Computational Aircraft Prototype Syntheses



Training Session 11

Data Transfer: Loosely-Coupled Aeroelasticity

ESP v1.18

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- Loosely coupled analysis
- capsBound object and the capsBound attribute
 - capsVertexSet objects
 - capsDataSet objects
- Loosely coupled one-way modal aeroelastic analysis
- Loosely coupled two-way iterative aeroelastic analysis

- Couple two independent analysis tools
- Aeroelastic analysis
 - CFD to compute pressures
 - FEM to compute displacements
- Typically disparate tools
 - Mesh resolution
 - Data representation (cell vs. node center)
- CAPS data transfer reconciles differences
- Examples:
 - One-way coupling: Astros Modal \rightarrow Fun3D
 - Two-way coupling: Astros Static \leftrightarrow SU2



capsBound object and attribute

- capsBound is a logical grouping of BRep Objects
 - Represent the same entity, e.g. "outer surface of the wing"
- Bound is used by CAPS framework to facilitate data transfer
 - Defined by the capsBound attribute
- Same capsBound attribute applied to "coincident" bodies defines connection

ESP/wing3.csm Structures capsBound







ATTRIBUTE capsBound \$upperWing

ATTRIBUTE capsBound \$lowerWing

ATTRIBUTE capsBound \$leftTip

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• capsVertexSet is a discrete capsBound

capsBound



capsVertexSet



Aerodynamic





Structures

- capsVertexSet is a discrete capsBound
- If capsBound Faces have same underlying surface, then the native UVs are used to match the points between capsVertexSets
- If not the triangulations are reparameterized with a single UV representation
- If barycentric coordinates are found for each vertex in a capsVertexSet to the other(s). This allows for straight interpolation using the solver's spatial discretization scheme (as provided in the AIM)

capsDataSet

- Discrete data associated with a capsVertexSet
 - Pressure
 - Temperature
 - Displacements
- Flexible data structure
 - Node centered data
 - Cell centered data
 - Higher-order nodal basis functions

- Data transferred between different capsVertexSet
 - Pressure from aero to structures capsVertexSet
 - Displacements from structures to aero capsVertexSet
- Transfer via interpolation:
 - Interpolation, does not insure integrated values match between capsVertexSets – important for a convergent inner loop
- Conservative transfer:
 - Conservative data transfers ensure integrated quantities match by slightly adjusting (weighting) the interpolation.

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Example of Modal Data Transfer

- Compute EigenVectors with Astros
- Transfer EigenVectors to Fun3D for aeroelastic calculation

session11/aeroelastic_Modal_Fun3D_Astros.py

- Load aflr4AIM
- Load aflr3AIM
- Load fun3dAIM
- Load egadsTessAIM
- Load astrosAIM

- Create capsBound data transfers
- Generate meshes
- Fill capsVertexSet
- Execute ASTROS
- Transfer EigenVectors from ASTROS to Fun3D
- Execute Fun3D



- variableName: Variable names
- aimSrc: AIM names to transfer data from (source)
- aimDest: AIM names receiving data (destination)
- transferMethod: Interpolate or Conserve
- capsBound: Name of the capsBound attribute on the bodies
- Builds dictionary myProblem.dataBound[bound]

session11/aeroelastic_Modal_Fun3D_Astros.py

```
# Create an array of EigenVector names
numEigenVector = 3
eigenVector = []
for i in range(numEigenVector):
    eigenVector.append("EigenVector " + str(i+1))
# Create the capsBounds for data transfer
transfers = ["upperWing", "lowerWing", "leftTip", "riteTip"]
for bound in transfers:
    myProblem.createDataTransfer(variableName
                                                 = eigenVector,
                                 aimSrc
                                                 = [astros.aimName]*numEigenVector.
                                 aimDest
                                                 = [fun3d.aimName] *numEigenVector,
                                 transferMethod = ["Conserve"]*numEigenVector,
                                 capsBound
                                                 = bound)
```

- Generate meshes with pre/post Analys
- Populate vertex sets

session11/aeroelastic_Modal_Fun3D_Astros.py

```
# Run AIM pre/post-analysis to generate the meshes
for aim in [aflr4.aimName, aflr3.aimName, tess.aimName]:
    myProblem.analysis[aim].preAnalysis()
    myProblem.analysis[aim].postAnalysis()
# Populate vertex sets in the bounds after the mesh generation is copleted
for bound in transfers:
    myProblem.dataBound[bound].fillVertexSets()
```

- Execute Astros
- Transfer each EigenVector for each capsBound

session11/aeroelastic_Modal_Fun3D_Astros.py

```
#Execute the dataTransfer
print ("\nExecuting dataTransfer .....")
for bound in transfers:
    for eigenName in eigenVector:
       myProblem.dataBound[bound].executeTransfer(eigenName)
```

• Execute Fun3D

- Loosely coupled analysis
- capsBound object and the capsBound attribute
 - capsVertexSet objects
 - capsDataSet objects
- Loosely coupled one-way modal aeroelastic analysis
- Loosely coupled two-way iterative aeroelastic analysis

Example of Iterative Data Transfer

- Compute pressures with SU2
- Compute displacements with ASTROS
- Displace CFD mesh, and compute pressures with SU2

session11/aeroelastic_Iterative_SU2_Astros.py

- Load affr4AIM
- Load affr3AIM
- Load su2AIM
- Load egadsTessAIM
- Load astrosAIM

- Create capsBound data transfers
- Generate meshes
- Fill capsVertexSet
- Iterate

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- Transfer displacements from ASTROS to SU2
- Execute SU2
- Transfer pressure from SU2 to ASTROS
- Execute ASTROS

- Interleave AIM names in aimSrc and aimDest
- Initial value applied to Displacement to start iterations

session11/aeroelastic_Iterative_SU2_Astros.py

```
# Create the data transfer connections
transfers = ["upperWing", "lowerWing", "leftTip", "riteTip"]
for bound in transfers:
    myProblem.createDataTransfer(variableName
                                                = ["Pressure", "Displacement"],
                                                = [su2.aimName, astros.aimName].
                                 aimSrc
                                                = [astros.aimName, su2.aimName].
                                 aimDest
                                 transferMethod = ["Conserve", "Interpolate"],
                                               = [None, (0,0,0)],
                                 initValueDest
                                 capsBound
                                                = bound )
```

Generating mesh and capsVertexSet



Start iterations

session11/aeroelastic_Iterative_SU2_Astros.py

```
# Aeroelastic iteration loop
for iter in range(numTransferIteration):
    #Execute the dataTransfer of displacements to su2
    #initValueDest is used on the first iteration
    print ("\n\nExecuting dataTransfer \"Displacement\".....")
    for bound in transfers:
       mvProblem.dataBound[bound].executeTransfer("Displacement")
```

• Execute SU2

```
#Execute the dataTransfer of Pressure to astros
print ("\n\nExecuting dataTransfer \"Pressure\".....")
for bound in transfers:
   myProblem.dataBound[bound].executeTransfer("Pressure")
```

Execute ASTROS