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100/		Handout	Solutions
VVEEK	_	110MM 801	2010 1 18417

 $X^{A} = 8 > 6 = X^{B}$   $Y^{A} = 4 > 2 = Y^{B}$ Exercise 1: so A has Absolute Advantage in X so A has Abs. Advantage in Y

 $\frac{X^{A}}{Y^{A}} = 2$   $\frac{X^{B}}{Y^{B}} = 3$  So B has Comparative advantage in X  $\frac{Y^{A}}{Y^{A}} = \frac{1}{2}$   $\frac{Y^{B}}{X^{B}} = \frac{1}{3}$  So A has Comparative advantage in Y

Exercise 2: Initially:  $(X^A, Y^A) = (4, 2)$   $(X^B, Y^B) = (3, 1)$ 

A has CA in X } => B should produce more X, A should produce
B has CA in Y } => B should produce more X, A should produce

Let B produce any X. Let A produce 2 of X and 3 of Y.

Total Output = (XA+XB YA+YB) = (2+6,3+0) = (8,3)

Then, it's possible to divide output So that  $(X^A, Y^A) = (4.5, 2)$   $(X^B, Y^B) = (3.5, 1)$ 

Both countries get 1/2 unit more of X so they're both better off.

