolig{ij}{i j}
% greenskeeper groundskeeper miskeep	\keeplig{ijs}% rijsttafel (Indonesian dish)
\nolig{iskai}{is kai}	\keeplig{ijn}% de Bruijn
% triskaidekaphobia	
\nolig{thsk}{ths k}	
% rathskeller	% Part 4: Disabling one discretionary
\nolig{misk}{mis k}	% ligature so that a subsequent, more
\nolig{Misk}{Mis k}	% important one doesn't get pre-empted
% miskeep miskept miskick misknow	% -----
\nolig{atskill}{ats kill}	% (i) as, is, and us preceding st
% Catskills Mountains, Catskill Park	% .....
\nolig{eekskill}{eeks kill}	
% Peekskill % a town on the Hudson River	\nolig{ast}{a st}
	\nolig{ust}{u st}
	\nolig{ist}{i st}
% (K) ll -> l-l	
% -----	% (ii) as, is, and us preceding sp
	% .....--.....
\nolig{llike}{l like}	\nolig{aspar}{a spar}
% animallike soullike	\nolig{Aspar}{A spar}
\nolig{lless}{l less}	% asparagus Caspar aspartame asparkle
% soulless tailless	\nolig{asper}{a sper}
	\nolig{Asper}{A sper}
% (L) fr -> f-r	% aspersion Casper Jasper exasperate
% -----	\nolig{aspir}{a spir}
	\nolig{Aspir}{A spir}
\nolig{oofr}{oof r}	% aspire aspirator aspirin
% proofread proofroom proofrock	\nolig{gasp}{ga sp}

```

\nolig{Gasp}{Ga|sp}
% gasp
\nolig{hasp}{ha|sp}
\nolig{Hasp}{Ha|sp}
% hasp
\nolig{lasp}{la|sp}
% clasp unclasp beclasp enclasp
\nolig{rasp}{ra|sp}
\nolig{Rasp}{Ra|sp}
% grasp rasp raspberry
\nolig{wasp}{wa|sp}
\nolig{Wasp}{Wa|sp}
% wasp waspish

\nolig{risp}{ri|sp}
% crisp
\nolig{ispani}{i|spani}
% hispanic
\nolig{lisp}{li|sp}
\nolig{Lisp}{Li|sp}
% lisp lisping
\nolig{whisp}{whi|sp}
\nolig{Whisp}{Whi|sp}
% whisper
\nolig{wisp}{wi|sp}
\nolig{Wisp}{Wi|sp}
% wisp

\nolig{cusp}{cu|sp}
\nolig{Cusp}{Cu|sp}
% cusp bicuspid tricuspid
\nolig{ausp}{au|sp}
\nolig{Ausp}{Au|sp}
% auspicious inauspicious

% (iii) at and et preceding th
% .....

%% If you have 'at' and 'et' ligatures as
%% well as the 'th' ligature (as is the
%% case for the font "Garamond Premier Pro",
%% and any other fonts?) and want a
%% trailing 'th' ligature to take precedence
%% over any preceding 'at' or 'et' ligas,
%% make sure the following macros are
%% active (i.e., not commented out).

\nolig{ath}{a|th}
\nolig{eth}{e|th}

% The preceding instructions are a bit too
% broad, as they also suppress the 'at' ligature
% for words such as boathook, flathead,
% etc., and the 'et' ligature in words such as
% Beethoven, prophethood, and sweetheart.
% To address these cases, we provide \keeplig
% macros:

\keeplig{oathook}% boathook
\keeplig{eathook}% meathook
\keeplig{athouse}% bathouse boathouse cathouse
%%\keeplig{rathole}% this will re-enable "th" liga
%%\keeplig{Rathole}% if "at" liga doesn't exist...
\keeplig{athead}% cathead fathead flathead meathead
\keeplig{atherd}% goatherd neatherd
\keeplig{eatheart}% greathearted sweetheart
\keeplig{eetheart}

\keeplig{Beethoven}
\keeplig{ophethood}

% (iv) at and et preceding ta
% .....

\nolig{atap}{a|tap}
\keeplig{catap}% catapult cataphoresis
\keeplig{Catap}
\keeplig{ratap}% rataplan
\keeplig{Ratap}

\nolig{Loretan}{Lore|tan}% :-)

% All other cases seem to involve 'at'
% or 'et' crossing a ligature boundary.
% As such, these cases should be dealt
% with in Part 3 of this file.

\fi %% end of \@ifhdlgset

```

## B German-language ligature suppression rules: selnolig-german-patterns.sty

Introductory note: To accommodate the practice of Swiss-German writers of not using the “ß” character at akk (and using “ss” in its place), all search-and-insert strings that contain an “ß” character are duplicated with equivalent search-and-insert strings containing “ss”.

```
% !TeX root = selnolig.tex
% !TEX TS-program = lualatex

\ProvidesPackage{selnolig-german-patterns}%
[2013/05/20]

% This entire package is placed under the
% terms of the LaTeX Project Public License,
% version 1.3 or later
% (http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt).
% It has the status "maintained".
%
% Author: Mico Loretan
% (loretan dot mico at gmail dot com)

\keeplig{Lauffen}
\keeplig{Stauffach} % Stauffacher
\keeplig{Stauffen} % Stauffenbergattentat
\keeplig{stauffen}
\keeplig{Stauffer}
\keeplig{stauffer}
\keeplig{Stauffisch}
\keeplig{stauffisch}

\keeplig{chauffier}
\keeplig{Chauffier}
\keeplig{chauffeur}
\keeplig{Chauffeur}
\keeplig{chauffement} % Echauffement

\nolig{Briefff}{Brief|f}
\nolig{briefff}{brief|f}
% Brief-f... (viele Fälle!)
\nolig{Cheff}{Chef|f}
\nolig{cheff[aäeioöruü]}{chef|f}
% Cheffahrer Cheffront ...
\keeplig{cheffekt} % Lacheffekt Wischeffekt
\keeplig{Scheffel}
\keeplig{scheffel} % scheffeln
\keeplig{cheffizi} % hocheffizient
\keeplig{cheffé} % Scheffé (a statistician)
\nolig{cheffl[aiou]}{chef|fl}
\nolig{Dampff}{Dampf|f}
\nolig{dampff}{dampf|f}
% (viele Fälle!)
\nolig{Dorff[aäeiloöruü]}{Dorf|f}
\nolig{dorff[aäeiloöruü]}{dorf|f}
% (viele Fälle!)
\nolig{Hanff}{Hanf|f}
\nolig{hanff}{hanf|f}
% Hanffasern Hanffeld
\nolig{Hoff[aäiloöruü]}{Hof|f}
% (viele Fälle!)

% A note on the organization of the \nolig
% macros in this file: They are grouped by
% the f-ligature being suppressed: ff -> f-f;
% fi -> f-i, fl -> f-l, etc. Within each of
% these sections, the \nolig commands are
% listed first for word-beginnings and
% second by word-interior search strings,
% alphabetically within each group.

% 1. ff -> f-f
% -----

\nolig{Auff[aëiloruyäöü]}{Auf|f}
\nolig{auff[aëiloruyäöü]}{auf|f}
% Hundreds (thousands?!) of words that
% start with or contain [aA]uff-,
% [kK]auff-, [lL]auf- and don't end
% with "ff".
% We must provide a few \keeplig macros,
% though, to deal with some surnames and
% some words of French origin.
```

`\keeplig{Hoffacker}`  
`\keeplig{Hoffart}`  
`\keeplig{Hoffärt}` % Hoffärtigkeit  
`\keeplig{Hoffricht}` % Hoffrichter  
`\keeplig{Hoffranz}` % Hoffranzen (?)  
  
`\nolig{Golff}{Golf|f}`  
`\nolig{golff}{golf|f}`  
 % (viele Fälle!)  
`\nolig{Hoffern}{Hof|fern}`  
`\nolig{hoffern}{hof|fern}`  
 % Hofferne hofferne  
`\nolig{Hoffest}{Hof|fest}`  
 % Hoffest Hoffesterlös Hoffestteam  
`\nolig{Impff}{Impf|f}`  
 % Impffurcht Impffortbildung  
`\nolig{Kampff}{Kampf|f}`  
`\nolig{kampff}{kampf|f}`  
 % kampffertig Kampffigur  
 % Kampffuchs Kampffüchse  
`\nolig{Kopff[aäeoöruü]}{Kopf|f}`  
`\nolig{kopff[aäeoöruü]}{kopf|f}`  
 % (viele Fälle!)  
 % [kK]opffi -> caught by pffi rule  
 % [kK]opffl -> caught by pffl rule  
`\nolig{Klopff}{Klopf|f}`  
`\nolig{klopff}{klopf|f}`  
 % Schenkelklopffrohsinn klopfrei  
`\nolig{Prüff}{Prüf|f}`  
`\nolig{prüff}{prüf|f}`  
 % (viele Fälle!)  
`\nolig{Ruffach}{Ruf|fach}`  
 % Ruffach  
`\nolig{ruffach}{ruf|fach}`  
 % Hausnotruffachberater beruffachlichen  
`\nolig{Rumpff}{Rumpf|f}`  
 % Rumpffassung  
`\nolig{Schaffang}{Schaf|fang}`  
`\nolig{Schaffarm}{Schaf|farm}`  
  
`\nolig{Schilff}{Schilf|f}`  
`\nolig{schilff}{schilf|f}`  
 % Schilffeld Schilfflöte Schilffloß  
`\nolig{Senff}{Senf|f}`  
`\nolig{senffa}{senf|fa}`  
 % Senffabrik senffarbig Senffleck

`\nolig{Sumpff}{Sumpf|f}`  
`\nolig{sumpff}{sumpf|f}`  
 % (viele Fälle!)  
`\nolig{Tariff}{Tarif|f}`  
`\nolig{tariff}{tarif|f}`  
 % (viele Fälle!)  
`\nolig{Tieff}{Tief|f}`  
`\nolig{tieff}{tief|f}`  
 % (viele Fälle!)  
`\keeplig{tieffekt}`  
 % Multieffekt Konfettieffekt  
`\keeplig{tieffiz}`  
 % Antieffizienz  
  
`\nolig{chaffron}{chaf|fron}`  
 % Schaffron  
`\nolig{eiffest}{eif|fest}`  
 % reiffest  
  
`\nolig{ffabrik}{f|fabrik}`  
 % Strumpffabrik  
`\nolig{ffacet}{f|facet}`  
 % Relieffacetten  
`\nolig{ffachl}{f|fachl}`  
 % beruffachlich golffachlich  
`\nolig{ffachm}{f|fachm}`  
 % Huffachmann Wahlkampfachmann  
 % Golfachmesse Fünffachmord  
`\nolig{ffäch}{f|fäch}`  
 % Brieffächer Einwurffächer fünffächrig  
`\nolig{ffaden}{f|faden}`  
 % Einzelknopffaden Knüppfaden  
`\nolig{ffäd}{f|fäd}`  
 % Einzelknopffäden Tropffäden  
`\nolig{ffähig}{f|fähig}`  
 % hoffähig kampffähig lauffähig  
`\nolig{ffahn}{f|fahn}`  
 % Totenkopffahne Dorffahne Wahlkampfahnen  
`\nolig{ffahr}{f|fahrr}`  
 % Schifffahrt Schleiffahrt Tariffahrplan  
`\nolig{ffähr}{f|fährr}`  
 % Dampffährdienst  
`\nolig{ffaktor}{f|faktor}`  
 % Hoffaktor Schlupffaktoren  
`\nolig{ffakult}{f|fakult}`

% Rumpffakultät  
 \nolig{ffall}{f|fall}  
 % Anruffalle auffallen Straffall  
 % Tariffalle Streiffall Maulwurffalle  
 \keeplig{ffallee} % Oppenhoffallee  
 \keeplig{ffallerg} % Duftstoffallergie  
 \keeplig{ffallokat} % Rohstoffallokation  
 \nolig{ffäll}{f|fäll}  
 % straffällig unauffällig  
 \nolig{ffalt}{f|falt}  
 % Fünffaltigkeit Dickkopffalter  
 \keeplig{iffalt} % Segelschiffalter  
 \keeplig{offalt} % Kraftstoffalternativen  
 \nolig{ffält}{f|fält}  
 % fünffältig  
 \nolig{ffami}{f|fami}  
 % Zwölffamilienhäuser  
 \keeplig{Diffami} % Diffamierung  
 \keeplig{diffami} % diffamierend  
 \nolig{ffanat}{f|fanat}  
 % Schärffanatiker  
 \nolig{ffans}{f|fans}  
 % Waldhoffans  
 \keeplig{riffans} % Griffansätze  
 \keeplig{toffans} % Sprengstoffanschlag  
 \nolig{ffanta}{f|fanta}  
 % Schlaffantasie Straffantasie  
 \nolig{ffarb}{f|farb}  
 % Zwölffarbenmaschine zwölfarbig  
 \keeplig{ffarbeit}  
 \nolig{ffärb}{f|färb}  
 % Kopffärbung  
 \nolig{ffaschi}{f|faschi}  
 % Schulhoffaschismus  
 \nolig{ffassad}{f|fassad}  
 % Innenhoffassade  
 \nolig{ffäul}{f|fäul}  
 % Sumpffäulnis  
  
 \nolig{ffecht}{f|fecht}  
 % Klopffechter  
 \nolig{ffeder}{f|feder}  
 % -f-feder...  
 \nolig{ffedr}{f|fedr}  
 % zwölfedrig  
 \nolig{ffehl}{f|fehl}

% Schärffehler  
 \nolig{ffeier}{f|feier}  
 % Hoffeierlichkeiten  
 \nolig{ffeind[els]}{f|feind}  
 % -f-feinde -f-feindlich -f-feindschaft  
 \keeplig{ffeindealer} % Koffeindealer  
 \nolig{ffeld}{f|feld}  
 % Prüffeld Schilffeld Kampffeld  
 \keeplig{Büffeld} % Büffeldecke  
 \keeplig{büffeld}  
 \keeplig{ffeldenk} % Scheffeldenkmal  
 \keeplig{Iffeld} % Iffeldorf  
 \keeplig{Löffeld} % Löffeldungung  
 \keeplig{löffeld}  
 \keeplig{Müffeld} % Müffeldoktor  
 \keeplig{müffeld}  
 \keeplig{nüffeld} % Schnüffeldienst -droge  
 \keeplig{Riffeld} % Riffeldielen  
 \keeplig{taffeld} % Staffeldach -diplomatie  
 \keeplig{toffeld} % Kartoffeldruck -dieb  
 \keeplig{Trüffeld} % Trüffelduft -dorf  
 \keeplig{trüffeld}  
 \keeplig{Waffeld} % Waffelduft  
 \keeplig{waffeld}  
  
 \nolig{ffell}{f|fell}  
 % Werwolffell Schaffell  
 \keeplig{ffelleck} % Waffelleckereien  
 \keeplig{ffellinde} % Scheffellinde  
 \keeplig{Muffell} % Muffellämmer  
 \keeplig{muffell} % muffellig  
 \keeplig{öffell}  
 % Löffellamm Kochlöffellängen  
 \keeplig{taffell} % Staffellauf -läufer  
 \keeplig{toffell}  
 % Kartoffellager -liebhaber  
 % Pantoffellarve Kunststoffelle  
 \keeplig{üffell} % Büffelleber -leder -leib  
 % Trüffelleidenschaft Schnüffellust  
 \nolig{ffeile}{f|feile}  
 % Prüffeile  
 \nolig{ffenster}{f|fenster}  
 % Hinterhoffenster Schlaf- Tarif-  
 \nolig{fferien}{f|ferien}  
 % Reiterhofferien Bauernhofferien  
 \nolig{ffernseh}{f|fernseh}

% Abruffernsehen	% Tarifforderung Strafforderung
\nolig{ffertig}{f fertig}	\nolig{fförder}{f förder}
% schlaffertig	% ruffördernd kreislauffördernd schlaffördernd
\nolig{ffestl}{f festl}	\nolig{fforell}{f forell}
% Straffestlegung	% Werfforellen
\nolig{ffests}{f fests}	\nolig{fform}{f form}
% Straffestsetzung	% Kopfform Gughupfform aufformen
% Hoffestspiele Dorffestspiel	\nolig{fförm}{f förm}
\nolig{ffetisch}{f fetisch}	% reifförmig schweifförmig
% Schaffetischisten	\nolig{fforsch}{f forsch}
\nolig{ffetus}{f fetus}	% Schlafforschung Impfforschung
% Schaffetus	\nolig{fforen}{f foren}
\nolig{ffett}{f fett}	% Abrufforen
% Huffett Rumpffett Scharffetter	\nolig{fforu}{f foru}
\keeplig{Buffett}% Buffettheke	% Schlafforum
\keeplig{Büffett}	\nolig{ffoto}{f foto}
\keeplig{buffett}	% Schlaffotogalerie
\keeplig{büffett}% Obstbüffett	\nolig{fföt}{f föt}
\nolig{ffetz}{f fetz}	% Wolffötus
% Brieffetzen Stofffetzen	\nolig{ffracht}{f fracht}
\keeplig{Buffetz}% Buffetzeit	% Dampffrachter
\keeplig{Büffetz}% Büffetzusammenstellung	\nolig{ffrag}{f frag}
\nolig{ff feud}{f feud}	% Streiffragen
% Kasernenhoffeudalismus	\keeplig{Suffrage}% Suffragette
\nolig{ffeu e}{f feue}	\keeplig{suffrage}
% Dorfffeuerwehr Torfffeuer Lauffeuer	\nolig{ffrak}{f frak}
\nolig{ffilet}{f filet}	% Rumpffraktion
% Meerwolffilet	\keeplig{toffrak}% Flüssigstoffrakete
\nolig{ffindung}{f findung}	\nolig{ffrank}{f frank}
% Berufffindungsprozess	% Fünffrankenstück
\nolig{ffirm}{f firm}	\nolig{ffräs}{f fräs}
% Briefffirmen Tariffirmen	% Baumstumpffräse
\keeplig{affirm}	\nolig{ffrau}{f frau}
\keeplig{Affirm}	% Hoffrau Kauffrau
\nolig{ffolg}{f folg}	\keeplig{ffraum}% Sprengstoffraub
% Impffolgen	\keeplig{ffraub}% Treffraum
\nolig{ffoli}{f foli}	\keeplig{ffrausch}% Klebstofffrausch
% Relieffolien	\keeplig{ffraup}% Stofffraupe
\nolig{ffolter}{f folter}	\nolig{ffreak}{f freak}
% Tropffolter	% Surffreak
\keeplig{Affoltern}% town near Zurich	\keeplig{toffreak}% Schadstoffreaktionen
\nolig{ffond}{f fond}	\nolig{ffregat}{f fregat}
% Tariffondslösung	% Kampffregatte Dampffregatte
\nolig{fforder}{f forder}	\nolig{ffrei}{f frei}



% tariffrei Schlaffrei	\nolig{ffühl}{f fühl}
\keeplig{chiffrei}% Schifffreise	% Scharffühler
\keeplig{toffrei}% stoffrein sauerstoffreich	\nolig{ffüll}{f füll}
\keeplig{uffreis}% Puffreis	% Prüffüllgut Dampffüllung
\keeplig{luffrei}% schluffreich	\nolig{ffürst}{f fürst}
\keeplig{iffrei}% Riffreigen	% -f-fürst
\nolig{ffremd}{f fremd}	\nolig{ffuß}{f fuß}
% hoffremd	\nolig{ffuss}{f fuss}
\nolig{ffreq}{f freq}	\nolig{ffüß}{f füß}
% Schlaffrequenz	\nolig{ffüss}{f füss}
\nolig{ffreu}{f freu}	% Greiffuß Greiffüße
% Straffreude Brieffreund	\keeplig{iffuss}
	% Diffusschall -strahlung
\nolig{ffrisch}{f frisch}	\nolig{ffutter}{f futter}
% Schaffrischkäse zapffrisch	% Prüffutter
\nolig{ffried}{f fried}	\nolig{ffütter}{f fütter}
% Dorffrieden Hoffrieden	% Abruffütterung
\nolig{ffries}{f fries}	
% Relieffries	\nolig{hoffan}{hof fan}
\keeplig{toffries}% Rohstoffriese	% Waldhoffan
\nolig{ffrist}{f frist}	\nolig{hoffersch}{hof fersch}
% Prüffrist Ablauffrist	% Talhofferschen
\nolig{ffrisur}{f frisur}	\nolig{hoffest}{hof fest}
% Schlaffrisur Topffrisur Zopffrisur	% Pfarrhoffest Hinterhoffest
	\nolig{hoffete}{hof fete}
\nolig{ffront}{f front}	% Schneckenhoffete
% Hoffront Kampffront	
\keeplig{affront}	\nolig{lffach}{lf fach}
\keeplig{Affront}	% elffach zwölffach
\nolig{ffrosch}{f frosch}	
% Pfeiffrosch	\nolig{offegen}{of fegen}
\nolig{ffrösch}{f frösch}	% Hoffegen
% Pfeiffrösche	
\nolig{ffrucht}{f frucht}	\nolig{pffach}{pf fach}
% Rumtopffrucht	% Strumpffach
\nolig{ffrücht}{f frücht}	\nolig{pffern}{pf fern}
% Rumtopffrüchte	% rumpffern
	\nolig{pffest}{pf fest}
\nolig{ffund}{f fund}	% Klopffestigkeit tropffester
% Brückenkopffundament	\nolig{pffels}{pf fels}
\keeplig{iffund}% diffundieren	% Hirschkopffelsen
\keeplig{toffund}% stoffundurchlässig	\nolig{pffont}{pf font}
\nolig{fführ}{f führ}	% Dampffontäne
% Kampfführung aufführen	\nolig{pffüh}{pf füh}
\nolig{ffunk}{f funk}	% Kampfführung
% Brieffunktion Abruffunktion	

