

Sistema de Cinema

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3 de julho de 2019

Resumo

Neste relatório desenvolvemos os requisitos básicos de um sistema de banco de dados para um modelo de vendas de ingresso de um cinema.

Link para o repositório: https://github.com/flpinheiro/banco_de_dados.

1 Introdução

Requisitos gerais:

- Um cinema pode ter muitas salas, sendo necessário, por tanto, registrar informações a respeito de cada uma, como sua capacidade, ou seja, o numero de assentos disponíveis.
- O cinema apresenta muitos filmes. Um filme tem informações, titulo e duração. Assim, sempre que um filme for ser apresentado, deve-se registrá-lo também.
- Um mesmo filme pode ser apresentado em diferentes salas e em horários diferentes. Cada apresentação em uma determinada sala e horário é chamada sessão. Um filme sendo apresentado em uma sessão tem um conjunto máximo de ingressos, determinado pela capacidade da sala.
- Os clientes do cinema podem comprar ou não ingressos para assistir a uma sessão. O funcionário deve intermediar a compra do ingresso. Um ingresso deve conter informação como o tipo de ingresso (Meio ingresso ou ingresso inteiro). Além disso, um cliente só pode comprar ingressos para sessões ainda não encerradas.

2 Diagrama de Entidade Relacionamento

Na figura 1 mostramos a primeira versão conceitual do sistema do

3 Modelo Relacional

Na figura 2 mostramos o modelo relacional utilizado para implementação do programa

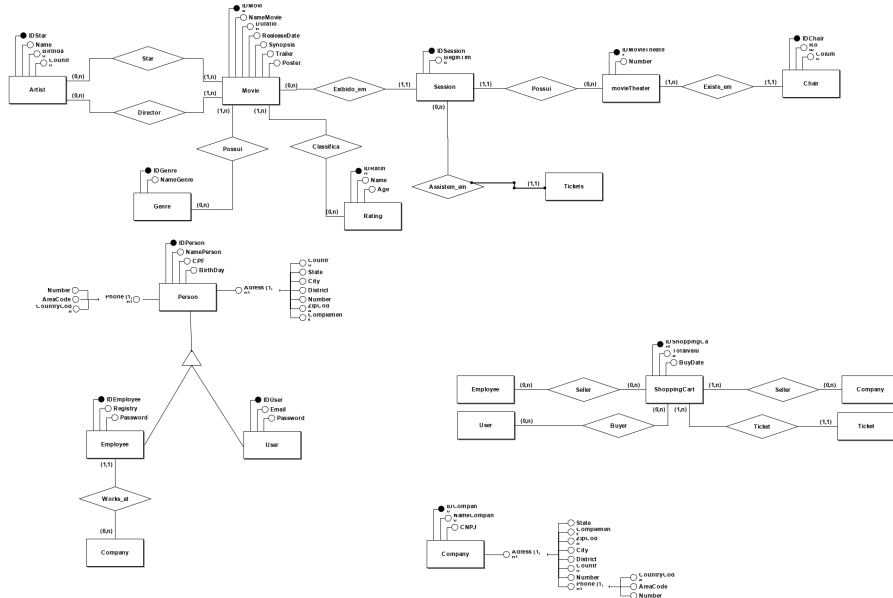


Figura 1: Modelo Entidade Relacionamento

4 Consultas

Nesta seção mostramos exemplo de consultas que podem ser realizadas nesse modelo relacional de banco de dados.

```

1      use unbcineflix;
2
3      select * FROM movies, ratings, genremovies,
4      genres where ratingid = ratings.id and movies.id =
5      genremovies.movieid and genremovies.genreid = genres.id
6      ;
7
8      select * from movies, artistmovies, artists
9      where Movies.id = artistmovies.MovieId and
10     artistmovies.ArtistId = artists.Id;
11
12     select * from movietheaters, addresses,
13     companies where addresses.Id = movietheaters.
14     AddressCompanyId and addresses.CompanyId = companies.Id
15     and addresses.Discriminator = 'AddressCompany';
16
17     select * from session, movietheaters,
18     tickets where session.Id = tickets.SessionId and
19     session.AddressCompanyId = movietheaters.
20     AddressCompanyId and movietheaters.MovieTheaterNumber =
21     session.MovieTheaterNumber;
22
23     select * from people, addresses, phones
24     where people.id = addresses.PersonId and people.id =
25     phones.PersonId and addresses.Discriminator = '
26     AddressPerson';

