# STRUCTURAL AUDIT REPORT FOR

## "VISHAL SAHYADRI CO – OP HSG. SOC. LTD",

"D3 – A WING" SITUATED AT SAHYADRI NAGAR, CHARKOP, KANDIVALI (W) MUMBAI – 400 067



## PREPARED BY

# LATESH S. SANKLECHA

**CONSULTING STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS** 

Mauli Niwas, First Floor, Bhusar Aali, Opp Grahak Sahkar Bazar No. 3, Kalwa, Thane – 400 605. Tel. +912225339113, 9403244399 Email: <u>lateshsanklecha@gmail.com</u>

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978/D3/LSS/2021

JULY 16, 2021

## **INTRODUCTION:**

"Vishal Sahyadri Co - Operative Housing Soc. Ltd", "D3 - A WING" Regi. No. BOM/HSG/5697/1979 Situated at Sahyadri Nagar, Charkop, Kandivali (W) Mumbai - 400 067 had requested to Latesh S. Sanklecha, Consulting Structural Engineer to inspect the structures.

## WHEN IS CONSIDERED THERE IS WATER SEEPAGE / LEAKAGE?

When one of the following signs or the combination of the following signs in your building which causes water to seep inside the structure:-

- Improper workmanship.
- Deficiencies in construction.
- Cracks in the RCC member.
- Cracks in the Plaster.
- Blistering of external paint.
- Moisture, wetness or signs of capillary dampness on wall.
- Water marks or stains marks on the wall, ceiling. or roof of the building.
- Growth of vegetation on the exteriors roof & walls.

## **SCOPE OF SURVEY:**

In order to analyze the condition of the structure & give a comprehensive report.

The said site visit was mainly to find out the general condition of the structure, nature & extent of the damage. Structural Members & their effect on the stability of the structure.

Assessment of Non – Structural work such as external plaster, plumbing/ Drainage work, waterproofing of R.C.C. cantilever chajjas, Terrace waterproofing, overhead water tanks and assessing the optimal repair required.

Visual inspection of the building & individual units with respect to the stability of structure, the damages noticed in Structural Members.

Following is our detailed report incorporating of our observations and interpretation & photographs of distresses & emerging recommendations.

Specific documentation of the existing structural provision was not available & also architectural drawing of the structure was not available for our reference.

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## **DESCRIPTION OF THE STRUCTURE:**

"Vishal Sahyadri Co - Op Housing Society Ltd." Regi. No. BOM/HSG/5697/1979 consists of 63 wings known as "B1 to B17, A1, A2, C1 to C22, D2A to D2L" and D3A to D3L. Total 2,154 flats are in "Vishal Sahyadri Co - Op Housing Society Ltd."

In D3 building A wing consists of Ground plus Upper Seven floors.

In D3 building A wing consists of Four flats on each floor.

In D3 building A wing consists of Total 32 flats.

The building is provided with regular sufficient opening and in staircase mid landing opening is provided for ventilation.

Building is constructed with beam column frame structure the load of slab is transfer on beam & from beam it is transferred on column.

## **YEAR OF CONSTRUCTION:**

The building was constructed in 2000 as reported.

## HISTORY OF THE REPAIRS:

Repair work has been carried out recently.

## **METHOD OF INVESTIGATION:**

The structure was surveyed internally & externally, floor wise & unit wise to assess the condition of structural deterioration due to the following environmental stresses.

- i. Effects of corrosion on the structural members due to weather condition.
- ii. Faults in construction.
- iii. Seepage of water.
- iv. Ageing / fatigue of structure.
- v. Plumbing line condition.

At the time of detail field survey, we have noticed major distress in the plumbing work and at some portion structural member's i.e. in column, beams & slabs the status surveyed can be summarized.

## INTERPRETATION OF NON DESTRUCTIVE TEST RESULTS

Non Destructive evaluation carried out on the selected RCC structural member. Total 12 locations were tested for NDT.

#### REBOUND HAMMER TEST

Total 4 locations were selected for Rebound Hammer Test.