\nolig{reiffern}{reif fern}	\nolig{Chefin[a-mo-z]}{Chef in}
% reiffern	% Chefinder -indianer -inspektor
\nolig{rffan}{rf fan}	% -inquisitor
% Surffan	\keeplig{chefin}
\nolig{rffeel}{rf feel}	\nolig{chefind}{chef ind}
% Surffeeeling	\keeplig{chefibel}% Recherchefibel
\nolig{rffest}{rf fest}	\keeplig{chefiebe}% Recherchefieber
% Surffest	\keeplig{chefigur}% Nietzschefigur
\nolig{rffinn}{rf finn}	\keeplig{chefilm}% Rachefilm
% Surffinne	\keeplig{chefili}% Wäschefiliale
\nolig{rffleck}{rf fleck}	\keeplig{chefirm}% Geldwäschefirma
% Schorfflecken	\keeplig{chefisch}% Wäschefische
\nolig{straffern}{straf fern}	\nolig{Dorfi}{Dorf i}
\keeplig{rtstraffern}% Gurtstraffern	\nolig{dorfi}{dorf i}
\keeplig{ssstraffern}	% Dorfidylle -information -institute
% Gurtschlossstraffern	\nolig{Hofi}{Hof i}
 	% (viele Fälle!)
\nolig{ünff}{ünf f}	\keeplig{Hofier}% Hofieren
% fünffarbig fünffingrig fünfflügelig	\nolig{Kampfi}{Kampf i}
% Fünfflach fünfflammig fünffleckige	\nolig{kampfi}{kampf i}
 	% Kampfideologie Kampfinstrument
\nolig{wurff[aäeiloöruü]}{wurf f}	\nolig{Kaufi}{Kauf i}
% Auswurffach Einwurffehler	\nolig{kaufi}{kauf i}
% Hammerwurfffinale	% Kaufidee kaufinteressiert Kaufimpuls
 	\nolig{Laufi}{Lauf i}
% 2. fi -> f-i	\nolig{laufi}{lauf i}
% -----	% Laufidol Kreislaufinsuffizienz
 	\keeplig{Laufi}
\nolig{Aufi}{Auf i}	\keeplig{Blaufi}
\nolig{aufinstr}{auf instr}	% Blaufichte Blaufilter Blaufisch
% aufinstruieren	\keeplig{laufilter}% Planetenblaufilter
\nolig{aufirr}{auf irr}	\keeplig{laufiedr}% blaufiedrig
% hinaufirrte	\nolig{rüfi}{rüf i}
\nolig{aufisst}{auf isst}	% Prüfinhalt Prüfinstitution Prüfintervall
 	\nolig{Rumpfi}{Rumpf i}
\nolig{Briefi}{Brief i}	\nolig{rumpfi}{rumpf i}
\nolig{briefi}{brief i}	% Rumpfitalien Strumpfindustrie
% Briefidiom Briefinhalt Pfandbriefinhaber	\keeplig{rumpfig}
 	\nolig{chafi}{chaf i}% Schaf-i...
\nolig{Chefi}{Chef i}	% Schafimperium Schafinnereien
\nolig{chefi}{chef i}	\keeplig{schaftu}% Maharadschaftfigur
% Chefideologe Chefindianer	\nolig{chlafi}{chlaf i}% Schlaf-i...
% Chefinformatiker	% Schlafglu schlafinduzierend
\keeplig{Chefin}% Chefin Chefinnen	\keeplig{chlafitt}% Schlafittchen

\nolig{Strafi}{Straf i}	% Hofindividualität
\nolig{strafi}{straf i}	\nolig{findiz}{f indiz}
% strafisolierend Strafinstanz	% Tarifindizes
\nolig{Tarifi}{Tarif i}	\nolig{findust}{f indust}
\nolig{tarifi}{tarif i}	% Golfindustrie
% (viele Fälle!)	\nolig{finfekt}{f infekt}
\keeplig{Tarifier}% Tarifierung	% Dampfinfektion
\keeplig{tarifier}% tarifierbar	\nolig{finfiz}{f infiz}
\nolig{Tiefinn}{Tief inn}	% Laufinfizierte
\nolig{tiefinn}{tief inn}	\nolig{finfo}{f info}
% tiefinnen -innerste -innig -innerste	% Tarifinformation Telefoninformation
	\keeplig{Delfinfo}
	% Delfinforscher -foto
\nolig{fidee}{f idee}	\nolig{finfra}{f infra}
% Kopfidee Luftschiffidee	% Hofinfrastruktur
\nolig{fideol}{f ideol}	\nolig{finfus}{f infus}
% Tiefideologie	% Tropfinfusion
\nolig{fidentif}{f identif}	\nolig{fingenieur}{f ingenieur}
% Stoffidentifizierung	% Prüffingenieur Kaufingenieur
\nolig{fidentit}{f identit}	\nolig{finhab}{f inhab}
% Steppenwolfidentität Berufidentität	% Hofinhaber
\nolig{fidol}{f idol}	\nolig{finhalat}{f inhalat}
% Golfidol	% Kamilledampfinhalationen
\nolig{fidyll}{f idyll}	\nolig{finhalt}{f inhalt}
% Bauernhofidyll	% Begriffinhalte Kropfinhalt
\nolig{figel}{f igel}	\keeplig{Delfinhalt}% Delfinhaltung
% Köpfigel Stoffigel	\keeplig{raffinhalt}% Paraffinhaltig
\keeplig{figelehrt}% Sufigelehrter	\nolig{finitia}{f initia}
\nolig{fikone}{f ikone}	% Korallenriffinitiative
% Laufikone	\nolig{finjekt}{f injekt}
\nolig{fillus}{f illus}	% Dampfinjektionsverfahren
% Sumpfillusion	\nolig{finkont}{f inkont}
\nolig{fimman}{f imman}	% Ueberlaufinkontinenz
% ablaufimmanente	\keeplig{Delfinkont}% Delfinkontakt
\nolig{fimmob}{f immob}	
% Kaufhofimmobilie	\nolig{finnenaus}{f innenaus}
\nolig{fimmun}{f immun}	% Schiffinnenausbau
% Straffimmunität	\nolig{finnenohr}{f innenohr}
\nolig{fimp}{f imp}	% Schafinnenohr
% Torfimporte Kaufimpuls aufimpft	\nolig{finnenfl}{f innenfl}
	% Hofinnenflächen
\nolig{findex}{f index}	\nolig{finnenl}{f innenfl}
% Kaufindex Pfandbriefindex	% Hofinnenleben
\nolig{findikat}{f indikar}	\nolig{finnenraum}{f innenraum}
% Impfindikation	% Kopfinnenraum
\nolig{findiv}{f indiv}	\nolig{finnenräum}{f innenräum}

% Schlafinnenräumen	\nolig{finter}{f inter}
\nolig{finnens}{f innens}	% Feuerschiffinteressierte
% Rumpfinnenseite	% Begriffinterpretationen
	% Strafinerventionen Rufintervalle
\nolig{finner}{f inner}	\nolig{finton}{f inton}
% tiefinnerlich Kopfinneres	% Tiefintonieren
\nolig{finnig}{f innig}	\nolig{fintrig}{f intrig}
% tiefinnige	% Briefintrige Hofintrige
\nolig{finnov}{f innov}	\nolig{finvent}{f invent}
% Tarifinnovationen	% Laufinventar
\nolig{finsass}{f insass}	\nolig{finvest}{f invest}
% Raumschiffinsassen	% Anlaufinvestition
\nolig{finsekt}{f insekt}	
% Laufinsekt	\nolig{firis}{f iris}
\nolig{finsele}{f insele}	% Sumpffiris
% Schafinsel Schilfinsele Saufinsel	\nolig{fironi}{f ironi}
\nolig{finserat}{f inserat}	% tiefironisch
% Titelpkopfinserat	\nolig{firre}{f irre}
\nolig{finsign}{f insign}	% Dorfirre
% Knopfinsignien	\nolig{firru}{f irru}
\nolig{finspek}{f inspek}	% Werfirrung
% Kirchhofinspektor	
\nolig{finsta}{f insta}	\nolig{fisolat}{f isolat}
% Kunstriffinstallateur	% Strafisolator Schaumstoffisolation
% Schiffinstandsetzung	\nolig{fisolie}{f isolie}
% Strafinstanz rumpfinstabil	% Griffisolierung
\nolig{finstinkt}{f instinkt}	
% Zupfinstinkt	\nolig{uffax}{uf fax}
\nolig{finstitu}{f institu}	% Notruffax Abruffax
% Strafinstitutionen	
\nolig{finstrukt[io]}{f instrukt}	
% Wurfinstruktion Chefinstruktor	
\nolig{finstrum}{f instrum}	% 3. fl -> f-1
% Zupfinstrumente Schleif- Greif-	% -----
\nolig{finsuff}{f insuff}	
% Kreislaufinsuffizienz	\nolig{Auf1[aeiouyääöü]}{Auf 1}
\nolig{finszen}{f inszen}	% Must avoid catching "Auf1."
% Kopfinszenierung	\nolig{auf1}{auf 1}
\nolig{fintars}{f intars}	% Hundreds (thousands?!) of words
% Griffintarsien	% However, must allow for quite a few
\nolig{fintell}{f intell}	% exceptions:
% Hofintellektueller	\keeplig{auf1air} % Tierschauflair
\nolig{fintegr}{f integr}	\keeplig{auf1äche}% Anbau- Grau- Kau- ...
% Tarifintegration	% Niveau- Plateau- Schau- Staufläche
\nolig{fintens}{f intens}	\keeplig{auf1iegl}% Taufliegeln
% eingriffintensiv	\keeplig{auf1üssig} % Tauflüssigkeit

\keeplig{baufl}	\nolig{Dorfl}{Dorf l}
% Modellbauflieger Weinbauflecken	\nolig{dorfl}{dorf l}
\keeplig{Baufl}% Bauflaute	% Dorfladen Dorflage Dorfleitplan
\nolig{bauflösen}{bauf lösen}	\keeplig{dorfliese}% Korridorfliesen
% grobauflösend	\keeplig{dorflüg}% Condorflüge
\keeplig{blaufl}% blaufleckig blauflauschig	\nolig{Fünfl}{Fünf l}
\nolig{blaufloch}{blauf loch}	\nolig{fünfl}{fünf l}
% Ablaufloch	% fünflitrig Fünflochdüsen
\nolig{blauflog}{blauf log}	\nolig{Golfl}{Golf l}
% Ablauflogik	\nolig{golfl}{golf l}
\keeplig{Blauf}% Blauflügel (Libelle)	% viele Faelle
\keeplig{fraufl}% Frauflüge	\nolig{Hanfl}{Hanf l}
\keeplig{Fraufl}	\nolig{hanfl}{hanf l}
\keeplig{gauflöte}% Rheingauflöte	% Hanfladen Hanfland Hanflegalisierung
\keeplig{graufl}% Graufleckentest	\keeplig{thanflamm}% Methanflamme
\keeplig{Graufl}	\nolig{Hofl}{Hof l}
\keeplig{onauflo}% Donauflotte	\nolig{hofl}{hof l}
\keeplig{onauflu}% Donauflut Donaufluss	% Hoflaborant Hoflieferant
\keeplig{Moskaufl}% Moskauflug	\keeplig{hoflosk}% Echofloskeln
\keeplig{Schauflieg}% Schaufliegen	\nolig{Huflatt}{Huf latt}
\keeplig{Schaufloß}% Schaufloßfahrten	\nolig{huflatt}{huf latt}
\keeplig{schauflöß}	% Huflattich huflattichartig
\keeplig{Schauflug}	\nolig{Hufled}{Huf led}
\keeplig{Schauflüg}% Schauflüge	\nolig{hufled}{huf led}
\keeplig{schauflieg}	% Huflederhautentzündung
\keeplig{schaufloß}	\nolig{Impfl}{Impf l}
\keeplig{schauflöß}% Wahrschauflöße	\nolig{impfla}{impf la}
\keeplig{schauflug}	% Schimpflaute
\keeplig{schauflüg}	\keeplig{eimpflanz}% Keimpflanze
	\nolig{impfle}{impf le}
	% Impflegende
\nolig{Briefl}{Brief l}	\keeplig{eimpfleg}% Heimpfleger
\nolig{briefl}{brief l}	\keeplig{timpfleg}% Intimpflege
% lots and lots of words ...	\nolig{Kampfl}{Kampf l}
\nolig{Chefl}{Chef l}	\nolig{kampfl}{kampf l}
\nolig{chefl}{chef l}	% Kampflegende kampflüstern
% Cheflieferant -limousine -lobbyist -los	% Wahlkampfzüge
\keeplig{achefl}	\nolig{Kopfl[äeioöuüy]}{Kopf l}
% Rachefluch Einspracheflut	\nolig{kopfl[äeioöuüy]}{kopf l}
\keeplig{ichefl}% Speichefluss	\nolig{Köpfl[aäioöuüy]}{Köpf l}
\keeplig{schefl}	\nolig{köpfl[aäioöuüy]}{köpf l}
% Ascheflocken Tuschefleck	% Dutzende (Hunderte?) von Worten...
\keeplig{chefläche}% Bracheflächen	% [kK]opfla -> caught by opfla rule
\nolig{Dampfl}{Dampf l}	% [kK]öpfla -> caught by öpfla rule
\nolig{dampfl}{dampf l}	\keeplig{kopflaster}% Ökopflaster
% Dampflanze Natriumdampflampe	\keeplig{kopfleg}% Risikopflege

