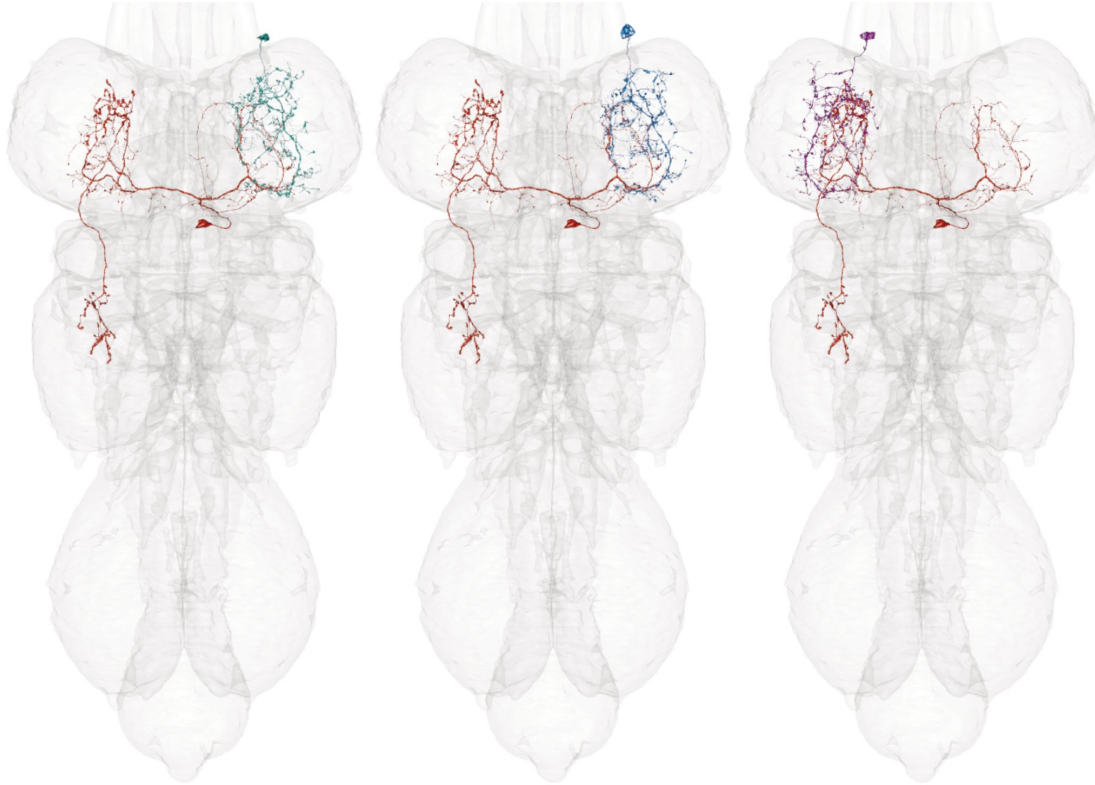


R club bits

- Structural connectivity
- WNN integration
- Pseudo-alignment topology/morphological metrics