Rebound Hammer was tested for compressive strength at surface by Schmidt rebound hammer. Results indicate the compressive strength at surface of the RCC columns & beam in is ranging between 13.70 MPa to 18.90 MPa.

#### **UPV TEST**

Total 4 locations were selected for UPV tests, on columns.

The UPV values are ranging between 2.60 Km/Sec to 3.20 Km/Sec.

Out of 4 locations 2 locations was below 3.0 Km/Sec means concrete quality is poor and 2 location ranging between 3.0 to 3.75 Km/Sec means concrete quality is doubtful.

This indicates there are progressive internal cracks in the RCC members due to corrosion of reinforced steel. These members are under distress condition.

Overall, condition of concrete is good, but distressed RCC member's needs immediate repair with suitable repair system.

RCC elements indicating UPV values less than 3 Km/sec needs immediate attention.

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#### HALF CELL POTENTIAL TEST

Half Cell Potential tested for corrosion activity by half – cell potential tests. Value is taken on Column. The result on tested column is – 349 mV.

This indicates the probability of corrosion is 50% on tested column steel reinforcement.

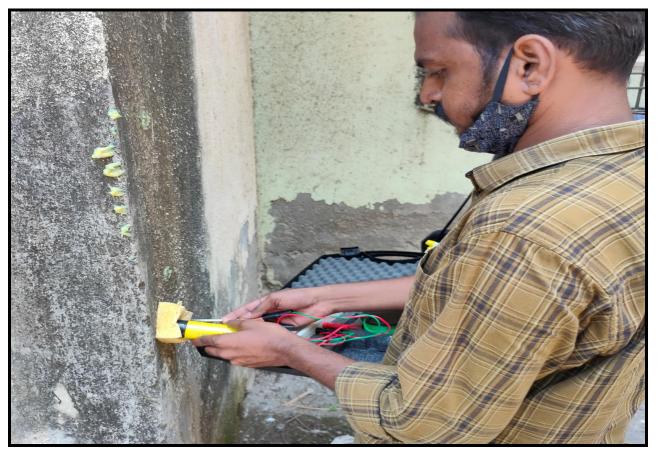
#### **CARBONATION TESTS**

Carbonation tests are conducted to assess the passivity of concrete cover above the reinforcement bars. If the carbonation depth is reached to the reinforced steel bars, it initiates corrosion activity in the steel.

Carbonation test was conducted to assess carbonation depth. Readings are taken on Column. Result indicates the carbonation penetration depth is 35.00 mm. Carbonation depths have reached to the reinforcement level in all of the RCC elements. It is essential to give a suitable anti-corrosion treatment to all the RCC members to stop further carbonation and corrosion of concrete.

## NON -DESTRUCTIVE TEST PHOTO





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B.E. (Civil), M.E. (Stru.), A.M.I.E., C. Eng. (I)

CONSULTING STRUCTURAL ENGINEER "VISHAL SAHYADRI CO - OP HSG. SOC. LTD" D3 - A WING





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	PROFORMA - B	
	Sub: Structural Audit	
	Name Of The Consultant: Latesh S. Sanklecha,	Consulting Structural Engineer
1	Name Of The Structure:	"Vishal Sahyadri Co – Operative
		Housing Soc. Ltd.", <b>D3 - A Wing</b>
		Situated at
		Sahyadri Nagar, Charkop,
		Kandivali (W) Mumbai – 400 067.
2	CTS No./Ward	-
3	No Of Storey	Ground plus upper seven storeys.
4	Year Of Construction	2000
5	User Department	Residential Building.
6	Mode Of Construction Of Existing	
	a) Foundation	Not Shown
	b) Floors	R.C.C. slab
	c) Walls	Brick Masonry
	4) Beams	R.C.C. Beam
	5)Columns	R.C.C. Beam
	6)Roof	R. C. C. Flat Roof.
7	History Of Repairs Done Year Wise	
	a)Slab Recasting	No
	b)Column Jacketing	No
	1)Structural Repair	No
	2)Tenantable Repairs	Yes
	3)Roof/Plumbing	No
	4)Addition/Alteration If Any	No
8	Date Of Inspection By Consultant	June 15, 2021
9	Condition Of:-	
	1)Internal Plaster	Major cracks and leakage marks observed.
	2)External Plaster	Fair condition.
	3)Plumbing	Fair condition.
	4)Drains/Chambers	Not shown
1.0		
10	Observation:-	

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	-1	Doors And Windows Don't Class	None
		Doors And Windows Don't Close	None Not found
	b)	Columns And steel Exposed	Not found.
	c)	Settlement uneven flooring gaps between and skirting & floor	None
	d)	Foundation settlement	Foundation not shown.
	e)	Deflections of slab at some places.	Deflection not found but plaster debonded.
	f)	Major cracks in column / beams	Cracks of varying depth and lengths are observed in column and beam at different location.
	g)	Seepages / Leakages s	Marks of seepage from external face area observed on inside of walls at various locations.
	h)	Staircase area / column condition	Fair condition.
	i)	Lift walls	None
	j)	U. G. Tank	Not seen.
	k)	Deflection / Sagging OHT / Column condition	Fair condition.
	1)	Parapet at terrace	Fair condition.
	m)	Chajjas	Fair condition.
	n)	Common areas	Fair condition.
	0)	Toilet blocks	Cracks & leakage marks observed.
	p)	Terrace / Water proofing	Fair condition.
11	Findir	carried out on structural / observations ags Range as per IS Code therefore: Destructive Test (NDT)	
	a)	Ultrasonic pulse velocity Test	The UPV values are ranging between 2.60 Km/Sec to 3.20 Km/Sec.

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	b) Rebound Hammer Test	Results indicate the compressive strength at surface of the entire RCC member in is ranging between 13.70 MPa to 18.90 MPa.				
	c) Half Cell Potential Test	The result is on colu – 349 mV.	amn is more than			
	d) Carbonation Depth Test	Result indicates penetration depth 35.00 mm.	the carbonation on column is			
	e) Compressive Test (Core Test)	12.10 Mpa				
	f) Concrete Chemical Test	pH – 8.2, Chloride – 0.346 Kg Sulphate So3 – 2.9%	•			
12	Distress Mapping Plan & photographs with caption below about description of structural members and its location	Mention in report				
13	Brief Description of repairs to be done					
	a) Water Proofing	Please Refer Report				
	b) External Plaster	Please Refer Report				
	c) Structural Repairs					
	i. Column Jacketing	Please Refer Report				
	ii. Slab recasting	Please Refer Report				
	iii. RCC cover to be replaced	Please Refer Report				
	iv. Beam recasting	Please Refer Report				
	d) Partial Evacuation during repairs needed	No				
	e) Propping	No				
14	CONCLUSIONS OF CONSULTANTS	OBSERVATIONS	KEY REASON			
i	Whether structure is livable / or whether it is to be evacuated / pulled down	Yes / No / No _				
ii	Whether structure requires tenantable Repairs / Major structural repairs & its time Frame.	Structural Repairs required.				
iii	Whether structure can be allowed to occupy during course of repairs	Yes	-			
iv	Nature / Methodology of repairs	Refer Report	-			
v	Whether structure requires immediate propping. If so, its propping plan Methodology given	No	-			

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vi	Whether other immediate safe required – what is specific recomme	•	-		
vii	Enhancement in life of structure a frequency of repairs required in period.	Repairs will stop further deterioration but could not give additional strength to the structure.	-		
viii	Projected repair cost / sq. ft. Rs 140	0 – Rs 180	-	-	
ix	Projected reconstruction cost / sq. Rs 3000	ft. Rs 2500 -	-		
х	Specific remarks whether building vacated / demolished / repairable	g needs to be	Nothing.		
xi	Whether structure in extremely crit	No			
15	Periodic repair & maintenance wer maintain the health of the struct and externally, so distressed inconstructural & Non – Structural mulding. Major leakage marks peelings are noted at several place have started the corrosion in the corrosion damaged is in accelerate.	None			
16	CLASSIFICATION OF BLDG	CATEGORY	AUDITORS FINAL O	conclusions	
	Comes Under this Category	Comes Under this Category C1			
		To be evacuated and or Partial demolition Requiring major Structural Repairs			
		C2 – B	No eviction only structural repairs		
		СЗ	No eviction needs m	inor Repairs only	

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## **CONCLUSION**

On the basis of above reports, it shows that over all condition of the structure from internal & external portion is not good and several cracks and leakage issues are present in most of the internal structural and non – structural members. (Refer Report & Photographs).