\keeplig{kopflaum} % Schokopflaumen  
 \nolig{Pfeifl}{Pfeif|l}  
 \nolig{pfeifl}{pfeif|l}  
 % Pfeiflaute  
 \nolig{Prüfl}{Prüf|l}  
 \nolig{prüfl}{prüf|l}  
 % Prüflabor Prüflast Prüflampe  
 \nolig{Reliefl}{Relief|l}  
 \nolig{reliefl}{relief|l}  
 % Relieflandschaft -lagen -landkarte  
 % relieflos  
 \nolig{Ruf}{Ruf|l}  
 \nolig{ruf}{ruf|l}  
 % viele Fälle, aber...  
 \keeplig{Duruf}{Duruf|lé}  
 \keeplig{mbaruf}{Gambarufluss}  
 \keeplig{ruflagge}{Peruflagge}  
 \keeplig{rufleisch}{Kängurufleisch}  
  
 \nolig{Schaf}{Schaf|l}  
 \nolig{schafl}{schafl|l}  
 % Schafleder Schaflaus Schaflieber  
 \nolig{Schiefl}{Schief|l}  
 \nolig{schiefl}{schief|l}  
 % schieflachen Schieflage schieflaufen  
 \nolig{Schilfl}{Schilf|l}  
 \nolig{schilfl}{schilf|l}  
 % Schilflabyrinth Schilflieder  
 \nolig{Schlaf}{Schlaf|l}  
 \nolig{schlaf}{schlaf|l}  
 % lots and lots of words...  
 \nolig{Schleifl}{Schleif|l}  
 \nolig{schleifl}{schleif|l}  
 % Schleiflack Schleiflade  
 \nolig{Schrumpfl}{Schrumpf|l}  
 \nolig{schrumpfl}{schrumpf|l}  
 % Schrumpflack  
  
 \nolig{Schweifl}{Schweif|l}  
 \nolig{schweifl}{schweif|l}  
 % Schweiflecken  
 \nolig{Senfl}{Senf|l}  
 % Senfladen Senfliehaber  
 \nolig{Steifl}{Steif|l}  
 \nolig{steifl}{steif|l}  
 % steiflippig

\nolig{Strafl}{Straf|l}  
 \nolig{strafl}{straf|l}  
 % lots and lots of words..  
 \nolig{Strumpfl}{Strumpf|l}  
 \nolig{strumpfl}{strumpf|l}  
 % Strumpfladen Strumpfloch  
 \nolig{Sumpfl}{Sumpf|l}  
 % Sumpflabkraut -leiche -licht  
  
 \nolig{Surfl}{Surf|l}  
 \nolig{surfl}{surf|l}  
 % Surflizenz Surflegende  
 \keeplig{surfleck}{Lasurfleck}  
 \keeplig{surflüg}{Klausurflügel}  
 \keeplig{surflüss}{Glasurflüssigkeit}  
 \nolig{Tarifl}{Tarif|l}  
 \nolig{tarifl}{tarif|l}  
 % lots and lots of words...  
 \nolig{Tiefl}{Tief|l}  
 \nolig{tiefl}{tief|l}  
 % Tieflager stieflich  
 \keeplig{tieflähe}{Garantief Flächen}  
 \keeplig{atieflaute}{Demokratief laute}  
 \keeplig{atieflut}{Bürokratieflut}  
  
 \nolig{Topfl}{Topf|l}  
 \nolig{topfl}{topf|l}  
 % Topflappen Topflumpen  
 \keeplig{Topflagg}{Topflaggen}  
 \keeplig{Topflitz}{Topflitzer}  
 \keeplig{Topflor}{Topflor}  
 \keeplig{rtopfli}{portoppflichtig}  
 \keeplig{topfläch}{Biotopfläche}  
 \keeplig{topfleg}{Autopflege}  
 \nolig{rtopfleg}{rtopf|leg}  
 % Schmortopflegen  
 \keeplig{topflop}{Megatopflop}  
 \keeplig{topflug}{Nonstopflug}  
 \keeplig{topflüg}{Nonstopflüge}  
  
 \nolig{Torfl}{Torf|l}  
 \nolig{torfl}{torf|l}  
 % Torflieferant Torfloch  
 \keeplig{Torflagge}  
 \keeplig{Torflügel}  
 \keeplig{Torflut}

\keeplig{torfläche} % Rotorfläche	\nolig{eufle}{euf le}
\keeplig{torflasch} % Applikatorflasche	% verteufle
\keeplig{torflieg} % Motorfliegen	\keeplig{eufleiß} % treufleißig
\keeplig{torflimm} % Monitorflimmern	\keeplig{eufleiss} % treufleissig
\keeplig{torflitz} % Motorflitzer	
\keeplig{torfloss} % Stabilisatorflossen	\nolig{flaberer}{f laberer}
\keeplig{torflott} % Exploratorflotte	% Dumpflaberer
\keeplig{torfluch} % Auswärtstorfluch	\nolig{flabor}{f labor}
\keeplig{torflug} % Simulatorflug	% Edelsteinprüflabor
\keeplig{torflüg} % Motorflüge	\nolig{flage}{f lage}
\keeplig{torflüss} % Indikatorflüssigkeit	% Rohstofflager Straflager Auflage
\keeplig{torfluss}	\keeplig{sielage} % Persiflage
\keeplig{torfluß} % Motorflußschiff	\keeplig{ouelage} % Camouflage
	\nolig{flagun}{f lagun}
\nolig{Tropfl}{Tropf l}	% Riffflagune
\nolig{tropfl}{tropf l}	\nolig{flähm}{f lähm}
% Tropflecken	% Kehlkopflähmung
\keeplig{tropflug} % Elektropflug	\nolig{flaminat}{f laminat}
	% Rumpflaminat
\nolig{Wurfl}{Wurf l}	\nolig{flamp}{f lamp}
\nolig{wurfl}{wurf l}	% Kompaktleuchtstofflampe Notruflampe
% Wurfluke Abwurfluke Einwurfluke	\nolig{fland}{f land}
\nolig{Würfl}{Würf l}	% Hofland Kauf- Sumpf- Tief-
\nolig{würfl}{würf l}	% Straflandesgericht Dorflandwirtschaft
% Würflung würfle	% Iffland Rifflandschaft
	% Altelfland Delfland
\nolig{aflied}{af lied}	\keeplig{flandern} % Ostflandern
% Schlaflied	\keeplig{flandrisch}
\nolig{aflos}{af los}	\nolig{fländ}{f länd}
% straflos schlaflos	% hofländlich Sumpfländer Tiefländer
\keeplig{aflosk} % Propagandafloskel	\nolig{fläng}{f läng}
\keeplig{rafloss} % lyraflossig	% Straflänge Rumpflänge Lauflänge
\nolig{aflück}{af lück}	\nolig{flapp}{f lapp}
% Straflücke	% Seiflappen Topflappen
\nolig{ampfl[aäou]}{ampf l}	\nolig{flärm}{f lärm}
% Dampflokomotive	% Auspufflärm
% Kampflärm Kampfluftschiff	\nolig{fflatter}{f flatter}
\keeplig{ampfläch} % Campfläche	% Vorhofflattern aufflattert
\keeplig{ampflanz} % Balsampflanzungen	\nolig{flauf}{f lauf}
\keeplig{ampfleg} % Teampflege	% schieflaufen Auflauf Brieflauf
\nolig{arflad}{arf lad}	\nolig{fläuf}{f läuf}
% Zeichenbedarfladen	% schiefläuft Hofläufer Strafläufe
\nolig{äufle}{äuf le}	% Prüfläufe Aufläufe Tiefläufer
% Häuflein träufle	\nolig{flaun}{f laun}
	% Kauflaune Wurflaune Kampflaune

\nolig{fleb}{f leb}	\nolig{flila}{f lila}
% Hofleben Kopfleben	% tieflila stumpflila
% Druckkopflebensdauer	\nolig{flinde}{f linde}
\keeplig{huffleb}% shuffleboard	% Dorflinde Wolflinde Ziegelhoflinde
\nolig{flehn}{f lehn}	% krampflindernd
% steiflehnig	\nolig{fling}{f ling}
\nolig{flehr}{f lehr}	% Prüfling Fünfling Sträfling Täufling
% Dorflehrer Eislauflehrerin	\nolig{flini}{f lini}
\nolig{fleiden}{f leiden}	% Wurflinie Straflinie Rumpflinie
% Kropfleidende	\nolig{flinse}{f linse}
\nolig{flein}{f lein}	% Fünflinser Wegwerflinsen
% Laufleine Scherflein Wölflein	\nolig{flisch}{f lisch}
% Köpflein Zöpflein	% teuflisch Tüpfelscheißer
\nolig{fleist}{f leist}	\nolig{flist}{f list}
% Dampfleistung Knopfleiste	% Prüfliste Rufliste Kaufliste
% Kopfleiste Auswurfleistung	\nolig{fliter}{f liter}
% Griffleiste Stoffleiste	% Hofliteratur Fünflitermotor
% Abstreifleiste	\nolig{flizenz}{f lizenz}
\nolig{fleit}{f leit}	% Radfahrprüflizenz
% Dampfleitung Hofleitung Bauhofleiter	\nolig{flobby}{f lobby}
% Kaufleitung Notrufleitung aufleiten	% Maulwurflobbyisten
% inbegriffleitend Kraftstoffleitung	\nolig{flöch}{f löch}
\keeplig{Kaltefleiter}% a surname...	% Sturmwurflöcher Knopflöcher
\nolig{fлектür}{f лектür}	% Sufflöcher Grifflöcher
% Schenkelklopflektüre	\keeplig{flöchte}
\nolig{fler}{f ler}	\nolig{flöff}{f löff}
% Freiberufler Löffler Büffler Schnüffler	% Tiefelöffelbagger auflöffeln
\nolig{fleut}{f leut}	% Schöpflöffel
% Hofleute	\nolig{flohn}{f lohn}
\nolig{flich}{f lich}	% Tariflohn Tieflohnland
% tariflich reiflich glimpflich ...	\keeplig{flohnetz}% Wasserflohnetz
% (many words!)	\nolig{flöhn}{f löhn}
%% Vorsicht aber mit Pflicht und pflicht,	% Tariflöhne
%% sowie mit einflieht, verpflichtet, etc.:	\nolig{flok}{f lok}
\keeplig{pflicht}	% Dampflokomotive
\nolig{öpflicht}{öpf licht}	\nolig{flord}{f lord}
% kröpflicht (??)	% Wolflord
\nolig{flieb}{f lieb}	\nolig{flösch}{f lösch}
% freiberufliegend riffleibend	% Hoflöschmaschine
\nolig{flief}{f lief}	\nolig{flösu}{f lösu}
% schieflief Hoflieferant	% Schmierseiflösung
\nolig{flig}{f lig}	\nolig{fluft}{f luft}
% schweflig würflig knifflig mufflig	% Auspuffluft
% zweigipflig fünfzipflig	\nolig{flung}{f lung}



% Verzweiflungsakt Verteuflung Stafflung	% Dorfladen
\nolig{flust}{f lust}	\nolig{pflaut}{pf laut}
% Kampflust Impflust kauflustig Rauflust	% Kehlkopflaut
\nolig{Gipfle}{Gipf le}	\nolig{pfleier}{pf leier}
\nolig{gipfle}{gipf le}	% Zupfleier
% gipfle	\nolig{pflehm}{pf lehm}
\nolig{chopfl}{chopf l}	% Stampflehm
% Schopflilie Schopflavendel	\nolig{pfleis}{pf leis}
\nolig{lflady}{lf lady}	% Knopfleise
% Golf lady	\nolig{pfleu}{pf leu}
\nolig{lflast}{lf last}	% Natriumdampfleuchten Kopfleuchte
% Wolf last	\nolig{pflid}{pf lid}
\nolig{lflös}{lf lös}	% Schlupflid
% hilflos	\nolig{pflied}{pf lied}
\keeplig{lflöss}	% Kampflied
% Walflosse Kiel- Paddel-	\nolig{pfloch}{pf loch}
\keeplig{lflösk}	% Knopfloch
% Moralfloskel Sozial- Spiel-	\nolig{pflos}{pf los}
\nolig{lürfl}{lürf l}	% kampflos kopflos
% Schlürflaut	\keeplig{pfloss} % Pappflossen
\nolig{nflehm}{nf lehm}	\nolig{pflös}{pf lös}
% Hanflehm	% krampflösend Hüftkopflösung
\nolig{oflad}{of lad}	\nolig{pflup}{pf lup}
% Biohofladen	% Kopflupe
\nolig{ofläd}{of läd}	\nolig{pflux}{pf lux}
% Biohofläden	% Hüftkopfluxation
\nolig{oflück}{of lück}	\nolig{rfläd}{rf läd}
% Vorhoflücke	% Dorfläden Surfläden Schulbedarfsläden
\nolig{opfla}{opf la}	\nolig{rflück}{rf lück}
% Topflappen Kopflaus kopflastig	% Sturmwurflücken
\keeplig{gopflaum} % Mangopflaumen	\nolig{rfluke}{rf luke}
\keeplig{iopflast} % Biopflaster	% Abwurf Luke Einwurf Luke
\keeplig{nopflaster} % Kinopflaster	\nolig{reifl}{reif l}
\keeplig{opflair} % Popflair	% Greiflippe Stegreiflieder Streiflacher
\keeplig{opflanz}	\keeplig{Breifl}
% Kakaopflanzen Indigopflanzen	\keeplig{breifl}
\nolig{öpfle}{öpf le}	\keeplig{Dreifl}
% köpfle tröpfle Knöpfle	\keeplig{dreifl}
\nolig{orflad}{orf lad}	\keeplig{Freifl}
	\keeplig{freifl}
	\keeplig{eiereifl} % Meiereiflügel
	\keeplig{reifläch} % Freiflächen
	\keeplig{reiflagg} % Reedereiflagge

\keeplig{reiflamm}% dreiflammig	\nolig{ffigu}{f figu}
\keeplig{reiflasch}% Milchbreiflaschen	% Streiffigur
\keeplig{reiflies}% Fleischereifliesen	\nolig{ffilm}{f film}
\keeplig{reiflock}% Breiflocken	% Werwolffilm
\keeplig{reifloh}% Büchereiflohmarkt	\nolig{ffilter}{f filter}
\keeplig{reiflöhe}% Gießereiflöhe	% Tropffilter Topffilter
\keeplig{reiflott}% Fischereiflotte	\nolig{ffinal}{f final}
	% Hammerwurffinale
\nolig{Tafle}{Taf le}	\nolig{ffinte}{f finte}
\nolig{tafle}{taf le}	% Sprungwurffinte
% tafle	\keeplig{raffinte}% Paraffintest
\keeplig{tafleck}% Zahnpastaflecken	\nolig{ffinanz}{f finanz}
\keeplig{taflege}% Regattaflegel	% Hofffinanz Kaufffinanzierung
	\nolig{ffistel}{f fistel}
\nolig{urflad}{urf lad}	% Kropffistel
% Surfladen	\nolig{ffixier}{f fixier}
\nolig{urfloch}{urf loch}	% Dampffixiergerät
% Balleinwurfloch	
	\nolig{hoffing}{hof fing}
\nolig{wafle}{waf le}	% Bischoffinger
% schwafle	
\nolig{wefle}{wef le}	\nolig{iffind}{if find}
% schwefle	% Tariffindung
\nolig{weifle}{weif le}	
% bezweifle verzweifle	\nolig{lffing}{lf fing}
\keeplig{weifleck}% zweifleckig	% Zwölffingerdarm
\nolig{werfl}{werf l}	\nolig{lffisch}{lf fisch}
% Wegwerflied	% Wolffisch
\keeplig{chwerfl}	
% Schwerflugzeug schwerfließend	\nolig{nffing}{nf fing}
\keeplig{werflitz}% Powerflitzer	% fünffingrig Fünffingergebirge
	\nolig{pffi}{pf fi}
	% Kopffilm Wahlkampffinanzierung
	% Schlangenkopffisch Kampffisch
% 4. ffi -> f-fi	
% -----	\nolig{reiffing}{reif fing}
	% Greiffinger
\nolig{affind}{af find}	
% Straffindung	
\keeplig{araffind}% Paraffinduft	
	% 5. ffi -> ff-i
\nolig{ffibel}{f fibel}	% -----
% Zwiebelknopffibeln	
\nolig{ffieb}{f fie}	\nolig{Stoffi}{Stoff i}
% Sumpffieber Wahlkampfieber	\nolig{stoffi}{stoff i}

% Rohstoffindustrieller -importe	\nolig{ffloch}{ff loch}
% Baustoffingenieur Kunststoffingenieur	% Suffloch Griffloch Sauerstoffloch
% Kohlenstoffisotope	\nolig{fflos}{ff los}
\keeplig{stoffiz}	% auspufflos
% Geheimdienstoffiziere	
\keeplig{stoffig}	\nolig{ifflo}{iff lo}
% permit ffi ligature for ff-ig suffix	% Schifflogbuch grifflos Griffloch
\nolig{ffinnen}{ff innen}	\nolig{offlad}{off lad}
% Schiffinnenraum Schiffinnenausbau	% Sprengstoffladung
	\nolig{öffle}{öff le}
	% löffle
% 6. ffl -> ff-l	\nolig{offlo}{off lo}
% -----	% wirkstofflos Sauerstoffloch
	% offload
\nolig{Griff1}{Griff 1}	\nolig{pufflack}{puff lack}
\nolig{griff1}{griff 1}	% Auspufflack
% Griff1ängen -laschen -leiste	
% grifflos angriff1ustig	
\nolig{Offline}{Off line}	\nolig{taffle}{taff le}
\nolig{offline}{off line}	% staffle
% offline, Offline	
\nolig{Pfiff1}{Pfiff 1}	\nolig{ufflad}{uff lad}
% Pfiff1aute	% Suffladen
\nolig{Scheffle}{Scheff le}	\nolig{uffläd}{uff läd}
\nolig{scheffle}{scheff le}	% Suffläden
% Scheffler Geldscheffler	\nolig{luffleck}{luff leck}
\nolig{Schiff1}{Schiff 1}	% Bluffleck
\nolig{schiff1}{schiff 1}	\nolig{üffle}{üff le}
% Schiff1ache Schiff1adung Schiff1inie	% schnüffle büffle trüffle
\nolig{Stoff1}{Stoff 1}	\nolig{ufflon}{uff lon}
\nolig{stoff1}{stoff 1}	% Mufflon
% lots of words...	
\nolig{Treff1}{Treff 1}	
\nolig{treff1}{treff 1}	% 7. ffl -> f-fl
% Treff1okal	% -----
\nolig{afflu}{aff lu}	\nolig{Auf1}{Auf f1}
% Gafflust	\nolig{auff1}{auf f1}
	% aufflackern aufflammen Aufflickung
\nolig{fflamell}{ff lamell}	% Auffliegen
% Rafflamellen	
\nolig{fflast}{ff last}	
% Rohstofflastigkeit Treibstofflaster	\nolig{eiffleck}{eif fleck}
\nolig{fflatsch}{ff latsch}	% Schleifflecklein
% Riff1atschern	

\nolig{ffläch}{f fläch}	% Wegwerfflasche
% Lauffläche Kampfflächen	
% Zwölfflächner zwölfblättrig	\nolig{ufflot}{uff lot}
\nolig{fflech}{f flech}	% Sufflot
% aufflechten	
\nolig{ffleisch}{f fleisch}	\nolig{wurfl}{wurf l}
% Schafffleisch Kopffleisch	% Freiwurflinie Maulwurflobbyist
\nolig{fflexib}{f flexib}	
% Tarifflexibilität	
\nolig{fflies}{f flies}	
% Relieffliesen	
\nolig{fflimm}{f flimm}	% 8. ft -> f-t
% Vorhofflimmern	% -----
\nolig{ffluch}{f fluch}	
% Tariffucht Werwolffluch	\nolig{Auft[aähioöruüy]}{Auf t}
\nolig{ffluch}{f fluch}	\nolig{auft[aähioöruüy]}{auf t}
% Tariffuchtling	% (viele viele Fälle; aber: ft-Ligatur wird
\nolig{fflug}{f flug}	% doch verwendet für "Auft.")
% Tiefflug Kampfflugzeug Chefflugleiter	
\nolig{fflög}{f flög}	\nolig{Brieft}{Brief t}
% Streiffzüge zwölfblättrig Tiefzüge	\nolig{brieft}{brief t}
\nolig{fflur}{f flur}	% Brieftasche Brieftaube
% Klosterhofflur	\nolig{Cheft}{Chef t}
\nolig{ffluss}{f flus}	\nolig{cheft[a-z]}{chef t}
% Prüffluss	% Cheftheoretiker Cheftrainer
\nolig{fflüs}{f flüs}	\keeplig{omicheft[ceg]}
% Schleifflässigkeit	\nolig{Dorft}{Dorf t}
\nolig{fflut}{f flut}	\nolig{dorft}{dorf t}
% Brieffluten Rückrufflut Anrufflut	% Dorftrottel -tratsch -tümpel
	\nolig{Elfte}{Elf te}
\nolig{iefflieg}{ief flieg}	\nolig{elfte}{elf te}
% tieffliegend	% elfte elftens
\nolig{iefflog}{ief flog}	\keeplig{elfterfolg}% elfterfolgreichste
% tiefflog	
	\nolig{Fünft[aäehlroöuy]}{Fünf t}% Fünftageweche ...
\nolig{lfllach}{lf flach}	\nolig{fünft[aehlroöuy]}{fünf t}% fünftens...
% Zwölfflach	\keeplig{fünfterfolg}% fünfterfolgreichste
	\keeplig{Fünfterfolg}
\nolig{pffl}{pf fl}	\keeplig{fünfthässl}% fünfthässlichste
% Sumpffläche Sturzkampfflieger	\keeplig{Fünfthässl}
% Totenkopfflagge Impfflüssigkeit	\keeplig{fünfthellst}% fünfthellste
\keeplig{Knoepffl}% Knoepffler	\keeplig{Fünfthellst}
	\keeplig{fünfthöchst}% fünfthöchste
\nolig{rfflad}{rf flad}	\keeplig{Fünfthöchst}
% Torffladen	\keeplig{fünftlängst}% fünftlängste
\nolig{rfflasch}{rf flasch}	\keeplig{Fünftlängst}