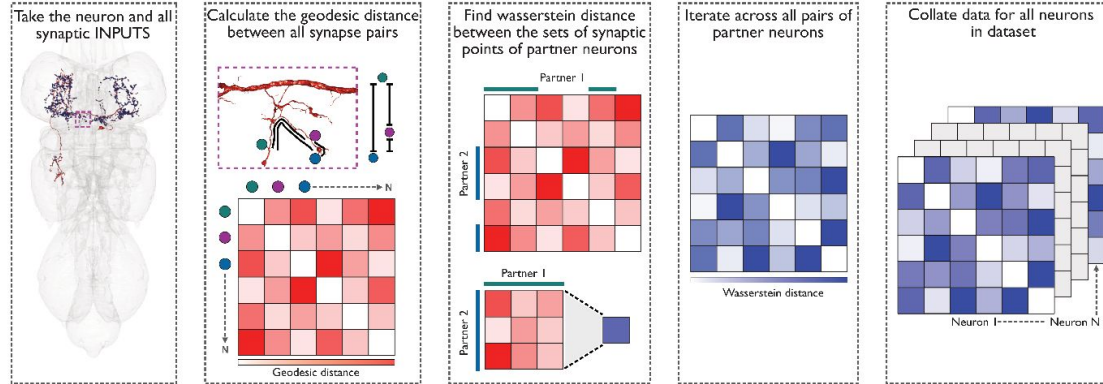
- Structural connectivity



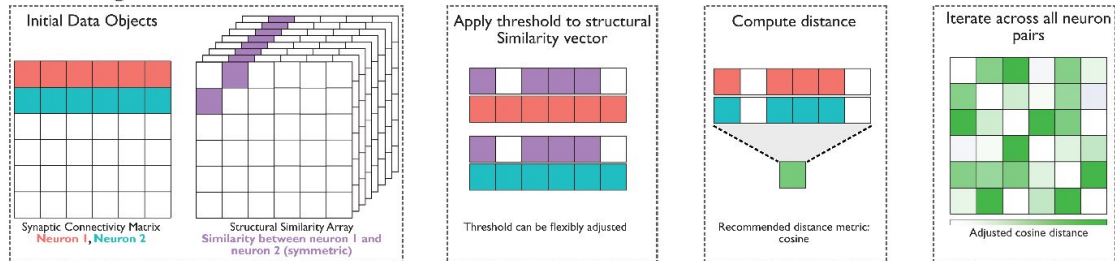
● Structural connectivity

Approach:

For each neuron:



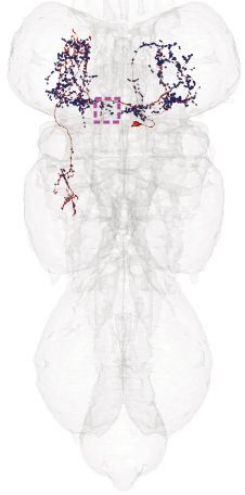
Dataset Integration:



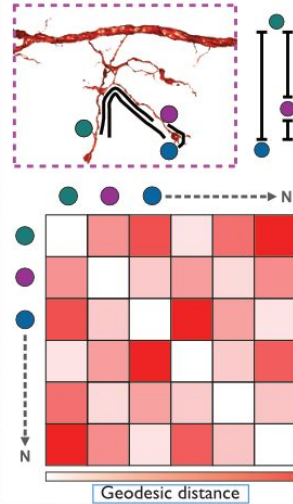
● Structural connectivity

Dataset preparation:

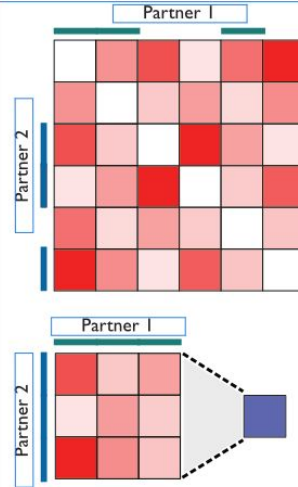
Take the neuron and all synaptic INPUTS



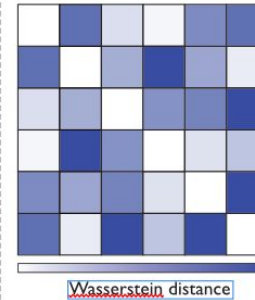
Calculate the geodesic distance between all synapse pairs



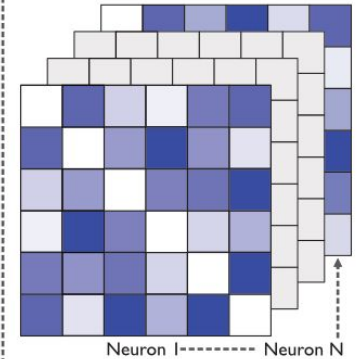
Find wasserstein distance between the sets of synaptic points of partner neurons