Considering the internal part of the structure, there are several damages observed on many places in the flat. Most of the flats having leakage issue mostly during monsoon season this leakage leading to corrosion of reinforcement deteriorating their strength (Refer Reports and Photographs) and damaged concrete of structural member also noted with exposed & corroded steel with hollowness has also been noted in some non – structural member and damaged concrete of structural member also noted with exposed & corroded steel.

Externally distressed observed on the external portion of the structure. We observed internal leakage of lavatory area (Refer Photographs in external observation) and several cracks, algae growth & vegetation growth observed on the external portion which tends to leakage to the internal flat of the structure.

Externally – We extract core concrete from external façade of the structure and core compressive strength obtain after testing was 12.14 Mpa and ultra – sonic pulse velocity test result was also not satisfactory result is poor and doubtful quality.

Periodic repair & maintenance were not done to maintain the health of the structure internally and externally, so distressed increased in the Structural & Non –

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Structural member of the building. Major leakage marks, cracks and colour peelings are noted at several places in flats and have started the corrosion in reinforcement. The corrosion damaged is in accelerated stages & it would continue to accelerate.

Since the Structure is almost 10 years old, structural & non – structural member loses its strength and also even after carrying out the structural repairs, the life anticipation of the structure will not be guaranteed.

On the basis of N.D.T results and visual inspection, Building comes under **C1** category; stating to be evacuated Demolition immediately.

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JULY 24, 2021

# CERTIFICATE

In Accordance with Section 28(6) of the Building Control Act (the "Act") and Regulations 4 and 5 of the Building Control (Inspection of Buildings) Regulations (the "Regulations"), I Mr. Latesh S. Sanklecha, Consulting Structural Engineer appointed by the Buildings under section 28(3) of the Act have personally visited and inspected the condition of the structure of the building and hereby submit the report of results of our Inspection. I, Mr. Latesh S. Sanklecha, certify that the inspection was carried out and report was checked by me and is valid till next six months.

## LATESH S. SANKLECHA

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CONSULTING STRUCTURAL ENGINEER

REGISTRATION NO.

MCGM - STR/S/272, TMC - 1012, NMMC - NMMC/TPO/S.E./126

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## POINTS TO BE NOTED DURING REPAIR

We would like to bring kind attention a few very important points pertaining g to the civil & plumbing repairs.

- I. It is not possible to remove all the construction faults during rehabilitation because the building can't be vacated. Members find it difficult to adjust to the hazards of cement & dust.
- II. The scaffolding support & ties will be required to be anchored on balconies, windows, jambs, Pipes etc. do not loosen or untie any support since this weaken the supports to the scaffolding and in turn endangers the live s of the men working on the scaffolding.
- III. The work will involve a lot of dust and noise during hammering, chiseling & removing the old plaster & concrete. Also there will be a lot of noise & dust during plastering & structural steel strengthening.
- IV. Due to chiseling of plaster, cracks may appear in the inner walls, lintels etc. of the premises adjacent to where work is being carried out & also loose plaster may fall off.
- V. During braking of external plaster & replacement of it with new plaster, the windows & door openings have to be covered by ply boards. The inmates feel suffocated & dark inside, but the window panels have to be protected as it is very expensive to replace them, Moreover it is essential to protect the inmates themselves from falling debris & dust.
- VI. Aluminum window which are fixed on the edge of the plaster are liable to get misaligned / jammed as the plaster on which it is supported is to be replaced.
- VII. If the bottom of beam has to be restored / strengthen or plastered, windows will have to be removed & re fixed. On the re fixing the size of the opening might be reduced by few inches.