\keeplig{fünftleichtest}% fünftleichteste	\nolig{Straft[aähioöruüy]}{Straf t}
\keeplig{Fünftleichtest}	\nolig{straft[aähioöruüy]}{straf t}
\keeplig{fünftletzt}% fünftletzte	% (viele Fälle)
\keeplig{Fünftletzt}	\keeplig{straftheit}% Unbestraftheit
\keeplig{fünfrang}% fünfrangig	\nolig{Sufft}{Suff t}
\keeplig{Fünfrang}	% Sufftest Sufftext
\keeplig{fünftreichst}% fünftreichste	\nolig{Surft[ähiöüy]}{Surf t}
\keeplig{Fünftreichst}	% Surfthema Surftipp
\keeplig{Fünftlig}% Fünftligaspiel	\nolig{Tarift}{Tarif t}
\keeplig{Fünftoper}% Fünftoperation	\nolig{tarift}{tarif t}
\keeplig{Fünftrund}% Fünftrunden	% Tarifthemen Tariftabelle
\keeplig{Fünftäon}	\nolig{Tieft}{Tief t}
	% Tieftänzer -träumen -tresor -tunnel
\nolig{Golft}{Golf t}	\nolig{Torft}{Torf t}
\nolig{golft[hiruüy]}{golf t}	\nolig{torft}{torf t}
% Golfträume -turnier -typ -talent	% Torftabletten Torftaucher Torftoilette
	\nolig{Wurft}{Wurf t}
\nolig{Greift[eio]}{Greif t}	\nolig{wurft}{wurf t}
% Greiftest -tentakeln -tier -tor	% Wurftalent Wurftaler
\nolig{Hanft}{Hanf t}	
% Hanftaler Hanftau	\nolig{fft[aähioöruüy]}{ff t}
\nolig{Hoft[aäehioäruüy]}{Hof t}	% Stofftasche Sauerstofftank Stofftheorie
\nolig{hoft[aähioöruü]}{hof t}	% Stofftier Stofftiger Stofftisch Tuch
% Hoftor Klosterhof	% Auspufftopf Kunststofftonne
	% Stofftradition Stofftrennung
\nolig{Laufte}{Lauf te}	% Kunststofftube Stoffturnschuhe
% Lauftermin Lauftest Lauftext	% Stofftäschchen Auspufftöpfe
\nolig{Prüft[aähioäruüy]}{Prüf t}	% Kunststofftöpfe Kunststofftüten
\nolig{prüft[aähioöruü]}{prüf t}	
% Prüftheorie	%% Words that start with a capital letter
\nolig{Ruft[aäehioäruüy]}{Ruf t}	%% and end in f-test
% Ruftaxi Rufterz Rufton Ruftöne	\nolig{Abstreiftest}{Abstreif test}
	\nolig{Ankauftest}{Ankauf test}
\nolig{Schaftal}{Schaf tal}	\nolig{Hörprüftest}{Hörprüf test}
\nolig{Schaftor}{Schaf tor}	\nolig{Hüpftest}{Hüpf test}
\nolig{Schaftreib}{Schaf treib}	\nolig{Impftest}{Impf test}
	\nolig{Kauftest}{Kauf test}
\nolig{Schlaft}{Schlaf t}	\nolig{Klopftest}{Klopf test}
\nolig{schlaft[aähioäruüy]}{schlaf t}	\nolig{Kneiftest}{Kneif test}
% Schlaftablette	\nolig{Lichtschweiftest}{Lichtschweif test}
\nolig{Schilft[äehiruüy]}{Schilf t}	\nolig{Rückrufest}{Rückruf test}
\nolig{schilft[hiruüy]}{schilf t}	\nolig{Schnupftest}{Schnupf test}
% Schilfteich Schlilftümpel	\nolig{Sumpftest}{Sumpf test}
\nolig{Senft[aäehioäruy]}{Senf t}	\nolig{Tropftest}{Tropf test}
% Senftube	\nolig{Wettkampftest}{Wettkampf test}
\keeplig{Senftenberg}	\nolig{tofftest}{toff test}

% Impfstofftest Treibstofftests	\nolig{ftarn}{f tarn} % Wegwerftarnungen
	\nolig{ftasse}{f tasse} % Schürftasse
\nolig{aftee}{af tee} % Schlaftee	\keeplig{ftassel}% Gruftasseln
\nolig{auftee}{auf tee} % Kreislauftee	\nolig{ftatb}{f tatb} % Straftatbestände
\nolig{lauftest}{lauf test} % Kreislauftest	\nolig{ftaten}{f taten} % Kampftaten Straftaten
	\nolig{ftätig}{f tätig} % Schürftätigkeit
\nolig{eiftie}{eif tie} % Greiftiefe Steiftier	\nolig{ftauch}{f tauch} % Beruftaucher Kreislauf-Tauchgerät
\nolig{eiftit}{eif tit} % Eingreiftitel	\nolig{ftaugl}{f taugl} % prüftauglich
\nolig{eiftr}{eif tr} % Eingreiftruppe Nadelstreifträger	\nolig{ftaume}{f taume} % Nachruftaume
% Greiftrupp -tier -training	\nolig{ftax}{f tax} % Ruftaxi
\nolig{elieft}{elief t} % Relieftäfelchen -tropfen -türme	
\nolig{enftei}{enf tei} % Senfteig	\nolig{fteam}{f team} % Jugendtreffteam Impfteam
	\keeplig{fteamt}% Streitkräfteteam
\nolig{ftabell}{f tabell} % Ruftabelle	\nolig{ftechn}{f techn} % Stampftechnik schlaftechnisch
\nolig{ftablett}{f tablett} % Schlaftabletten	% Kraftstofftechnologie Pfeiftechnik
\nolig{ftafel}{f tafel} % Pfeiftafel	\nolig{ftedd}{f tedd} % Schlafteddy
\nolig{ftag}{f tag} % Tauftag Fünftagewoche	\nolig{fteich}{f teich} % Schilfteich Dorfteich
\nolig{ftäg}{f täg} % fünftägig elfftägig zwölf-tägig	\keeplig{nfteich}% Zunftteiche
\nolig{ftalsg}{f talsg} % schaftalsgründig	\keeplig{ifteich}% Schrifteiche
\nolig{ftanz}{f tanz} % Kampftanz Schilftanz	\nolig{fteigw}{f teigw} % Dampf-teigwaren
\keeplig{ftanzahl}% Heftanzahl	\nolig{fteil}{f teil} % fünfteilig Friedhofteil
\keeplig{ftanzeig}% Luftanzeige	% Raumschiffteil Riffteil Stoffteil
\keeplig{ftanzieh}% Schwerkraftanziehung	\nolig{ftelef}{f telef}
\keeplig{ftanzüg}% Haftanzüge	\nolig{fteleph}{f teleph}% old spelling...
\nolig{ftänz}{f tänz} % Tieftänzer	% Wegwerftelefon Notruftelefonnummern
\nolig{ftari}{f tari} % Anruftarif	\nolig{fteller}{f teller} % Schiefteller
\keeplig{ftaristokr}% Zunftaristokratie	\nolig{ftempel}{f tempel} % Kauftempel
	\nolig{ftemper}{f temper} % Schlaftemperatur

\nolig{ftempo}{f tempo}	% Rückruftickets Diskuswurfticket
% Dauerlauftempo	\nolig{ftief}{f tief}
\nolig{ftendenz}{f tendenz}	% tieftief (?)
% Klassenkampftendenz	\keeplig{ftiefigur}% Softiefigur
\nolig{ftentak}{f tentak}	\nolig{ftier}{f tier}
% Greiftentakeln	% Wegwerftier Huftier
\nolig{fteppi}{f teppi}	\keeplig{haftier}% inhaftieren
% Schaumstoffteppich Knüpfteppich	\keeplig{Muftier}% Muftierben
\nolig{ftermin}{f termin}	\nolig{ftipp}{f tipp}
% Anpfifftermin Passagierschiffterminal	% Surftipp
\keeplig{fterminder}	\nolig{ftirad}{f tirad}
% Gesellschafterminderheiten	% Schimpftirade
\nolig{ftermit}{f termit}	\nolig{ftisch}{f tisch}
% Kampftermitten	% Schleiftisch
\keeplig{ftermitt}% Rauschgiftermittler	\keeplig{stiftisch}% hochstiftisch
\nolig{fterrain}{f terrain}	\keeplig{ünftisch}% zünftisch
% Kampfterrain	
\nolig{fterrass}{f terrass}	\nolig{ftod}{f tod}
% Tuffterrassen	% Hanftod
\nolig{fterrin}{f terrin}	\keeplig{ftodem}% Giftodem
% Kohlkopfterrine	\nolig{fton}{f ton}
\nolig{fterror}{f terror}	% Pfeifton Zwölftonmusik Rufton
% Schadstoffterror	\nolig{ftön}{f tön}
\nolig{ftestat}{f testat}	% Pfeiftöne Ruftöne
% Prüftestate	\nolig{ftool}{f tool}
\keeplig{ftestation}	% Prüftool
% Streitkräftestationierung	\nolig{ftopf}{f topf}
\keeplig{ftestatist}	% Schleiftopf Dampf- Auspuff- Schöpf-
% Lehrkräftestatistik	\keeplig{ftopfer}
\nolig{fteuf}{f teuf}	% Duftopfer Gift- Haft-
% Dorfteufel Saufteufel	\nolig{ftöpf}{f töpf}
\nolig{ftext}{f text}	% Senftöpfchen Torftöpfchen
% Betrefftext Stofftextur Stegreiftexte	% Kunststofftöpfe
\keeplig{ftextrakt}% Duftextrakt	\nolig{ftorig}{f torig}
	% schaftorig fünftorig
\nolig{ftheat}{f theat}	\nolig{ftour}{f tour}
% Stegreiftheater	% Streiftour
\nolig{fthem}{f them}	
% Wolfthema	\nolig{ftrader}{f trader}
\keeplig{fthemm}% Wirtschaftthemmnis	% Cheftrader
\nolig{ftheor}{f theor}	\nolig{ftradition}{f tradition}
% -f-theorie -f-theorien	% Ruftraditionen
\nolig{ftherap}{f therap}	\nolig{fträg}{f träg}
% Impftherapie Wurftherapie	% Notrufträger
% Schröpftherapeut	\nolig{ftrain}{f train}
\nolig{ftick}{f tick}	% Lauftrainer

