我的博客vue2

设定添加博客并实现post数据

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设定添加博客并实现post数据

App.vue中:

1. 引入模块

```
▼

1 import AddBlog from "./components/AddBlog";
```

2. 引入组件

```
▼ export default {
2    name: "App",
3 ▼ components: {
4    AddBlog,
5    },
6  };
```

3. 使用组件

```
▼ Vue 日复制代码

1 <add-blog></add-blog>
2
```

AddBlog.vue中绑定数据:

1. 获取输入框中的值:

2. 展示输入框中的值

3. 绑定选项

4. 创建选项数组

```
return {
blog: {
    title: "",
    content: "",
    categories: [],
    };
    创建选项数组
```

5. 遍历拿取数组中的值并展示

```
博客分类: 

v-for="category in blog.categories">{{ category }}
```

6. 创建作者数组

```
data() {
    return {
        blog: {
            title: "",
            content: "",
            categories: [],
        },
        authors: ["小明", "小红", "小张", "小李"],
        };
};
```

7. 遍历得到作者数组选项

8. 绑定作者

9. 创建博客作者

```
data() {
    return {
        blog: {
            title: "",
            content: "",
            categories: [],
            author: "",
        },
        authors: ["小明", "小红", "小张", "小李"],
        };
```

10. 创建提交按钮

绑定点击事件并阻止事件默认行为 (刷新页面)

添加方法名: post

```
<button v-on:click.prevent="post">添加博客</button>
```

11. 下载资源

npm install vue-resource --save

12. 引入模块

在main.js中:

```
main.js > ...

// The Vue build version to load with the 
// (runtime-only or standalone) has been 
import Vue from 'vue' 
import VueResource from 'vue-resource' 
import App from './App' 
import router from './router'

Vue.config.productionTip = false 
Vue.use(VueResource)

/* eslint-disable no new */ 
new Vue({ 
  el: '#app', 
  router, 
  components: { App }, 
  template: '<App/>' 
})
```

13. 实现post方法:

post 网址

https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/

https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/posts

```
JSON-handle
                                                                                                                                        ■ JSON:
        userId: 1
        ... id: 1
         title: sunt aut facere repellat provident occaecati excepturi optio reprehenderit
         body: quia et suscipit suscipit recusandae consequuntur expedita et cum reprehenderit molestiae ut ut quas totam nostrum rerum est autem su
       userId: 1
        ... id: 2
       🗕 🖟 🗠 🗀 🖟 body : 💮 est rerum tempore vitae sequi sint nihil reprehenderit dolor beatae ea dolores neque fugiat blanditiis voluptate porro vel
          userId: 1
         title: ea molestias quasi exercitationem repellat qui ipsa sit aut
         body: et iusto sed quo iure voluptatem occaecati omnis eligendi aut ad voluptatem doloribus vel accusantium quis pariatur molestiae porro eius
       userId: 1
         id: 4
         title: eum et est occaecati
          body: ullam et saepe reiciendis voluptatem adipisci sit amet autem assumenda provident rerum culpa quis hic commodi nesciunt rem tenetur dc
```

14. 判断是否提交

```
author: ,
],
authors: ["小明", "小红", "小张", "小李"],
submmited:false
};
```

```
methods: {
  post: function () {
    this.$http
        .post("https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/posts", {
        title: this.blog.title,
        body: this.blog.content,
        userId: 1,
        })
        .then(function (data) {
        console.log(data);
        this.submmited = true;
        }
},
```

```
| cdiv v-if="submmited"| | cdiv v-if="submited"| | cdiv v-if="submi
```

添加博客页面的样式

```
1 ▼ #add-blog * {
 2
        box-sizing: border-box;
 3
      }
 4 ▼ #add-blog {
 5
        margin: 20px auto;
       max-width: 600px;
 6
 7
        padding: 20px;
 8
     }
 9
10 ▼ label {
11
        display: block;
       margin: 20px 0 10px;
12
13
14
     input[type="text"],
15
    textarea,
16 ▼ select {
17
       display: block;
18
       width: 100%;
19
        padding: 8px;
20
21 ▼ textarea {
22
        height: 200px;
23
24 ▼ #checkboxes label {
25
        display: inline-block;
26
       margin-top: 0;
27
     }
28 ▼ #checkboxes input {
29
        display: inline-block;
30
        margin-right: 10px;
31
32 ▼ button {
33
        display: block;
34
       margin: 20px 0;
35
        background: crimson;
36
        border: none;
37
        color: #fff;
38
        padding: 14px;
39
        border-radius: 4px;
40
        font-size: 18px;
41
        cursor: pointer;
42
     }
43
44 ▼ #preview {
45
        padding: 10px 20px;
```

```
46    border: 1px dotted #ccc;
47    margin: 30px 0;
48    }
49 ▼ h3 {
50    margin-top: 10px;
51  }
```