```

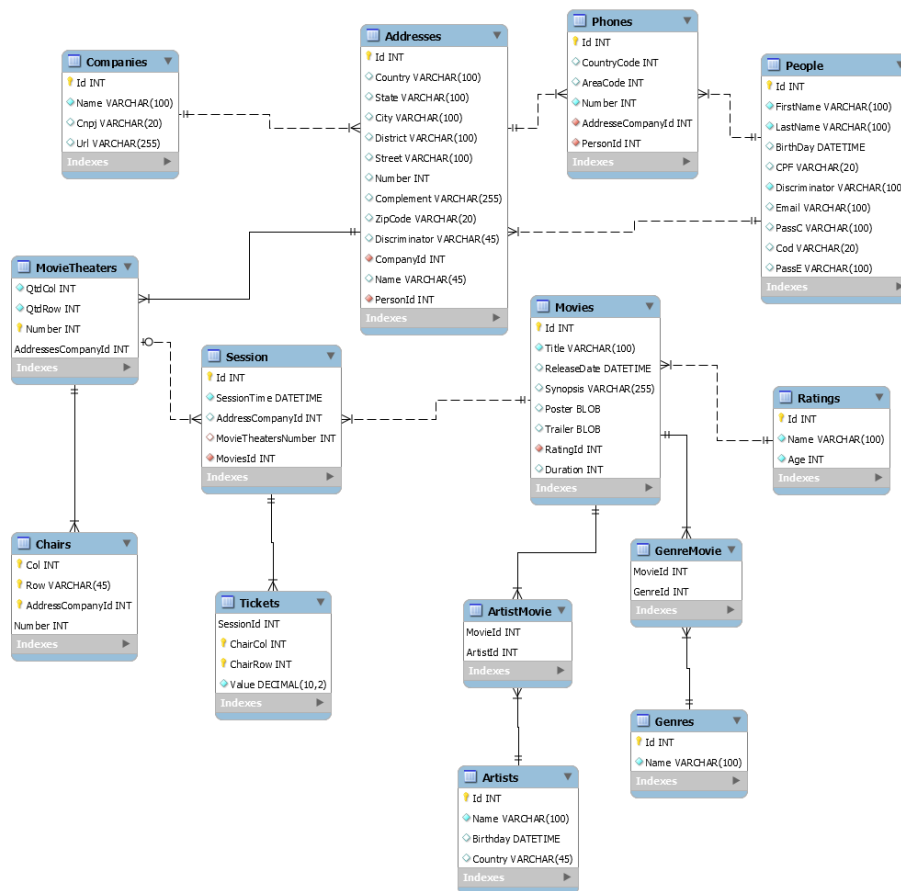


Figura 2: Modelo Relacional

5 Views

Nesta parte mostramos exemplos da utilização de Views no código do SQL.

```

1      use unbcineflix ;
2
3      drop view addresscompany ;
4
5      drop view AddressPerson ;
6
7      drop view SoldTickets ;
8
9      create view AddressCompany as SELECT Country , state ,
    city , Street , number , zipcode , name from addresses
    WHERE addresses.Discriminator = 'AddressCompany' ;
10
11     create view AddressPerson as SELECT Country , state ,
  
```

	numero sessao	Titulo do filme	sala	dia e hora	numero coluna	numero fileira	valor
▶	1	Rambo	1	2019-06-30 00:00:00	5	1	12.00
	1	Rambo	1	2019-06-30 00:00:00	4	5	10.00

Figura 3: Exemplo de resultado da View SoldTickets

```

city, Street, number, zipcode from addresses WHERE
addresses.Discriminator = 'AddressPerson';
12
13      create view SoldTickets as select session.id as '
      numero sessao', movies.Title as 'Titulo do filme',
      session.MovieTheaterNumber as 'sala', session.
      SessionTime as 'dia e hora', ChairCol as 'numero coluna
      ', ChairRow as 'numero fileira', Value as 'valor' from
      session, movietheaters, tickets, movies where session.
      Id = tickets.SessionId and session.AddressCompanyId =
      movietheaters.AddressCompanyId and movietheaters.
      MovieTheaterNumber = session.MovieTheaterNumber and
      session.MovieId = movies.id;
14
15      select * from addresscompany;
16
17      select * from AddressPerson;
18
19      select * from SoldTickets;

```

Na figura 3 podemos ver um exemplo de resultado mostrado pela viu Sold-Tickets.

