Nix party tricks

Building EC2s, images, and lambda packages with NixOS

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<2022-07-12 Tue>

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Preamble

Nix is magic

Surprise, this is a magic show!

Nix is a special kind of magic for specifying pretty much any output you could want.

Nothing up my sleeve...

Behold, a fresh VM.

I am clicking through these things because I am very serious.

... but cards on the table

There's always something to install when you start.

For those playing along at home

This text is expository, written for flavor and background

This text highlights an important definition

Satoshi Nakamoto: last known alias of Charles Ponzi

This text is instructional

Green means go! Do as I say.

Demo Overview

Purpose

- survey of a bunch of common problems and demonstrate solutions with nix
- whirlwind tour of some great nix ecosystem tooling
- code is public: https://github.com/flurie/nix-party-tricks

Let's install nix!

Installing nix

- Go to https://nixos.org
- select Download
- Follow multi-user installation instructions (unless you're on something weird like WSL)

And let's install some things to make our lives easier (and this demo shorter)

Rosetta 2

softwareupdate --install-rosetta

git

nix-env -iA nixpkgs.git

cachix

nix-env -iA nixpkgs.cachix

add some stuff to /etc/nix/nix.conf
experimental-features = nix-command flakes
trusted-users = root \$(whoami)

explicitly add cachix cache

cachix use flurie

nix

Extremely abbreviated intro to

Nix the First: Language

Main features:

- functional
- dynamic
- lazy
- base language is <u>tiny</u>
- Haskell influence (though much divergence since)

Nix the First: Language (con't)

Quirky type system:

- strings have native multiline support
- URIs
- paths (relative and absolute)
- no advanced objects, everything is a set (map)
- first-class functions

Nix the Second: Package Manager

nixpkgs

- Fundamental unit: the derivation
- Built with and extends Nix language
- Largest, most active package repository of its kind
- Many smaller ecosystems, especially by language (2nix)

Nix the Second: Package Manager (con't)



Figure 1: The Dirty Secret

Nix the Third: Linux Distribution

NixOS

- Built on top of nixpkgs and systemd
- Familiar to users of gentoo and arch
- Adds in modules for system-level configurability

Nix the Fourth: *misc* tooling

Tools worth knowing

- home-manager: nix for \$HOME
- nix-darwin: nix for macOS
- cachix: arbitrary caching for nix derivations
- Hercules CI: CI/CD for nix derivations

First party trick: nix for

managing development

environments

. ..

Misc tools for environment management

Tools we will use in this section

- direnv: automate environment switching in shell
- devshell: manage all your development tools per-project with a simple configuration file

Let's install direnv!

Installing direnv

- Go to https://direnv.net/#basic-installation
- Follow the NixOS instructions (because I'm not installing Homebrew, boo!) for non-NixOS systems
- Hook direnv into shell

Let's grab the code...

Clone me on GitHub

git clone

https://github.com/flurie/nix-party-tricks.git

...and then let the magic take hold

direnv holds a lot of power, so be careful with what you allow. Using nix with direnv provides an additional level of security.

Time to take the ride.

direnv allow

Tour our new powers



Figure 2: I'm in devshell! I'm in normal shell!

A note about creds

~/.aws/credentials

Be safe

- Never store credentials in a long-lived plaintext config file!
- use credential_process to grab creds safely

[default]
credential_process = access_keys_from_csv

Enter AWS with train

Set the stage for more magic

cp -r "\$PRJ_ROOT"/support/.aws ~/.aws

You can try this at home, but don't leave the files sitting around.

Log in to AWS console

Create new programmatic IAM credentials

Download the csv to our devshell root

Time to test the thing out

Putting it all together

aws sts get-caller-identity

Second party trick: nix for managing ec2s

Preamble

terraform to stand up the host

cd \$PRJ_ROOT/terraform/ec2
terraform init
terraform apply

Misc tools for deployment management

Tools we will use in this section

- cachix: arbitrary caching for nix derivations
- deploy-rs: deploy NixOS to anywhere from anywhere
- nixos-generators: generate NixOS machine images of any kind

#1: ec2 user data

```
# main.tf
resource "aws_instance" "nixos" {
  # ...some parts omitted
 root_block_device {
    # need this to be big enough to build things
    volume size = 20
 user data = <<END
### https://nixos.org/channels/nixos-22.05 nixos
{ config, pkgs, modulesPath, ... }:
  # nix uses same string interpolation as terraform, so we must escape it here
 imports = [ "$${modulesPath}/virtualisation/amazon-image.nix" ];
 ec2.hvm = true:
 system.stateVersion = "22.05";
 environment.systemPackages = with pkgs; [ nix-direnv direnv git ];
 networking.hostName = "nixos-aws";
END
```

We can now enter the machine.

terraform output into ssh config file + hosts file line?

Make sure to use the IP given by terraform.

ssh -i /tmp/nixos-ssh.pem root@{IP}

Let's pull down the party tricks repo here as well...

git clone

https://github.com/flurie/nix-party-tricks.git

```
... and activate the devshell!
```

cd nix-party-tricks && direnv allow

First way done!

#2: deploy-rs

```
deploy = {
 nodes = {
    "aws" = {
      sshUser = "root";
      sshOpts = [ "-i" "/tmp/nixos-ssh.pem" ];
      hostname = "nixos-aws":
      profiles.hello = {
        path = deploy-rs.lib.x86_64-linux.activate.custom
          nixpkgs.legacyPackages.x86_64-linux.hello "./bin/hello";
      };
      profiles.system = {
        path = deploy-rs.lib.x86_64-linux.activate.nixos
          self.nixosConfigurations.aws;
     };
   };
 };
};
```

```
Deploying to hostname, make sure it's in our /etc/hosts
sudo echo "{IP} nixos-aws" >> /etc/hosts
```

First deploy: "hello world"

```
# the -s skips the checks, saving us some time
# don't do this at home
deploy .#aws.hello -s
```

```
Second deploy: NixOS system running nginx
  services.nginx = { enable = true; };
  networking.firewall.allowedTCPPorts = [ 80 ];
Let's deploy!
deploy .#aws.system -s
```

Now we should get the nginx splash page in a browser

visit http://nixos-aws in a browser

Second way done!

#3: nixos-generators

```
packages.x86_64-linux.awsImage = let system = "x86_64-linux";
      in nixos-generators.nixosGenerate {
        pkgs = nixpkgs.legacyPackages.${system};
        modules = [
          # new hostname for new machine
          networking.hostName = "nixos-aws-ami";
          # mostly stuff you've seen before...
            services.nginx = {
              enable = true:
              virtualHosts.${networking.hostName} = {
                # except now we're serving something special
                root = "${self.packages."${system}".default}/www";
              };
            };
        1:
       format = "amazon";
};
```

Let's use our shiny new ec2 for this!

But before we do, let's make our user creds available for the sake of simplicity.

```
# from our local
scp -i /tmp/nixos-ssh.pem ./$(whoami)_accessKeys.csv \
   root@nixos-aws:~/nix-party-tricks/
ssh -i /tmp/nixos-ssh.pem root@nixos-aws
```

Now let's build the image!

cd \$PRJ_ROOT/terraform/ami
terraform init
terraform apply

If we're lucky, it will hit the cached version of my image and spare us.

If we're not, I made a trivial change at some point and never cached it, requiring a rebuild.

Declarative build systems are ruthless.

Now we should get something special in a browser

visit http://nixos-aws in a browser

Third way done!



Third party trick: nix for

managing lambda runtimes

Preamble: more terraform for my lambda

Introducing a great nix feature: remote builders