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## SALIENT FEATURES FOR REGULAR MAINTENANCE -

Every building / Structure must have specific maintenance with proper rules for alterations & renovations.

The following steps would help in proper maintenance of the structure.

- ❖ Attend to seepage / leakage problems immediately i.e. proper filling the flooring joints, window sill joints & all internal leakages problem etc.
- ❖ Vegetation growth, seepage propagation area & visible cracks should be investigated & attended according to the diagnosis of the technical expertise.
- Periodic checking of entire plumbing system & drainage line should be conducted.
- ❖ During interiors a technical advice should be taken in the benefit of the common structure.
- Cleaning, Supervising & checking of common areas like water tanks, staircase, and pump room should be conducted.
- External inspection & painting to be done as it not adds to the aesthetic appearance of the building but it also function as protective coating to concrete & plaster.

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## **OBSERVATION: -**

During the said detailed visual inspection; following critical observations Noted.

## INTERNAL OBSERVATION

## A - WING

## **GROUND FLOOR**

## FLAT NO - 01

- **❖ HALL** O.K.
- **❖ KITCHEN** O.K.
- **❖ PASSAGE -** O.K.
- \* TOILET & BATH ROOM O.K.

#### **FLAT NO - 04**

- **❖ HALL** O.K.
- **❖ KITCHEN** O.K.
- **❖ PASSAGE -** O.K.
- **❖ TOILET & BATH ROOM –** O.K.

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## FIRST FLOOR

## **FLAT NO - 08**

- **❖ HALL** O.K.
- **❖ KITCHEN** O.K.
- **❖ PASSAGE -** O.K.
- **❖ TOILET & BATH ROOM** O.K.

## **SECOND FLOOR**

## **FLAT NO - 10**

- **❖ HALL** O.K.
- **❖ KITCHEN** O.K.
- **❖ PASSAGE -** O.K.
- \* TOILET & BATH ROOM O.K.

## **FLAT NO - 12**

- **❖ HALL** O.K.
- **❖ KITCHEN** O.K.
- **❖ PASSAGE -** O.K.
- **❖ TOILET & BATH ROOM** O.K.

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## THIRD FLOOR

## **FLAT NO - 14**

- **\* HALL** Leakage mark observed on ceiling.
- **\* KITCHEN** Leakage mark observed on ceiling & wall.
- **❖ PASSAGE -** O.K.
- **\* TOILET & BATH ROOM -** O.K.





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## **FLAT NO - 16**

- **❖ HALL** O.K.
- **❖ KITCHEN** O.K.
- **❖ PASSAGE -** O.K.
- **❖ TOILET & BATH ROOM** ○.K.

## FOURTH FLOOR

## **FLAT NO - 17**

- **❖ HALL** O.K.
- **❖ KITCHEN** O.K.
- **❖ PASSAGE -** O.K.
- \* TOILET & BATH ROOM O.K.

## **FLAT NO - 20**

- **❖ HALL** O.K.
- **❖ KITCHEN** O.K.
- **❖ PASSAGE -** O.K.
- **❖ TOILET & BATH ROOM** O.K.

## FIFTH FLOOR

## **FLAT NO - 21**

- **❖ HALL** O.K.
- **❖ KITCHEN** O.K.
- **❖ PASSAGE -** O.K.
- \* TOILET & BATH ROOM O.K.

## **FLAT NO - 23**

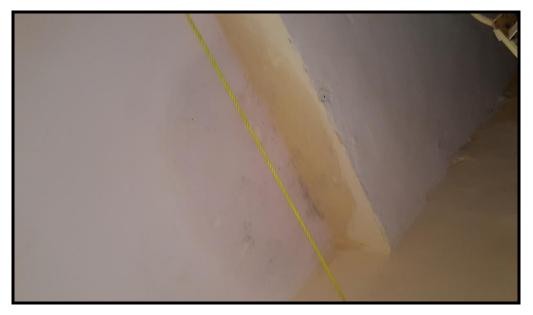
- **❖ HALL** O.K.
- **❖ KITCHEN** O.K.
- **❖ PASSAGE -** O.K.
- **❖ TOILET & BATH ROOM** O.K.