6 Script Sql

Nesta seção mostramos o script sql para geração do banco de dados, que foi gerado utilizando o modelo acima e foi gerado automaticamente pelo MySQL.

```

1      — MySQL Script generated by MySQL
2      Workbench
3      — Thu Jun 27 18:36:45 2019
4      — Model: New Model      Version: 2.0
5      — MySQL Workbench Forward Engineering
6
7      SET @OLD_UNIQUE_CHECKS=@@UNIQUE_CHECKS,
      UNIQUE_CHECKS=0;
8      SET @OLD_FOREIGN_KEY_CHECKS=
      @@FOREIGN_KEY_CHECKS, FOREIGN_KEY_CHECKS=0;
9      SET @OLD_SQL_MODE=@@SQL_MODE, SQL_MODE='
      ONLY_FULL_GROUP_BY,STRICT_TRANS_TABLES,NO_ZERO_IN_DATE,
      NO_ZERO_DATE,ERROR_FOR_DIVISION_BY_ZERO,
      NO_ENGINE_SUBSTITUTION';
10
11      —
12      — Schema UnBCineFlix
13
14      DROP SCHEMA IF EXISTS `UnBCineFlix` ;

```

```

15      —
16      — Schema UnBCineFlix
17      —
18      CREATE SCHEMA IF NOT EXISTS `UnBCineFlix`
19      DEFAULT CHARACTER SET utf8 ;
20      USE `UnBCineFlix` ;
21      —
22      — Table `UnBCineFlix`.`Addresses`
23      —
24      CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `UnBCineFlix`.`
25      Addresses` (
26          `Id` INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
27          `Country` VARCHAR(100) NULL,
28          `State` VARCHAR(100) NULL,
29          `City` VARCHAR(100) NULL,
30          `District` VARCHAR(100) NULL,
31          `Street` VARCHAR(100) NULL,
32          `Number` INT NULL,
33          `Complement` VARCHAR(255) NULL,
34          `ZipCode` VARCHAR(20) NULL,
35          `Discriminator` VARCHAR(45) NULL,
36          `CompanyId` INT NOT NULL,
37          `Name` VARCHAR(45) NULL,
38          `PersonId` INT NOT NULL,
39          PRIMARY KEY (`Id`),
40          INDEX `fk_Addresses_People1_idx` (`
41          PersonId` ASC) VISIBLE,
42          INDEX `fk_Addresses_Companies1_idx`
43          (`CompanyId` ASC) VISIBLE,
44          CONSTRAINT `fk_Addresses_People1`
45          FOREIGN KEY (`PersonId`)
46          REFERENCES `UnBCineFlix`.`
47          People` (`Id`)
48          ON DELETE NO ACTION
49          ON UPDATE NO ACTION,
50          CONSTRAINT `fk_Addresses_Companies1`
51          FOREIGN KEY (`CompanyId`)
52          REFERENCES `UnBCineFlix`.`
53          Companies` (`Id`)
54          ON DELETE NO ACTION
55          ON UPDATE NO ACTION)
56      ENGINE = InnoDB;
57      —
58      — Table `UnBCineFlix`.`ArtistMovie`
59      —
60      CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `UnBCineFlix`.`
61      ArtistMovie` (
62          `MovieId` INT NOT NULL,
63          `ArtistId` INT NOT NULL,
64          PRIMARY KEY (`MovieId`, `ArtistId`)
65          ,
66          INDEX `

```

```

fk_Movie_has_Artist_Artist1_idx` (`ArtistId` ASC)
VISIBLE,
62      INDEX `
fk_Movie_has_Artist_Movie1_idx` (`MovieId` ASC) VISIBLE
63      CONSTRAINT `
fk_Movie_has_Artist_Movie1`
64      FOREIGN KEY (`MovieId`)
65      REFERENCES `UnBCineFlix`.``
Movies` (`Id`)
66      ON DELETE NO ACTION
67      ON UPDATE NO ACTION,
68      CONSTRAINT `
fk_Movie_has_Artist_Artist1`
69      FOREIGN KEY (`ArtistId`)
70      REFERENCES `UnBCineFlix`.``
Artists` (`Id`)
71      ON DELETE NO ACTION
72      ON UPDATE NO ACTION)
73      ENGINE = InnoDB;
74
75
76


---


77      -- Table `UnBCineFlix`.`Artists`
78      --


---


79      CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `UnBCineFlix`.``
Artists` (
80          `Id` INT NOT NULL,
81          `Name` VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
82          `Birthday` DATETIME NULL,
83          `Country` VARCHAR(45) NULL,
84          PRIMARY KEY (`Id`))
85      ENGINE = InnoDB;
86
87
88


---


89      -- Table `UnBCineFlix`.`Chairs`
90      --


---


91      CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `UnBCineFlix`.``
Chairs` (
92          `Col` INT NOT NULL,
93          `Row` VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,
94          `AddressCompanyId` INT NOT NULL,
95          `Number` INT NOT NULL,
96          PRIMARY KEY (`Col`, `Row`, `
AddressCompanyId`, `Number`),
97          INDEX `fk_Chairs_MovieTheaters1_idx
` (`AddressCompanyId` ASC, `Number` ASC) VISIBLE,
98          CONSTRAINT `
fk_Chairs_MovieTheaters1`
99          FOREIGN KEY (`Number`)
100          REFERENCES `UnBCineFlix`.``
MovieTheaters` (`Number`)
101          ON DELETE NO ACTION
102          ON UPDATE NO ACTION)
103      ENGINE = InnoDB;
104
105

```

```

106      —
107      — Table `UnBCineFlix`.`Companies`
108      —
109      CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `UnBCineFlix`.`
Companies` (
110          `Id` INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
111          `Name` VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
112          `Cnpj` VARCHAR(20) NULL,
113          `Url` VARCHAR(255) NULL,
114          PRIMARY KEY (`Id`))
115      ENGINE = InnoDB;
116
117
118      —
119      — Table `UnBCineFlix`.`GenreMovie`
120      —
121      CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `UnBCineFlix`.`
GenreMovie` (
122          `MovieId` INT NOT NULL,
123          `GenreId` INT ZEROFILL NOT NULL,
124          PRIMARY KEY (`MovieId`, `GenreId`),
125          INDEX `
fk_Movie_has_Genre_Genre1_idx` (`GenreId` ASC) VISIBLE,
126          INDEX `
fk_Movie_has_Genre_Movie1_idx` (`MovieId` ASC) VISIBLE,
127          CONSTRAINT `
fk_Movie_has_Genre_Movie1`
128              FOREIGN KEY (`MovieId`)
129              REFERENCES `UnBCineFlix`.`
Movies` (`Id`)
130              ON DELETE NO ACTION
131              ON UPDATE NO ACTION,
132          CONSTRAINT `
fk_Movie_has_Genre_Genre1`
133              FOREIGN KEY (`GenreId`)
134              REFERENCES `UnBCineFlix`.`
Genres` (`Id`)
135              ON DELETE NO ACTION
136              ON UPDATE NO ACTION)
137      ENGINE = InnoDB;
138
139
140      —
141      — Table `UnBCineFlix`.`Genres`
142      —
143      CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `UnBCineFlix`.`
Genres` (
144          `Id` INT ZEROFILL NOT NULL,
145          `Name` VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
146          PRIMARY KEY (`Id`))
147      ENGINE = InnoDB;
148
149
150      —
151      — Table `UnBCineFlix`.`MovieTheaters`

```

```

152      --
153      CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `UnBCineFlix`.``
154      MovieTheaters` (
155          `QtdCol` INT NOT NULL,
156          `QtdRow` INT NOT NULL,
157          `Number` INT NOT NULL,
158          `AddressesCompanyId` INT NOT NULL,
159          PRIMARY KEY (`Number`, `
160      AddressesCompanyId`),
161          INDEX `
162      fk_MovieTheaters_Addresses1_idx` (`AddressesCompanyId`
163      ASC) VISIBLE,
164          CONSTRAINT `
165      fk_MovieTheaters_Addresses1`
166          FOREIGN KEY (`
167      AddressesCompanyId`)
168          REFERENCES `UnBCineFlix`.``
169      Addresses` (`Id`)
170
171          ON DELETE NO ACTION
172          ON UPDATE NO ACTION)
173      ENGINE = InnoDB;
174
175      --
176
177      -- Table `UnBCineFlix`.`` Movies`
178
179      --
180      CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `UnBCineFlix`.``
181      Movies` (
182          `Id` INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
183          `Title` VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
184          `ReleaseDate` DATETIME NULL,
185          `Synopsis` VARCHAR(255) NULL,
186          `Poster` BLOB NULL,
187          `Trailer` BLOB NULL,
188          `RatingId` INT NOT NULL,
189          `Duration` INT NULL,
190          PRIMARY KEY (`Id`),
191          INDEX `fk_Movie_Rating1_idx` (`
192      RatingId` ASC) VISIBLE,
193          CONSTRAINT `fk_Movie_Rating1`
194          FOREIGN KEY (`RatingId`)
195          REFERENCES `UnBCineFlix`.``
196      Ratings` (`Id`)
197
198          ON DELETE NO ACTION
199          ON UPDATE NO ACTION)
200      ENGINE = InnoDB;
201
202      --
203
204      -- Table `UnBCineFlix`.`` People`
205
206      --
207      CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `UnBCineFlix`.``
208      People` (
209          `Id` INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
210          `FirstName` VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
211          `LastName` VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
212          `BirthDay` DATETIME NULL,

