simplenet

September 8, 2024

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[22]: import torch
     import torch.nn as nn
     import torch.optim as optim
     from torchvision import datasets, transforms
     from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
     import time
     # Define transformations for the dataset
     transform = transforms.Compose([
         transforms.ToTensor(),
         transforms. Normalize ((0.5,), (0.5,))
     ])
      # Load the MNIST dataset
     train_dataset = datasets.MNIST(root='./data', train=True, download=True, __
       test_dataset = datasets.MNIST(root='./data', train=False, download=True, __
       →transform=transform)
     train loader = DataLoader(dataset=train dataset, batch size=64, shuffle=True)
     test_loader = DataLoader(dataset=test_dataset, batch_size=64, shuffle=False)
[23]: # SimpleNet model
     class SimpleNet(nn.Module):
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(23]: # SimpleNet (nn.Module):
    def __init__(self):
        super(SimpleNet, self).__init__()
        self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(1, 64, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
        self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(64, 128, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
        self.conv3 = nn.Conv2d(128, 128, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
        self.conv4 = nn.Conv2d(128, 256, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
        self.conv5 = nn.Conv2d(256, 256, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
        self.conv6 = nn.Conv2d(256, 512, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
        self.conv7 = nn.Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
        self.pool = nn.MaxPool2d(2, 2)
        self.fc1 = nn.Linear(512, 1024)
        self.fc2 = nn.Linear(1024, 10)
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def forward(self, x):
    x = self.pool(torch.relu(self.conv1(x)))
    x = self.pool(torch.relu(self.conv2(x)))
    x = torch.relu(self.conv3(x))
    x = self.pool(torch.relu(self.conv4(x)))
    x = torch.relu(self.conv5(x))
    x = self.pool(torch.relu(self.conv6(x)))
    x = torch.relu(self.conv7(x))

