

CONTACT INFORMATION

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EDUCATION

European University Institute <i>Ph.D. in Economics</i> <i>Essays in Applied Microeconometrics: fertility, nutrition and employment</i> Committee: Thomas Crossley, Alessandro Tarozzi, Emilia Del Bono, Nadia Campaniello	Florence, Italy 2016 – 2022
European University Institute <i>Master of Research in Economics</i>	Florence, Italy 2016
Bocconi University <i>Master of Science in Economics, 110 cum laude/110</i>	Milan, Italy 2012 – 2015
University of Mannheim <i>Erasmus</i>	Mannheim, Germany Fall semester 2013
University of Roma Tre <i>Bachelor's in Economics, 110 cum laude/110</i>	Rome, Italy 2011 – 2014

REFERENCES

Prof. Thomas Crossley European University Institute Via delle Fontanelle 18 San Domenico di Fiesole Florence 50014, Italy ✉ thomas.crossley@eui.eu ☎ (+39) 055 4685 956	Prof. Michèle Belot Cornell University 272 Ives Hall Faculty Wing 133 Statler Drive Ithaca, NY 14853 ✉ mb2693@cornell.edu	Prof. Alessandro Tarozzi European University Institute Via delle Fontanelle 18 San Domenico di Fiesole Florence 50014, Italy ✉ alessandro.tarozzi@eui.eu ☎ (+39) 055 4685 646
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RESEARCH INTERESTS

Primary Fields: Applied Microeconometrics, Labor and Demographic Economics, Gender Economics
Secondary Fields: Health Economics, Family Economics

TEACHING EXPERIENCE

Panel Data for Banking Sector Analysts <i>Teaching fellow for Prof. Jeffrey Wooldridge, Florence School of Banking and Finance</i>	Florence, Italy Fall 2020
Topics in Microeconometrics <i>Teaching assistant for Prof. Thomas Crossley</i>	EUI, PhD level Spring 2020
Economic Measurement <i>Teaching assistant for Prof. Thomas Crossley</i>	EUI, PhD level Winter 2019
Applied Microeconomics: Theory and Empirics <i>Teaching assistant for Prof. Michèle Belot. and Prof. Philipp Kircher</i>	EUI, PhD level Winter 2018

WORK EXPERIENCE

Research assistant for Prof. Michèle Belot, EUI	Dec 2017
Research assistant for Prof. Micaela Sviatschi and Riccardo Ciacci, EUI	Dec 2017
Research assistant for Prof. Guido Alfani, Bocconi University	Nov-Dec 2015
Programme Management Intern at IFAD - International Fund for Agricultural Development	Spring 2015
Research assistant for Prof. Nicola Gennaioli, Bocconi University	Sept-Dec 2014
Research intern at the European Central Bank <i>Competitiveness Research Network</i>	Winter 2014

CONFERENCES AND INVITED TALKS

2022: Spring Meeting of Young Economists (Orléans), Essen Health Conference (Essen), European Association of Labor Economics (scheduled), Associazione Italiana Economisti del Lavoro (scheduled)

2021: European Society for Population Economics (virtual), Potsdam PhD Workshop in Empirical Economics (virtual), Vilfredo Pareto Workshop in Economics (University of Turin, Collegio Carlo Alberto)

2020: LACEA Health Economics Workshop (virtual)

GRANTS AND AWARDS

EUI Ph.D. Grant <i>European University Institute</i>	Florence, Italy 2019 – 2020
Ph.D. Grant <i>Italian Ministry of Foreign Affairs</i>	Rome, Italy 2016 – 2019

LANGUAGES AND TECHNICAL SKILLS

Languages: Italian (native), English (C1), Spanish (B1)
Software: MS Office, L^AT_EX
Programming: *Advanced:* Stata; *Intermediate:* R, Python; *Basic:* VBA, QGIS

RESEARCH

Not the right time for children: unemployment, fertility and abortion

I analyze the effect of local unemployment rates on fertility rates, abortion rates, and the abortions to pregnancies ratio, combining population statistics and administrative data on induced abortions performed in Italy between 2004 and 2016. This is the first paper to causally investigate the effect of local economic conditions on abortion choice. Using a shift-share instrument measuring labor demand, I exploit demand-driven shocks to unemployment. A one standard deviation (sd) increase in unemployment induces a 0.9 sd decrease in the fertility rate, a 0.27 sd increase in the abortion rate, and a 0.35 sd increase in the abortion ratio. These effects are mostly driven by women above 25 years old, and the effect is particularly strong in the 35-49 age group, while young women (15-24) are unaffected.

Do food price shocks affect farmers' nutrition? A study on rising quinoa prices in Peru

Research on the effect of food price changes on farmers' welfare has yielded contrasting results. The case of quinoa provides an ideal event study, where quinoa prices steeply increased from 2008 onwards, led by increasing international demand. I study the effect of this price shock on the nutrition of Peruvian households in a difference in differences framework. Results point to a limited effect on nutritional outcomes: quinoa farmers have a 4% higher caloric intake after the quinoa boom compared to farmers of other crops in the same province, but overall diet quality does not significantly change. When comparing households across districts that traditionally engage in quinoa production, there appears to be no significant difference in overall caloric intake and diet quality after the quinoa price boom.

PUBLISHED ARTICLES

Karadeloglou et al., **Compendium on the Diagnostic Toolkit for Competitiveness**, ECB Occasional Paper No. 163, 2015. Available on [SSRN](#)