```



```

198         `CPF` VARCHAR(20) NULL,
199         `Discriminator` VARCHAR(100) NOT
200 NULL,
201         `Email` VARCHAR(100) NULL,
202         `PassC` VARCHAR(100) NULL,
203         `Cod` VARCHAR(20) NULL,
204         `PassE` VARCHAR(100) NULL,
205         PRIMARY KEY (`Id`))
206 ENGINE = InnoDB;
207
208
209
210
211
212
213
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```

```

-- Table `UnBCineFlix`.`Phones`
--
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `UnBCineFlix`.`
Phones` (
    `Id` INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
    `CountryCode` INT NULL,
    `AreaCode` INT NULL,
    `Number` INT NOT NULL,
    `AdresseCompanyId` INT NOT NULL,
    `PersonId` INT NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (`Id`),
    INDEX `fk_Phones_Addresses1_idx` (`
AdresseCompanyId` ASC) VISIBLE,
    INDEX `fk_Phones_People1_idx` (`
PersonId` ASC) VISIBLE,
    CONSTRAINT `fk_Phones_Addresses1`
FOREIGN KEY (`
AdresseCompanyId`)
REFERENCES `UnBCineFlix`.`
Addresses` (`Id`)
ON DELETE NO ACTION
ON UPDATE NO ACTION,
    CONSTRAINT `fk_Phones_People1`
FOREIGN KEY (`PersonId`)
REFERENCES `UnBCineFlix`.`
People` (`Id`)
ON DELETE NO ACTION
ON UPDATE NO ACTION)
ENGINE = InnoDB;

```

```

-- Table `UnBCineFlix`.`Ratings`
--
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `UnBCineFlix`.`
Ratings` (
    `Id` INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
    `Name` VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
    `Age` INT NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (`Id`))
ENGINE = InnoDB;

```

```

-- Table `UnBCineFlix`.`Session`

```

```

247  —
248  CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `UnBCineFlix`.``
Session` (
249      `Id` INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
250      `SessionTime` DATETIME NOT NULL,
251      `AddressCompanyId` INT NULL,
252      `MovieTheatersNumber` INT NULL,
253      `MoviesId` INT NOT NULL,
254      PRIMARY KEY (`Id`),
255      INDEX `
fk_Session_MovieTheaters1_idx` (`AddressCompanyId` ASC,
`MovieTheatersNumber` ASC) VISIBLE,
256      INDEX `fk_Session_Movies1_idx` (`
MoviesId` ASC) VISIBLE,
257      CONSTRAINT `
fk_Session_MovieTheaters1`
258          FOREIGN KEY (`
MovieTheatersNumber`)
259          REFERENCES `UnBCineFlix`.``
MovieTheaters` (`Number`)
260          ON DELETE NO ACTION
261          ON UPDATE NO ACTION,
262      CONSTRAINT `fk_Session_Movies1`
263          FOREIGN KEY (`MoviesId`)
264          REFERENCES `UnBCineFlix`.``
Movies` (`Id`)
265          ON DELETE NO ACTION
266          ON UPDATE NO ACTION)
267      ENGINE = InnoDB;
268
269  —
270
271  — Table `UnBCineFlix`.`` Tickets `
272  —
273  CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `UnBCineFlix`.``
Tickets` (
274      `SessionId` INT NOT NULL,
275      `ChairCol` INT NOT NULL,
276      `ChairRow` INT NOT NULL,
277      `Value` DECIMAL(10,2) NOT NULL,
278      PRIMARY KEY (`SessionId`, `ChairCol`
, `ChairRow`),
279      INDEX `fk_Tickets_Session1_idx` (`
SessionId` ASC) VISIBLE,
280      CONSTRAINT `fk_Tickets_Session1`
281          FOREIGN KEY (`SessionId`)
282          REFERENCES `UnBCineFlix`.``
Session` (`Id`)
283          ON DELETE NO ACTION
284          ON UPDATE NO ACTION)
285      ENGINE = InnoDB;
286
287
288      SET SQL_MODE=@OLD_SQL_MODE;
289      SET FOREIGN_KEY_CHECKS=
@OLD_FOREIGN_KEY_CHECKS;
290      SET UNIQUE_CHECKS=@OLD_UNIQUE_CHECKS;

```

7 Álgebra relacional

8 Avaliação das formas normais