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## SIXTH FLOOR

## **FLAT NO - 25**

- **❖ HALL** O.K.
- **❖ KITCHEN** O.K.
- **PASSAGE** Leakage mark observed on ceiling.
- **❖ TOILET & BATH ROOM** O.K.



## **FLAT NO - 27**

- **❖ HALL** O.K.
- **\* KITCHEN** Leakage mark observed on wall.
- **❖ PASSAGE -** O.K.
- \* TOILET & BATH ROOM O.K.



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#### **FLAT NO - 28**

- **❖ HALL** O.K.
- **\* KITCHEN** Leakage mark observed on wall.
  - Structural crack observed on column.
- **❖ PASSAGE -** O.K.
- **❖ TOILET & BATH ROOM –** O.K.



## SEVENTH FLOOR

## **FLAT NO - 31**

- **❖ HALL** O.K.
- **❖ KITCHEN** O.K.
- **❖ PASSAGE -** O.K.
- \* TOILET & BATH ROOM O.K.

## **FLAT NO - 32**

- **❖ HALL** O.K.
- **❖ KITCHEN** O.K.
- **❖ PASSAGE -** O.K.
- **❖ TOILET & BATH ROOM** ○.K.

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## **EXTERNAL OBSERVATION**

FRONT SIDE

**❖** O.K.

**BACK SIDE** 

**❖** O.K.

**EAST SIDE** 

**❖** O.K.

**WEST SIDE** 

**❖** O.K.

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## **SUMMARY OF DEFECTS**

## STRUCTURAL DAMAGES

The structural component of a R.C.C. building consists of the beams, Columns & the Slabs.

Please note that the Chajja & stair case though structural items, independently have been considered as "Non – Structural Items" in the context of their direct impact on the overall structural health of the building.

We would like to mention here that at some locations there are 'False Ceiling' presents, such provisions conceal the structural elements & do not permit the required inspection. However in many places distresses / leakages have been observed in ceiling, which indicates probability of having leakage & also the possibility of cracks in the slab above these 'False ceilings'.

During the survey, some of the R.C.C. Slabs, beams & Columns have been found damages / cracked. These distresses clearly indicate that some amount of corrosion to reinforcement bars has taken place inside the concrete. It may further damage the structure if not controlled at this stage.

The continuous corrosion of reinforcing bars, after reaching a certain stage, loosens the bond with concrete ultimately causing cracks in the concrete cover. As the concrete cover cracks, more corrosion results. Corrosion of reinforcement bar causes reduction in effective diameter of bar & subsequently the bars / the structural members loses strength to a great extent. This produces further cracking in structural members. As seen, concrete cover has given away & exposing the main reinforcement of the structural members. The corrosion process is basically an Electro Chemical Phenomenon.

In reinforced concrete, corrosion produces the rust several times in volume over the original metal causing the reinforcement bar to expand. Due to this they push the concrete from inside subjecting it to tension. Concrete being weak in tension cracks, subsequently the cover concrete cracks. This reduces the effective cross –

Section of the reinforcement & concrete, thereby reduces its load carrying capacity. Due to such cracking of concrete, more quantity of water & salts penetrate into the concrete section expediting the corrosion phenomenon. Hence once the corrosion

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process initiates, it accelerates progressively till that element of the structure collapses. Hence this damage cycle should be immediately controlled by repairs to avoid accelerated damage to the structure.

This corrosion damages indicates reduction in the strength & load carrying capacity of the structure. These damages are medium to major & noted in the survey details. However, these structural damages need to be attended urgently internally & coated with external surface protection treatment to avoid sudden falling of deteriorated portion & resultant possible damages to life & property.

Further, for foundation of the structure are not available for inspection as the ground floor is occupied, hence we cannot comment on their stability, however, visual inspection of superstructure did not reveal any symptoms regarding foundation related damages.

## NON - STRUCTURAL DAMAGES

The non – structural components of a R.C.C. building consists of items such as partition wall, external wall, plastering, painting, plumbing / drainage line & terrace water proofing. The non-structural cracks are mainly separation cracks are mainly on brick masonry walls.

