The bal manual

Zach Flynn

bal is an extensible tool for keeping accounts in order and studying past spending habits. This manual gives a basic overview of the package and provides a full reference manual to the various Guile Scheme functions bal exposes.

Copyright (c) 2018 Zach Flynn. Permission is granted to copy, distribute and/or modify this document under the terms of the GNU Free Documentation License, Version 1.3 or any later version published by the Free Software Foundation; with no Invariant Sections, no Front-Cover Texts, and no Back-Cover Texts. A copy of the license is included in the section entitled "GNU Free Documentation License".

26 October 2018

1. Introduction

bal is an extensible personal account manager, recording all the good, bad, terrible, and mundane financial decisions you make and helping you plan for the future. It is extensible because its prompt is simply a Guile Scheme interpreter (where you don't enclose the outer S-expression in parenthesis) so it can execute arbitrary code on your transactions. It has a built-in function for making Scheme functions interactive that allows you to specify that the function takes "accounts" or "transactions" (which are simply Scheme lists with certain values) as arguments and have the user select the account or transaction from a menu.

The main interface is a command prompt interface using the Scheme interpreter with some built-in C functions that can be called from Scheme, but of course, other interfaces could be developed by running Scheme code at the interpreter.

This document describes basic usage of **bal** using the built-in functions and gives a full reference manual to the functions that are available from Scheme to aid in writing your own code to automate whatever tasks your financial life needs automated (for example, a script to update the value of your stock or mutual fund holdings by fetching the latest prices from the internet).

2. Data types

There are two data types in bal of interest to programming it in Scheme: the account and the transaction. This brief section discusses the key concepts.

Transaction and Account Numbers. Each transaction has a "coordinate" given by the pair (cons account_number transaction_number). Transactions and accounts are numbered starting at 0, accounts are numbered in the order in which they were created, and transactions are in chronological order by day. Transaction number is the element number in the list returned by (bal/get-all-transactions account_name). Account number is the element number of the account in the list returned by (bal/get-all-accounts).

Accounts in Scheme. When Scheme functions return accounts they do so as a four-element list, (account_name account_type number_of_transactions opening_balance)

Transactions in Scheme. When Scheme functions return transactions they do so as a five-element list, (description amount year month day)

3. Interactive functions

The command prompt is a Scheme interpreter except that the outer-most S expression should not be enclosed in parenthesis to save on typing. This section describes the "interactive functions" - functions that can be entered without arguments at the prompt and then prompt the user for options - available in bal.

3.1. Functions to add accounts and transactions

- (aa) Add account. Prompts for the name of the account, the kind of account it is, and its opening balance.
- (at) Add transaction. Prompts for the account to add the transaction to, the amount of the transaction, a description of the transaction, and when the transaction was made.
- (t) Add a transfer between accounts. This is the most commonly-used command because most financial events involve a transaction taking money from one account and another transaction putting money in the other. Prompts for the "from" and "to" accounts, the amount of the transfer, a description of the transaction, and when the transaction took place.

3.2. Functions to edit accounts transactions

- (ea) Rename account.
- (et [n]) Edit transaction. Prompts for the transaction to edit and all the various properties of a transaction as if you were adding the transaction anew. Entering nothing for a cateogry leaves it unchanged. Optionally, include a different number of transactions than the default to show when prompting for the transaction (any transaction number can be entered even if it is not displayed in the menu; the menu is just a convenience).
- (da) Delete account.
- (dt) Delete transaction.

3.3. Functions to print account and transaction information

- (la) Lists all accounts and their present and future balances.
- (1t) Lists the most recent transaction in the current account. The number of transactions to list is set by the Scheme variable bal/number-to-quick-list so entering the following at the prompt will change the number to list: set! bal/number-to-quick-list NUM
- (ltn) The same as (lt) except that it prompts for the number to list and for the account to list the transactions from.
- (1tbd) list transactions in current account by day, prompting for the first and last day to show.
- (bt) List total balances in Expense, Income, Asset, and Liability accounts and total Worth (Asset+Liability) versus Opening Balances for all accounts.
- (re) Search for transactions in the current account with a description that matches a regular expression (prompted for).

