BAK Assessment Module 10b Working File. ALPHA LOADING



Q1.

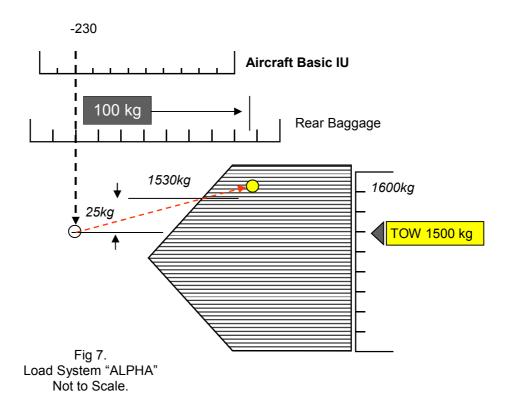
(2 marks)

Refer loading "ALPHA" chart. Given: TOW 1500 kg/IU –230.

The minimum ballast that must be added to the rear baggage area to bring the aircraft TOW CG within the acceptable loading envelope is ?

WORKING

Find "trend line" by adding say 100 kg to rear baggage, then see which weight the trend line crosses the forward envelope. In this case at about 1525 kg = round up to 30 kg in rear baggage area required.



Q2.

Q2. (2 marks)

Refer loading "ALPHA" chart. Given: ZFW 1300 kg/+70 IU.

The minimum baggage or ballast that needs to be loaded in the forward baggage compartment to bring the aircraft ZFW CG within the acceptable rear loading envelope is closest to?

WORKING

Find "trend line" by adding say 90 kg to forward baggage, then see which weight the trend line crosses the rear of the envelope. In this case at about 1320 kg = 20 kg in rear baggage area required.

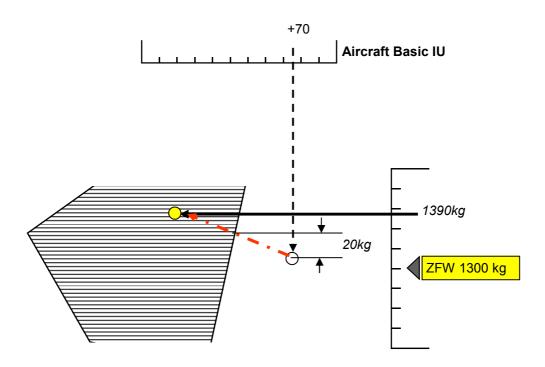


Fig 7. Load System "ALPHA" Not to Scale.

Q3.

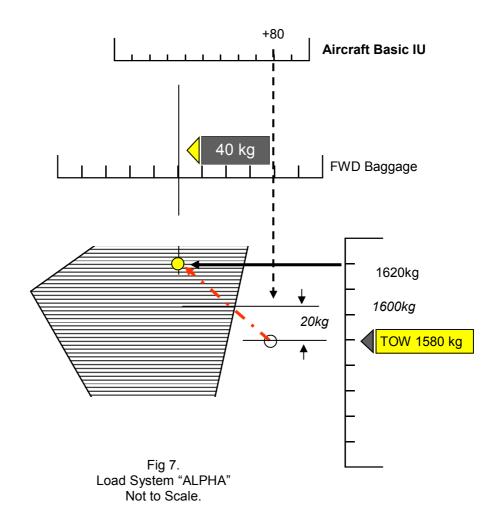
(2 marks)

Refer loading "ALPHA" chart. Given: TOW 1580 kg/+80 IU.

The minimum ballast that must be added to the nose baggage area to bring the aircraft CG within the loading envelope limit at takeoff is closest to?

WORKING

Find "trend line" by adding say 40 kg to forward baggage, then see which weight the trend line crosses the rear of the envelope. In this case at about 1600 kg = 20 kg in forward baggage area required.



Q4.

(2 marks)

Refer loading "ALPHA" chart. Given: TOW 1200 kg/-300 IU.

The minimum additional fuel required to bring the aircraft TOW CG within the forward loading envelope limit is closest to?

WORKING

"Trend line" is straight up because fuel in ALPHA does not move the C of G aft or forward. About 55 kg required (where vertical line crosses forward envelope).

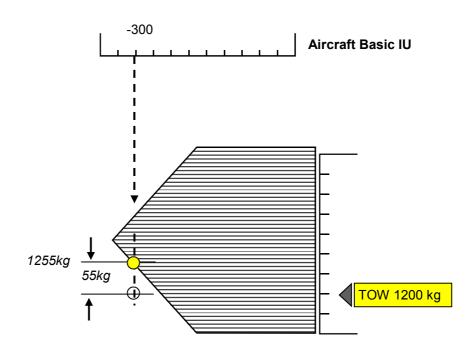


Fig 7. Load System "ALPHA" Not to Scale.

Q5.

(2 marks)

Refer loading "ALPHA" chart. Given: TOW 1200 kg/-330 IU.

The minimum additional passenger weight required in Row 2 (forward facing) to bring the aircraft CG within the forward loading envelope limit is closest to?

WORKING

Find "trend line" (in red) by adding say 150 kg to Row 1 forward facing zone, then see which weight the trend line crosses the front of the envelope. In this case at about 1240 kg = 40 kg minimum additional passenger weight is required. See diagram below.

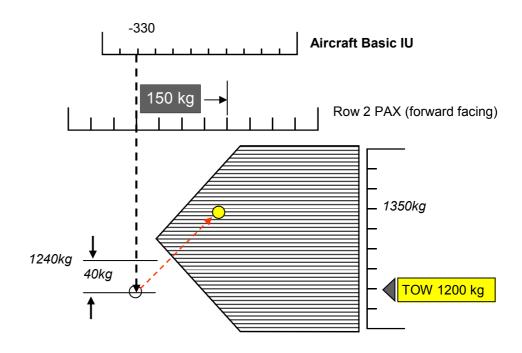


Fig 7. Load System "ALPHA" Not to Scale.