Our observation for these items is as follows -

## 1. Walls -

The walls shows cracks that in the internal plaster in the form of cracking at few places & walls shows sign of dampness at some places.

## 2. Leakage Through Pipe Connections -

The water supply line & the drainage pipe are comparatively in fair condition.

#### 3. Bath Room & Toilets -

We identified leakage patches & peeling of paint on some walls & ceilings of Bath Room & Toilets.

#### 4. Stair Case -

We identified some minor cracks and colour peeling on stair case.

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# ROCEDURE FOR THE STRUCTURAL REPAIRS IN GENERAL (REMEDIAL MEASURES)

- > Remove old & crack loose concrete.
- > Clean the exposed reinforcement.
- ➤ Apply Anti-rusting coat to the reinforcement
- > Apply bonding coat to the old concrete.
- Replace the removed concrete with polymer base mortar under the strict supervision of a Consulting Engineer.

# STEPS FOR REPAIR/ STRENGTHENING METHODOLOGY FOR COLUMNS, BEAMS ON STILT FLOOR

#### > CHIPPING

Chip off loose and carbonated concrete from surface of existing structural elements with help of chisel and hammer till sound concrete is encountered. Descale the surface of exposed reinforcement with help of brush to remove the rust scales. Carbonated concrete if left in structure shall initiate deterioration process.

## > MAKING UP OF LOST STEEL AREA

Connect the buckled steel bars by welding additional steel rebar's or by inserting new bars by Hilti to make up for the lost area of steel and providing adequate lap length in the column. The new bars inserted shall be grouted properly by chemical grouting and shall be taken from the footing if required. Also tie the new bars with the old one by providing column links at spacing given in the respective drawing. As far as possible bend the buckled portion flush to the additional reinforcement and avoid cutting of steel in buckled area.

## > CORROSION TREATMENT

Carry out application of alkaline rust converting primer FEOVERT on corroded steel surface. It has property to attack anode as well as cathode, which is purely alkaline in nature (pH-9.5), so it has no carcinogen activity with concrete.

Follow with application of two coats of **IPNet- RB** anticorrosive epoxy coating for bar protection against future corrosion. Coating is for old a well as newly provided steel. This system (Interpenetrating polymer network system for rebars: IPNet-

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RB) once applied on steel shall provide extended protection against future carbonation and chloride attack.

#### **BONDING COAT**

Bond between new and old concrete is important aspect for effective participation of total cross sectional area of concrete. Selection of type of bond coat is based on, type of stresses bond strata is expected to go and prevailing area where application is to be carried.

Here application of high pot life epoxy bond coat of EPIBOND 21 is suitable. This bond coat is effective in transferring stresses from old to new concrete surface and has the setting time of two which offers sufficient time for fixing of form work and casting of new concrete.

# MAKING UP LOST STRENGTH OF CORE OF CONCRETE BY JACKETING THE DAMAGED PORTION BY MICRO-CONCRETE.

**Micro-concrete is** supplied as a ready to use dry powder. Only specified amount of water is to be added to produce a free – flow non-shrink concrete. The material is a blend of specially processed cement, pre – graded fillers and additives which impart:

- ➤ Good early and final strengths due to very low water requirement.
- > Controlled expansion to retain the original volume filled even after setting.
- Free flow characteristics without any segregation and bleeding.

After carry out the required form work in damaged areas the micro concrete can be simply pour in the form work. It is fast setting material and offers very good early strength. The form can be removed within the 24 hours.

#### STEPS FOR EXTERNAL PLASTER

Remove complete external plaster & redo the same with bonding coat & 2 coats of sand faced plaster along with a water proofing chemicals. It is advisable to put a fiber mesh along the junction of RCC beam & bricks work also along the junction of RCC columns & brick work.

#### STEPS FOR WATER PROOFING

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Remove the complete existing brick bat coba. Clean the surface of chajja /slab. Apply one coat of waterproofing chemical. Put the brick bat with proper slope. Finish the surface with waterproofing chemicals.