展示博客并请求数据

1. 新建组件ShowBlog.vue

```
<template>

div id="show-blogs"></div>
</template>

<script>
export default {
    name: "show-blogs",
    ;;
</script>

<style>
#app {
    }
    </style>
2.
```

3. 在App.vue中引入新组件

```
| **Components | **C
```

3. 请求数据

```
created() {

// 请求数据

this.$http

.get("https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.
com/posts")

.then(function (data) {

console.log(data);
// 展示10个数据

data.body.slice(0, 10);

};

请求数据
```

4. 接收数据

```
data() {
    return {
        blogs: [], 存储在空数组中
        };
    },
        created() {
        // 请求数据
        this.$http
        .get("https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/posts")
        .then(function data) {
            console.log(data);
            // 展示10个数据
            this.blogs = data.body.slice(0, 10);
        },
        接收返回的数据
```

5. 调用数据

样式:

CSS D 复制代码

```
1 ▼ #show-blogs {
 2
       max-width: 800px;
 3
       margin: 0 auto;
 4
 5 ▼ .single-blog {
       padding: 20px;
 6
 7
       margin: 20px 0;
8
       box-sizing: border-box;
9
       background: #eee;
       border: 1px dotted #aaa;
10
11
12 ▼ #show-blogs a {
13
       color: #444;
14
       text-decoration: none;
15
16 ▼ input[type="text"] {
17
       padding: 8px;
18
       width: 100%;
19
       box-sizing: border-box;
20 ▼ }#show-blogs {
21
       max-width: 800px;
22
       margin: 0 auto;
23
24 ▼ .single-blog {
25
       padding: 20px;
26
       margin: 20px 0;
27
       box-sizing: border-box;
28
       background: #eee;
29
     }
```

自定义指令(钩子函数)

1. 使用自定义指令

<h2 v-rainbow {{ blog.title }}</h2

2. 在main.js中自定义指令

```
Vue.config.productionTip = false

Vue.use(VueResource)

//自定义指令

Vue.directive('rainbow', {
   bind(el, binding, vnode) {
        el.style.color = "#" + Math.random().toString(16).slice(2, 8);
      }
})
```

3. 自定义属性传参数

```
Vue.directive('theme', {
    bind(el, binding, vnode) {
        if (binding.value == 'wide') {
            el.style.maxWidth = '1260px';
        } else if (bind.value == 'narrow') {
            el.style.maxWidth = "560px";
        }
    }
}
```

```
<div id="show-blogs" v-theme:column="'narrow'">
```

```
Vue.directive('theme', {
  bind(el, binding, vnode) {
    if (binding.value == 'wide') {
        el.style.maxWidth = '1260px';
    } else if (binding.value == 'narrow') {
        el.style.maxWidth = "560px";
    }
    if (binding.arg == 'column') {
        el.style.background = '#6677cc';
        el.style.padding = '20px';
    }
}
```

展示博客页面的搜索功能

1. 将标题全转为大写

```
<h2 v-rainbow>{{ blog.title | to - uppercase }}</h2>
<article>

$$ **This blog **This
```

2. main.js自定义过滤器

在main.js中定义的是全局方法 所有组件都可以使用

3. 控制详情内容

定义过滤器

```
Vue.filter("snippet", function (value) [
return value.slice(0, 100) + "...";

切取数据后拼接省略号
```

4. 实现搜索效果

```
      <h1>博客总览</h1>

      <input type="text" placeholder="搜索" v-model="search" />

      <div class="single-blog" v-for="blog in filteredBlogs">

      <h2 v-rainbow>{{ blog.title | touppercase }}</h2>

      <article>

      <article>
```

match() 方法可在字符串内检索指定的值,或找到一个或多个正则表达式的匹配。 该方法类似 indexOf() 和 lastIndexOf(),但是它返回指定的值,而不是字符串的位置。

5. 定义局部方法

```
computed: { ...
},

filters: {
   touppercase: function (value) {
      return value.toUpperCase();
   },
},

;
/script>
```

es6:

6. 局部自定义指令

```
directives: {
   rainbow: {
     bind(el, binding, vnode) {
        el.style.color = "#" + Math.random().toString(16).slice(2, 8)
        ;
      }
   },
};
```

vue路由

npm install vue-router --save

- 1. 在main.js中引入路由
- 2. 使用路由

```
import Vue from 'vue'
import VueResource from 'vue-resource'
import VueRouter from 'vue-router'
import App from './App'
import router from './router'

Vue.config.productionTip = false
Vue.use(VueResource)
Vue.use(VueRouter)

使用
```

