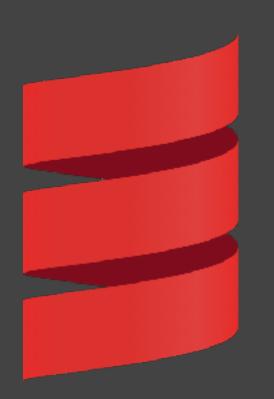
Crotalinae

Metaprogramming for Ethereum Smart Contracts expressed in Scala's Type System





Wonderful Benefits

- Unlock Smart Contracts adoption with a JVM-based language:
 code them from Scala or in Scala
- Smart Contracts code generator is itself a strictly typed program
- Write a Contract using structs and definitions of Crotalinae DSL, and if it compiles, you're safe
- Export Smart Contract in *Vyper* as a single plaintext and check it visually if needed
- (WIP) Code directly in Scala: Scala source code is translated to Crotalinae DSL using macros



Functional Things

- Heterogenous lists from Shapeless
- Free Monad from Cats
- Natural transformation from DSL to Writer Monad
- DSL constraints are validated on type level



Demonstration





```
@public def sumSome(a: uint256, b: uint256) -> uint256: c = a + b d = b + c d = c return a + d
```

Auction Demo

```
object Auction extends App {
  import Expr.Defs._
 val data = ProductType.self(
   ('beneficiary ->> public(address)) ::
      ('auction_start ->> public(timestamp)) ::
      ('auction_end ->> public(timestamp)) ::
      ('highest_bidder ->> `public`(address)) ::
      ('highest_bid ->> `public`(wei_value)) ::
      ('ended ->> public(bool)) :: HNil
 val beneficiary = data.ref('beneficiary)
 val auction_start = data.ref('auction_start)
 val auction_end = data.ref('auction_end)
 val highest_bid = data.ref('highest_bid)
 val highest_bidder = data.ref('highest_bidder)
 val ended = data.ref('ended)
 val initArgs = ProductType(('_beneficiary ->> address) :: ('_bidding_time ->> timedelta) :: HNil)
 val _beneficiary = initArgs.ref('_beneficiary)
 val _bidding_time = initArgs.ref('_bidding_time)
  val init = `@public` @: initArgs.funcDef(
   Void
 ) { args ⇒
      _ <- beneficiary :=: _beneficiary</pre>
      _ <- auction_start :=: `block.timestamp`</pre>
      _ <- auction_end :=: `+:+`(auction_start, _bidding_time)</pre>
   } yield Void
 val bid = `@public` @: `@payable` @: ProductType.hNil.funcDef(
    name = "bid",
   Void
  ) { args ⇒
      _ <- `assert`(`<<`(`block.timestamp`, auction_end))</pre>
      _ <- `assert`(`>>`(`msg.value`, highest_bid))
      _ <- `if`(`not`(`:===:`(highest_bid, `msg.value`)), {</pre>
          send(highest_bidder :: highest_bid :: HNil).liftF.map(_ => Void)
        <- highest_bidder :=: `msg.sender`</pre>
      _ <- highest_bid :=: `msg.value`
   } yield Void
 val end auction = `@public` @: ProductType.hNil.funcDef(
```





```
Source Code
                  Bytecode <
                                              LLL 🗸
    beneficiary: public(address)
    auction_start: public(timestamp)
    auction_end: public(timestamp)
    highest_bidder: public(address)
    highest_bid: public(wei_value)
    ended: public(bool)
    @public
    def __init__(_beneficiary: address, _bidding_time: timedelta):
      self.beneficiary = _beneficiary
      self.auction_start = block.timestamp
11
      self.auction_end = self.auction_start + _bidding_time
12
13
14
    @payable
    @public
17 - def bid():
      assert block.timestamp < self.auction_end</pre>
19
      assert msg.value > self.highest_bid
      if not self.highest_bid == msg.value:
20
        send(self.highest_bidder, self.highest_bid)
21
22
      self.highest_bidder = msg.sender
23
      self.highest_bid = msg.value
24
25
26
    @public
   - def end_auction():
      assert block.timestamp >= self.auction_end
      assert not self.ended
      self.ended = True
31
      send(self.beneficiary, self.highest_bid)
```

Outside My Computer





Deployed on Rinkeby Testnet!

For Tech Dive



Visit github.com/fluencelabs/hackethberlin