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- Shop no. 2, Louis Wadi, Sumitra Farro Nagar Co-Op HSG. Society, Near Maitri Darshan Building, Thane West 400 604



	CONS	OLIDAT	ED NDT TEST R	ESULTS (	UPV /	Rebound	d Hamme	r / HCP / Car	rbonation)	
Customer		Latesh Sanklecha			Name	Vishal Sahyadri CHSl, Bldg. No.D03				
Site Address	Vishal Sahyadri CHSl, Sahyadri Nagar, Charkop, Kandivali , Mumbai			Report I	Date	17-May-21				
Project No.				Building	Age					
				NDT	Resul	lts				
	UPV	Test Result	s					RH Test R	esults	
	Id N	Mark	Corrected			Id Mark				
Sr. No.	Floor	Member	Velocity as per probing	Remark		Floor	Member	Direction	Average Rebound Number	Equiv Cube Strength N/mm <sup>2</sup>
			mode, (km/s)							
1	Ground	C1	3.2	Doubtful		Ground	C1	$\rightarrow$	27	18.9
2	Ground	C2	3.1	Doubtful		Ground	C2	$\rightarrow$	26	17.5
3	Ground	C3	2.9	Poor		Ground	C3	$\rightarrow$	25	16.2
4	Ground	C4	2.6	Poor		Ground	C4	$\rightarrow$	23	13.7
								Average	25	16

Half-cell Potential Results			Carbonation Test Results				
Sr. No.	ID I	Mark	Half-cell Potential (mV)	Change in Colour (Y/N)	Carbonated	Carbonation Depth	
S1. No.	Floor	Member	man-cen rotentiai (mv)	Change in Colour (1719)	Carbonateu	(mm)	
1	Ground	C1	-349	Y	No	35	

<b>UPV READING MAX =3.2, MIN =2.6</b>						
UI	PV Results Summary					
Criteria Concrete Quality No. o						
Above 4.40km/s	Excellent	0				
3.75 to 4.40 km/s	Good	0				
3.0 to 3.75 km/s	Doubtful	2				
Below 3.0 km/s	Poor	2				

HCP Results Summary						
Cuitouio	Probability of	No. of				
Criteria	corrosion	Readings				
Less than -200 mV	10%	0				
-200 mV to -350 mV	50%	1				
More than -350 mV	90%	0				

ISO 9001: 2015 Certified laboratory

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## **Test Report (Concrete Core)**

Date: 02.06.2021

Test Certificate No. : SSLPL/21060228 1. Name of Customer : Latesh Sanklecha

2. Site Name/ Address : Vishal Sahyadri CHSl, Bldg. No. D03, Charkop, Kandivali,

Mumbai.

3.Sample

a) Description : Concrete Core

b) Quantity : 01 nos. Sample at each location

c) Type of Test : Compressive Strength

d) Condition : Acceptable

4.Test method follow if any : As per IS: 516-1959 (Reaff.1999), SP-24 Clause 16.3.2

5. Date of Testing : 02.06.2021

Sr.	Core ID Mark	Date of	Dia in	Actual	Height	Area Sq.	H/D	Correction	Crushing	Core	Equivalent
No.		Coring	(mm)	Height of	in	(mm)	Ratio	Factor as	Load,	Strength	Cube
				Core from	(mm)			per IS:	(kN)	(N/mm2)	Strength
				Site, mm				516- 1959			(N/mm2)
01	Column No. 1	26/05/21	68.60	125.40	116	3696	1.69	0.97	36.90	9.68	12.10

Chemical Parameter:		
Test Parameter	Observed Result	Required value as per IS 456:2000
Sulphate as So3 in concrete mix (%)	2.9	Less than 4 percent by mass of the cement in the concrete mix
Total Acid Soluble Chloride Content <i>Kg/M</i> <sup>2</sup> for Reinforced Concrete Work	0.346	Maximum 0.6 Kg/M <sup>2</sup> of concrete
pH	8.2	

For SS Laboratory Pvt. Ltd.

Tested by Authorised Signatory

STRENCRETE SOLUTION LABORATORY PRIVATE LIMITED

ISO 9001: 2015 Certified laboratory