Iterate across all pairs of partner neurons

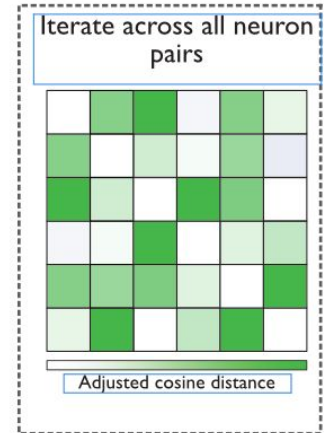
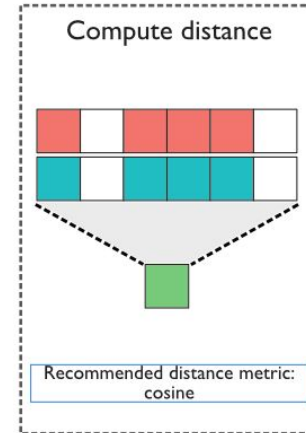
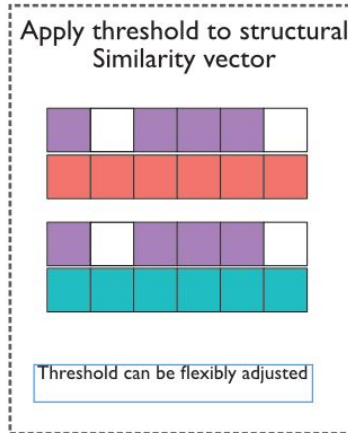
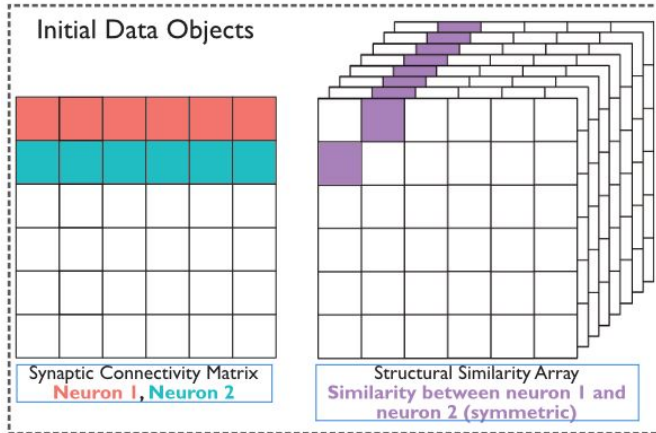


Collate data for all neurons in dataset

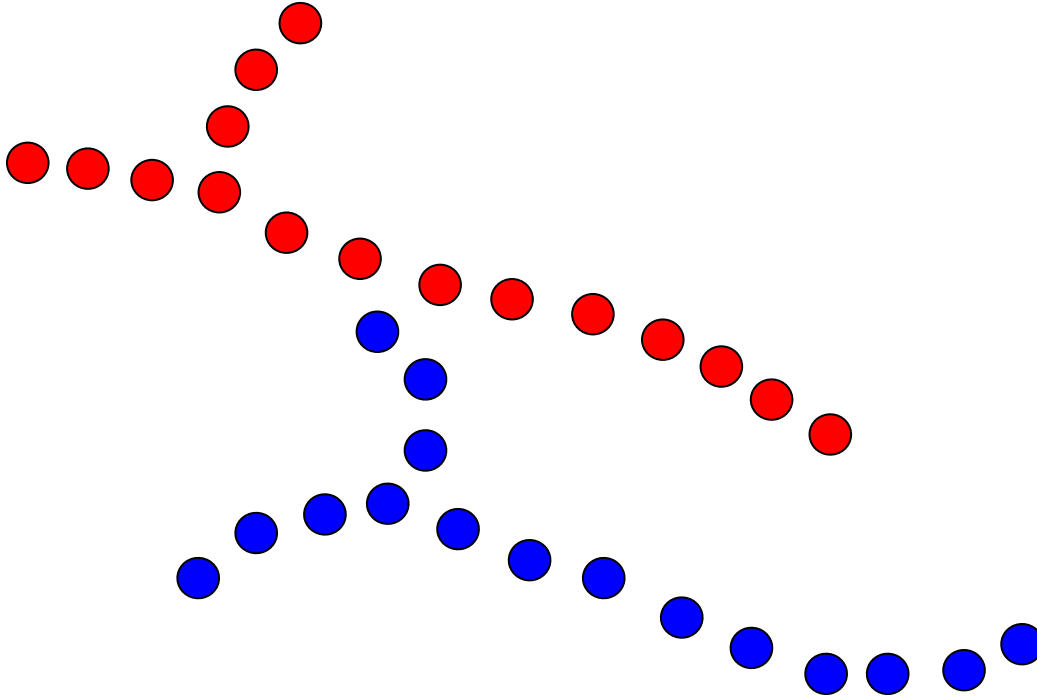


- Structural connectivity

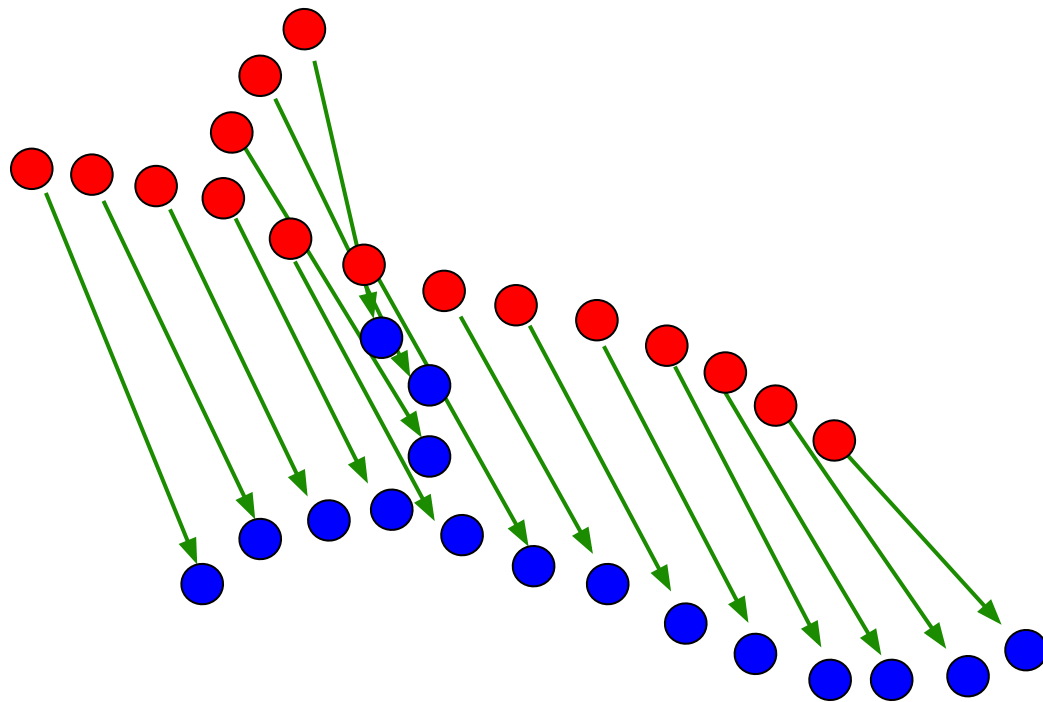
Dataset Integration:



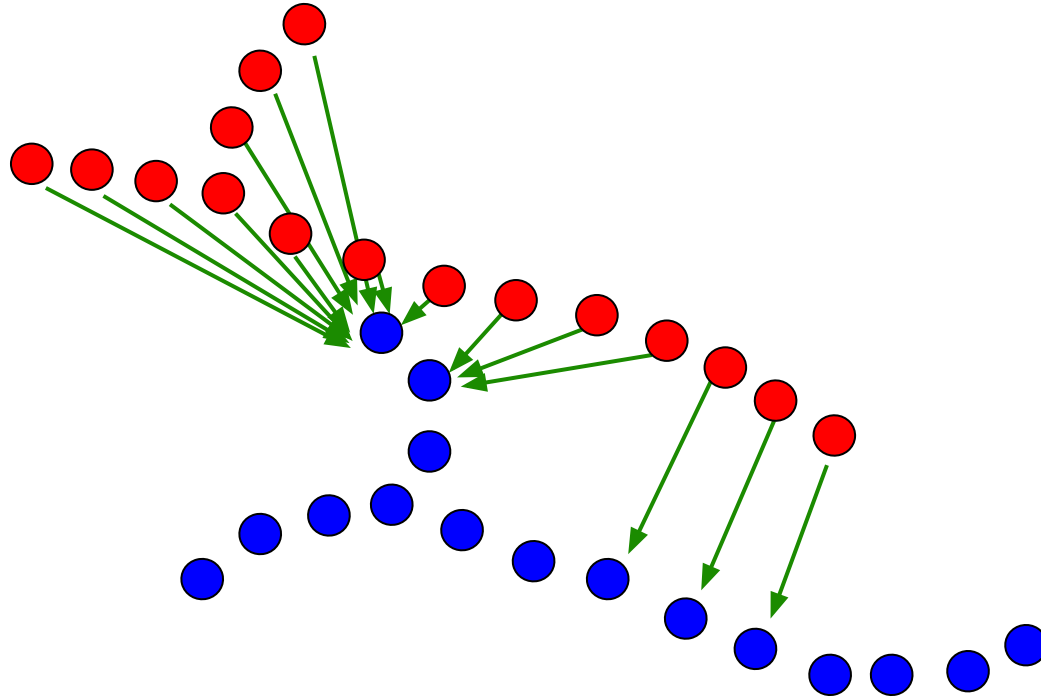
- Structural connectivity



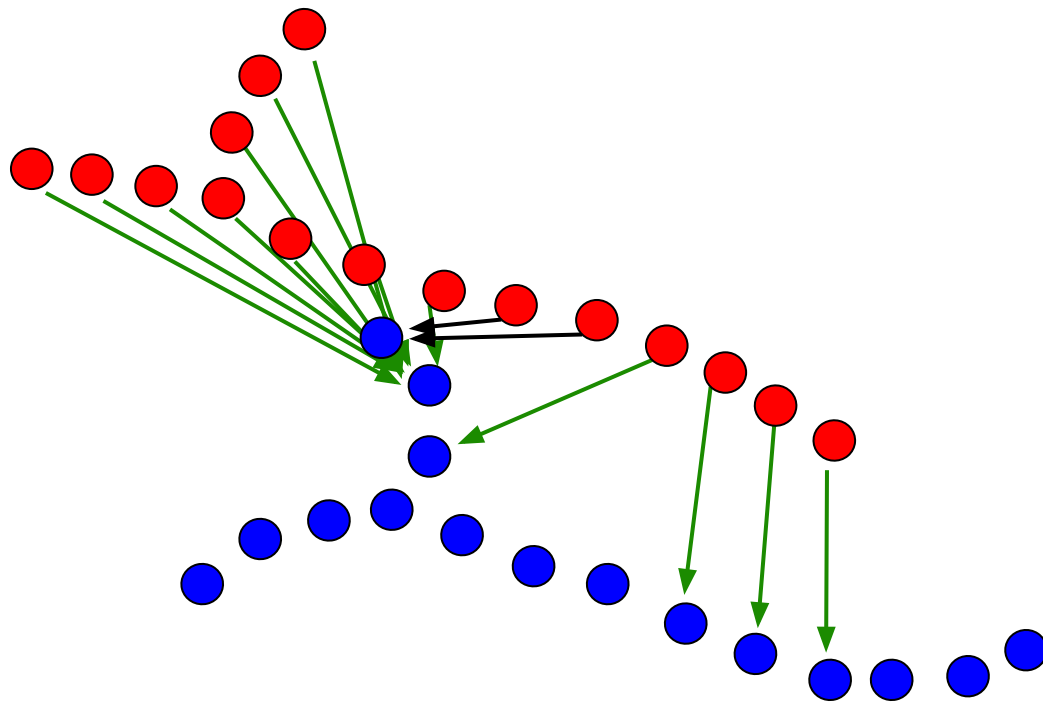
Structural connectivity - Wasserstein Distance