<code>\nolig{ftränk}{f tränk}</code>	% Schnieftuch Kopftuch
% Rückruftränke Schaftränke	<code>\nolig{ftüch}{f tüch}</code>
<code>\nolig{ftransp}{f transp}</code>	% Schnieftücher
% Hilfttransport Schaftransport	<code>\nolig{ftürk}{f türk}</code>
<code>\nolig{fträume}{f träume}</code>	% tieftürkis
% tiefträumend Tiefschlafträume	<code>\nolig{fturm}{f turm}</code>
<code>\keeplig{afträume}</code> % Einzelhafträumen	% Wolturm
<code>\keeplig{äfträume}</code> % Geschäfträumen	<code>\nolig{ftürm}{f türm}</code>
<code>\keeplig{rifträume}</code> % Schrifträume	% Woltürme
<code>\keeplig{ufträume}</code> % Lufträumen	
<code>\nolig{ftrauri}{f traurig}</code>	<code>\nolig{ftyp}{f typ}</code>
% tieftraurig	% Schifftyp Stofftyp waldorftypisch
<code>\nolig{ftreff}{f treff}</code>	<code>\nolig{ftyr}{f tyr}</code>
% Notruftreffen	% Dorftyrann Hoftyrann
<code>\nolig{ftresor}{f tresor}</code>	<code>\nolig{ftwist}{f twist}</code>
% Tieftresor	% Kopftwister
<code>\keeplig{ftresorp}</code> % Luftresorption	
<code>\nolig{ftret}{f tret}</code>	<code>\nolig{graftum}{graf tum}</code>
% Mieftreter	% Burggraftum Markgraftum
<code>\keeplig{ftrett}</code> % Luftrettungsdienst	<code>\nolig{graftüm}{graf tüm}</code>
<code>\keeplig{ftreturn}</code> % Softreturn	% Markgraftümer
<code>\nolig{ftrick}{f trick}</code>	
% Rückruftricks	<code>\nolig{hoftest}{hof test}</code>
<code>\nolig{ftrieb}{f trieb}</code>	% Schlachthoftest
% auftriebte schaftrieb	
<code>\nolig{ftrieb}{f trieb}</code>	<code>\nolig{iefta}{ief ta}</code>
% tieftriebend	% Tieftaucher Brieftasche Brieftaube
<code>\nolig{ftrift}{f trift}</code>	<code>\nolig{iefto}{ief to}</code>
% schaftriftig Schaftrift	% Stieftochter Tiefton
<code>\nolig{ftrimest}{f trimest}</code>	<code>\nolig{ieftö}{ief tö}</code>
% fünftrimestrig zwölftrimestrig	% Stieftöchter tieftönend
<code>\nolig{ftritt}{f tritt}</code>	<code>\nolig{iefttra}{ief tra}</code>
% Huftritte	% Tieftraumphase
<code>\keeplig{ftritter}</code> % Kernkraftritter	
<code>\keeplig{Luftritt}</code>	<code>\nolig{lfta}{lf ta}</code>
<code>\nolig{ftrott}{f trott}</code>	% elftausend zwölftausend Golftasche
% Sauftrottel	<code>\nolig{lfto}{lf to}</code>
	% Zwölftonmusik Elftonner Golftour
<code>\nolig{ftrüb}{f trüb}</code>	<code>\nolig{lftö}{lf tö}</code>
% tieftrübe	% zwölfstönend
<code>\nolig{ftrunk}{f trunk}</code>	<code>\nolig{lftum}{lf tum}</code>
% schlaftrunken	% Werwolftum
<code>\nolig{ftrupp}{f trupp}</code>	
% Prüftruppe	<code>\nolig{nftü}{nf tü}</code>
	% fünftürig Senftüte
<code>\nolig{ftuch}{f tuch}</code>	<code>\keeplig{nftüb}</code>



% Vernunftüberlegung zunftüblich	\keeplig{gruftas}
\nolig{nftübchen}{nf tübchen}	\keeplig{Luftas} % Luftasket
% Senftübchen	\keeplig{luftas}
	\keeplig{uftassoz}
\nolig{ölfte}{ö f te}	% Duftassoziationen Schuftassoziationen
% zwölfte zwölftens	
	\nolig{urfta}{urf ta}
\nolig{pft[aähioöruüy]}{pf t}	% Wurftalent Auswurfaste Surftalent
% Wettkampftag -trubel -tauglich -töne	\keeplig{tdurfta} % Notdurftanlage
% Kampftaktik -truppe -tätigkeit -tänzer	\nolig{urfto}{urf to}
% Schnupftabak -tuch -tücher -tuchlein	% Freiwurftor Surftour
% Schimpftiraden Mehrkampftitel	
% Stapftiefe Zopftträger	\nolig{ünftor}{ünf tor}
% Dampftopf Sumpftour Herzklopföne	% fünftorig Fünftore-Vorsprung
% Kopftreffer -tuch -tücher	
% Impftabelle -tarif -tierarzt -tod	
\keeplig{pftheit}	
% Gedämpftheit Umkämpftheit	% 9. fb -> f-b, fh -> f-h, fk -> f-k
\nolig{pftee}{pf tee}	% -----
% Schlumpfte (?!)	
\nolig{pfteig}{pf teig}	% Disable these ligatures globally.
% Sumpfteig Hefetropfteig	% I can't think of a single *German* word
\nolig{pftender}{pf tender}	% for which these ligatures would not
% Heißdampftenderlok	% cross a morpheme boundary.
%\nolig{rftrag}{rf trag}	\nolig{fb}{f b}
% Wegwerftragtasche Dorftragödie	\nolig{fh}{f h}
	\nolig{fk}{f k}
\nolig{rftr}{rf tr}	% However, there are names of *non-German*
% Wurftraining Surftrip Freiwurftreffer	% origin for which the 'fk' ligature
\keeplig{tdurftro} % Notdurftrohre	% shouldn't be suppressed:
\keeplig{Werfttr} % Werftreparatur	\keeplig{Kafka}
\keeplig{werfttr}	\keeplig{kafka}
\nolig{werftrage}{werf trage}	\keeplig{Piefke}
% Wegwerftragetasche	\keeplig{piefkei} % Ostpiefkei
\nolig{rftu}{rf tu}	\keeplig{Safka}
% Wurftuch	\keeplig{Potrafke}
\keeplig{Werftu}	\keeplig{Sprafke}
\keeplig{werftu}	\keeplig{Shirafkan}
% Werftumfeld Werftunternehmen	\keeplig{Tirafkan}
	\keeplig{Selfkant}
\nolig{uftas}{uf tas}	
% Ruftaste Vorlauftaste Kauftasche	% 10. fj -> f-j
\keeplig{Duftas} % Duftaspekte	% -----
\keeplig{duftas}	
\keeplig{Gruftas} % Gruftassel	

```

% Suppress this ligature globally. Words
% of German origin seem to feature 'fj'
% only across morpheme boundaries.

\nolig{fj}{f|j}
% aufjauchzen aufjaulen fünfjährig Kampfjet
% Strafjustizgebäude Dorfjugend Kopfjäger ...

% Once more, though, there are some words of
% *non-German* (e.g., Nordic and Slavic)
% origin for which the 'fj' ligature should
% not be suppressed. Use \keeplig macros to
% treat such cases.
\keeplig{fjord} % Norwegian
\keeplig{fjör} % Icelandic, e.g.,
    % Ísafjörður and Ísafjörður
\keeplig{Ísafjarðarbær} % city in Iceland
\keeplig{fjell} % Norwegian
\keeplig{fjall} % Swedish (?)
\keeplig{fjäll}
\keeplig{fjöll}

\keeplig{Prokofjew}
\keeplig{Sufjan} % Stevens
\keeplig{Eefje} % Dutch first name
\keeplig{Astafjew}
    % Author (Wiktor) and soccer player (Maksim)

% 11. fff -> ff-f
% -----
% Just in case there's a font that
% features a triple-f ligature:

\nolig{fff}{ff|f}
% griffest Stofffarbe Schiffahrt

% This macro will also break up any 'fffl'
% ligatures into 'ff' and 'fl' parts.
% Examples: Sauerstoffflasche Stofffleck
%           Schlifffläche Kunststoffflügel

```

## C The package's main style file: selnolig.sty

```
% !TeX root = selnolig.tex
% !TEX TS-program = lualatex

% This entire package is placed under the terms of the
% LaTeX Project Public License, version 1.3 or later
% (http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt).
% It has the status "maintained".
%
% Author: Mico Loretan (loretan dot mico at gmail dot com)

% Part 1: Preliminaries
% -----

\def\selnoligpackagename{selnolig}
\def\selnoligpackageversion{0.213}
\def\selnoligpackagedate{2013/05/20}

% Announce who we are. Issue warning message if we're
% not running under LuaLaTeX.

\typeout{=== Package \selnoligpackagename,
        Version \selnoligpackageversion,
        Date \selnoligpackagedate ===}
\ProvidesPackage{selnolig}[\selnoligpackagedate]

\RequirePackage{ifluatex}

\ifluatex
  \RequirePackage{luatexbase,luacode,expl3}
\else
  \typeout{===== }
  \typeout{ WARNING WARNING WARNING }
  \typeout{ ----- }
  \typeout{ The ligature suppression macros of the }
  \typeout{ selnolig package *require* LuaLaTeX. }
  \typeout{ Because you're NOT running this package }
  \typeout{ under LuaLaTeX, ligature suppression }
  \typeout{ *can not* be performed. }
  \typeout{=====}
\fi

% If the 'fontspec' package isn't loaded by the time
```

% the '\begin{document}' directive is encountered, issue  
 % an error message and exit.

```
\AtBeginDocument{%
\ifluatex
\@ifpackageloaded{fontspec}{%}{%
\PackageError{selnolig}{%
===== \MessageBreak
Error Alert Error Alert \MessageBreak
----- \MessageBreak
The selnolig package *requires* the \MessageBreak
'fontspec' package, but it hasn't been \MessageBreak
loaded. Exiting now. \MessageBreak
=====}
}
\fi
}
```

% Set up some fundamental Boolean variables, their  
 % default values, and define the user options.