3. 创建routes.js

4. 在main.js中引入

```
import Vue from 'vue'
import VueResource from 'vue-resource'
import VueRouter from 'vue-router'
poort App from './App'
import Routes from './routes
```

5. 创建路由并使用

```
// 创建路由
const router = new VueRouter({
    routes: Routes
})

/* eslint-di: able no-new */
new Vue([
    el: '#app',
    components: { App },
    template: 'App/>',
    router: router
])
```

6. 将app.vue中更改为 <router-view></router-view>

```
<!-- <add-blog></add-blog> -->
<!-- <show-blog></show-blog> -->
<router-view></router-view>
```

```
45 // 创建路由
46 const router = new VueRouter({
47 routes: Routes,
48 mode: "history"
49 })
50 去掉路由的#号
```

7. 新建BlogHeader.vue组件

```
Vue 🕝 复制代码
     <template>
 2 🔻
       <nav>
 3 ▼
         <l
           <1i>>
 4 -
             <router-link to="/">博客</router-link>
 5 🔻
             <router-link to="/add">写博客</router-link>
 6 🔻
 7
           8
         9
       </nav>
10
     </template>
11
12 ▼ <script>
13 ▼ export default {
14
       name: "blog-header",
15
     };
16
     </script>
17
18 ▼ <style scoped>
19
     </style>
```

8. 在app.vue中引入组件

9. 使用组件

```
App.vue > () App.vue > ② template > ② div#app > ② blog-header < template > ③ cliv id="app" > ② template > ② cliv id="app" > ② template > ② template
```

10. 添加样式

```
<router-link to="/" exact | 博客</router-link>
    <router-link to="/add" exact>写博客</router-link>

scoped>
nav>
ul {
       list-style-type: none;
empla
ript>
ort d }
ame: li {
cript
yle s a {
       color: ☐#fff;
ist-s
ext-a
argin
      background: crimson;
ispla
arqin
       margin-bottom: 40px;
olor: .router-link-active {
       background: gpba(255, 255, 255, 0.8);
ext-d
       color: 🗌 #444;
addin
```

路由参数

1. 创建路由参数

2. 创建singleBlog组件

```
components > V SingleBiog.vue > () SingleBiog
```

3. 拿到路由id

```
name: "single-blog",
data() {
    return {
        // 拿到路由id
        id: this.$route.params.id,
        blog: {},
    };
},
```

```
▼ #single-blog {
2 max-width: 960px;
3 margin: 0 auto;
4 padding: 20px;
5 background: #eee;
6 border: 1px dotted #aaa;
7 }
```

4. 获取blog路由跳转id

提交数据信息

https://firebase.google.cn/

1. addBlog.vue修改post地址

2. 传递对象

3. 更改showBlog.vue的get地址

4. 将唯一标识转为id

5. 更改singleBlog.vue的地址

6. 处理数据

7. 展示数据

博客的编辑和删除功能

1. 绑定删除事件

```
        v-for="category in blog.categories">

        <button @click="deleteSingleBlog()"></button>
        </div>
```