3.4. Utility functions

- (sa) Set current account.
- (ca) Print current account.
- (w) Write account to file (prompted for name).
- (r) Read saved accounts from file.
- (p X) Print the Scheme object X.
- (v) Print out the bal version.
- (q) quit bal

4. Creating interactive functions

To create interactive functions, use the Scheme function

(bal/call func options)

func is a string giving the function name to call, and options is a list of pairs containing (in its car) the prompt to give the user and the type of the argument to require (in its cdr). The following types are recognized in **bal.**

— string - the option will be treated as a string in the function call

- account the option will be to select an *existing* account (the name of which will be passed as a string to the function call).
- current_account the name of the current account will be passed as a string (the user will not see a prompt for this option).
- type prompt to select an account type (Asset, Liability, Income, Expense).
- transaction prompt to select an existing transaction, passed as a pair giving the account number and the transaction number.
- daystr prompt to select a year, a month, and a day, passed as a string in YYYY-MM-DD format.
- day prompt to select a year, a month, and a day, passed as a list with three integers in the following order: day, month, year.
- other passed exactly as entered (the user can enter any Scheme expression and it will just be copied as an argument to the function).

Example. The interactive function (t) creates a transfer from one account to another account. It is written in the following way,

bal/t is also a Scheme function. It adds a negative transactions to the "from account" and a positive transaction to the "to account". Its source is.

5. Non-interactive functions

- (bal/at account amount desc day) adds a transaction to an account where account is the name of the account, amount is the amount of the transaction, desc is a string describing the transaction, and day gives the day of the transaction in YYYY-MM-DD format.
- (bal/aa name type ob) adds a new account with name name and type is one of ("expense", "income", "asset", "liability") and gives the type of the account and ob gives the opening balance for the account.
- (bal/et (cons account_number transaction_number)) edits transaction located at account_number and transaction_number with interactive prompts for what to modify. To programmatically modify transactions, delete and add the transaction with bal/dt and bal/at.
- (bal/ea current_account_name new_name) rename account from current_account_name to new_name.

- (bal/da account_name) delete account with name account_name.
- (bal/dt (cons account_number transaction_number)) delete transaction.
- (bal/get-current-account) returns a string with the name of the current account.
- (bal/get-number-of-accounts) return the number of accounts.
- (bal/get-transactions account_name how_many) Return how_many of the latest transactions from account with account_name.
- (bal/get-all-transactions account_name) Return all transactions from account_name. Each transaction is a five element list with elements (description, amount, year, month, day).
- (bal/get-transactions-by-regex account_name regex) Return all transactions from account_name with descriptions that match
- (bal/get-account account_name) Returns the account with name account_name, a four element list, (name,type_of_account,number_transactions,opening_balance).
- (bal/get-all-accounts) Returns a list of all the accounts where each account is a four element list, (name, type of account, number transactions, opening balance).
- (bal/get-transaction-by-location account_num transact_num) Returns the transaction at account number and transaction number, a five-element list (description, amount, year, month, day).
- (bal/get-account-by-location account_num) Return account corresponding to account_num.
- (bal/get-transactions-by-day account_name first_day last_day) Return a list of transactions between the first_day and last_day within the account with name daysaccount_name. Both
- (bal/total-account account_name) Returns the sum of all transactions within the account with name, account_name.
- (bal/total-all-accounts) Returns a list of pairs where each pair has in its car the name
 of the account and in its cdr the sum of all transactions within that account.
- (bal/total-by-account-type) Returns a list of pairs which have in their car the name of
 the account type (Income, Expense, Asset, Liability), "Worth" (Assets + Liabilities), and "Balances"
 (for total opening balances) and in its cdr the total sum of transactions within each account type.
- (bal/set-account account_name) Sets the current account to account_name.
- (bal/write file) Writes all accounts to file.
- (bal/read file) Read in accounts from file.
- (bal/get-current-file) Returns the name of the current default save file.
- (bal/set-select-transact-number num) Sets number of transactions to show when selecting a transaction to num. On any transaction selection screen you can enter any transaction number whether it is displayed.
- (bal/v) Returns a string giving the version of bal.
- (bal/t to_account from_account amount desc day) Transfers from from_account to to_account a transaction in amount with description desc on day (in YYYY-MM-DD format) day.