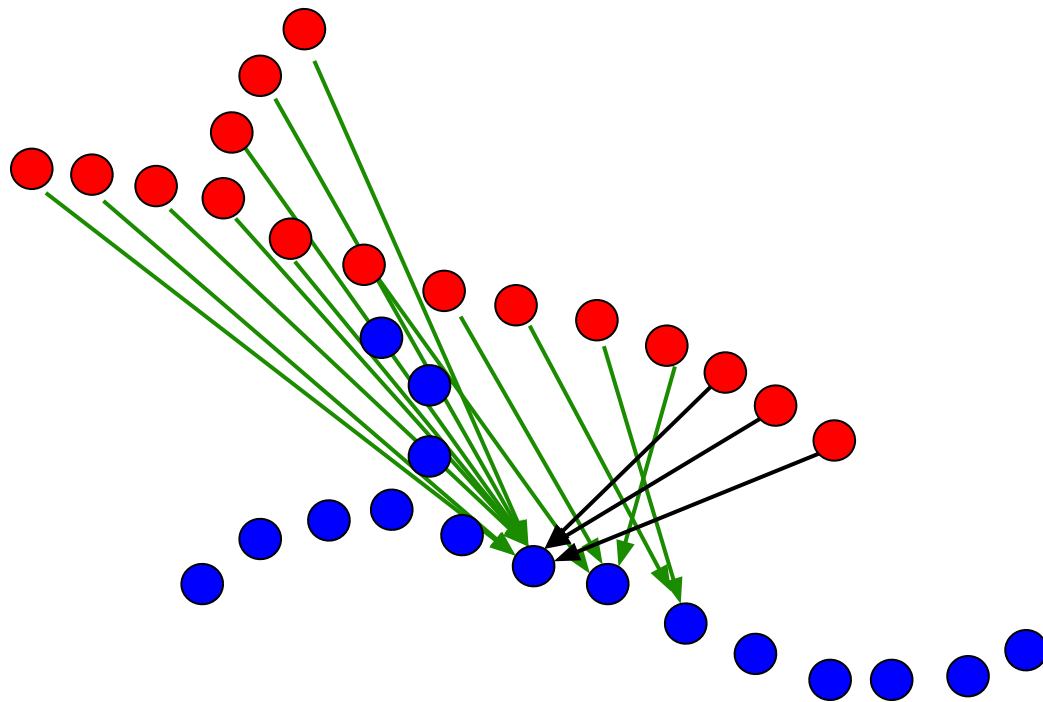
Structural connectivity - Minimum



Structural connectivity - 0.1 Quantile

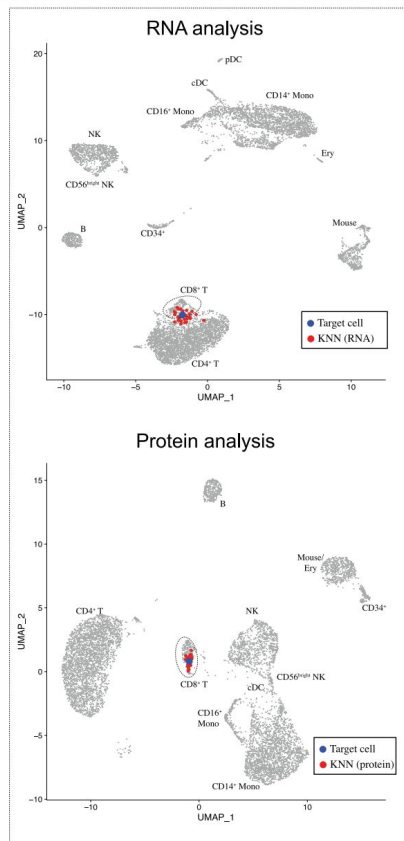


Structural connectivity - Median

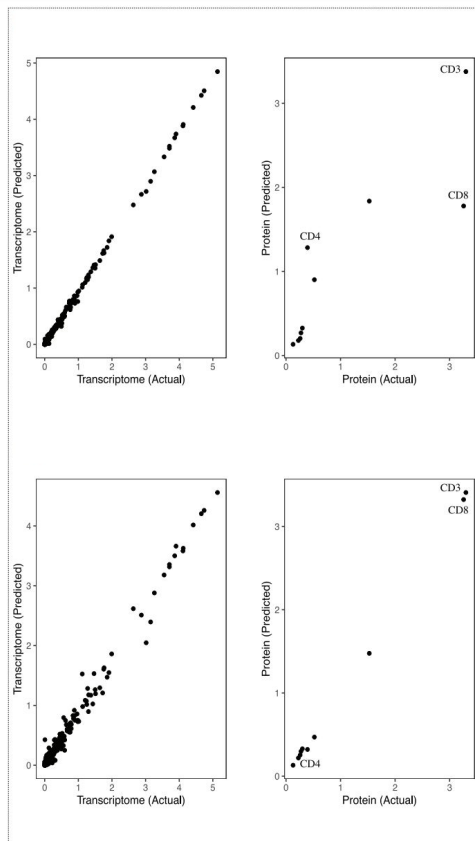


- WNN integration

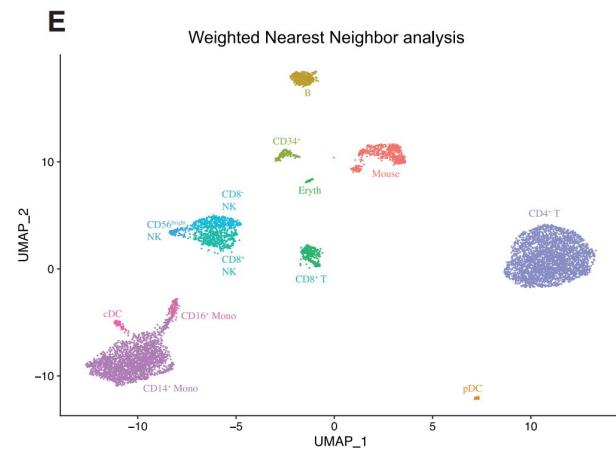