2. 设定删除方法

3. 设置编辑

4. 设置路由

5. editBlog.vue和addBlog.vue内容差多

```
1 ▼ <template>
 2 🔻
       <div id="add-blog">
 3 ▼
         <h2>编辑博客</h2>
         <form v-if="!submmited">
4 -
5 ▼
           <label>博客标题</label>
           <input type="text" v-model="blog.title" required />
6
 7 -
           <label>博客内容</label>
8
           <textarea v-model="blog.content"></textarea>
9
10 -
           <div id="checkboxes">
11 -
             <label>vue.js</label>
12
             <input type="checkbox" value="vue.js" v-model="blog.categories"</pre>
     />
13 ▼
             <label>node.js</label>
             <input type="checkbox" value="node.js" v-model="blog.categories"</pre>
14
     />
15 ▼
             <label>react.js</label>
16
             <input type="checkbox" value="react.js" v-</pre>
     model="blog.categories" />
17 -
             <label>angular</label>
18
             <input type="checkbox" value="angular" v-model="blog.categories"</pre>
     />
19
           </div>
           <label>作者: </label>
20 -
21 -
           <select v-model="blog.author">
22 -
             <option v-for="author in authors">{{ author }}</option>
23
           </select>
24 -
           <button v-on:click.prevent="post">编辑博客</button>
25
         </form>
         <div v-if="submmited">
26 ▼
27 -
           <h3>您的博客发布成功! </h3>
28
         </div>
29 -
         <div id="preview">
30 ▼
           <h3>博客总览</h3>
           博客标题: {{ blog.title }}
31 ▼
32 ▼
           博客内容: 
33 ▼
           {{ blog.content }}
           博客分类: 
34 ▼
35 ▼
           ul>
36 ▼
             {{ category }}
37
           38 ▼
           作者: {{ blog.author }}
39
         </div>
       </div>
40
41
     </template>
```

```
42
43 ▼ <script>
44 ▼ export default {
45
       name: "add-blog",
46 ▼
       data() {
         return {
47 -
48 ▼
           blog: {
             title: "",
49
             content: "",
50
51
             categories: [],
52
             author: "",
53
            },
54
           authors: ["小明", "小红", "小张", "小李"],
55
           submmited: false,
56
         };
57
       },
       methods: {
58 ▼
59 ▼
         post: function () {
60
           this.$http
61
              post(
                "https://blog-ad61e-default-rtdb.firebaseio.com/posts.json",
62
63
                this.blog
64
             )
              .then(function (data) {
65 ▼
66
                console.log(data);
67
               this.submmited = true;
68
             });
69
         },
70
       },
71
     };
72
     </script>
73
74
     <!-- Add "scoped" attribute to limit CSS to this component only -->
75 ▼ <style scoped>
76 ▼ #add-blog * {
77
       box-sizing: border-box;
78
     }
79 ▼ #add-blog {
80
       margin: 20px auto;
81
       max-width: 600px;
82
       padding: 20px;
83
     }
84
85 ▼ label {
86
       display: block;
87
       margin: 20px 0 10px;
88
89
     input[type="text"],
```

```
90 textarea,
 91 ▼ select {
92
        display: block;
        width: 100%;
 93
        padding: 8px;
 94
95
 96 ▼ textarea {
 97
        height: 200px;
98
99 ▼ #checkboxes label {
        display: inline-block;
100
        margin-top: 0;
101
102
```

6. 设置编辑页面中加载博客数据

```
export default {
    name: "add-blog",
    data() {
    return {
        id: this.$route.params.id,
        blog: {
            title: "",
            content: "",
            categories: [],
            author: "",
        },
        authors: ["小明", "小红", "小张", "小李"],
        submmited: false,
    };
}

methods: {
    fetchData() {
        console.log(this.id);
    },
        created() {
        // 请求数据
        this.fetchData();
        },
        efault-rtdb.fire
}
```

7. 拿取数据

8. 赋值

9. 编辑完成put到数据库

axios替换vue-resource

1. 安装axios

npm install axios

2. addBlog.vue中引入axios

```
import axios from "axios";
export default {
  name: "add-blog",
  data() {
    return {
      blog: {
      title: "",
      content: "",
      categories: [],
      author: "",
```

3. 更改内容

```
methods: {
    post: function () {
        var _this = this;
        axios
        .post(
        "https://blog-ad61e-default-rtdb.
        firebaseio.com/posts.json",
        this.blog
        )
        .then(function (data) {
            console.log(data);
            _this.submmited = true;
        });
    },
},
```

es6箭头函数:

4. 更改showBlogs.vue

```
import axios from "axios";

export default {
    name: "show-blogs",
    data() {
        return {
            blogs: [],
            search: "",
            };
        },
        created() {
            // 请求数据
            axios
            .get("https://blog-ad61e-default-rtdb.firebaseio.com/posts.json")
            .then(function (data) []
            // console.log(data.json());
            // return data.json();
            return data.data;
        })
            .then((data) => {
                  var blogsArray = [];
                  // 得到唯一标识
                  data(key].id = key;
                  blogsArray.push(data[key]);
            }
                  // console.log(blogsArray);
                  this.blogs = blogsArray;
                  console.log(this.blogs);
            });
},
```

5. 更改SingleBlog.vue

6. 全局配置axios

```
import App from './App'
import Routes from './routes'
import axios from 'axios'

// 全局配置
axios.defaults.baseURL = 'https://blog-ad6le-default-rtdb.firebaseio.com';

Vue.config.productionTip = false
// Vue.use(VueResource)
Vue.use(VueRouter)
```

- 7. 其他文件中删除网址
- 8. 配置请求头

```
import Routes from './routes'
import axios from 'axios'

// 全局配置
axios.defaults.baseURL = 'https://blog-ad61e-default-rtdb.firebaseio.com';

// 配置请求头

// axios.defaults.headers.common['Authorization'] = 'Token'

// axios.defaults.headers.post['Content-type'] = 'application/urlencode'

// axios.defaults.headers.get['Accepts'] = 'application/json'
```

配置axios

```
axios-authjs > @ default
import axios from "axios";
const instance = axios.create({
    baseURL: 'https://blog-ad6le-default-rtdb.firebaseio.com'
}

instance.defaults.headers.common['SOMETHING'] = 'SOMETHING'
export default instance
```

```
<script>
import axios from "../axios-auth";
```