% The main language options are 'english' and 'german'.  
 % We provide the option 'otherlang' option just in case  
 % a user wants to provide ligature suppression patterns  
 % for languages other than English and German.

```
\newif\if@english\@englishfalse
\newif\if@german\@germanfalse
\newif\if@otherlang\@otherlangfalse
```

```
\DeclareOption{english}{\@englishtrue}
% synonymous options:
\DeclareOption{usenglish}{\@englishtrue}
\DeclareOption{ukenglish}{\@englishtrue}
\DeclareOption{USenglish}{\@englishtrue}
\DeclareOption{UKenglish}{\@englishtrue}
\DeclareOption{american}{\@englishtrue}
\DeclareOption{british}{\@englishtrue}
\DeclareOption{canadian}{\@englishtrue}
\DeclareOption{australian}{\@englishtrue}
\DeclareOption{newzealand}{\@englishtrue}
```

```
\DeclareOption{ngerman}{\@germantrue}
% synonymous options:
\DeclareOption{german}{\@germantrue}
\DeclareOption{austrian}{\@germantrue}
```

```

\DeclareOption{naustrian}{\@germantrue}
\DeclareOption{swiss}{\@germantrue}
\DeclareOption{swissgerman}{\@germantrue}

\DeclareOption{otherlang}{\@otherlangtrue}
% synonymous option:
\DeclareOption{otherlanguage}{\@otherlangtrue}

% For English, the default is to load only a fairly basic
% set of non-ligation rules pertaining to f-ligatures.
% Among them are the "standard five" (ff, fi, fl, ffi,
% and ffl) ligatures as well as the ft ligature.
%
% Two options to override this "basic" setting:
% - broadf Many more non-ligation rules for f-ligatures,
%   incl. fb, fh, fj, and fk character pairs.
% - hdlig Additional ligature suppression rules for
%   'historic' and/or 'discretionary' ligatures,
%   e.g., ct, sp, st, sk, th, as, is, us, fr,
%   ll, et, at, and ta.

\newif\if@broadfset\@broadfsetfalse
\DeclareOption{broadf}{\@broadfsettrue}

\newif\if@hdligset\@hdligsetfalse
\DeclareOption{hdlig}{\@hdligsettrue}

% The package also provides hyphenation exception
% patterns for English and German language words.
% Loading these patterns is enabled by default. This
% can be disabled by providing the option
% 'noadditionalhyphenationpatterns'.

\newif\if@addlhyph\@addlhyphtrue
\DeclareOption{noadditionalhyphenationpatterns}{\@addlhyphfalse}

% The 'basic' option automatically sets the preceding Booleans
% to 'false', even if historic and/or rare ligatures are enabled

\DeclareOption{basic}{\@broadfsetfalse\@hdligsetfalse}

% Last but not least, an option to set all Boolean

```

```

% variables (other than '@addlhyph') to 'true'
% simultaneously.

\DeclareOption{all}{%
  \@englishtrue \@broadfsettrue \@hdligsettrue
  \@germantrue \@otherlangtrue}

% Finally, process all options
\ProcessOptions\relax


% Part 2: Load the lua code and set up the user macros
% -----

\ifluatex
% Load the lua code contained in 'selnolig.lua'.
\directlua{ require("selnolig.lua") }

% Commands to switch selnolig's routines on and off
\newcommand\selnoligon{
  \directlua{ enablesealnolig() }
}

\newcommand\selnoligoff{
  \directlua{ disablesealnolig() }
}

% By default, selnolig's macros are switched on
\selnoligon

% Record operations of selnolig package to the log
% file: Enabled via '\debugon' command

\newcommand\debugon{%
  \directlua{ debug=true }
}

\newcommand\debugoff{%
  \directlua{ debug=false }
}

% The main user macro is called '\nolig':
\newcommand\nolig[2]{
  \directlua{
    suppress_liga( "\luatexluaescapestring{#1}",

```

```

        "\luatexluaescapestring{#2}" )
    }
}

% A second user macro allows global overriding of
% rules set up by '\nolig':
\newcommand\keeplig[1]{
  \directlua{
    always_keep_liga( "\luatexluaescapestring{#1}" )
  }
}

\else
% If *not* running under LuaLaTeX, provide dummy
% definitions for package's user macros.
\newcommand{\nolig}[2]{}
\newcommand{\keeplig}[1]{}
\let\selnoligon\relax
\let\selnoligoff\relax
\let\debugon\relax
\let\debugoff\relax
\fi

% A third user macro: '\breaklig'. This is hopefully
% easier to remember than having to type "\-\hspace{0pt}".

\newcommand\breaklig{\-\hspace{0pt}}

% Part 3: What to do if the 'english' option is set
% -----

\if@english
% load English-language ligature suppression rules
\ifluatex
  \RequirePackage{selnolig-english-patterns}
\fi

% load additional hyphenation exception patterns
\if@addlhyph
  \RequirePackage{selnolig-english-hyphe}
\fi
\fi

```

```

% Part 4: What to do if the 'ngerman' option is set
% -----

\if@german
  % load German-language ligature suppression rules
  \ifluatex
    \RequirePackage{selnolig-german-patterns}
  \fi

  % load additional hyphenation exception patterns
  \if@addlhyph
    \RequirePackage{selnolig-german-hyphex}
  \fi
\fi

% Part 5: What to do if the 'otherlang' option is set
% -----

\if@otherlang
  % currently nothing included
\fi

```



## D The package's lua code: selnolig.lua

```
-- lua code for the selnolig package, to be loaded
-- with an instruction such as
-- \directlua{ require("selnolig.lua") }
-- from a (Lua)LaTeX .sty file.
--
-- Author: Mico Loretan (loretan dot mico at gmail dot com)
-- (with crucial contributions by Taco Hoekwater,
-- Patrick Gundlach, and Steffen Hildebrandt)
-- Date: 2013/05/20
--
-- The entire selnolig package is placed under the terms
-- of the LaTeX Project Public License, version 1.3 or
-- later. (http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt).
-- It has the status "maintained".

selnolig = { }
selnolig.module = {
  name      = "selnolig",
  version   = "0.213",
  date      = "2013/05/20",
  description = "Selective suppression of typographic ligatures",
  author    = "Mico Loretan",
  copyright  = "Mico Loretan",
  license    = "LPPL 1.3 or later"
}

local glyph = node.id('glyph')
local glue  = node.id("glue")
local whatsit = node.id("whatsit")
local userdefined

for n,v in pairs(node.whatsits()) do
  if v == 'user_defined' then userdefined = n end
end

local identifier = 123456 -- any unique identifier
local noliga={}
local keepliga={}      -- String -> Boolean
debug=false

function debug_info(s)
  if debug then
    texio.write_nl(s)
  end
end
```

```

end

local blocknode = node.new(whatsit, userdefined)
blocknode.type = 100
blocknode.user_id = identifier

local prefix_length = function(word, byte)
    return unicode.utf8.len( string.sub(word,0,byte) )
end

-- Problem: string.find and unicode.utf8.find return
-- the byte-position at which the pattern is found
-- instead of the character-position. Fix this by
-- providing a dedicated string search function.

local unicode_find = function(s, pattern, position)
    -- Start by correcting the incoming position
    if position ~= nil then
        -- debug_info("Position: "..position)
        sub = string.sub(s, 1, position)
        position = position + string.len(sub) - unicode.utf8.len(sub)
        -- debug_info("Corrected position: "..position)
    end
    -- Now execute find and fix it accordingly
    byte_pos = unicode.utf8.find(s, pattern, position)
    if byte_pos ~= nil then
        -- "convert" byte_pos to "unicode_pos"
        return unicode.utf8.len( string.sub(s, 1, byte_pos) )
    else
        return nil
    end
end

function process_ligatures(nodes, tail)
    local s = {}
    local current_node = nodes
    local build_liga_table = function(strlen, t)
        local p = {}
        for i = 1, strlen do
            p[i] = 0
        end
        for k, v in pairs(t) do
            -- debug_info("Match: "..v[3])
            local c = unicode_find(noliga[v[3]], "|")
            local correction = 1
            while c ~= nil do

```

```

--debug_info("Position "..(v[1]+c))
p[v[1]+c-correction] = 1
c = unicode_find(noliga[v[3]], "|", c+1)
correction = correction+1
end
end
--debug_info("Liga table: "..table.concat(p, ""))
return p
end
local apply_ligatures=function(head,ligatures)
  local i=1
  local hh=head
  local last=node.tail(head)
  for curr in node.traverse_id(glyph,head) do
    if ligatures[i]==1 then
      debug_info("Inserting nolog whatsit before glyph: " ..unicode.utf8.char(curr.char))
      node.insert_before(hh,curr, node.copy(blocknode))
      hh=curr
    end
    last=curr
    if i==#ligatures then
      -- debug_info("Leave node list on position: "..i)
      break
    end
    i=i+1
  end
  if(last~=nil) then
    debug_info("Last char: "..unicode.utf8.char(last.char))
  end
end
for t in node.traverse(nodes) do
  if t.id==glyph then
    s[#s+1]=unicode.utf8.char(t.char)
  elseif t.id== glue then
    local f=string.gsub(table.concat(s,""), "[\\?!,\\.]+", "")
    local throwliga={}
    for k,v in pairs(noliga) do
      local count=1
      local match = string.find(f,k)
      while match do
        count=match
        keep=false
        debug_k1=""
        for k1,v1 in pairs(keepliga) do
          if v1 and string.find(f,k1) and string.find(k1,k) then
            debug_k1=k1
          end
        end
      end
    end
  end
end

```

```

        keep=true
        break
    end
end
if not keep then
    debug_info("pattern match: "..f.." - "..k)
    local n = match + string.len(k) - 1
    table.insert(throwliga,{prefix_length(f,match),n,k})
else
    debug_info("pattern match nolog and keep lig: "..f.." - "..k.." - "..debug_k1)
end
match= string.find(f,k,count+1)
end
end
if #throwliga==0 then
-- debug_info("No ligature suppression for: "..f)
else
    debug_info("Do ligature suppression for: "..f)
    local ligabreaks = build_liga_table(f:len(),throwliga)
    apply_ligatures(current_node,ligabreaks)
end
s = {}
current_node = t
end
end
end -- end of function process_ligatures(nodes,tail)

function suppress_liga(s,t)
    nolog[s] = t
end

function always_keep_liga(s)
    keepliga[s] = true
end

function drop_special_nodes (nodes,tail)
    for t in node.traverse(nodes) do
        if t.id == whatsit and t.subtype == userdefined and t.user_id == identifier
        then
            node.remove(nodes,t)
            node.free(t)
        end
    end
end

function enableselnolog()

```

```
    luatexbase.add_to_callback( "ligaturing",  
        process_ligatures, "Suppress ligatures", 1 )  
end  
  
function disablesefnolig()  
    luatexbase.remove_from_callback( "ligaturing",  
        "Suppress ligatures" )  
end
```

## E Reporting bugs and other issues with the selnolig package: A suggested template

```
% !TEX TS-program = lualatex
% selnolig-bugreport.tex, 2013/05/20

\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[margin=1in]{geometry}
\usepackage{fontspec}
% Choose a different font if desired:
\setmainfont{EB Garamond 12 Regular}

% Comment out the next instruction if you don't use babel;
% and set the language version that meets your needs.
\usepackage[ngerman]{babel}

% Choose either ngerman or english as the language option
\usepackage[ngerman]{selnolig}

\begin{document}
\paragraph*{Version of selnolig package used:}
\selnoligpackageversion, \selnoligpackagedate
% these macros are defined in selnolig.sty

\subsection*{Type-I errors: Words that contain ligatures that should be suppressed}

[List words here]

\subsection*{Type-II errors: Words for which ligatures are being suppressed improperly}

[List words here]

\subsection*{Other issues}

Examples: problems with user guide; problems caused by the package's lua code

(and, please, suggestions for bug fixes)
\end{document}
```