Billy - WNN



Predict cell from
RNA neighbors



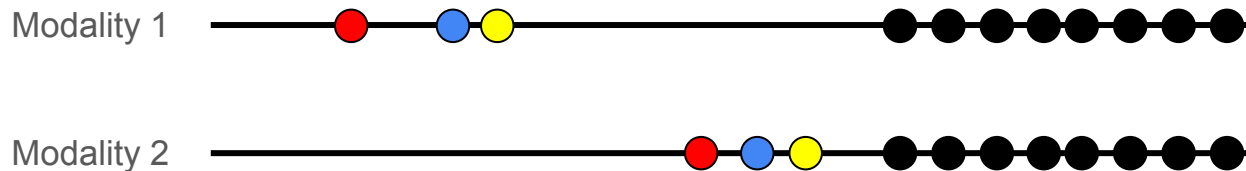
Predict cell from
protein neighbors



Billy - WNN

Complex:

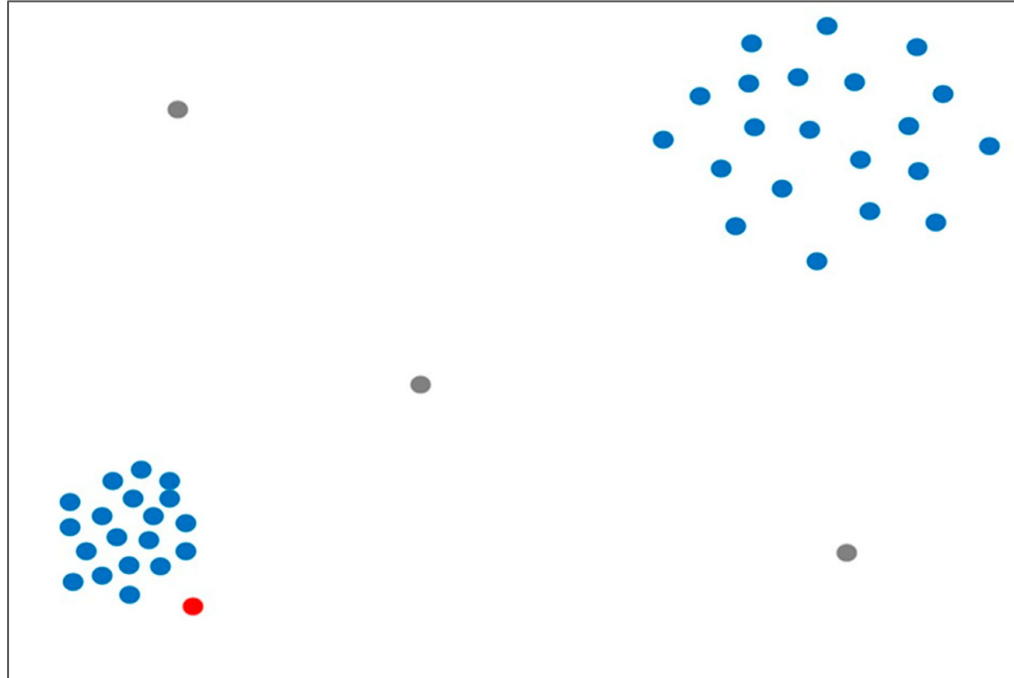
- Assumes that the “information” content of differing modalities is the same.



Billy - WNN LOF

LOF (local outlier factor)

- Inlier
- Outlier
- Local Outlier

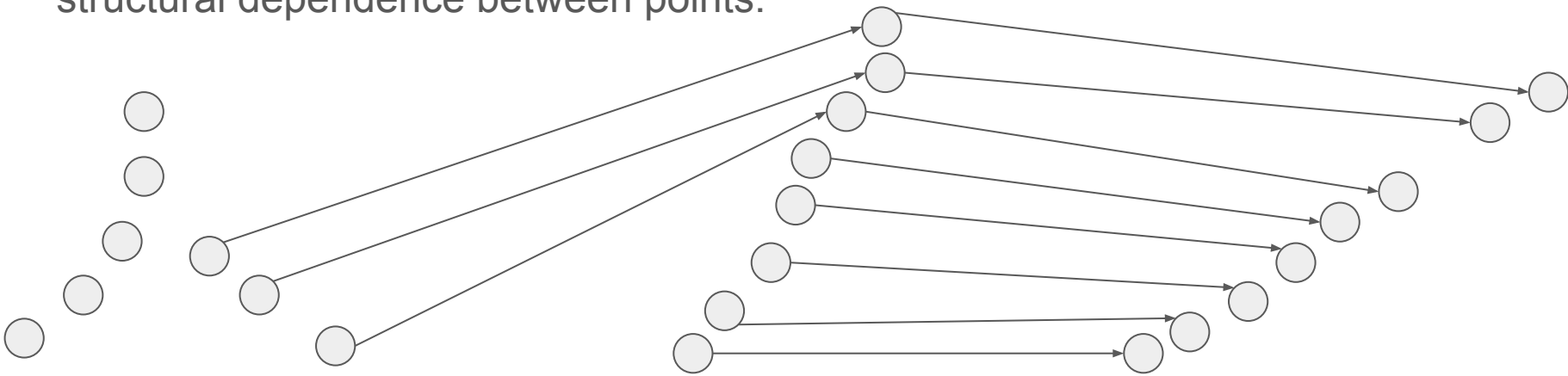


- Pseudo-alignment topology/morphological metrics

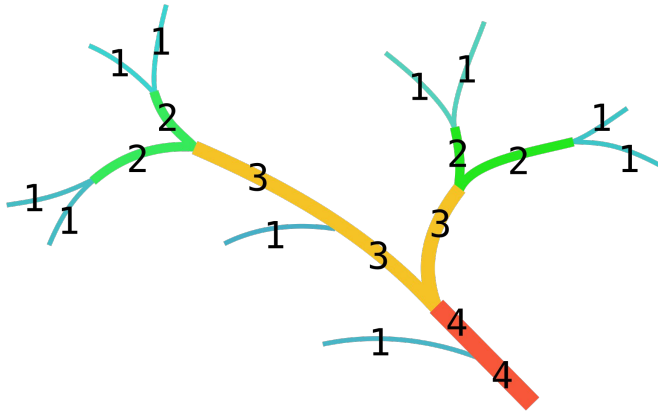
Billy - Morphological similarity

Previous efforts have looked to transform between neuromeres, but unfortunately have been fairly inconsistent.

Initially planned for a optimal transport (OT) based approach, however lacks structural dependence between points.

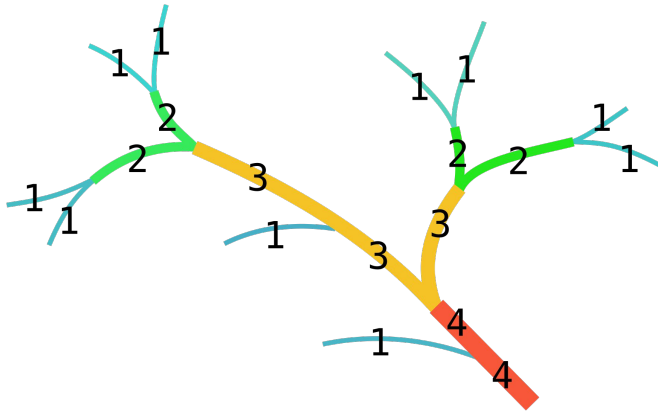


- Pseudo-alignment topology/morphological metrics



Strahler order - False lead

- Pseudo-alignment topology/morphological metrics



Strahler order - False lead