6. GNU Free Documentation License

GNU Free Documentation License Version 1.3, 3 November 2008

Copyright (C) 2000, 2001, 2002, 2007, 2008 Free Software Foundation, Inc. Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this license document, but changing it is not allowed.

0. PREAMBLE

The purpose of this License is to make a manual, textbook, or other functional and useful document "free" in the sense of freedom: to assure everyone the effective freedom to copy and redistribute it, with or without modifying it, either commercially or noncommercially. Secondarily, this License preserves for the author and publisher a way to get credit for their work, while not being considered responsible for modifications made by others.

This License is a kind of "copyleft", which means that derivative works of the document must themselves be free in the same sense. It complements the GNU General Public License, which is a copyleft license designed for free software.

We have designed this License in order to use it for manuals for free software, because free software needs free documentation: a free program should come with manuals providing the same freedoms that the software does. But this License is not limited to software manuals; it can be used for any textual work, regardless of subject matter or whether it is published as a printed book. We recommend this License principally for works whose purpose is instruction or reference.

1. APPLICABILITY AND DEFINITIONS

This License applies to any manual or other work, in any medium, that contains a notice placed by the copyright holder saying it can be distributed under the terms of this License. Such a notice grants a world-wide, royalty-free license, unlimited in duration, to use that work under the conditions stated herein. The "Document", below, refers to any such manual or work. Any member of the public is a licensee, and is addressed as "you". You accept the license if you copy, modify or distribute the work in a way requiring permission under copyright law.

A "Modified Version" of the Document means any work containing the Document or a portion of it, either copied verbatim, or with modifications and/or translated into another language.

A "Secondary Section" is a named appendix or a front-matter section of the Document that deals exclusively with the relationship of the publishers or authors of the Document to the Document's overall subject (or to related matters) and contains nothing that could fall directly within that overall subject. (Thus, if the Document is in part a textbook of mathematics, a Secondary Section may not explain any mathematics.) The relationship could be a matter of historical connection with the subject or with related matters, or of legal, commercial, philosophical, ethical or political position regarding them.

The "Invariant Sections" are certain Secondary Sections whose titles are designated, as being those of Invariant Sections, in the notice that says that the Document is released under this License. If a section does not fit the above definition of Secondary then it is not allowed to be designated as Invariant. The Document may contain zero Invariant Sections. If the Document does not identify any Invariant Sections then there are none.

The "Cover Texts" are certain short passages of text that are listed, as Front-Cover Texts or Back-Cover Texts, in the notice that says that the Document is released under this License. A Front-Cover Text may be at most 5 words, and a Back-Cover Text may be at most 25 words.

A "Transparent" copy of the Document means a machine-readable copy, represented in a format whose specification is available to the general public, that is suitable for revising the document straightforwardly with generic text editors or (for images composed of pixels) generic paint programs or (for drawings) some widely available drawing editor, and that is suitable for input to text formatters or for automatic translation to a variety of formats suitable for input to text formatters. A copy made in an otherwise Transparent file format whose markup, or absence of markup, has been arranged to thwart or discourage subsequent modification by readers is not Transparent. An image format is not Transparent if used for any substantial amount of text. A copy that is not "Transparent" is called "Opaque".

Examples of suitable formats for Transparent copies include plain ASCII without markup, Texinfo input format, LaTeX input format, SGML or XML using a publicly available DTD, and standard-conforming simple HTML, PostScript or PDF designed for human modification. Examples of transparent image formats include PNG, XCF and JPG. Opaque formats include proprietary formats that can be read and edited only by proprietary word processors, SGML or XML for which the DTD and/or processing tools are not generally available, and the machine-generated HTML, PostScript or PDF produced by some word processors for output purposes only.

The "Title Page" means, for a printed book, the title page itself, plus such following pages as are needed to hold, legibly, the material this License requires to appear in the title page. For works in formats which do not have any title page as such, "Title Page" means the text near the most prominent appearance of the work's title, preceding the beginning of the body of the text.

The "publisher" means any person or entity that distributes copies of the Document to the public.

A section "Entitled XYZ" means a named subunit of the Document whose title either is precisely XYZ or contains XYZ in parentheses following text that translates XYZ in another language. (Here XYZ stands for a specific section name mentioned below, such as "Acknowledgements", "Dedications", "Endorsements", or "History".) To "Preserve the Title" of such a section when you modify the Document means that it remains a section "Entitled XYZ" according to this definition.

The Document may include Warranty Disclaimers next to the notice which states that this License applies to the Document. These Warranty Disclaimers are considered to be included by reference in this License, but only as regards disclaiming warranties: any other implication that these Warranty Disclaimers may have is void and has no effect on the meaning of this License.

2. VERBATIM COPYING

You may copy and distribute the Document in any medium, either commercially or noncommercially, provided that this License, the copyright notices, and the license notice saying this License applies to the Document are reproduced in all copies, and that you add no other conditions whatsoever to those of this License. You may not use technical measures to obstruct or control the reading or further copying of the copies you make or distribute. However, you may accept compensation in exchange for copies. If you distribute a large enough number of copies you must also follow the conditions in section 3.

You may also lend copies, under the same conditions stated above, and you may publicly display copies.

3. COPYING IN QUANTITY

If you publish printed copies (or copies in media that commonly have printed covers) of the Document, numbering more than 100, and the Document's license notice requires Cover Texts, you must enclose the copies in covers that carry, clearly and legibly, all these Cover Texts: Front-Cover Texts on the front cover, and Back-Cover Texts on the back cover. Both covers must also clearly and legibly identify you as the publisher of these copies. The front cover must present the full title with all words of the title equally

prominent and visible. You may add other material on the covers in addition. Copying with changes limited to the covers, as long as they preserve the title of the Document and satisfy these conditions, can be treated as verbatim copying in other respects.

If the required texts for either cover are too voluminous to fit legibly, you should put the first ones listed (as many as fit reasonably) on the actual cover, and continue the rest onto adjacent pages.

If you publish or distribute Opaque copies of the Document numbering more than 100, you must either include a machine-readable Transparent copy along with each Opaque copy, or state in or with each Opaque copy a computer-network location from which the general network-using public has access to download using public-standard network protocols a complete Transparent copy of the Document, free of added material. If you use the latter option, you must take reasonably prudent steps, when you begin distribution of Opaque copies in quantity, to ensure that this Transparent copy will remain thus accessible at the stated location until at least one year after the last time you distribute an Opaque copy (directly or through your agents or retailers) of that edition to the public.

It is requested, but not required, that you contact the authors of the Document well before redistributing any large number of copies, to give them a chance to provide you with an updated version of the Document.

4. MODIFICATIONS

You may copy and distribute a Modified Version of the Document under the conditions of sections 2 and 3 above, provided that you release the Modified Version under precisely this License, with the Modified Version filling the role of the Document, thus licensing distribution and modification of the Modified Version to whoever possesses a copy of it. In addition, you must do these things in the Modified Version:

- A. Use in the Title Page (and on the covers, if any) a title distinct from that of the Document, and from those of previous versions (which should, if there were any, be listed in the History section of the Document). You may use the same title as a previous version if the original publisher of that version gives permission.
- B. List on the Title Page, as authors, one or more persons or entities responsible for authorship of the modifications in the Modified Version, together with at least five of the principal authors of the Document (all of its principal authors, if it has fewer than five), unless they release you from this requirement.
- C. State on the Title page the name of the publisher of the Modified Version, as the publisher.
- D. Preserve all the copyright notices of the Document.
- E. Add an appropriate copyright notice for your modifications adjacent to the other copyright notices.
- F. Include, immediately after the copyright notices, a license notice giving the public permission to use the Modified Version under the terms of this License, in the form shown in the Addendum below.
- G. Preserve in that license notice the full lists of Invariant Sections and required Cover Texts given in the Document's license notice.
- H. Include an unaltered copy of this License.
- I. Preserve the section Entitled "History", Preserve its Title, and add to it an item stating at least the title, year, new authors, and publisher of the Modified Version as given on the Title Page. If there is no section Entitled "History" in the Document, create one stating the title, year, authors, and publisher of the Document as given on its Title Page, then add an item describing the Modified Version as stated in the previous

sentence.

- J. Preserve the network location, if any, given in the Document for public access to a Transparent copy of the Document, and likewise the network locations given in the Document for previous versions it was based on. These may be placed in the "History" section. You may omit a network location for a work that was published at least four years before the Document itself, or if the original publisher of the version it refers to gives permission.
- K. For any section Entitled "Acknowledgements" or "Dedications", Preserve the Title of the section, and preserve in the section all the substance and tone of each of the contributor acknowledgements and/or dedications given therein.
- L. Preserve all the Invariant Sections of the Document, unaltered in their text and in their titles. Section numbers or the equivalent are not considered part of the section titles.
- M. Delete any section Entitled "Endorsements". Such a section may not be included in the Modified Version.
- N. Do not retitle any existing section to be Entitled "Endorsements" or to conflict in title with any Invariant Section.
- O. Preserve any Warranty Disclaimers.

If the Modified Version includes new front-matter sections or appendices that qualify as Secondary Sections and contain no material copied from the Document, you may at your option designate some or all of these sections as invariant. To do this, add their titles to the list of Invariant Sections in the Modified Version's license notice. These titles must be distinct from any other section titles.

You may add a section Entitled "Endorsements", provided it contains nothing but endorsements of your Modified Version by various parties--for example, statements of peer review or that the text has been approved by an organization as the authoritative definition of a standard.

You may add a passage of up to five words as a Front-Cover Text, and a passage of up to 25 words as a Back-Cover Text, to the end of the list of Cover Texts in the Modified Version. Only one passage of Front-Cover Text and one of Back-Cover Text may be added by (or through arrangements made by) any one entity. If the Document already includes a cover text for the same cover, previously added by you or by arrangement made by the same entity you are acting on behalf of, you may not add another; but you may replace the old one, on explicit permission from the previous publisher that added the old one.

The author(s) and publisher(s) of the Document do not by this License give permission to use their names for publicity for or to assert or imply endorsement of any Modified Version.

5. COMBINING DOCUMENTS

You may combine the Document with other documents released under this License, under the terms defined in section 4 above for modified versions, provided that you include in the combination all of the Invariant Sections of all of the original documents, unmodified, and list them all as Invariant Sections of your combined work in its license notice, and that you preserve all their Warranty Disclaimers.

The combined work need only contain one copy of this License, and multiple identical Invariant Sections may be replaced with a single copy. If there are multiple Invariant Sections with the same name but different contents, make the title of each such section unique by adding at the end of it, in parentheses, the name of the original author or publisher of that section if known, or else a unique number. Make the same

adjustment to the section titles in the list of Invariant Sections in the license notice of the combined work.

In the combination, you must combine any sections Entitled "History" in the various original documents, forming one section Entitled "History"; likewise combine any sections Entitled "Acknowledgements", and any sections Entitled "Dedications". You must delete all sections Entitled "Endorsements".

6. COLLECTIONS OF DOCUMENTS

You may make a collection consisting of the Document and other documents released under this License, and replace the individual copies of this License in the various documents with a single copy that is included in the collection, provided that you follow the rules of this License for verbatim copying of each of the documents in all other respects.

You may extract a single document from such a collection, and distribute it individually under this License, provided you insert a copy of this License into the extracted document, and follow this License in all other respects regarding verbatim copying of that document.

7. AGGREGATION WITH INDEPENDENT WORKS

A compilation of the Document or its derivatives with other separate and independent documents or works, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an "aggregate" if the copyright resulting from the compilation is not used to limit the legal rights of the compilation's users beyond what the individual works permit. When the Document is included in an aggregate, this License does not apply to the other works in the aggregate which are not themselves derivative works of the Document.

If the Cover Text requirement of section 3 is applicable to these copies of the Document, then if the Document is less than one half of the entire aggregate, the Document's Cover Texts may be placed on covers that bracket the Document within the aggregate, or the electronic equivalent of covers if the Document is in electronic form. Otherwise they must appear on printed covers that bracket the whole aggregate.

8. TRANSLATION

Translation is considered a kind of modification, so you may distribute translations of the Document under the terms of section 4. Replacing Invariant Sections with translations requires special permission from their copyright holders, but you may include translations of some or all Invariant Sections in addition to the original versions of these Invariant Sections. You may include a translation of this License, and all the license notices in the Document, and any Warranty Disclaimers, provided that you also include the original English version of this License and the original versions of those notices and disclaimers. In case of a disagreement between the translation and the original version of this License or a notice or disclaimer, the original version will prevail.

If a section in the Document is Entitled "Acknowledgements", "Dedications", or "History", the requirement (section 4) to Preserve its Title (section 1) will typically require changing the actual title.

9. TERMINATION

You may not copy, modify, sublicense, or distribute the Document except as expressly provided under this License. Any attempt otherwise to copy, modify, sublicense, or distribute it is void, and will automatically terminate your rights under this License.

However, if you cease all violation of this License, then your license from a particular copyright holder is reinstated (a) provisionally, unless and until the copyright holder explicitly and finally terminates your license, and (b) permanently, if the copyright holder fails to notify you of the violation by some reasonable means prior to 60 days after the cessation.

Moreover, your license from a particular copyright holder is reinstated permanently if the copyright holder notifies you of the violation by some reasonable means, this is the first time you have received notice of violation of this License (for any work) from that copyright holder, and you cure the violation prior to 30 days after your receipt of the notice.

Termination of your rights under this section does not terminate the licenses of parties who have received copies or rights from you under this License. If your rights have been terminated and not permanently reinstated, receipt of a copy of some or all of the same material does not give you any rights to use it.

10. FUTURE REVISIONS OF THIS LICENSE

The Free Software Foundation may publish new, revised versions of the GNU Free Documentation License from time to time. Such new versions will be similar in spirit to the present version, but may differ in detail to address new problems or concerns. See https://www.gnu.org/licenses/.

Each version of the License is given a distinguishing version number. If the Document specifies that a particular numbered version of this License "or any later version" applies to it, you have the option of following the terms and conditions either of that specified version or of any later version that has been published (not as a draft) by the Free Software Foundation. If the Document does not specify a version number of this License, you may choose any version ever published (not as a draft) by the Free Software Foundation. If the Document specifies that a proxy can decide which future versions of this License can be used, that proxy's public statement of acceptance of a version permanently authorizes you to choose that version for the Document.

11. RELICENSING

"Massive Multiauthor Collaboration Site" (or "MMC Site") means any World Wide Web server that publishes copyrightable works and also provides prominent facilities for anybody to edit those works. A public wiki that anybody can edit is an example of such a server. A "Massive Multiauthor Collaboration" (or "MMC") contained in the site means any set of copyrightable works thus published on the MMC site.

"CC-BY-SA" means the Creative Commons Attribution-Share Alike 3.0 license published by Creative Commons Corporation, a not-for-profit corporation with a principal place of business in San Francisco, California, as well as future copyleft versions of that license published by that same organization.

"Incorporate" means to publish or republish a Document, in whole or in part, as part of another Document.

An MMC is "eligible for relicensing" if it is licensed under this License, and if all works that were first published under this License somewhere other than this MMC, and subsequently incorporated in whole or in part into the MMC, (1) had no cover texts or invariant sections, and (2) were thus incorporated prior to November 1, 2008.

The operator of an MMC Site may republish an MMC contained in the site under CC-BY-SA on the same site at any time before August 1, 2009, provided the MMC is eligible for relicensing.