Q6.

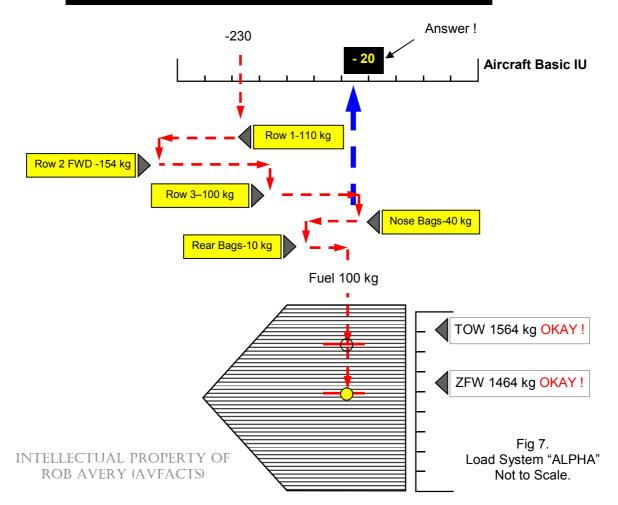
(3 marks) Refer Loading System "Alpha" in the VFR day Booklet. Given:

Basic empty weight 1050 kg/IU -230.

The GW (TOW) CG aft of the datum is closest to?

WORKING

Station	Weight (kg)
Aircraft BEW	1050
Pilot and front passenger (Row 1)	110
Forward Facing Centre Row Passengers (Row 2)	154
Passengers in rear row (Row 3)	100
Nose baggage area	40
Rear baggage area	10
ZFW	1464
Plus Fuel - 140 Litres (100 kg)	100
Take-off weight	1564



Q7.

(3 marks) Refer Loading System "Alpha" in the VFR day Booklet. Given:

Basic empty weight 1075 kg/IU –260. The TOW CG is closest to ?

WORKING

Station	Weight (kg)
Aircraft BEW	1075
Pilot and front passenger (Row 1)	150
AFT Facing Centre Row Passengers (Row 2)	154
Passengers in rear row (Row 3)	125
Nose baggage area	25
Rear baggage area	_
ZFW	1529
Plus Fuel - 113 Litres (80 kg)	80
Take-off weight	1609

-260 Answer! Aircraft Basic IU Row 1-150 kg Row 2 AFT -154 kg Row 3-125 kg Nose Bags-25 kg Rear Bags-Nil Fuel 80 kg TOW 1609 kg OKAY! ZFW 1529 kg OKAY! Fig 7. Load System "ALPHA" Not to Scale. INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OF ROB AVERY (AVFACTS)

Not to Scale.

Q8.

Q8. (5 marks)

Given:

- Basic Operating Weight is 1060/-280 IU.
- Fuel load Full tanks.
- Pilot weight 75 kg.
- Row 1 passenger weight 50 kg.

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The minimum ballast that must be loaded in any area to bring the CG within the forward CG envelope limit is closest to ?

WORKING Station Weight (kg) Aircraft BEW 1060 125 Pilot and front passenger (Row 1) Forward Centre Row Passengers (Row 2) Nil Passengers in rear row (Row 3) Nil Nose baggage area Nil Rear baggage area Nil **ZFW** 1185 Plus Fuel - 365 Litres (252 kg) 252 Take-off weight 1437 < 1633 kg OKAY! -280 Aircraft Basic IU Draw in "trend lines for say 100 kg from Row 1-125 kg ZFW and TOW positions. Whichever is the larger is the ballast to load. In this Row 2 NIL case at TOW (40 kg). New TOW is therefore 1477 kg - See diagram. Row 3 NIL NOTE: Check adding this does not ex-Nose Bags NIL ceed MTOW of 1633 kg. It does NOT, so OKAY!! Rear Bags NIL Fuel 252 kg TOW 1537 kg 40 kg TOW 1437 kg ZFW 1285 kg 1195 kg 10 kg ZFW 1185 kg Fig 7. Load System "ALPHA"

Q9.

(5 marks) Given:

- Basic Operating Weight is 1050/-240 IU.
- Pilot weight 75 kg.
- Row 1 passenger weight 70 kg.
- Row 2 (forward facing) passengers total 154 kg.
- Rear baggage area Maximum weight allowed.
- Nose baggage area 20 kg.

The maximum fuel that can be loaded while keeping the CG within the forward CG envelope limit is closest to?

WORKING Station Weight (kg) Plot ZFW position, then draw Aircraft BEW 1050 a vertical line (representing 145 fuel being added), until it in-Pilot and front passenger (Row 1) tersects with the forward en-Forward Centre Row Passengers (Row 2) 154 velope limit - at about 1625 Passengers in rear row (Row 3) Nil kg in this case. See diagram below. Nose baggage area 20 Rear baggage area 45 ZFW 1414 Subtract ZFW of 1414 kg from TOW of 1625 kg to get max fuel that may be loaded = 211 kg. Answer!! -240 Aircraft Basic IU For BAK exam round down to 200 kg to be conservative. INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OF Row 1-145 kg ROB AVERY (AVFACTS) Row 2 - 154 kg Row 3 NIL Nose Bags 20 kg Rear Bags 45 kg Fuel ?? kg TOW 1625 kg Max fuel 211 kg ZFW 1414 kg Fig 7. Load System "ALPHA" Not to Scale.

End of BAK Assessment Module 10b Working File.