x = x.view(x.size(0), -1) # Flatten the feature map
    x = torch.relu(self.fc1(x))
    x = self.fc2(x)
    return x
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[24]: # Initialize the model, define the loss function and the optimizer
     model = SimpleNet()
     criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
     optimizer = optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=0.001)
     # Training loop with progress output and model saving
     def train(model, train_loader, criterion, optimizer, epochs=5,_
      ⇔save_path='simple_net.pth'):
         model.train() # Set model to training mode
         for epoch in range(epochs):
             start_time = time.time()
             running_loss = 0.0
             for batch_idx, (images, labels) in enumerate(train_loader):
                 optimizer.zero_grad() # Clear previous gradients
                 outputs = model(images) # Forward pass
                 loss = criterion(outputs, labels) # Compute loss
                 loss.backward() # Backward pass
                 optimizer.step() # Update weights
                 running_loss += loss.item()
                 if batch_idx % 100 == 0: # Print progress every 100 batches
                     print(f"Epoch [{epoch+1}/{epochs}], Batch [{batch_idx}/
       epoch time = time.time() - start time
             print(f"Epoch [{epoch+1}/{epochs}], Loss: {running_loss/
       →len(train_loader):.4f}, Time: {epoch_time:.2f} seconds")
         # Save the model
         torch.save(model.state_dict(), save_path)
         print(f"Model saved to {save_path}")
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[25]: # Test loop after loading the saved model
      def test(model, test_loader, save_path='simple_net.pth'):
          # Load the saved model
          model.load_state_dict(torch.load(save_path))
          model.eval() # Set model to evaluation mode
          correct = 0
          total = 0
          with torch.no_grad():
              for images, labels in test_loader:
                  outputs = model(images)
                  _, predicted = torch.max(outputs.data, 1)
                  total += labels.size(0)
                  correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
          accuracy = 100 * correct / total
          print(f'Accuracy: {accuracy:.2f}%')
[26]: # Train the model
      train(model, train_loader, criterion, optimizer)
     Epoch [1/5], Batch [0/938], Loss: 2.3003
     Epoch [1/5], Batch [100/938], Loss: 0.6892
     Epoch [1/5], Batch [200/938], Loss: 0.2214
     Epoch [1/5], Batch [300/938], Loss: 0.3632
     Epoch [1/5], Batch [400/938], Loss: 0.1521
     Epoch [1/5], Batch [500/938], Loss: 0.0701
     Epoch [1/5], Batch [600/938], Loss: 0.3734
     Epoch [1/5], Batch [700/938], Loss: 0.1884
     Epoch [1/5], Batch [800/938], Loss: 0.0386
     Epoch [1/5], Batch [900/938], Loss: 0.0330
     Epoch [1/5], Loss: 0.2977, Time: 153.24 seconds
     Epoch [2/5], Batch [0/938], Loss: 0.0498
     Epoch [2/5], Batch [100/938], Loss: 0.0794
     Epoch [2/5], Batch [200/938], Loss: 0.0337
     Epoch [2/5], Batch [300/938], Loss: 0.0334
     Epoch [2/5], Batch [400/938], Loss: 0.0870
     Epoch [2/5], Batch [500/938], Loss: 0.0111
     Epoch [2/5], Batch [600/938], Loss: 0.1014
     Epoch [2/5], Batch [700/938], Loss: 0.1090
     Epoch [2/5], Batch [800/938], Loss: 0.1273
     Epoch [2/5], Batch [900/938], Loss: 0.0251
     Epoch [2/5], Loss: 0.0608, Time: 163.97 seconds
     Epoch [3/5], Batch [0/938], Loss: 0.0324
     Epoch [3/5], Batch [100/938], Loss: 0.0252
     Epoch [3/5], Batch [200/938], Loss: 0.0752
     Epoch [3/5], Batch [300/938], Loss: 0.0013
     Epoch [3/5], Batch [400/938], Loss: 0.1943
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Epoch [3/5], Batch [500/938], Loss: 0.0554
Epoch [3/5], Batch [600/938], Loss: 0.0401
Epoch [3/5], Batch [700/938], Loss: 0.0049
Epoch [3/5], Batch [800/938], Loss: 0.0668
Epoch [3/5], Batch [900/938], Loss: 0.0063
Epoch [3/5], Loss: 0.0454, Time: 169.11 seconds
Epoch [4/5], Batch [0/938], Loss: 0.0940
Epoch [4/5], Batch [100/938], Loss: 0.0004
Epoch [4/5], Batch [200/938], Loss: 0.0483
Epoch [4/5], Batch [300/938], Loss: 0.1005
Epoch [4/5], Batch [400/938], Loss: 0.0577
Epoch [4/5], Batch [500/938], Loss: 0.0027
Epoch [4/5], Batch [600/938], Loss: 0.0006
Epoch [4/5], Batch [700/938], Loss: 0.0038
Epoch [4/5], Batch [800/938], Loss: 0.0005
Epoch [4/5], Batch [900/938], Loss: 0.2587
Epoch [4/5], Loss: 0.0413, Time: 170.53 seconds
Epoch [5/5], Batch [0/938], Loss: 0.0033
Epoch [5/5], Batch [100/938], Loss: 0.0037
Epoch [5/5], Batch [200/938], Loss: 0.0414
Epoch [5/5], Batch [300/938], Loss: 0.0826
Epoch [5/5], Batch [400/938], Loss: 0.0200
Epoch [5/5], Batch [500/938], Loss: 0.0149
Epoch [5/5], Batch [600/938], Loss: 0.0091
Epoch [5/5], Batch [700/938], Loss: 0.0630
Epoch [5/5], Batch [800/938], Loss: 0.0147
Epoch [5/5], Batch [900/938], Loss: 0.1197
Epoch [5/5], Loss: 0.0348, Time: 165.35 seconds
Model saved to simple_net.pth
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[27]: # Test the model by reloading it test(model, test_loader)

/tmp/ipykernel_2294/3840639354.py:4: FutureWarning: You are using `torch.load` with `weights_only=False` (the current default value), which uses the default pickle module implicitly. It is possible to construct malicious pickle data which will execute arbitrary code during unpickling (See https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/main/SECURITY.md#untrusted-models for more details). In a future release, the default value for `weights_only` will be flipped to `True`. This limits the functions that could be executed during unpickling. Arbitrary objects will no longer be allowed to be loaded via this mode unless they are explicitly allowlisted by the user via `torch.serialization.add_safe_globals`. We recommend you start setting `weights_only=True` for any use case where you don't have full control of the loaded file. Please open an issue on GitHub for any issues related to this experimental feature.

model.load_state_dict(torch.load(save_path))

Accuracy: 99.09%

[]: